

Test Booklet Code

KANHA

No. :

**E1**

This Booklet contains 24 pages.

**Do not open this Test Booklet until you are asked to do so.**

***Important Instructions :***

1. The Answer Sheet is inside this Test Booklet. When you are directed to open the Test Booklet, take out the Answer Sheet and fill in the particulars on **side-1** and **side-2** carefully with **blue/black** ball point pen only.
2. The test is of **3 hours** duration and Test Booklet contains **180** questions. Each question carries **4** marks. For each correct response, the candidate will get **4** marks. For each incorrect response, **one mark** will be deducted from the total scores. The maximum marks are **720**.
3. Use **Blue/Black Ball Point Pen only** for writing particulars on this page/markings responses.
4. Rough work is to be done on the space provided for this purpose in the Test Booklet only.
5. **On completion of the test, the candidate must hand over the Answer Sheet to the invigilator before leaving the Room/Hall. The candidates are allowed to take away this Test Booklet with them.**
6. The CODE for this Booklet is **E1**. Make sure that the CODE printed on **Side-2** of the Answer Sheet is the same as that on this Test Booklet. In case of discrepancy, the candidate should immediately report the matter to the Invigilator for replacement of both the Test Booklet and the Answer Sheet.
7. The candidates should ensure that the Answer Sheet is not folded. Do not make any stray marks on the Answer Sheet. Do not write your Roll No. anywhere else except in the specified space in the Test Booklet/ Answer Sheet.
8. Use of white fluid for correction is **NOT** permissible on the Answer Sheet.
9. Each candidate must show on demand his/her Admit Card to the Invigilator.
10. No candidate, without special permission of the Superintendent or Invigilator, would leave his/her seat.
11. The candidates should not leave the Examination Hall without handing over their Answer Sheet to the Invigilator on duty and sign the Attendance Sheet twice. **Cases where a candidate has not signed the Attendance Sheet second time will be deemed not to have handed over the Answer Sheet and dealt with as an unfair means case.**
12. Use of Electronic/Manual Calculator is prohibited.
13. The candidates are governed by all Rules and Regulations of the examination with regard to their conduct in the Examination Hall. All cases of unfair means will be dealt with as per Rules and Regulations of this examination.
14. No part of the Test Booklet and Answer Sheet shall be detached under any circumstances.
15. The candidates will write the Correct Test Booklet Code as given in the Test Booklet/Answer Sheet in the Attendance Sheet.

Name of the Candidate (in Capitals) : \_\_\_\_\_

Roll Number : in figures \_\_\_\_\_

: in words \_\_\_\_\_

Centre of Examination (in Capitals) : \_\_\_\_\_

Candidate's Signature : \_\_\_\_\_ Invigilator's Signature : \_\_\_\_\_

Facsimile signature stamp of

Centre Superintendent : \_\_\_\_\_

1. Which of the following is **not** an attribute of a population ?
- (1) Sex ratio
  - (2) Natality
  - (3) Mortality
  - (4) Species interaction

2. The process of growth is maximum during :

- (1) Log phase
- (2) Lag phase
- (3) Senescence
- (4) Dormancy

3. The roots that originate from the base of the stem are :

- (1) Fibrous roots
- (2) Primary roots
- (3) Prop roots
- (4) Lateral roots

4. Match the following diseases with the causative organism and select the **correct** option.

**Column - I****Column - II**

- |                |                         |
|----------------|-------------------------|
| (a) Typhoid    | (i) <i>Wuchereria</i>   |
| (b) Pneumonia  | (ii) <i>Plasmodium</i>  |
| (c) Filariasis | (iii) <i>Salmonella</i> |
| (d) Malaria    | (iv) <i>Haemophilus</i> |

- |     | (a)   | (b)   | (c)   | (d)   |
|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| (1) | (i)   | (iii) | (ii)  | (iv)  |
| (2) | (iii) | (iv)  | (i)   | (ii)  |
| (3) | (ii)  | (i)   | (iii) | (iv)  |
| (4) | (iv)  | (i)   | (ii)  | (iii) |

5. In which of the following techniques, the embryos are transferred to assist those females who cannot conceive ?

- (1) ZIFT and IUT
- (2) GIFT and ZIFT
- (3) ICSI and ZIFT
- (4) GIFT and ICSI

6. Identify the **wrong** statement with reference to the gene 'I' that controls ABO blood groups.

- (1) The gene (I) has three alleles.
- (2) A person will have only two of the three alleles.
- (3) When  $I^A$  and  $I^B$  are present together, they express same type of sugar.
- (4) Allele 'i' does not produce any sugar.

7. Choose the **correct** pair from the following :

- (1) Ligases - Join the two DNA molecules
- (2) Polymerases - Break the DNA into fragments
- (3) Nucleases - Separate the two strands of DNA
- (4) Exonucleases - Make cuts at specific positions within DNA

8. Select the **correct** match.

- (1) Haemophilia - Y linked
- (2) Phenylketonuria - Autosomal dominant trait
- (3) Sickle cell anaemia - Autosomal recessive trait, chromosome-11
- (4) Thalassaemia - X linked

9. Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.

**Column - I****Column - II**

- |  |                         |
|--|-------------------------|
| (a) Gregarious, polyphagous pest                                 | (i) <i>Asterias</i>     |
| (b) Adult with radial symmetry and larva with bilateral symmetry | (ii) Scorpion           |
| (c) Book lungs   | (iii) <i>Ctenoplana</i> |
| (d) Bioluminescence  | (iv) <i>Locusta</i>     |

**(a) (b) (c) (d)**

- (1) (i) (iii) (ii) (iv)
- (2) (iv) (i) (ii) (iii)
- (3) (iii) (ii) (i) (iv)
- (4) (ii) (i) (iii) (iv)

10. The infectious stage of *Plasmodium* that enters the human body is :

- (1) Trophozoites
- (2) Sporozoites
- (3) Female gametocytes
- (4) Male gametocytes

11. Identify the substances having glycosidic bond and peptide bond, respectively in their structure :
- (1) Chitin, cholesterol
  - (2) Glycerol, trypsin
  - (3) Cellulose, lecithin
  - (4) Inulin, insulin
12. The plant parts which consist of two generations - one within the other :
- (a) Pollen grains inside the anther
  - (b) Germinated pollen grain with two male gametes
  - (c) Seed inside the fruit
  - (d) Embryo sac inside the ovule
- (1) (a) only
  - (2) (a), (b) and (c)
  - (3) (c) and (d)
  - (4) (a) and (d)
13. The product(s) of reaction catalyzed by nitrogenase in root nodules of leguminous plants is/are :
- (1) Ammonia alone
  - (2) Nitrate alone
  - (3) Ammonia and oxygen
  - (4) Ammonia and hydrogen
14. Identify the **correct** statement with regard to G<sub>1</sub> phase (Gap 1) of interphase.
- (1) DNA synthesis or replication takes place.
  - (2) Reorganisation of all cell components takes place.
  - (3) Cell is metabolically active, grows but does not replicate its DNA.
  - (4) Nuclear Division takes place.
15. Cuboidal epithelium with brush border of microvilli is found in :
- (1) lining of intestine
  - (2) ducts of salivary glands
  - (3) proximal convoluted tubule of nephron
  - (4) eustachian tube
16. Which of the following statements about inclusion bodies is **incorrect** ?
- (1) They are not bound by any membrane.
  - (2) These are involved in ingestion of food particles.
  - (3) They lie free in the cytoplasm.
  - (4) These represent reserve material in cytoplasm.
17. Which is the important site of formation of glycoproteins and glycolipids in eukaryotic cells ?
- (1) Endoplasmic reticulum
  - (2) Peroxisomes
  - (3) Golgi bodies
  - (4) Polysomes
18. In gel electrophoresis, separated DNA fragments can be visualized with the help of :
- (1) Acetocarmine in bright blue light
  - (2) Ethidium bromide in UV radiation
  - (3) Acetocarmine in UV radiation
  - (4) Ethidium bromide in infrared radiation
19. Identify the **wrong** statement with reference to transport of oxygen.
- (1) Binding of oxygen with haemoglobin is mainly related to partial pressure of O<sub>2</sub>.
  - (2) Partial pressure of CO<sub>2</sub> can interfere with O<sub>2</sub> binding with haemoglobin.
  - (3) Higher H<sup>+</sup> conc. in alveoli favours the formation of oxyhaemoglobin.
  - (4) Low pCO<sub>2</sub> in alveoli favours the formation of oxyhaemoglobin.
20. Ray florets have :
- (1) Inferior ovary
  - (2) Superior ovary
  - (3) Hypogynous ovary
  - (4) Half inferior ovary
21. The specific palindromic sequence which is recognized by EcoRI is :
- (1) 5' - GAATTC - 3'  
3' - CTTAAG - 5'
  - (2) 5' - GGAACC - 3'  
3' - CCTTGG - 5'
  - (3) 5' - CTTAAG - 3'  
3' - GAATTC - 5'
  - (4) 5' - GGATCC - 3'  
3' - CCTAGG - 5'

22. Identify the **wrong** statement with regard to Restriction Enzymes.
- (1) Each restriction enzyme functions by inspecting the length of a DNA sequence.
  - (2) They cut the strand of DNA at palindromic sites.
  - (3) They are useful in genetic engineering.
  - (4) Sticky ends can be joined by using DNA ligases.
23. Which of the following is put into Anaerobic sludge digester for further sewage treatment ?
- (1) Primary sludge
  - (2) Floating debris
  - (3) Effluents of primary treatment
  - (4) Activated sludge
24. Select the **correct** events that occur during inspiration.
- (a) Contraction of diaphragm
  - (b) Contraction of external inter-costal muscles
  - (c) Pulmonary volume decreases
  - (d) Intra pulmonary pressure increases
- (1) (a) and (b)
  - (2) (c) and (d)
  - (3) (a), (b) and (d)
  - (4) only (d)
25. If the head of cockroach is removed, it may live for few days because :
- (1) the supra-oesophageal ganglia of the cockroach are situated in ventral part of abdomen.
  - (2) the cockroach does not have nervous system.
  - (3) the head holds a small proportion of a nervous system while the rest is situated along the ventral part of its body.
  - (4) the head holds a 1/3<sup>rd</sup> of a nervous system while the rest is situated along the dorsal part of its body.
26. Which of the following statements are **true** for the phylum-Chordata ?
- (a) In Urochordata notochord extends from head to tail and it is present throughout their life.
  - (b) In Vertebrata notochord is present during the embryonic period only.
  - (c) Central nervous system is dorsal and hollow.
  - (d) Chordata is divided into 3 subphyla : Hemichordata, Tunicata and Cephalochordata.
- (1) (d) and (c)
  - (2) (c) and (a)
  - (3) (a) and (b)
  - (4) (b) and (c)
27. Match the organism with its use in biotechnology.
- |                                      |  |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| (a) <i>Bacillus thuringiensis</i>    | (i) Cloning vector                       |
| (b) <i>Thermus aquaticus</i>         | (ii) Construction of first rDNA molecule |
| (c) <i>Agrobacterium tumefaciens</i> | (iii) DNA polymerase                     |
| (d) <i>Salmonella typhimurium</i>    | (iv) Cry proteins                        |
- Select the **correct** option from the following :
- |     | (a)   | (b)   | (c)   | (d)  |
|-----|-------|-------|-------|------|
| (1) | (ii)  | (iv)  | (iii) | (i)  |
| (2) | (iv)  | (iii) | (i)   | (ii) |
| (3) | (iii) | (ii)  | (iv)  | (i)  |
| (4) | (iii) | (iv)  | (i)   | (ii) |
28. Match the following concerning essential elements and their functions in plants :
- |               |   |
|---------------|---|
| (a) Iron      | (i) Photolysis of water                     |
| (b) Zinc      | (ii) Pollen germination                     |
| (c) Boron     | (iii) Required for chlorophyll biosynthesis |
| (d) Manganese | (iv) IAA biosynthesis                       |
- Select the **correct** option :
- |     | (a)   | (b)   | (c)  | (d)   |
|-----|-------|-------|------|-------|
| (1) | (ii)  | (i)   | (iv) | (iii) |
| (2) | (iv)  | (iii) | (ii) | (i)   |
| (3) | (iii) | (iv)  | (ii) | (i)   |
| (4) | (iv)  | (i)   | (ii) | (iii) |

29. Identify the **incorrect** statement.
- (1) Heart wood does not conduct water but gives mechanical support.
  - (2) Sapwood is involved in conduction of water and minerals from root to leaf.
  - (3) Sapwood is the innermost secondary xylem and is lighter in colour.
  - (4) Due to deposition of tannins, resins, oils etc., heart wood is dark in colour.
30. Match the following :
- |                                     |       |          |
|-------------------------------------|-------|----------|
| (a) Inhibitor of catalytic activity | (i)   | Ricin    |
| (b) Possess peptide bonds           | (ii)  | Malonate |
| (c) Cell wall material in fungi     | (iii) | Chitin   |
| (d) Secondary metabolite            | (iv)  | Collagen |
- Choose the **correct** option from the following :
- |     | (a)   | (b)   | (c)   | (d)  |
|-----|-------|-------|-------|------|
| (1) | (ii)  | (iv)  | (iii) | (i)  |
| (2) | (iii) | (i)   | (iv)  | (ii) |
| (3) | (iii) | (iv)  | (i)   | (ii) |
| (4) | (ii)  | (iii) | (i)   | (iv) |
31. Meiotic division of the secondary oocyte is completed :
- (1) Prior to ovulation
  - (2) At the time of copulation
  - (3) After zygote formation
  - (4) At the time of fusion of a sperm with an ovum
32. According to Robert May, the global species diversity is about :
- (1) 1.5 million
  - (2) 20 million
  - (3) 50 million
  - (4) 7 million
33. The first phase of translation is :
- (1) Binding of mRNA to ribosome
  - (2) Recognition of DNA molecule
  - (3) Aminoacylation of tRNA
  - (4) Recognition of an anti-codon
34. Which of the following regions of the globe exhibits highest species diversity ?
- (1) Western Ghats of India
  - (2) Madagascar
  - (3) Himalayas
  - (4) Amazon forests
35. Which of the following statements is **not correct** ?
- (1) In man insulin is synthesised as a proinsulin.
  - (2) The proinsulin has an extra peptide called C-peptide.
  - (3) The functional insulin has A and B chains linked together by hydrogen bonds.
  - (4) Genetically engineered insulin is produced in *E-Coli*.
36. The transverse section of a plant shows following anatomical features :
- (a) Large number of scattered vascular bundles surrounded by bundle sheath.
  - (b) Large conspicuous parenchymatous ground tissue.
  - (c) Vascular bundles conjoint and closed.
  - (d) Phloem parenchyma absent.
- Identify the category of plant and its part :
- (1) Monocotyledonous stem
  - (2) Monocotyledonous root
  - (3) Dicotyledonous stem
  - (4) Dicotyledonous root
37. Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.
- |     | Column - I                 |       | Column - II    |
|-----|----------------------------|-------|----------------|
| (a) | 6 - 15 pairs of gill slits | (i)   | <i>Trygon</i>  |
| (b) | Heterocercal caudal fin    | (ii)  | Cyclostomes    |
| (c) | Air Bladder                | (iii) | Chondrichthyes |
| (d) | Poison sting               | (iv)  | Osteichthyes   |
- |     | (a)   | (b)   | (c)   | (d)  |
|-----|-------|-------|-------|------|
| (1) | (ii)  | (iii) | (iv)  | (i)  |
| (2) | (iii) | (iv)  | (i)   | (ii) |
| (3) | (iv)  | (ii)  | (iii) | (i)  |
| (4) | (i)   | (iv)  | (iii) | (ii) |

38. From his experiments, S.L. Miller produced amino acids by mixing the following in a closed flask :
- (1)  $\text{CH}_4$ ,  $\text{H}_2$ ,  $\text{NH}_3$  and water vapor at  $800^\circ\text{C}$
  - (2)  $\text{CH}_3$ ,  $\text{H}_2$ ,  $\text{NH}_4$  and water vapor at  $800^\circ\text{C}$
  - (3)  $\text{CH}_4$ ,  $\text{H}_2$ ,  $\text{NH}_3$  and water vapor at  $600^\circ\text{C}$
  - (4)  $\text{CH}_3$ ,  $\text{H}_2$ ,  $\text{NH}_3$  and water vapor at  $600^\circ\text{C}$
39. Embryological support for evolution was disapproved by :
- (1) Karl Ernst von Baer
  - (2) Alfred Wallace
  - (3) Charles Darwin
  - (4) Oparin
40. The process responsible for facilitating loss of water in liquid form from the tip of grass blades at night and in early morning is :
- (1) Transpiration
  - (2) Root pressure
  - (3) Imbibition
  - (4) Plasmolysis
41. Secondary metabolites such as nicotine, strychnine and caffeine are produced by plants for their :
- (1) Nutritive value
  - (2) Growth response
  - (3) Defence action
  - (4) Effect on reproduction
42. The oxygenation activity of RuBisCo enzyme in photorespiration leads to the formation of :
- (1) 2 molecules of 3-C compound
  - (2) 1 molecule of 3-C compound
  - (3) 1 molecule of 6-C compound
  - (4) 1 molecule of 4-C compound and 1 molecule of 2-C compound
43. Bt cotton variety that was developed by the introduction of toxin gene of *Bacillus thuringiensis* (Bt) is resistant to :
- (1) Insect pests
  - (2) Fungal diseases
  - (3) Plant nematodes
  - (4) Insect predators
44. Which of the following refer to **correct** example(s) of organisms which have evolved due to changes in environment brought about by anthropogenic action ?
- (a) Darwin's Finches of Galapagos islands.
  - (b) Herbicide resistant weeds.
  - (c) Drug resistant eukaryotes.
  - (d) Man-created breeds of domesticated animals like dogs.
- (1) only (a)
  - (2) (a) and (c)
  - (3) (b), (c) and (d)
  - (4) only (d)
45. Identify the **wrong** statement with reference to immunity.
- (1) When exposed to antigen (living or dead) antibodies are produced in the host's body. It is called "Active immunity".
  - (2) When ready-made antibodies are directly given, it is called "Passive immunity".
  - (3) Active immunity is quick and gives full response.
  - (4) Foetus receives some antibodies from mother, it is an example for passive immunity.
46. By which method was a new breed 'Hisardale' of sheep formed by using Bikaneri ewes and Marino rams ?
- (1) Out crossing
  - (2) Mutational breeding
  - (3) Cross breeding
  - (4) Inbreeding
47. Identify the **correct** statement with reference to human digestive system.
- (1) Ileum opens into small intestine.
  - (2) Serosa is the innermost layer of the alimentary canal.
  - (3) Ileum is a highly coiled part.
  - (4) Vermiform appendix arises from duodenum.

48. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

Column - I		Column - II	
(a) <i>Clostridium butylicum</i>	(i)	Cyclosporin-A	
(b) <i>Trichoderma polysporum</i>	(ii)	Butyric Acid	
(c) <i>Monascus purpureus</i>	(iii)	Citric Acid	
(d) <i>Aspergillus niger</i>	(iv)	Blood cholesterol lowering agent	

(a) (b) (c) (d)

- (1) (iii) (iv) (ii) (i)  
 (2) (ii) (i) (iv) (iii)  
 (3) (i) (ii) (iv) (iii)  
 (4) (iv) (iii) (ii) (i)

49. Presence of which of the following conditions in urine are indicative of Diabetes Mellitus ?

- (1) Uremia and Ketonuria  
 (2) Uremia and Renal Calculi  
 (3) Ketonuria and Glycosuria  
 (4) Renal calculi and Hyperglycaemia

50. Floridean starch has structure similar to :

- (1) Starch and cellulose  
 (2) Amylopectin and glycogen  
 (3) Mannitol and algin  
 (4) Laminarin and cellulose

51. Select the option including all sexually transmitted diseases.

- (1) Gonorrhoea, Syphilis, Genital herpes  
 (2) Gonorrhoea, Malaria, Genital herpes  
 (3) AIDS, Malaria, Filariasis  
 (4) Cancer, AIDS, Syphilis

52. Match the following with respect to meiosis :

(a) Zygotene	(i)	Terminalization
(b) Pachytene	(ii)	Chiasmata
(c) Diplotene	(iii)	Crossing over
(d) Diakinesis	(iv)	Synapsis

Select the correct option from the following :

(a) (b) (c) (d)

- (1) (iii) (iv) (i) (ii)  
 (2) (iv) (iii) (ii) (i)  
 (3) (i) (ii) (iv) (iii)  
 (4) (ii) (iv) (iii) (i)

53. Which of the following pairs is of unicellular algae ?

- (1) *Laminaria* and *Sargassum*  
 (2) *Gelidium* and *Gracilaria*  
 (3) *Anabaena* and *Volvox*  
 (4) *Chlorella* and *Spirulina*

54. Which of the following hormone levels will cause release of ovum (ovulation) from the graffian follicle ?

- (1) High concentration of Estrogen  
 (2) High concentration of Progesterone  
 (3) Low concentration of LH  
 (4) Low concentration of FSH

55. Match the following columns and select the correct option.

Column - I		Column - II	
(a) Bt cotton	(i)	Gene therapy	
(b) Adenosine deaminase deficiency	(ii)	Cellular defence	
(c) RNAi	(iii)	Detection of HIV infection	
(d) PCR	(iv)	<i>Bacillus thuringiensis</i>	

(a) (b) (c) (d)

- (1) (iv) (i) (ii) (iii)  
 (2) (iii) (ii) (i) (iv)  
 (3) (ii) (iii) (iv) (i)  
 (4) (i) (ii) (iii) (iv)

56. Montreal protocol was signed in 1987 for control of :
- (1) Transport of Genetically modified organisms from one country to another
  - (2) Emission of ozone depleting substances
  - (3) Release of Green House gases
  - (4) Disposal of e-wastes
57. Which of the following is **correct** about viroids ?
- (1) They have RNA with protein coat.
  - (2) They have free RNA without protein coat.
  - (3) They have DNA with protein coat.
  - (4) They have free DNA without protein coat.
58. The ovary is half inferior in :
- (1) Brinjal
  - (2) Mustard
  - (3) Sunflower
  - (4) Plum
59. The enzyme enterokinase helps in conversion of :
- (1) protein into polypeptides
  - (2) trypsinogen into trypsin
  - (3) caseinogen into casein
  - (4) pepsinogen into pepsin
60. Match the trophic levels with their **correct** species examples in grassland ecosystem.
- |                          |       |         |  |
|--------------------------|-------|---------|--|
| (a) Fourth trophic level | (i)   | Crow    |  |
| (b) Second trophic level | (ii)  | Vulture |  |
| (c) First trophic level  | (iii) | Rabbit  |  |
| (d) Third trophic level  | (iv)  | Grass   |  |
- Select the **correct** option :
- |     | (a)   | (b)   | (c)   | (d)  |
|-----|-------|-------|-------|------|
| (1) | (ii)  | (iii) | (iv)  | (i)  |
| (2) | (iii) | (ii)  | (i)   | (iv) |
| (3) | (iv)  | (iii) | (ii)  | (i)  |
| (4) | (i)   | (ii)  | (iii) | (iv) |
61. How many true breeding pea plant varieties did Mendel select as pairs, which were similar except in one character with contrasting traits ?
- (1) 4
  - (2) 2
  - (3) 14
  - (4) 8
62. Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.
- | Column - I          |       | Column - II                     |  |
|---------------------|-------|---------------------------------|--|
| (a) Organ of Corti  | (i)   | Connects middle ear and pharynx |  |
| (b) Cochlea         | (ii)  | Coiled part of the labyrinth    |  |
| (c) Eustachian tube | (iii) | Attached to the oval window     |  |
| (d) Stapes          | (iv)  | Located on the basilar membrane |  |
- |     | (a)   | (b)   | (c)  | (d)   |
|-----|-------|-------|------|-------|
| (1) | (ii)  | (iii) | (i)  | (iv)  |
| (2) | (iii) | (i)   | (iv) | (ii)  |
| (3) | (iv)  | (ii)  | (i)  | (iii) |
| (4) | (i)   | (ii)  | (iv) | (iii) |
63. In water hyacinth and water lily, pollination takes place by :
- (1) insects or wind
  - (2) water currents only
  - (3) wind and water
  - (4) insects and water
64. Name the plant growth regulator which upon spraying on sugarcane crop, increases the length of stem, thus increasing the yield of sugarcane crop.
- (1) Cytokinin
  - (2) Gibberellin
  - (3) Ethylene
  - (4) Abscisic acid
65. In light reaction, plastoquinone facilitates the transfer of electrons from :
- (1) PS-II to Cytb<sub>6</sub>f complex
  - (2) Cytb<sub>6</sub>f complex to PS-I
  - (3) PS-I to NADP<sup>+</sup>
  - (4) PS-I to ATP synthase



66. Which of the following is **not** an inhibitory substance governing seed dormancy ?
- (1) Gibberellic acid
  - (2) Abscisic acid
  - (3) Phenolic acid
  - (4) Para-ascorbic acid
67. Name the enzyme that facilitates opening of DNA helix during transcription.
- (1) DNA ligase
  - (2) DNA helicase
  - (3) DNA polymerase
  - (4) RNA polymerase
68. Which of the following would help in prevention of diuresis ?
- (1) More water reabsorption due to undersecretion of ADH
  - (2) Reabsorption of  $\text{Na}^+$  and water from renal tubules due to aldosterone
  - (3) Atrial natriuretic factor causes vasoconstriction
  - (4) Decrease in secretion of renin by JG cells
69. In relation to Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity of an ecosystem, which one of the following statements is **correct** ?
- (1) Gross primary productivity is always less than net primary productivity.
  - (2) Gross primary productivity is always more than net primary productivity.
  - (3) Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity are one and same.
  - (4) There is no relationship between Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity.
70. Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.
- | Column - I                | Column - II                             |
|---------------------------|---|
| (a) Placenta              | (i) Androgens                           |
| (b) Zona pellucida        | (ii) Human Chorionic Gonadotropin (hCG) |
| (c) Bulbo-urethral glands | (iii) Layer of the ovum                 |
| (d) Leydig cells          | (iv) Lubrication of the Penis           |
- | (a)       | (b)   | (c)  | (d)   |
|-----------|-------|------|-------|
| (1) (iv)  | (ii)  | (i)  | (ii)  |
| (2) (i)   | (iv)  | (ii) | (iii) |
| (3) (iii) | (ii)  | (iv) | (i)   |
| (4) (ii)  | (iii) | (iv) | (i)   |
71. Strobili or cones are found in :
- (1) *Salvinia*
  - (2) *Pteris*
  - (3) *Marchantia*
  - (4) *Equisetum*
72. Some dividing cells exit the cell cycle and enter vegetative inactive stage. This is called quiescent stage ( $G_0$ ). This process occurs at the end of :
- (1) M phase
  - (2)  $G_1$  phase
  - (3) S phase
  - (4)  $G_2$  phase
73. Flippers of Penguins and Dolphins are examples of :
- (1) Adaptive radiation
  - (2) Convergent evolution
  - (3) Industrial melanism
  - (4) Natural selection
74. If the distance between two consecutive base pairs is 0.34 nm and the total number of base pairs of a DNA double helix in a typical mammalian cell is  $6.6 \times 10^9$  bp, then the length of the DNA is approximately :
- (1) 2.0 meters
  - (2) 2.5 meters
  - (3) 2.2 meters
  - (4) 2.7 meters

75. The QRS complex in a standard ECG represents :

- (1) Repolarisation of auricles
- (2) Depolarisation of auricles
- (3) Depolarisation of ventricles
- (4) Repolarisation of ventricles

76. Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.

<b>Column - I</b>		<b>Column - II</b>	
(a) Eosinophils	(i)	Immune response	
(b) Basophils	(ii)	Phagocytosis	
(c) Neutrophils	(iii)	Release histaminase, destructive enzymes	
(d) Lymphocytes	(iv)	Release granules containing histamine	

	<b>(a)</b>	<b>(b)</b>	<b>(c)</b>	<b>(d)</b>
(1)	(iii)	(iv)	(ii)	(i)
(2)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)
(3)	(i)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)
(4)	(ii)	(i)	(iii)	(iv)

77. Which of the following statements is **correct** ?

- (1) Adenine pairs with thymine through two H-bonds.
- (2) Adenine pairs with thymine through one H-bond.
- (3) Adenine pairs with thymine through three H-bonds.
- (4) Adenine does not pair with thymine.

78. The sequence that controls the copy number of the linked DNA in the vector, is termed :

- (1) Selectable marker
- (2) Ori site
- (3) Palindromic sequence
- (4) Recognition site

79. Identify the basic amino acid from the following.

- (1) Tyrosine
- (2) Glutamic Acid
- (3) Lysine
- (4) Valine

80. Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.

<b>Column - I</b>		<b>Column - II</b>	
(a) Pituitary gland	(i)	Grave's disease	
(b) Thyroid gland	(ii)	Diabetes mellitus	
(c) Adrenal gland	(iii)	Diabetes insipidus	
(d) Pancreas	(iv)	Addison's disease	

	<b>(a)</b>	<b>(b)</b>	<b>(c)</b>	<b>(d)</b>
(1)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)	(ii)
(2)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)
(3)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)	(ii)
(4)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)

81. Select the **correct** statement.

- (1) Glucocorticoids stimulate gluconeogenesis.
- (2) Glucagon is associated with hypoglycemia.
- (3) Insulin acts on pancreatic cells and adipocytes.
- (4) Insulin is associated with hyperglycemia.

82. Which one of the following is the most abundant protein in the animals ?

- (1) Haemoglobin
- (2) Collagen
- (3) Lectin
- (4) Insulin

83. Experimental verification of the chromosomal theory of inheritance was done by :

- (1) Mendel
- (2) Sutton
- (3) Boveri
- (4) Morgan

84. Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.

Column - I		Column - II	
(a) Floating Ribs	(i)	Located between second and seventh ribs	
(b) Acromion	(ii)	Head of the Humerus	
(c) Scapula	(iii)	Clavicle	
(d) Glenoid cavity	(iv)	Do not connect with the sternum	

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(ii)	(iv)	(i)	(iii)
(2)	(i)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)
(3)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)	(i)
(4)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)	(ii)

85. The number of substrate level phosphorylations in one turn of citric acid cycle is :

- (1) Zero
- (2) One
- (3) Two
- (4) Three

86. Dissolution of the synaptonemal complex occurs during :

- (1) Pachytene
- (2) Zygotene
- (3) Diplotene
- (4) Leptotene

87. Bilaterally symmetrical and acoelomate animals are exemplified by :

- (1) Ctenophora
- (2) Platyhelminthes
- (3) Aschelminthes
- (4) Annelida

88. The body of the ovule is fused within the funicle at :

- (1) Hilum
- (2) Micropyle
- (3) Nucellus
- (4) Chalaza

89. Goblet cells of alimentary canal are modified from :

- (1) Squamous epithelial cells
- (2) Columnar epithelial cells
- (3) Chondrocytes
- (4) Compound epithelial cells

90. Snow-blindness in Antarctic region is due to :

- (1) Freezing of fluids in the eye by low temperature
- (2) Inflammation of cornea due to high dose of UV-B radiation
- (3) High reflection of light from snow
- (4) Damage to retina caused by infra-red rays

91. Identify a molecule which does **not** exist.

- (1) He<sub>2</sub>
- (2) Li<sub>2</sub>
- (3) C<sub>2</sub>
- (4) O<sub>2</sub>

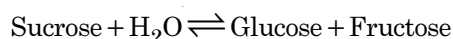
92. Find out the solubility of Ni(OH)<sub>2</sub> in 0.1 M NaOH. Given that the ionic product of Ni(OH)<sub>2</sub> is  $2 \times 10^{-15}$ .

