

INFORMATICS PRACTICES – Code No. 065
SAMPLE QUESTION PAPER*
Class - XII - (2025-26)

Time Allowed: 3 Hrs.

Maximum Marks:70

General Instructions:

- All questions are compulsory.
- The examination paper contains five sections, from Section A to Section E.
- Section A consists of 21 questions (1 to 21). Each question carries 1 Mark.
- Section B consists of 7 questions (22 to 28). Each question carries 2 Marks.
- Section C consists of 4 questions (29 to 32). Each question carries 3 Marks.
- Section D consists of 2 questions (33 to 34). Each question carries 4 Marks.
- Section E consists of 3 questions (35 to 37). Each question carries 5 Marks.
- There is no overall choice. However, internal choices have been provided in some questions. Attempt only one of the choices in such questions.
- All programming questions are to be answered using Python Language only.
- In case of MCQ, text of the correct answer should also be written.

Q No.	Section-A (21 x 1 = 21 Marks)	Marks
1	State whether the following statement is True or False: The drop() method can be used to remove rows or columns from a Pandas DataFrame.	1
2	What will be the result of the following SQL query? SELECT MOD(5, 6); (A) 3 (B) 5 (C) 6 (D) 0	1
3	Shruti received an email that appeared to be from a popular social media platform, requesting her to click a link to reset her password. The link directed her to a fraudulent website designed to capture her login credentials. This situation is an example of which type of cybercrime? (A) Cyber Bullying (B) Violation of Intellectual Property Rights (C) Hacking (D) Phishing	1

*Please note that the assessment scheme of the Academic Session 2024-25 will continue in the current session i.e. 2025-26.

4	Which of the following Python statements is used to write a Pandas DataFrame df to a CSV file? (A) <code>df.to_csv()</code> (B) <code>df.write_csv()</code> (C) <code>df.to_table()</code> (D) <code>df.export_csv()</code>	1
5	Which of the following device is used for converting digital signals from a computer into analog signals for transmission over a telephone line. (A) Modem (B) Switch (C) Repeater (D) Router	1
6	What is the purpose of the ROUND(num, 0) in SQL, assuming num is a number with a fractional part? (A) Rounds the number to the nearest integer (B) Always rounds the number up (C) Leaves the number unchanged (D) Always rounds the number down	1
7	Aarushi has written a novel and wants to protect her literary work. Which type of Intellectual Property right will help her do that? (A) Patent (B) Copyright (C) Trademark (D) Both Copyright & Trademark	1
8	The default index used in a Pandas Series, if no index is explicitly specified, is _____ (A) Strings starting with 'a' (B) Consecutive integers starting from 1 (C) Random integers (D) Consecutive integers starting from 0	1
9	Consider a table named Students that has one primary key and three alternate keys. How many candidate keys does the table have?	1

	(A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3 (D) 4	
10	Which of the following is an application of VoIP technology? (A) Email (B) Chat (C) Internet Telephony (D) Web Browsing	1
11	Which of the following SQL function is used to count the non-NULL values in a column named column_name? (A) COUNT(*) (B) COUNT(column_name) (C) SUM(column_name) (D) AVG(column_name)	1
12	When two Pandas Series with different indices are added, the result is ____. (A) Error occurs (B) Indices are ignored, and elements are added in order (C) The result has all indices, with missing values filled as NaN (D) Only the common indices are retained in the result	1
13	In India, the primary law that deals e-commerce and cybercrime is ____. (A) Cybercrime Prevention Act, 2000 (B) Digital Security Act, 2000 (C) Information Technology Act, 2000 (D) E-Commerce Regulation Act, 2008	1
14	Which SQL command is used to sort rows in either ascending or descending order of values in a specific column? (A) ORDER BY (B) SORT BY (C) GROUP BY	1

