

Mathematics

(Chapter – 4) (Simple Equations) (Class - VII)

Exercise 4.1

Question 1:

Complete the last column of the table:

C No	Equation	Value Cay whather the Equation is				
S. No.	Equation	Value	Say, whether the Equation is			
			satisfied. (Yes / No)			
(i)	x+3=0	x=3				
(ii)	x+3=0	x = 0				
(iii)	x+3=0	x = -3				
(iv)	x - 7 = 1	<i>x</i> = 7				
(v)	x - 7 = 1	x = 8				
(vi)	5x = 25	x = 0	19, 91,			
(vii)	5x = 25	x = 5	90, 40			
(viii)	5x = 25	x = -5	10,76,			
(viii)	$\frac{m}{3} = 2$	m = -6				
(ix)	$\frac{m}{3}=2$	m=0				
(x)	$\frac{m}{3} = 2$	m=6				

Answer 1:

Rana Answer 1:						
S. No.	Equation	Value	Say, whether the Equation is satisfied. (Yes / No)			
(i)	x+3=0	x=3	No			
(ii)	x+3=0	x = 0	No	CO Cillo		
(iii)	x+3=0	x = -3	Yes	50,00		
(iv)	x - 7 = 1	<i>x</i> = 7	No			
(v)	x-7=1	x = 8	Yes	9		

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(vi)	5x = 25	x = 0	No
(vii)	5x = 25	x = 5	Yes
(viii)	5x = 25	x = -5	No
(viii)	$\frac{m}{3}=2$	m = -6	No
(ix)	$\frac{m}{3}=2$	m = 0	No
(x)	$\frac{m}{3} = 2$	m=6	Yes

Question 2:

Check whether the value given in the brackets is a solution to the given equation or not:

(a)
$$n+5=19(n=1)$$

(b)
$$7n+5=19(n=-2)$$

(c)
$$7n+5=19(n=2)$$

(d)
$$4p-3=13(p=1)$$

(e)
$$4p-3=13(p=-4)$$

(f)
$$4p-3=13(p=0)$$

Answer 2:

(a)
$$n+5=19(n=1)$$

Putting n = 1 in L.H.S.,

$$1 + 5 = 6$$

- : L.H.S. ≠ R.H.S.,
- \therefore n=1 is not the solution of given equation.

(b)
$$7n+5=19(n=-2)$$

Putting n = -2 in L.H.S.,

$$7(-2)+5=-14+5=-9$$

- : L.H.S. ≠ R.H.S.,
- \therefore n = -2 is not the solution of given equation.



(c)
$$7n+5=19(n=2)$$

Putting n = 2 in L.H.S.,

$$7(2)+5=14+5=19$$

$$\therefore$$
 L.H.S. = R.H.S.,

n = 2 is the solution of given equation.

(a)
$$4p-3=13(p=1)$$

Putting p = 1 in L.H.S.,

$$4(1)-3=4-3=1$$

p = 1 is not the solution of given equation.

(b)
$$4p-3=13(p=-4)$$

Putting p = -4 in L.H.S.,

$$4(-4)-3=-16-3=-19$$

$$\therefore$$
 L.H.S. \neq R.H.S.,

p = -4 is not the solution of given equation.

(c)
$$4p-3=13(p=0)$$

Putting p = 0 in L.H.S.,

$$4(0)-3=0-3=-3$$

p = 0 is not the solution of given equation.

Question 3:

Solve the following equations by trial and error method:

(i)
$$5p + 2 = 17$$

(ii)
$$3m-14=4$$

Answer 3:

(i)
$$5p + 2 = 17$$

Million Stars & Practice
William Realth 5(-3)+2 = -15+2=-13Putting p = -3 in L.H.S.

: $-13 \neq 17$ Therefore, p = -3 is not the solution.



Putting
$$p = -2$$
 in L.H.S. $5(-2) + 2 = -10 + 2 = -8$

∴
$$-8 \neq 17$$
 Therefore, $p = -2$ is not the solution.

Putting
$$p = -1$$
 in L.H.S. $5(-1)+2 = -5+2 = -3$

∴
$$-3 \ne 17$$
 Therefore, $p = -1$ is not the solution.

Putting
$$p = 0$$
 in L.H.S. $5(0) + 2 = 0 + 2 = 2$

$$\therefore$$
 2 \neq 17 Therefore, $p = 0$ is not the solution.