- (1)  $2 \times 10^{-13}$  M
- (2)  $2 \times 10^{-8}$  M
- (3)  $1 \times 10^{-13}$  M
- (4)  $1 \times 10^8$  M

93. Identify the **correct** statements from the following :

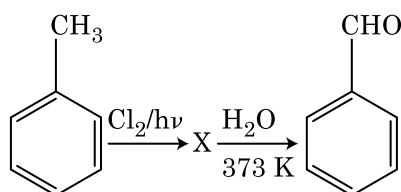
- (a) CO<sub>2</sub>(g) is used as refrigerant for ice-cream and frozen food.
  - (b) The structure of C<sub>60</sub> contains twelve six carbon rings and twenty five carbon rings.
  - (c) ZSM-5, a type of zeolite, is used to convert alcohols into gasoline.
  - (d) CO is colorless and odourless gas.
- (1) (a), (b) and (c) only
  - (2) (a) and (c) only
  - (3) (b) and (c) only
  - (4) (c) and (d) only

94. Hydrolysis of sucrose is given by the following reaction.



If the equilibrium constant ( $K_c$ ) is  $2 \times 10^{13}$  at 300 K, the value of  $\Delta_r G^\ominus$  at the same temperature will be :

- (1)  $-8.314 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1} \times 300 \text{ K} \times \ln(2 \times 10^{13})$   
 (2)  $8.314 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1} \times 300 \text{ K} \times \ln(2 \times 10^{13})$   
 (3)  $8.314 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1} \times 300 \text{ K} \times \ln(3 \times 10^{13})$   
 (4)  $-8.314 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1} \times 300 \text{ K} \times \ln(4 \times 10^{13})$
95. Identify compound X in the following sequence of reactions :



- (1)
- (2)
- (3)
- (4)

96. Identify the **incorrect** match.

Name	IUPAC Official Name
(a) Unnilunium	(i) Mendeleevium
(b) Unniltrium	(ii) Lawrencium
(c) Unnilhexium	(iii) Seaborgium
(d) Unununnium	(iv) Darmstadtium

(1) (a), (i)  
 (2) (b), (ii)  
 (3) (c), (iii)  
 (4) (d), (iv)

97. An element has a body centered cubic (bcc) structure with a cell edge of 288 pm. The atomic radius is :

- (1)  $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \times 288 \text{ pm}$   
 (2)  $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} \times 288 \text{ pm}$   
 (3)  $\frac{4}{\sqrt{3}} \times 288 \text{ pm}$   
 (4)  $\frac{4}{\sqrt{2}} \times 288 \text{ pm}$

98. Which of the following set of molecules will have zero dipole moment ?

- (1) Ammonia, beryllium difluoride, water, 1,4-dichlorobenzene  
 (2) Boron trifluoride, hydrogen fluoride, carbon dioxide, 1,3-dichlorobenzene  
 (3) Nitrogen trifluoride, beryllium difluoride, water, 1,3-dichlorobenzene  
 (4) Boron trifluoride, beryllium difluoride, carbon dioxide, 1,4-dichlorobenzene

99. On electrolysis of dil. sulphuric acid using Platinum (Pt) electrode, the product obtained at anode will be :

- (1) Hydrogen gas  
 (2) Oxygen gas  
 (3)  $\text{H}_2\text{S}$  gas  
 (4)  $\text{SO}_2$  gas

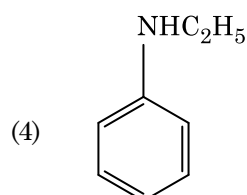
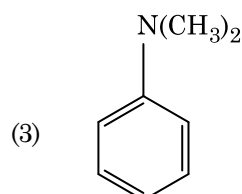
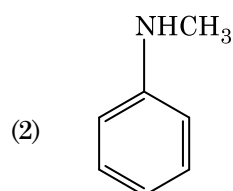
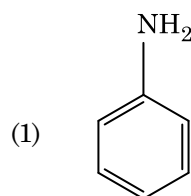
100. Reaction between acetone and methylmagnesium chloride followed by hydrolysis will give :

- (1) Isopropyl alcohol
- (2) Sec. butyl alcohol
- (3) Tert. butyl alcohol
- (4) Isobutyl alcohol

101. Which of the following oxoacid of sulphur has  $-O-O-$  linkage ?

- (1)  $H_2SO_3$ , sulphurous acid
- (2)  $H_2SO_4$ , sulphuric acid
- (3)  $H_2S_2O_8$ , peroxodisulphuric acid
- (4)  $H_2S_2O_7$ , pyrosulphuric acid

102. Which of the following amine will give the carbylamine test ?



103. The calculated spin only magnetic moment of  $Cr^{2+}$  ion is :

- (1) 3.87 BM
- (2) 4.90 BM
- (3) 5.92 BM
- (4) 2.84 BM

104. The correct option for free expansion of an ideal gas under adiabatic condition is :

- (1)  $q = 0, \Delta T = 0$  and  $w = 0$
- (2)  $q = 0, \Delta T < 0$  and  $w > 0$
- (3)  $q < 0, \Delta T = 0$  and  $w = 0$
- (4)  $q > 0, \Delta T > 0$  and  $w > 0$

105. The freezing point depression constant ( $K_f$ ) of benzene is  $5.12 \text{ K kg mol}^{-1}$ . The freezing point depression for the solution of molality 0.078 m containing a non-electrolyte solute in benzene is (rounded off upto two decimal places) :

- (1) 0.20 K
- (2) 0.80 K
- (3) 0.40 K
- (4) 0.60 K

106. The number of Faradays (F) required to produce 20 g of calcium from molten  $CaCl_2$  (Atomic mass of Ca =  $40 \text{ g mol}^{-1}$ ) is :

- (1) 1
- (2) 2
- (3) 3
- (4) 4

107. Reaction between benzaldehyde and acetophenone in presence of dilute NaOH is known as :

- (1) Aldol condensation
- (2) Cannizzaro's reaction
- (3) Cross Cannizzaro's reaction
- (4) Cross Aldol condensation

108. Paper chromatography is an example of :

- (1) Adsorption chromatography
- (2) Partition chromatography
- (3) Thin layer chromatography
- (4) Column chromatography

109. An increase in the concentration of the reactants of a reaction leads to change in :
- (1) activation energy
  - (2) heat of reaction
  - (3) threshold energy
  - (4) collision frequency
110. A mixture of  $N_2$  and Ar gases in a cylinder contains 7 g of  $N_2$  and 8 g of Ar. If the total pressure of the mixture of the gases in the cylinder is 27 bar, the partial pressure of  $N_2$  is :
- [Use atomic masses (in  $g\ mol^{-1}$ ) : N = 14, Ar = 40]
- (1) 9 bar
  - (2) 12 bar
  - (3) 15 bar
  - (4) 18 bar
111. Identify the **correct** statement from the following :
- (1) Wrought iron is impure iron with 4% carbon.
  - (2) Blister copper has blistered appearance due to evolution of  $CO_2$ .
  - (3) Vapour phase refining is carried out for Nickel by Van Arkel method.
  - (4) Pig iron can be moulded into a variety of shapes.
112. A tertiary butyl carbocation is more stable than a secondary butyl carbocation because of which of the following ?
- (1) -I effect of  $-CH_3$  groups
  - (2) +R effect of  $-CH_3$  groups
  - (3) -R effect of  $-CH_3$  groups
  - (4) Hyperconjugation
113. Which of the following is a cationic detergent ?
- (1) Sodium lauryl sulphate
  - (2) Sodium stearate
  - (3) Cetyltrimethyl ammonium bromide
  - (4) Sodium dodecylbenzene sulphonate
114. Elimination reaction of 2-Bromo-pentane to form pent-2-ene is :
- (a)  $\beta$ -Elimination reaction
  - (b) Follows Zaitsev rule
  - (c) Dehydrohalogenation reaction
  - (d) Dehydration reaction
- (1) (a), (b), (c)
  - (2) (a), (c), (d)
  - (3) (b), (c), (d)
  - (4) (a), (b), (d)
115. The mixture which shows positive deviation from Raoult's law is :
- (1) Ethanol + Acetone
  - (2) Benzene + Toluene
  - (3) Acetone + Chloroform
  - (4) Chloroethane + Bromoethane
116. Which of the following is the **correct** order of increasing field strength of ligands to form coordination compounds ?
- (1)  $SCN^- < F^- < C_2O_4^{2-} < CN^-$
  - (2)  $SCN^- < F^- < CN^- < C_2O_4^{2-}$
  - (3)  $F^- < SCN^- < C_2O_4^{2-} < CN^-$
  - (4)  $CN^- < C_2O_4^{2-} < SCN^- < F^-$
117. Which of the following is a basic amino acid ?
- (1) Serine
  - (2) Alanine
  - (3) Tyrosine
  - (4) Lysine
118. HCl was passed through a solution of  $CaCl_2$ ,  $MgCl_2$  and NaCl. Which of the following compound(s) crystallise(s) ?
- (1) Both  $MgCl_2$  and  $CaCl_2$
  - (2) Only NaCl
  - (3) Only  $MgCl_2$
  - (4) NaCl,  $MgCl_2$  and  $CaCl_2$
119. Which of the following is a natural polymer ?
- (1) *cis*-1,4-polyisoprene
  - (2) poly (Butadiene-styrene)
  - (3) polybutadiene
  - (4) poly (Butadiene-acrylonitrile)

- 120.** Which of the following is **not** correct about carbon monoxide ?
- (1) It forms carboxyhaemoglobin.
  - (2) It reduces oxygen carrying ability of blood.
  - (3) The carboxyhaemoglobin (haemoglobin bound to CO) is less stable than oxyhaemoglobin.
  - (4) It is produced due to incomplete combustion.
- 121.** Sucrose on hydrolysis gives :
- (1)  $\beta$ -D-Glucose +  $\alpha$ -D-Fructose
  - (2)  $\alpha$ -D-Glucose +  $\beta$ -D-Glucose
  - (3)  $\alpha$ -D-Glucose +  $\beta$ -D-Fructose
  - (4)  $\alpha$ -D-Fructose +  $\beta$ -D-Fructose
- 122.** The following metal ion activates many enzymes, participates in the oxidation of glucose to produce ATP and with Na, is responsible for the transmission of nerve signals.
- (1) Iron
  - (2) Copper
  - (3) Calcium
  - (4) Potassium
- 123.** Which one of the followings has maximum number of atoms ?
- (1) 1 g of Ag(s) [Atomic mass of Ag = 108]
  - (2) 1 g of Mg(s) [Atomic mass of Mg = 24]
  - (3) 1 g of O<sub>2</sub>(g) [Atomic mass of O = 16]
  - (4) 1 g of Li(s) [Atomic mass of Li = 7]
- 124.** The number of protons, neutrons and electrons in  ${}_{71}^{175}\text{Lu}$ , respectively, are :
- (1) 71, 104 and 71
  - (2) 104, 71 and 71
  - (3) 71, 71 and 104
  - (4) 175, 104 and 71
- 125.** What is the change in oxidation number of carbon in the following reaction ?
- $$\text{CH}_4(\text{g}) + 4\text{Cl}_2(\text{g}) \rightarrow \text{CCl}_4(\text{l}) + 4\text{HCl}(\text{g})$$
- (1) + 4 to + 4
  - (2) 0 to + 4
  - (3) - 4 to + 4
  - (4) 0 to - 4
- 126.** Identify the **incorrect** statement.
- (1)  $\text{Cr}^{2+}(\text{d}^4)$  is a stronger reducing agent than  $\text{Fe}^{2+}(\text{d}^6)$  in water.
  - (2) The transition metals and their compounds are known for their catalytic activity due to their ability to adopt multiple oxidation states and to form complexes.
  - (3) Interstitial compounds are those that are formed when small atoms like H, C or N are trapped inside the crystal lattices of metals.
  - (4) The oxidation states of chromium in  $\text{CrO}_4^{2-}$  and  $\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7^{2-}$  are not the same.
- 127.** For the reaction,  $2\text{Cl}(\text{g}) \rightarrow \text{Cl}_2(\text{g})$ , the **correct** option is :
- (1)  $\Delta_r H > 0$  and  $\Delta_r S > 0$
  - (2)  $\Delta_r H > 0$  and  $\Delta_r S < 0$
  - (3)  $\Delta_r H < 0$  and  $\Delta_r S > 0$
  - (4)  $\Delta_r H < 0$  and  $\Delta_r S < 0$
- 128.** Measuring Zeta potential is useful in determining which property of colloidal solution ?
- (1) Viscosity
  - (2) Solubility
  - (3) Stability of the colloidal particles
  - (4) Size of the colloidal particles

129. Urea reacts with water to form **A** which will decompose to form **B**. **B** when passed through  $\text{Cu}^{2+}$  (aq), deep blue colour solution **C** is formed. What is the formula of **C** from the following ?

- (1)  $\text{CuSO}_4$
- (2)  $[\text{Cu}(\text{NH}_3)_4]^{2+}$
- (3)  $\text{Cu}(\text{OH})_2$
- (4)  $\text{CuCO}_3 \cdot \text{Cu}(\text{OH})_2$

130. Match the following and identify the **correct** option.

- |     |  |       |   |
|-----|--|-------|---|
| (a) | $\text{CO}(\text{g}) + \text{H}_2(\text{g})$ | (i)   | $\text{Mg}(\text{HCO}_3)_2 + \text{Ca}(\text{HCO}_3)_2$ |
| (b) | Temporary hardness of water                  | (ii)  | An electron deficient hydride                           |
| (c) | $\text{B}_2\text{H}_6$                       | (iii) | Synthesis gas   |
| (d) | $\text{H}_2\text{O}_2$                       | (iv)  | Non-planar structure                                    |

- |     | (a)   | (b)   | (c)  | (d)  |
|-----|-------|-------|------|------|
| (1) | (iii) | (i)   | (ii) | (iv) |
| (2) | (iii) | (ii)  | (i)  | (iv) |
| (3) | (iii) | (iv)  | (ii) | (i)  |
| (4) | (i)   | (iii) | (ii) | (iv) |

131. Match the following :

- |     | Oxide                   |       | Nature     |
|-----|-------------------------|-------|------------|
| (a) | CO                      | (i)   | Basic      |
| (b) | BaO                     | (ii)  | Neutral    |
| (c) | $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$ | (iii) | Acidic     |
| (d) | $\text{Cl}_2\text{O}_7$ | (iv)  | Amphoteric |

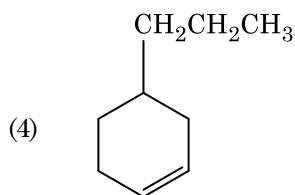
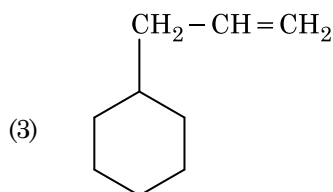
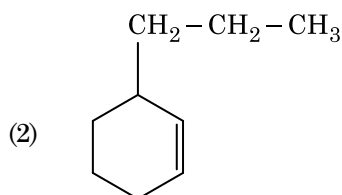
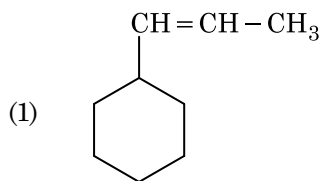
Which of the following is **correct** option ?

- |     | (a)   | (b)   | (c)   | (d)   |
|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| (1) | (i)   | (ii)  | (iii) | (iv)  |
| (2) | (ii)  | (i)   | (iv)  | (iii) |
| (3) | (iii) | (iv)  | (i)   | (ii)  |
| (4) | (iv)  | (iii) | (ii)  | (i)   |

132. The rate constant for a first order reaction is  $4.606 \times 10^{-3} \text{ s}^{-1}$ . The time required to reduce 2.0 g of the reactant to 0.2 g is :

- (1) 100 s
- (2) 200 s
- (3) 500 s
- (4) 1000 s

133. An alkene on ozonolysis gives methanal as one of the product. Its structure is :

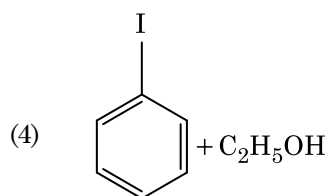
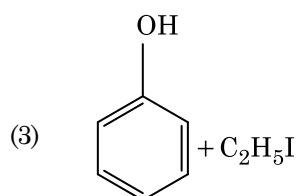
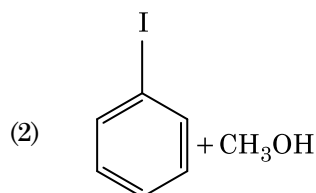
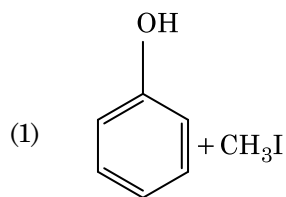


134. Which of the following alkane cannot be made in good yield by Wurtz reaction ?

- (1) n-Hexane
- (2) 2,3-Dimethylbutane
- (3) n-Heptane
- (4) n-Butane



135. Anisole on cleavage with HI gives :



136. For which one of the following, Bohr model is **not** valid ?

- (1) Hydrogen atom
- (2) Singly ionised helium atom ( $\text{He}^+$ )
- (3) Deuteron atom
- (4) Singly ionised neon atom ( $\text{Ne}^+$ )

137. The ratio of contributions made by the electric field and magnetic field components to the intensity of an electromagnetic wave is : ( $c$  = speed of electromagnetic waves)

- (1)  $c : 1$
- (2)  $1 : 1$
- (3)  $1 : c$
- (4)  $1 : c^2$

138. The Brewsters angle  $i_b$  for an interface should be :

- (1)  $0^\circ < i_b < 30^\circ$
- (2)  $30^\circ < i_b < 45^\circ$
- (3)  $45^\circ < i_b < 90^\circ$
- (4)  $i_b = 90^\circ$

139. A cylinder contains hydrogen gas at pressure of 249 kPa and temperature  $27^\circ\text{C}$ .

Its density is : ( $R = 8.3 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1}$ )

- (1)  $0.5 \text{ kg/m}^3$
- (2)  $0.2 \text{ kg/m}^3$
- (3)  $0.1 \text{ kg/m}^3$
- (4)  $0.02 \text{ kg/m}^3$

140. A ray is incident at an angle of incidence  $i$  on one surface of a small angle prism (with angle of prism  $A$ ) and emerges normally from the opposite surface. If the refractive index of the material of the prism is  $\mu$ , then the angle of incidence is nearly equal to :

- (1)  $\frac{A}{2\mu}$
- (2)  $\frac{2A}{\mu}$
- (3)  $\mu A$
- (4)  $\frac{\mu A}{2}$

141. Two cylinders A and B of equal capacity are connected to each other via a stop cock. A contains an ideal gas at standard temperature and pressure. B is completely evacuated. The entire system is thermally insulated. The stop cock is suddenly opened. The process is :

- (1) isothermal
- (2) adiabatic
- (3) isochoric
- (4) isobaric

142. The energy equivalent of 0.5 g of a substance is :

- (1)  $4.5 \times 10^{16} \text{ J}$
- (2)  $4.5 \times 10^{13} \text{ J}$
- (3)  $1.5 \times 10^{13} \text{ J}$
- (4)  $0.5 \times 10^{13} \text{ J}$

143. A body weighs 72 N on the surface of the earth. What is the gravitational force on it, at a height equal to half the radius of the earth ?

- (1) 48 N
- (2) 32 N
- (3) 30 N
- (4) 24 N

- 144.** The solids which have the negative temperature coefficient of resistance are :
- (1) metals
  - (2) insulators only
  - (3) semiconductors only
  - (4) insulators and semiconductors
- 145.** The phase difference between displacement and acceleration of a particle in a simple harmonic motion is :
- (1)  $\pi$  rad
  - (2)  $\frac{3\pi}{2}$  rad
  - (3)  $\frac{\pi}{2}$  rad
  - (4) zero
- 146.** A screw gauge has least count of 0.01 mm and there are 50 divisions in its circular scale.
- The pitch of the screw gauge is :
- (1) 0.01 mm
  - (2) 0.25 mm
  - (3) 0.5 mm
  - (4) 1.0 mm
- 147.** In a guitar, two strings A and B made of same material are slightly out of tune and produce beats of frequency 6 Hz. When tension in B is slightly decreased, the beat frequency increases to 7 Hz. If the frequency of A is 530 Hz, the original frequency of B will be :
- (1) 523 Hz
  - (2) 524 Hz
  - (3) 536 Hz
  - (4) 537 Hz
- 148.** Two particles of mass 5 kg and 10 kg respectively are attached to the two ends of a rigid rod of length 1 m with negligible mass.
- The centre of mass of the system from the 5 kg particle is nearly at a distance of :
- (1) 33 cm
  - (2) 50 cm
  - (3) 67 cm
  - (4) 80 cm
- 149.** Find the torque about the origin when a force of  $3\hat{j}$  N acts on a particle whose position vector is  $2\hat{k}$  m .
- (1)  $6\hat{i}$  N m
  - (2)  $6\hat{j}$  N m
  - (3)  $-6\hat{i}$  N m
  - (4)  $6\hat{k}$  N m
- 150.** Light with an average flux of 20 W/cm<sup>2</sup> falls on a non-reflecting surface at normal incidence having surface area 20 cm<sup>2</sup>. The energy received by the surface during time span of 1 minute is :
- (1)  $10 \times 10^3$  J
  - (2)  $12 \times 10^3$  J
  - (3)  $24 \times 10^3$  J
  - (4)  $48 \times 10^3$  J
- 151.** A spherical conductor of radius 10 cm has a charge of  $3.2 \times 10^{-7}$  C distributed uniformly. What is the magnitude of electric field at a point 15 cm from the centre of the sphere ?
- $$\left( \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} = 9 \times 10^9 \text{ N m}^2/\text{C}^2 \right)$$
- (1)  $1.28 \times 10^4$  N/C
  - (2)  $1.28 \times 10^5$  N/C
  - (3)  $1.28 \times 10^6$  N/C
  - (4)  $1.28 \times 10^7$  N/C
- 152.** In a certain region of space with volume 0.2 m<sup>3</sup>, the electric potential is found to be 5 V throughout. The magnitude of electric field in this region is :
- (1) zero
  - (2) 0.5 N/C
  - (3) 1 N/C
  - (4) 5 N/C
- 153.** The increase in the width of the depletion region in a p-n junction diode is due to :
- (1) forward bias only
  - (2) reverse bias only
  - (3) both forward bias and reverse bias
  - (4) increase in forward current

154. A  $40 \mu\text{F}$  capacitor is connected to a  $200 \text{ V}$ ,  $50 \text{ Hz}$  ac supply. The rms value of the current in the circuit is, nearly :

- (1)  $1.7 \text{ A}$
- (2)  $2.05 \text{ A}$
- (3)  $2.5 \text{ A}$
- (4)  $25.1 \text{ A}$

155. The mean free path for a gas, with molecular diameter  $d$  and number density  $n$  can be expressed as :

- (1)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} n \pi d}$
- (2)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} n \pi d^2}$
- (3)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} n^2 \pi d^2}$
- (4)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} n^2 \pi^2 d^2}$

156. For transistor action, which of the following statements is **correct** ?

- (1) Base, emitter and collector regions should have same doping concentrations.
- (2) Base, emitter and collector regions should have same size.
- (3) Both emitter junction as well as the collector junction are forward biased.
- (4) The base region must be very thin and lightly doped.

157. Light of frequency 1.5 times the threshold frequency is incident on a photosensitive material. What will be the photoelectric current if the frequency is halved and intensity is doubled ?

- (1) doubled
- (2) four times
- (3) one-fourth
- (4) zero

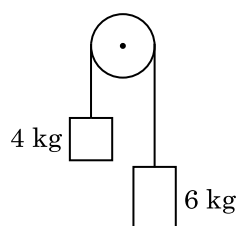
158. When a uranium isotope  ${}_{92}^{235}\text{U}$  is bombarded with a neutron, it generates  ${}_{36}^{89}\text{Kr}$ , three neutrons and :

- (1)  ${}_{56}^{144}\text{Ba}$
- (2)  ${}_{40}^{91}\text{Zr}$
- (3)  ${}_{36}^{101}\text{Kr}$
- (4)  ${}_{36}^{103}\text{Kr}$

159. The energy required to break one bond in DNA is  $10^{-20} \text{ J}$ . This value in eV is nearly :

- (1) 6
- (2) 0.6
- (3) 0.06
- (4) 0.006

160. Two bodies of mass  $4 \text{ kg}$  and  $6 \text{ kg}$  are tied to the ends of a massless string. The string passes over a pulley which is frictionless (see figure). The acceleration of the system in terms of acceleration due to gravity ( $g$ ) is :



- (1)  $g$
- (2)  $g/2$
- (3)  $g/5$
- (4)  $g/10$

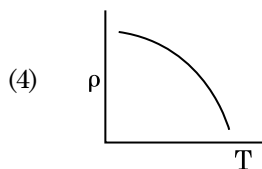
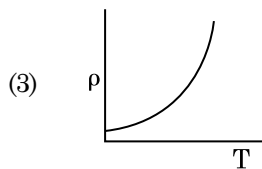
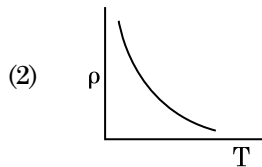
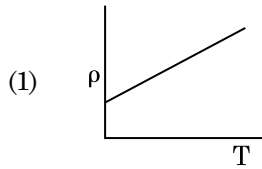
161. A wire of length  $L$ , area of cross section  $A$  is hanging from a fixed support. The length of the wire changes to  $L_1$  when mass  $M$  is suspended from its free end. The expression for Young's modulus is :

- (1)  $\frac{MgL_1}{AL}$
- (2)  $\frac{Mg(L_1 - L)}{AL}$
- (3)  $\frac{MgL}{AL_1}$
- (4)  $\frac{MgL}{A(L_1 - L)}$

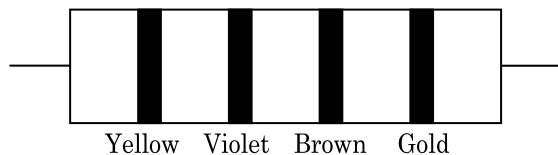
162. The average thermal energy for a mono-atomic gas is : ( $k_B$  is Boltzmann constant and  $T$ , absolute temperature)

- (1)  $\frac{1}{2} k_B T$
- (2)  $\frac{3}{2} k_B T$
- (3)  $\frac{5}{2} k_B T$
- (4)  $\frac{7}{2} k_B T$

163. Which of the following graph represents the variation of resistivity ( $\rho$ ) with temperature (T) for copper ?



164. The color code of a resistance is given below :



The values of resistance and tolerance, respectively, are :

- (1) 470 k $\Omega$ , 5%  
 (2) 47 k $\Omega$ , 10%  
 (3) 4.7 k $\Omega$ , 5%  
 (4) 470  $\Omega$ , 5%
165. In Young's double slit experiment, if the separation between coherent sources is halved and the distance of the screen from the coherent sources is doubled, then the fringe width becomes :
- (1) double  
 (2) half  
 (3) four times  
 (4) one-fourth

166. The capacitance of a parallel plate capacitor with air as medium is 6  $\mu\text{F}$ . With the introduction of a dielectric medium, the capacitance becomes 30  $\mu\text{F}$ . The permittivity of the medium is :

$$(\epsilon_0 = 8.85 \times 10^{-12} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2})$$

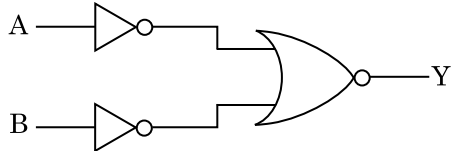
- (1)  $0.44 \times 10^{-13} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$   
 (2)  $1.77 \times 10^{-12} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$   
 (3)  $0.44 \times 10^{-10} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$   
 (4)  $5.00 \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
167. Dimensions of stress are :
- (1)  $[\text{MLT}^{-2}]$   
 (2)  $[\text{ML}^2\text{T}^{-2}]$   
 (3)  $[\text{ML}^0\text{T}^{-2}]$   
 (4)  $[\text{ML}^{-1}\text{T}^{-2}]$
168. Assume that light of wavelength 600 nm is coming from a star. The limit of resolution of telescope whose objective has a diameter of 2 m is :
- (1)  $3.66 \times 10^{-7} \text{ rad}$   
 (2)  $1.83 \times 10^{-7} \text{ rad}$   
 (3)  $7.32 \times 10^{-7} \text{ rad}$   
 (4)  $6.00 \times 10^{-7} \text{ rad}$

169. A series LCR circuit is connected to an ac voltage source. When L is removed from the circuit, the phase difference between current and voltage is  $\frac{\pi}{3}$ . If instead C is removed from the circuit, the phase difference is again  $\frac{\pi}{3}$  between current and voltage. The power factor of the circuit is :

- (1) zero  
 (2) 0.5  
 (3) 1.0  
 (4) -1.0
170. A short electric dipole has a dipole moment of  $16 \times 10^{-9} \text{ C m}$ . The electric potential due to the dipole at a point at a distance of 0.6 m from the centre of the dipole, situated on a line making an angle of  $60^\circ$  with the dipole axis is :

$$\left( \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} = 9 \times 10^9 \text{ N m}^2/\text{C}^2 \right)$$

- (1) 50 V  
 (2) 200 V  
 (3) 400 V  
 (4) zero

171. An iron rod of susceptibility 599 is subjected to a magnetising field of  $1200 \text{ A m}^{-1}$ . The permeability of the material of the rod is :  
 $(\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T m A}^{-1})$   
 (1)  $2.4\pi \times 10^{-4} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$   
 (2)  $8.0 \times 10^{-5} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$   
 (3)  $2.4\pi \times 10^{-5} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$   
 (4)  $2.4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$
172. A long solenoid of 50 cm length having 100 turns carries a current of 2.5 A. The magnetic field at the centre of the solenoid is :  
 $(\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T m A}^{-1})$   
 (1)  $6.28 \times 10^{-4} \text{ T}$   
 (2)  $3.14 \times 10^{-4} \text{ T}$   
 (3)  $6.28 \times 10^{-5} \text{ T}$   
 (4)  $3.14 \times 10^{-5} \text{ T}$
173. A charged particle having drift velocity of  $7.5 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m s}^{-1}$  in an electric field of  $3 \times 10^{-10} \text{ Vm}^{-1}$ , has a mobility in  $\text{m}^2 \text{ V}^{-1} \text{ s}^{-1}$  of :  
 (1)  $2.25 \times 10^{15}$   
 (2)  $2.5 \times 10^6$   
 (3)  $2.5 \times 10^{-6}$   
 (4)  $2.25 \times 10^{-15}$
174. The quantities of heat required to raise the temperature of two solid copper spheres of radii  $r_1$  and  $r_2$  ( $r_1 = 1.5 r_2$ ) through 1 K are in the ratio :  
 (1)  $\frac{27}{8}$   
 (2)  $\frac{9}{4}$   
 (3)  $\frac{3}{2}$   
 (4)  $\frac{5}{3}$
175. An electron is accelerated from rest through a potential difference of V volt. If the de Broglie wavelength of the electron is  $1.227 \times 10^{-2} \text{ nm}$ , the potential difference is :  
 (1) 10 V  
 (2)  $10^2 \text{ V}$   
 (3)  $10^3 \text{ V}$   
 (4)  $10^4 \text{ V}$
176. Taking into account of the significant figures, what is the value of  $9.99 \text{ m} - 0.0099 \text{ m}$  ?  
 (1) 9.9801 m  
 (2) 9.98 m  
 (3) 9.980 m  
 (4) 9.9 m
177. A ball is thrown vertically downward with a velocity of 20 m/s from the top of a tower. It hits the ground after some time with a velocity of 80 m/s. The height of the tower is : ( $g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2$ )  
 (1) 360 m  
 (2) 340 m  
 (3) 320 m  
 (4) 300 m
178. A capillary tube of radius r is immersed in water and water rises in it to a height h. The mass of the water in the capillary is 5 g. Another capillary tube of radius 2r is immersed in water. The mass of water that will rise in this tube is :  
 (1) 2.5 g  
 (2) 5.0 g  
 (3) 10.0 g  
 (4) 20.0 g
179. A resistance wire connected in the left gap of a metre bridge balances a  $10 \Omega$  resistance in the right gap at a point which divides the bridge wire in the ratio 3 : 2. If the length of the resistance wire is 1.5 m, then the length of  $1 \Omega$  of the resistance wire is :  
 (1)  $1.0 \times 10^{-2} \text{ m}$   
 (2)  $1.0 \times 10^{-1} \text{ m}$   
 (3)  $1.5 \times 10^{-1} \text{ m}$   
 (4)  $1.5 \times 10^{-2} \text{ m}$
180. For the logic circuit shown, the truth table is :
- 
- (1)
- | A | B | Y |
|---|---|---|
| 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 |
- (2)
- | A | B | Y |
|---|---|---|
| 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | 1 | 1 |
- (3)
- | A | B | Y |
|---|---|---|
| 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 0 | 1 | 1 |
| 1 | 0 | 1 |
| 1 | 1 | 0 |
- (4)
- | A | B | Y |
|---|---|---|
| 0 | 0 | 1 |
| 0 | 1 | 0 |
| 1 | 0 | 0 |
| 1 | 1 | 0 |

**E1**

**22**

**Space For Rough Work**

**Space For Rough Work**

**E1**

**24**

**Space For Rough Work**



Test Booklet Code

KANHA

No. :

**F1**

This Booklet contains 24 pages.

