SENTENCE REORDER

Question 1:

- A: It became apparent that the region's infrastructure needed a major overhaul.
- B: The 1980s saw significant economic growth in the area.
- C: Consequently, the government allocated substantial funds to upgrade transportation networks.
- D: This growth puts a strain on the existing roads and public transport systems.
- E: Many new highways and railways were constructed as a result of this initiative.

Question 2:

- A: The author wrote several drafts before finalising the manuscript.
- B: She spent months researching the topic thoroughly.
- C: Finally, the book was published to great acclaim.
- D: Her dedication to accuracy was evident in the detailed footnotes and references.
- E: The hard work paid off when the book received numerous literary awards.

Question 3:

- A: Advances in technology have revolutionised the way we communicate.
- B: This has made it easier for people to stay connected regardless of location.
- C: Social media platforms, in particular, have had a significant impact.
- D: As a result, news and information now spread at unprecedented speeds.
- E: However, this also brings challenges such as the spread of misinformation.

Question 4:

- A: The ancient city of Pompeii was buried under volcanic ash in AD 79.
- B: Excavations have revealed remarkably well-preserved buildings and artifacts.
- C: This event was caused by the eruption of Mount Vesuvius.
- D: Today, Pompeii is a popular tourist destination and a valuable archaeological site.
- E: The preservation of the site provides insight into the daily lives of its inhabitants.

Question 5:

- A: She began her career as a software developer in a small startup.
- B: Over the years, she climbed the corporate ladder through hard work and dedication.

- C: Today, she is the CEO of a leading tech company.
- D: Her journey is an inspiration to many aspiring professionals.
- E: She has also become a prominent advocate for women in technology.

Question 6:

- A: The Treaty of Versailles was signed in 1919, ending World War I.
- B: The treaty imposed heavy reparations and territorial losses on Germany.
- C: Many historians believe that the harsh terms contributed to the rise of Adolf Hitler.
- D: This, in turn, led to the outbreak of World War II.
- E: The treaty's legacy remains a topic of debate among scholars.

Question 7:

- A: The invention of the printing press revolutionised the spread of information.
- B: Before its invention, books were copied by hand, making them expensive and rare.
- C: Johannes Gutenberg is credited with creating the first movable type printing press.
- D: This innovation made books more accessible and affordable.
- E: As a result, literacy rates increased and knowledge spread more rapidly.

Question 8:

- A: The Amazon rainforest is often referred to as the "lungs of the Earth."
- B: It produces approximately 20% of the world's oxygen.
- C: Deforestation in the Amazon has become a critical environmental issue.
- D: Efforts are being made to protect and restore this vital ecosystem.
- E: However, illegal logging and land clearing for agriculture continue to pose threats.

Question 9:

- A: Marie Curie was a pioneering scientist in the field of radioactivity.
- B: She was the first woman to win a Nobel Prize and the only person to win in two different sciences.
- C: Her discoveries laid the groundwork for the development of X-ray machines.
- D: Despite her achievements, she faced significant obstacles as a woman in science.
- E: Her legacy continues to inspire future generations of scientists.

Question 10:

- A: The Great Wall of China was built to protect against invasions from northern tribes.
- B: Construction began as early as the 7th century BC.
- C: It stretches over 13,000 miles and is one of the most impressive architectural feats in history.
- D: The wall was not built all at once, but in sections over several dynasties.
- E: Today, it is a UNESCO World Heritage site and a popular tourist attraction.

Question 11:

- A: Climate change is one of the most pressing issues facing the world today.
- B: Greenhouse gases like carbon dioxide trap heat in the Earth's atmosphere.
- C: This leads to global warming and a variety of environmental impacts.
- D: Reducing emissions and transitioning to renewable energy sources are crucial steps.
- E: Governments, businesses, and individuals all have a role to play in addressing this challenge.

Ouestion 12:

- A: The Industrial Revolution began in the late 18th century in Britain.
- B: It marked a major turning point in history, affecting nearly every aspect of daily life.
- C: Factories and machines replaced hand production methods.
- D: This led to mass production and significant economic growth.
- E: However, it also resulted in harsh working conditions and environmental pollution.

Question 13:

- A: The Internet has transformed how we access and share information.
- B: It began as a project by the U.S. Department of Defense in the 1960s.
- C: Today, it connects billions of people worldwide.
- D: The rise of social media platforms has further changed communication and interaction.
- E: While it offers many benefits, it also raises concerns about privacy and security.

Question 14:

A: William Shakespeare is often regarded as the greatest playwright in history.

- B: He wrote numerous plays, including tragedies, comedies, and histories.
- C: His works have been translated into every major language.
- D: They are still performed and studied around the world today.
- E: Shakespeare's influence extends beyond literature to modern theatre and popular culture.

Question 15:

- A: The human brain is an incredibly complex organ.
- B: It controls all bodily functions and processes information from the senses.
- C: Neurons are the building blocks of the brain, transmitting signals through synapses.
- D: Advances in neuroscience are helping us understand how the brain works.
- E: This knowledge could lead to breakthroughs in treating neurological disorders.