



■ Hull Osmosis Inspection Checklist (Winter

Haul-Out) ■ Step 1: Initial Cleaning Pressure-wash the hull immediately after/lift-of Remove slime, algae, and antifouling residue ■ Step 2: Visual Inspection Look for blisters (small bumps, usual Check for discoloration (dull, charty) or uneven gelcoa Inspect cracks and scratches, especially near keels Optional: Puncture a blister — if liquid smells acids, osmosis likely. ■ Step 3: Percussion (Tap) Test Use a plastic mallet or screwdriver handle. Tap along hull in a grid pattern. Sharp sound = healthy laminate. Dull/hot ow = moisture delamination.

■ Step 4: Moisture Meter Testing

Take baseline readings above waterline (should be dry

Take readings below waterline in a grid pattern.

Compare readings: higher + persistent = water ingress.

■ Step 5: Record & Monitor

Take photos of suspect areas for con

Log meter readings (abovervs)

Track blister growth over seasons

■ Step 6: Plan Preventative Actions

If dry: renew epoxy parrier coat before relaunch.

If minor blisters: grind out, dr v, refill with epoxy filler.

If widespread blistering/high moisture: seek professional treatment.