**Do not open this Test Booklet until you are asked to do so.**

***Important Instructions :***

1. The Answer Sheet is inside this Test Booklet. When you are directed to open the Test Booklet, take out the Answer Sheet and fill in the particulars on **side-1** and **side-2** carefully with **blue/black** ball point pen only.
2. The test is of **3 hours** duration and Test Booklet contains **180** questions. Each question carries **4** marks. For each correct response, the candidate will get **4** marks. For each incorrect response, **one mark** will be deducted from the total scores. The maximum marks are **720**.
3. Use **Blue/Black Ball Point Pen only** for writing particulars on this page/markings responses.
4. Rough work is to be done on the space provided for this purpose in the Test Booklet only.
5. **On completion of the test, the candidate must hand over the Answer Sheet to the invigilator before leaving the Room/Hall. The candidates are allowed to take away this Test Booklet with them.**
6. The CODE for this Booklet is **F1**. Make sure that the CODE printed on **Side-2** of the Answer Sheet is the same as that on this Test Booklet. In case of discrepancy, the candidate should immediately report the matter to the Invigilator for replacement of both the Test Booklet and the Answer Sheet.
7. The candidates should ensure that the Answer Sheet is not folded. Do not make any stray marks on the Answer Sheet. Do not write your Roll No. anywhere else except in the specified space in the Test Booklet/ Answer Sheet.
8. Use of white fluid for correction is **NOT** permissible on the Answer Sheet.
9. Each candidate must show on demand his/her Admit Card to the Invigilator.
10. No candidate, without special permission of the Superintendent or Invigilator, would leave his/her seat.
11. The candidates should not leave the Examination Hall without handing over their Answer Sheet to the Invigilator on duty and sign the Attendance Sheet twice. **Cases where a candidate has not signed the Attendance Sheet second time will be deemed not to have handed over the Answer Sheet and dealt with as an unfair means case.**
12. Use of Electronic/Manual Calculator is prohibited.
13. The candidates are governed by all Rules and Regulations of the examination with regard to their conduct in the Examination Hall. All cases of unfair means will be dealt with as per Rules and Regulations of this examination.
14. No part of the Test Booklet and Answer Sheet shall be detached under any circumstances.
15. The candidates will write the Correct Test Booklet Code as given in the Test Booklet/Answer Sheet in the Attendance Sheet.

Name of the Candidate (in Capitals) : \_\_\_\_\_

Roll Number : in figures \_\_\_\_\_

: in words \_\_\_\_\_

Centre of Examination (in Capitals) : \_\_\_\_\_

Candidate's Signature : \_\_\_\_\_ Invigilator's Signature : \_\_\_\_\_

Facsimile signature stamp of

Centre Superintendent : \_\_\_\_\_

**F1**

1. In light reaction, plastoquinone facilitates the transfer of electrons from :
  - (1) PS-I to  $\text{NADP}^+$
  - (2) PS-I to ATP synthase
  - (3) PS-II to  $\text{Cytb}_6\text{f}$  complex
  - (4)  $\text{Cytb}_6\text{f}$  complex to PS-I
  
2. The sequence that controls the copy number of the linked DNA in the vector, is termed :
  - (1) Palindromic sequence
  - (2) Recognition site
  - (3) Selectable marker
  - (4) Ori site
  
3. The specific palindromic sequence which is recognized by EcoRI is :
  - (1) 5' - CTTAAG - 3'  
3' - GAATTC - 5'
  - (2) 5' - GGATCC - 3'  
3' - CCTAGG - 5'
  - (3) 5' - GAATTC - 3'  
3' - CTTAAG - 5'
  - (4) 5' - GGAACC - 3'  
3' - CCTTGG - 5'
  
4. Identify the **wrong** statement with reference to immunity.
  - (1) Active immunity is quick and gives full response.
  - (2) Foetus receives some antibodies from mother, it is an example for passive immunity.
  - (3) When exposed to antigen (living or dead) antibodies are produced in the host's body. It is called "Active immunity".
  - (4) When ready-made antibodies are directly given, it is called "Passive immunity".
  
5. Experimental verification of the chromosomal theory of inheritance was done by :
  - (1) Boveri
  - (2) Morgan
  - (3) Mendel
  - (4) Sutton

**2**

6. Match the following concerning essential elements and their functions in plants :
 

(a) Iron	(i) Photolysis of water
(b) Zinc	(ii) Pollen germination
(c) Boron	(iii) Required for chlorophyll biosynthesis
(d) Manganese	(iv) IAA biosynthesis

Select the **correct** option :

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(iii)	(iv)	(ii)	(i)
(2)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)
(3)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)
(4)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)
  
7. In gel electrophoresis, separated DNA fragments can be visualized with the help of :
  - (1) Acetocarmine in UV radiation
  - (2) Ethidium bromide in infrared radiation
  - (3) Acetocarmine in bright blue light
  - (4) Ethidium bromide in UV radiation
  
8. Name the enzyme that facilitates opening of DNA helix during transcription.
  - (1) DNA polymerase
  - (2) RNA polymerase
  - (3) DNA ligase
  - (4) DNA helicase
  
9. In which of the following techniques, the embryos are transferred to assist those females who cannot conceive ?
  - (1) ICSI and ZIFT
  - (2) GIFT and ICSI
  - (3) ZIFT and IUT
  - (4) GIFT and ZIFT
  
10. Identify the basic amino acid from the following.
  - (1) Lysine
  - (2) Valine
  - (3) Tyrosine
  - (4) Glutamic Acid

11. Identify the **wrong** statement with reference to transport of oxygen.
- (1) Higher  $H^+$  conc. in alveoli favours the formation of oxyhaemoglobin.
  - (2) Low  $pCO_2$  in alveoli favours the formation of oxyhaemoglobin.
  - (3) Binding of oxygen with haemoglobin is mainly related to partial pressure of  $O_2$ .
  - (4) Partial pressure of  $CO_2$  can interfere with  $O_2$  binding with haemoglobin.
12. Floridean starch has structure similar to :
- (1) Mannitol and algin
  - (2) Laminarin and cellulose
  - (3) Starch and cellulose
  - (4) Amylopectin and glycogen
13. By which method was a new breed 'Hisardale' of sheep formed by using Bikaneri ewes and Marino rams ?
- (1) Cross breeding
  - (2) Inbreeding
  - (3) Out crossing
  - (4) Mutational breeding
14. Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.
- | Column - I          | Column - II              |
|---------------------|--------------------------|
| (a) Pituitary gland | (i) Grave's disease      |
| (b) Thyroid gland   | (ii) Diabetes mellitus   |
| (c) Adrenal gland   | (iii) Diabetes insipidus |
| (d) Pancreas        | (iv) Addison's disease   |
- |     | (a)   | (b)   | (c)  | (d)   |
|-----|-------|-------|------|-------|
| (1) | (iii) | (i)   | (iv) | (ii)  |
| (2) | (ii)  | (i)   | (iv) | (iii) |
| (3) | (iv)  | (iii) | (i)  | (ii)  |
| (4) | (iii) | (ii)  | (i)  | (iv)  |
15. Select the option including all sexually transmitted diseases.
- (1) AIDS, Malaria, Filaria
  - (2) Cancer, AIDS, Syphilis
  - (3) Gonorrhoea, Syphilis, Genital herpes
  - (4) Gonorrhoea, Malaria, Genital herpes
16. Choose the **correct** pair from the following :
- (1) Nucleases - Separate the two strands of DNA
  - (2) Exonucleases - Make cuts at specific positions within DNA
  - (3) Ligases - Join the two DNA molecules
  - (4) Polymerases - Break the DNA into fragments
17. Ray florets have :
- (1) Hypogynous ovary
  - (2) Half inferior ovary
  - (3) Inferior ovary
  - (4) Superior ovary
18. Match the organism with its use in biotechnology.
- |                                      |  |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| (a) <i>Bacillus thuringiensis</i>    | (i) Cloning vector                       |
| (b) <i>Thermus aquaticus</i>         | (ii) Construction of first rDNA molecule |
| (c) <i>Agrobacterium tumefaciens</i> | (iii) DNA polymerase                     |
| (d) <i>Salmonella typhimurium</i>    | (iv) Cry proteins                        |
- Select the **correct** option from the following :
- |     | (a)   | (b)   | (c)   | (d)  |
|-----|-------|-------|-------|------|
| (1) | (iii) | (ii)  | (iv)  | (i)  |
| (2) | (iii) | (iv)  | (i)   | (ii) |
| (3) | (ii)  | (iv)  | (iii) | (i)  |
| (4) | (iv)  | (iii) | (i)   | (ii) |
19. The product(s) of reaction catalyzed by nitrogenase in root nodules of leguminous plants is/are :
- (1) Ammonia and oxygen
  - (2) Ammonia and hydrogen
  - (3) Ammonia alone
  - (4) Nitrate alone

20. Name the plant growth regulator which upon spraying on sugarcane crop, increases the length of stem, thus increasing the yield of sugarcane crop.
- (1) Ethylene
  - (2) Abscisic acid
  - (3) Cytokinin
  - (4) Gibberellin
21. The body of the ovule is fused within the funicle at :
- (1) Nucellus
  - (2) Chalaza
  - (3) Hilum
  - (4) Micropyle
22. The process of growth is maximum during :
- (1) Senescence
  - (2) Dormancy
  - (3) Log phase
  - (4) Lag phase
23. Bilaterally symmetrical and acoelomate animals are exemplified by :
- (1) Aschelminthes
  - (2) Annelida
  - (3) Ctenophora
  - (4) Platyhelminthes
24. Which of the following is put into Anaerobic sludge digester for further sewage treatment ?
- (1) Effluents of primary treatment
  - (2) Activated sludge
  - (3) Primary sludge
  - (4) Floating debris
25. Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.
- | <b>Column - I</b>  | <b>Column - II</b>                          |
|--------------------|---|
| (a) Floating Ribs  | (i) Located between second and seventh ribs |
| (b) Acromion       | (ii) Head of the Humerus                    |
| (c) Scapula        | (iii) Clavicle                              |
| (d) Glenoid cavity | (iv) Do not connect with the sternum        |
- |     | <b>(a)</b> | <b>(b)</b> | <b>(c)</b> | <b>(d)</b> |
|-----|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| (1) | (iii)      | (ii)       | (iv)       | (i)        |
| (2) | (iv)       | (iii)      | (i)        | (ii)       |
| (3) | (ii)       | (iv)       | (i)        | (iii)      |
| (4) | (i)        | (iii)      | (ii)       | (iv)       |
26. Identify the **wrong** statement with regard to Restriction Enzymes.
- (1) They are useful in genetic engineering.
  - (2) Sticky ends can be joined by using DNA ligases.
  - (3) Each restriction enzyme functions by inspecting the length of a DNA sequence.
  - (4) They cut the strand of DNA at palindromic sites.
27. Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.
- | <b>Column - I</b>  | <b>Column - II</b>      |
|--|-------------------------|
| (a) Gregarious, polyphagous pest                                 | (i) <i>Asterias</i>     |
| (b) Adult with radial symmetry and larva with bilateral symmetry | (ii) Scorpion           |
| (c) Book lungs   | (iii) <i>Ctenoplana</i> |
| (d) Bioluminescence  | (iv) <i>Locusta</i>     |
- |     | <b>(a)</b> | <b>(b)</b> | <b>(c)</b> | <b>(d)</b> |
|-----|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| (1) | (iii)      | (ii)       | (i)        | (iv)       |
| (2) | (ii)       | (i)        | (iii)      | (iv)       |
| (3) | (i)        | (iii)      | (ii)       | (iv)       |
| (4) | (iv)       | (i)        | (ii)       | (iii)      |
28. If the head of cockroach is removed, it may live for few days because :
- (1) the head holds a small proportion of a nervous system while the rest is situated along the ventral part of its body.
  - (2) the head holds a 1/3<sup>rd</sup> of a nervous system while the rest is situated along the dorsal part of its body.
  - (3) the supra-oesophageal ganglia of the cockroach are situated in ventral part of abdomen.
  - (4) the cockroach does not have nervous system.

29. Which of the following regions of the globe exhibits highest species diversity ?
- (1) Himalayas
  - (2) Amazon forests
  - (3) Western Ghats of India
  - (4) Madagascar
30. Which is the important site of formation of glycoproteins and glycolipids in eukaryotic cells ?
- (1) Golgi bodies
  - (2) Polysomes
  - (3) Endoplasmic reticulum
  - (4) Peroxisomes
31. Which of the following pairs is of unicellular algae ?
- (1) *Anabaena* and *Volvox*
  - (2) *Chlorella* and *Spirulina*
  - (3) *Laminaria* and *Sargassum*
  - (4) *Gelidium* and *Gracilaria*
32. Which one of the following is the most abundant protein in the animals ?
- (1) Lectin
  - (2) Insulin
  - (3) Haemoglobin
  - (4) Collagen
33. Dissolution of the synaptonemal complex occurs during :
- (1) Diplotene
  - (2) Leptotene
  - (3) Pachytene
  - (4) Zygotene
34. How many true breeding pea plant varieties did Mendel select as pairs, which were similar except in one character with contrasting traits ?
- (1) 14
  - (2) 8
  - (3) 4
  - (4) 2
35. Cuboidal epithelium with brush border of microvilli is found in :
- (1) proximal convoluted tubule of nephron
  - (2) eustachian tube
  - (3) lining of intestine
  - (4) ducts of salivary glands
36. Match the following with respect to meiosis :
- |                |                     |
|----------------|---------------------|
| (a) Zygotene   | (i) Terminalization |
| (b) Pachytene  | (ii) Chiasmata      |
| (c) Diplotene  | (iii) Crossing over |
| (d) Diakinesis | (iv) Synapsis       |
- Select the **correct** option from the following :
- |     | (a)   | (b)   | (c)   | (d)   |
|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| (1) | (i)   | (ii)  | (iv)  | (iii) |
| (2) | (ii)  | (iv)  | (iii) | (i)   |
| (3) | (iii) | (iv)  | (i)   | (ii)  |
| (4) | (iv)  | (iii) | (ii)  | (i)   |
37. Which of the following statements about inclusion bodies is **incorrect** ?
- (1) They lie free in the cytoplasm.
  - (2) These represent reserve material in cytoplasm.
  - (3) They are not bound by any membrane.
  - (4) These are involved in ingestion of food particles.
38. Which of the following would help in prevention of diuresis ?
- (1) Atrial natriuretic factor causes vasoconstriction
  - (2) Decrease in secretion of renin by JG cells
  - (3) More water reabsorption due to undersecretion of ADH
  - (4) Reabsorption of  $\text{Na}^+$  and water from renal tubules due to aldosterone

39. The transverse section of a plant shows following anatomical features :

- Large number of scattered vascular bundles surrounded by bundle sheath.
- Large conspicuous parenchymatous ground tissue.
- Vascular bundles conjoint and closed.
- Phloem parenchyma absent.

Identify the category of plant and its part :

- Dicotyledonous stem
- Dicotyledonous root
- Monocotyledonous stem
- Monocotyledonous root

40. Which of the following statements is **correct** ?

- Adenine pairs with thymine through three H-bonds.
- Adenine does not pair with thymine.
- Adenine pairs with thymine through two H-bonds.
- Adenine pairs with thymine through one H-bond.

41. Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.

Column - I		Column - II	
(a) Bt cotton	(i)	Gene therapy	
(b) Adenosine deaminase deficiency	(ii)	Cellular defence	
(c) RNAi	(iii)	Detection of HIV infection	
(d) PCR	(iv)	<i>Bacillus thuringiensis</i>	

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)
(2)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)
(3)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)
(4)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)

42. Flippers of Penguins and Dolphins are examples of :

- Industrial melanism
- Natural selection
- Adaptive radiation
- Convergent evolution

43. The oxygenation activity of RuBisCo enzyme in photorespiration leads to the formation of :

- 1 molecule of 6-C compound
- 1 molecule of 4-C compound and 1 molecule of 2-C compound
- 2 molecules of 3-C compound
- 1 molecule of 3-C compound

44. The infectious stage of *Plasmodium* that enters the human body is :

- Female gametocytes
- Male gametocytes
- Trophozoites
- Sporozoites

45. Identify the **incorrect** statement.

- Sapwood is the innermost secondary xylem and is lighter in colour.
- Due to deposition of tannins, resins, oils etc., heart wood is dark in colour.
- Heart wood does not conduct water but gives mechanical support.
- Sapwood is involved in conduction of water and minerals from root to leaf.

46. Which of the following is **correct** about viroids ?

- They have DNA with protein coat.
- They have free DNA without protein coat.
- They have RNA with protein coat.
- They have free RNA without protein coat.

47. Match the following diseases with the causative organism and select the **correct** option.

Column - I		Column - II	
(a) Typhoid	(i)	<i>Wuchereria</i>	
(b) Pneumonia	(ii)	<i>Plasmodium</i>	
(c) Filariasis	(iii)	<i>Salmonella</i>	
(d) Malaria	(iv)	<i>Haemophilus</i>	

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(ii)	(i)	(iii)	(iv)
(2)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)
(3)	(i)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)
(4)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)

48. Identify the **wrong** statement with reference to the gene 'I' that controls ABO blood groups.
- (1) When  $I^A$  and  $I^B$  are present together, they express same type of sugar.
  - (2) Allele 'i' does not produce any sugar.
  - (3) The gene (I) has three alleles.
  - (4) A person will have only two of the three alleles.
49. According to Robert May, the global species diversity is about :
- (1) 50 million
  - (2) 7 million
  - (3) 1.5 million
  - (4) 20 million
50. Which of the following is **not** an attribute of a population ?
- (1) Mortality
  - (2) Species interaction
  - (3) Sex ratio
  - (4) Natality
51. In water hyacinth and water lily, pollination takes place by :
- (1) wind and water
  - (2) insects and water
  - (3) insects or wind
  - (4) water currents only
52. The QRS complex in a standard ECG represents :
- (1) Depolarisation of ventricles
  - (2) Repolarisation of ventricles
  - (3) Repolarisation of auricles
  - (4) Depolarisation of auricles
53. Select the **correct** match.
- |                         |   |  |
|-------------------------|---|--|
| (1) Sickle cell anaemia | - | Autosomal recessive trait, chromosome-11 |
| (2) Thalassaemia        | - | X linked                                 |
| (3) Haemophilia         | - | Y linked                                 |
| (4) Phenylketonuria     | - | Autosomal dominant trait                 |
54. The number of substrate level phosphorylations in one turn of citric acid cycle is :
- (1) Two
  - (2) Three
  - (3) Zero
  - (4) One
55. Match the following :
- |                                     |       |          |
|-------------------------------------|-------|----------|
| (a) Inhibitor of catalytic activity | (i)   | Ricin    |
| (b) Possess peptide bonds           | (ii)  | Malonate |
| (c) Cell wall material in fungi     | (iii) | Chitin   |
| (d) Secondary metabolite            | (iv)  | Collagen |
- Choose the **correct** option from the following :
- |     | (a)   | (b)   | (c)   | (d)  |
|-----|-------|-------|-------|------|
| (1) | (iii) | (iv)  | (i)   | (ii) |
| (2) | (ii)  | (iii) | (i)   | (iv) |
| (3) | (ii)  | (iv)  | (iii) | (i)  |
| (4) | (iii) | (i)   | (iv)  | (ii) |
56. Which of the following refer to **correct** example(s) of organisms which have evolved due to changes in environment brought about by anthropogenic action ?
- (a) Darwin's Finches of Galapagos islands.
  - (b) Herbicide resistant weeds.
  - (c) Drug resistant eukaryotes.
  - (d) Man-created breeds of domesticated animals like dogs.
- (1) (b), (c) and (d)
  - (2) only (d)
  - (3) only (a)
  - (4) (a) and (c)
57. Some dividing cells exit the cell cycle and enter vegetative inactive stage. This is called quiescent stage ( $G_0$ ). This process occurs at the end of :
- (1) S phase
  - (2)  $G_2$  phase
  - (3) M phase
  - (4)  $G_1$  phase

58. Secondary metabolites such as nicotine, strychnine and caffeine are produced by plants for their :
- (1) Defence action
  - (2) Effect on reproduction
  - (3) Nutritive value
  - (4) Growth response
59. Meiotic division of the secondary oocyte is completed :
- (1) After zygote formation
  - (2) At the time of fusion of a sperm with an ovum
  - (3) Prior to ovulation
  - (4) At the time of copulation
60. Which of the following statements is **not correct** ?
- (1) The functional insulin has A and B chains linked together by hydrogen bonds.
  - (2) Genetically engineered insulin is produced in *E-Coli*.
  - (3) In man insulin is synthesised as a proinsulin.
  - (4) The proinsulin has an extra peptide called C-peptide.
61. Snow-blindness in Antarctic region is due to :
- (1) High reflection of light from snow
  - (2) Damage to retina caused by infra-red rays
  - (3) Freezing of fluids in the eye by low temperature
  - (4) Inflammation of cornea due to high dose of UV-B radiation
62. Strobili or cones are found in :
- (1) *Marchantia*
  - (2) *Equisetum*
  - (3) *Salvinia*
  - (4) *Pteris*
63. From his experiments, S.L. Miller produced amino acids by mixing the following in a closed flask :
- (1)  $\text{CH}_4$ ,  $\text{H}_2$ ,  $\text{NH}_3$  and water vapor at  $600^\circ\text{C}$
  - (2)  $\text{CH}_3$ ,  $\text{H}_2$ ,  $\text{NH}_3$  and water vapor at  $600^\circ\text{C}$
  - (3)  $\text{CH}_4$ ,  $\text{H}_2$ ,  $\text{NH}_3$  and water vapor at  $800^\circ\text{C}$
  - (4)  $\text{CH}_3$ ,  $\text{H}_2$ ,  $\text{NH}_4$  and water vapor at  $800^\circ\text{C}$
64. In relation to Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity of an ecosystem, which one of the following statements is **correct** ?
- (1) Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity are one and same.
  - (2) There is no relationship between Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity.
  - (3) Gross primary productivity is always less than net primary productivity.
  - (4) Gross primary productivity is always more than net primary productivity.
65. Match the trophic levels with their **correct** species examples in grassland ecosystem.
- |                          |              |
|--------------------------|--------------|
| (a) Fourth trophic level | (i) Crow     |
| (b) Second trophic level | (ii) Vulture |
| (c) First trophic level  | (iii) Rabbit |
| (d) Third trophic level  | (iv) Grass   |
- Select the **correct** option :
- |     | (a)   | (b)   | (c)   | (d)  |
|-----|-------|-------|-------|------|
| (1) | (iv)  | (iii) | (ii)  | (i)  |
| (2) | (i)   | (ii)  | (iii) | (iv) |
| (3) | (ii)  | (iii) | (iv)  | (i)  |
| (4) | (iii) | (ii)  | (i)   | (iv) |
66. Select the **correct** statement.
- (1) Insulin acts on pancreatic cells and adipocytes.
  - (2) Insulin is associated with hyperglycemia.
  - (3) Glucocorticoids stimulate gluconeogenesis.
  - (4) Glucagon is associated with hypoglycemia.
67. Select the **correct** events that occur during inspiration.
- (a) Contraction of diaphragm
  - (b) Contraction of external inter-costal muscles
  - (c) Pulmonary volume decreases
  - (d) Intra pulmonary pressure increases
- (1) (a), (b) and (d)
  - (2) only (d)
  - (3) (a) and (b)
  - (4) (c) and (d)



68. The roots that originate from the base of the stem are :
- (1) Prop roots
  - (2) Lateral roots
  - (3) Fibrous roots
  - (4) Primary roots
69. Goblet cells of alimentary canal are modified from :
- (1) Chondrocytes
  - (2) Compound epithelial cells
  - (3) Squamous epithelial cells
  - (4) Columnar epithelial cells
70. Montreal protocol was signed in 1987 for control of :
- (1) Release of Green House gases
  - (2) Disposal of e-wastes
  - (3) Transport of Genetically modified organisms from one country to another
  - (4) Emission of ozone depleting substances
71. Which of the following statements are **true** for the phylum-Chordata ?
- (a) In Urochordata notochord extends from head to tail and it is present throughout their life.
  - (b) In Vertebrata notochord is present during the embryonic period only.
  - (c) Central nervous system is dorsal and hollow.
  - (d) Chordata is divided into 3 subphyla : Hemichordata, Tunicata and Cephalochordata.
- (1) (a) and (b)
  - (2) (b) and (c)
  - (3) (d) and (c)
  - (4) (c) and (a)
72. Identify the substances having glycosidic bond and peptide bond, respectively in their structure :
- (1) Cellulose, lecithin
  - (2) Inulin, insulin
  - (3) Chitin, cholesterol
  - (4) Glycerol, trypsin
73. Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.
- | Column - I                |       | Column - II                        |
|---------------------------|-------|------------------------------------|
| (a) Placenta              | (i)   | Androgens                          |
| (b) Zona pellucida        | (ii)  | Human Chorionic Gonadotropin (hCG) |
| (c) Bulbo-urethral glands | (iii) | Layer of the ovum                  |
| (d) Leydig cells          | (iv)  | Lubrication of the Penis           |
- |     | (a)   | (b)   | (c)  | (d)   |
|-----|-------|-------|------|-------|
| (1) | (iii) | (ii)  | (iv) | (i)   |
| (2) | (ii)  | (iii) | (iv) | (i)   |
| (3) | (iv)  | (iii) | (i)  | (ii)  |
| (4) | (i)   | (iv)  | (ii) | (iii) |
74. If the distance between two consecutive base pairs is 0.34 nm and the total number of base pairs of a DNA double helix in a typical mammalian cell is  $6.6 \times 10^9$  bp, then the length of the DNA is approximately :
- (1) 2.2 meters
  - (2) 2.7 meters
  - (3) 2.0 meters
  - (4) 2.5 meters
75. The ovary is half inferior in :
- (1) Sunflower
  - (2) Plum
  - (3) Brinjal
  - (4) Mustard
76. Identify the **correct** statement with regard to  $G_1$  phase (Gap 1) of interphase.
- (1) Cell is metabolically active, grows but does not replicate its DNA.
  - (2) Nuclear Division takes place.
  - (3) DNA synthesis or replication takes place.
  - (4) Reorganisation of all cell components takes place.
77. Which of the following hormone levels will cause release of ovum (ovulation) from the graffian follicle ?
- (1) Low concentration of LH
  - (2) Low concentration of FSH
  - (3) High concentration of Estrogen
  - (4) High concentration of Progesterone

78. Identify the **correct** statement with reference to human digestive system.
- (1) Ileum is a highly coiled part.
  - (2) Vermiform appendix arises from duodenum.
  - (3) Ileum opens into small intestine.
  - (4) Serosa is the innermost layer of the alimentary canal.

79. Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.

<b>Column - I</b>		<b>Column - II</b>	
(a) Eosinophils	(i)	Immune response	
(b) Basophils	(ii)	Phagocytosis	
(c) Neutrophils	(iii)	Release histaminase, destructive enzymes	
(d) Lymphocytes	(iv)	Release granules containing histamine	

	<b>(a)</b>	<b>(b)</b>	<b>(c)</b>	<b>(d)</b>
(1)	(i)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)
(2)	(ii)	(i)	(iii)	(iv)
(3)	(iii)	(iv)	(ii)	(i)
(4)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)

80. The plant parts which consist of two generations - one within the other :

- (a) Pollen grains inside the anther
  - (b) Germinated pollen grain with two male gametes
  - (c) Seed inside the fruit
  - (d) Embryo sac inside the ovule
- (1) (c) and (d)
  - (2) (a) and (d)
  - (3) (a) only
  - (4) (a), (b) and (c)

81. Bt cotton variety that was developed by the introduction of toxin gene of *Bacillus thuringiensis* (Bt) is resistant to :

- (1) Plant nematodes
- (2) Insect predators
- (3) Insect pests
- (4) Fungal diseases

82. The first phase of translation is :

- (1) Aminoacylation of tRNA
- (2) Recognition of an anti-codon
- (3) Binding of mRNA to ribosome
- (4) Recognition of DNA molecule

83. Embryological support for evolution was disapproved by :

- (1) Charles Darwin
- (2) Oparin
- (3) Karl Ernst von Baer
- (4) Alfred Wallace

84. Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.

<b>Column - I</b>		<b>Column - II</b>	
(a) 6 - 15 pairs of gill slits	(i)	<i>Trygon</i>	
(b) Heterocercal caudal fin	(ii)	Cyclostomes	
(c) Air Bladder	(iii)	Chondrichthyes	
(d) Poison sting	(iv)	Osteichthyes	

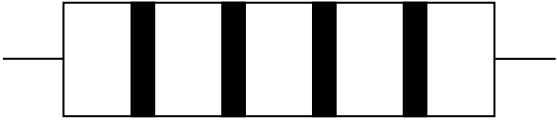
	<b>(a)</b>	<b>(b)</b>	<b>(c)</b>	<b>(d)</b>
(1)	(iv)	(ii)	(iii)	(i)
(2)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)
(3)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)
(4)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)

85. Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.