	(D) SORT ON	
15	Which of the following Python commands selects the first 3 rows of a DataFrame df, assuming that labelled index are consecutive integers starting from 0? (A) df.loc[:3] (B) df.loc[:2] (C) df.loc[0:4] (D) df.loc[1:4]	1
16	In which network topology is every node directly connected to every other node? (A) Star (B) Tree (C) Mesh (D) Bus	1
17	What is the use of the INSTR() function in SQL? (A) To replace characters in a string (B) To find the length of a string (C) To find the position of a substring in a string (D) To extract characters from a string	1
18	Which of the following Python statements creates an empty Pandas DataFrame (Note: pd is an alias for pandas)? (A) pd.DataFrame(None) (B) pd.DataFrame() (C) pd.DataFrame([]) (D) pd.DataFrame.empty()	1
19	Which of the following is NOT an aggregate function in SQL? (A) MIN() (B) SUM() (C) UPPER() (D) AVG()	1

	Q-20 and Q-21 are Assertion (A) and Reason (R) Type questions. Choose the correct option as: (A) Both A and R are True, and R correctly explains A. (B) Both A and R are True, but R does not correctly explain A. (C) A is True, but R is False. (D) A is False, but R is True.		
20	Assertion (A): The output of print(df) and print(df.loc[:]) will be same for a DataFrame df . Reason (R): The statement print(df.loc[:]) will display all rows and columns of the DataFrame df , thus showing the entire data.		1
21	Assertion (A): The INSERT INTO command is a DML (Data Manipulation Language) command. Reason (R): DML commands are used to insert, update or delete the data stored in a database.		1
Q No.	Section-B (7X2 = 14 Marks)		Marks
22	(A) What is a DataFrame in Pandas? Mention any one property of DataFrame. OR (B) List any two differences between Series and DataFrame in Pandas.		2
23	What is e-waste? Mention any one impact of e-waste on the environment.		2
24	Ravi wants to create a Pandas Series as shown below: January 31 Februar y 28 March 31 Help him in completing the code below to achieve the desired output. Note: ser_data is a dictionary. import _____ as pd ser_data = _____ s = pd._____(ser_data) print(s)		2

25	(A)	Rohan, a Class XII student, has written code for a website but is unsure how to make it available on the Internet. Explain to Rohan the role of a web server and web hosting in ensuring availability of his website on the internet.	2
		OR	
	(B)	Explain the concept of VoIP and mention one benefit of using it.	
26		Write SQL queries to perform the following: I. Display the name of the day (e.g., Monday, Tuesday) for the date '2026-01-01' . II. Find and display the position of the substring "India" in the string "Incredible India"	2
27		Define digital footprints. Differentiate between active and passive digital footprints.	2
28	(A)	Write the output of the following code: import pandas as pd students = pd.Series(['Abhay', 'Ananya', 'Javed']) marks = pd.Series([85, 92, 88]) data = {'Name': students, 'Marks': marks} df = pd.DataFrame(data) df.rename(columns={'Name': 'StuName', 'Marks': 'Score'}, inplace=True) print(df)	2
		OR	
	(B)	Write the output of the following code: import pandas as pd states = pd.Series(['Maharashtra', 'Gujarat', 'Kerala']) capitals = pd.Series(['Mumbai', 'Gandhinagar', 'Thiruvananthapuram']) data = {'State': states, 'Capital': capitals} df = pd.DataFrame(data) df.drop(index=1, inplace=True) print(df)	

