

<u>About A.C.T.</u> <u>For Youth</u>

A.C.T. For Youth is an acclaimed professional touring theatre company based in Orlando, FL. Each year, the Atlantic Coast Theatre performs hundreds of shows for students across the U.S.A. ACT For Youth's high-quality educational programming is recognized nationally by theatres, schools, art councils, libraries, and festivals- not to mention the thousands of children & families who see A.C.T. shows each year!

WINNIE-THE-POOH

-Study Guide-

Use this Study Guide to enhance the educational experience of this show



Atlantic Coast Theatre For Youth has been awarded placement on:

~Florida Artist Performances On Tour Program~
~Hillsborough County Artist Roster~
~SC Arts Commission Roster Of Approved Artists~
~The Arts Council of Fayetteville, NC Arts Roster~
~United Arts of Raleigh/Wake County, NC Roster~

www.atlantic-coast-theatre.com

ABOUT THE AUTHOR The show you are seeing is adapted from the beloved 1926 book WINNIE-THE-POOH written by A.A. Milne



A.A. Milne (1882-1956) was an English writer who was very famous for writing his imaginative books based around the sweet adventures of a boy named Christopher Robin, a "silly old bear" known as Winnie-the-Pooh, and all of their funny animal friends.

The book <u>Winnie-the-Pooh</u> was published in 1926 and was a huge success... and continues to be.

The character of Christopher Robin was inspired by A.A. Milne's real son, Christopher Robin Milne, and Christopher's toy teddy bear. Today you can see Christopher Robin Milne's actual toys Winnie The Pooh, Piglet, Kanga, and Eeyore displayed at the New York Public Library in New York City.

A.A. Milne also wrote poems for children, books for adults, and plays for the stage.

Florida B.E.S.T. Standards Connections: ELA.K.R.1.3, ELA.1.R.2.4, ELA.2.R.2.4, ELA.3.R.2.3, ELA.4.R.2.3, ELA.5.R.2.3

Where In The World...Ashdown Forest



The Hundred Acre Wood in Winnie-the-Pooh (sometimes spelled the "100 Aker Wood") was the imaginary woods where Winnie-the-Pooh and his friends lived in and around. In the book by A.A. Milne, Pooh Bear and his friends enjoyed their fun adventures in these woods. The picture on the left is the original illustrator's (E.H. Shepard) map version of the Hundred Acre Wood and its surrounding areas.

BUT

Even though the Hundred Acre Wood came from A.A. Milne's imagination, it was inspired by a real wooded area in England called Ashdown Forest. If you look at the picture on the right, you can find Ashdown Forest on the map- south of London and north of Brighton.

If you ever visit England you can walk around Ashdown Forest! Beautiful plants and wildlife are found in the forest as well as monuments, trails, and even a bridge in honor of Winnie-the-Pooh!

What is one of your favorite natural places outside?

Use your imagination to write a fiction story with your favorite natural location as the setting of your tale!

(Florida Standards Connections: SS.K.G.1.2, SS.1.G.1.2, SS.2.G.1.1, SS.3.G.1.1, SS.4.G.1.4, SS.5.G.1.2)

"WRITE YOUR OWN PLAY" ADAPTATION ACTIVITY

PLAYWRITING TIPS

-Every good play has to start somewhere.

-Sometimes the idea for a play comes completely from the playwright's imagination.

-Sometimes the idea is created from a book, a story, or even a song.

-The writer uses the original book or story as an inspiration.

AN ADAPTATION IS... ~A New Play Based On A Book Or A Story~

-1-

Pick a story with characters that will make your play interesting. You can also create new characters. Remember it is your adaptation!

-2-

Make a 'Road Map'- outline the plan of how you want your play to be written. Don't be afraid to change your mind. Sometimes creativity needs to take a detour!

-3-

Write your dialogue (what the characters say). Try to write dialogue that is realistic and not too formal. It will sound closer to how people really talk.

(Florida B.E.S.T. Standards Connections: ELA.K.C.1.2, ELA.1.C.1.2, ELA.2.C.1.2, ELA.3.C.1.2, ELA.4.C.1.2, ELA.5.C.1.2)

VOCABULARY WORDS

(Florida B.E.S.T. Standards Connections: ELA.K.V.1.2, ELA.1.V.1.2, ELA.2.V.1.2, ELA.3.V.1.3, ELA.4.V.1.3, ELA.5.V.1.3)

Here are some words or phrases that you may not know. Become familiar with them to keep up in the show!