<b>Column - I</b>		<b>Column - II</b>	
(a) <i>Clostridium butylicum</i>	(i)	Cyclosporin-A	
(b) <i>Trichoderma polysporum</i>	(ii)	Butyric Acid	
(c) <i>Monascus purpureus</i>	(iii)	Citric Acid	
(d) <i>Aspergillus niger</i>	(iv)	Blood cholesterol lowering agent	

	<b>(a)</b>	<b>(b)</b>	<b>(c)</b>	<b>(d)</b>
(1)	(i)	(ii)	(iv)	(iii)
(2)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)
(3)	(iii)	(iv)	(ii)	(i)
(4)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)

86. Which of the following is **not** an inhibitory substance governing seed dormancy ?
- (1) Phenolic acid
  - (2) Para-ascorbic acid
  - (3) Gibberellic acid
  - (4) Abscisic acid
87. Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.
- | Column - I          |       | Column - II                     |  |
|---------------------|-------|---------------------------------|--|
| (a) Organ of Corti  | (i)   | Connects middle ear and pharynx |  |
| (b) Cochlea         | (ii)  | Coiled part of the labyrinth    |  |
| (c) Eustachian tube | (iii) | Attached to the oval window     |  |
| (d) Stapes          | (iv)  | Located on the basilar membrane |  |
- |     | (a)   | (b)   | (c)  | (d)   |
|-----|-------|-------|------|-------|
| (1) | (iv)  | (ii)  | (i)  | (iii) |
| (2) | (i)   | (ii)  | (iv) | (iii) |
| (3) | (ii)  | (iii) | (i)  | (iv)  |
| (4) | (iii) | (i)   | (iv) | (ii)  |
88. The enzyme enterokinase helps in conversion of :
- (1) caseinogen into casein
  - (2) pepsinogen into pepsin
  - (3) protein into polypeptides
  - (4) trypsinogen into trypsin
89. Presence of which of the following conditions in urine are indicative of Diabetes Mellitus ?
- (1) Ketonuria and Glycosuria
  - (2) Renal calculi and Hyperglycaemia
  - (3) Uremia and Ketonuria
  - (4) Uremia and Renal Calculi
90. The process responsible for facilitating loss of water in liquid form from the tip of grass blades at night and in early morning is :
- (1) Imbibition
  - (2) Plasmolysis
  - (3) Transpiration
  - (4) Root pressure
91. A short electric dipole has a dipole moment of  $16 \times 10^{-9}$  C m. The electric potential due to the dipole at a point at a distance of 0.6 m from the centre of the dipole, situated on a line making an angle of  $60^\circ$  with the dipole axis is :
- $$\left( \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} = 9 \times 10^9 \text{ N m}^2/\text{C}^2 \right)$$
- (1) 400 V
  - (2) zero
  - (3) 50 V
  - (4) 200 V
92. A series LCR circuit is connected to an ac voltage source. When L is removed from the circuit, the phase difference between current and voltage is  $\frac{\pi}{3}$ . If instead C is removed from the circuit, the phase difference is again  $\frac{\pi}{3}$  between current and voltage. The power factor of the circuit is :
- (1) 1.0
  - (2) -1.0
  - (3) zero
  - (4) 0.5
93. Light of frequency 1.5 times the threshold frequency is incident on a photosensitive material. What will be the photoelectric current if the frequency is halved and intensity is doubled ?
- (1) one-fourth
  - (2) zero
  - (3) doubled
  - (4) four times
94. Dimensions of stress are :
- (1)  $[\text{ML}^0\text{T}^{-2}]$
  - (2)  $[\text{ML}^{-1}\text{T}^{-2}]$
  - (3)  $[\text{MLT}^{-2}]$
  - (4)  $[\text{ML}^2\text{T}^{-2}]$
95. An electron is accelerated from rest through a potential difference of V volt. If the de Broglie wavelength of the electron is  $1.227 \times 10^{-2}$  nm, the potential difference is :
- (1)  $10^3$  V
  - (2)  $10^4$  V
  - (3) 10 V
  - (4)  $10^2$  V

96. The capacitance of a parallel plate capacitor with air as medium is  $6 \mu\text{F}$ . With the introduction of a dielectric medium, the capacitance becomes  $30 \mu\text{F}$ . The permittivity of the medium is :
- ( $\epsilon_0 = 8.85 \times 10^{-12} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$ )
- (1)  $0.44 \times 10^{-10} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
  - (2)  $5.00 \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
  - (3)  $0.44 \times 10^{-13} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
  - (4)  $1.77 \times 10^{-12} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
97. The solids which have the negative temperature coefficient of resistance are :
- (1) semiconductors only
  - (2) insulators and semiconductors
  - (3) metals
  - (4) insulators only
98. For transistor action, which of the following statements is **correct** ?
- (1) Both emitter junction as well as the collector junction are forward biased.
  - (2) The base region must be very thin and lightly doped.
  - (3) Base, emitter and collector regions should have same doping concentrations.
  - (4) Base, emitter and collector regions should have same size.
99. A screw gauge has least count of  $0.01 \text{ mm}$  and there are 50 divisions in its circular scale. The pitch of the screw gauge is :
- (1)  $0.5 \text{ mm}$
  - (2)  $1.0 \text{ mm}$
  - (3)  $0.01 \text{ mm}$
  - (4)  $0.25 \text{ mm}$
100. The phase difference between displacement and acceleration of a particle in a simple harmonic motion is :
- (1)  $\frac{\pi}{2} \text{ rad}$
  - (2) zero
  - (3)  $\pi \text{ rad}$
  - (4)  $\frac{3\pi}{2} \text{ rad}$
101. A long solenoid of  $50 \text{ cm}$  length having 100 turns carries a current of  $2.5 \text{ A}$ . The magnetic field at the centre of the solenoid is :
- ( $\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$ )
- (1)  $6.28 \times 10^{-5} \text{ T}$
  - (2)  $3.14 \times 10^{-5} \text{ T}$
  - (3)  $6.28 \times 10^{-4} \text{ T}$
  - (4)  $3.14 \times 10^{-4} \text{ T}$
102. A ball is thrown vertically downward with a velocity of  $20 \text{ m/s}$  from the top of a tower. It hits the ground after some time with a velocity of  $80 \text{ m/s}$ . The height of the tower is : ( $g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2$ )
- (1)  $320 \text{ m}$
  - (2)  $300 \text{ m}$
  - (3)  $360 \text{ m}$
  - (4)  $340 \text{ m}$
103. The color code of a resistance is given below :
- 

Yellow   Violet   Brown   Gold
- The values of resistance and tolerance, respectively, are :
- (1)  $4.7 \text{ k}\Omega$ , 5%
  - (2)  $470 \Omega$ , 5%
  - (3)  $470 \text{ k}\Omega$ , 5%
  - (4)  $47 \text{ k}\Omega$ , 10%
104. The Brewsters angle  $i_b$  for an interface should be :
- (1)  $45^\circ < i_b < 90^\circ$
  - (2)  $i_b = 90^\circ$
  - (3)  $0^\circ < i_b < 30^\circ$
  - (4)  $30^\circ < i_b < 45^\circ$
105. A ray is incident at an angle of incidence  $i$  on one surface of a small angle prism (with angle of prism  $A$ ) and emerges normally from the opposite surface. If the refractive index of the material of the prism is  $\mu$ , then the angle of incidence is nearly equal to :
- (1)  $\mu A$
  - (2)  $\frac{\mu A}{2}$
  - (3)  $\frac{A}{2\mu}$
  - (4)  $\frac{2A}{\mu}$

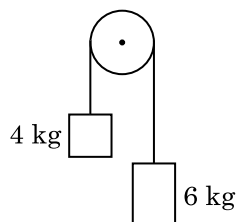
106. Two cylinders A and B of equal capacity are connected to each other via a stop cock. A contains an ideal gas at standard temperature and pressure. B is completely evacuated. The entire system is thermally insulated. The stop cock is suddenly opened. The process is :

- (1) isochoric
- (2) isobaric
- (3) isothermal
- (4) adiabatic

107. For which one of the following, Bohr model is **not** valid ?

- (1) Deuteron atom
- (2) Singly ionised neon atom ( $\text{Ne}^+$ )
- (3) Hydrogen atom
- (4) Singly ionised helium atom ( $\text{He}^+$ )

108. Two bodies of mass 4 kg and 6 kg are tied to the ends of a massless string. The string passes over a pulley which is frictionless (see figure). The acceleration of the system in terms of acceleration due to gravity ( $g$ ) is :



- (1)  $g/5$
- (2)  $g/10$
- (3)  $g$
- (4)  $g/2$

109. In a certain region of space with volume  $0.2 \text{ m}^3$ , the electric potential is found to be 5 V throughout. The magnitude of electric field in this region is :

- (1) 1 N/C
- (2) 5 N/C
- (3) zero
- (4) 0.5 N/C

110. When a uranium isotope  ${}_{92}^{235}\text{U}$  is bombarded with a neutron, it generates  ${}_{36}^{89}\text{Kr}$ , three neutrons and :

- (1)  ${}_{36}^{101}\text{Kr}$
- (2)  ${}_{36}^{103}\text{Kr}$
- (3)  ${}_{56}^{144}\text{Ba}$
- (4)  ${}_{40}^{91}\text{Zr}$

111. The energy equivalent of 0.5 g of a substance is :

- (1)  $1.5 \times 10^{13} \text{ J}$
- (2)  $0.5 \times 10^{13} \text{ J}$
- (3)  $4.5 \times 10^{16} \text{ J}$
- (4)  $4.5 \times 10^{13} \text{ J}$

112. The mean free path for a gas, with molecular diameter  $d$  and number density  $n$  can be expressed as :

- (1)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} n^2 \pi d^2}$
- (2)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} n^2 \pi^2 d^2}$
- (3)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} n \pi d}$
- (4)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} n \pi d^2}$

113. A wire of length  $L$ , area of cross section  $A$  is hanging from a fixed support. The length of the wire changes to  $L_1$  when mass  $M$  is suspended from its free end. The expression for Young's modulus is :

- (1)  $\frac{MgL}{AL_1}$
- (2)  $\frac{MgL}{A(L_1 - L)}$
- (3)  $\frac{MgL_1}{AL}$
- (4)  $\frac{Mg(L_1 - L)}{AL}$

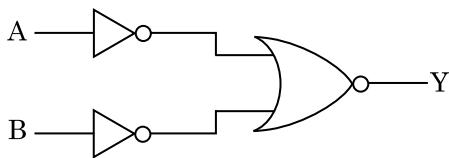
114. A spherical conductor of radius 10 cm has a charge of  $3.2 \times 10^{-7} \text{ C}$  distributed uniformly. What is the magnitude of electric field at a point 15 cm from the centre of the sphere ?

- $$\left( \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} = 9 \times 10^9 \text{ N m}^2/\text{C}^2 \right)$$
- (1)  $1.28 \times 10^6 \text{ N/C}$
  - (2)  $1.28 \times 10^7 \text{ N/C}$
  - (3)  $1.28 \times 10^4 \text{ N/C}$
  - (4)  $1.28 \times 10^5 \text{ N/C}$

115. The energy required to break one bond in DNA is  $10^{-20}$  J. This value in eV is nearly :
- (1) 0.06
  - (2) 0.006
  - (3) 6
  - (4) 0.6

116. A body weighs 72 N on the surface of the earth. What is the gravitational force on it, at a height equal to half the radius of the earth ?
- (1) 30 N
  - (2) 24 N
  - (3) 48 N
  - (4) 32 N

117. For the logic circuit shown, the truth table is :



- (1)
 

A	B	Y
0	0	1
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	0
- (2)
 

A	B	Y
0	0	1
0	1	0
1	0	0
1	1	0
- (3)
 

A	B	Y
0	0	0
0	1	0
1	0	0
1	1	1
- (4)
 

A	B	Y
0	0	0
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	1

118. In Young's double slit experiment, if the separation between coherent sources is halved and the distance of the screen from the coherent sources is doubled, then the fringe width becomes :
- (1) four times
  - (2) one-fourth
  - (3) double
  - (4) half

119. A capillary tube of radius  $r$  is immersed in water and water rises in it to a height  $h$ . The mass of the water in the capillary is 5 g. Another capillary tube of radius  $2r$  is immersed in water. The mass of water that will rise in this tube is :

- (1) 10.0 g
- (2) 20.0 g
- (3) 2.5 g
- (4) 5.0 g

120. A cylinder contains hydrogen gas at pressure of 249 kPa and temperature  $27^\circ\text{C}$ .

Its density is : ( $R = 8.3 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1}$ )

- (1)  $0.1 \text{ kg/m}^3$
- (2)  $0.02 \text{ kg/m}^3$
- (3)  $0.5 \text{ kg/m}^3$
- (4)  $0.2 \text{ kg/m}^3$

121. An iron rod of susceptibility 599 is subjected to a magnetising field of  $1200 \text{ A m}^{-1}$ . The permeability of the material of the rod is :

( $\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$ )

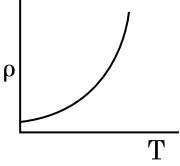
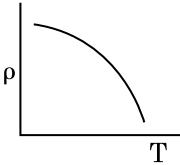
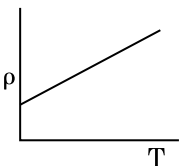
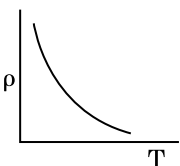
- (1)  $2.4\pi \times 10^{-5} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$
- (2)  $2.4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$
- (3)  $2.4\pi \times 10^{-4} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$
- (4)  $8.0 \times 10^{-5} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$

122. Find the torque about the origin when a force of  $3\hat{j} \text{ N}$  acts on a particle whose position vector is  $2\hat{k} \text{ m}$ .

- (1)  $-6\hat{i} \text{ N m}$
- (2)  $6\hat{k} \text{ N m}$
- (3)  $6\hat{i} \text{ N m}$
- (4)  $6\hat{j} \text{ N m}$

123. The average thermal energy for a mono-atomic gas is : ( $k_B$  is Boltzmann constant and  $T$ , absolute temperature)

- (1)  $\frac{5}{2} k_B T$
- (2)  $\frac{7}{2} k_B T$
- (3)  $\frac{1}{2} k_B T$
- (4)  $\frac{3}{2} k_B T$

124. Assume that light of wavelength 600 nm is coming from a star. The limit of resolution of telescope whose objective has a diameter of 2 m is :
- (1)  $7.32 \times 10^{-7}$  rad
  - (2)  $6.00 \times 10^{-7}$  rad
  - (3)  $3.66 \times 10^{-7}$  rad
  - (4)  $1.83 \times 10^{-7}$  rad
125. Light with an average flux of  $20 \text{ W/cm}^2$  falls on a non-reflecting surface at normal incidence having surface area  $20 \text{ cm}^2$ . The energy received by the surface during time span of 1 minute is :
- (1)  $24 \times 10^3 \text{ J}$
  - (2)  $48 \times 10^3 \text{ J}$
  - (3)  $10 \times 10^3 \text{ J}$
  - (4)  $12 \times 10^3 \text{ J}$
126. The ratio of contributions made by the electric field and magnetic field components to the intensity of an electromagnetic wave is : ( $c$  = speed of electromagnetic waves)
- (1) 1 :  $c$
  - (2) 1 :  $c^2$
  - (3)  $c$  : 1
  - (4) 1 : 1
127. Which of the following graph represents the variation of resistivity ( $\rho$ ) with temperature (T) for copper ?
- (1) 
  - (2) 
  - (3) 
  - (4) 
128. The quantities of heat required to raise the temperature of two solid copper spheres of radii  $r_1$  and  $r_2$  ( $r_1 = 1.5 r_2$ ) through 1 K are in the ratio :
- (1)  $\frac{3}{2}$
  - (2)  $\frac{5}{3}$
  - (3)  $\frac{27}{8}$
  - (4)  $\frac{9}{4}$
129. A resistance wire connected in the left gap of a metre bridge balances a  $10 \Omega$  resistance in the right gap at a point which divides the bridge wire in the ratio 3 : 2. If the length of the resistance wire is 1.5 m, then the length of  $1 \Omega$  of the resistance wire is :
- (1)  $1.5 \times 10^{-1} \text{ m}$
  - (2)  $1.5 \times 10^{-2} \text{ m}$
  - (3)  $1.0 \times 10^{-2} \text{ m}$
  - (4)  $1.0 \times 10^{-1} \text{ m}$
130. The increase in the width of the depletion region in a p-n junction diode is due to :
- (1) both forward bias and reverse bias
  - (2) increase in forward current
  - (3) forward bias only
  - (4) reverse bias only
131. A  $40 \mu\text{F}$  capacitor is connected to a 200 V, 50 Hz ac supply. The rms value of the current in the circuit is, nearly :
- (1) 2.5 A
  - (2) 25.1 A
  - (3) 1.7 A
  - (4) 2.05 A
132. Taking into account of the significant figures, what is the value of  $9.99 \text{ m} - 0.0099 \text{ m}$  ?
- (1) 9.980 m
  - (2) 9.9 m
  - (3) 9.9801 m
  - (4) 9.98 m

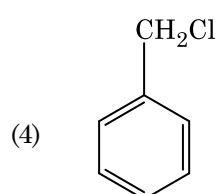
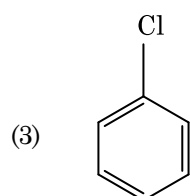
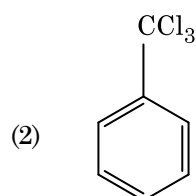
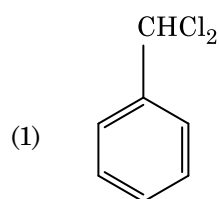
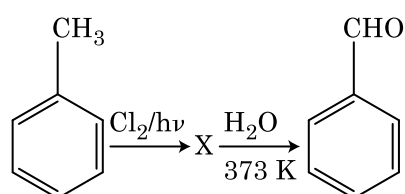
- 133.** A charged particle having drift velocity of  $7.5 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m s}^{-1}$  in an electric field of  $3 \times 10^{-10} \text{ Vm}^{-1}$ , has a mobility in  $\text{m}^2 \text{V}^{-1} \text{s}^{-1}$  of :
- (1)  $2.5 \times 10^{-6}$
  - (2)  $2.25 \times 10^{-15}$
  - (3)  $2.25 \times 10^{15}$
  - (4)  $2.5 \times 10^6$
- 134.** In a guitar, two strings A and B made of same material are slightly out of tune and produce beats of frequency 6 Hz. When tension in B is slightly decreased, the beat frequency increases to 7 Hz. If the frequency of A is 530 Hz, the original frequency of B will be :
- (1) 536 Hz
  - (2) 537 Hz
  - (3) 523 Hz
  - (4) 524 Hz
- 135.** Two particles of mass 5 kg and 10 kg respectively are attached to the two ends of a rigid rod of length 1 m with negligible mass.
- The centre of mass of the system from the 5 kg particle is nearly at a distance of :
- (1) 67 cm
  - (2) 80 cm
  - (3) 33 cm
  - (4) 50 cm
- 136.** Reaction between benzaldehyde and acetophenone in presence of dilute NaOH is known as :
- (1) Cross Cannizzaro's reaction
  - (2) Cross Aldol condensation
  - (3) Aldol condensation
  - (4) Cannizzaro's reaction
- 137.** Measuring Zeta potential is useful in determining which property of colloidal solution ?
- (1) Stability of the colloidal particles
  - (2) Size of the colloidal particles
  - (3) Viscosity
  - (4) Solubility
- 138.** A tertiary butyl carbocation is more stable than a secondary butyl carbocation because of which of the following ?
- (1) - R effect of - CH<sub>3</sub> groups
  - (2) Hyperconjugation
  - (3) - I effect of - CH<sub>3</sub> groups
  - (4) + R effect of - CH<sub>3</sub> groups
- 139.** The correct option for free expansion of an ideal gas under adiabatic condition is :
- (1)  $q < 0, \Delta T = 0$  and  $w = 0$
  - (2)  $q > 0, \Delta T > 0$  and  $w > 0$
  - (3)  $q = 0, \Delta T = 0$  and  $w = 0$
  - (4)  $q = 0, \Delta T < 0$  and  $w > 0$
- 140.** Match the following :
- |     | Oxide                          |       | Nature     |
|-----|--------------------------------|-------|------------|
| (a) | CO                             | (i)   | Basic      |
| (b) | BaO                            | (ii)  | Neutral    |
| (c) | Al <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> | (iii) | Acidic     |
| (d) | Cl <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub> | (iv)  | Amphoteric |
- Which of the following is **correct** option ?
- |     | (a)   | (b)   | (c)   | (d)   |
|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| (1) | (iii) | (iv)  | (i)   | (ii)  |
| (2) | (iv)  | (iii) | (ii)  | (i)   |
| (3) | (i)   | (ii)  | (iii) | (iv)  |
| (4) | (ii)  | (i)   | (iv)  | (iii) |
- 141.** Reaction between acetone and methylmagnesium chloride followed by hydrolysis will give :
- (1) Tert. butyl alcohol
  - (2) Isobutyl alcohol
  - (3) Isopropyl alcohol
  - (4) Sec. butyl alcohol
- 142.** The following metal ion activates many enzymes, participates in the oxidation of glucose to produce ATP and with Na, is responsible for the transmission of nerve signals.
- (1) Calcium
  - (2) Potassium
  - (3) Iron
  - (4) Copper



143. Which of the following is a basic amino acid ?

- (1) Tyrosine
- (2) Lysine
- (3) Serine
- (4) Alanine

144. Identify compound X in the following sequence of reactions :



145. Which of the following is the **correct** order of increasing field strength of ligands to form coordination compounds ?

- (1)  $F^- < SCN^- < C_2O_4^{2-} < CN^-$
- (2)  $CN^- < C_2O_4^{2-} < SCN^- < F^-$
- (3)  $SCN^- < F^- < C_2O_4^{2-} < CN^-$
- (4)  $SCN^- < F^- < CN^- < C_2O_4^{2-}$

146. Which of the following is a cationic detergent ?

- (1) Cetyltrimethyl ammonium bromide
- (2) Sodium dodecylbenzene sulphonate
- (3) Sodium lauryl sulphate
- (4) Sodium stearate

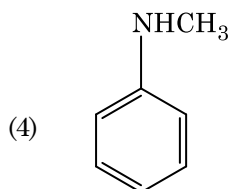
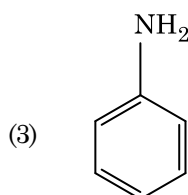
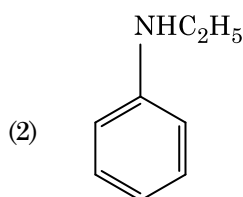
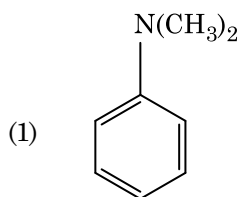
147. Which one of the followings has maximum number of atoms ?

- (1) 1 g of  $O_2(g)$  [Atomic mass of O = 16]
- (2) 1 g of  $Li(s)$  [Atomic mass of Li = 7]
- (3) 1 g of  $Ag(s)$  [Atomic mass of Ag = 108]
- (4) 1 g of  $Mg(s)$  [Atomic mass of Mg = 24]

148. Identify the **incorrect** match.

	Name	IUPAC Official Name
(a)	Unnilunium	(i) Mendeleevium
(b)	Unniltrium	(ii) Lawrencium
(c)	Unnilhexium	(iii) Seaborgium
(d)	Unununnium	(iv) Darmstadtium
(1)	(c), (iii)	
(2)	(d), (iv)	
(3)	(a), (i)	
(4)	(b), (ii)	

149. Which of the following amine will give the carbylamine test?



150. Paper chromatography is an example of:

- (1) Thin layer chromatography
- (2) Column chromatography
- (3) Adsorption chromatography
- (4) Partition chromatography

151. A mixture of  $N_2$  and Ar gases in a cylinder contains 7 g of  $N_2$  and 8 g of Ar. If the total pressure of the mixture of the gases in the cylinder is 27 bar, the partial pressure of  $N_2$  is:

[Use atomic masses (in  $g\ mol^{-1}$ ): N = 14, Ar = 40]

- (1) 15 bar
- (2) 18 bar
- (3) 9 bar
- (4) 12 bar

152. The number of protons, neutrons and electrons in  ${}_{71}^{175}\text{Lu}$ , respectively, are:

- (1) 71, 71 and 104
- (2) 175, 104 and 71
- (3) 71, 104 and 71
- (4) 104, 71 and 71

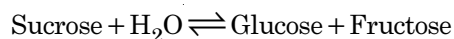
153. The rate constant for a first order reaction is  $4.606 \times 10^{-3}\ s^{-1}$ . The time required to reduce 2.0 g of the reactant to 0.2 g is:

- (1) 500 s
- (2) 1000 s
- (3) 100 s
- (4) 200 s

154. Identify a molecule which does **not** exist.

- (1)  $C_2$
- (2)  $O_2$
- (3)  $He_2$
- (4)  $Li_2$

155. Hydrolysis of sucrose is given by the following reaction.



If the equilibrium constant ( $K_c$ ) is  $2 \times 10^{13}$  at 300 K, the value of  $\Delta_r G^\ominus$  at the same temperature will be:

- (1)  $8.314\ J\ mol^{-1}\ K^{-1} \times 300\ K \times \ln(3 \times 10^{13})$
- (2)  $-8.314\ J\ mol^{-1}\ K^{-1} \times 300\ K \times \ln(4 \times 10^{13})$
- (3)  $-8.314\ J\ mol^{-1}\ K^{-1} \times 300\ K \times \ln(2 \times 10^{13})$
- (4)  $8.314\ J\ mol^{-1}\ K^{-1} \times 300\ K \times \ln(2 \times 10^{13})$

156. For the reaction,  $2\text{Cl}(g) \rightarrow \text{Cl}_2(g)$ , the **correct** option is:

- (1)  $\Delta_r H < 0$  and  $\Delta_r S > 0$
- (2)  $\Delta_r H < 0$  and  $\Delta_r S < 0$
- (3)  $\Delta_r H > 0$  and  $\Delta_r S > 0$
- (4)  $\Delta_r H > 0$  and  $\Delta_r S < 0$

157. Find out the solubility of  $\text{Ni}(\text{OH})_2$  in 0.1 M NaOH. Given that the ionic product of  $\text{Ni}(\text{OH})_2$  is  $2 \times 10^{-15}$ .

- (1)  $1 \times 10^{-13}\ M$
- (2)  $1 \times 10^8\ M$
- (3)  $2 \times 10^{-13}\ M$
- (4)  $2 \times 10^{-8}\ M$

158. On electrolysis of dil. sulphuric acid using Platinum (Pt) electrode, the product obtained at anode will be :
- (1)  $\text{H}_2\text{S}$  gas
  - (2)  $\text{SO}_2$  gas
  - (3) Hydrogen gas
  - (4) Oxygen gas
159. Which of the following is **not** correct about carbon monoxide ?
- (1) The carboxyhaemoglobin (haemoglobin bound to CO) is less stable than oxyhaemoglobin.
  - (2) It is produced due to incomplete combustion.
  - (3) It forms carboxyhaemoglobin.
  - (4) It reduces oxygen carrying ability of blood.
160. The number of Faradays (F) required to produce 20 g of calcium from molten  $\text{CaCl}_2$  (Atomic mass of Ca =  $40 \text{ g mol}^{-1}$ ) is :
- (1) 3
  - (2) 4
  - (3) 1
  - (4) 2
161. Elimination reaction of 2-Bromo-pentane to form pent-2-ene is :
- (a)  $\beta$ -Elimination reaction
  - (b) Follows Zaitsev rule
  - (c) Dehydrohalogenation reaction
  - (d) Dehydration reaction
- (1) (b), (c), (d)
  - (2) (a), (b), (d)
  - (3) (a), (b), (c)
  - (4) (a), (c), (d)
162. What is the change in oxidation number of carbon in the following reaction ?
- $$\text{CH}_4(\text{g}) + 4\text{Cl}_2(\text{g}) \rightarrow \text{CCl}_4(\text{l}) + 4\text{HCl}(\text{g})$$
- (1) -4 to +4
  - (2) 0 to -4
  - (3) +4 to +4
  - (4) 0 to +4
163. Which of the following alkane cannot be made in good yield by Wurtz reaction ?
- (1) n-Heptane
  - (2) n-Butane
  - (3) n-Hexane
  - (4) 2,3-Dimethylbutane
164. Sucrose on hydrolysis gives :
- (1)  $\alpha$ -D-Glucose +  $\beta$ -D-Fructose
  - (2)  $\alpha$ -D-Fructose +  $\beta$ -D-Fructose
  - (3)  $\beta$ -D-Glucose +  $\alpha$ -D-Fructose
  - (4)  $\alpha$ -D-Glucose +  $\beta$ -D-Glucose
165. Identify the **incorrect** statement.
- (1) Interstitial compounds are those that are formed when small atoms like H, C or N are trapped inside the crystal lattices of metals.
  - (2) The oxidation states of chromium in  $\text{CrO}_4^{2-}$  and  $\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7^{2-}$  are not the same.
  - (3)  $\text{Cr}^{2+}$  ( $d^4$ ) is a stronger reducing agent than  $\text{Fe}^{2+}$  ( $d^6$ ) in water.
  - (4) The transition metals and their compounds are known for their catalytic activity due to their ability to adopt multiple oxidation states and to form complexes.
166. HCl was passed through a solution of  $\text{CaCl}_2$ ,  $\text{MgCl}_2$  and NaCl. Which of the following compound(s) crystallise(s) ?
- (1) Only  $\text{MgCl}_2$
  - (2) NaCl,  $\text{MgCl}_2$  and  $\text{CaCl}_2$
  - (3) Both  $\text{MgCl}_2$  and  $\text{CaCl}_2$
  - (4) Only NaCl

167. Identify the **correct** statements from the following :

- (a)  $\text{CO}_2(\text{g})$  is used as refrigerant for ice-cream and frozen food.  
 (b) The structure of  $\text{C}_{60}$  contains twelve six carbon rings and twenty five carbon rings.  
 (c) ZSM-5, a type of zeolite, is used to convert alcohols into gasoline.  
 (d) CO is colorless and odourless gas.  
 (1) (b) and (c) only  
 (2) (c) and (d) only  
 (3) (a), (b) and (c) only  
 (4) (a) and (c) only

168. An increase in the concentration of the reactants of a reaction leads to change in :

- (1) threshold energy  
 (2) collision frequency  
 (3) activation energy  
 (4) heat of reaction

169. The calculated spin only magnetic moment of  $\text{Cr}^{2+}$  ion is :

- (1) 5.92 BM  
 (2) 2.84 BM  
 (3) 3.87 BM  
 (4) 4.90 BM

170. Match the following and identify the **correct** option.

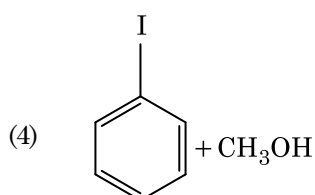
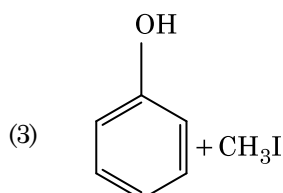
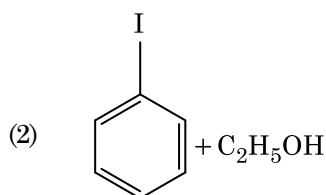
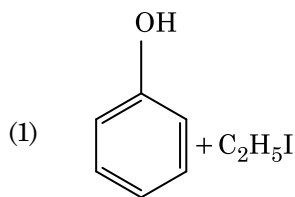
- |  |   |
|--|---|
| (a) $\text{CO}(\text{g}) + \text{H}_2(\text{g})$ | (i) $\text{Mg}(\text{HCO}_3)_2 + \text{Ca}(\text{HCO}_3)_2$ |
| (b) Temporary hardness of water                  | (ii) An electron deficient hydride                          |
| (c) $\text{B}_2\text{H}_6$                       | (iii) Synthesis gas   |
| (d) $\text{H}_2\text{O}_2$                       | (iv) Non-planar structure                                   |

- |     | (a)   | (b)   | (c)  | (d)  |
|-----|-------|-------|------|------|
| (1) | (iii) | (iv)  | (ii) | (i)  |
| (2) | (i)   | (iii) | (ii) | (iv) |
| (3) | (iii) | (i)   | (ii) | (iv) |
| (4) | (iii) | (ii)  | (i)  | (iv) |

171. The mixture which shows positive deviation from Raoult's law is :

- (1) Acetone + Chloroform  
 (2) Chloroethane + Bromoethane  
 (3) Ethanol + Acetone  
 (4) Benzene + Toluene

172. Anisole on cleavage with HI gives :



173. Urea reacts with water to form **A** which will decompose to form **B**. **B** when passed through  $\text{Cu}^{2+}$  (aq), deep blue colour solution **C** is formed. What is the formula of **C** from the following ?

- (1)  $\text{Cu}(\text{OH})_2$   
 (2)  $\text{CuCO}_3 \cdot \text{Cu}(\text{OH})_2$   
 (3)  $\text{CuSO}_4$   
 (4)  $[\text{Cu}(\text{NH}_3)_4]^{2+}$

174. The freezing point depression constant ( $K_f$ ) of benzene is  $5.12 \text{ K kg mol}^{-1}$ . The freezing point depression for the solution of molality 0.078 m containing a non-electrolyte solute in benzene is (rounded off upto two decimal places) :

- (1) 0.40 K  
 (2) 0.60 K  
 (3) 0.20 K  
 (4) 0.80 K

175. Which of the following oxoacid of sulphur has  $-O-O-$  linkage ?

- (1)  $H_2S_2O_8$ , peroxodisulphuric acid
- (2)  $H_2S_2O_7$ , pyrosulphuric acid
- (3)  $H_2SO_3$ , sulphurous acid
- (4)  $H_2SO_4$ , sulphuric acid

176. Identify the **correct** statement from the following :

- (1) Vapour phase refining is carried out for Nickel by Van Arkel method.
- (2) Pig iron can be moulded into a variety of shapes.
- (3) Wrought iron is impure iron with 4% carbon.
- (4) Blister copper has blistered appearance due to evolution of  $CO_2$ .

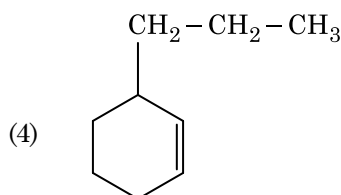
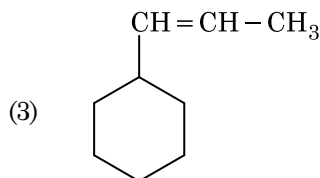
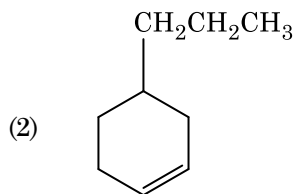
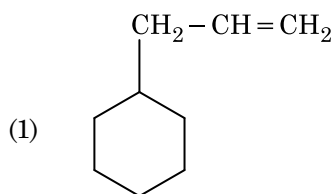
177. Which of the following is a natural polymer ?

- (1) polybutadiene
- (2) poly (Butadiene-acrylonitrile)
- (3) *cis*-1,4-polyisoprene
- (4) poly (Butadiene-styrene)

178. An element has a body centered cubic (bcc) structure with a cell edge of 288 pm. The atomic radius is :

- (1)  $\frac{4}{\sqrt{3}} \times 288$  pm
- (2)  $\frac{4}{\sqrt{2}} \times 288$  pm
- (3)  $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \times 288$  pm
- (4)  $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} \times 288$  pm

179. An alkene on ozonolysis gives methanal as one of the product. Its structure is :



180. Which of the following set of molecules will have zero dipole moment ?

- (1) Nitrogen trifluoride, beryllium difluoride, water, 1,3-dichlorobenzene
- (2) Boron trifluoride, beryllium difluoride, carbon dioxide, 1,4-dichlorobenzene
- (3) Ammonia, beryllium difluoride, water, 1,4-dichlorobenzene
- (4) Boron trifluoride, hydrogen fluoride, carbon dioxide, 1,3-dichlorobenzene

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**F1**

**22**

**Space For Rough Work**

**Space For Rough Work**

**F1**

**24**

**Space For Rough Work**



Test Booklet Code

KANHA

No. :

G1

This Booklet contains 24 pages.

**Do not open this Test Booklet until you are asked to do so.**

***Important Instructions :***

1. The Answer Sheet is inside this Test Booklet. When you are directed to open the Test Booklet, take out the Answer Sheet and fill in the particulars on **side-1** and **side-2** carefully with **blue/black** ball point pen only.
2. The test is of **3 hours** duration and Test Booklet contains **180** questions. Each question carries **4** marks. For each correct response, the candidate will get **4** marks. For each incorrect response, **one mark** will be deducted from the total scores. The maximum marks are **720**.
3. Use **Blue/Black Ball Point Pen only** for writing particulars on this page/markings responses.
4. Rough work is to be done on the space provided for this purpose in the Test Booklet only.
5. **On completion of the test, the candidate must hand over the Answer Sheet to the invigilator before leaving the Room/Hall. The candidates are allowed to take away this Test Booklet with them.**
6. The CODE for this Booklet is **G1**. Make sure that the CODE printed on **Side-2** of the Answer Sheet is the same as that on this Test Booklet. In case of discrepancy, the candidate should immediately report the matter to the Invigilator for replacement of both the Test Booklet and the Answer Sheet.
7. The candidates should ensure that the Answer Sheet is not folded. Do not make any stray marks on the Answer Sheet. Do not write your Roll No. anywhere else except in the specified space in the Test Booklet/ Answer Sheet.
8. Use of white fluid for correction is **NOT** permissible on the Answer Sheet.
9. Each candidate must show on demand his/her Admit Card to the Invigilator.
10. No candidate, without special permission of the Superintendent or Invigilator, would leave his/her seat.
11. The candidates should not leave the Examination Hall without handing over their Answer Sheet to the Invigilator on duty and sign the Attendance Sheet twice. **Cases where a candidate has not signed the Attendance Sheet second time will be deemed not to have handed over the Answer Sheet and dealt with as an unfair means case.**
12. Use of Electronic/Manual Calculator is prohibited.
13. The candidates are governed by all Rules and Regulations of the examination with regard to their conduct in the Examination Hall. All cases of unfair means will be dealt with as per Rules and Regulations of this examination.
14. No part of the Test Booklet and Answer Sheet shall be detached under any circumstances.
15. The candidates will write the Correct Test Booklet Code as given in the Test Booklet/Answer Sheet in the Attendance Sheet.

