

Understanding a Financial Model for Rural Data Centres

CRRBC Kelowna November 2025

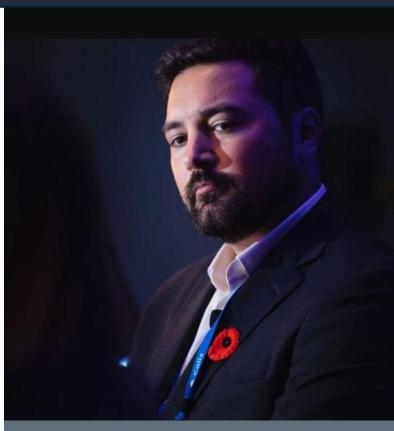
Introduction to Pardal Ventures



About Pardal Ventures

Pardal Ventures provides corporate development and financial advisory services to mid-market businesses in Canada, the United States and the United Kingdom. We specialize in business strategy, business valuation, corporate and project financial advisory with extensive experience in the telecom and broadband sector.

Our firm Principal, **David Pickett**, is a Chartered Business Valuator (CBV) with deep experience in advising mid-market firms, Indigenous communities and governments on strategic and financial matters, specifically when it pertains to digital infrastructure.





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Satisfied Clients



























Infrastructure















Example Engagements



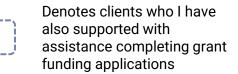
Investment Due
Diligence
Lenders Technical
Advisor







Canada Infrastructure



Business Planning Strategic Planning Feasibility



















Public Private
Partnership (P3)
Advisor













Fractional CFO



Network & Business Valuator

CONNECT



Objective of the Session



Understand cost and revenue drivers for a data centre project



Explore a working financial model



Assess feasibility using metrics like payback and breakeven analysis





Context Recap





Data centres operate at the intersection of real estate and digital infrastructure — combining the physical demands of specialized, high-value property with the performance requirements of mission-critical IT services.

Rural data centres("DC"s) promise decentralization, job creation, and data sovereignty.

High capital expenditures, complex operating models, and uncertain revenue are barriers to successfully building and operating a DC.

Why does a financial model matter? It turns vision into an investment case, **helping you answer why or why not to proceed.**

Data Centres in Canada





Debt nvestment

TOWERBROOK

CPP Investments said it will invest C\$225m in the 54MW hyperscale expansion to a data centre in Ontario, taking a 50% interest in the construction loan. Deutsche Bank Private Credit & Infrastructure will fund the remaining 50% of the loan and serve as the lead lender for the transaction.

The data centre in Cambridge, Ontario is being developed by a partnership comprising TowerBrook Capital Partners and data centre investors Related Digital and Ascent.



Phase 1 of the Wonder Valley AI Data Centre in Alberta focuses on establishing a foundational infrastructure to support what will become the world's largest AI data center industrial park. Located within the Greenview Industrial Gateway near Grande Prairie, the initial phase involves developing a 1.4-gigawatt off-grid power system, leveraging Alberta's natural gas and geothermal resources. This power will meet the demands of hyperscale data center operations, crucial for AI and large-scale data processing.

Upon full build out, the project will represent a \$70 billion investment.

Limited Partnership



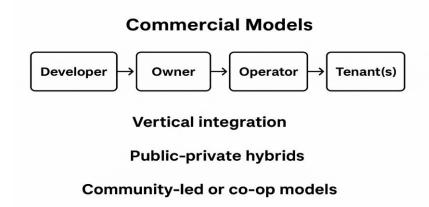


The Woodland Cree First Nation (WCFN) is planning to develop a 650MW data center in Alberta, Canada in Partnership with Sovereign Digital Infrastructure.