- "Oh Bother"- A phrase used by Winnie-the-Pooh and his friends quite often when something is annoying them.
- **Suspect (verb)-** To believe that an action someone or something does is wrong or bad.
- Suspicious- Showing a distrust of something or someone.
- **"Tut Tut"-** An exclamation a person might use to show their disapproval of something.
- Thistly- An area where there are many sharp and uncomfortable thistle plants.
- **Pathetic-** Something that is pitiful or sad.
- **Condensed Milk-** Milk that has been thickened because the water has been cooked out and often sweetened with sugar.
- Wedged- Stuck in narrow space or tight spot.
- **Cunning-** Someone or something quite skillful at being both smart and sneaky.
- **Australia** Australia is the only COUNTRY in the world that covers and entire CONTINENT. (Find Australia on a globe. How far is it from the United States? What animals live in Australia?)
- **Poem-** A type of writing to express emotions or ideas using rhythm, rhyme, and structure.
- **"Many Happy Returns"-** A phrase sometimes said on birthdays, meaning that they hope you have many happy years in the future.
- **Enormous-** Very big in size.

Winnie-the-Pooh also has lots of made-up funny words which leave the definition up to you! These made- up words (created by A.A. Milne) include funny names for imaginary creatures. Think about how these words sound when you say them. What could these imaginary creatures look like?

- Woozles
- Wizzles
- Heffalumps

Can you write a sentence using three of these words? Can you write a short story using all of the words?

(FLORIDA B.E.S.T. STANDARDS CONNECTIONS: ELA.K.V.1.1, ELA.1.V.1.1, ELA.2.V.1.1, ELA.3.V.1.1, ELA.4.V.1.1, ELA.5.V.1.1)

Before The Show Activities

- <u>WATCHING A PLAY</u>- You will be seeing a live theatre production. What are the differences between a play and a movie or television? How is it different to view each type? What kinds of theatre manners should be used when watching a play? (Florida Standards Connections: TH.K.S.1.1, TH.1.O.3.1, TH.1.S.1.1, TH.2.C.2.2, TH.2.S.1.1, TH.3.O.3.1, TH.3.S.1.1, TH.4.S.1.1, TH.5.H.3.2, TH.5.S.1.1)
- OTHER WORKS BY THE SAME AUTHOR- As a class, read over the "About The Author" page in this study guide. A.A. Milne is certainly best known for his books about Winnie-the-Pooh, but he also wrote poems for children. Read some of the imaginative poems he wrote for kids. In the play you will be seeing, Winnie-the-Pooh loves poetry. (Florida B.E.S.T. Standards Connections: ELA.K.R.1.1, ELA.4.R.1.2, ELA.1.R.1.1, ELA.5.R.1.1, ELA.5.R.1.2)
- <u>POEMS TO MUSIC</u>- In the play, you will hear little fun songs composed and inspired by some of the poetry found in A.A. Milne's book, <u>Winnie-</u> <u>the-Pooh</u>. Poetry is an excellent way for you to think about writing lyrics for songs. Read a poem (or write your own) and make up your own melody for the poem. You have just created a SONG! (Florida B.E.S.T. Standards Connections: ELA.K.C.1.2, ELA.1.C.1.2, ELA.2.C.1.2, ELA.3.C.1.2, ELA.4.C.1.2, ELA.5.C.1.2)