Name of the Candidate (in Capitals) : \_\_\_\_\_

Roll Number : in figures \_\_\_\_\_

: in words \_\_\_\_\_

Centre of Examination (in Capitals) : \_\_\_\_\_

Candidate's Signature : \_\_\_\_\_ Invigilator's Signature : \_\_\_\_\_

Facsimile signature stamp of

Centre Superintendent : \_\_\_\_\_

1. A wire of length  $L$ , area of cross section  $A$  is hanging from a fixed support. The length of the wire changes to  $L_1$  when mass  $M$  is suspended from its free end. The expression for Young's modulus is :

(1)  $\frac{Mg(L_1 - L)}{AL}$

(2)  $\frac{MgL}{AL_1}$

(3)  $\frac{MgL}{A(L_1 - L)}$

(4)  $\frac{MgL_1}{AL}$

2. A cylinder contains hydrogen gas at pressure of 249 kPa and temperature  $27^\circ\text{C}$ .

Its density is : ( $R = 8.3 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1}$ )

(1)  $0.2 \text{ kg/m}^3$

(2)  $0.1 \text{ kg/m}^3$

(3)  $0.02 \text{ kg/m}^3$

(4)  $0.5 \text{ kg/m}^3$

3. Light with an average flux of  $20 \text{ W/cm}^2$  falls on a non-reflecting surface at normal incidence having surface area  $20 \text{ cm}^2$ . The energy received by the surface during time span of 1 minute is :

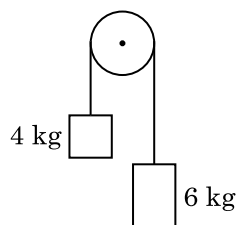
(1)  $12 \times 10^3 \text{ J}$

(2)  $24 \times 10^3 \text{ J}$

(3)  $48 \times 10^3 \text{ J}$

(4)  $10 \times 10^3 \text{ J}$

4. Two bodies of mass 4 kg and 6 kg are tied to the ends of a massless string. The string passes over a pulley which is frictionless (see figure). The acceleration of the system in terms of acceleration due to gravity ( $g$ ) is :



(1)  $g/2$

(2)  $g/5$

(3)  $g/10$

(4)  $g$

5. The mean free path for a gas, with molecular diameter  $d$  and number density  $n$  can be expressed as :

(1)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} n \pi d^2}$

(2)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} n^2 \pi d^2}$

(3)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} n^2 \pi^2 d^2}$

(4)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} n \pi d}$

6. A ball is thrown vertically downward with a velocity of  $20 \text{ m/s}$  from the top of a tower. It hits the ground after some time with a velocity of  $80 \text{ m/s}$ . The height of the tower is : ( $g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2$ )

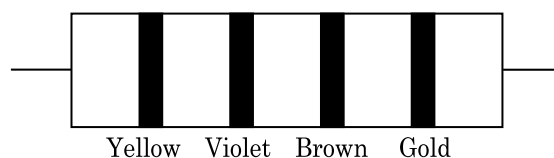
(1) 340 m

(2) 320 m

(3) 300 m

(4) 360 m

7. The color code of a resistance is given below :



The values of resistance and tolerance, respectively, are :

(1)  $47 \text{ k}\Omega$ , 10%

(2)  $4.7 \text{ k}\Omega$ , 5%

(3)  $470 \Omega$ , 5%

(4)  $470 \text{ k}\Omega$ , 5%

8. When a uranium isotope  ${}_{92}^{235}\text{U}$  is bombarded with a neutron, it generates  ${}_{36}^{89}\text{Kr}$ , three neutrons and :

(1)  ${}_{40}^{91}\text{Zr}$

(2)  ${}_{36}^{101}\text{Kr}$

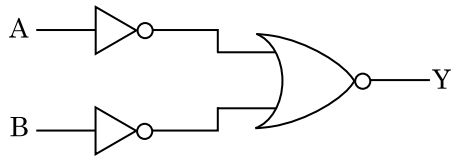
(3)  ${}_{36}^{103}\text{Kr}$

(4)  ${}_{56}^{144}\text{Ba}$

9. A spherical conductor of radius 10 cm has a charge of  $3.2 \times 10^{-7}$  C distributed uniformly. What is the magnitude of electric field at a point 15 cm from the centre of the sphere ?
- $$\left( \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} = 9 \times 10^9 \text{ N m}^2/\text{C}^2 \right)$$
- (1)  $1.28 \times 10^5$  N/C  
 (2)  $1.28 \times 10^6$  N/C  
 (3)  $1.28 \times 10^7$  N/C  
 (4)  $1.28 \times 10^4$  N/C
10. A ray is incident at an angle of incidence  $i$  on one surface of a small angle prism (with angle of prism  $A$ ) and emerges normally from the opposite surface. If the refractive index of the material of the prism is  $\mu$ , then the angle of incidence is nearly equal to :
- (1)  $\frac{2A}{\mu}$   
 (2)  $\mu A$   
 (3)  $\frac{\mu A}{2}$   
 (4)  $\frac{A}{2\mu}$
11. Two cylinders A and B of equal capacity are connected to each other via a stop cock. A contains an ideal gas at standard temperature and pressure. B is completely evacuated. The entire system is thermally insulated. The stop cock is suddenly opened. The process is :
- (1) adiabatic  
 (2) isochoric  
 (3) isobaric  
 (4) isothermal
12. An iron rod of susceptibility 599 is subjected to a magnetising field of  $1200 \text{ A m}^{-1}$ . The permeability of the material of the rod is :
- $$(\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T m A}^{-1})$$
- (1)  $8.0 \times 10^{-5} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$   
 (2)  $2.4\pi \times 10^{-5} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$   
 (3)  $2.4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$   
 (4)  $2.4\pi \times 10^{-4} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$
13. The energy equivalent of 0.5 g of a substance is :
- (1)  $4.5 \times 10^{13}$  J  
 (2)  $1.5 \times 10^{13}$  J  
 (3)  $0.5 \times 10^{13}$  J  
 (4)  $4.5 \times 10^{16}$  J
14. A  $40 \mu\text{F}$  capacitor is connected to a 200 V, 50 Hz ac supply. The rms value of the current in the circuit is, nearly :
- (1) 2.05 A  
 (2) 2.5 A  
 (3) 25.1 A  
 (4) 1.7 A
15. The ratio of contributions made by the electric field and magnetic field components to the intensity of an electromagnetic wave is : ( $c$  = speed of electromagnetic waves)
- (1) 1 : 1  
 (2) 1 :  $c$   
 (3) 1 :  $c^2$   
 (4)  $c$  : 1
16. Two particles of mass 5 kg and 10 kg respectively are attached to the two ends of a rigid rod of length 1 m with negligible mass.
- The centre of mass of the system from the 5 kg particle is nearly at a distance of :
- (1) 50 cm  
 (2) 67 cm  
 (3) 80 cm  
 (4) 33 cm
17. A resistance wire connected in the left gap of a metre bridge balances a  $10 \Omega$  resistance in the right gap at a point which divides the bridge wire in the ratio 3 : 2. If the length of the resistance wire is 1.5 m, then the length of  $1 \Omega$  of the resistance wire is :
- (1)  $1.0 \times 10^{-1}$  m  
 (2)  $1.5 \times 10^{-1}$  m  
 (3)  $1.5 \times 10^{-2}$  m  
 (4)  $1.0 \times 10^{-2}$  m
18. In Young's double slit experiment, if the separation between coherent sources is halved and the distance of the screen from the coherent sources is doubled, then the fringe width becomes :
- (1) half  
 (2) four times  
 (3) one-fourth  
 (4) double

19. A charged particle having drift velocity of  $7.5 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m s}^{-1}$  in an electric field of  $3 \times 10^{-10} \text{ Vm}^{-1}$ , has a mobility in  $\text{m}^2 \text{V}^{-1} \text{s}^{-1}$  of :
- (1)  $2.5 \times 10^6$
  - (2)  $2.5 \times 10^{-6}$
  - (3)  $2.25 \times 10^{-15}$
  - (4)  $2.25 \times 10^{15}$
20. Dimensions of stress are :
- (1)  $[\text{ML}^2\text{T}^{-2}]$
  - (2)  $[\text{ML}^0\text{T}^{-2}]$
  - (3)  $[\text{ML}^{-1}\text{T}^{-2}]$
  - (4)  $[\text{MLT}^{-2}]$
21. For which one of the following, Bohr model is **not** valid ?
- (1) Singly ionised helium atom ( $\text{He}^+$ )
  - (2) Deuteron atom
  - (3) Singly ionised neon atom ( $\text{Ne}^+$ )
  - (4) Hydrogen atom
22. A series LCR circuit is connected to an ac voltage source. When L is removed from the circuit, the phase difference between current and voltage is  $\frac{\pi}{3}$ . If instead C is removed from the circuit, the phase difference is again  $\frac{\pi}{3}$  between current and voltage. The power factor of the circuit is :
- (1) 0.5
  - (2) 1.0
  - (3) -1.0
  - (4) zero
23. A capillary tube of radius  $r$  is immersed in water and water rises in it to a height  $h$ . The mass of the water in the capillary is 5 g. Another capillary tube of radius  $2r$  is immersed in water. The mass of water that will rise in this tube is :
- (1) 5.0 g
  - (2) 10.0 g
  - (3) 20.0 g
  - (4) 2.5 g
24. Assume that light of wavelength 600 nm is coming from a star. The limit of resolution of telescope whose objective has a diameter of 2 m is :
- (1)  $1.83 \times 10^{-7} \text{ rad}$
  - (2)  $7.32 \times 10^{-7} \text{ rad}$
  - (3)  $6.00 \times 10^{-7} \text{ rad}$
  - (4)  $3.66 \times 10^{-7} \text{ rad}$
25. The solids which have the negative temperature coefficient of resistance are :
- (1) insulators only
  - (2) semiconductors only
  - (3) insulators and semiconductors
  - (4) metals
26. The capacitance of a parallel plate capacitor with air as medium is  $6 \mu\text{F}$ . With the introduction of a dielectric medium, the capacitance becomes  $30 \mu\text{F}$ . The permittivity of the medium is :  
( $\epsilon_0 = 8.85 \times 10^{-12} \text{ C}^2 \text{N}^{-1} \text{m}^{-2}$ )
- (1)  $1.77 \times 10^{-12} \text{ C}^2 \text{N}^{-1} \text{m}^{-2}$
  - (2)  $0.44 \times 10^{-10} \text{ C}^2 \text{N}^{-1} \text{m}^{-2}$
  - (3)  $5.00 \text{ C}^2 \text{N}^{-1} \text{m}^{-2}$
  - (4)  $0.44 \times 10^{-13} \text{ C}^2 \text{N}^{-1} \text{m}^{-2}$
27. The energy required to break one bond in DNA is  $10^{-20} \text{ J}$ . This value in eV is nearly :
- (1) 0.6
  - (2) 0.06
  - (3) 0.006
  - (4) 6
28. The increase in the width of the depletion region in a p-n junction diode is due to :
- (1) reverse bias only
  - (2) both forward bias and reverse bias
  - (3) increase in forward current
  - (4) forward bias only
29. The quantities of heat required to raise the temperature of two solid copper spheres of radii  $r_1$  and  $r_2$  ( $r_1 = 1.5 r_2$ ) through 1 K are in the ratio :
- (1)  $\frac{9}{4}$
  - (2)  $\frac{3}{2}$
  - (3)  $\frac{5}{3}$
  - (4)  $\frac{27}{8}$

30. For the logic circuit shown, the truth table is :



(1)	A	B	Y
	0	0	0
	0	1	1
	1	0	1
	1	1	1
(2)	A	B	Y
	0	0	1
	0	1	1
	1	0	1
	1	1	0
(3)	A	B	Y
	0	0	1
	0	1	0
	1	0	0
	1	1	0
(4)	A	B	Y
	0	0	0
	0	1	0
	1	0	0
	1	1	1

31. For transistor action, which of the following statements is **correct** ?

- (1) Base, emitter and collector regions should have same size.
- (2) Both emitter junction as well as the collector junction are forward biased.
- (3) The base region must be very thin and lightly doped.
- (4) Base, emitter and collector regions should have same doping concentrations.

32. In a guitar, two strings A and B made of same material are slightly out of tune and produce beats of frequency 6 Hz. When tension in B is slightly decreased, the beat frequency increases to 7 Hz. If the frequency of A is 530 Hz, the original frequency of B will be :

- (1) 524 Hz
- (2) 536 Hz
- (3) 537 Hz
- (4) 523 Hz

33. A short electric dipole has a dipole moment of  $16 \times 10^{-9} \text{ C m}$ . The electric potential due to the dipole at a point at a distance of 0.6 m from the centre of the dipole, situated on a line making an angle of  $60^\circ$  with the dipole axis is :

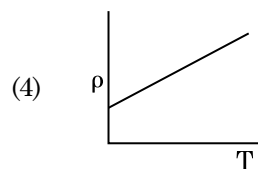
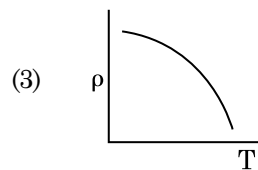
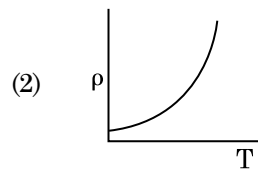
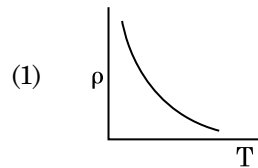
$$\left( \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} = 9 \times 10^9 \text{ N m}^2/\text{C}^2 \right)$$

- (1) 200 V
- (2) 400 V
- (3) zero
- (4) 50 V

34. A body weighs 72 N on the surface of the earth. What is the gravitational force on it, at a height equal to half the radius of the earth ?

- (1) 32 N
- (2) 30 N
- (3) 24 N
- (4) 48 N

35. Which of the following graph represents the variation of resistivity ( $\rho$ ) with temperature (T) for copper ?



36. In a certain region of space with volume  $0.2 \text{ m}^3$ , the electric potential is found to be 5 V throughout. The magnitude of electric field in this region is :

- (1) 0.5 N/C
- (2) 1 N/C
- (3) 5 N/C
- (4) zero

37. The average thermal energy for a mono-atomic gas is : ( $k_B$  is Boltzmann constant and  $T$ , absolute temperature)
- (1)  $\frac{3}{2} k_B T$
  - (2)  $\frac{5}{2} k_B T$
  - (3)  $\frac{7}{2} k_B T$
  - (4)  $\frac{1}{2} k_B T$
38. Find the torque about the origin when a force of  $3\hat{j}$  N acts on a particle whose position vector is  $2\hat{k}$  m .
- (1)  $6\hat{j}$  N m
  - (2)  $-6\hat{i}$  N m
  - (3)  $6\hat{k}$  N m
  - (4)  $6\hat{i}$  N m
39. Light of frequency 1.5 times the threshold frequency is incident on a photosensitive material. What will be the photoelectric current if the frequency is halved and intensity is doubled ?
- (1) four times
  - (2) one-fourth
  - (3) zero
  - (4) doubled
40. A long solenoid of 50 cm length having 100 turns carries a current of 2.5 A. The magnetic field at the centre of the solenoid is : ( $\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7}$  T m A<sup>-1</sup>)
- (1)  $3.14 \times 10^{-4}$  T
  - (2)  $6.28 \times 10^{-5}$  T
  - (3)  $3.14 \times 10^{-5}$  T
  - (4)  $6.28 \times 10^{-4}$  T
41. The Brewsters angle  $i_b$  for an interface should be :
- (1)  $30^\circ < i_b < 45^\circ$
  - (2)  $45^\circ < i_b < 90^\circ$
  - (3)  $i_b = 90^\circ$
  - (4)  $0^\circ < i_b < 30^\circ$
42. An electron is accelerated from rest through a potential difference of  $V$  volt. If the de Broglie wavelength of the electron is  $1.227 \times 10^{-2}$  nm, the potential difference is :
- (1)  $10^2$  V
  - (2)  $10^3$  V
  - (3)  $10^4$  V
  - (4) 10 V
43. Taking into account of the significant figures, what is the value of  $9.99 \text{ m} - 0.0099 \text{ m}$  ?
- (1) 9.98 m
  - (2) 9.980 m
  - (3) 9.9 m
  - (4) 9.9801 m
44. A screw gauge has least count of 0.01 mm and there are 50 divisions in its circular scale. The pitch of the screw gauge is :
- (1) 0.25 mm
  - (2) 0.5 mm
  - (3) 1.0 mm
  - (4) 0.01 mm
45. The phase difference between displacement and acceleration of a particle in a simple harmonic motion is :
- (1)  $\frac{3\pi}{2}$  rad
  - (2)  $\frac{\pi}{2}$  rad
  - (3) zero
  - (4)  $\pi$  rad
46. Match the organism with its use in biotechnology.
- |                                      |  |
|--------------------------------------|--|
| (a) <i>Bacillus thuringiensis</i>    | (i) Cloning vector                       |
| (b) <i>Thermus aquaticus</i>         | (ii) Construction of first rDNA molecule |
| (c) <i>Agrobacterium tumefaciens</i> | (iii) DNA polymerase                     |
| (d) <i>Salmonella typhimurium</i>    | (iv) Cry proteins                        |
- Select the **correct** option from the following :
- |     | (a)   | (b)   | (c)   | (d)  |
|-----|-------|-------|-------|------|
| (1) | (iv)  | (iii) | (i)   | (ii) |
| (2) | (iii) | (ii)  | (iv)  | (i)  |
| (3) | (iii) | (iv)  | (i)   | (ii) |
| (4) | (ii)  | (iv)  | (iii) | (i)  |

47. Match the following :
- |                                     |               |
|-------------------------------------|---------------|
| (a) Inhibitor of catalytic activity | (i) Ricin     |
| (b) Possess peptide bonds           | (ii) Malonate |
| (c) Cell wall material in fungi     | (iii) Chitin  |
| (d) Secondary metabolite            | (iv) Collagen |
- Choose the **correct** option from the following :
- |     |            |            |            |            |
|-----|------------|------------|------------|------------|
|     | <b>(a)</b> | <b>(b)</b> | <b>(c)</b> | <b>(d)</b> |
| (1) | (iii)      | (i)        | (iv)       | (ii)       |
| (2) | (iii)      | (iv)       | (i)        | (ii)       |
| (3) | (ii)       | (iii)      | (i)        | (iv)       |
| (4) | (ii)       | (iv)       | (iii)      | (i)        |
48. The plant parts which consist of two generations - one within the other :
- Pollen grains inside the anther
  - Germinated pollen grain with two male gametes
  - Seed inside the fruit
  - Embryo sac inside the ovule
- (a), (b) and (c)
  - (c) and (d)
  - (a) and (d)
  - (a) only
49. The oxygenation activity of RuBisCo enzyme in photorespiration leads to the formation of :
- 1 molecule of 3-C compound
  - 1 molecule of 6-C compound
  - 1 molecule of 4-C compound and 1 molecule of 2-C compound
  - 2 molecules of 3-C compound
50. In relation to Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity of an ecosystem, which one of the following statements is **correct** ?
- Gross primary productivity is always more than net primary productivity.
  - Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity are one and same.
  - There is no relationship between Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity.
  - Gross primary productivity is always less than net primary productivity.
51. The product(s) of reaction catalyzed by nitrogenase in root nodules of leguminous plants is/are :
- Nitrate alone
  - Ammonia and oxygen
  - Ammonia and hydrogen
  - Ammonia alone
52. Identify the **incorrect** statement.
- Sapwood is involved in conduction of water and minerals from root to leaf.
  - Sapwood is the innermost secondary xylem and is lighter in colour.
  - Due to deposition of tannins, resins, oils etc., heart wood is dark in colour.
  - Heart wood does not conduct water but gives mechanical support.
53. Bt cotton variety that was developed by the introduction of toxin gene of *Bacillus thuringiensis* (Bt) is resistant to :
- Fungal diseases
  - Plant nematodes
  - Insect predators
  - Insect pests
54. Which of the following pairs is of unicellular algae ?
- Gelidium* and *Gracilaria*
  - Anabaena* and *Volvox*
  - Chlorella* and *Spirulina*
  - Laminaria* and *Sargassum*
55. Strobili or cones are found in :
- Pteris*
  - Marchantia*
  - Equisetum*
  - Salvinia*
56. Name the enzyme that facilitates opening of DNA helix during transcription.
- DNA helicase
  - DNA polymerase
  - RNA polymerase
  - DNA ligase

57. Identify the **wrong** statement with reference to transport of oxygen.
- (1) Partial pressure of  $\text{CO}_2$  can interfere with  $\text{O}_2$  binding with haemoglobin.
  - (2) Higher  $\text{H}^+$  conc. in alveoli favours the formation of oxyhaemoglobin.
  - (3) Low  $\text{pCO}_2$  in alveoli favours the formation of oxyhaemoglobin.
  - (4) Binding of oxygen with haemoglobin is mainly related to partial pressure of  $\text{O}_2$ .
58. Identify the **correct** statement with regard to  $\text{G}_1$  phase (Gap 1) of interphase.
- (1) Reorganisation of all cell components takes place.
  - (2) Cell is metabolically active, grows but does not replicate its DNA.
  - (3) Nuclear Division takes place.
  - (4) DNA synthesis or replication takes place.
59. Which of the following statements about inclusion bodies is **incorrect** ?
- (1) These are involved in ingestion of food particles.
  - (2) They lie free in the cytoplasm.
  - (3) These represent reserve material in cytoplasm.
  - (4) They are not bound by any membrane.
60. Match the following diseases with the causative organism and select the **correct** option.
- | Column - I     | Column - II             |
|----------------|-------------------------|
| (a) Typhoid    | (i) <i>Wuchereria</i>   |
| (b) Pneumonia  | (ii) <i>Plasmodium</i>  |
| (c) Filariasis | (iii) <i>Salmonella</i> |
| (d) Malaria    | (iv) <i>Haemophilus</i> |
- | (a)       | (b)   | (c)   | (d)   |
|-----------|-------|-------|-------|
| (1) (iii) | (iv)  | (i)   | (ii)  |
| (2) (ii)  | (i)   | (iii) | (iv)  |
| (3) (iv)  | (i)   | (ii)  | (iii) |
| (4) (i)   | (iii) | (ii)  | (iv)  |
61. Meiotic division of the secondary oocyte is completed :
- (1) At the time of copulation
  - (2) After zygote formation
  - (3) At the time of fusion of a sperm with an ovum
  - (4) Prior to ovulation
62. By which method was a new breed 'Hisardale' of sheep formed by using Bikaneri ewes and Marino rams ?
- (1) Mutational breeding
  - (2) Cross breeding
  - (3) Inbreeding
  - (4) Out crossing
63. The number of substrate level phosphorylations in one turn of citric acid cycle is :
- (1) One
  - (2) Two
  - (3) Three
  - (4) Zero
64. Choose the **correct** pair from the following :
- (1) Polymerases - Break the DNA into fragments
  - (2) Nucleases - Separate the two strands of DNA
  - (3) Exonucleases - Make cuts at specific positions within DNA
  - (4) Ligases - Join the two DNA molecules
65. The infectious stage of *Plasmodium* that enters the human body is :
- (1) Sporozoites
  - (2) Female gametocytes
  - (3) Male gametocytes
  - (4) Trophozoites
66. Which of the following is **not** an attribute of a population ?
- (1) Natality
  - (2) Mortality
  - (3) Species interaction
  - (4) Sex ratio



67. Select the **correct** events that occur during inspiration.
- Contraction of diaphragm
  - Contraction of external inter-costal muscles
  - Pulmonary volume decreases
  - Intra pulmonary pressure increases
- (c) and (d)
  - (a), (b) and (d)
  - only (d)
  - (a) and (b)
68. According to Robert May, the global species diversity is about :
- 20 million
  - 50 million
  - 7 million
  - 1.5 million
69. The QRS complex in a standard ECG represents :
- Depolarisation of auricles
  - Depolarisation of ventricles
  - Repolarisation of ventricles
  - Repolarisation of auricles
70. Which of the following statements is **not correct** ?
- The proinsulin has an extra peptide called C-peptide.
  - The functional insulin has A and B chains linked together by hydrogen bonds.
  - Genetically engineered insulin is produced in *E-Coli*.
  - In man insulin is synthesised as a proinsulin.
71. The transverse section of a plant shows following anatomical features :
- Large number of scattered vascular bundles surrounded by bundle sheath.
  - Large conspicuous parenchymatous ground tissue.
  - Vascular bundles conjoint and closed.
  - Phloem parenchyma absent.
- Identify the category of plant and its part :
- Monocotyledonous root
  - Dicotyledonous stem
  - Dicotyledonous root
  - Monocotyledonous stem
72. Select the **correct** statement.
- Glucagon is associated with hypoglycemia.
  - Insulin acts on pancreatic cells and adipocytes.
  - Insulin is associated with hyperglycemia.
  - Glucocorticoids stimulate gluconeogenesis.
73. Montreal protocol was signed in 1987 for control of :
- Emission of ozone depleting substances
  - Release of Green House gases
  - Disposal of e-wastes
  - Transport of Genetically modified organisms from one country to another
74. Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.
- |     | Column - I                 |       | Column - II    |
|-----|----------------------------|-------|----------------|
| (a) | 6 - 15 pairs of gill slits | (i)   | <i>Trygon</i>  |
| (b) | Heterocercal caudal fin    | (ii)  | Cyclostomes    |
| (c) | Air Bladder                | (iii) | Chondrichthyes |
| (d) | Poison sting               | (iv)  | Osteichthyes   |
- |     | (a)   | (b)   | (c)   | (d)  |
|-----|-------|-------|-------|------|
| (1) | (iii) | (iv)  | (i)   | (ii) |
| (2) | (iv)  | (ii)  | (iii) | (i)  |
| (3) | (i)   | (iv)  | (iii) | (ii) |
| (4) | (ii)  | (iii) | (iv)  | (i)  |
75. Identify the **wrong** statement with regard to Restriction Enzymes.
- They cut the strand of DNA at palindromic sites.
  - They are useful in genetic engineering.
  - Sticky ends can be joined by using DNA ligases.
  - Each restriction enzyme functions by inspecting the length of a DNA sequence.

**G1**

76. Match the following with respect to meiosis :

- |                |       |                 |
|----------------|-------|-----------------|
| (a) Zygotene   | (i)   | Terminalization |
| (b) Pachytene  | (ii)  | Chiasmata       |
| (c) Diplotene  | (iii) | Crossing over   |
| (d) Diakinesis | (iv)  | Synapsis        |

Select the **correct** option from the following :

(a) (b) (c) (d)

- |     |       |       |       |       |
|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| (1) | (iv)  | (iii) | (ii)  | (i)   |
| (2) | (i)   | (ii)  | (iv)  | (iii) |
| (3) | (ii)  | (iv)  | (iii) | (i)   |
| (4) | (iii) | (iv)  | (i)   | (ii)  |

77. Cuboidal epithelium with brush border of microvilli is found in :

- (1) ducts of salivary glands
- (2) proximal convoluted tubule of nephron
- (3) eustachian tube
- (4) lining of intestine

78. Name the plant growth regulator which upon spraying on sugarcane crop, increases the length of stem, thus increasing the yield of sugarcane crop.

- (1) Gibberellin
- (2) Ethylene
- (3) Abscisic acid
- (4) Cytokinin

79. Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.

**Column - I**

**Column - II**

- |                                    |       |                               |
|------------------------------------|-------|-------------------------------|
| (a) Bt cotton                      | (i)   | Gene therapy                  |
| (b) Adenosine deaminase deficiency | (ii)  | Cellular defence              |
| (c) RNAi                           | (iii) | Detection of HIV infection    |
| (d) PCR                            | (iv)  | <i>Bacillus thuringiensis</i> |

(a) (b) (c) (d)

- |     |       |       |       |       |
|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| (1) | (iii) | (ii)  | (i)   | (iv)  |
| (2) | (ii)  | (iii) | (iv)  | (i)   |
| (3) | (i)   | (ii)  | (iii) | (iv)  |
| (4) | (iv)  | (i)   | (ii)  | (iii) |

**10**

80. The ovary is half inferior in :

- (1) Mustard
- (2) Sunflower
- (3) Plum
- (4) Brinjal

81. Which one of the following is the most abundant protein in the animals ?

- (1) Collagen
- (2) Lectin
- (3) Insulin
- (4) Haemoglobin

82. If the distance between two consecutive base pairs is 0.34 nm and the total number of base pairs of a DNA double helix in a typical mammalian cell is  $6.6 \times 10^9$  bp, then the length of the DNA is approximately :

- (1) 2.5 meters
- (2) 2.2 meters
- (3) 2.7 meters
- (4) 2.0 meters

83. The first phase of translation is :

- (1) Recognition of DNA molecule
- (2) Aminoacylation of tRNA
- (3) Recognition of an anti-codon
- (4) Binding of mRNA to ribosome

84. Which of the following hormone levels will cause release of ovum (ovulation) from the graffian follicle ?

- (1) High concentration of Progesterone
- (2) Low concentration of LH
- (3) Low concentration of FSH
- (4) High concentration of Estrogen

85. Flippers of Penguins and Dolphins are examples of :

- (1) Convergent evolution
- (2) Industrial melanism
- (3) Natural selection
- (4) Adaptive radiation

86. Identify the **wrong** statement with reference to the gene 'I' that controls ABO blood groups.
- (1) A person will have only two of the three alleles.
  - (2) When  $I^A$  and  $I^B$  are present together, they express same type of sugar.
  - (3) Allele 'i' does not produce any sugar.
  - (4) The gene (I) has three alleles.
87. Select the option including all sexually transmitted diseases.
- (1) Gonorrhoea, Malaria, Genital herpes
  - (2) AIDS, Malaria, Filariasis
  - (3) Cancer, AIDS, Syphilis
  - (4) Gonorrhoea, Syphilis, Genital herpes
88. Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.
- | Column - I      |       | Column - II                              |  |
|-----------------|-------|--|--|
| (a) Eosinophils | (i)   | Immune response                          |  |
| (b) Basophils   | (ii)  | Phagocytosis                             |  |
| (c) Neutrophils | (iii) | Release histaminase, destructive enzymes |  |
| (d) Lymphocytes | (iv)  | Release granules containing histamine    |  |
- |     | (a)   | (b)  | (c)   | (d)   |
|-----|-------|------|-------|-------|
| (1) | (iv)  | (i)  | (ii)  | (iii) |
| (2) | (i)   | (ii) | (iv)  | (iii) |
| (3) | (ii)  | (i)  | (iii) | (iv)  |
| (4) | (iii) | (iv) | (ii)  | (i)   |
89. Match the trophic levels with their **correct** species examples in grassland ecosystem.
- |                          |       |         |
|--------------------------|-------|---------|
| (a) Fourth trophic level | (i)   | Crow    |
| (b) Second trophic level | (ii)  | Vulture |
| (c) First trophic level  | (iii) | Rabbit  |
| (d) Third trophic level  | (iv)  | Grass   |
- Select the **correct** option :
- |     | (a)   | (b)   | (c)   | (d)  |
|-----|-------|-------|-------|------|
| (1) | (iii) | (ii)  | (i)   | (iv) |
| (2) | (iv)  | (iii) | (ii)  | (i)  |
| (3) | (i)   | (ii)  | (iii) | (iv) |
| (4) | (ii)  | (iii) | (iv)  | (i)  |
90. In light reaction, plastoquinone facilitates the transfer of electrons from :
- (1)  $Cytb_6/f$  complex to PS-I
  - (2) PS-I to  $NADP^+$
  - (3) PS-I to ATP synthase
  - (4) PS-II to  $Cytb_6/f$  complex
91. Embryological support for evolution was disapproved by :
- (1) Alfred Wallace
  - (2) Charles Darwin
  - (3) Oparin
  - (4) Karl Ernst von Baer
92. Bilaterally symmetrical and acoelomate animals are exemplified by :
- (1) Platyhelminthes
  - (2) Aschelminthes
  - (3) Annelida
  - (4) Ctenophora
93. Which of the following would help in prevention of diuresis ?
- (1) Reabsorption of  $Na^+$  and water from renal tubules due to aldosterone
  - (2) Atrial natriuretic factor causes vasoconstriction
  - (3) Decrease in secretion of renin by JG cells
  - (4) More water reabsorption due to undersecretion of ADH
94. Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.
- | Column - I                        |       | Column - II                      |  |
|-----------------------------------|-------|----------------------------------|--|
| (a) <i>Clostridium butylicum</i>  | (i)   | Cyclosporin-A                    |  |
| (b) <i>Trichoderma polysporum</i> | (ii)  | Butyric Acid                     |  |
| (c) <i>Monascus purpureus</i>     | (iii) | Citric Acid                      |  |
| (d) <i>Aspergillus niger</i>      | (iv)  | Blood cholesterol lowering agent |  |
- |     | (a)   | (b)   | (c)  | (d)   |
|-----|-------|-------|------|-------|
| (1) | (ii)  | (i)   | (iv) | (iii) |
| (2) | (i)   | (ii)  | (iv) | (iii) |
| (3) | (iv)  | (iii) | (ii) | (i)   |
| (4) | (iii) | (iv)  | (ii) | (i)   |

95. Some dividing cells exit the cell cycle and enter vegetative inactive stage. This is called quiescent stage ( $G_0$ ). This process occurs at the end of :

- (1)  $G_1$  phase
- (2) S phase
- (3)  $G_2$  phase
- (4) M phase

96. In which of the following techniques, the embryos are transferred to assist those females who cannot conceive ?

- (1) GIFT and ZIFT
- (2) ICSI and ZIFT
- (3) GIFT and ICSI
- (4) ZIFT and IUT

97. Which of the following statements are **true** for the phylum-Chordata ?

- (a) In Urochordata notochord extends from head to tail and it is present throughout their life.
- (b) In Vertebrata notochord is present during the embryonic period only.
- (c) Central nervous system is dorsal and hollow.
- (d) Chordata is divided into 3 subphyla : Hemichordata, Tunicata and Cephalochordata.