Putting
$$p = 1$$
 in L.H.S. $5(1) + 2 = 5 + 2 = 7$

$$\therefore$$
 7 \neq 17 Therefore, $p = 1$ is not the solution.

Putting
$$p = 2$$
 in L.H.S. $5(2) + 2 = 10 + 2 = 12$

:
$$12 \neq 17$$
 Therefore, $p = 2$ is not the solution.

Putting
$$p = 3$$
 in L.H.S. $5(3) + 2 = 15 + 2 = 17$

:
$$17 = 17$$
 Therefore, $p = 3$ is the solution.

(ii)
$$3m-14=4$$

Putting
$$m = -2$$
 in L.H.S. $3(-2) - 14 = -6 - 14 = -20$

∴
$$-20 \neq 4$$
 Therefore, $m = -2$ is not the solution.

Putting
$$m = -1$$
 in L.H.S. $3(-1)-14 = -3-14 = -17$

:
$$-17 \neq 4$$
 Therefore, $m = -1$ is not the solution.

Putting
$$m = 0$$
 in L.H.S. $3(0) - 14 = 0 - 14 = -14$

:
$$-14 \neq 4$$
 Therefore, $m = 0$ is not the solution.

Putting
$$m = 1$$
 in L.H.S. $3(1) - 14 = 3 - 14 = -11$

:
$$-11 \neq 4$$
 Therefore, $m = 1$ is not the solution.

Putting
$$m=2$$
 in L.H.S. $3(2)-14=6-14=-8$

$$\therefore$$
 -8 \neq 4 Therefore, $m=2$ is not the solution.

Putting
$$m = 3$$
 in L.H.S. $3(3) - 14 = 9 - 14 = -5$

$$\therefore$$
 -5 \neq 4 Therefore, $m=3$ is not the solution.

Putting
$$m=2$$
 in L.H.S. $3(2)-14=6-14=-8$
 $\therefore -8 \neq 4$ Therefore, $m=2$ is not the solution.

Putting $m=3$ in L.H.S. $3(3)-14=9-14=-5$
 $\therefore -5 \neq 4$ Therefore, $m=3$ is not the solution.

Putting $m=4$ in L.H.S. $3(4)-14=12-14=-2$
 $\because -2 \neq 4$ Therefore, $m=4$ is not the solution.

Putting $m=5$ in L.H.S. $3(5)-14=15-14=1$
 $\because 1 \neq 4$ Therefore, $m=5$ is not the solution.

Putting $m=6$ in L.H.S. $3(6)-14=18-14=4$
 $\therefore 4=4$ Therefore, $m=6$ is the solution.

$$\therefore$$
 -2 \neq 4 Therefore, $m=4$ is not the solution.

Putting
$$m = 5$$
 in L.H.S. $3(5) - 14 = 15 - 14 = 1$

$$\therefore$$
 1 \neq 4 Therefore, $m = 5$ is not the solution.

Putting
$$m = 6$$
 in L.H.S. $3(6) - 14 = 18 - 14 = 4$

$$\therefore$$
 4 = 4 Therefore, $m = 6$ is the solution.



Question 4:

Write equations for the following statements:

- The sum of numbers x and 4 is 9.
- 2 subtracted from *y* is 8. (ii)
- Ten times a is 70. (iii)
- (iv) The number b divided by 5 gives 6.
- (v) Three-fourth of *t* is 15.
- (vi) Seven times m plus 7 gets you 77.
- (vii) One-fourth of a number *x* minus 4 gives 4.
- If you take away 6 from 6 times y, you get 60. (viii)
- (ix) If you add 3 to one-third of *z*, you get 30.

Answer 4:

(i)
$$x+4=9$$

(ii)
$$y-2=8$$

(iii)
$$10a = 70$$

(iv)
$$\frac{b}{5} = 6$$

(v)
$$\frac{3}{4}t = 15$$

(vi)
$$7m+7=77$$

(vii)
$$\frac{x}{4} - 4 = 4$$

(viii)
$$6y - 6 = 60$$

(ix)
$$\frac{z}{3} + 3 = 30$$

Question 5:

Write the following equations in statement form:

(i)
$$p+4=15$$

(ii)
$$m-7=3$$

(iii)
$$2m = 7$$

(iv)
$$\frac{m}{5} = 3$$

$$(v) \qquad \frac{3m}{5} = 6$$

(ii)
$$m-7=3$$

(iv) $\frac{m}{5}=3$
(vi) $3p+4=25$
(viii) $\frac{p}{2}+2=8$

(vii)
$$4p-2=18$$

(viii)
$$\frac{p}{2} + 2 = 8$$



Answer 5:

