Chapter 7 Science Study Guide: Energy in Motion

Be familiar with these terms and their definitions:

- Force a push or a pull; objects cannot move unless a <u>force</u> causes them to move
- Invisible forces: friction, gravity, magnetism
- Motion a change of position
- Friction a force that slows or stops motion
- Gravity a force that pulls objects toward the center of the earth
- Weight the measure of the force of gravity on an object
- Magnetism the pushing or pulling force caused by a magnet
- Work when a force moves something, work takes place
- Energy what is needed to cause change and to do work; energy can change from one form to another

Be familiar with the five things that can do work:

- 1. People 2. Animals 3. Wind 4. Water 5. Machines
 - a. Simple Machines make work easier.

Be familiar with the 6 kinds of energy:

- 1. Light Energy: energy from the sun
 - a. Photosynthesis
- 2. Electrical Energy: energy that is generated from electricity
 - a. Light bulbs, plugged-in computers, appliances
- 3. Mechanical Energy: energy caused by an object's motion or position
 - a. Riding a bicycle, using a lever
- 4. Stored Energy: energy that can be used at a later time to do work
 - a. Devices with batteries use stored energy (cameras, phones, toys)
- 5. Sound Energy: energy that involves sound
 - a. Ringing a bell, singing
- 6. Chemical Energy: comes from burning fuels
 - a. Gasoline in a car, our bodies burn energy

Ways to Describe Motion in an Object

- 1. The direction the object travels
- 2. The distance the object travels
- 3. The speed at which the object travels



Write About It

Have you ever worked in the yard using a wheelbarrow or a wagon? Pushing a wheelbarrow across the grass lawn is harder than pushing it on a driveway.

Write a paragraph describing the forces that affect how you move the wheelbarrow (friction & gravity). Explain how you can use what you know about these forces to help you work better.						
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