

CHAPTER - 5 MAJOR DOMAINS OF THE EARTH

Q. 1 A Answer the following questions briefly.

What are the four major domains of the earth?

Answer:

The four major domains of the Earth are

- Lithosphere-the solid portion of the Earth where we live.
- Atmosphere-the layer of gases that surround the Earth.
- Hydrosphere-the water present on the surface of the Earth
- Biosphere-a small area that contains all forms of life, supported by land, water and air together.

Q. 1 B Answer the following questions briefly.

Name the major continents of the earth.

Answer:

Continents are large masses of land on the surface of the Earth. They are separated by large water bodies. There are 7 major continents. They are William Stars Stractice Stract

- Asia
- Europe
- Africa
- North America
- South America

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Antarctica

Q. 1 C Answer the following questions briefly.

Name the two continents that lie entirely in the Southern Hemisphere.

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Answer:

When you look at the map of the world, you will observe that most of the continents lie in the Northern Hemisphere. There are only 2 continents that lie entirely in the Southern Hemisphere. They are

- Australia
- Antarctica

Q. 1 D Answer the following questions briefly.

Name the different layers of atmosphere.

Answer:

The thin blanket of gases that surround the Earth is called Atmosphere. The air we breathe is provided by the atmosphere. It also protects us from the damaging effects of the sun's rays. The different layers of atmosphere William Stars Practice Practice are:

- Troposphere
- Stratosphere
- Mesosphere
- Thermosphere
- Exosphere



MILLIONST E Answer the following questions briefly.

Why is the Earth called the 'blue planet'?

Answer:

If you see a globe, you will notice that the color most used in the globe is blue. When seen from space, the Earth appears blue. This is because 71 per cent of our Earth is covered with water. Hence, Earth is called a blue planet.

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Q. 1 F Answer the following questions briefly.

Why is the Northern Hemisphere called the Land Hemisphere?

Answer:

Most of the continents lie in the Northern Hemisphere. Only 2 continents lie entirely in the Southern Hemisphere. Therefore, Northern Hemisphere is called the Land Hemisphere as a majority of the land lies in it.

Q. 1 G Answer the following questions briefly.

Why is the Biosphere important for living organisms?

Answer:

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Nillion Stars Biosphere consists of the three domains on the Earth, namely, Land, Water and Air. They interact with each other and in turn, have an effect on each other. All the organisms in the Biosphere are dependent on it for survival. Thus, Biosphere is important for all living organisms.

Q. 2 A Tick the correct answer.

The mountain range that separates Europe from Asia is



B. the Himalayas

C. the Urals

Answer:

The Ural mountain range is situated on the western side of Asia. It separates the continent of Europe from the continent of Asia.

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Q. 2 B Tick the correct answer.

The continent of North America is linked to South America by

A. an Isthmus

B. a Strait

C. a Canal

Answer:

The Isthmus of Panama is the narrow strip of land that links the continent of North America to the continent of South America. It separates Atlantic Ocean from Pacific Ocean.

Q. 2 C Tick the correct answer.

The major constituent of atmosphere by per cent is

A. Nitrogen

B. Oxygen

C. Carbon dioxide

Answer:

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Q. 2 D Tick the correct answer.

The domain of the earth consisting of solid rocks is

- A. the Atmosphere
- B. the Hydrosphere
- C. the Lithosphere

Answer:

The solid rocks as well as the soil constitute the Lithosphere. The Lithosphere is made up of earth's crust and the different layers of the soil.

Q. 2 E Tick the correct answer.

Which is the largest continent?

- A. Africa
- B. Asia
- C. Australia

Answer:

the continent of Asia is the largest contingent on the Earth. Out of the total area of land on the surface of the Earth, it occupies around one third area.

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MILLIONST Fill in the blanks.

below sea level.

| (a) The deepest | point on the earth is | in the Pacific Ocean. |
|-----------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| (b) The | Ocean is named after a country. | |
| (c) Thesupports life. | is a narrow contact zon | ne of land, water and air that |
| (d) The continer | nts of Europe and Asia toge | ether are known as |
| (e) The highest | mountain peak on the earth | is |
| Answer: | | 10 |
| (a) The deepest | point on the earth is the N | Mariana Trench in the Pacific |

(b) The Indian Ocean is named after a country. No other ocean on the Earth has been named after a country. It is the world's third largest ocean and covers 20 per cent of the Earth's surface.

Ocean. The depth of the Mariana Trench is approximately 10,994 meters

- (c) The Biosphere is a narrow contact zone of land, water and air that supports life. This layer ranges from heights of up to ten kilometers above sea level, to the depths of the oceans. Biosphere consists of the three domains on the Earth, namely, Land, Water and Air.
- m, se pracilice pracilice properties of the prop (d) The continents of Europe and Asia together are known as Eurasia. Most of the continents on the Earth are separated from each other by oceans, but the continents of Europe and Asia are not separated by any water body. They are, therefore, together known as Eurasia.
- (e) The highest mountain peak on the earth is Everest. Mount Everest is located on the border of Nepal and Tibet in the Himalayan mountain range. It is 8848 meters above sea level.