

## Legal and social changes affecting LGBTQ+ people

Fill in the blanks to create a summary of the changes which affected gay men in Britain.

| 1.  | In the, being gay was illegal in the UK, and men could be arrested, imprisoned,       |
|---|---|
|   | or forced to undergo harmful medical treatments just because of their sexuality.      |
| 2.  | The argued that private relationships between   |
|   | consenting adults should not be criminal, laying the groundwork for change.           |
| 3.  | In, the UK passed the, making same-sex relationships                                  |
|   | legal, but only in private and only for men over                                      |
| 4.  | LGBTQ+ activists continued fighting for rights, protesting against discrimination and |
|   | laws like, which banned schools from discussing homosexuality.                        |
| 5.  | Music, fashion, and sport helped change attitudes; artists like,                      |
|   | footballers like, and movements like  |
|   | made LGBTQ+ identities more visible.  |
| 6.  | The encouraged acceptance in football and other                                       |
|   | sports, challenging homophobia on and off the pitch.                                  |
| 7.  | In, was legalised in England and Wales, showing                                       |
|   | society's shift toward greater equality and inclusion.                                |
| 8.  | pardoned thousands of men convicted under old anti-gay laws                           |
|   | recognising the injustice they suffered.  |
| Rainbow Laces Campaign; 2013; Turing's Law; Wolfenden Report; 21 years old; |   |
| Sexual Offences Act; Section 28; Pride marches; Justin Fashanu; 1967;       |   |
| same-sex marriage; David Bowie; 1950s                                       |   |