Pair of Lines and Transversal

Exercise 15.1

Question: 1

Identify parallel line segments:



Solution:

- (i) BC || DE
- (ii) AB II DC, AD II BC
- (iii) AB || DC, AD || BC
- (iv) PQ ${\ensuremath{\mathbb I}}$ TS, UT ${\ensuremath{\mathbb I}}$ QR , UP ${\ensuremath{\mathbb I}}$ SR
- (v) AB || DC || EF, AD || BC and DE || CF

(vi) BC II E, AB II DF and AC II DE

Question: 2

Name the pairs of all possible parallel edges of the pencil box whose figure is shown in the figure



Solution:

- (i) AH || DG || CF || BE
- (ii) AB || DC || GF || HE
- (iii) AD || HG || EF || BC

Question: 3

In the figure, do the segments AB and CD intersect? Are they parallel? Give reasons.



Solution:

In the given position, segments AB and CD do not intersect, but hey can if extended to a point. No, they are not parallel, as the distance between them is not constant.

Question: 4

State which of the following are true or false:

- i) If two lines in the same plane do not intersect, then they must be parallel
- ii) Distance between two parallel lines is not same everywhere
- iii) If m perpendicular I and n perpendicular I and m \neq n, then m parallel to n
- iv) Two non intersecting co –planar rays are parallel
- iv) If Ray AB parallel to m, then line segment AB parallel to m
- v) If Ray AB parallel to m, then line segment AB parallel to m
- vi) No two parallel segments intersect each other
- vii) Every pair of lines is a pair of co-planar lines
- viii) Two lines perpendicular to the same line are parallel
- ix) A line perpendicular to one of two parallel lines is perpendicular to each other

Solution:

State which of the following are true or false:

- i) True
- ii) False
- iii) True
- iv) False
- iv) True
- v) True
- vi) True
- vii) False
- viii) True
- ix) True

Question: 5

i) Alternate corresponding angles



ii) Angles alternate to $\angle d$ and $\angle g$ and angles corresponding to angles $\angle f$ and $\angle h$ in the figure



iii) Angles alternative to \angle PQR, angle corresponding to \angle RQF and angle alternative to \angle PQE in the figure



Solution:

i)

Alternate interior angles are:

Angle BGH and angle CHG

Angle AGH and angle CHF

Alternate exterior angles: Angle AGE and angle DHF Angle EGB and angle CHF Corresponding angles are: Angle EGB and angle GHD Angle EGA and angle GHC Angle BGH and angle DHF Angle AGF and angle CHF ii) The alternate angle to $\angle d$ is $\angle e$ and alternate angles to $\angle g$ is $\angle b$ The corresponding angles to $\angle f$ is $\angle c$ and $\angle h$ is $\angle a$ iii) In the given figure. 'I' is a transversal to 'm' and 'n' So, the alternate angle of $\angle PQR$ is $\angle QRA$ The corresponding angle \angle RQF and \angle BRA The alternate angle of $\angle PQE$ is $\angle BRA$

Question: 6

Match column A and column B.

i) Vertically opposite angles \rightarrow a. ${\ensuremath{\angle}} PAB$ and ${\ensuremath{\angle}} ABS$

ii) Alternate angles \rightarrow b – ${\scriptstyle \angle} PAB$ and ${\scriptstyle \angle} RBY$

iii) Corresponding angles \rightarrow c. ${\scriptstyle \angle}\mathsf{PAB}$ and ${\scriptstyle {\scriptstyle \angle}}\mathsf{XAQ}$

Solution:

i) Vertically opposite angles \rightarrow c. ${\it \angle} PAB$ and ${\it \angle} XAQ$

- ii) Alternate angles $\rightarrow~$ a. ${\scriptstyle \angle} \text{PAB}$ and ${\scriptstyle \angle} \text{ABS}$
- iii) Corresponding angles \rightarrow b ${\scriptstyle \angle} PAB$ and ${\scriptstyle \angle} RBY$