After The Show Activities

- <u>COMPARE & CONTRAST</u>- Think of other versions you have read or seen of Winnie-the-Pooh. How was the play you saw different? How was it the same? Discuss this as a group.
 (Florida B.E.S.T. Standards Connections: ELA.K.R.3.3, ELA.1.R.3.3, ELA.2.R.3.3, ELA.3.R.3.3, ELA.4.R.3.3, ELA.5.R.3.3)
- <u>WRITE A STORY</u>- What happens next in the story? It is up to you. Choose one of the characters from the show. Write a short story about what happens to the characters after the play ends. (Florida B.E.S.T. Standards Connections: ELA.K.C.1.2, ELA.1.C.1.2, ELA.2.C.1.2, ELA.3.C.1.2, ELA.4.C.1.2, ELA.5.C.1.2)
- <u>ACT OUT A CHARACTER</u>- Choose a favorite character from the play and act it out. Use your own imagination to choose how to play the part. You can even choose characters who are mentioned and never shown on stage. Choose how the character sounds and moves? (Florida Standards Connections: TH.K.S.2.1, TH.1.S.3.1, TH.2.S.3.1, TH.3.S.3.1, , TH.4.S.3.1, TH.5.S.3.1)
- <u>BE A SCENIC DESIGNER</u>- The scenery for the show you watched was designed specifically to help tell the story on stage. The Atlantic Coast Theatre is a touring theatre company, so at the end of the show, everything must be packed up and taken to the next performance location. Choose one of your favorite stories and design the scenery. Think about how it will go together for travel, and how easy or difficult it will be to pack up. (Florida Standards Connections: VA.K.S.1.2, VA.1.S.1.3, VA.2.S.3.1, VA.3.S.3.1, VA.4.S.3.1, VA.5.S.3.1)
- <u>YOUR REVIEW</u>- Discuss your thoughts on the show. What were your favorite parts? What elements of the performance helped to tell the story. (Florida Standards Connections: TH.K.C.2.1. / TH.K.C.3.1 / TH.1.C.2.2 / TH.1.C.3.1 / TH.2.C.1.1 / TH.2.C.1.2 / TH.3.C.3.1 / TH.4.C.3.1 / TH.4.C.3.3 / TH.5.C.2.3 / TH.5.C.3.1 / TH.68.C.1.3 TH.68.C.2.4)

Be a SCENIC ARTIST Activity

A SCENIC ARTIST, sometimes knows as a SET DESIGNER, creates visual art for theatre performances.

Multiple Places In One Set

Often, a scenic artist has the challenge of designing the scenery for a play that happens in many different places. Sometimes the scenery can be moved, but sometimes a "UNIT SET", or scenery that stays in place for the entire show is used. Pick a story that you like that happens in multiple locations. Design a non-moving "UNIT SET" for the stage version of the story you chose.

A.C.T. For Youth loves to receive letters from our audience!

(Florida B.E.S.T. Standards Connections:

ELA.K.C.1.3, ELA.1.C.1.3, ELA.2.C.1.3, ELA.3.C.1.3, ELA.4.C.1.3, ELA.5.C.1.3)



YOU CAN SEND US ~A DRAWING~ ~WHAT YOU LEARNED~ ~YOUR FAVORITE PART~

Your Opinions Count! They Help Us When We Write New Shows! You will write letters all of your life! You will write letters in school, to correspond with friends and family, and for your job one day! It is very important to know how to write a good letter.

Your teachers may want you to write your letter in a proper letter-writing style or format. Here is an example of one style!

A.C.T. For Youth 8297 Champions Gate Blvd. #188 Champions Gate, FL 33896

Dear Audience:

The Atlantic Coast Theatre For Youth would like to thank all of you for showing us such fantastic audience manners during the show! Everyone was so respectful during the performance. You laughed when things were funny, but you were also able to quiet back down so that everyone could hear. I don't think that we heard anyone talking while the actors were on stage. That was great! You made our job so much fun.

Thanks so much! You were wonderful!

Sincerely,

Don Gruel & Noel Holland

Send your letters to:

Atlantic Coast Theatre For Youth 8297 Champions Gate Blvd. #188 Champions Gate, FL 33896



All About The Actors Noel Holland & Don Gruel

You will be seeing professional actors! That means they act for their jobs! An interesting fact about the actors: They started acting when they were YOUR age!



NOEL HOLLAND– I cannot remember a time when I was not singing. As a child, I would sing to anyone who would listen– if nobody was there to hear, I would sing to myself! I started acting and dancing because I loved performing on stage. My sister and I would put on plays for our parents in the living room! When I was in middle school and high school, I decided that I wanted to be a performer. After I graduated college with a degree in music, I became a professional actor- working for theatres all over the country. Now, I have my dream job– owning a theatre. I am so proud to be a part of the Atlantic Coast Theatre For Youth. It gives me all kinds of opportunities to sing, act, write songs, and use my imagination. I so enjoy creating shows that children love because I loved theatre and music so much when I was a child!



Noel & her little sister, Meredith, putting on a play for family.



