

ATTORNEY OR PARTY WITHOUT ATTORNEY (Name, State Bar number, and address): Marieke Randoy 668 Citadel Parade, #2006 Vancouver, BC Canada V6B 1W6 TELEPHONE NO.: 17787880660 FAX NO. (Optional) E-MAIL ADDRESS (Optional): writetomarika@icloud.com ATTORNEY FOR (Name): In Pro Per		FOR COURT USE ONLY <div style="text-align: center;"> FILED Superior Court of California County of Los Angeles JUL 15 2015 Sherri R. Carter, Executive Officer/Clerk Mark Goode Deputy County Clerk Sherri R. Carter, Executive Officer/Clerk Dotty Wart Deputy </div>	
SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF STREET ADDRESS: 111 N. Hill St. MAILING ADDRESS: 111 N. Hill St. CITY AND ZIP CODE: Los Angeles, CA 90012 BRANCH NAME: Central District			
PETITIONER/PLAINTIFF: Reed Randoy RESPONDENT/DEFENDANT: Marieke Randoy OTHER PARENT/PARTY:			
REQUEST FOR ORDER <input type="checkbox"/> Child Custody <input type="checkbox"/> Child Support <input type="checkbox"/> Attorney Fees and Costs		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> MODIFICATION <input type="checkbox"/> Visitation <input type="checkbox"/> Spousal Support <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Temporary Emergency Court Order <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Other (specify): modify ATROS/ return home	
		CASE NUMBER: BD621137	

1. TO (name): Reed Randoy

2. A hearing on this Request for Order will be held as follows: If child custody or visitation is an issue in this proceeding, Family Code section 3170 requires mediation before or at the same time as the hearing (see item 7.)

a. Date:	Time: 8:30 am	Dept.: 22	Room.: 519
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b. Address of court ☐ same as noted above ☐ other (specify):

3. Attachments to be served with this Request for Order:

- a. A blank Responsive Declaration (form FL-320)
 b. ☐ Completed Income and Expense Declaration (form FL-150) and a blank Income and Expense Declaration
 c. ☐ Completed Financial Statement (Simplified) (form FL-155) and a blank Financial Statement (Simplified)
 d. ☒ Points and authorities
 e. ☒ Other (specify): Declaration of Marieke Randoy/ Respondent

Date: July 15, 2014

Marieke Randoy

(TYPE OR PRINT NAME)

Marieke Randoy
 (SIGNATURE)

☐ COURT ORDER

4. ☐ YOU ARE ORDERED TO APPEAR IN COURT AT THE DATE AND TIME LISTED IN ITEM 2 TO GIVE ANY LEGAL REASON WHY THE ORDERS REQUESTED SHOULD NOT BE GRANTED.

5. ☐ Time for ☐ service ☐ hearing is shortened. Service must be on or before (date):

6. Any responsive declaration must be served on or before (date):

7. The parties are ordered to attend mandatory custody services as follows:

8. ☐ You are ordered to comply with the Temporary Emergency Court Orders (form FL-305) attached.

9. ☒ Other (specify): denied. Matter will be heard on date Aiming set!

Date: 7/15/15

T-2
 JUDICIAL OFFICER

RECEIPT # : F1M18295708
 DATE PAID: 07/15/15
 PAYMENT: \$60.00
 RECEIVED:
 CHECK:
 CASH:
 CHANGE:
 CARD:

To the person who received this Request for Order: If you wish to respond to this Request for Order, you must file a Responsive Declaration to Request for Order (form FL-320) and serve a copy on the other parties at least nine court days before the hearing date unless the court has ordered a shorter period of time. You do not have to pay a filing fee to file the Responsive Declaration to Request for Order (form FL-320) or any other declaration including an Income and Expense Declaration (form FL-150) or Financial Statement (Simplified) (form FL-155).

PETITIONER/PLAINTIFF: Reed Randoy RESPONDENT/DEFENDANT: Marieke Randoy OTHER PARENT/PARTY:	CASE NUMBER: BD621137
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REQUEST FOR ORDER AND SUPPORTING DECLARATION

☐ Petitioner ☒ Respondent ☐ Other Parent/Party requests the following orders:

1. ☒ **CHILD CUSTODY** ☒ **To be ordered pending the hearing**
- | | | |
|---|---|--|
| a. <u>Child's name and age</u>

Hunter Randoy | b. Legal custody to (name of person who makes decisions about health, education, etc.)

