Maintaining a Healthy Entity

Observations on Fiscal, Accounting and Tax Oversight

September 30, 2025



national trust closely held business association



Agenda

Defining Oversight Objectives	3
Oversight Awareness	4
• Fiscal	5
• Accounting	6
• Tax	7
Effective Engagement of Accounting and Tax Professionals	8
Accounting Firm Service Options	9-10
Closing Oversight / Cursory Review Checklists	
• Basic	11
• Key Performance Indicators (KPIs)	12
Balance Sheet	13
• Income Statement	14
Business Entity Tax Return	15-16
• Industry Specific	17



Where to Start – Defining Oversight Objectives

- Complex questions needing answers:
 - Direction of the business/enterprise?
 - Ownership/beneficiaries desires
 - Industry placement and SWOT analysis
 - Market and economic factors
 - Leadership engaged—both internal and external
 - Communications between the stakeholders
 - What oversight actions to implement?
 - Achieving goals avoiding surprises



Oversight Awareness



Outside Expert Utilization

- What, when and how
- Cost effectiveness v. internal development

Risk Management

- Financial stewardship
- IT / cybersecurity
- Human resources
- Regulatory and compliance

Timely and Accurate Reporting

- Dashboards and monthly/year-end closings
- KPI's to consider and monitor



Fiscal

Oversight

Communications

- Ownership/ Beneficiaries
- Board(s) & Management
- Outside Experts



- Maintaining a competitive edge
- Utilizing available resources
- Strategic planning and SWOT analysis





Utilization of Budgets and Forecasts

- Annual budget monitoring for course corrections
- Long-term forecasts goals and future direction



Reporting Systems and Processes

- System efficiency and automation
- Resiliency
- Strategic use of data

Accounting

Internal Controls, What's Important

- Separation of duties
- Systems and data access
- Delegation of authority

External Financial Reporting

- Scope and purpose
- Financial reporting v. consulting





Effective Internal Financial Reporting

- Tax v. GAAP separate "books"
- Accuracy and transparency
- Timeliness and delivery of information



Compliance and Risk Management

- Timely and accurate reporting
- Staying abreast of regulations local, state, national and international



Oversight

Aligning Tax Strategy and Goals

- Supporting business and beneficiaries' goals
- Growth, profitability and after-tax cash flow

Identifying Opportunities

- Leveraging available and developing options
- Entity structures, business activities and transactions



Collaboration and Communications

- Internal –management
- External –CPA's and consultants
- Board (s) and beneficiaries



Effective Engagement of Accounting and Tax Professionals

Often, engaged professionals are consulted with after year-end as closing procedures develop - a proactive, year-end planning opportunity if missed.

An effective year-end planning meeting would:

- Align the ownership/beneficiaries' goals with independent expert observations and advice
- Allow Trustees and Management to understand any regulatory changes (tax & accounting)
- Explore opportunities
- Discuss operational and reporting challenges
- Plan for timely delivery of necessary tax and accounting reports
- Assign responsibilities and timelines

Starting point:

- Review the interim financial results and management discussion and analysis (MD&A)
- Compare to current year results to operating budgets
- Discuss operating plans and forecasts for next year anything on the horizon



Accounting Firm Service Options

The AICPA defines assurance services as "independent professional services that improve the quality of information, or its context, for decision makers."

Service	Level of Assurance	Procedures	Output	When to Use
Audit	Highest level	Detailed examination of financial records, internal control testing, transaction verification, and confirmations with third-parties	An opinion on whether the financial statements are presented fairly in accordance with GAAP	When high assurance is needed by investors, lenders, or regulators
Review	Limited level of assurance	Performing analytical procedures, inquiries of management, and obtaining a representation letter confirming that management's responsibility for a fair presentation and maintenance of internal controls	Conclusion expressing limited assurance that they are not aware of any material modifications needed for the financial statements, can be non-GAAP	Higher level of assurance than a compilation is needed but a full audit isn't required, often by lenders or stakeholders for privately held companies
Compilation	No assurance	Presenting financial information in the form of financial statements, free of obvious errors but not perform in-depth testing or analysis	Report stating that no opinion or any other form of assurance is expressed., can be non-GAAP and non-independent CPA	Need financial information in a professional format but don't require external assurance



Accounting Firm Service Options

Service	Level of Assurance	Procedures	Output	When to Use
Preparation	No assurance	Taking financial information (e.g., trial balances) and presenting in an accounting format, adhering to a specific financial reporting framework	No report	Need financial information in a professional format
Agreed-Upon Procedures	No assurance	Applying procedures to the subject matter of the engagement and reporting the findings	Intended users assess for themselves the procedures and findings to be reported by the accountant and draw their own conclusions	Due diligence for transactions, reviews of internal controls, contract compliance, grant expenditures
Consulting Engagements	No assurance	Applying the accountants' technical skills, education, observations, experiences, and knowledge of the issue	Conducted for the primary benefit of the client report and/or oral delivery	Tax planning, accounting systems setup, litigation support, valuation engagements



