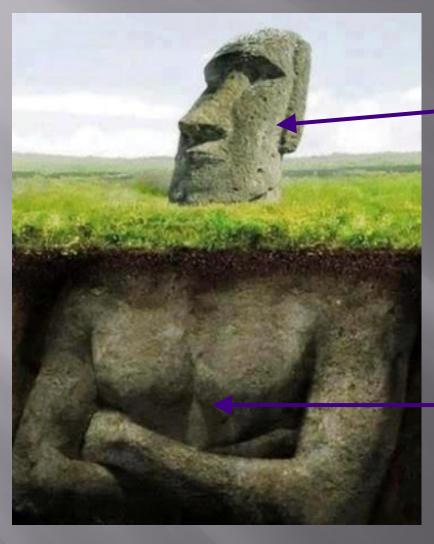
# INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY VALUE AND PROTECTION

3 Mar 2020 Rich Weite

## What Makes Up IP?



- Patents
- Copyrights
- Trademarks
- Service Marks
- Trade Secrets
- Know-How
- TrainingMaterials
- Processes
- Marketing Data
- Sales Leads
- Tools
- Non-ProductSoftware

Intellectual Property is Much More Than Patents

#### What is a License?

■ A License is a written authority granted by the owner of a patent or other intellectual property (Licensor) to another party (Licensee) empowering the latter to make or use the article for a particular application.

Allows the Licensor to manage and profit from its IP, rather than allowing it to be misused by others.

# Ownership v. Use Rights

- Ownership in the IP gives a party the right to:
  - Prevent others from using/misusing the IP
  - Obtain damages for another's misuse
  - Grant others the right to use the IP (license rights)
  - \*Participation in US or Foreign Gov't programs may complicate the issue
- License Rights gives a Licensee the right to:
  - Use IP for certain purposes
  - May be limited to application, product, field of use, or territory

The Party That Develops IP Owns the IP\*

# IP Ownership In Government Contracting

- IP developed in the performance of a Government contract:
  - Standard principle the developing party owns the IP
    - Solely developed IP owned by developing party; Jointly owned by both parties
  - All Gov't IP rights must be precisely flowed down to your company
    - Unless expressly restricted by contract, developing party may reuse IP for other applications
    - A Gov't (or Prime subcontract from Gov't) does not automatically give the Gov't unlimited or Gov't Purpose Rights!
- Deliverable items may be subject to license rights to the Government
  - Scope of license rights depend upon:
    - Commercial Item v. Non-Commercial Item (origins & funding)
    - Type of Intellectual Property subject invention, technical data, or software
- Rights to Prime Contractor
  - Contract language is important to ensure that your company retains ownership of IP developed in performance of subcontract
  - Grant prime contractor the flowed down rights to use IP
- Non-US Contracts (Commercial or Military)
  - Standard Principle your company owns the IP

#### Protect your IP through clear contract terms!

# STRATEGIES FOR MAXIMIZING IP VALUE

# Why License?

- □ Licensing revenue is generated at a typical margin of ≈ 90%
- That means, for example, that \$10M in licensing revenue the equivalent (assuming a 15% margin) of between \$75M-\$80M in sales
- At <u>Extremely Low Risk</u>



Licensing Protects Competitive Advantages and Drives Revenue to help Recoup your R&D and Engineering Investments

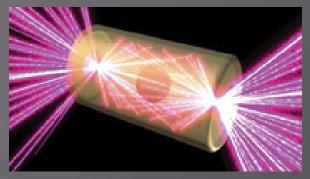
# How to generate licensing revenue

- Non-core or mature technology or patents
  - Through organic development
  - Gained through acquisition
- IP that can be applied outside your markets
- Entry into new market segments or territories
- Licensing of existing technologies, products or procedures (core or non-core)
- Struggling businesses or products (new or mature)
- Non-strategic businesses or products (new or mature)
- Trademarks
- Audits of Existing Licensees
- Enforcement and IP Assertion

Licensing is a Tool to Generate Extra Revenue for your Enterprise

# IP Licensing: Licensee Benefits

- Reduce development cost
- Shorten development time
- Gain entry into otherwise protected industries
- Enhance quality of products and processes
- Build competitive advantage
- Increase sales revenue
- Expands existing business capabilities
- Participate in licensor summits to improve services







Inbound Licenses Create Opportunities for the Licensee

## The Licensor Sets the Rules

...and can limit the licensee's use of the licensed material by:

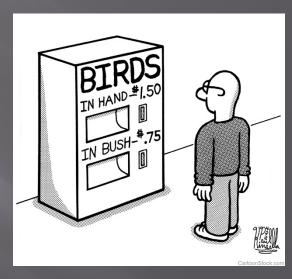
- Market
- Geography
- Time
- Specific Application
- Grant of Rights Usage
  - Make, have made, repair, sell, market, sublicense, etc.
- Restrict Licensees to your company materials usage
  - Only your parts, manuals, procedures may be used
  - Document revision control
  - Improve quality of licensed service offering through control of procedures

#### You set the rules to protect your core markets

### Valuation

#### Value Modeling Methods

- Cost-Based (Replacement Value)
  - Simple
  - Ignores Time Value of Money (NPV), Maintenance Costs
- Income-Based
  - Present Value based on Future Income
  - Requires accurate forecasting
- Market-Based
  - Based on competitive and market data
  - Requires solid info on market, T&Cs
- Royalty Relief
  - "What would I pay to license my own IP"
  - Sanity check
- Discounted Cash Flow (DCF)
  - Incorporates Income, Market, and Royalty Relief Models
  - Incorporates risk premium (will the licensee be successful?)