Q No	Section-C (4X3 = 12 Marks)		Marks															
29	Rahul has recently invented a new type of solar-powered water purification system and is concerned about the possibility of someone illegally copying and selling his invention without his permission. I. Explain Rahul the terms Intellectual Property & Intellectual Property Rights (IPR). II. Under which specific category of IPR is Rahul's invention covered? III. Describe the importance of IPR in safeguarding innovations.		3															
30	(A)	Write a Python program to create a Pandas Series as shown below using a ndarray, where the subject names are the indices and the corresponding marks are the values in the series. Mathematics 85 Science 90 English 78 History 88 OR (B) Write a Python program to create the Pandas DataFrame displayed below using a list of dictionaries. <table><thead><tr><th></th><th>Course</th><th>Duration</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>0</td><td>Data Science</td><td>12</td></tr><tr><td>1</td><td>Artificial Intelligence</td><td>18</td></tr><tr><td>2</td><td>Web Development</td><td>6</td></tr></tbody></table>		Course	Duration	0	Data Science	12	1	Artificial Intelligence	18	2	Web Development	6	3			
	Course	Duration																
0	Data Science	12																
1	Artificial Intelligence	18																
2	Web Development	6																
31	I. Write an SQL statement to create a table named EMPLOYEES , with the following specifications: <table><thead><tr><th>Column Name</th><th>Data Type</th><th>Key</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>EmployeeID</td><td>Numeric</td><td>Primary Key</td></tr><tr><td>EmpName</td><td>Varchar(25)</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>HireDate</td><td>Date</td><td></td></tr><tr><td>Salary_in_Lacs</td><td>Float(4,2)</td><td></td></tr></tbody></table> II. Write an SQL Query to insert the following data into the EMPLOYEES table: 101, Ravi Kumar, 2015-06-01, 1.70		Column Name	Data Type	Key	EmployeeID	Numeric	Primary Key	EmpName	Varchar(25)		HireDate	Date		Salary_in_Lacs	Float(4,2)		2+1=3
Column Name	Data Type	Key																
EmployeeID	Numeric	Primary Key																
EmpName	Varchar(25)																	
HireDate	Date																	
Salary_in_Lacs	Float(4,2)																	

32

(A)

Consider the following tables:

3

Table 1: STUDENT, which stores StudentID, Name, and Class.

StudentID	Name	Class
1	Ankit	12
2	Priya	11
3	Rohan	12
4	Shreya	11
5	Rehan	12

Table 2: MARKS, which stores StudentID, Subject, and Score

StudentID	Subject	Score
1	Mathematics	85
2	Physics	78
3	Chemistry	88
4	Biology	81
6	Computer Science	93

Write appropriate SQL queries for the following:

- I. List the names of students enrolled in Class 12, sorted in ascending order.
- II. Display name of all subjects in uppercase where students scored more than 80 marks.
- III. Display the names of students along with their subject and Score.

OR

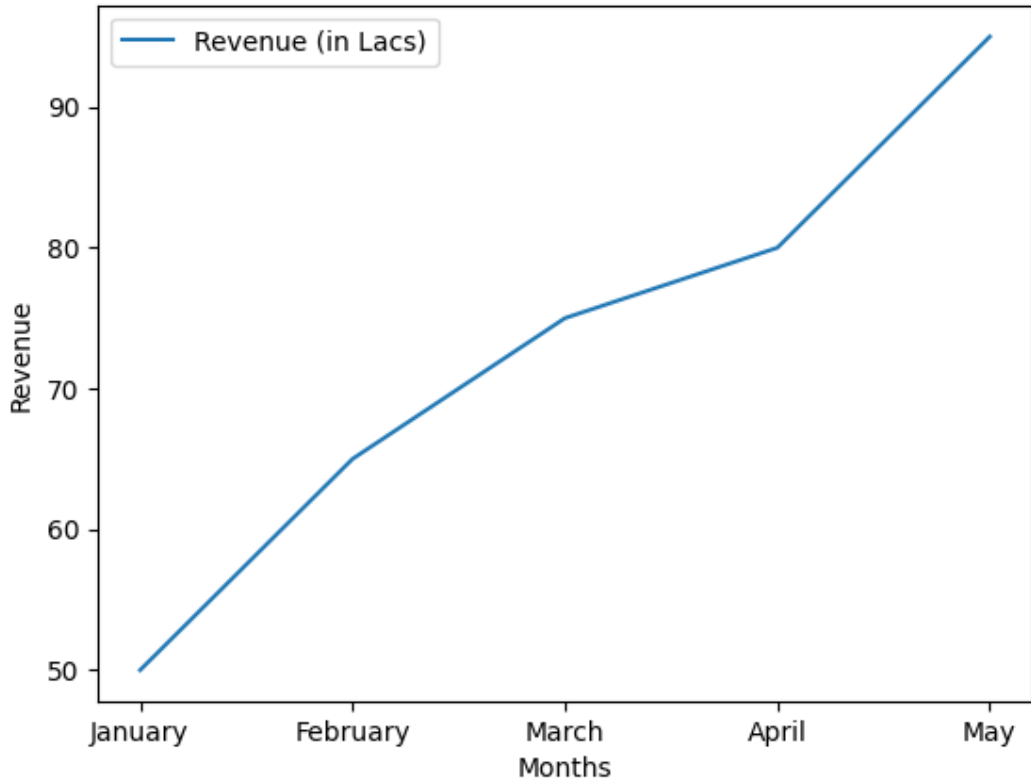
(B)

Consider the following table EMPLOYEE, which stores EmployeeID, Name, Department and Salary.