Don as the Easter Bunny in his 3rd Grade School Play

DON GRUEL – I grew up in Beaufort, South Carolina. When I was little, I would make up plays using my "Star Wars" Action Figures as the actors. I started doing school plays when I was in Kindergarten, but my first play outside of school I was in the musical <u>OKLAHOMA</u> when I was 10 years old. I really liked the feeling of being able to pretend to become other people in other places. I kept doing plays throughout Middle School & High School and decided to study Theatre in college. I graduated from the University Of South Carolina in 1993 and have worked in professional theatre ever since. I have always loved using my imagination. As an actor, I get to be creative every single day.

You can try acting too! Get involved in a play at school or in your community!

FL STANDARDS CONNECTIONS:

ELA.K12.EE.4.1, ELA.K12.EE.3.1

ELA.K12.EE.4.1: Use appropriate collaborative techniques and active listening skills when engaging in discussions in a variety of situations. ELA.K12.EE.3.1: Make inferences to support comprehension.

ACTIVITIES:

-Watching the performance and engaging in follow-up discussion

ELA.K.V.1.2, ELA.1.V.1.2, ELA.2.V.1.2, ELA.3.V.1.3, ELA.4.V.1.3, ELA.5.V.1.3

ELA.K.V.1.2: Ask and answer questions about unfamiliar words in grade-level content. ELA.1.V.1.2: Identify and use frequently occurring base words and their common inflections in grade-level content.

ELA.2.V.1.2: Identify and use base words and affixes to determine the meaning of unfamiliar words in grade-level content.

ELA.3.V.1.3: Use context clues, figurative language, word relationships, reference materials, and/or background knowledge to determine the meaning of multiple-meaning and unknown words and phrases, appropriate to grade level.

ELA.4.V.1.3: Use context clues, figurative language, word relationships, reference materials, and/or background knowledge to determine the meaning of multiple-meaning and unknown words and phrases, appropriate to grade level.

ACTIVITIES:

-Vocabulary

ELA.K.V.1.1, ELA.1.V.1.1, ELA.2.V.1.1, ELA.3.V.1.1, ELA.4.V.1.1, ELA.5.V.1.1

ELA.K.V.1.1: Use grade-level academic vocabulary appropriately in speaking and writing. ELA.1.V.1.1: Use grade-level academic vocabulary appropriately in speaking and writing. ELA.2.V.1.1: Use grade-level academic vocabulary appropriately in speaking and writing. ELA.3.V.1.1: Use grade-level academic vocabulary appropriately in speaking and writing. ELA.4.V.1.1: Use grade-level academic vocabulary appropriately in speaking and writing. ELA.5.V.1.1: Use grade-level academic vocabulary appropriately in speaking and writing.

ACTIVITIES:

-Using vocabulary words in writing

ELA.K.R.1.3, ELA.1.R.2.4, ELA.2.R.2.4, ELA.3.R.2.3, ELA.4.R.2.3, ELA.5.R.2.3

ELA.K.R.1.3: Explain the roles of author and illustrator of a story.

ELA.1.R.2.4: Identify an authors opinion(s) about the topic.

ELA.2.R.2.4: Explain an authors opinion(s) and supporting evidence.

ELA.3.R.2.3: Explain the development of an author's purpose in an informational text.

ELA.4.R.2.3: Explain an authors perspective toward a topic in an informational text.

ELA.5.R.2.3: Analyze an authors purpose and/or perspective in an informational text.

ACTIVITIES:

-About The Author

ELA.K.R.3.3, ELA.1.R.3.3, ELA.2.R.3.3, ELA.3.R.3.3, ELA.4.R.3.3, ELA.5.R.3.3

ELA.K.R.3.3: Compare and contrast characters experiences in stories.

ELA.1.R.3.3: Compare and contrast two texts on the same topic.

ELA.2.R.3.3: Compare and contrast important details presented by two texts on the same topic or theme.

ELA.3.R.3.3: Compare and contrast how two authors present information on the same topic or theme.

ELA.4.R.3.3: Compare and contrast accounts of the same event using primary and/or secondary sources.

ELA.5.R.3.3: Compare and contrast primary and secondary sources related to the same topic.

ACTIVITIES:

-After The Show Activities, Compare & Contrast

ELA.K.R.1.1, ELA.K.R.1.3, ELA.1.R.1.1, ELA.1.R.1.2, ELA.2.R.1.1, ELA.2.R.1.2, ELA.3.R.1.1, ELA.3.R.1.2, ELA.4.R.1.1, ELA.4.R.1.2, ELA.5.R.1.1, ELA.5.R.1.2

ELA.K.R.1.1: Describe the main character(s), setting, and important events in a story.