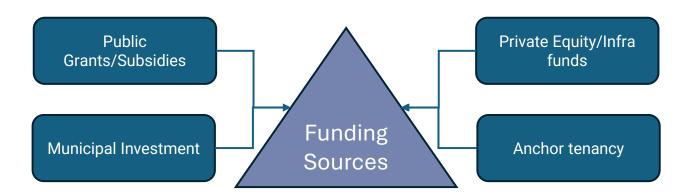
Mihta Askiy Datacenter LP, a company majority-owned by the Woodland Cree, will acquire a partially complete power plant (from Carmon Creek project), its associated land, and equipment. This will be repurposed and combined with a data center.

Commercial Model & Funding Sources





We will focus on simple model where a Private Owner Operator evaluates building a Tier 1 Data Centre with a simple financing structure.





Financial Model Structure Overview



The financial model consists of an **Input** tab with the following key data entered in the **graphic below** along with a **Model or Outputs** tab that includes all key calculations to generate the information you see on the **graphic on the right**.



Model/Outputs PARIAL VENTURES INC.	
Revenue Schedule	
Capital & Depreciation Schedule	
Costs of Service Schedule	
OPEX Schedule	
Income Statement	
Cash Flow Statement	
Balance Sheet	
Financial Statement Extracts	
Debt Schedule	
Working Capital Schedule	
Taxes Schedule	
Breakeven Schedule	
Unlevered Free Cashflow (UFCF)	
Project Capital Budgetting Metrics	
Terminal Value using an EBITDA Multiple	
Valuation - Discounting Unlevered Free CashFlows (UFCF) and Terminal Values	
Data Table	

Key Assumptions



Operations

All-in Power cost per KW - \$0.116*

*arguably the most important variable

PUE (Power Usage Effectiveness) – 1.4

Price per Rack - \$6,000 per month per rack

Ramp-up of racks/tenants – Initially 60% occupancy up to 100% over time

Staffing and maintenance – 2 FTE with some contracted security \$150K per year

Capital & Depreciation Schedule

Project timing Start Date Operations Start	.5 years 2025-11-13 2026-05-14
Project Cost	
Building	125,000
Land	4,500
Modular containers	199,000
Electrical Infrastructure	466,400
Mechanical infrastructure	199,450
IT Equipment (active)	58,750
IT Equipment (passive)	234,400
Subtotal	1,287,500



Walkthrough



Let's dive in...





Interpretation of Results



What matters most?

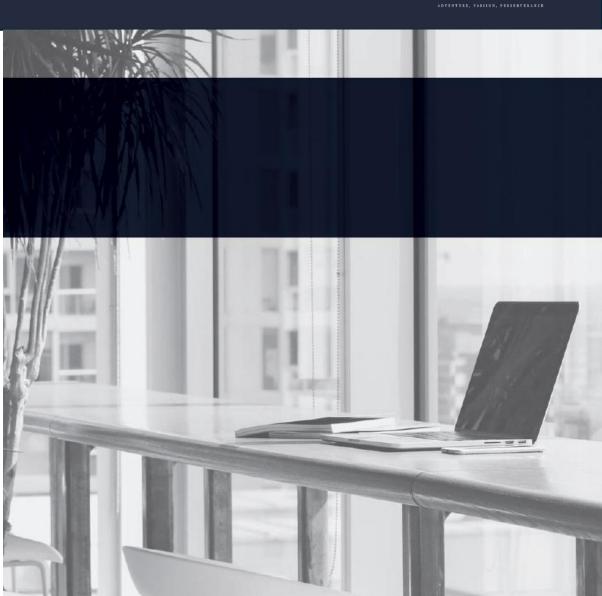
Power costs & PUE

Speed of occupancy (revenue ramp-up)

Anchor tenancy and Price per Rack

Exit Value on Investment (High sensitivity with Payback)

Let's take a look at the Dashboard



Lessons Learned



Not all rural data centres are financially viable – modelling helps stress test the vision

Community benefit should be balanced with the need for sustainable returns

Financial Models help align stakeholders (investors, utilities, and local government)



Parting ways



What assumption would you most be concerned with in your region?

Would you like to test a version of the model yourself?





THANK YOU