Table: EMPLOYEE

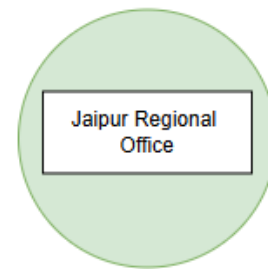
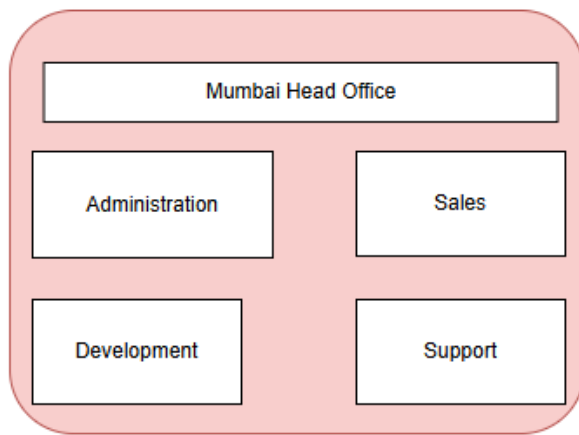
EmployeeID	Name	Department	Salary
101	Aman	IT	60000
102	Rahul	HR	50000
103	Priya	IT	70000
104	Neha	Finance	55000
105	Rahul	IT	60000

- I. Which attribute in the Table can be considered as the Primary Key? Provide justification for your answer

	II. Write a suitable SQL query to add a new column, Experience, of numeric data type to the table. III. Write the output of the following SQL Query. SELECT Department, COUNT(*) FROM Employee GROUP BY Department;													
Q No.	Section-D (2X4 = 8 Marks)	Marks												
33	Rohan, a business analyst, is working on a Python program to create a line graph that represents the monthly revenue (in lakhs) of a company over five months. However, some parts of his code are incomplete. Help Rohan by filling in the blanks in the following Python program. <table><thead><tr><th>Month</th><th>Revenue (in Lacs)</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>January</td><td>50</td></tr><tr><td>February</td><td>65</td></tr><tr><td>March</td><td>75</td></tr><tr><td>April</td><td>80</td></tr><tr><td>May</td><td>95</td></tr></tbody></table> Monthly Revenue Analysis 	Month	Revenue (in Lacs)	January	50	February	65	March	75	April	80	May	95	4
Month	Revenue (in Lacs)													
January	50													
February	65													
March	75													
April	80													
May	95													
Help Rohan to complete the code.														