Marieke Randoy/Petitioner | c. Physical custody to (name of person with whom child will live)

Marieke Randoy/Petitioner |
|---|---|--|

- d. ☒ As requested in form
- | |
|---|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <i>Child Custody and Visitation Application Attachment</i> (form FL-311) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> <i>Request for Child Abduction Prevention Orders</i> (form FL-312) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> <i>Children's Holiday Schedule Attachment</i> (form FL-341(C)) |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> <i>Additional Provisions—Physical Custody Attachment</i> (form FL-341(D)) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> <i>Joint Legal Custody Attachment</i> (form FL-341(E)) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Other (Attachment 1d) |

- e. ☒ **Modify existing order**
 (1) filed on (date): July 1, 2015
 (2) ordering (specify):
 Respondent prohibited from returning with child to habitual residence in Vancouver

2. ☒ **CHILD VISITATION (PARENTING TIME)** ☒ **To be ordered pending the hearing**
- a. As requested in: (1) ☐ Attachment 2a (2) ☒ *Child Custody and Visitation Application Attachment* (form FL-311)
 (3) ☐ Other (specify):
- b. ☒ **Modify existing order**
 (1) filed on (date): July 1, 2015
 (2) ordering (specify):
 all previous orders were vacated
- c. ☐ One or more domestic violence restraining/protective orders are now in effect. (Attach a copy of the orders if you have one.) The orders are from the following court or courts (specify county and state):
- | | |
|--|--|
| (1) <input type="checkbox"/> Criminal: County/state:
Case No. (if known): | (3) <input type="checkbox"/> Juvenile: County/state:
Case No. (if known): |
| (2) <input type="checkbox"/> Family: County/state:
Case No. (if known): | (4) <input type="checkbox"/> Other: County/state:
Case No. (if known): |

3. ☒ **CHILD SUPPORT (An earnings assignment order may be issued.)**
- | | | |
|---|---|---|
| a. <u>Child's name and age</u>
Hunter Randoy (3 years old) | b. <input type="checkbox"/> I request support based on the child support guidelines | c. <u>Monthly amount requested</u> (if not by guideline)
\$ 5000 |
|---|---|---|

- d. ☐ **Modify existing order**
 (1) filed on (date):
 (2) ordering (specify):

Notice: The court is required to order child support based on the income of both parents. It normally continues until the child is 18. You must supply the court with information about your finances by filing an *Income and Expense Declaration* (form FL-150) or a *Financial Statement (Simplified)* (form FL-155). Otherwise, the child support order will be based on information about your income that the court receives from other sources, including the other parent.

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4. ☒ SPOUSAL OR PARTNER SUPPORT (An earnings assignment order may be issued.)
- a. ☒ Amount requested (monthly): \$ 5000 all inclusive
- b. ☐ Terminate existing order
(1) filed on (date):
(2) ordering (specify):
- c. ☐ Modify existing order
(1) filed on (date):
(2) ordering (specify):
- d. ☐ The Spousal or Partner Support Declaration Attachment (form FL-157) is attached (for modification of spousal or partner support after judgment only)
- e. An Income and Expense Declaration (form FL-150) must be attached
5. ☒ ATTORNEY FEES AND COSTS are requested on Request for Attorney Fees and Costs Order Attachment (form FL-319) or a declaration that addresses the factors covered in that form. An Income and Expense Declaration (form FL-150) must be attached. A Supporting Declaration for Attorney Fees and Costs Order Attachment (form FL-158) or a declaration that addresses the factors covered in that form must also be attached.
6. ☒ PROPERTY RESTRAINT ☒ To be ordered pending the hearing
- a. The ☒ petitioner ☐ respondent ☐ claimant is restrained from transferring, encumbering, hypothecating, concealing, or in any way disposing of any property, real or personal, whether community, quasi-community, or separate, except in the usual course of business or for the necessities of life.
- ☒ The applicant will be notified at least five business days before any proposed extraordinary expenditures, and an accounting of such will be made to the court.
- b. ☒ Both parties are restrained and enjoined from cashing, borrowing against, canceling, transferring, disposing of, or changing the beneficiaries of any insurance or other coverage, including life, health, automobile, and disability, held for the benefit of the parties or their minor children.
- c. ☒ Neither party may incur any debts or liabilities for which the other may be held responsible, other than in the ordinary course of business or for the necessities of life.
7. ☒ PROPERTY CONTROL ☒ To be ordered pending the hearing
- a. ☐ The petitioner ☒ respondent is given the exclusive temporary use, possession, and control of the following property that we own or are buying (specify):
2002 Prius that is currently parked in the underground parking at the family residence in Vancouver, BC Canada, that was imported but has not been registered or insured in Vancouver, BC due to Petitioners malicious intent to encumber community property.
- b. ☐ The petitioner ☐ respondent is ordered to make the following payments on liens and encumbrances coming due while the order is in effect:
- | <u>Debt</u> | <u>Amount of payment</u> | <u>Pay to</u> |
|-------------|--------------------------|-----------------|
| 2002 Prius | \$400 | Finance company |
8. ☒ OTHER RELIEF (specify):
Respondent requests the immediate financial relief of \$15,000 so she can also retain an attorney. Petitioner cut Respondent and the minor child off completely @ June 1, 2015, by no longer providing \$5000/ month and is using community property to pay his attorney. Respondent already borrowed over \$20,000 to comply with court orders, defend herself against felony allegations, fight for her child, & pay her regular bills since June 1st, 2015.

NOTE: To obtain domestic violence restraining orders, you must use the forms *Request for Order (Domestic Violence Prevention)* (form DV-100), *Temporary Restraining Order (Domestic Violence)* (form DV-110), and *Notice of Court Hearing (Domestic Violence)* (form DV-109).

