

What do you remember? Recap Quiz!

Circle the correct answer in each of the 12 questions.

Round 1: Social and Legal Changes

1. Which UK law made same-sex relationships between men illegal until 1967?
 - A. Sexual Offences Act 2003
 - B. Criminal Law Amendment Act 1885
 - C. Gender Recognition Act 2004
2. What was Section 28 (1988), and why did LGBTQ+ activists protest against it?
 - A. It banned schools from promoting LGBTQ+ relationships
 - B. It allowed same-sex marriage in the UK
 - C. It made conversion therapy illegal
3. What major LGBTQ+ legal change happened in the UK in 2013?
 - A. Same-sex marriage was legalised
 - B. The Wolfenden Report was published
 - C. Section 28 was introduced

Round 2: LGBTQ+ Representation in Music & Sport

4. Which sportsperson became the first openly gay professional footballer in the UK?
 - A. Justin Fashanu
 - B. Olly Alexander
 - C. Billie Jean King
5. Which music genre provided a safe space for LGBTQ+ people in the 1970s?
 - A. Disco
 - B. Punk
 - C. Classical
6. Who challenged gender norms with their 1972 *Top of the Pops* performance of *Starman*?
 - A. Elton John
 - B. David Bowie
 - C. Freddie Mercury

Round 3: LGBTQ+ Activism & Protests

7. What was the first UK Pride march, held in 1972, inspired by?
 - A. The Stonewall Riots in the USA
 - B. The formation of the Gay Liberation Front
 - C. The introduction of same-sex marriage
8. When was Section 28 repealed in England and Wales?
 - A. 1994
 - B. 2003
 - C. 2010
9. Which law was passed in 2017 to pardon men convicted under historical anti-gay laws?
 - A. Turing's Law
 - B. The Equalities Act
 - C. The Civil Partnerships Act

Final Round: LGBTQ+ Icons & Recognition

10. Whose face appears on the UK's £50 banknote in recognition of their contributions to computing and LGBTQ+ history?
 - A. Peter Wildeblood
 - B. Alan Turing
 - C. David Bowie
11. Which musical artist became an icon for LGBTQ+ people?
 - A. Rod Stewart
 - B. Lemmy
 - C. David Bowie
12. What major movement in the 2020s has focused on trans rights and healthcare access in the UK?
 - A. The Gender Recognition Act reforms
 - B. The Wolfenden Report updates
 - C. The Sexual Offences Act campaigns