- (i) The sum of numbers p and 4 is 15.
- (ii) 7 subtracted from m is 3.
- Two times m is 7. (iii)
- The number m is divided by 5 gives 3. (iv)
- Three-fifth of the number m is 6. (v)
- (vi) Three times p plus 4 gets 25.
- (vii) If you take away 2 from 4 times p, you get 18.
- (viii) If you added 2 to half is p, you get 8.

Question 6:

Set up an equation in the following cases:

- Irfan says that he has 7 marbles more than five times the marbles Parmit has. Irfan has 37 marbles. (Tale m to be the number of Parmit's marbles.)
- (ii) Laxmi's father is 49 years old. He is 4 years older than three times Laxmi's age. (Take Laxmi's age to be y years.)
- The teacher tells the class that the highest marks obtained by a student in (iii) her class are twice the lowest marks plus 7. The highest score is 87. (Take the lowest score to be l.
- (iv) In an isosceles triangle, the vertex angle is twice either base angle. (Let the base angle be b in degrees. Remember that the sum of angles of a triangle is 180°.)

Answer 6:

- Let *m* be the number of Parmit's marbles. (i)
 - 5m + 7 = 37
- Let the age of Laxmi be *y* years. (ii)
 - 3y + 4 = 49
- (iii) Let the lowest score be *l*.
 - 2l + 7 = 87
- Million Stars & Ractice Rain & Ractice Let the base angle of the isosceles triangle be b, so vertex angle = 2b. (iv)
 - $2b+b+b=180^{\circ}$ *:*.
 - $4b = 180^{\circ}$ [Angle sum property of a Δ] \Rightarrow



Exercise 4.2

Question 1:

Give first the step you will use to separate the variable and then solve the equations:

(a)
$$x-1=0$$

(b)
$$x+1=0$$

(c)
$$x-1=5$$

(d)
$$x+6=2$$

(e)
$$y-4=-7$$

(f)
$$y-4=4$$

(g)
$$y + 4 = 4$$

(h)
$$y+4=-4$$

Answer 1:

(a)
$$x-1=0$$

$$\Rightarrow x-1+1=0+1$$

$$\Rightarrow x=1$$

(b)
$$x+1=0$$

$$\Rightarrow x+1-1=0-1$$

[Adding 1 both sides]

$$\Rightarrow x = -1$$

(c)
$$x-1=5$$

$$\Rightarrow x-1+1=5+1$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 6$$

(d)
$$x+6=2$$

$$\Rightarrow x+6-6=2-6$$

$$\Rightarrow x = -4$$

[Subtracting 6 both sides]

(e)
$$y-4=-7$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 $y-4+4=-7+4$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 $y = -3$

[Adding 4 both sides]

(f)
$$y-4=4$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 $y-4+4=4+4$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 $y = 8$

(g)
$$y+4=4$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 $y+4-4=4-4$

$$\Rightarrow v = 0$$

(h)
$$y+4=-4$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 $y+4-4=-4-4$

y = -8 \Rightarrow



Question 2:

Give first the step you will use to separate the variable and then solve the equations

(a)
$$3l = 42$$

(b)
$$\frac{b}{2} = 6$$

(c)
$$\frac{p}{7} = 4$$

(d)
$$4x = 25$$

(e)
$$8y = 36$$

(f)
$$\frac{z}{3} = \frac{5}{4}$$

(g)
$$\frac{a}{5} = \frac{7}{15}$$

(h)
$$20t = -10$$

Answer 2:

(a)
$$3l = 42$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{3l}{3} = \frac{42}{3}$$

$$\Rightarrow l=14$$

(b)
$$\frac{b}{2} = 6$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{b}{2} \times 2 = 6 \times 2$$

$$\Rightarrow b=12$$

(c)
$$\frac{p}{7} = 4$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{p}{7} \times 7 = 4 \times 7$$

$$\Rightarrow p = 28$$

(d)
$$4x = 25$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{4x}{4} = \frac{25}{4}$$

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{25}{4}$$

(e)
$$8y = 36$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{8y}{8} = \frac{36}{8}$$

$$\Rightarrow y = \frac{9}{2}$$

[Dividing both sides by 3]

