HIGH CHOLESTEROL IS A SILENT CONCERN THAT CAUSES NO SIDE EFFECTS; THE FIRST USUAL EFFECT IS A HEART ATTACK OR STROKE

- KNOW YOUR LDL CHOLESTEROL AND YOUR HDL CHOLESTEROL LEVELS. IF YOUR CHOLESTEROL IS HIGHER THAN 70 OR HDL IS LOWER THAN 40 THEN SPEAK TO YOUR DOCTOR.
- 2 STUDIES HAVE SHOWN THAT IF YOUR LDL IS UNDER 70 YOUR 10YEAR RISK OF HAVING A HEART ATTACK OR STROKE GOES DOWN BY 99.6%
- WHEN LDL CHOLESTEROL IS HIGHER THAN 70
 THERE CAN BE PLAQUE THAT CAN LEAD TO A
 HEART ATTACK OR STROKE.
- EATING A PLANT BASED DIET WITH MORE BEANS, LENTILS, VEGETABLES, NUTS AND FRUITS AND DAILY EXERCISE IS THE FOUNDATION OF PREVENTING HEART ATTACK AND STROKE.
- IF YOUR LDL CHOLESTEROL IS HIGHER THAN
 70 ASK YOUR DOCTOR TO CALCULATE YOUR
 10YEAR HEART ATTACK AND STROKE RISK.
- IF YOUR LDL CHOLESTEROL IS HIGHER THAN
 70 ASK YOUR DOCTOR IF YOU SHOULD HAVE A
 CORONARY ARTERY CALCIUM SCORE TEST.
- IF YOUR CHOLESTEROL IS HIGHER THAN 70 ASK YOUR DOCTOR IF YOU SHOULD BE ON A STATIN MEDICATION.

Sources:

Erin Michos MD John Hopkins co-author of guidelines of primary prevention of cardiovascular disease

Michael Greger MD co-founder of Nutrtionfacts.org

William Clifford Roberts MD Editor and Chief of American Journal of Cardiology and the Executive Director of the Dallas Baylor health and vascular institute