ELA.K.R.1.3: Explain the roles of author and illustrator of a story.

ELA.1.R.1.1: Identify and describe the main story elements in a story.

ELA.1.R.1.2: Identify and explain the moral of a story.

ELA.2.R.1.1: Identify plot structure and describe main story elements in a literary text.

ELA.2.R.1.2: Identify and explain a theme of a literary text.

ELA.3.R.1.1: Explain how one or more characters develop throughout the plot in a literary text.

ELA.3.R.1.2: Explain a theme and how it develops, using details, in a literary text.

ELA.4.R.1.1: Explain how setting, events, conflict, and character development contribute to the plot in a literary text.

ELA.4.R.1.2: Explain a stated or implied theme and how it develops, using details, in a literary text.

ELA.5.R.1.1: Analyze how setting, events, conflict, and characterization contribute to the plot in a literary text.

ELA.5.R.1.2: Explain the development of stated or implied theme(s) throughout a literary text.

ACTIVITIES:

-Before The Show Activities, Other Works By The Same Author

ELA.K.C.1.3, ELA.1.C.1.3, ELA.2.C.1.3, ELA.3.C.1.3, ELA.4.C.1.3, ELA.5.C.1.3

ELA.K.C.1.3: Using a combination of drawing, dictating, and/or writing, express opinions about a topic or text with at least one supporting reason.

ELA.1.C.1.3: Write opinions about a topic or text with at least one supporting reason from a source and a sense of closure.

ELA.2.C.1.3: Write opinions about a topic or text with reasons supported by details from a source, use transitions, and provide a conclusion.

ELA.3.C.1.3: Write opinions about a topic or text, include reasons supported by details from one or more sources, use transitions, and provide a conclusion.

ELA.4.C.1.3: Write to make a claim supporting a perspective with logical reasons, using evidence from multiple sources, elaboration, and an organizational structure with transitions. ELA.5.C.1.3: Write to make a claim supporting a perspective with logical reasons, relevant evidence from sources, elaboration, and an organizational structure with varied transitions.

ACTIVITIES:

-Write a letter to the actors

ELA.K.C.1.2, ELA.1.C.1.2, ELA.2.C.1.2, ELA.3.C.1.2, ELA.4.C.1.2, ELA.5.C.1.2

ELA.K.C.1.2: Using a combination of drawing, dictating, and/or writing, create narratives with the events in chronological order.

ELA.1.C.1.2: Write narratives that retell two or more appropriately sequenced events, including relevant details and a sense of closure.

ELA.2.C.1.2: Write personal or fictional narratives using a logical sequence of events, transitions, and an ending.

ELA.3.C.1.2: Write personal or fictional narratives using a logical sequence of events, appropriate descriptions, dialogue, a variety of transitional words or phrases, and an ending. ELA.4.C.1.2: Write personal or fictional narratives using a logical sequence of events and demonstrating an effective use of techniques such as descriptions and transitional words and phrases.

ELA.5.C.1.2: Write personal or fictional narratives using a logical sequence of events and demonstrating an effective use of techniques such as dialogue, description, and transitional words and phrases.

ACTIVITIES:

-Write Your Own Play -Before The Show Activities, Poems To Music -After The Show Activities, Write A Story

<u>SS.K.G.1.2 / SS.1.G.1.2 / SS.2.G.1.1 / SS.3.G.1.1 / SS.4.G.1.4 / SS.5.G.1.2</u>

-SS.K.G.1.2: Explain that maps and globes help to locate different places and that globes are a model of the Earth.

-SS.1.G.1.2: Identify key elements (compass rose, cardinal directions, title, key/legend with symbols) of maps and globes.

-SS.2.G.1.1 Use different types of maps (political, physical, and thematic) to identify map elements.

-SS.3.G.1.1: Use thematic maps, tables, charts, graphs, and photos to analyze geographic information.

-SS.4.G.1.4: Interpret political and physical maps using map elements (title, compass rose, cardinal directions, intermediate directions, symbols, legend, scale, longitude, latitude).

SS.5.G.1.2: Use latitude and longitude to locate places.