[Multiplying both sides by 2]

[Multiplying both sides by 7]

[Dividing both sides by 4]

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(f)
$$\frac{z}{3} = \frac{5}{4}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{z}{3} \times 3 = \frac{5}{4} \times 3$$

$$\Rightarrow z = \frac{15}{4}$$

(g)
$$\frac{a}{5} = \frac{7}{15}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{a}{5} \times 5 = \frac{7}{15} \times 5$$

$$\Rightarrow a = \frac{7}{3}$$

(h)
$$20t = -10$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{20t}{20} = \frac{-10}{20}$$

$$\Rightarrow t = \frac{-1}{2}$$

[Multiplying both sides by 3]

[Multiplying both sides by 5]

[Dividing both sides by 20]

Question 3:

Give first the step you will use to separate the variable and then solve the equations

(a)
$$3n-2=46$$

(b)
$$5m+7=17$$

(c)
$$\frac{20p}{3} = 40$$

(d)
$$\frac{3p}{10} = 6$$

Answer 3:

(a)
$$3n-2=46$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 3*n* = 48

Step II:
$$\frac{3n}{3} = \frac{48}{3}$$

$$\Rightarrow n=16$$

(b)
$$5m+7=17$$

$$5m+7-7=17-7$$

3n-2+2=46+2

$$\Rightarrow$$
 5 $m = 10$

Step II:
$$\frac{5m}{5} = \frac{10}{5}$$

$$\Rightarrow m=2$$



(c)
$$\frac{20p}{3} = 40$$

Step I:
$$\frac{20p}{3} \times 3 = 40 \times 3$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 20 $p = 120$

[Multiplying both sides by 3]

Step II:
$$\frac{20p}{20} = \frac{120}{20}$$

$$\Rightarrow p=6$$

[Dividing both sides by 20]

(d)
$$\frac{3p}{10} = 6$$

Step I:
$$\frac{3p}{10} \times 10 = 6 \times 10$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 3 $p = 60$

[Multiplying both sides by 10]

Step II:
$$\frac{3p}{3} = \frac{60}{3}$$

$$\Rightarrow p = 20$$

[Dividing both sides by 3]

Question 4:

Solve the following equation:

(a)
$$10p = 100$$

(b)
$$10p + 10 = 100$$

(c)
$$\frac{p}{4} = 5$$

(d)
$$\frac{-p}{3} = 5$$

(e)
$$\frac{3p}{4} = 6$$

(f)
$$3s = -9$$

(g)
$$3s+12=0$$

(h)
$$3s = 0$$

(i)
$$2q = 6$$

(j)
$$2q - 6 = 0$$

(k)
$$2q + 6 = 0$$

(l)
$$2q + 6 = 12$$

Answer 4:

(a)
$$10p = 100$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{10p}{10} = \frac{100}{10}$$

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$$\Rightarrow p=10$$

(b)
$$10p + 10 = 100$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 10 p + 10 - 10 = 100 - 10

[Subtracting both sides 10]

$$\Rightarrow$$
 10 $p = 90$



$$\Rightarrow \frac{10p}{10} = \frac{90}{10}$$

[Dividing both sides by 10]

(c)
$$\frac{p}{4} = 5$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{p}{4} \times 4 = 5 \times 4$$

$$\Rightarrow p = 20$$

[Multiplying both sides by 4]

(d)
$$\frac{-p}{3} = 5$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{-p}{3} \times (-3) = 5 \times (-3)$$

[Multiplying both sides by – 3]

$$\Rightarrow p = -15$$
 (e) $\frac{3p}{4} = 6$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{3p}{4} \times 4 = 6 \times 4$$

[Multiplying both sides by 4]

$$\Rightarrow$$
 3 $p = 24$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{3p}{3} = \frac{24}{3}$$

[Dividing both sides by 3]

 $\Rightarrow p = 8$

(f)
$$3s = -9$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{3s}{3} = \frac{-9}{3}$$

[Dividing both sides by 3]

 $\Rightarrow s = -3$ (g) 3s+12=0

$$\Rightarrow$$
 3s+12-12=0-12

Millions are spractice [Subtracting both sides 10]

 \Rightarrow 3s = -12

$$\Rightarrow \frac{3s}{3} = \frac{-12}{3}$$

[Dividing both sides by 3]

s = -4

(h) 3s = 0

$$\Rightarrow \frac{3s}{3} = \frac{0}{3}$$

[Dividing both sides by 3]

s = 0



(i)
$$2q = 6$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{2q}{2} = \frac{6}{2}$$