#### Intellectual Property: A Team Effort

- Generate IP!
- Support licensing opp'ty ID
- Identify IP leakages
- Engage Business Development and Legal with opportunities
- Support business case generation
- Approve deals
- Support negotiations and drafting agreements.

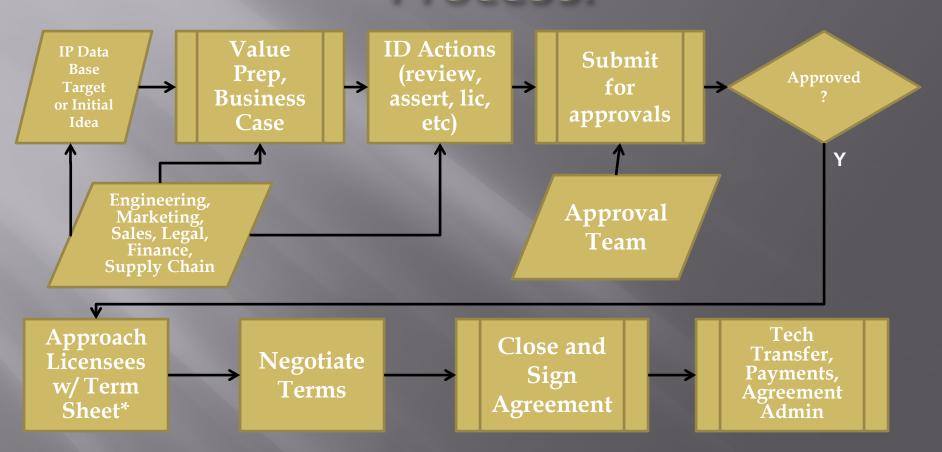
- Generate initial IPDatabase
- <u>Lead</u>licensing opportunity
- <u>Drive</u> opportunity validation
- Manage opp'ty valuation
- Champion
   licensing activities
   within business
- <u>Lead</u> deal negotiations
- <u>Manage</u> business approvals
- <u>Educate</u> within and outside company



- Generate initial IP
  Database
- Support enforcement and audit activity
- Champion IP protection
- Audit existing licensees
- Approve agreements
- Review deal structure
- Educate within and outside your company

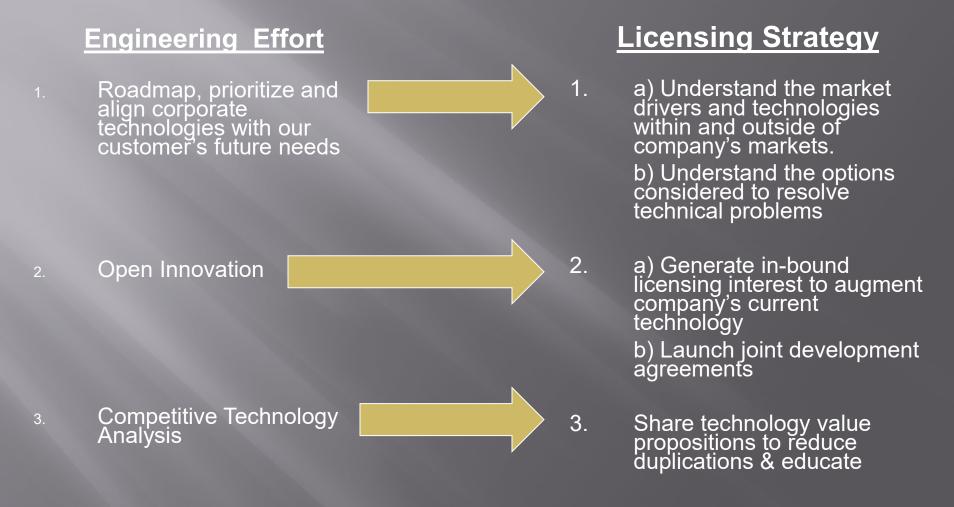
Verticals Works Hand-in-Hand to Accomplish the Goal

# Mature Revenue Generation Process:



Timing for Mature Process: ~6 months (with firm initial and final/BAFO positions)