ACTIVITIES:

-Where In The World

<u>TH.K.C.2.1. / TH.K.C.3.1 / TH.1.C.2.2 / TH.1.C.3.1 / TH.2.C.1.1 / TH.2.C.1.2 / TH.2.C.3.1 / TH.3.C.1.2 / TH.3.C.3.1 / TH.4.C.3.1 / TH.4.C.3.3 / TH.5.C.2.3 / TH.5.C.3.1 / TH.68.C.1.3 TH.68.C.2.4)</u>

-TH.K.C.2.1. Respond to a performance and share personal preferences about parts of the performance

-TH.K.C.3.1 Recognize that individuals may like different things about a selected story or play

-TH.1.C.2.2 Identify elements of an effective performance

-TH.1.C.3.1 Share opinions about selected plays

-TH.2.C.1.1 Describe a character in a story and tell why the character is important to the story

-TH.2.C.1.2 Respond to a play by drawing and/or writing about a favorite aspect of it

-TH.2.C.3.1 Identify important characteristics to discuss when sharing opinions about theatre

-TH.3.C.1.2 Watch a play and describe how the elements of light, costumes, props, and sound influence the mood of the production

-TH.3.C.3.1 Discuss the techniques that help create an effective theatre work

-TH.4.C.3.1 Identify the characteristics of an effective acting performance

-TH.4.C.3.3 Define the elements of a selected scene that create an effective presentation of an event or person

-TH.5.C.2.3 Defend an artistic choice for a theatrical work

-TH.5.C.3.1 Discuss alternate performance possibilities of the same character in the same play **-TH.68.C.1.3** Determine the purpose(s), elements, meaning, and value of a theatrical work based on personal, cultural, or historical standards

-TH.68.C.2.4 Defend personal responses to a theatre production

ACTIVITIES:

-After The Show Activities, Your Review

TH.K.S.1.1 / TH.1.O.3.1 / TH.1.S.1.1 / TH.2.C.2.2 / TH.2.S.1.1 / TH.3.O.3.1 / TH.3.S.1.1 / TH.4.S.1.1 / TH.5.H.3.2 / TH.5.S.1.1

-TH.K.S.1.1 Demonstrate appropriate audience behavior at a live performance.

-TH.1.O.3.1 Compare a play to an animated movie that tells the same story.

-TH.1.S.1.1 Exhibit appropriate audience etiquette and response.

-TH.2.C.2.2 Describe how an actor in a play, musical, or film creates a character.

-TH.2.S.1.1 Exhibit the behavior necessary to establish audience etiquette, response, and constructive criticism.

-TH.3.O.3.1 Compare the characteristics of theatre to television and movies.

-TH.3.S.1.1 Demonstrate effective audience etiquette and constructive criticism for a live performance.

-TH.4.S.1.1 Exhibit proper audience etiquette, give constructive criticism, and defend personal responses.

-TH.5.H.3.2 Compare theatre to other modes of communication.

-TH.5.S.1.1 Describe the difference in responsibilities between being an audience member at live or recorded performances.

ACTIVITIES:

-Before The Show Activity, Theatre Manners

TH.K.S.2.1, TH.1.S.3.1, TH.2.S.3.1, TH.3.S.3.1, , TH.4.S.3.1, TH.5.S.3.1

-TH.K.S.2.1 Pretend to be a character from a given story.

-TH.1.S.3.1 Use simple acting techniques to portray a person, place, action, or thing.

-TH.2.S.3.1 Create imagined characters, relationships, and environments using basic acting skills.

-TH.3.S.3.1 Create and sustain imagined characters and relationships, using basic acting skills, to tell a simple story.

-TH.4.S.3.1 Create and sustain imagined characters and relationships, using basic acting skills, to re-tell a well-known fairy tale, fable, or story.

-TH.5.S.3.1 Create and sustain imagined characters and relationships, using basic acting skills, to tell an original story based on historical, literary, or everyday situations.

ACTIVITIES:

-After The Show Activities, Act Out A Character

VA.K.S.1.2, VA.1.S.1.3, VA.2.S.3.1, VA.3.S.3.1, VA.4.S.3.1, VA.5.S.3.1

-VA.K.S.1.2 Produce artwork influenced by personal decisions and ideas.

-VA.1.S.1.3 Create works of art to tell a personal story.

-VA.2.S.3.1 Manipulate art materials and refine techniques to create two- and/or three-dimensional personal works.

-VA.3.S.3.1 Use materials, tools, and processes to achieve an intended result in two- and/or threedimensional artworks.