[Dividing both sides by 2]

$$\Rightarrow q = 3$$

(j)
$$2q - 6 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 2q-6+6=0+6

 \Rightarrow 2q = 6

$$\Rightarrow \frac{2q}{2} = \frac{6}{2}$$

 $\Rightarrow q = 3$

[Adding both sides 6]

[Dividing both sides by 2]

(k)
$$2q + 6 = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 2q+6-6=0-6

 \Rightarrow 2q = -6

$$\Rightarrow \frac{2q}{2} = \frac{-6}{2}$$

 $\Rightarrow q = -3$

[Subtracting both sides 6]

[Dividing both sides by 2]

(l)
$$2q + 6 = 12$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 2q+6-6=12-6

 $\Rightarrow 2q = 6$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{2q}{2} = \frac{6}{2}$$

 $\Rightarrow q=3$

[Subtracting both sides 6]

[Dividing both sides by 2]



Exercise 4.3

Question 1:

Solve the following equations:

(a)
$$2y + \frac{5}{2} = \frac{37}{2}$$

(b)
$$5t + 28 = 10$$

(c)
$$\frac{a}{5} + 3 = 2$$

(d)
$$\frac{q}{4} + 7 = 5$$

(e)
$$\frac{5}{2}x = 10$$

(f)
$$\frac{5}{2}x = \frac{25}{4}$$

(g)
$$7m + \frac{19}{2} = 13$$

(h)
$$6z+10=-2$$

(i)
$$\frac{3l}{2} = \frac{2}{3}$$

(j)
$$\frac{2b}{3} - 5 = 3$$

LAnswer 1:

(a)
$$2y + \frac{5}{2} = \frac{37}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow 2y = \frac{37}{2} - \frac{5}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow 2y = \frac{37 - 5}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 $2y = \frac{32}{2}$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 2y=16

$$\Rightarrow y = \frac{16}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 $y = 8$

(b)
$$5t + 28 = 10$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 5t = 10 - 28

$$\Rightarrow$$
 5 $t = -18$

$$\Rightarrow t = \frac{-18}{5}$$

(c)
$$\frac{a}{5} + 3 = 2$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{a}{5} = 2 - 3$$

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$$\Rightarrow \frac{a}{5} = -1$$

$$\Rightarrow a = -1 \times 5$$

$$\Rightarrow a = -5$$

(d)
$$\frac{q}{4} + 7 = 5$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{q}{4} = 5 - 7$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{q}{4} = -2$$

$$\Rightarrow q = -2 \times 4$$

$$\Rightarrow q = -8$$

(e)
$$\frac{5}{2}x = 10$$

 $\Rightarrow 5x = 10 \times 2$
 $\Rightarrow 5x = 20$
 $\Rightarrow x = \frac{20}{5}$
 $\Rightarrow x = 4$

(f)
$$\frac{5}{2}x = \frac{25}{4}$$

 $\Rightarrow 5x = \frac{25}{4} \times 2$
 $\Rightarrow 5x = \frac{25}{2}$
 $\Rightarrow x = \frac{25}{2 \times 5}$
 $\Rightarrow x = \frac{5}{2}$

(g)
$$7m + \frac{19}{2} = 13$$

 $\Rightarrow 7m = 13 - \frac{19}{2}$



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$$\Rightarrow 7m = \frac{26 - 19}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow 7m = \frac{7}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow m = \frac{7}{2 \times 7}$$

$$\Rightarrow m = \frac{1}{2}$$

(h)
$$6z+10=-2$$

 $\Rightarrow 6z=-2-10$
 $\Rightarrow 6z=-12$
 $\Rightarrow z=\frac{-12}{6}$
 $\Rightarrow z=-2$

(i)
$$\frac{3l}{2} = \frac{2}{3}$$

$$\Rightarrow 3l = \frac{2}{3} \times 2$$

$$\Rightarrow 3l = \frac{4}{3}$$

$$\Rightarrow l = \frac{4}{3 \times 3}$$

$$\Rightarrow l = \frac{4}{9}$$

(j)
$$\frac{2b}{3} - 5 = 3$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{2b}{3} = 3 + 5$$