	_____ as plt #Statement-1 Months = ['January', 'February', 'March', 'April', 'May'] Revenue = [50, 65, 75, 80, 95] _____ #Statement-2 plt.xlabel('Months') plt.ylabel('Revenue') _____ #Statement-3 _____ #Statement-4 plt.legend() plt.show() I. Write the suitable code for the import statement in the blank space in the line marked as Statement-1. II. Write the suitable code for the blank space in the line marked as Statement-2, which plots the line graph with the appropriate data and includes a label for the legend. III. Fill in the blank in Statement-3 with the correct Python code to set the title of the graph. IV. Fill in the blank in Statement-4 with the appropriate Python code to save the graph as an image file named monthly_revenue.png.																															
34	(A) Raghav, who works as a database designer, has created a table Student as shown below: Table : Student <table><tr><th>StudentID</th><th>Name</th><th>City</th><th>Marks</th><th>Admission_Date</th></tr><tr><td>101</td><td>Aarav Sharma</td><td>Delhi</td><td>85</td><td>2022-04-01</td></tr><tr><td>102</td><td>Priya Iyer</td><td>Mumbai</td><td>78</td><td>2021-05-15</td></tr><tr><td>103</td><td>Rohan Verma</td><td>Bangalore</td><td>92</td><td>2020-06-10</td></tr><tr><td>104</td><td>Simran Patel</td><td>Delhi</td><td>88</td><td>2022-03-20</td></tr><tr><td>105</td><td>Karan Yadav</td><td>Mumbai</td><td>75</td><td>2021-08-05</td></tr></table> Write suitable SQL query for the following. I. Show the Name and City of the students, both in uppercase, sorted alphabetically by Name. II. Display the Student ID along with the name of the month in which the student was admitted to the school. III. Calculate and display the average marks obtained by students.	StudentID	Name	City	Marks	Admission_Date	101	Aarav Sharma	Delhi	85	2022-04-01	102	Priya Iyer	Mumbai	78	2021-05-15	103	Rohan Verma	Bangalore	92	2020-06-10	104	Simran Patel	Delhi	88	2022-03-20	105	Karan Yadav	Mumbai	75	2021-08-05	4
StudentID	Name	City	Marks	Admission_Date																												
101	Aarav Sharma	Delhi	85	2022-04-01																												
102	Priya Iyer	Mumbai	78	2021-05-15																												
103	Rohan Verma	Bangalore	92	2020-06-10																												
104	Simran Patel	Delhi	88	2022-03-20																												
105	Karan Yadav	Mumbai	75	2021-08-05																												

	IV. Show the names of the cities and the number of students residing in the city. OR (B) Consider the following table and write the output of the following SQL Queries. Table : Student <table><tr><th>StudentID</th><th>Name</th><th>DateofBirth</th><th>Marks</th><th>City</th></tr><tr><td>301</td><td>Aryan</td><td>15-03-2005</td><td>88</td><td>Delhi</td></tr><tr><td>302</td><td>Ayesha</td><td>NULL</td><td>90</td><td>NULL</td></tr><tr><td>304</td><td>Aditi</td><td>NULL</td><td>85</td><td>Pune</td></tr><tr><td>305</td><td>Rajesh</td><td>11-01-2006</td><td>72</td><td>NULL</td></tr><tr><td>306</td><td>Maria</td><td>29-04-2005</td><td>95</td><td>Chennai</td></tr></table> Write the output of the following SQL Queries. I. SELECT Name, LENGTH(Name) FROM Student WHERE StudentID < 303; II. SELECT lower(Name) FROM Student WHERE MONTH(DateofBirth)= 3; III. SELECT AVG(Marks) FROM Student; IV. SELECT Name, Marks FROM Student WHERE Marks BETWEEN 90 AND 100;	StudentID	Name	DateofBirth	Marks	City	301	Aryan	15-03-2005	88	Delhi	302	Ayesha	NULL	90	NULL	304	Aditi	NULL	85	Pune	305	Rajesh	11-01-2006	72	NULL	306	Maria	29-04-2005	95	Chennai	
StudentID	Name	DateofBirth	Marks	City																												
301	Aryan	15-03-2005	88	Delhi																												
302	Ayesha	NULL	90	NULL																												
304	Aditi	NULL	85	Pune																												
305	Rajesh	11-01-2006	72	NULL																												
306	Maria	29-04-2005	95	Chennai																												
Q No.	Section-E (3X5 = 15 Marks)	Marks																														
35	ABC Pvt Ltd. is a leading global IT solutions provider. The company's head office is located in Mumbai while its Regional Office is in Jaipur. The Mumbai office consists of four departments: Administration, Sales, Development, and Support.	5																														



The distances between these departments, as well as between Mumbai and Jaipur, are as follows:

Administration to Sales	60 meters
Administration to Development	90 meters
Administration to Support	120 meters
Sales to Development	50 meters
Sales to Support	70 meters
Development to Support	45 meters
Mumbai Office to Jaipur Office	1400 kilometers

The number of computers in each department/office is as follows:

Administration	120
Sales	40
Development	70
Support	25
Jaipur Office	50

As a network engineer, you have to propose solutions for various queries listed from I to V.