-VA.4.S.3.1 Experiment with various materials, tools, techniques, and processes to achieve a variety of results in two- and/or three-dimensional artworks.

-VA.5.S.3.1 Use materials, tools, techniques, and processes to achieve expected results in twoand/or three-dimensional artworks.

ACTIVITIES:

-After The Show Activities, Be A Set Designer -Be A Scenic Artist Activity Sheet

FL Previous LAFS Standards

FL STANDARDS CONNECTIONS:

LAFS.K.L.3.4/ LAFS.1.L.3.4 / LAFS.2.L.3.4 / LAFS.3.L.3.4 / LAFS.4.L.3.4 / LAFS.5.L.3.4

-LAFS.K.L.3.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on kindergarten reading and content.

-LAFS.1.L.3.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade 1 reading and content, choosing flexibly from an array of strategies.
-LAFS.2.L.3.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade 2 reading and content, choosing flexibly from an array of strategies.
-LAFS.3.L.3.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning word and phrases based on grade 3 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.
-LAFS.4.L.3.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade 3 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.
-LAFS.4.L.3.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade 4 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.
-LAFS.5.L.3.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade 4 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.
-LAFS.5.L.3.4 Determine or clarify the meaning of unknown and multiple-meaning words and phrases based on grade 5 reading and content, choosing flexibly from a range of strategies.

ACTIVITIES:

-Vocabulary

LAFS.K.SL.1.2, LAFS.1.RI.1.1, LAFS.2.RI.1.1, LAFS.3.RI.1.1, LAFS.4.RI.1.2, LAFS.5.RI.1.2

-LAFS.K.SL.1.2: Confirm understanding of a text read aloud or information presented orally or through other media by asking and answering questions about key details and requesting clarification if something is not understood.

-LAFS.1.RI.1.1: Ask and answer questions about key details in a text.

-LAFS.2.RI.1.1: Ask and answer such questions as who, what, where, when, why, and how to demonstrate understanding of key details in a text.

-LAFS.3.RI.1.1: Ask and answer questions to demonstrate understanding of a text, referring explicitly to the text as the basis for the answers.

-LAFS.4.RI.1.2: Determine the main idea of a text and explain how it is supported by key details; summarize the text.

-LAFS.5.RI.1.2: Determine two or more main ideas of a text and explain how they are supported by key details; summarize the text.

ACTIVITIES:

-About The Author

LAFS.K.RL.3.9 / LAFS.1.RL.3.9 / LAFS.2.RL.3.9 / LAFS.3.RL.3.9 / LAFS.4.RL.2.6 / LAFS.5.RL.3.9

-LAFS.K.RL.3.9 With prompting and support, compare and contrast the adventures and experiences of characters in familiar stories.

-LAFS.1.RL.3.9 Compare and contrast the adventures and experiences of characters in stories. **-LAFS.2.RL.3.9** Compare and contrast two or more versions of the same story (e.g., Cinderella stories) by different authors or from different cultures.

-LAFS.3.RL.3.9 Compare and contrast the themes, settings, and plots of stories written by the same author about the same or similar characters (e.g., in books from a series).

-LAFS.4.RL.2.6 Compare and contrast the point of view from which different stories are narrated, including the difference between first- and third-person narrations.

-LAFS.5.RL.3.9 Compare and contrast stories in the same genre (e.g., mysteries and adventure stories) on their approaches to similar themes and topics.

ACTIVITIES:

-After The Show Activities, Compare & Contrast

LAFS.K.SL.1.1, LAFS.K.SL.1.2, LAFS.1.SL.1.1, LAFS.1.SL.1.2, LAFS.2.SL.1.1, LAFS.2.SL.1.2, LAFS.3.SL.1.1, LAFS.3.SL.1.2, LAFS.4.SL.1.1, LAFS.4.SL.1.2, LAFS.5.SL.1.1, LAFS.5.SL.1.2

-LAFS.K.SL.1.1 Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about kindergarten topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger groups. **-LAFS.K.SL.1.2** Confirm understanding of a text read aloud or information presented orally or through other media by asking and answering questions about key details and requesting clarifycation if something is not understood.

-LAFS.1.SL.1.1 Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about grade 1 topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger groups.

-LAFS.1.SL.1.2 Ask and answer questions about key details in a text read aloud or information presented orally or through other media.