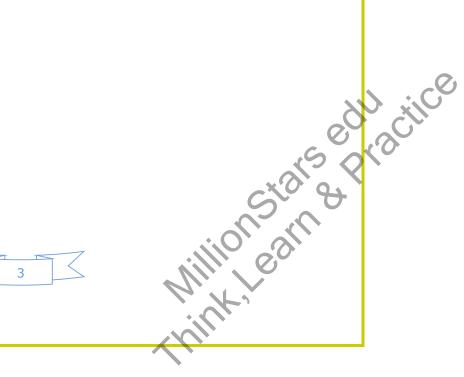
$$\Rightarrow \frac{2b}{3} = 8$$

$$\Rightarrow 2b = 8 \times 3$$

$$\Rightarrow 2b = 24$$

$$\Rightarrow b = \frac{24}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow b = 12$$



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Question 2:

Solve the following equations:

(a)
$$2(x+4)=12$$

(c)
$$3(n-5) = -21$$

(e)
$$-4(2-x)=9$$

(g)
$$4+5(p-1)=34$$

(a)
$$2(x+4)=12$$

$$\Rightarrow x+4=\frac{12}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow x+4=6$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 6 - 4$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 2$$

(b)
$$3(n-5) = 21$$

$$\Rightarrow n-5=\frac{21}{3}$$

$$\Rightarrow n-5=7$$

$$\Rightarrow n = 7 + 5$$

$$\Rightarrow n=12$$

(c)
$$3(n-5) = -21$$

$$\Rightarrow n-5=\frac{-21}{3}$$

$$\Rightarrow n-5=-7$$

$$\Rightarrow n = -7 + 5$$

$$\Rightarrow n = -2$$

(d)
$$3-2(2-y)=7$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 $-2(2-y)=7-3$

$$\Rightarrow -2(2-y)=4$$

$$\Rightarrow 2-y=\frac{4}{-2}$$

(b)
$$3(n-5) = 21$$

(d)
$$3-2(2-y)=7$$

(f)
$$4(2-x)=9$$

(h)
$$34-5(p-1)=4$$



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$$\Rightarrow$$
 2-y=-2

$$\Rightarrow$$
 $-y = -2 - 2$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 $-y = -4$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 $y = 4$

(e)
$$-4(2-x)=9$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 $-4 \times 2 - x \times (-4) = 9$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 $-8+4x=9$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 $4x = 9 + 8$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 4x = 17

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{17}{4}$$

(f)
$$4(2-x)=9$$

$$\Rightarrow 4 \times 2 - x \times (4) = 9$$

$$\Rightarrow 8-4x=9$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 $-4x=9-8$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 $-4x=1$

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{-1}{4}$$

(g)
$$4+5(p-1)=34$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 5($p-1$) = 34 – 4

$$\Rightarrow$$
 5($p-1$) = 30

$$\Rightarrow p-1=\frac{30}{5}$$

$$\Rightarrow p-1=6$$

$$\Rightarrow p = 6+1$$

$$\Rightarrow p = 7$$

(h)
$$34-5(p-1)=4$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 $-5(p-1)=4-34$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 $-5(p-1)=-30$



$$\Rightarrow p-1=\frac{-30}{-5}$$

$$\Rightarrow p-1=6$$

$$\Rightarrow p = 6+1$$

$$\Rightarrow p = 7$$

Question 3:

Solve the following equations:

(a)
$$4 = 5(p-2)$$

(c)
$$-16 = -5(2-p)$$

(e)
$$28 = 4 + 3(t+5)$$

(b)
$$-4 = 5(p-2)$$

(d)
$$10 = 4 + 3(t+2)$$

(f)
$$0 = 16 + 4(m-6)$$

EMANSWER 3:

(a)
$$4 = 5(p-2)$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 4 = 5× p - 5×2

$$\Rightarrow$$
 4 = 5 p - 10

$$\Rightarrow$$
 5 $p-10=4$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 5 $p = 4 + 10$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 5 $p = 14$

$$\Rightarrow p = \frac{14}{5}$$

(b)
$$-4 = 5(p-2)$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 $-4 = 5 \times p - 5 \times 2$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 $-4 = 5p - 10$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 5 $p-10=-4$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 5 $p = -4 + 10$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 5 $p = 6$

$$\Rightarrow p = \frac{6}{5}$$



(c)
$$-16 = -5(2-p)$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 $-16 = -5 \times 2 - (-5) \times p$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 $-16 = -10 + 5p$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 $-10+5p=-16$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 5 $p = -16 + 10$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 5 $p = -6$