- (1) (c) and (a)
- (2) (a) and (b)
- (3) (b) and (c)
- (4) (d) and (c)

98. Snow-blindness in Antarctic region is due to :

- (1) Inflammation of cornea due to high dose of UV-B radiation
- (2) High reflection of light from snow
- (3) Damage to retina caused by infra-red rays
- (4) Freezing of fluids in the eye by low temperature

99. Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.

Column - I		Column - II	
(a) Pituitary gland	(i)	Grave's disease	
(b) Thyroid gland	(ii)	Diabetes mellitus	
(c) Adrenal gland	(iii)	Diabetes insipidus	
(d) Pancreas	(iv)	Addison's disease	

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)
(2)	(iii)	(i)	(iv)	(ii)
(3)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)
(4)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)	(ii)

100. Which of the following statements is **correct** ?

- (1) Adenine pairs with thymine through one H-bond.
- (2) Adenine pairs with thymine through three H-bonds.
- (3) Adenine does not pair with thymine.
- (4) Adenine pairs with thymine through two H-bonds.

101. Match the following concerning essential elements and their functions in plants :

(a) Iron	(i)	Photolysis of water
(b) Zinc	(ii)	Pollen germination
(c) Boron	(iii)	Required for chlorophyll biosynthesis
(d) Manganese	(iv)	IAA biosynthesis

Select the **correct** option :

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)
(2)	(iii)	(iv)	(ii)	(i)
(3)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)
(4)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)

102. Which of the following is **not** an inhibitory substance governing seed dormancy ?

- (1) Abscisic acid
- (2) Phenolic acid
- (3) Para-ascorbic acid
- (4) Gibberellic acid

- 103.** From his experiments, S.L. Miller produced amino acids by mixing the following in a closed flask :
- (1)  $\text{CH}_3$ ,  $\text{H}_2$ ,  $\text{NH}_4$  and water vapor at  $800^\circ\text{C}$
  - (2)  $\text{CH}_4$ ,  $\text{H}_2$ ,  $\text{NH}_3$  and water vapor at  $600^\circ\text{C}$
  - (3)  $\text{CH}_3$ ,  $\text{H}_2$ ,  $\text{NH}_3$  and water vapor at  $600^\circ\text{C}$
  - (4)  $\text{CH}_4$ ,  $\text{H}_2$ ,  $\text{NH}_3$  and water vapor at  $800^\circ\text{C}$
- 104.** Experimental verification of the chromosomal theory of inheritance was done by :
- (1) Sutton
  - (2) Boveri
  - (3) Morgan
  - (4) Mendel
- 105.** The body of the ovule is fused within the funicle at :
- (1) Micropyle
  - (2) Nucellus
  - (3) Chalaza
  - (4) Hilum
- 106.** Identify the **correct** statement with reference to human digestive system.
- (1) Serosa is the innermost layer of the alimentary canal.
  - (2) Ileum is a highly coiled part.
  - (3) Vermiform appendix arises from duodenum.
  - (4) Ileum opens into small intestine.
- 107.** Dissolution of the synaptonemal complex occurs during :
- (1) Zygotene
  - (2) Diplotene
  - (3) Leptotene
  - (4) Pachytene
- 108.** Floridean starch has structure similar to :
- (1) Amylopectin and glycogen
  - (2) Mannitol and algin
  - (3) Laminarin and cellulose
  - (4) Starch and cellulose
- 109.** The specific palindromic sequence which is recognized by EcoRI is :
- (1) 5' - GGAACC - 3'  
3' - CCTTGG - 5'
  - (2) 5' - CTTAAG - 3'  
3' - GAATTC - 5'
  - (3) 5' - GGATCC - 3'  
3' - CCTAGG - 5'
  - (4) 5' - GAATTC - 3'  
3' - CTTAAG - 5'
- 110.** Select the **correct** match.
- |                         |   |  |
|-------------------------|---|--|
| (1) Phenylketonuria     | - | Autosomal dominant trait                 |
| (2) Sickle cell anaemia | - | Autosomal recessive trait, chromosome-11 |
| (3) Thalassemia         | - | X linked                                 |
| (4) Haemophilia         | - | Y linked                                 |
- 111.** Identify the substances having glycosidic bond and peptide bond, respectively in their structure :
- (1) Glycerol, trypsin
  - (2) Cellulose, lecithin
  - (3) Inulin, insulin
  - (4) Chitin, cholesterol
- 112.** The process of growth is maximum during :
- (1) Lag phase
  - (2) Senescence
  - (3) Dormancy
  - (4) Log phase
- 113.** Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.
- | Column - I          |       | Column - II                     |  |
|---------------------|-------|---------------------------------|--|
| (a) Organ of Corti  | (i)   | Connects middle ear and pharynx |  |
| (b) Cochlea         | (ii)  | Coiled part of the labyrinth    |  |
| (c) Eustachian tube | (iii) | Attached to the oval window     |  |
| (d) Stapes          | (iv)  | Located on the basilar membrane |  |
- |     | (a)   | (b)   | (c)  | (d)   |
|-----|-------|-------|------|-------|
| (1) | (iii) | (i)   | (iv) | (ii)  |
| (2) | (iv)  | (ii)  | (i)  | (iii) |
| (3) | (i)   | (ii)  | (iv) | (iii) |
| (4) | (ii)  | (iii) | (i)  | (iv)  |

114. The process responsible for facilitating loss of water in liquid form from the tip of grass blades at night and in early morning is :
- (1) Root pressure
  - (2) Imbibition
  - (3) Plasmolysis
  - (4) Transpiration
115. Identify the **wrong** statement with reference to immunity.
- (1) When ready-made antibodies are directly given, it is called "Passive immunity".
  - (2) Active immunity is quick and gives full response.
  - (3) Foetus receives some antibodies from mother, it is an example for passive immunity.
  - (4) When exposed to antigen (living or dead) antibodies are produced in the host's body. It is called "Active immunity".
116. In water hyacinth and water lily, pollination takes place by :
- (1) water currents only
  - (2) wind and water
  - (3) insects and water
  - (4) insects or wind
117. Which is the important site of formation of glycoproteins and glycolipids in eukaryotic cells ?
- (1) Peroxisomes
  - (2) Golgi bodies
  - (3) Polysomes
  - (4) Endoplasmic reticulum
118. Which of the following regions of the globe exhibits highest species diversity ?
- (1) Madagascar
  - (2) Himalayas
  - (3) Amazon forests
  - (4) Western Ghats of India
119. Goblet cells of alimentary canal are modified from :
- (1) Columnar epithelial cells
  - (2) Chondrocytes
  - (3) Compound epithelial cells
  - (4) Squamous epithelial cells
120. Which of the following is **correct** about viroids ?
- (1) They have free RNA without protein coat.
  - (2) They have DNA with protein coat.
  - (3) They have free DNA without protein coat.
  - (4) They have RNA with protein coat.
121. Secondary metabolites such as nicotine, strychnine and caffeine are produced by plants for their :
- (1) Growth response
  - (2) Defence action
  - (3) Effect on reproduction
  - (4) Nutritive value
122. Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.
- |     | <b>Column - I</b>     | <b>Column - II</b>                      |
|-----|-----------------------|---|
| (a) | Placenta              | (i) Androgens                           |
| (b) | Zona pellucida        | (ii) Human Chorionic Gonadotropin (hCG) |
| (c) | Bulbo-urethral glands | (iii) Layer of the ovum                 |
| (d) | Leydig cells          | (iv) Lubrication of the Penis           |
- |     | <b>(a)</b> | <b>(b)</b> | <b>(c)</b> | <b>(d)</b> |
|-----|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| (1) | (i)        | (iv)       | (ii)       | (iii)      |
| (2) | (iii)      | (ii)       | (iv)       | (i)        |
| (3) | (ii)       | (iii)      | (iv)       | (i)        |
| (4) | (iv)       | (iii)      | (i)        | (ii)       |
123. Ray florets have :
- (1) Superior ovary
  - (2) Hypogynous ovary
  - (3) Half inferior ovary
  - (4) Inferior ovary
124. Which of the following is put into Anaerobic sludge digester for further sewage treatment ?
- (1) Floating debris
  - (2) Effluents of primary treatment
  - (3) Activated sludge
  - (4) Primary sludge

125. The enzyme enterokinase helps in conversion of :

- (1) trypsinogen into trypsin
- (2) caseinogen into casein
- (3) pepsinogen into pepsin
- (4) protein into polypeptides

126. Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.

Column - I		Column - II	
(a)	Gregarious, polyphagous pest	(i)	<i>Asterias</i>
(b)	Adult with radial symmetry and larva with bilateral symmetry	(ii)	Scorpion
(c)	Book lungs	(iii)	<i>Ctenoplana</i>
(d)	Bioluminescence	(iv)	<i>Locusta</i>

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)
(2)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)
(3)	(ii)	(i)	(iii)	(iv)
(4)	(i)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)

127. Presence of which of the following conditions in urine are indicative of Diabetes Mellitus ?

- (1) Uremia and Renal Calculi
- (2) Ketonuria and Glycosuria
- (3) Renal calculi and Hyperglycaemia
- (4) Uremia and Ketonuria

128. Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.

Column - I		Column - II	
(a)	Floating Ribs	(i)	Located between second and seventh ribs
(b)	Acromion	(ii)	Head of the Humerus
(c)	Scapula	(iii)	Clavicle
(d)	Glenoid cavity	(iv)	Do not connect with the sternum

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(i)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)
(2)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)	(i)
(3)	(iv)	(iii)	(i)	(ii)
(4)	(ii)	(iv)	(i)	(iii)

129. How many true breeding pea plant varieties did Mendel select as pairs, which were similar except in one character with contrasting traits ?

- (1) 2
- (2) 14
- (3) 8
- (4) 4

130. If the head of cockroach is removed, it may live for few days because :

- (1) the cockroach does not have nervous system.
- (2) the head holds a small proportion of a nervous system while the rest is situated along the ventral part of its body.
- (3) the head holds a 1/3<sup>rd</sup> of a nervous system while the rest is situated along the dorsal part of its body.
- (4) the supra-oesophageal ganglia of the cockroach are situated in ventral part of abdomen.

131. Which of the following refer to **correct** example(s) of organisms which have evolved due to changes in environment brought about by anthropogenic action ?

- (a) Darwin's Finches of Galapagos islands.
  - (b) Herbicide resistant weeds.
  - (c) Drug resistant eukaryotes.
  - (d) Man-created breeds of domesticated animals like dogs.
- (1) (a) and (c)
  - (2) (b), (c) and (d)
  - (3) only (d)
  - (4) only (a)

132. Identify the basic amino acid from the following.

- (1) Glutamic Acid
- (2) Lysine
- (3) Valine
- (4) Tyrosine

133. In gel electrophoresis, separated DNA fragments can be visualized with the help of :

- (1) Ethidium bromide in UV radiation
- (2) Acetocarmine in UV radiation
- (3) Ethidium bromide in infrared radiation
- (4) Acetocarmine in bright blue light

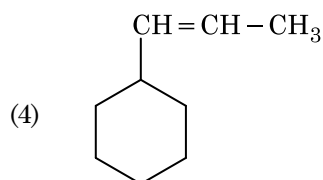
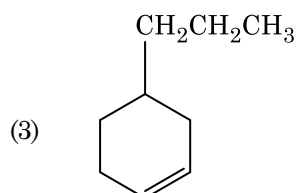
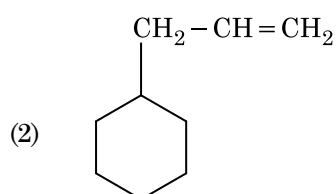
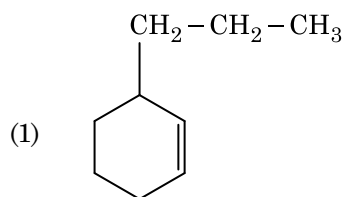
- 134.** The sequence that controls the copy number of the linked DNA in the vector, is termed :
- (1) Ori site
  - (2) Palindromic sequence
  - (3) Recognition site
  - (4) Selectable marker
- 135.** The roots that originate from the base of the stem are :
- (1) Primary roots
  - (2) Prop roots
  - (3) Lateral roots
  - (4) Fibrous roots
- 136.** The calculated spin only magnetic moment of  $\text{Cr}^{2+}$  ion is :
- (1) 4.90 BM
  - (2) 5.92 BM
  - (3) 2.84 BM
  - (4) 3.87 BM
- 137.** Match the following and identify the **correct** option.
- |  |   |
|--|---|
| (a) $\text{CO}(\text{g}) + \text{H}_2(\text{g})$ | (i) $\text{Mg}(\text{HCO}_3)_2 + \text{Ca}(\text{HCO}_3)_2$ |
| (b) Temporary hardness of water                  | (ii) An electron deficient hydride                          |
| (c) $\text{B}_2\text{H}_6$                       | (iii) Synthesis gas   |
| (d) $\text{H}_2\text{O}_2$                       | (iv) Non-planar structure                                   |
- |     | (a)   | (b)   | (c)  | (d)  |
|-----|-------|-------|------|------|
| (1) | (iii) | (ii)  | (i)  | (iv) |
| (2) | (iii) | (iv)  | (ii) | (i)  |
| (3) | (i)   | (iii) | (ii) | (iv) |
| (4) | (iii) | (i)   | (ii) | (iv) |
- 138.** The mixture which shows positive deviation from Raoult's law is :
- (1) Benzene + Toluene
  - (2) Acetone + Chloroform
  - (3) Chloroethane + Bromoethane
  - (4) Ethanol + Acetone
- 139.** Identify the **correct** statement from the following :
- (1) Blister copper has blistered appearance due to evolution of  $\text{CO}_2$ .
  - (2) Vapour phase refining is carried out for Nickel by Van Arkel method.
  - (3) Pig iron can be moulded into a variety of shapes.
  - (4) Wrought iron is impure iron with 4% carbon.
- 140.** Urea reacts with water to form **A** which will decompose to form **B**. **B** when passed through  $\text{Cu}^{2+}$  (aq), deep blue colour solution **C** is formed. What is the formula of **C** from the following ?
- (1)  $[\text{Cu}(\text{NH}_3)_4]^{2+}$
  - (2)  $\text{Cu}(\text{OH})_2$
  - (3)  $\text{CuCO}_3 \cdot \text{Cu}(\text{OH})_2$
  - (4)  $\text{CuSO}_4$
- 141.** Hydrolysis of sucrose is given by the following reaction.
- $$\text{Sucrose} + \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{Glucose} + \text{Fructose}$$
- If the equilibrium constant ( $K_c$ ) is  $2 \times 10^{13}$  at 300 K, the value of  $\Delta_r G^\ominus$  at the same temperature will be :
- (1)  $8.314 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1} \times 300 \text{ K} \times \ln(2 \times 10^{13})$
  - (2)  $8.314 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1} \times 300 \text{ K} \times \ln(3 \times 10^{13})$
  - (3)  $-8.314 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1} \times 300 \text{ K} \times \ln(4 \times 10^{13})$
  - (4)  $-8.314 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1} \times 300 \text{ K} \times \ln(2 \times 10^{13})$
- 142.** Identify the **incorrect** match.
- |     | Name        | IUPAC Official Name |
|-----|-------------|---------------------|
| (a) | Unnilunium  | (i) Mendeleevium    |
| (b) | Unniltrium  | (ii) Lawrencium     |
| (c) | Unnilhexium | (iii) Seaborgium    |
| (d) | Unununnium  | (iv) Darmstadtium   |
- (1) (b), (ii)
  - (2) (c), (iii)
  - (3) (d), (iv)
  - (4) (a), (i)
- 143.** Which of the following is a basic amino acid ?
- (1) Alanine
  - (2) Tyrosine
  - (3) Lysine
  - (4) Serine



144. What is the change in oxidation number of carbon in the following reaction ?  
 $\text{CH}_4(\text{g}) + 4\text{Cl}_2(\text{g}) \rightarrow \text{CCl}_4(\text{l}) + 4\text{HCl}(\text{g})$
- (1) 0 to +4
  - (2) -4 to +4
  - (3) 0 to -4
  - (4) +4 to +4
145. Sucrose on hydrolysis gives :
- (1)  $\alpha$ -D-Glucose +  $\beta$ -D-Glucose
  - (2)  $\alpha$ -D-Glucose +  $\beta$ -D-Fructose
  - (3)  $\alpha$ -D-Fructose +  $\beta$ -D-Fructose
  - (4)  $\beta$ -D-Glucose +  $\alpha$ -D-Fructose
146. The number of Faradays(F) required to produce 20 g of calcium from molten  $\text{CaCl}_2$  (Atomic mass of Ca = 40 g mol<sup>-1</sup>) is :
- (1) 2
  - (2) 3
  - (3) 4
  - (4) 1
147. For the reaction,  $2\text{Cl}(\text{g}) \rightarrow \text{Cl}_2(\text{g})$ , the **correct** option is :
- (1)  $\Delta_r H > 0$  and  $\Delta_r S < 0$
  - (2)  $\Delta_r H < 0$  and  $\Delta_r S > 0$
  - (3)  $\Delta_r H < 0$  and  $\Delta_r S < 0$
  - (4)  $\Delta_r H > 0$  and  $\Delta_r S > 0$
148. The following metal ion activates many enzymes, participates in the oxidation of glucose to produce ATP and with Na, is responsible for the transmission of nerve signals.
- (1) Copper
  - (2) Calcium
  - (3) Potassium
  - (4) Iron
149. Identify the **incorrect** statement.
- (1) The transition metals and their compounds are known for their catalytic activity due to their ability to adopt multiple oxidation states and to form complexes.
  - (2) Interstitial compounds are those that are formed when small atoms like H, C or N are trapped inside the crystal lattices of metals.
  - (3) The oxidation states of chromium in  $\text{CrO}_4^{2-}$  and  $\text{Cr}_2\text{O}_7^{2-}$  are not the same.
  - (4)  $\text{Cr}^{2+}(\text{d}^4)$  is a stronger reducing agent than  $\text{Fe}^{2+}(\text{d}^6)$  in water.
150. An increase in the concentration of the reactants of a reaction leads to change in :
- (1) heat of reaction
  - (2) threshold energy
  - (3) collision frequency
  - (4) activation energy
151. Reaction between benzaldehyde and acetophenone in presence of dilute NaOH is known as :
- (1) Cannizzaro's reaction
  - (2) Cross Cannizzaro's reaction
  - (3) Cross Aldol condensation
  - (4) Aldol condensation
152. A tertiary butyl carbocation is more stable than a secondary butyl carbocation because of which of the following ?
- (1) + R effect of -CH<sub>3</sub> groups
  - (2) - R effect of -CH<sub>3</sub> groups
  - (3) Hyperconjugation
  - (4) - I effect of -CH<sub>3</sub> groups
153. Find out the solubility of  $\text{Ni}(\text{OH})_2$  in 0.1 M NaOH. Given that the ionic product of  $\text{Ni}(\text{OH})_2$  is  $2 \times 10^{-15}$ .
- (1)  $2 \times 10^{-8}$  M
  - (2)  $1 \times 10^{-13}$  M
  - (3)  $1 \times 10^8$  M
  - (4)  $2 \times 10^{-13}$  M
154. Identify a molecule which does **not** exist.
- (1) Li<sub>2</sub>
  - (2) C<sub>2</sub>
  - (3) O<sub>2</sub>
  - (4) He<sub>2</sub>
155. Elimination reaction of 2-Bromo-pentane to form pent-2-ene is :
- (a)  $\beta$ -Elimination reaction
  - (b) Follows Zaitsev rule
  - (c) Dehydrohalogenation reaction
  - (d) Dehydration reaction
- (1) (a), (c), (d)
  - (2) (b), (c), (d)
  - (3) (a), (b), (d)
  - (4) (a), (b), (c)

156. Measuring Zeta potential is useful in determining which property of colloidal solution ?
- (1) Solubility
  - (2) Stability of the colloidal particles
  - (3) Size of the colloidal particles
  - (4) Viscosity
157. The number of protons, neutrons and electrons in  ${}_{71}^{175}\text{Lu}$ , respectively, are :
- (1) 104, 71 and 71
  - (2) 71, 71 and 104
  - (3) 175, 104 and 71
  - (4) 71, 104 and 71
158. Identify the **correct** statements from the following :
- (a)  $\text{CO}_2(\text{g})$  is used as refrigerant for ice-cream and frozen food.
  - (b) The structure of  $\text{C}_{60}$  contains twelve six carbon rings and twenty five carbon rings.
  - (c) ZSM-5, a type of zeolite, is used to convert alcohols into gasoline.
  - (d) CO is colorless and odourless gas.
- (1) (a) and (c) only
  - (2) (b) and (c) only
  - (3) (c) and (d) only
  - (4) (a), (b) and (c) only
159. An element has a body centered cubic (bcc) structure with a cell edge of 288 pm. The atomic radius is :
- (1)  $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} \times 288 \text{ pm}$
  - (2)  $\frac{4}{\sqrt{3}} \times 288 \text{ pm}$
  - (3)  $\frac{4}{\sqrt{2}} \times 288 \text{ pm}$
  - (4)  $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \times 288 \text{ pm}$
160. Paper chromatography is an example of :
- (1) Partition chromatography
  - (2) Thin layer chromatography
  - (3) Column chromatography
  - (4) Adsorption chromatography
161. Which of the following oxoacid of sulphur has  $-\text{O}-\text{O}-$  linkage ?
- (1)  $\text{H}_2\text{SO}_4$ , sulphuric acid
  - (2)  $\text{H}_2\text{S}_2\text{O}_8$ , peroxodisulphuric acid
  - (3)  $\text{H}_2\text{S}_2\text{O}_7$ , pyrosulphuric acid
  - (4)  $\text{H}_2\text{SO}_3$ , sulphurous acid
162. The rate constant for a first order reaction is  $4.606 \times 10^{-3} \text{ s}^{-1}$ . The time required to reduce 2.0 g of the reactant to 0.2 g is :
- (1) 200 s
  - (2) 500 s
  - (3) 1000 s
  - (4) 100 s
163. Which of the following alkane cannot be made in good yield by Wurtz reaction ?
- (1) 2,3-Dimethylbutane
  - (2) n-Heptane
  - (3) n-Butane
  - (4) n-Hexane
164. Match the following :
- |     | <b>Oxide</b>            |       | <b>Nature</b> |
|-----|-------------------------|-------|---------------|
| (a) | CO                      | (i)   | Basic         |
| (b) | BaO                     | (ii)  | Neutral       |
| (c) | $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$ | (iii) | Acidic        |
| (d) | $\text{Cl}_2\text{O}_7$ | (iv)  | Amphoteric    |
- Which of the following is **correct** option ?
- |     | <b>(a)</b> | <b>(b)</b> | <b>(c)</b> | <b>(d)</b> |
|-----|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| (1) | (ii)       | (i)        | (iv)       | (iii)      |
| (2) | (iii)      | (iv)       | (i)        | (ii)       |
| (3) | (iv)       | (iii)      | (ii)       | (i)        |
| (4) | (i)        | (ii)       | (iii)      | (iv)       |
165. A mixture of  $\text{N}_2$  and Ar gases in a cylinder contains 7 g of  $\text{N}_2$  and 8 g of Ar. If the total pressure of the mixture of the gases in the cylinder is 27 bar, the partial pressure of  $\text{N}_2$  is :
- [Use atomic masses (in  $\text{g mol}^{-1}$ ) : N = 14, Ar = 40]
- (1) 12 bar
  - (2) 15 bar
  - (3) 18 bar
  - (4) 9 bar

166. An alkene on ozonolysis gives methanal as one of the product. Its structure is :



167. The freezing point depression constant ( $K_f$ ) of benzene is  $5.12 \text{ K kg mol}^{-1}$ . The freezing point depression for the solution of molality  $0.078 \text{ m}$  containing a non-electrolyte solute in benzene is (rounded off upto two decimal places) :

- (1) 0.80 K
- (2) 0.40 K
- (3) 0.60 K
- (4) 0.20 K

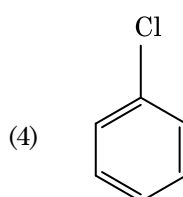
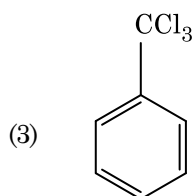
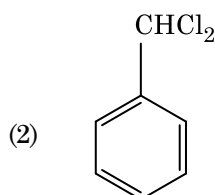
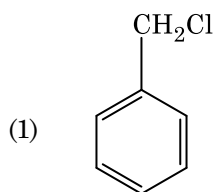
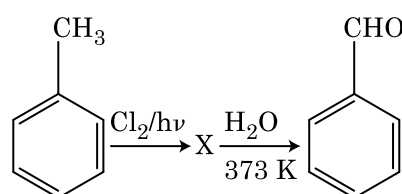
168. The correct option for free expansion of an ideal gas under adiabatic condition is :

- (1)  $q = 0, \Delta T < 0$  and  $w > 0$
- (2)  $q < 0, \Delta T = 0$  and  $w = 0$
- (3)  $q > 0, \Delta T > 0$  and  $w > 0$
- (4)  $q = 0, \Delta T = 0$  and  $w = 0$

169. Which one of the followings has maximum number of atoms ?

- (1) 1 g of Mg(s) [Atomic mass of Mg = 24]
- (2) 1 g of  $\text{O}_2$ (g) [Atomic mass of O = 16]
- (3) 1 g of Li(s) [Atomic mass of Li = 7]
- (4) 1 g of Ag(s) [Atomic mass of Ag = 108]

170. Identify compound X in the following sequence of reactions :



171. Which of the following is the **correct** order of increasing field strength of ligands to form coordination compounds ?

- (1)  $\text{SCN}^- < \text{F}^- < \text{CN}^- < \text{C}_2\text{O}_4^{2-}$
- (2)  $\text{F}^- < \text{SCN}^- < \text{C}_2\text{O}_4^{2-} < \text{CN}^-$
- (3)  $\text{CN}^- < \text{C}_2\text{O}_4^{2-} < \text{SCN}^- < \text{F}^-$
- (4)  $\text{SCN}^- < \text{F}^- < \text{C}_2\text{O}_4^{2-} < \text{CN}^-$

172. Which of the following is a natural polymer ?

- (1) poly (Butadiene-styrene)
- (2) polybutadiene
- (3) poly (Butadiene-acrylonitrile)
- (4) *cis*-1,4-polyisoprene

173. Which of the following set of molecules will have zero dipole moment ?

- (1) Boron trifluoride, hydrogen fluoride, carbon dioxide, 1,3-dichlorobenzene
- (2) Nitrogen trifluoride, beryllium difluoride, water, 1,3-dichlorobenzene
- (3) Boron trifluoride, beryllium difluoride, carbon dioxide, 1,4-dichlorobenzene
- (4) Ammonia, beryllium difluoride, water, 1,4-dichlorobenzene

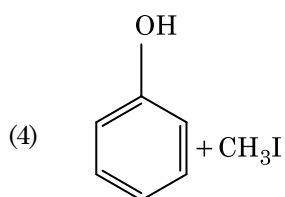
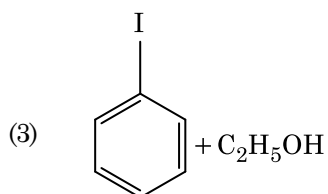
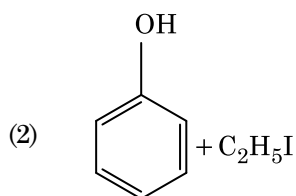
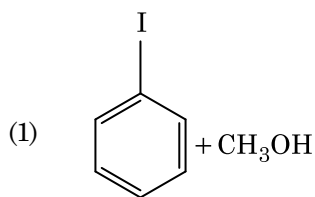
174. HCl was passed through a solution of  $\text{CaCl}_2$ ,  $\text{MgCl}_2$  and NaCl. Which of the following compound(s) crystallise(s) ?

- (1) Only NaCl
- (2) Only  $\text{MgCl}_2$
- (3) NaCl,  $\text{MgCl}_2$  and  $\text{CaCl}_2$
- (4) Both  $\text{MgCl}_2$  and  $\text{CaCl}_2$

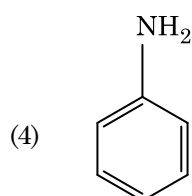
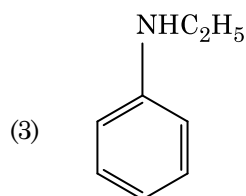
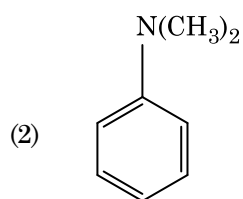
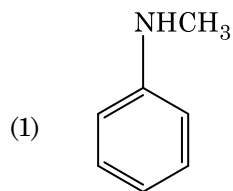
175. Which of the following is **not** correct about carbon monoxide ?

- (1) It reduces oxygen carrying ability of blood.
- (2) The carboxyhaemoglobin (haemoglobin bound to CO) is less stable than oxyhaemoglobin.
- (3) It is produced due to incomplete combustion.
- (4) It forms carboxyhaemoglobin.

176. Anisole on cleavage with HI gives :



177. Which of the following amine will give the carbylamine test ?



178. Reaction between acetone and methylmagnesium chloride followed by hydrolysis will give :

- (1) Sec. butyl alcohol
- (2) Tert. butyl alcohol
- (3) Isobutyl alcohol
- (4) Isopropyl alcohol

179. On electrolysis of dil. sulphuric acid using Platinum (Pt) electrode, the product obtained at anode will be :

- (1) Oxygen gas
- (2) H<sub>2</sub>S gas
- (3) SO<sub>2</sub> gas
- (4) Hydrogen gas

180. Which of the following is a cationic detergent ?

- (1) Sodium stearate
- (2) Cetyltrimethyl ammonium bromide
- (3) Sodium dodecylbenzene sulphonate
- (4) Sodium lauryl sulphate

- o o o -

**G1**

**22**

**Space For Rough Work**

**Space For Rough Work**

**G1**

**24**

**Space For Rough Work**



Test Booklet Code

KANHA

No. :

H1

This Booklet contains 24 pages.