- I. Suggest the most suitable department in the Mumbai Office Setup, to install the server. Also, give a reason to justify your suggested location.
- II. Draw a suitable cable layout of wired network connectivity between the departments in the Mumbai Office.
- III. Which hardware device will you suggest to connect all the computers within each department?

	IV. Suggest the most appropriate type of network (LAN, MAN, WAN) to connect the Mumbai Head Office and Jaipur Regional Office. V. When a signal is transmitted through a wire from Administration department to Support department, its strength reduces. Which device would you suggest the company use to solve this problem?																										
36	Consider the DataFrame df shown below. <table> <thead> <tr> <th></th><th>Name</th><th>Department</th><th>Salary</th></tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>0</td><td>Rohan Sharma</td><td>IT</td><td>75000</td></tr> <tr> <td>1</td><td>Meera Kapoor</td><td>HR</td><td>68000</td></tr> <tr> <td>2</td><td>Aarav Singh</td><td>Finance</td><td>85000</td></tr> <tr> <td>3</td><td>Nisha Singh</td><td>Marketing</td><td>72000</td></tr> <tr> <td>4</td><td>Aditya Verma</td><td>IT</td><td>80000</td></tr> </tbody> </table> Write Python statements for the following tasks: I. Print the last three rows of the DataFrame df. II. Add a new column named "Experience" with values [5, 8, 10, 6, 7]. III. Delete the column "Salary" from the DataFrame. IV. Rename the column "Department" to "Dept". V. Display only the "Name" and "Salary" columns from the DataFrame.			Name	Department	Salary	0	Rohan Sharma	IT	75000	1	Meera Kapoor	HR	68000	2	Aarav Singh	Finance	85000	3	Nisha Singh	Marketing	72000	4	Aditya Verma	IT	80000	5
	Name	Department	Salary																								
0	Rohan Sharma	IT	75000																								
1	Meera Kapoor	HR	68000																								
2	Aarav Singh	Finance	85000																								
3	Nisha Singh	Marketing	72000																								
4	Aditya Verma	IT	80000																								
37	(A) Write suitable SQL query for the following: I. To extract the first five characters from the product_code column in the Products table. II. To display the total number of orders from Order_Id column in the Orders table. III. To display the year of the order dates from the order_date column in the Orders table. IV. To display the Address column from the Customers table after removing leading and trailing spaces V. To display the current date. OR (B) Write suitable SQL query for the following:		5																								

		I. To display the total number of characters in the string DatabaseSystems. II. Find the position of the first occurrence of the letter 'a' in the Product_Name column of the Products table. III. Calculate the square of the Amount for each transaction in the Tran_Amount column of the Transactions table. IV. To display the average salary from the Salaries column in the Employees table. V. Display the total sum of the Salary from the Salary column in the Employees table.	
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INFORMATICS PRACTICES – Code No. 065
MARKING SCHEME
Class - XII - (2025-26)

Time Allowed: 3 Hrs.

Maximum Marks: 70

Q No.	Section-A	Marks
1	True (1 mark for correct answer)	1
2	(B) 5 (1 mark for correct answer)	1
3	(D) Phishing (1 mark for correct answer)	1
4	(A) df.to_csv() (1 mark for correct answer)	1
5	(A) Modem (1 mark for correct answer)	1
6	(A) Rounds the number to the nearest integer (1 mark for correct answer)	1
7	(B) Copyright (1 mark for correct answer)	1
8	(D) Consecutive integers starting from 0 (1 mark for correct answer)	1
9	(D) 4 (1 mark for correct answer)	1
10	(C) Internet Telephony (1 mark for correct answer)	1
11	(B) COUNT(column_name) (1 mark for correct answer)	1
12	(C) The result has all indices, with missing values filled as NaN (1 mark for correct answer)	1
13	(C) Information Technology Act, 2000 (1 mark for correct answer)	1
14	(A) ORDER BY (1 mark for correct answer)	1
15	(B) df.loc[:2] (1 mark for correct answer)	1