-LAFS.2.SL.1.1 Participate in collaborative conversations with diverse partners about grade 2 topics and texts with peers and adults in small and larger groups.

-LAFS.2.SL.1.2 Recount or describe key ideas or details from a text read aloud or information presented orally or through other media.

-LAFS.3.SL.1.1 Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 3 topics and texts, building on ideas and expressing their own clearly.

-LAFS.3.SL.1.2 Determine the main ideas and supporting details of a text read aloud or information presented in diverse media and formats, including visually, quantitatively, and orally.

-LAFS.4.SL.1.1 Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 4 topics and texts, building on ideas and expressing their own clearly.

-LAFS.4.SL.1.2 Paraphrase portions of a text read aloud or information presented in diverse media and formats, including visually, quantitatively, and orally.

-LAFS.5.SL.1.1 Engage effectively in a range of collaborative discussions (one-on-one, in groups, and teacher-led) with diverse partners on grade 5 topics and texts, building on ideas and expressing their own clearly.

-LAFS.5.SL.1.2 Summarize a written text read aloud or information presented in diverse media and formats, including visually, quantitatively, and orally.

ACTIVITIES:

-Before The Show Activities, Other Works By The Same Author

LAFS.K.W.1.1, LAFS.1.W.1.1, LAFS.2.W.1.1, LAFS.3.W.1.1, LAFS.4.W.1.1, LAFS.5.W.1.1

-LAFS.K.W.1.1 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose opinion pieces in which they tell a reader the topic or the name of the book they are writing about and state an opinion or preference about the topic or book (e.g., My favorite book is...).

-LAFS.1.W.1.1 Write opinion pieces in which they introduce the topic or name the book they are writing about, state an opinion, supply a reason for the opinion, and provide some sense of closure.
-LAFS.2.W.1.1 Write opinion pieces in which they introduce the topic or book they are writing about, state an opinion, supply reasons that support the opinion, use linking words (e.g., be cause, and, also) to connect opinion and reasons, and provide a concluding statement or section.

-LAFS.3.W.1.1 Write opinion pieces on topics or texts, supporting a point of view with reasons.

-LAFS.4.W.1.1 Write opinion pieces on topics or texts, supporting a point of view with reasons and information.

-LAFS.5.W.1.1 Write opinion pieces on topics or texts, supporting a point of view with reasons and information.

ACTIVITIES:

-Write a letter to the actors

LAFS.K.W.1.2, LAFS.1.W.3.8, LAFS.2.W.3.8, LAFS.3.W.1.2, LAFS.4.W.1.2, LAFS.5.W.1.2

-LAFS.K.W.1.2: Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to compose informative/explanatory texts in which they name what they are writing about and supply some information about the topic.

-LAFS.1.W.3.8: With guidance and support from adults, recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question.

-LAFS.2.W.3.8: Recall information from experiences or gather information from provided sources to answer a question.

-LAFS.3.W.1.2: Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly.

-LAFS.4.W.1.2: Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and I nformation clearly.

-LAFS.5.W.1.2: Write informative/explanatory texts to examine a topic and convey ideas and information clearly.

ACTIVITIES:

-Using vocabulary words in writing

LAFS.K.W.1.3, LAFS.1.W.1.3, LAFS.2.W.1.3, LAFS.3.W.1.3, LAFS.4.W.1.3, LAFS.5.W.1.3)

-LAFS.K.W.1.3 Use a combination of drawing, dictating, and writing to narrate a single event or several loosely linked events, tell about the events in the order in which they occurred, and provide a reaction to what happened.

-LAFS.1.W.1.3 Write narratives in which they recount two or more appropriately sequenced events, include some details regarding what happened, use temporal words to signal event order, and provide some sense of closure.

-LAFS.2.W.1.3 Write narratives in which they recount a well-elaborated event or short sequence of events, include details to describe actions, thoughts, and feelings, use temporal words to signal event order, and provide a sense of closure.

-LAFS.3.W.1.3 Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, descriptive details, and clear event sequences.

-LAFS.4.W.1.3 Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, descriptive details, and clear event sequences.

-LAFS.5.W.1.3 Write narratives to develop real or imagined experiences or events using effective technique, descriptive details, and clear event sequences.

ACTIVITIES:

-Write Your Own Play

-Before The Show Activities, Poems To Music

-After The Show Activities, Write A Story