**Do not open this Test Booklet until you are asked to do so.**

***Important Instructions :***

1. The Answer Sheet is inside this Test Booklet. When you are directed to open the Test Booklet, take out the Answer Sheet and fill in the particulars on **side-1** and **side-2** carefully with **blue/black** ball point pen only.
2. The test is of **3 hours** duration and Test Booklet contains **180** questions. Each question carries **4** marks. For each correct response, the candidate will get **4** marks. For each incorrect response, **one mark** will be deducted from the total scores. The maximum marks are **720**.
3. Use **Blue/Black Ball Point Pen only** for writing particulars on this page/markings responses.
4. Rough work is to be done on the space provided for this purpose in the Test Booklet only.
5. **On completion of the test, the candidate must hand over the Answer Sheet to the invigilator before leaving the Room/Hall. The candidates are allowed to take away this Test Booklet with them.**
6. The CODE for this Booklet is **H1**. Make sure that the CODE printed on **Side-2** of the Answer Sheet is the same as that on this Test Booklet. In case of discrepancy, the candidate should immediately report the matter to the Invigilator for replacement of both the Test Booklet and the Answer Sheet.
7. The candidates should ensure that the Answer Sheet is not folded. Do not make any stray marks on the Answer Sheet. Do not write your Roll No. anywhere else except in the specified space in the Test Booklet/ Answer Sheet.
8. Use of white fluid for correction is **NOT** permissible on the Answer Sheet.
9. Each candidate must show on demand his/her Admit Card to the Invigilator.
10. No candidate, without special permission of the Superintendent or Invigilator, would leave his/her seat.
11. The candidates should not leave the Examination Hall without handing over their Answer Sheet to the Invigilator on duty and sign the Attendance Sheet twice. **Cases where a candidate has not signed the Attendance Sheet second time will be deemed not to have handed over the Answer Sheet and dealt with as an unfair means case.**
12. Use of Electronic/Manual Calculator is prohibited.
13. The candidates are governed by all Rules and Regulations of the examination with regard to their conduct in the Examination Hall. All cases of unfair means will be dealt with as per Rules and Regulations of this examination.
14. No part of the Test Booklet and Answer Sheet shall be detached under any circumstances.
15. The candidates will write the Correct Test Booklet Code as given in the Test Booklet/Answer Sheet in the Attendance Sheet.

Name of the Candidate (in Capitals) : \_\_\_\_\_

Roll Number : in figures \_\_\_\_\_

: in words \_\_\_\_\_

Centre of Examination (in Capitals) : \_\_\_\_\_

Candidate's Signature : \_\_\_\_\_ Invigilator's Signature : \_\_\_\_\_

Facsimile signature stamp of

Centre Superintendent : \_\_\_\_\_

1. For the reaction,  $2\text{Cl}(\text{g}) \rightarrow \text{Cl}_2(\text{g})$ , the **correct** option is :
- (1)  $\Delta_r H < 0$  and  $\Delta_r S < 0$
  - (2)  $\Delta_r H > 0$  and  $\Delta_r S > 0$
  - (3)  $\Delta_r H > 0$  and  $\Delta_r S < 0$
  - (4)  $\Delta_r H < 0$  and  $\Delta_r S > 0$
2. Which of the following set of molecules will have zero dipole moment ?
- (1) Boron trifluoride, beryllium difluoride, carbon dioxide, 1,4-dichlorobenzene
  - (2) Ammonia, beryllium difluoride, water, 1,4-dichlorobenzene
  - (3) Boron trifluoride, hydrogen fluoride, carbon dioxide, 1,3-dichlorobenzene
  - (4) Nitrogen trifluoride, beryllium difluoride, water, 1,3-dichlorobenzene
3. The correct option for free expansion of an ideal gas under adiabatic condition is :
- (1)  $q > 0$ ,  $\Delta T > 0$  and  $w > 0$
  - (2)  $q = 0$ ,  $\Delta T = 0$  and  $w = 0$
  - (3)  $q = 0$ ,  $\Delta T < 0$  and  $w > 0$
  - (4)  $q < 0$ ,  $\Delta T = 0$  and  $w = 0$
4. Identify a molecule which does **not** exist.
- (1)  $\text{O}_2$
  - (2)  $\text{He}_2$
  - (3)  $\text{Li}_2$
  - (4)  $\text{C}_2$
5. Match the following and identify the **correct** option.
- |     |  |       |   |
|-----|--|-------|---|
| (a) | $\text{CO}(\text{g}) + \text{H}_2(\text{g})$ | (i)   | $\text{Mg}(\text{HCO}_3)_2 + \text{Ca}(\text{HCO}_3)_2$ |
| (b) | Temporary hardness of water                  | (ii)  | An electron deficient hydride                           |
| (c) | $\text{B}_2\text{H}_6$                       | (iii) | Synthesis gas   |
| (d) | $\text{H}_2\text{O}_2$                       | (iv)  | Non-planar structure                                    |
- |     | (a)   | (b)   | (c)  | (d)  |
|-----|-------|-------|------|------|
| (1) | (i)   | (iii) | (ii) | (iv) |
| (2) | (iii) | (i)   | (ii) | (iv) |
| (3) | (iii) | (ii)  | (i)  | (iv) |
| (4) | (iii) | (iv)  | (ii) | (i)  |
6. Identify the **correct** statement from the following :
- (1) Pig iron can be moulded into a variety of shapes.
  - (2) Wrought iron is impure iron with 4% carbon.
  - (3) Blister copper has blistered appearance due to evolution of  $\text{CO}_2$ .
  - (4) Vapour phase refining is carried out for Nickel by Van Arkel method.
7. The freezing point depression constant ( $K_f$ ) of benzene is  $5.12 \text{ K kg mol}^{-1}$ . The freezing point depression for the solution of molality 0.078 m containing a non-electrolyte solute in benzene is (rounded off upto two decimal places) :
- (1) 0.60 K
  - (2) 0.20 K
  - (3) 0.80 K
  - (4) 0.40 K
8. Match the following :
- |     | Oxide                   |       | Nature     |
|-----|-------------------------|-------|------------|
| (a) | $\text{CO}$             | (i)   | Basic      |
| (b) | $\text{BaO}$            | (ii)  | Neutral    |
| (c) | $\text{Al}_2\text{O}_3$ | (iii) | Acidic     |
| (d) | $\text{Cl}_2\text{O}_7$ | (iv)  | Amphoteric |
- Which of the following is **correct** option ?
- |     | (a)   | (b)   | (c)   | (d)   |
|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| (1) | (iv)  | (iii) | (ii)  | (i)   |
| (2) | (i)   | (ii)  | (iii) | (iv)  |
| (3) | (ii)  | (i)   | (iv)  | (iii) |
| (4) | (iii) | (iv)  | (i)   | (ii)  |
9. Hydrolysis of sucrose is given by the following reaction.
- $$\text{Sucrose} + \text{H}_2\text{O} \rightleftharpoons \text{Glucose} + \text{Fructose}$$
- If the equilibrium constant ( $K_c$ ) is  $2 \times 10^{13}$  at 300 K, the value of  $\Delta_r G^\ominus$  at the same temperature will be :
- (1)  $-8.314 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{K}^{-1} \times 300 \text{ K} \times \ln(4 \times 10^{13})$
  - (2)  $-8.314 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{K}^{-1} \times 300 \text{ K} \times \ln(2 \times 10^{13})$
  - (3)  $8.314 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{K}^{-1} \times 300 \text{ K} \times \ln(2 \times 10^{13})$
  - (4)  $8.314 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{K}^{-1} \times 300 \text{ K} \times \ln(3 \times 10^{13})$

10. Urea reacts with water to form **A** which will decompose to form **B**. **B** when passed through  $\text{Cu}^{2+}$  (aq), deep blue colour solution **C** is formed. What is the formula of **C** from the following ?

- (1)  $\text{CuCO}_3 \cdot \text{Cu(OH)}_2$
- (2)  $\text{CuSO}_4$
- (3)  $[\text{Cu}(\text{NH}_3)_4]^{2+}$
- (4)  $\text{Cu(OH)}_2$

11. Which of the following is a basic amino acid ?

- (1) Lysine
- (2) Serine
- (3) Alanine
- (4) Tyrosine

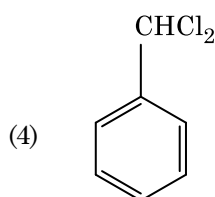
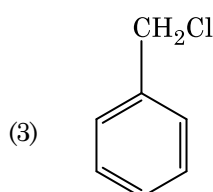
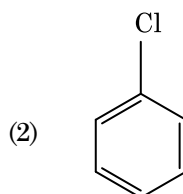
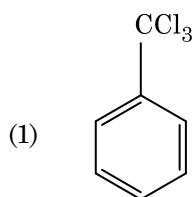
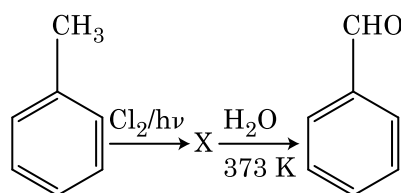
12. Paper chromatography is an example of :

- (1) Column chromatography
- (2) Adsorption chromatography
- (3) Partition chromatography
- (4) Thin layer chromatography

13. The following metal ion activates many enzymes, participates in the oxidation of glucose to produce ATP and with Na, is responsible for the transmission of nerve signals.

- (1) Potassium
- (2) Iron
- (3) Copper
- (4) Calcium

14. Identify compound X in the following sequence of reactions :



15. Identify the **correct** statements from the following :

- (a)  $\text{CO}_2(\text{g})$  is used as refrigerant for ice-cream and frozen food.
  - (b) The structure of  $\text{C}_{60}$  contains twelve six carbon rings and twenty five carbon rings.
  - (c) ZSM-5, a type of zeolite, is used to convert alcohols into gasoline.
  - (d) CO is colorless and odourless gas.
- (1) (c) and (d) only
  - (2) (a), (b) and (c) only
  - (3) (a) and (c) only
  - (4) (b) and (c) only

16. Which of the following alkane cannot be made in good yield by Wurtz reaction ?

- (1) n-Butane
- (2) n-Hexane
- (3) 2,3-Dimethylbutane
- (4) n-Heptane

17. Which of the following is a natural polymer ?

- (1) poly (Butadiene-acrylonitrile)
- (2) *cis*-1,4-polyisoprene
- (3) poly (Butadiene-styrene)
- (4) polybutadiene

18. On electrolysis of dil. sulphuric acid using Platinum (Pt) electrode, the product obtained at anode will be :

- (1) SO<sub>2</sub> gas
- (2) Hydrogen gas
- (3) Oxygen gas
- (4) H<sub>2</sub>S gas

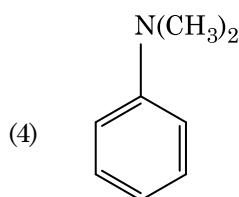
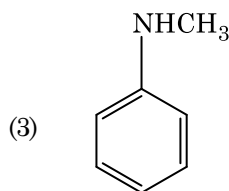
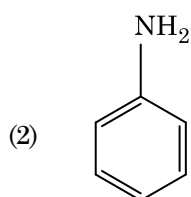
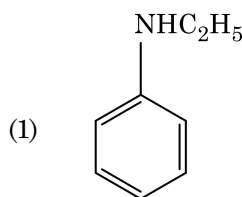
19. Measuring Zeta potential is useful in determining which property of colloidal solution ?

- (1) Size of the colloidal particles
- (2) Viscosity
- (3) Solubility
- (4) Stability of the colloidal particles

20. HCl was passed through a solution of CaCl<sub>2</sub>, MgCl<sub>2</sub> and NaCl. Which of the following compound(s) crystallise(s) ?

- (1) NaCl, MgCl<sub>2</sub> and CaCl<sub>2</sub>
- (2) Both MgCl<sub>2</sub> and CaCl<sub>2</sub>
- (3) Only NaCl
- (4) Only MgCl<sub>2</sub>

21. Which of the following amine will give the carbylamine test ?



22. The mixture which shows positive deviation from Raoult's law is :

- (1) Chloroethane + Bromoethane
- (2) Ethanol + Acetone
- (3) Benzene + Toluene
- (4) Acetone + Chloroform

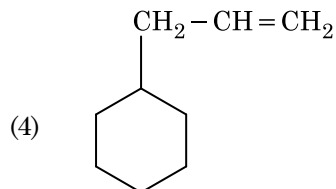
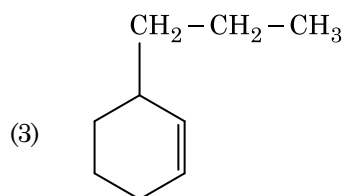
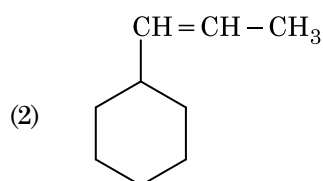
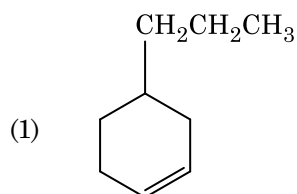
23. The calculated spin only magnetic moment of Cr<sup>2+</sup> ion is :

- (1) 2.84 BM
- (2) 3.87 BM
- (3) 4.90 BM
- (4) 5.92 BM

24. An increase in the concentration of the reactants of a reaction leads to change in :

- (1) collision frequency
- (2) activation energy
- (3) heat of reaction
- (4) threshold energy

25. An alkene on ozonolysis gives methanal as one of the product. Its structure is :



26. An element has a body centered cubic (bcc) structure with a cell edge of 288 pm. The atomic radius is :

(1)  $\frac{4}{\sqrt{2}} \times 288 \text{ pm}$

(2)  $\frac{\sqrt{3}}{4} \times 288 \text{ pm}$

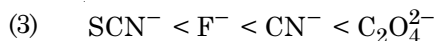
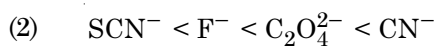
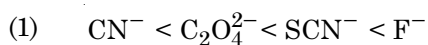
(3)  $\frac{\sqrt{2}}{4} \times 288 \text{ pm}$

(4)  $\frac{4}{\sqrt{3}} \times 288 \text{ pm}$

27. Sucrose on hydrolysis gives :

- (1)  $\alpha$ -D-Fructose +  $\beta$ -D-Fructose  
 (2)  $\beta$ -D-Glucose +  $\alpha$ -D-Fructose  
 (3)  $\alpha$ -D-Glucose +  $\beta$ -D-Glucose  
 (4)  $\alpha$ -D-Glucose +  $\beta$ -D-Fructose

28. Which of the following is the **correct** order of increasing field strength of ligands to form coordination compounds ?



29. The number of Faradays (F) required to produce 20 g of calcium from molten  $\text{CaCl}_2$  (Atomic mass of Ca = 40 g mol<sup>-1</sup>) is :

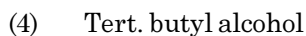
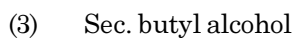
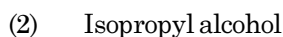
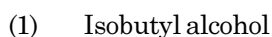
(1) 4

(2) 1

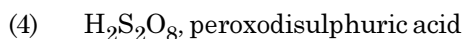
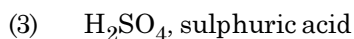
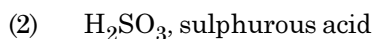
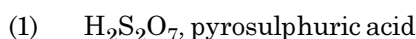
(3) 2

(4) 3

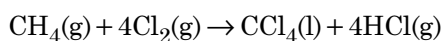
30. Reaction between acetone and methylmagnesium chloride followed by hydrolysis will give :



31. Which of the following oxoacid of sulphur has -O-O- linkage ?



32. What is the change in oxidation number of carbon in the following reaction ?



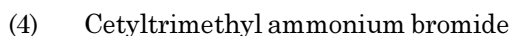
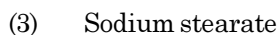
(1) 0 to -4

(2) +4 to +4

(3) 0 to +4

(4) -4 to +4

33. Which of the following is a cationic detergent ?



34. A mixture of  $N_2$  and Ar gases in a cylinder contains 7 g of  $N_2$  and 8 g of Ar. If the total pressure of the mixture of the gases in the cylinder is 27 bar, the partial pressure of  $N_2$  is :

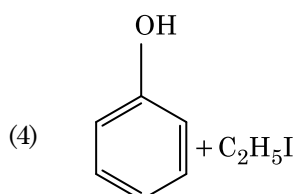
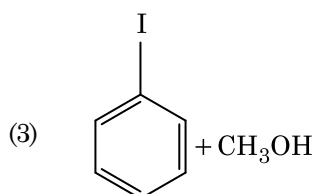
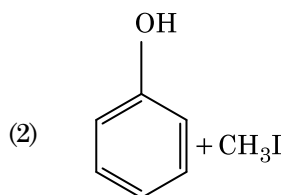
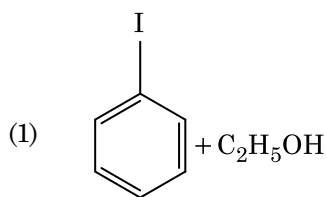
[Use atomic masses (in  $g\ mol^{-1}$ ) : N = 14, Ar = 40]

- (1) 18 bar  
 (2) 9 bar  
 (3) 12 bar  
 (4) 15 bar
35. Identify the **incorrect** statement.
- (1) The oxidation states of chromium in  $CrO_4^{2-}$  and  $Cr_2O_7^{2-}$  are not the same.  
 (2)  $Cr^{2+}$  ( $d^4$ ) is a stronger reducing agent than  $Fe^{2+}$  ( $d^6$ ) in water.  
 (3) The transition metals and their compounds are known for their catalytic activity due to their ability to adopt multiple oxidation states and to form complexes.  
 (4) Interstitial compounds are those that are formed when small atoms like H, C or N are trapped inside the crystal lattices of metals.
36. Identify the **incorrect** match.

	Name		IUPAC Official Name
(a)	Unnilunium	(i)	Mendelevium
(b)	Unniltrium	(ii)	Lawrencium
(c)	Unnilhexium	(iii)	Seaborgium
(d)	Unununnium	(iv)	Darmstadtium
(1)	(d), (iv)		
(2)	(a), (i)		
(3)	(b), (ii)		
(4)	(c), (iii)		

37. Reaction between benzaldehyde and acetophenone in presence of dilute NaOH is known as :
- (1) Cross Aldol condensation  
 (2) Aldol condensation  
 (3) Cannizzaro's reaction  
 (4) Cross Cannizzaro's reaction

38. Anisole on cleavage with HI gives :



39. Find out the solubility of  $Ni(OH)_2$  in 0.1 M NaOH. Given that the ionic product of  $Ni(OH)_2$  is  $2 \times 10^{-15}$ .
- (1)  $1 \times 10^8\ M$   
 (2)  $2 \times 10^{-13}\ M$   
 (3)  $2 \times 10^{-8}\ M$   
 (4)  $1 \times 10^{-13}\ M$
40. Elimination reaction of 2-Bromo-pentane to form pent-2-ene is :
- (a)  $\beta$ -Elimination reaction  
 (b) Follows Zaitsev rule  
 (c) Dehydrohalogenation reaction  
 (d) Dehydration reaction
- (1) (a), (b), (d)  
 (2) (a), (b), (c)  
 (3) (a), (c), (d)  
 (4) (b), (c), (d)

41. The rate constant for a first order reaction is  $4.606 \times 10^{-3} \text{ s}^{-1}$ . The time required to reduce 2.0 g of the reactant to 0.2 g is :
- (1) 1000 s
  - (2) 100 s
  - (3) 200 s
  - (4) 500 s
42. A tertiary butyl carbocation is more stable than a secondary butyl carbocation because of which of the following ?
- (1) Hyperconjugation
  - (2) -I effect of  $-\text{CH}_3$  groups
  - (3) +R effect of  $-\text{CH}_3$  groups
  - (4) -R effect of  $-\text{CH}_3$  groups
43. Which one of the followings has maximum number of atoms ?
- (1) 1 g of Li(s) [Atomic mass of Li = 7]
  - (2) 1 g of Ag(s) [Atomic mass of Ag = 108]
  - (3) 1 g of Mg(s) [Atomic mass of Mg = 24]
  - (4) 1 g of  $\text{O}_2$ (g) [Atomic mass of O = 16]
44. Which of the following is **not** correct about carbon monoxide ?
- (1) It is produced due to incomplete combustion.
  - (2) It forms carboxyhaemoglobin.
  - (3) It reduces oxygen carrying ability of blood.
  - (4) The carboxyhaemoglobin (haemoglobin bound to CO) is less stable than oxyhaemoglobin.
45. The number of protons, neutrons and electrons in  ${}_{71}^{175}\text{Lu}$ , respectively, are :
- (1) 175, 104 and 71
  - (2) 71, 104 and 71
  - (3) 104, 71 and 71
  - (4) 71, 71 and 104
46. In water hyacinth and water lily, pollination takes place by :
- (1) insects and water
  - (2) insects or wind
  - (3) water currents only
  - (4) wind and water
47. By which method was a new breed 'Hisardale' of sheep formed by using Bikaneri ewes and Marino rams ?
- (1) Inbreeding
  - (2) Out crossing
  - (3) Mutational breeding
  - (4) Cross breeding
48. Snow-blindness in Antarctic region is due to :
- (1) Damage to retina caused by infra-red rays
  - (2) Freezing of fluids in the eye by low temperature
  - (3) Inflammation of cornea due to high dose of UV-B radiation
  - (4) High reflection of light from snow
49. Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.
- | <b>Column - I</b> | <b>Column - II</b>                             |
|-------------------|--|
| (a) Eosinophils   | (i) Immune response                            |
| (b) Basophils     | (ii) Phagocytosis                              |
| (c) Neutrophils   | (iii) Release histaminase, destructive enzymes |
| (d) Lymphocytes   | (iv) Release granules containing histamine     |
- |     | <b>(a)</b> | <b>(b)</b> | <b>(c)</b> | <b>(d)</b> |
|-----|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| (1) | (ii)       | (i)        | (iii)      | (iv)       |
| (2) | (iii)      | (iv)       | (ii)       | (i)        |
| (3) | (iv)       | (i)        | (ii)       | (iii)      |
| (4) | (i)        | (ii)       | (iv)       | (iii)      |
50. Strobili or cones are found in :
- (1) *Equisetum*
  - (2) *Salvinia*
  - (3) *Pteris*
  - (4) *Marchantia*
51. Meiotic division of the secondary oocyte is completed :
- (1) At the time of fusion of a sperm with an ovum
  - (2) Prior to ovulation
  - (3) At the time of copulation
  - (4) After zygote formation

52. The QRS complex in a standard ECG represents :
- (1) Repolarisation of ventricles
  - (2) Repolarisation of auricles
  - (3) Depolarisation of auricles
  - (4) Depolarisation of ventricles
53. If the distance between two consecutive base pairs is 0.34 nm and the total number of base pairs of a DNA double helix in a typical mammalian cell is  $6.6 \times 10^9$  bp, then the length of the DNA is approximately :
- (1) 2.7 meters
  - (2) 2.0 meters
  - (3) 2.5 meters
  - (4) 2.2 meters
54. The plant parts which consist of two generations - one within the other :
- (a) Pollen grains inside the anther
  - (b) Germinated pollen grain with two male gametes
  - (c) Seed inside the fruit
  - (d) Embryo sac inside the ovule
- (1) (a) and (d)
  - (2) (a) only
  - (3) (a), (b) and (c)
  - (4) (c) and (d)
55. How many true breeding pea plant varieties did Mendel select as pairs, which were similar except in one character with contrasting traits ?
- (1) 8
  - (2) 4
  - (3) 2
  - (4) 14
56. Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.
- | Column - I |                               | Column - II |                                  |
|------------|-------------------------------|-------------|----------------------------------|
| (a)        | <i>Clostridium butylicum</i>  | (i)         | Cyclosporin-A                    |
| (b)        | <i>Trichoderma polysporum</i> | (ii)        | Butyric Acid                     |
| (c)        | <i>Monascus purpureus</i>     | (iii)       | Citric Acid                      |
| (d)        | <i>Aspergillus niger</i>      | (iv)        | Blood cholesterol lowering agent |
- (a) (iv) (iii) (ii) (i)
  - (2) (iii) (iv) (ii) (i)
  - (3) (ii) (i) (iv) (iii)
  - (4) (i) (ii) (iv) (iii)
57. Which of the following hormone levels will cause release of ovum (ovulation) from the graffian follicle ?
- (1) Low concentration of FSH
  - (2) High concentration of Estrogen
  - (3) High concentration of Progesterone
  - (4) Low concentration of LH
58. Which of the following refer to **correct** example(s) of organisms which have evolved due to changes in environment brought about by anthropogenic action ?
- (a) Darwin's Finches of Galapagos islands.
  - (b) Herbicide resistant weeds.
  - (c) Drug resistant eukaryotes.
  - (d) Man-created breeds of domesticated animals like dogs.
- (1) only (d)
  - (2) only (a)
  - (3) (a) and (c)
  - (4) (b), (c) and (d)
59. Which of the following statements are **true** for the phylum-Chordata ?
- (a) In Urochordata notochord extends from head to tail and it is present throughout their life.
  - (b) In Vertebrata notochord is present during the embryonic period only.
  - (c) Central nervous system is dorsal and hollow.
  - (d) Chordata is divided into 3 subphyla : Hemichordata, Tunicata and Cephalochordata.
- (1) (b) and (c)
  - (2) (d) and (c)
  - (3) (c) and (a)
  - (4) (a) and (b)



60. Match the following :

- |     |                                 |       |          |
|-----|---------------------------------|-------|----------|
| (a) | Inhibitor of catalytic activity | (i)   | Ricin    |
| (b) | Possess peptide bonds           | (ii)  | Malonate |
| (c) | Cell wall material in fungi     | (iii) | Chitin   |
| (d) | Secondary metabolite            | (iv)  | Collagen |

Choose the **correct** option from the following :

(a) (b) (c) (d)

- |     |       |       |       |      |
|-----|-------|-------|-------|------|
| (1) | (ii)  | (iii) | (i)   | (iv) |
| (2) | (ii)  | (iv)  | (iii) | (i)  |
| (3) | (iii) | (i)   | (iv)  | (ii) |
| (4) | (iii) | (iv)  | (i)   | (ii) |

61. The body of the ovule is fused within the funicle at :

- (1) Chalaza
- (2) Hilum
- (3) Micropyle
- (4) Nucellus

62. The process responsible for facilitating loss of water in liquid form from the tip of grass blades at night and in early morning is :

- (1) Plasmolysis
- (2) Transpiration
- (3) Root pressure
- (4) Imbibition

63. Which of the following statements about inclusion bodies is **incorrect** ?

- (1) These represent reserve material in cytoplasm.
- (2) They are not bound by any membrane.
- (3) These are involved in ingestion of food particles.
- (4) They lie free in the cytoplasm.

64. Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.

**Column - I**

**Column - II**

- |     |                       |       |                                    |
|-----|-----------------------|-------|------------------------------------|
| (a) | Placenta              | (i)   | Androgens                          |
| (b) | Zona pellucida        | (ii)  | Human Chorionic Gonadotropin (hCG) |
| (c) | Bulbo-urethral glands | (iii) | Layer of the ovum                  |
| (d) | Leydig cells          | (iv)  | Lubrication of the Penis           |

(a) (b) (c) (d)

- |     |       |       |      |       |
|-----|-------|-------|------|-------|
| (1) | (ii)  | (iii) | (iv) | (i)   |
| (2) | (iv)  | (ii)  | (i)  | (ii)  |
| (3) | (i)   | (iv)  | (ii) | (iii) |
| (4) | (iii) | (ii)  | (iv) | (i)   |

65. The process of growth is maximum during :

- (1) Dormancy
- (2) Log phase
- (3) Lag phase
- (4) Senescence

66. Match the organism with its use in biotechnology.

- |     |                                  |       |                                     |
|-----|----------------------------------|-------|-------------------------------------|
| (a) | <i>Bacillus thuringiensis</i>    | (i)   | Cloning vector                      |
| (b) | <i>Thermus aquaticus</i>         | (ii)  | Construction of first rDNA molecule |
| (c) | <i>Agrobacterium tumefaciens</i> | (iii) | DNA polymerase                      |
| (d) | <i>Salmonella typhimurium</i>    | (iv)  | Cry proteins                        |

Select the **correct** option from the following :

(a) (b) (c) (d)

- |     |       |       |       |      |
|-----|-------|-------|-------|------|
| (1) | (iii) | (iv)  | (i)   | (ii) |
| (2) | (ii)  | (iv)  | (iii) | (i)  |
| (3) | (iv)  | (iii) | (i)   | (ii) |
| (4) | (iii) | (ii)  | (iv)  | (i)  |

67. Floridean starch has structure similar to :

- (1) Laminarin and cellulose
- (2) Starch and cellulose
- (3) Amylopectin and glycogen
- (4) Mannitol and algin

68. Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.

Column - I		Column - II	
(a)	6 - 15 pairs of gill slits	(i)	<i>Trygon</i>
(b)	Heterocercal caudal fin	(ii)	Cyclostomes
(c)	Air Bladder	(iii)	Chondrichthyes
(d)	Poison sting	(iv)	Osteichthyes

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(i)	(iv)	(iii)	(ii)
(2)	(ii)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)
(3)	(iii)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)
(4)	(iv)	(ii)	(iii)	(i)

69. Presence of which of the following conditions in urine are indicative of Diabetes Mellitus ?

- (1) Renal calculi and Hyperglycaemia
- (2) Uremia and Ketonuria
- (3) Uremia and Renal Calculi
- (4) Ketonuria and Glycosuria

70. Identify the **incorrect** statement.

- (1) Due to deposition of tannins, resins, oils etc., heart wood is dark in colour.
- (2) Heart wood does not conduct water but gives mechanical support.
- (3) Sapwood is involved in conduction of water and minerals from root to leaf.
- (4) Sapwood is the innermost secondary xylem and is lighter in colour.

71. Which one of the following is the most abundant protein in the animals ?

- (1) Insulin
- (2) Haemoglobin
- (3) Collagen
- (4) Lectin

72. Which of the following is **not** an inhibitory substance governing seed dormancy ?

- (1) Para-ascorbic acid
- (2) Gibberellic acid
- (3) Abscisic acid
- (4) Phenolic acid

73. The enzyme enterokinase helps in conversion of :

- (1) pepsinogen into pepsin
- (2) protein into polypeptides
- (3) trypsinogen into trypsin
- (4) caseinogen into casein

74. Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.