Closing Oversight – Basic

General	Ownership	Tax Elections and Methods
☐ Review prior year returns and certain workpapers, correspondence/notes for carryforward items	☐ Review changes to partners or shareholders such as:	☐ Review prior year elections
☐ Clear any unchecked or unanswered questions on tax returns	☐ Names, addresses ownership percentages	☐ Monitor time-sensitive elections
☐ Methods of accounting employed; cash v. accrual, long-term contracts, inventory costing, etc.	☐ Dates of change and proper allocations	☐ Any opportunities to pursue
☐ State filings - ensure they reflect where the company may have nexus and proper allocations	☐ Any step-up in basis or basis adjustments	
☐ Review ecommerce activity and use or sales tax compliance		
☐ Understand book v. tax reconciliation		
S- Corporations	Partnerships and LLCs	C-Corporations
☐ Maintenance of election qualifications	☐ Maintenance of capital account and tax basis	☐ Dividend reporting
☐ Reasonable officer's salary	☐ Entity status and ownership changes	☐ Shareholder loans and documentation
☐ Shareholder's stock and debt basis tracking	☐ Reporting of pass-through payments such as guaranteed payments to partners	☐ Accumulated earnings justification
☐ Distribution reporting		
☐ Reconciliation of book to tax return equity/capital		
Fixed Assets and Depreciation	Intangible Assets	Payroll Related
☐ Review listed/reported assets to ensure operational usage	☐ Startup costs to consider	☐ Determine deductibility of benefits (vacation, overtime, pension contribution, etc.) accruals
☐ Depreciable lives and methods utilized	☐ R&D to capitalize or expense, credit availability	☐ Review payroll cut-off periods and financial reporting
☐ Multi-state allocations	☐ Amortization schedule review	
☐ Capitalization Policy		



Closing Oversight – Key Performance Indicators (KPIs)

Horizontal Analysis (Trend analysis)	Variance Analysis	Vertical Analysis (Common-size % analysis)
☐ Month-over-month	☐ Yearly budget comparison	☐ Relationships - revenue and expenses
☐ Quarter-over-quarter	☐ Forecast/projection targets	☐ Comparison to budgets/forecasts
☐ Year-over-year	☐ Industry benchmarks	☐ Profitability metrics
☐ Trailing twelve months (TTM)		
☐ Current run rate (important for growth analysis)		



Closing Oversight – Balance Sheet

Cash / Bank Accounts	Accou	nts Receivable	Inventory		Prepaid Assets	Fixe	d / Intangible Assets	Other Assets
☐ Custody and access to accounts	☐ Aging so	chedule reviews	☐ Costings and obsolescence		☐ Monthly materiality thresholds	☐ Ca	pitalization policy	☐ Reporting relevance
☐ Strong POS system	trong POS system		☐ Consignment issu	es	☐ Data collection and reporting system	□ Ot	osolescence	☐ Liquidity
☐ Account reconciliations ☐ Credits and refund analysis		☐ Cost of sales % / inventory turns				surance schedule mparison	☐ Strategic importance	
☐ Treasury management	☐ Collection	on responsibilities				☐ Lo	ocation of assets	
☐ Efficient account usage	Days sal (DSO) tr	es outstanding rends						
☐ Idle accounts								
Accounts Payable		Accrued / O	other Expenses		Debt Facilities		Equ	iity
☐ Aging review		☐ Custody and creconciliations	edit card	□ Sh	ort-term / long-term allocatio	n	☐ Roll forward of pr	rior amounts
☐ Days payables outstanding (DPO) trends ☐		☐ Monthly materi	riality thresholds					
☐ Early payment discount utiliz	zation	☐ Data collection system	and reporting	☐ Co	verage and cash flow planning	g		
☐ Vendor terms								



Closing Oversight – Income Statement

Revenues	Cost of Sales		Payroll		Insurance
☐ Recognition methodology	☐ Capture material variable costs		☐ Timing and cut-off allocations		☐ Payment schedule analysis
☐ Return/rebate analysis	☐ Compare to industry standards		☐ Accruals for timing and benefits		☐ Rebates / cost sharing
☐ Material Contract Overview	☐ Costin	g and overhead allocations	☐ Payroll tax and benefit expe	nse timing	
Rent / Lease		U	tilities	Pro	ofessional Services
☐ New ASC 842 right-of-use (ROU) asset		☐ Adequate line-item detai	equate line-item details		item details
☐ Potential EBITDA adjustments		☐ Seasonal fluctuations and	d reporting	☐ Recurring v. no	on-recurring