16	(C) Mesh (1 mark for correct answer)	1
17	(C) To find the position of a substring in a string (1 mark for correct answer)	1
18	(B) pd.DataFrame() (1 mark for correct answer)	1
19	(C) UPPER() (1 mark for correct answer)	1
20	(A) Both A and R are True, and R correctly explains A. (1 mark for correct answer)	1
21	(A) Both A and R are True, and R correctly explains A. (1 mark for correct answer)	1
Q No.	Section-B	Marks
22	(A) A DataFrame is a 2-Dimensional labeled data structure with rows and columns. Property: Flexible Size - Rows and Columns can be added or deleted after creation of DataFrame. (1 mark for correct definition) (1 mark for correct Property) OR (B) A Series is 1-dimensional, while a DataFrame is 2-dimensional. Series is size immutable while DataFrame is size mutable. (1 mark for each correct difference)	2
23	E-waste refers to discarded electronic devices like computers and phones. Impact: E-waste releases toxic chemicals into the soil and water, harming the environment. (1 mark for correct definition) (1 mark for correct impact)	2
24	pandas {'January': 31, 'February': 28, 'March': 31} Series (1/2 mark for pandas) (1 mark for dictionary) (1/2 mark for Series)	2

25	(A)	Web Server : It is a computer software that accepts client request and responds with required content or error message. Web Hosting: It is a service that stores and maintains a website's files on a server so that the website is accessible online. <i>(1 mark for role of Web Sever)</i> <i>(1 mark for role of Web Hosting)</i>	2
	(B)	VoIP allows voice communication over the internet. Benefit: Cost-effective <i>(1 mark for correct definition)</i> <i>(1 mark for correct benefit)</i>	
26		I. SELECT DAYNAME('2026-01-01'); II. SELECT INSTR('Incredible India', 'India'); <i>(1 mark for each correct query)</i>	2
27		Digital footprints are traces of a person's online activity. Active Digital Footprint: Intentional posts or uploads. Passive Digital Footprint: Unintentional data collected (e.g., location tracking). <i>(1 mark for correct definition)</i> <i>(1 mark for correct difference)</i>	2
28	(A)	StuName Score 0 Abhay 85 1 Ananya 92 2 Javed 88 <i>(2 marks for correct output)</i>	2
	(B)	State Capital 0 Maharashtra Mumbai 2 Kerala Thiruvananthapuram <i>(2 marks for correct output)</i>	
Q No	Section-C		Marks
29	I.	Intellectual Property (IP) refers to creations of the mind like literary works, inventions etc. Intellectual Property Rights (IPR) are legal rights granted to creators for their original work.	3
	II.	Rahul's invention will be covered under Patent.	

	III. Intellectual Property Rights (IPR) protect innovations by granting creators exclusive control over their inventions, preventing unauthorized use and ensuring financial rewards, which encourages further creativity and economic growth. <i>(1 mark for each correct answer)</i>	
30	(A) <pre>import pandas as pd import numpy as np marks = np.array([85, 90, 78, 88]) series = pd.Series(marks, index=['Mathematics', 'Science', 'English', 'History']) print(series)</pre> <i>(1 mark for correct import statement)</i> <i>(1 mark for correct creation of ndarray)</i> <i>(1 mark for correct creation of series)</i> OR (B) <pre>import pandas as pd d1 = {'Course': 'Data Science', 'Duration': 12} d2 = {'Course': 'Artificial Intelligence', 'Duration': 18} d3 = {'Course': 'Web Development', 'Duration': 6} data = [d1, d2, d3] df = pd.DataFrame(data) print(df)</pre> <i>(1 mark for correct import statement)</i> <i>(1 mark for correct list of dictionaries)</i> <i>(1 mark for correct creation of dataframe)</i>	3
31	I. <pre>CREATE TABLE EMPLOYEES (EmployeeID NUMERIC PRIMARY KEY, EmpName VARCHAR(25), HireDate DATE, Salary_in_Lacs FLOAT(4,2));</pre> <i>(2 mark for correct creation of Table)</i> II. <pre>INSERT INTO EMPLOYEES (EmployeeID, EmpName, HireDate, Salary_in_Lacs) VALUES (101, 'Ravi Kumar', '2015-06-01', 1.70);</pre>	3