Column - I		Column - II	
(a)	Gregarious, polyphagous pest	(i)	<i>Asterias</i>
(b)	Adult with radial symmetry and larva with bilateral symmetry	(ii)	Scorpion
(c)	Book lungs	(iii)	<i>Ctenoplana</i>
(d)	Bioluminescence	(iv)	<i>Locusta</i>

	(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)
(1)	(ii)	(i)	(iii)	(iv)
(2)	(i)	(iii)	(ii)	(iv)
(3)	(iv)	(i)	(ii)	(iii)
(4)	(iii)	(ii)	(i)	(iv)

75. Cuboidal epithelium with brush border of microvilli is found in :

- (1) eustachian tube
- (2) lining of intestine
- (3) ducts of salivary glands
- (4) proximal convoluted tubule of nephron

76. Embryological support for evolution was disapproved by :

- (1) Oparin
- (2) Karl Ernst von Baer
- (3) Alfred Wallace
- (4) Charles Darwin

77. Experimental verification of the chromosomal theory of inheritance was done by :

- (1) Morgan
- (2) Mendel
- (3) Sutton
- (4) Boveri

78. Identify the **wrong** statement with reference to the gene 'I' that controls ABO blood groups.
- (1) Allele 'i' does not produce any sugar.
  - (2) The gene (I) has three alleles.
  - (3) A person will have only two of the three alleles.
  - (4) When  $I^A$  and  $I^B$  are present together, they express same type of sugar.
79. Identify the basic amino acid from the following.
- (1) Valine
  - (2) Tyrosine
  - (3) Glutamic Acid
  - (4) Lysine
80. Dissolution of the synaptonemal complex occurs during :
- (1) Leptotene
  - (2) Pachytene
  - (3) Zygotene
  - (4) Diplotene
81. Some dividing cells exit the cell cycle and enter vegetative inactive stage. This is called quiescent stage ( $G_0$ ). This process occurs at the end of :
- (1)  $G_2$  phase
  - (2) M phase
  - (3)  $G_1$  phase
  - (4) S phase
82. Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.
- | Column - I          |                        | Column - II        |  |
|---------------------|------------------------|--------------------|--|
| (a) Pituitary gland | (i)                    | Grave's disease    |  |
| (b) Thyroid gland   | (ii)                   | Diabetes mellitus  |  |
| (c) Adrenal gland   | (iii)                  | Diabetes insipidus |  |
| (d) Pancreas        | (iv)                   | Addison's disease  |  |
|                     | <b>(a) (b) (c) (d)</b> |                    |  |
| (1)                 | (ii) (i) (iv) (iii)    |                    |  |
| (2)                 | (iv) (iii) (i) (ii)    |                    |  |
| (3)                 | (iii) (ii) (i) (iv)    |                    |  |
| (4)                 | (iii) (i) (iv) (ii)    |                    |  |
83. Select the **correct** events that occur during inspiration.
- (a) Contraction of diaphragm
  - (b) Contraction of external inter-costal muscles
  - (c) Pulmonary volume decreases
  - (d) Intra pulmonary pressure increases
- (1) only (d)
  - (2) (a) and (b)
  - (3) (c) and (d)
  - (4) (a), (b) and (d)
84. The ovary is half inferior in :
- (1) Plum
  - (2) Brinjal
  - (3) Mustard
  - (4) Sunflower
85. The oxygenation activity of RuBisCo enzyme in photorespiration leads to the formation of :
- (1) 1 molecule of 4-C compound and 1 molecule of 2-C compound
  - (2) 2 molecules of 3-C compound
  - (3) 1 molecule of 3-C compound
  - (4) 1 molecule of 6-C compound
86. Which of the following statements is **not correct** ?
- (1) Genetically engineered insulin is produced in *E-Coli*.
  - (2) In man insulin is synthesised as a proinsulin.
  - (3) The proinsulin has an extra peptide called C-peptide.
  - (4) The functional insulin has A and B chains linked together by hydrogen bonds.
87. Which of the following pairs is of unicellular algae ?
- (1) *Chlorella* and *Spirulina*
  - (2) *Laminaria* and *Sargassum*
  - (3) *Gelidium* and *Gracilaria*
  - (4) *Anabaena* and *Volvox*

**H1**

88. Choose the **correct** pair from the following :
- (1) Exonucleases - Make cuts at specific positions within DNA
  - (2) Ligases - Join the two DNA molecules
  - (3) Polymerases - Break the DNA into fragments
  - (4) Nucleases - Separate the two strands of DNA
89. Identify the **wrong** statement with reference to immunity.
- (1) Foetus receives some antibodies from mother, it is an example for passive immunity.
  - (2) When exposed to antigen (living or dead) antibodies are produced in the host's body. It is called "Active immunity".
  - (3) When ready-made antibodies are directly given, it is called "Passive immunity".
  - (4) Active immunity is quick and gives full response.
90. Which of the following would help in prevention of diuresis ?
- (1) Decrease in secretion of renin by JG cells
  - (2) More water reabsorption due to undersecretion of ADH
  - (3) Reabsorption of  $\text{Na}^+$  and water from renal tubules due to aldosterone
  - (4) Atrial natriuretic factor causes vasoconstriction
91. The transverse section of a plant shows following anatomical features :
- (a) Large number of scattered vascular bundles surrounded by bundle sheath.
  - (b) Large conspicuous parenchymatous ground tissue.
  - (c) Vascular bundles conjoint and closed.
  - (d) Phloem parenchyma absent.
- Identify the category of plant and its part :
- (1) Dicotyledonous root
  - (2) Monocotyledonous stem
  - (3) Monocotyledonous root
  - (4) Dicotyledonous stem

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92. Ray florets have :
- (1) Half inferior ovary
  - (2) Inferior ovary
  - (3) Superior ovary
  - (4) Hypogynous ovary
93. Select the **correct** statement.
- (1) Insulin is associated with hyperglycemia.
  - (2) Glucocorticoids stimulate gluconeogenesis.
  - (3) Glucagon is associated with hypoglycemia.
  - (4) Insulin acts on pancreatic cells and adipocytes.
94. Which of the following statements is **correct** ?
- (1) Adenine does not pair with thymine.
  - (2) Adenine pairs with thymine through two H-bonds.
  - (3) Adenine pairs with thymine through one H-bond.
  - (4) Adenine pairs with thymine through three H-bonds.
95. Which of the following is put into Anaerobic sludge digester for further sewage treatment ?
- (1) Activated sludge
  - (2) Primary sludge
  - (3) Floating debris
  - (4) Effluents of primary treatment
96. Name the plant growth regulator which upon spraying on sugarcane crop, increases the length of stem, thus increasing the yield of sugarcane crop.
- (1) Abscisic acid
  - (2) Cytokinin
  - (3) Gibberellin
  - (4) Ethylene

97. The roots that originate from the base of the stem are :
- (1) Lateral roots
  - (2) Fibrous roots
  - (3) Primary roots
  - (4) Prop roots
98. The specific palindromic sequence which is recognized by EcoRI is :
- (1) 5' - GGATCC - 3'  
3' - CCTAGG - 5'
  - (2) 5' - GAATTC - 3'  
3' - CTTAAG - 5'
  - (3) 5' - GGAACC - 3'  
3' - CCTTGG - 5'
  - (4) 5' - CTTAAG - 3'  
3' - GAATTC - 5'
99. Match the following columns and select the correct option.
- | Column - I         | Column - II                                 |
|--------------------|---|
| (a) Floating Ribs  | (i) Located between second and seventh ribs |
| (b) Acromion       | (ii) Head of the Humerus                    |
| (c) Scapula        | (iii) Clavicle                              |
| (d) Glenoid cavity | (iv) Do not connect with the sternum        |
- | (a)       | (b)   | (c)  | (d)   |
|-----------|-------|------|-------|
| (1) (iv)  | (iii) | (i)  | (ii)  |
| (2) (ii)  | (iv)  | (i)  | (iii) |
| (3) (i)   | (iii) | (ii) | (iv)  |
| (4) (iii) | (ii)  | (iv) | (i)   |
100. If the head of cockroach is removed, it may live for few days because :
- (1) the head holds a 1/3<sup>rd</sup> of a nervous system while the rest is situated along the dorsal part of its body.
  - (2) the supra-oesophageal ganglia of the cockroach are situated in ventral part of abdomen.
  - (3) the cockroach does not have nervous system.
  - (4) the head holds a small proportion of a nervous system while the rest is situated along the ventral part of its body.
101. Match the following diseases with the causative organism and select the correct option.
- | Column - I     | Column - II             |
|----------------|-------------------------|
| (a) Typhoid    | (i) <i>Wuchereria</i>   |
| (b) Pneumonia  | (ii) <i>Plasmodium</i>  |
| (c) Filariasis | (iii) <i>Salmonella</i> |
| (d) Malaria    | (iv) <i>Haemophilus</i> |
- | (a)       | (b)   | (c)   | (d)   |
|-----------|-------|-------|-------|
| (1) (iv)  | (i)   | (ii)  | (iii) |
| (2) (i)   | (iii) | (ii)  | (iv)  |
| (3) (iii) | (iv)  | (i)   | (ii)  |
| (4) (ii)  | (i)   | (iii) | (iv)  |
102. Which is the important site of formation of glycoproteins and glycolipids in eukaryotic cells ?
- (1) Polysomes
  - (2) Endoplasmic reticulum
  - (3) Peroxisomes
  - (4) Golgi bodies
103. Which of the following is **not** an attribute of a population ?
- (1) Species interaction
  - (2) Sex ratio
  - (3) Natality
  - (4) Mortality
104. The number of substrate level phosphorylations in one turn of citric acid cycle is :
- (1) Three
  - (2) Zero
  - (3) One
  - (4) Two
105. Montreal protocol was signed in 1987 for control of :
- (1) Disposal of e-wastes
  - (2) Transport of Genetically modified organisms from one country to another
  - (3) Emission of ozone depleting substances
  - (4) Release of Green House gases

- 106.** Bilaterally symmetrical and acoelomate animals are exemplified by :
- (1) Annelida
  - (2) Ctenophora
  - (3) Platyhelminthes
  - (4) Aschelminthes
- 107.** Identify the **wrong** statement with reference to transport of oxygen.
- (1) Low  $p\text{CO}_2$  in alveoli favours the formation of oxyhaemoglobin.
  - (2) Binding of oxygen with haemoglobin is mainly related to partial pressure of  $\text{O}_2$ .
  - (3) Partial pressure of  $\text{CO}_2$  can interfere with  $\text{O}_2$  binding with haemoglobin.
  - (4) Higher  $\text{H}^+$  conc. in alveoli favours the formation of oxyhaemoglobin.
- 108.** Identify the **wrong** statement with regard to Restriction Enzymes.
- (1) Sticky ends can be joined by using DNA ligases.
  - (2) Each restriction enzyme functions by inspecting the length of a DNA sequence.
  - (3) They cut the strand of DNA at palindromic sites.
  - (4) They are useful in genetic engineering.
- 109.** Which of the following is **correct** about viroids ?
- (1) They have free DNA without protein coat.
  - (2) They have RNA with protein coat.
  - (3) They have free RNA without protein coat.
  - (4) They have DNA with protein coat.
- 110.** The sequence that controls the copy number of the linked DNA in the vector, is termed :
- (1) Recognition site
  - (2) Selectable marker
  - (3) Ori site
  - (4) Palindromic sequence
- 111.** Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.
- | Column - I          |       | Column - II                     |
|---------------------|-------|---------------------------------|
| (a) Organ of Corti  | (i)   | Connects middle ear and pharynx |
| (b) Cochlea         | (ii)  | Coiled part of the labyrinth    |
| (c) Eustachian tube | (iii) | Attached to the oval window     |
| (d) Stapes          | (iv)  | Located on the basilar membrane |
- |     | (a)   | (b)   | (c)  | (d)   |
|-----|-------|-------|------|-------|
| (1) | (i)   | (ii)  | (iv) | (iii) |
| (2) | (ii)  | (iii) | (i)  | (iv)  |
| (3) | (iii) | (i)   | (iv) | (ii)  |
| (4) | (iv)  | (ii)  | (i)  | (iii) |
- 112.** From his experiments, S.L. Miller produced amino acids by mixing the following in a closed flask :
- (1)  $\text{CH}_3$ ,  $\text{H}_2$ ,  $\text{NH}_3$  and water vapor at  $600^\circ\text{C}$
  - (2)  $\text{CH}_4$ ,  $\text{H}_2$ ,  $\text{NH}_3$  and water vapor at  $800^\circ\text{C}$
  - (3)  $\text{CH}_3$ ,  $\text{H}_2$ ,  $\text{NH}_4$  and water vapor at  $800^\circ\text{C}$
  - (4)  $\text{CH}_4$ ,  $\text{H}_2$ ,  $\text{NH}_3$  and water vapor at  $600^\circ\text{C}$
- 113.** Which of the following regions of the globe exhibits highest species diversity ?
- (1) Amazon forests
  - (2) Western Ghats of India
  - (3) Madagascar
  - (4) Himalayas
- 114.** Identify the **correct** statement with reference to human digestive system.
- (1) Vermiform appendix arises from duodenum.
  - (2) Ileum opens into small intestine.
  - (3) Serosa is the innermost layer of the alimentary canal.
  - (4) Ileum is a highly coiled part.
- 115.** Bt cotton variety that was developed by the introduction of toxin gene of *Bacillus thuringiensis* (Bt) is resistant to :
- (1) Insect predators
  - (2) Insect pests
  - (3) Fungal diseases
  - (4) Plant nematodes

116. Select the **correct** match.

- (1) Thalassaemia - X linked  
 (2) Haemophilia - Y linked  
 (3) Phenylketonuria - Autosomal dominant trait  
 (4) Sickle cell anaemia - Autosomal recessive trait, chromosome-11

117. The infectious stage of *Plasmodium* that enters the human body is :

- (1) Male gametocytes  
 (2) Trophozoites  
 (3) Sporozoites  
 (4) Female gametocytes

118. The product(s) of reaction catalyzed by nitrogenase in root nodules of leguminous plants is/are :

- (1) Ammonia and hydrogen  
 (2) Ammonia alone  
 (3) Nitrate alone  
 (4) Ammonia and oxygen

119. Match the following columns and select the **correct** option.

Column - I		Column - II	
(a) Bt cotton	(i)	Gene therapy	
(b) Adenosine deaminase deficiency	(ii)	Cellular defence	
(c) RNAi	(iii)	Detection of HIV infection	
(d) PCR	(iv)	<i>Bacillus thuringiensis</i>	

- |     | (a)   | (b)   | (c)   | (d)   |
|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| (1) | (i)   | (ii)  | (iii) | (iv)  |
| (2) | (iv)  | (i)   | (ii)  | (iii) |
| (3) | (iii) | (ii)  | (i)   | (iv)  |
| (4) | (ii)  | (iii) | (iv)  | (i)   |

120. In light reaction, plastoquinone facilitates the transfer of electrons from :

- (1) PS-I to ATP synthase  
 (2) PS-II to Cytb<sub>6</sub>f complex  
 (3) Cytb<sub>6</sub>f complex to PS-I  
 (4) PS-I to NADP<sup>+</sup>

121. According to Robert May, the global species diversity is about :

- (1) 7 million  
 (2) 1.5 million  
 (3) 20 million  
 (4) 50 million

122. In gel electrophoresis, separated DNA fragments can be visualized with the help of :

- (1) Ethidium bromide in infrared radiation  
 (2) Acetocarmine in bright blue light  
 (3) Ethidium bromide in UV radiation  
 (4) Acetocarmine in UV radiation

123. Name the enzyme that facilitates opening of DNA helix during transcription.

- (1) RNA polymerase  
 (2) DNA ligase  
 (3) DNA helicase  
 (4) DNA polymerase

124. Match the following concerning essential elements and their functions in plants :

- |               |       |                                       |
|---------------|-------|---------------------------------------|
| (a) Iron      | (i)   | Photolysis of water                   |
| (b) Zinc      | (ii)  | Pollen germination                    |
| (c) Boron     | (iii) | Required for chlorophyll biosynthesis |
| (d) Manganese | (iv)  | IAA biosynthesis                      |

Select the **correct** option :

- |     | (a)   | (b)   | (c)  | (d)   |
|-----|-------|-------|------|-------|
| (1) | (iv)  | (i)   | (ii) | (iii) |
| (2) | (ii)  | (i)   | (iv) | (iii) |
| (3) | (iv)  | (iii) | (ii) | (i)   |
| (4) | (iii) | (iv)  | (ii) | (i)   |

- 125.** Identify the **correct** statement with regard to G<sub>1</sub> phase (Gap 1) of interphase.
- (1) Nuclear Division takes place.
  - (2) DNA synthesis or replication takes place.
  - (3) Reorganisation of all cell components takes place.
  - (4) Cell is metabolically active, grows but does not replicate its DNA.
- 126.** Secondary metabolites such as nicotine, strychnine and caffeine are produced by plants for their :
- (1) Effect on reproduction
  - (2) Nutritive value
  - (3) Growth response
  - (4) Defence action
- 127.** Flippers of Penguins and Dolphins are examples of :
- (1) Natural selection
  - (2) Adaptive radiation
  - (3) Convergent evolution
  - (4) Industrial melanism
- 128.** The first phase of translation is :
- (1) Recognition of an anti-codon
  - (2) Binding of mRNA to ribosome
  - (3) Recognition of DNA molecule
  - (4) Aminoacylation of tRNA
- 129.** Goblet cells of alimentary canal are modified from :
- (1) Compound epithelial cells
  - (2) Squamous epithelial cells
  - (3) Columnar epithelial cells
  - (4) Chondrocytes
- 130.** Select the option including all sexually transmitted diseases.
- (1) Cancer, AIDS, Syphilis
  - (2) Gonorrhoea, Syphilis, Genital herpes
  - (3) Gonorrhoea, Malaria, Genital herpes
  - (4) AIDS, Malaria, Filariasis
- 131.** In which of the following techniques, the embryos are transferred to assist those females who cannot conceive ?
- (1) GIFT and ICSI
  - (2) ZIFT and IUT
  - (3) GIFT and ZIFT
  - (4) ICSI and ZIFT
- 132.** In relation to Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity of an ecosystem, which one of the following statements is **correct** ?
- (1) There is no relationship between Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity.
  - (2) Gross primary productivity is always less than net primary productivity.
  - (3) Gross primary productivity is always more than net primary productivity.
  - (4) Gross primary productivity and Net primary productivity are one and same.
- 133.** Identify the substances having glycosidic bond and peptide bond, respectively in their structure :
- (1) Inulin, insulin
  - (2) Chitin, cholesterol
  - (3) Glycerol, trypsin
  - (4) Cellulose, lecithin
- 134.** Match the trophic levels with their **correct** species examples in grassland ecosystem.
- |                          |       |         |
|--------------------------|-------|---------|
| (a) Fourth trophic level | (i)   | Crow    |
| (b) Second trophic level | (ii)  | Vulture |
| (c) First trophic level  | (iii) | Rabbit  |
| (d) Third trophic level  | (iv)  | Grass   |
- Select the **correct** option :
- |     | (a)   | (b)   | (c)   | (d)  |
|-----|-------|-------|-------|------|
| (1) | (i)   | (ii)  | (iii) | (iv) |
| (2) | (ii)  | (iii) | (iv)  | (i)  |
| (3) | (iii) | (ii)  | (i)   | (iv) |
| (4) | (iv)  | (iii) | (ii)  | (i)  |



135. Match the following with respect to meiosis :

- |                |                     |
|----------------|---------------------|
| (a) Zygotene   | (i) Terminalization |
| (b) Pachytene  | (ii) Chiasmata      |
| (c) Diplotene  | (iii) Crossing over |
| (d) Diakinesis | (iv) Synapsis       |

Select the **correct** option from the following :

- |     | (a)   | (b)   | (c)   | (d)   |
|-----|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| (1) | (ii)  | (iv)  | (iii) | (i)   |
| (2) | (iii) | (iv)  | (i)   | (ii)  |
| (3) | (iv)  | (iii) | (ii)  | (i)   |
| (4) | (i)   | (ii)  | (iv)  | (iii) |

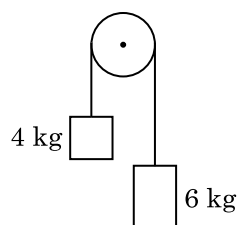
136. An electron is accelerated from rest through a potential difference of  $V$  volt. If the de Broglie wavelength of the electron is  $1.227 \times 10^{-2}$  nm, the potential difference is :

- (1)  $10^4$  V
- (2) 10 V
- (3)  $10^2$  V
- (4)  $10^3$  V

137. In Young's double slit experiment, if the separation between coherent sources is halved and the distance of the screen from the coherent sources is doubled, then the fringe width becomes :

- (1) one-fourth
- (2) double
- (3) half
- (4) four times

138. Two bodies of mass 4 kg and 6 kg are tied to the ends of a massless string. The string passes over a pulley which is frictionless (see figure). The acceleration of the system in terms of acceleration due to gravity ( $g$ ) is :



- (1)  $g/10$
- (2)  $g$
- (3)  $g/2$
- (4)  $g/5$

139. The ratio of contributions made by the electric field and magnetic field components to the intensity of an electromagnetic wave is : ( $c$  = speed of electromagnetic waves)

- (1)  $1 : c^2$
- (2)  $c : 1$
- (3)  $1 : 1$
- (4)  $1 : c$

140. The mean free path for a gas, with molecular diameter  $d$  and number density  $n$  can be expressed as :

- (1)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} n^2 \pi^2 d^2}$
- (2)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} n \pi d}$
- (3)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} n \pi d^2}$
- (4)  $\frac{1}{\sqrt{2} n^2 \pi d^2}$

141. A series LCR circuit is connected to an ac voltage source. When  $L$  is removed from the circuit, the phase difference between current and voltage is  $\frac{\pi}{3}$ . If instead  $C$  is removed from the circuit,

- the phase difference is again  $\frac{\pi}{3}$  between current and voltage. The power factor of the circuit is :
- (1)  $-1.0$
  - (2) zero
  - (3) 0.5
  - (4) 1.0

142. A ray is incident at an angle of incidence  $i$  on one surface of a small angle prism (with angle of prism  $A$ ) and emerges normally from the opposite surface. If the refractive index of the material of the prism is  $\mu$ , then the angle of incidence is nearly equal to :

- (1)  $\frac{\mu A}{2}$
- (2)  $\frac{A}{2\mu}$
- (3)  $\frac{2A}{\mu}$
- (4)  $\mu A$

143. Taking into account of the significant figures, what is the value of  $9.99 \text{ m} - 0.0099 \text{ m}$  ?

- (1) 9.9 m
- (2) 9.9801 m
- (3) 9.98 m
- (4) 9.980 m

144. For which one of the following, Bohr model is **not** valid ?

- (1) Singly ionised neon atom ( $\text{Ne}^+$ )
- (2) Hydrogen atom
- (3) Singly ionised helium atom ( $\text{He}^+$ )
- (4) Deuteron atom

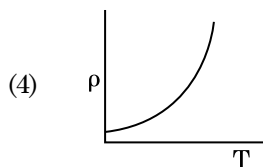
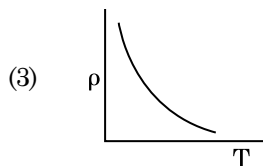
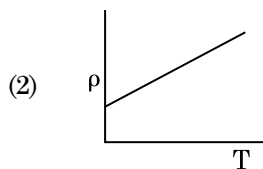
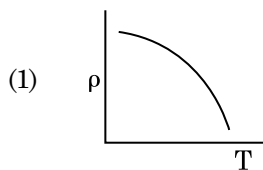
145. When a uranium isotope  ${}_{92}^{235}\text{U}$  is bombarded with a neutron, it generates  ${}_{36}^{89}\text{Kr}$ , three neutrons and :

- (1)  ${}_{36}^{103}\text{Kr}$
- (2)  ${}_{56}^{144}\text{Ba}$
- (3)  ${}_{40}^{91}\text{Zr}$
- (4)  ${}_{36}^{101}\text{Kr}$

146. In a certain region of space with volume  $0.2 \text{ m}^3$ , the electric potential is found to be  $5 \text{ V}$  throughout. The magnitude of electric field in this region is :

- (1)  $5 \text{ N/C}$
- (2) zero
- (3)  $0.5 \text{ N/C}$
- (4)  $1 \text{ N/C}$

147. Which of the following graph represents the variation of resistivity ( $\rho$ ) with temperature (T) for copper ?



148. Two cylinders A and B of equal capacity are connected to each other via a stop cock. A contains an ideal gas at standard temperature and pressure. B is completely evacuated. The entire system is thermally insulated. The stop cock is suddenly opened. The process is :

- (1) isobaric
- (2) isothermal
- (3) adiabatic
- (4) isochoric

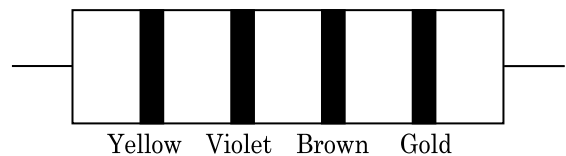
149. A resistance wire connected in the left gap of a metre bridge balances a  $10 \Omega$  resistance in the right gap at a point which divides the bridge wire in the ratio  $3 : 2$ . If the length of the resistance wire is  $1.5 \text{ m}$ , then the length of  $1 \Omega$  of the resistance wire is :

- (1)  $1.5 \times 10^{-2} \text{ m}$
- (2)  $1.0 \times 10^{-2} \text{ m}$
- (3)  $1.0 \times 10^{-1} \text{ m}$
- (4)  $1.5 \times 10^{-1} \text{ m}$

150. The quantities of heat required to raise the temperature of two solid copper spheres of radii  $r_1$  and  $r_2$  ( $r_1 = 1.5 r_2$ ) through  $1 \text{ K}$  are in the ratio :

- (1)  $\frac{5}{3}$
- (2)  $\frac{27}{8}$
- (3)  $\frac{9}{4}$
- (4)  $\frac{3}{2}$

151. The color code of a resistance is given below :



The values of resistance and tolerance, respectively, are :

- (1)  $470 \Omega, 5\%$
- (2)  $470 \text{ k}\Omega, 5\%$
- (3)  $47 \text{ k}\Omega, 10\%$
- (4)  $4.7 \text{ k}\Omega, 5\%$

152. The solids which have the negative temperature coefficient of resistance are :
- (1) insulators and semiconductors
  - (2) metals
  - (3) insulators only
  - (4) semiconductors only
153. For transistor action, which of the following statements is **correct** ?
- (1) The base region must be very thin and lightly doped.
  - (2) Base, emitter and collector regions should have same doping concentrations.
  - (3) Base, emitter and collector regions should have same size.
  - (4) Both emitter junction as well as the collector junction are forward biased.
154. A spherical conductor of radius 10 cm has a charge of  $3.2 \times 10^{-7}$  C distributed uniformly. What is the magnitude of electric field at a point 15 cm from the centre of the sphere ?
- $$\left( \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} = 9 \times 10^9 \text{ N m}^2/\text{C}^2 \right)$$
- (1)  $1.28 \times 10^7$  N/C
  - (2)  $1.28 \times 10^4$  N/C
  - (3)  $1.28 \times 10^5$  N/C
  - (4)  $1.28 \times 10^6$  N/C
155. Light of frequency 1.5 times the threshold frequency is incident on a photosensitive material. What will be the photoelectric current if the frequency is halved and intensity is doubled ?
- (1) zero
  - (2) doubled
  - (3) four times
  - (4) one-fourth
156. Two particles of mass 5 kg and 10 kg respectively are attached to the two ends of a rigid rod of length 1 m with negligible mass.
- The centre of mass of the system from the 5 kg particle is nearly at a distance of :
- (1) 80 cm
  - (2) 33 cm
  - (3) 50 cm
  - (4) 67 cm
157. A wire of length  $L$ , area of cross section  $A$  is hanging from a fixed support. The length of the wire changes to  $L_1$  when mass  $M$  is suspended from its free end. The expression for Young's modulus is :
- (1)  $\frac{MgL}{A(L_1 - L)}$
  - (2)  $\frac{MgL_1}{AL}$
  - (3)  $\frac{Mg(L_1 - L)}{AL}$
  - (4)  $\frac{MgL}{AL_1}$
158. A charged particle having drift velocity of  $7.5 \times 10^{-4} \text{ m s}^{-1}$  in an electric field of  $3 \times 10^{-10} \text{ Vm}^{-1}$ , has a mobility in  $\text{m}^2 \text{V}^{-1} \text{s}^{-1}$  of :
- (1)  $2.25 \times 10^{-15}$
  - (2)  $2.25 \times 10^{15}$
  - (3)  $2.5 \times 10^6$
  - (4)  $2.5 \times 10^{-6}$
159. Assume that light of wavelength 600 nm is coming from a star. The limit of resolution of telescope whose objective has a diameter of 2 m is :
- (1)  $6.00 \times 10^{-7}$  rad
  - (2)  $3.66 \times 10^{-7}$  rad
  - (3)  $1.83 \times 10^{-7}$  rad
  - (4)  $7.32 \times 10^{-7}$  rad
160. Find the torque about the origin when a force of  $3\hat{j}$  N acts on a particle whose position vector is  $2\hat{k}$  m .
- (1)  $6\hat{k}$  N m
  - (2)  $6\hat{i}$  N m
  - (3)  $6\hat{j}$  N m
  - (4)  $-6\hat{i}$  N m
161. Light with an average flux of  $20 \text{ W/cm}^2$  falls on a non-reflecting surface at normal incidence having surface area  $20 \text{ cm}^2$ . The energy received by the surface during time span of 1 minute is :
- (1)  $48 \times 10^3 \text{ J}$
  - (2)  $10 \times 10^3 \text{ J}$
  - (3)  $12 \times 10^3 \text{ J}$
  - (4)  $24 \times 10^3 \text{ J}$

- 162.** A screw gauge has least count of 0.01 mm and there are 50 divisions in its circular scale.

The pitch of the screw gauge is :

- (1) 1.0 mm
- (2) 0.01 mm
- (3) 0.25 mm
- (4) 0.5 mm

- 163.** The capacitance of a parallel plate capacitor with air as medium is  $6 \mu\text{F}$ . With the introduction of a dielectric medium, the capacitance becomes  $30 \mu\text{F}$ . The permittivity of the medium is :

$$(\epsilon_0 = 8.85 \times 10^{-12} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2})$$

- (1)  $5.00 \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
- (2)  $0.44 \times 10^{-13} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
- (3)  $1.77 \times 10^{-12} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$
- (4)  $0.44 \times 10^{-10} \text{ C}^2 \text{ N}^{-1} \text{ m}^{-2}$

- 164.** The energy equivalent of 0.5 g of a substance is :

- (1)  $0.5 \times 10^{13} \text{ J}$
- (2)  $4.5 \times 10^{16} \text{ J}$
- (3)  $4.5 \times 10^{13} \text{ J}$
- (4)  $1.5 \times 10^{13} \text{ J}$

- 165.** A body weighs 72 N on the surface of the earth. What is the gravitational force on it, at a height equal to half the radius of the earth ?

- (1) 24 N
- (2) 48 N
- (3) 32 N
- (4) 30 N

- 166.** A ball is thrown vertically downward with a velocity of 20 m/s from the top of a tower. It hits the ground after some time with a velocity of 80 m/s. The height of the tower is : ( $g = 10 \text{ m/s}^2$ )

- (1) 300 m
- (2) 360 m
- (3) 340 m
- (4) 320 m

- 167.** A capillary tube of radius  $r$  is immersed in water and water rises in it to a height  $h$ . The mass of the water in the capillary is 5 g. Another capillary tube of radius  $2r$  is immersed in water. The mass of water that will rise in this tube is :

- (1) 20.0 g
- (2) 2.5 g
- (3) 5.0 g
- (4) 10.0 g

- 168.** In a guitar, two strings A and B made of same material are slightly out of tune and produce beats of frequency 6 Hz. When tension in B is slightly decreased, the beat frequency increases to 7 Hz. If the frequency of A is 530 Hz, the original frequency of B will be :

- (1) 537 Hz
- (2) 523 Hz
- (3) 524 Hz
- (4) 536 Hz

- 169.** The increase in the width of the depletion region in a p-n junction diode is due to :

- (1) increase in forward current
- (2) forward bias only
- (3) reverse bias only
- (4) both forward bias and reverse bias

- 170.** Dimensions of stress are :

- (1)  $[\text{ML}^{-1}\text{T}^{-2}]$
- (2)  $[\text{MLT}^{-2}]$
- (3)  $[\text{ML}^2\text{T}^{-2}]$
- (4)  $[\text{ML}^0\text{T}^{-2}]$

- 171.** A short electric dipole has a dipole moment of  $16 \times 10^{-9} \text{ C m}$ . The electric potential due to the dipole at a point at a distance of 0.6 m from the centre of the dipole, situated on a line making an angle of  $60^\circ$  with the dipole axis is :

$$\left( \frac{1}{4\pi\epsilon_0} = 9 \times 10^9 \text{ N m}^2/\text{C}^2 \right)$$

- (1) zero
- (2) 50 V
- (3) 200 V
- (4) 400 V

172. The phase difference between displacement and acceleration of a particle in a simple harmonic motion is :

- (1) zero
- (2)  $\pi$  rad
- (3)  $\frac{3\pi}{2}$  rad
- (4)  $\frac{\pi}{2}$  rad

173. A  $40 \mu\text{F}$  capacitor is connected to a 200 V, 50 Hz ac supply. The rms value of the current in the circuit is, nearly :

- (1) 25.1 A
- (2) 1.7 A
- (3) 2.05 A
- (4) 2.5 A

174. An iron rod of susceptibility 599 is subjected to a magnetising field of  $1200 \text{ A m}^{-1}$ . The permeability of the material of the rod is :

$$(\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T m A}^{-1})$$

- (1)  $2.4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$
- (2)  $2.4\pi \times 10^{-4} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$
- (3)  $8.0 \times 10^{-5} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$
- (4)  $2.4\pi \times 10^{-5} \text{ T m A}^{-1}$

175. The Brewsters angle  $i_b$  for an interface should be :

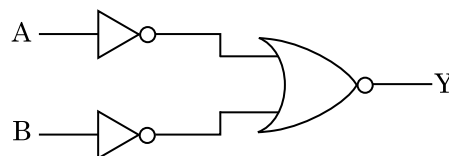
- (1)  $i_b = 90^\circ$
- (2)  $0^\circ < i_b < 30^\circ$
- (3)  $30^\circ < i_b < 45^\circ$
- (4)  $45^\circ < i_b < 90^\circ$

176. A long solenoid of 50 cm length having 100 turns carries a current of 2.5 A. The magnetic field at the centre of the solenoid is :

$$(\mu_0 = 4\pi \times 10^{-7} \text{ T m A}^{-1})$$

- (1)  $3.14 \times 10^{-5} \text{ T}$
- (2)  $6.28 \times 10^{-4} \text{ T}$
- (3)  $3.14 \times 10^{-4} \text{ T}$
- (4)  $6.28 \times 10^{-5} \text{ T}$

177. For the logic circuit shown, the truth table is :



- (1)

A	B	Y
0	0	1
0	1	0
1	0	0
1	1	0
- (2)

A	B	Y
0	0	0
0	1	0
1	0	0
1	1	1
- (3)

A	B	Y
0	0	0
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	1
- (4)

A	B	Y
0	0	1
0	1	1
1	0	1
1	1	0

178. The average thermal energy for a mono-atomic gas is : ( $k_B$  is Boltzmann constant and T, absolute temperature)

- (1)  $\frac{7}{2} k_B T$
- (2)  $\frac{1}{2} k_B T$
- (3)  $\frac{3}{2} k_B T$
- (4)  $\frac{5}{2} k_B T$

179. The energy required to break one bond in DNA is  $10^{-20} \text{ J}$ . This value in eV is nearly :

- (1) 0.006
- (2) 6
- (3) 0.6
- (4) 0.06

180. A cylinder contains hydrogen gas at pressure of 249 kPa and temperature  $27^\circ\text{C}$ .

Its density is : ( $R = 8.3 \text{ J mol}^{-1} \text{ K}^{-1}$ )

- (1)  $0.02 \text{ kg/m}^3$
- (2)  $0.5 \text{ kg/m}^3$
- (3)  $0.2 \text{ kg/m}^3$
- (4)  $0.1 \text{ kg/m}^3$

**H1**

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**Space For Rough Work**

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**H1**

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