Closing Oversight - Business Entity Tax Return

General	Ownership	Tax Elections and Methods
☐ Review prior year returns and certain workpapers, correspondence/notes for carryforward items	☐ Review changes to partners or shareholders such as:	☐ Review prior year elections
☐ Clear any unchecked or unanswered questions on tax returns	☐ Names, addresses ownership percentages	☐ Monitor time-sensitive elections
☐ Methods of accounting employed; cash v. accrual, long-term contracts, inventory costing, etc.	☐ Dates of change and proper allocations	☐ Any opportunities to pursue
☐ State filings - ensure they reflect where the company may have nexus and proper allocations	☐ Any step-up in basis or basis adjustments	
☐ Review ecommerce activity and use or sales tax compliance		
☐ Understand book v. tax reconciliation		
S- Corporations	Partnerships and LLCs	C-Corporations
☐ Maintenance of election qualifications	☐ Maintenance of capital account and tax basis	☐ Dividend reporting
☐ Reasonable officer's salary	☐ Entity status and ownership changes	☐ Shareholder loans and documentation
☐ Shareholder's stock and debt basis tracking	☐ Reporting of pass-through payments such as guaranteed payments to partners	☐ Accumulated earnings justification
☐ Distribution reporting		
☐ Reconciliation of book to tax return equity/capital		
Fixed Assets and Depreciation	Intangible Assets	Payroll Related
☐ Review listed/reported assets to ensure operational usage	☐ Startup costs to consider	☐ Determine deductibility of benefits (vacation, overtime, pension contribution, etc.) accruals
☐ Depreciable lives and methods utilized	☐ R&D to capitalize or expense, credit availability	☐ Review payroll cut-off periods and financial reporting
☐ Multi-state allocations	☐ Amortization schedule review	
☐ Capitalization Policy		



Closing Oversight - Business Entity Tax Return

Insurance and Benefits	Related Party Transactions		Travel and Entertainment Expenses	
☐ Entity owned life insurance and premium reporting	☐ Deductibility of payment amounts and timing ☐		☐ Reimbursements under an accountable plan	
☐ Taxability of insurance/benefit arrangements			☐ Club, lobbying and association dues allocations	
☐ See payroll above			☐ Limitation of meals and entertainment	
			☐ Adequate records - entertainment, use of vehicles	
Charitable Contributions			Tax Credit Availability	
☐ Adequate documentation obtained		☐ Employee and compensation credits		
☐ Potential allocations to advertising	Į.	☐ Energy Efficient Commercial Building Deduction		
	Į	☐ Investment and research, opportunity zones		
Informational and Ancillary Retu	ırns	Ca	uryforward / Next Year Notes	
☐ Sales tax reporting and maintenance of reseller permi	ts	☐ Review carryforward schedules to be maintained		
□ Non-employee Form 1096 & 1099s		☐ Planning notes and thoug	thts for next year	
☐ State registrations and filings such as personal property tax				
☐ Excise or fuel tax reporting				
☐ Escheat tax compliance				



Closing Oversight - Industry Specific

Manufacturing	Service-Based Businesses	Retail
☐ Work-in-Progress (WIP) and long-term contract reporting	☐ Revenue recognition methodology	☐ Multi-location inventory - coordination of counts across locations
☐ Raw materials - usage and waste calculations	☐ Unbilled receivables - accrued for not yet invoiced	☐ Shrinkage calculations - theft, damage, and counting errors
☐ Inventory movement - perpetual v. annual	☐ Deferred revenue - advance payments for future services	☐ Seasonal adjustments - handling planning and inventory movement
☐ Inventory costing method analysis	☐ Time tracking - billable hours are captured and recorded	☐ Gift card liabilities- tracking outstanding balances
☐ Standard costing and variances testing / adjustment	☐ Contract modifications - change orders and scope adjustments	 Promotional allowances - vendor rebates and markdowns
☐ Production reporting and inventory movements		
Technology /eCommerce	Construction	Healthcare
Technology /eCommerce ☐ Subscription revenue - monthly recurring revenue (MRR)		Healthcare Patient revenue cycles - complex insurance billing and collections
☐ Subscription revenue - monthly recurring revenue	☐ Percentage of completion (POC) - costs and completion estimates	☐ Patient revenue cycles - complex insurance billing
 ☐ Subscription revenue - monthly recurring revenue (MRR) ☐ Annual contract value (ACV) - track annual contract 	 □ Percentage of completion (POC) - costs and completion estimates □ Completed contract analysis (CCA) compared to previous POC 	 □ Patient revenue cycles - complex insurance billing and collections □ Regulatory - compliance with various healthcare
 ☐ Subscription revenue - monthly recurring revenue (MRR) ☐ Annual contract value (ACV) - track annual contract performance ☐ Revenue recognition (ASC 606) - software revenue 	 □ Percentage of completion (POC) - costs and completion estimates □ Completed contract analysis (CCA) compared to previous POC □ Change orders - pending, approved and accounting 	 □ Patient revenue cycles - complex insurance billing and collections □ Regulatory - compliance with various healthcare mandates □ Bad debt/adjustment provisions - appropriate
 ☐ Subscription revenue - monthly recurring revenue (MRR) ☐ Annual contract value (ACV) - track annual contract performance ☐ Revenue recognition (ASC 606) - software revenue recognition rules ☐ Customer acquisition costs - amortize customer 	 □ Percentage of completion (POC) - costs and completion estimates □ Completed contract analysis (CCA) compared to previous POC □ Change orders - pending, approved and accounting □ Retentions -tracking and release schedules □ Lob cost allocations - job cost tracking and 	 □ Patient revenue cycles - complex insurance billing and collections □ Regulatory - compliance with various healthcare mandates □ Bad debt/adjustment provisions - appropriate allowances □ Insurance - complex submission and payment