$$\Rightarrow p = \frac{-6}{5}$$

(d)
$$10 = 4 + 3(t+2)$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 $10-4=3(t+2)$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 6 = 3(t + 2)

$$\Rightarrow \frac{6}{3} = t + 2$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 2 = $t + 2$

$$\Rightarrow 2-2=t$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 0 = t

$$\Rightarrow t = 0$$

(e)
$$28 = 4 + 3(t+5)$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 28-4=3(t+5)

$$\Rightarrow$$
 24 = 3(t + 5)

$$\Rightarrow \frac{24}{3} = t + 5$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 8 = $t + 5$

$$\Rightarrow 8-5=t$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 3=t

$$\Rightarrow t = 3$$

(f)
$$0 = 16 + 4(m-6)$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 0-16 = 4(m-6)

$$\Rightarrow$$
 $-16 = 4(m-6)$

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$$\Rightarrow \frac{-16}{4} = m - 6$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 $-4=m-6$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 $-4+6=m$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 2=m

$$\Rightarrow m=2$$

Question 4:

- (a) Construct 3 equations starting with x = 2.
- (b) Construct 3 equations starting with x = -2.

Answer 4:

- (a) 3 equations starting with x = 2.
 - (i) x = 2

Multiplying both sides by 10,

$$10x = 20$$

Adding 2 both sides

$$10x + 2 = 20 + 2 = 10x + 2 = 22$$

(ii) x = 2

Multiplying both sides by 5

$$5x = 10$$

Subtracting 3 from both sides

$$5x-3=10-3=5x-3=7$$

(iii) x = 2

Dividing both sides by 5

$$\frac{x}{5} = \frac{2}{5}$$

- (b) 3 equations starting with x = -2.
 - (i) x = -2

Multiplying both sides by 3

$$3x = -6$$

(ii) x = -2

Multiplying both sides by 3

$$3x = -6$$

Adding 7 to both sides

$$3x+7 = -6+7 = 3x+7=1$$



(iii) x = -2

Multiplying both sides by 3

3x = -6

Adding 10 to both sides

$$3x+10=-6+10=3x+10=4$$



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Exercise 4.4

Question 1:

Set up equations and solve them to find the unknown numbers in the following cases:

- (a) Add 4 to eight times a number; you get 60.
- (b) One-fifth of a number minus 4 gives 3.
- (c) If I take three-fourth of a number and add 3 to it, I get 21.
- (d) When I subtracted 11 from twice a number, the result was 15.
- (e) Munna subtracts thrice the number of notebooks he has from 50, he finds the result to be 8.
- (f) Ibenhal thinks of a number. If she adds 19 to it divides the sum by 5, she will get 8.
- (g) Answer thinks of a number. If he takes away 7 from $\frac{5}{2}$ of the number, the result is $\frac{11}{2}$.

Answer 1:

(a) Let the number be x.

According to the question,

$$8x + 4 = 60$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 8 $x = 60 - 4$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 8 $x = 56$

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{56}{8}$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 7$$

(b) Let the number be y.

According to the question,

$$\frac{y}{5} - 4 = 3$$

$$\Rightarrow \quad \frac{y}{5} = 3 + 4$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{y}{5} = 7$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 $y = 7 \times 5$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 $y = 35$



(c) Let the number be z.

According to the question, $\frac{3}{4}$

$$\frac{3}{4}z + 3 = 21$$

$$\Rightarrow \quad \frac{3}{4}z = 21 - 3$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{3}{4}z = 18$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 3z=18×4

$$\Rightarrow$$
 3z = 72

$$\Rightarrow z = \frac{72}{3}$$

$$\Rightarrow z = 24$$

(d) Let the number be x.

According to the question,

$$\Rightarrow$$
 2x=15+11

$$\Rightarrow$$
 2x = 26

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{26}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 13$$

(e) Let the number be m.

According to the question,

$$50 - 3m = 8$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 $-3m = 8 - 50$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 $-3m = -42$

$$\Rightarrow m = \frac{-42}{-3}$$

$$\Rightarrow m=14$$

(f) Let the number be n.

According to the question,

$$\frac{n+19}{5} = 8$$

$$\Rightarrow n+19=8\times5$$

$$\Rightarrow n+19=40$$

$$\Rightarrow n = 40 - 19$$

$$\Rightarrow n=21$$



(g) Let the number be x.