	(1 Mark for correct insert Query)										
32	(A)	I. SELECT Name FROM STUDENT WHERE Class = 12 ORDER BY Name ASC; II. SELECT UPPER(Subject) FROM MARKS WHERE Score > 80; III. SELECT Name, Subject, Score FROM STUDENT JOIN MARKS ON STUDENT.StudentID = MARKS.StudentID; (1 mark for each correct query) OR (B) I. EmployeeID can be considered as Primary Key because it uniquely identifies each employee in the table. II. ALTER TABLE Employee ADD Experience INT; III. <table><tr><td>Department</td><td>COUNT(*)</td></tr><tr><td>IT</td><td>3</td></tr><tr><td>HR</td><td>1</td></tr><tr><td>Finance</td><td>1</td></tr></table> (1 mark for each correct answer)	Department	COUNT(*)	IT	3	HR	1	Finance	1	3
Department	COUNT(*)										
IT	3										
HR	1										
Finance	1										
Q No.	Section-D		Marks								
33	I. import matplotlib.pyplot II. plt.plot(Months, Revenue, label='Revenue (in Lacs)') III. plt.title('Monthly Revenue Analysis') IV. plt.savefig('monthly_revenue.png') (1 mark for each correct answer)		4								
34	A.	I. SELECT UPPER(Name), UPPER(City) FROM Student ORDER BY Name; II. SELECT StudentID, MONTHNAME(Admission_Date) FROM Student; III. SELECT AVG(Marks)FROM Student; IV. SELECT City, COUNT(*) FROM Student GROUP BY City; (1 mark for each correct query) OR	4								
	B.	I. <table><tr><td>Name</td><td>LENGTH(Name)</td></tr><tr><td>Aryan</td><td>5</td></tr><tr><td>Ayesha</td><td>6</td></tr></table>	Name	LENGTH(Name)	Aryan	5	Ayesha	6			
Name	LENGTH(Name)										
Aryan	5										
Ayesha	6										

		II. <table><tr><td>lower(Name)</td></tr><tr><td>aryan</td></tr></table> III. <table><tr><td>AVG(Marks)</td></tr><tr><td>86.0000</td></tr></table> IV. <table><tr><td>Name</td><td>Marks</td></tr><tr><td>Ayesha</td><td>90</td></tr><tr><td>Maria</td><td>95</td></tr></table> (1 mark for each correct output)	lower(Name)	aryan	AVG(Marks)	86.0000	Name	Marks	Ayesha	90	Maria	95	
lower(Name)													
aryan													
AVG(Marks)													
86.0000													
Name	Marks												
Ayesha	90												
Maria	95												
Q No.	Section-E		Marks										
35	I. The server should be installed in the Administration department as it has the most number of computers. II. Cable Layout Administration Sales Development Support III. Switch/Hub IV. WAN (Wide Area Network), as the offices are located in different cities. V. Repeater (1 mark for each correct answer)		5										
36	I. print(df.tail(3)) II. df['Experience'] = [5, 8, 10, 6, 7] III. df.drop(columns=['Salary'], inplace=True) IV. df.rename(columns={'Department': 'Dept'}, inplace=True) V. print(df[["Name", "Salary"]]) (1 mark for each correct answer)		5										
37	A.	I. SELECT LEFT(product_code, 5) FROM Products; II. SELECT COUNT(Order_Id) FROM Orders; III. SELECT YEAR(order_date) FROM Orders; IV. SELECT TRIM(Address) FROM Customers;	5										

		V. SELECT DATE(NOW()); <i>(1 mark for each correct query)</i> OR B. I. SELECT LENGTH('DatabaseSystems'); II. SELECT INSTR(Product_Name, 'a') FROM Products; III. SELECT POWER(Tran_Amount, 2) FROM Transactions; IV. SELECT AVG(Salaries) FROM Employees; V. SELECT SUM(Salary) FROM Employees; <i>(1 mark for each correct query)</i>	
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