#### Complementary Engineering and Licensing Efforts



Collaboration Between Engineering & Licensing Creates Stronger IP

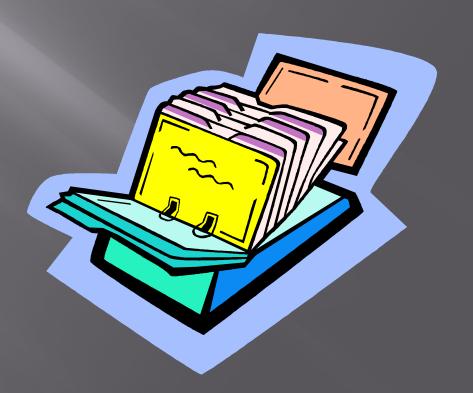
### The Value of IP

- Re-coup company's significant investment in R&D and IP protection with minimal expenditures
- Discourage third parties from using company's IP without authorization
- Preserve company's competitive advantage and product differentiation
- Ensure quality of company-authorized training center output
- Grow the market for upset training through training center authorization
- Recognition for company; "Made Here"
- As the organization matures, IP enforcement and existing licensee audit proceeds are credited back your business and towards your income targets



## Contact Info - and Thank You!

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# Appendices

# Protection Objectives

- What IP assets do we have?
  - Training Materials
  - Instruction Manuals
  - Customer/Client Lists
  - Flight or Sim Data
  - Software
- Who has access?
  - Legitimate (licenses, customers)
  - IP exposure or theft
- What is the IP's value?
  - To whom?
  - For what purpose?
  - Competing IP
- How is the IP protected?
  - IP Filing
  - Current agreements
  - Risk
- How can the IP be exploited for its value?
  - New Agreements or Amending/Modifying Existing Agreements
  - New Markets/Territories
  - IP Audits/Assertion/Defense

Item or Feature	Critical? (1-5)	Patent (Utility or Design)	TM or Trade Dress	Copyright	Trade Secret	Territory

# Repair Shop Licensing: Benefits





- Royalties on shop repair sales
  - Royalties can be % gross sales, flat rates, royalties and guaranteed minimum payments, or combination
- Control part sales to licensees reduce unauthorized part sales
  - Any discount offered would be crafted to improve OI due to sales volume increases
- Required level of parts inventory improves accuracy of sales forecasts
  - Tool for Supply Chain to use for beneficial price negotiation with suppliers
- Contractual control of quality of repairs and turnaround times
- Brand exposure association with improved repair quality
- Protection of IP
- Market penetration in territories currently unserved by your company
- Your company can host periodic product summits to review service procedures

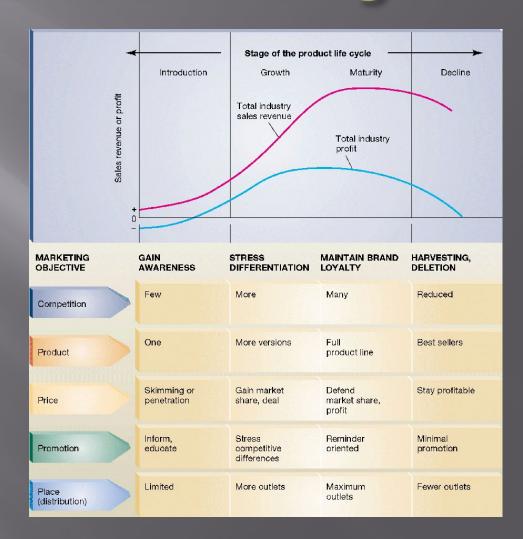
# Repair Shop Licensing: Distributor/Repair Shop Benefits



- Receive negotiated pricing and discounted aftermarket parts
- Use of company brands to market their business (i.e. authorized dealers or repair centers)
- Receive the latest, updated company authorized product service manuals and parts lists
- Receive guaranteed service levels and parts availability for contracted parts.
- Potential for exclusive agreements in certain markets or territories
- Can participate in company product summits on a periodic basis

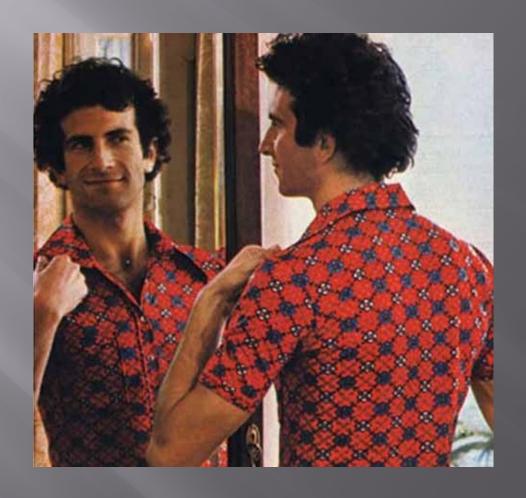
# Product Line Licensing

- Products in maturity and harvest life stage
- Uneconomical for company to manufacture
- Objective find partner that can match or beat OI
- Many firms of this type exist and look for these opportunities as their business model



Challenge: Right Time, Right Product, Right Partner

# Finally, an annoying autobiographical pause...



## Some Stuff about Rich

- Started out as an aero engineer,
- 25+ years of management experience,
- 20+ years as a program and project manager, some of that as an intellectual property(IP) licensing PM;
- Where I've been:
  - Honeywell
  - Collins
  - Meggitt
  - Air Products
  - Independent Consultant
    - Oshkosh Co.
    - Rainbow Loom(!)
    - Multiple small businesses
  - Other places, too.