According to the question, $\frac{5}{2}x-7=\frac{11}{2}$

$$\frac{5}{2}x-7=\frac{11}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{5}{2}x = \frac{11}{2} + 7$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{5}{2}x = \frac{11+14}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \quad \frac{5}{2}x = \frac{25}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 $5x = \frac{25 \times 2}{2}$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 5x = 25

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{25}{5}$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 5$$

Question 2:

Solve the following:

- ighest r (a) The teacher tells the class that the highest marks obtained by a student in her class are twice the lowest marks plus 7. The highest score is 87. What is the lowest score?
- (b) In an isosceles triangle, the base angles are equal. The vertex angle is 40° . What are the base angles of the triangle? (Remember, the sum of three angles of a triangle is 180°.)
- (c) Sachin scored twice as many runs as Rahul. Together, their runs fell two short of a Millions are a practice double century. How many runs did each one score?

Answer 2:

(a) Let the lowest marks be y.

According to the question,

$$2y + 7 = 87$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 2 $y = 87 - 7$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 2y = 80

$$\Rightarrow y = \frac{80}{2}$$

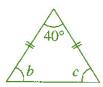
$$\Rightarrow$$
 $y = 40$

Thus, the lowest score is 40.



(b) Let the base angle of the triangle be *b*.

Given, $a = 40^{\circ}, b = c$



Since,
$$a+b+c=180^{\circ}$$

[Angle sum property of a triangle]

$$\Rightarrow$$
 $40^{\circ}+b+b=180^{\circ}$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 $40^{\circ} + 2b = 180^{\circ}$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 $2b=180^{\circ}-40^{\circ}$

$$\Rightarrow 2b = 140^{\circ}$$

$$\Rightarrow b = \frac{140^{\circ}}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow b = 70^{\circ}$$

Thus, the base angles of the isosceles triangle are 70° each.

(c) Let the score of Rahul be x runs and Sachin's score is 2x.

According to the question, x + 2x = 198

$$\Rightarrow$$
 3x = 198

$$\Rightarrow x = \frac{198}{3}$$

$$\Rightarrow x = 66$$

Thus, Rahul's score = 66 runs

And Sachin's score = $2 \times 66 = 132$ runs.

Question 3:

Solve the following:

- (i) Irfan says that he has 7 marbles more than five times the marbles Parmit has. Irfan has 37 marbles. How many marbles does Parmit have?
- (ii) Laxmi's father is 49 years old. He is 4 years older than three times Laxmi's age. What is Laxmi's age?
- (iii) People of Sundergram planted a total of 102 trees in the village garden. Some of the trees were fruit trees. The number of non-fruit trees were two more than three Milli ed? times the number of fruit trees. What was the number of fruit trees planted?

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Answer 3:

(i) Let the number of marbles Parmit has be m.

According to the question,

$$5m+7=37$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 5 $m = 37 - 7$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 5 $m = 30$

$$\Rightarrow m = \frac{30}{5}$$

$$\Rightarrow m=6$$

Thus, Parmit has 6 marbles.

(ii) Let the age of Laxmi be *y* years.

Then her father's age = (3y+4) years

According to question,

$$3y + 4 = 49$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 3y = 49 - 4

$$\Rightarrow$$
 3y = 45

$$\Rightarrow$$
 $y = \frac{45}{3}$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 $y = 15$

Thus, the age of Laxmi is 15 years.

(iii) Let the number of fruit trees be t.

Then the number of non-fruits tree = 3t + 2

According to the question, t+3t+2=102

$$\Rightarrow$$
 4t+2=102

$$\Rightarrow$$
 4 $t = 102 - 2$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 4 $t = 100$

$$\Rightarrow t = \frac{100}{4}$$

$$\Rightarrow t = 25$$

Thus, the number of fruit trees are 25.

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Question 4:

Solve the following riddle:

I am a number,

Tell my identity!

Take me seven times over,

And add a fifty!

To reach a triple century,

You still need forty!

Answer 4:

Let the number be n.

According to the question,

$$7n+50+40=300$$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 $7n+90=300$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 $7n = 300 - 90$

$$\Rightarrow$$
 $7n = 210$

$$\Rightarrow n = \frac{210}{7}$$

$$\Rightarrow n=30$$

Thus, the required number is 30.