Urish Popeck & Co. and Affiliated Companies

Customized Solutions for Financial Institutions

Ancillary Services	Private Equity Services	Valuation	Transaction Advisory/ Mergers and Acquisitions	Cybersecurity/IT /Technology
 Director / Advisory Roles Board Books Regulatory update Monitoring 	Fund and Portfolio Company Audits, Reviews & Compilations Fund & Portfolio Company Accounting Services Fund and Portfolio Tax Compliance, Provision & Planning Services	•Reg 9 •Estate •ESOP •Summary & Calculation Reports •Forensic Investigation •FASB 141 Purchase Price Allocations •FASB 142 Intangible Asset Impairments	*Buy and Sell-side representation *Quality of Earnings (QOE), Buy and Sell-side *Tax Structuring *Succession / Exit Planning *Valuation Enhancement Solutions *Virtual Data room Management	Security testing and threat prevention Internet Presence and best practice monitoring Managed IT Services Assistance with cyber insurance
Staffing	Accounting & Attest/Audit	Cost Saving / Profit Enhancement Solutions	Tax Planning and Compliance	Risk Advisory Services
 Permanent Placement Contract Placement Consulting Practice CFO Services 	Audits, reviews, and compilations Agreed-upon procedures Outsourced internal audit preparation Internal controls testing and monitoring Forensic investigation services Sarbanes-Oxley (SOX) services Retirement plan audits Field audits/Loan collateral reviews	Utilities Electricity Natural Gas Other Fuels Water and Sewer Communications Telecom – local long-distance Services, Data Wireless Services – Cellular Phones & Devices Technology spend savings Shipping / Transportation Merchant/Credit Card Fees Payroll Processing Fees Employee Benefits Human resources / PEO's	High net worth tax planning and compliance Multi-state and international individual and entity Entity selection and conversions IRS representation Trust and Estate planning, FLP's, GRAT's, Private Foundations, Etc. Trust / Estate compliance and back office (white label) State and Local Tax (SALT) Retirement Plans ESOP Advisory Cost Segregation Maintenance of large fixed asset reports	Cyber security consulting and remediation Internal & IT audit Corporate & IT governance Fraud/Investigative services Compliance/ regulatory – SOX: Patriot, HIPAA, GLB SSAE 16 – SOC 1,2,3 Risk verification/ due diligence AML/BSA



David J. Pieton

Pittsburgh | M&A/Transaction Advisory Services



412.996.4189 | dpieton@urishpopeck.com

Licenses and Certifications

- Certified Public Accountant
- Accredited Senior Appraiser
- Series 82 Limited Representative-Private Securities Offerings
- Series 63 Uniform Securities Agent State Law Examination
- Series 65 Uniform Investment Adviser

Experience

Dave delivers a unique blend of business expertise based on a life-long career in the public accounting profession and as a practice owner. These include deep experience with accounting and tax compliance, retirement planning, wealth advisory, valuation advisory, owner succession and exit planning and managing the sale process of companies, including one as an owner himself.

Dave currently consults with business owners and their advisors to prepare for, and, act on an exit whether to family members, management teams or third-party sales. Guidance and support is also given to businesses and investors pursuing mergers and acquisitions by assisting with target identification, due diligence, financial analysis, and negotiations to ensure a strategic, valuable, and smooth acquisition process.