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9. ☒ I request that time for service of the *Request for Order* and accompanying papers be shortened so that these documents may be served no less than (specify number): 2 days before the time set for the hearing. I need to have this order shortening time because of the facts specified in item 10 or the attached declaration.
10. ☒ FACTS IN SUPPORT of orders requested and change of circumstances for any modification are (specify):
☒ Contained in the attached declaration. (You may use Attached Declaration (form MC-031) for this purpose. The attached declaration must not exceed 10 pages in length unless permission to file a longer declaration has been obtained from the court.)

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.

Date: July 15, 2015

Marieke Randoy

(TYPE OR PRINT NAME)


(SIGNATURE OF APPLICANT)



Requests for Accommodations

Assistive listening systems, computer-assisted real-time captioning, or sign language interpreter services are available if you ask at least five days before the proceeding. Contact the clerk's office or go to www.courts.ca.gov/forms for *Request for Accommodations by Persons With Disabilities and Response* (form MC-410). (Civil Code, § 54.8.)

TO ☐ Petition, Response, Application for Order or Responsive Declaration ☐ Other (specify):
☒ To be ordered now and effective until the hearing

- | <u>Child's Name</u> | <u>Date of Birth</u> | <u>Legal Custody to</u>
(person who makes decisions about
health, education, etc.) | <u>Physical Custody to</u>
(person with whom the child lives) |
|---------------------|----------------------|--|--|
| ter Randoy | 04/10/2012 | Marieke Randoy | Marieke Randoy |

a. ☐ Reasonable right of visitation to the party without physical custody (not appropriate in cases involving domestic violence)

b. ☐ See the attached _____-page document dated (specify date):

c. ☐ The parties will go to mediation at (specify location):

d. ☐ No visitation

e. ☐ Visitation for the ☐ petitioner ☐ respondent will be as follows:

- (b) ☐ The petitioner will have fifth weekends in ☐ odd ☐ even months.

- to _____ at _____ a.m. p.m.
(day of week) (time)

- ☐ See Attachment 2e(4).

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3. ☐ **Supervised visitation.**
 I request that (name): _____ have supervised visitation with the minor children according to the schedule set out on page 1 and that the visits be supervised by (name): _____ who is a ☐ professional ☐ nonprofessional supervisor. The supervisor's phone number is (specify): _____
- I request that the costs of supervision be paid as follows: petitioner: _____ percent; respondent: _____ percent.
- If item 3 is checked, you must attach a declaration that shows why unsupervised visitation would be bad for your children. The judge is required to consider supervised visitation if one parent is alleging domestic violence and is protected by a restraining order.
4. ☐ **Transportation for visitation and place of exchange.**
- a. ☐ Transportation to the visits will be provided by (name): _____
 - b. ☐ Transportation from the visits will be provided by (name): _____
 - c. ☐ Drop-off of the children will be at (address): _____
 - d. ☐ Pick-up of the children will be at (address): _____
 - e. ☐ The children will be driven only by a licensed and insured driver. The car or truck must have legal child restraint devices.
 - f. ☐ During the exchanges, the parent driving the children will wait in the car and the other parent will wait in his or her home while the children go between the car and the home.
 - g. ☐ Other (specify): _____
5. ☐ **Travel with children.** The ☐ petitioner ☐ respondent ☐ other (name): _____ must have written permission from the other parent or a court order to take the children out of
- a. ☐ the state of California.
 - b. ☐ the following counties (specify): _____
 - c. ☐ other places (specify): _____
6. ☐ **Child abduction prevention.** There is a risk that one of the parents will take the children out of California without the other parent's permission. I request the orders set out on attached form FL-312.
7. ☐ **Children's holiday schedule.** I request the holiday and visitation schedule set out on the attached ☐ form FL-341(C) ☐ other (specify): _____
8. ☐ **Additional custody provisions.** I request the additional orders regarding custody set out on the attached ☐ form FL-341(D) ☐ other (specify): _____
9. ☐ **Joint legal custody provisions.** I request joint legal custody and want the additional orders set out on the attached ☐ form FL-341(E) ☐ other (specify): _____
10. ☒ **Other.** I request the following additional orders (specify):
 1. The court reiterate/clarify whether or not Petitioner was ordered not to stay with his friend James Campbell in a one-bedroom, keeping in mind that James Campbell does not permit Respondent anywhere near his property, and gave false testimony, with Petitioner and Petitioners mother, alleging Respondent committed the felony of international child abduction. 2. The court reiterate/clarify whether or not the Petitioner was ordered not to bring Hunter Randoy on a boat. 3. Reiterate/Clarify whether or Respondent committed the felony of international child abduction as alleged in Ex Parte.

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RESPONDENT: Marieke Randoy

ADDITIONAL PROVISIONS—PHYSICAL CUSTODY ATTACHMENT

TO ☐ Petition or Application for Order ☐ Findings and Order After Hearing or Judgment
☒ Stipulation and Order for Custody and/or Visitation of Children

1. ☒ **Notification of parent's current address.** Each parent must notify the other parent of his or her current address and telephone number within (specify number): _____ days of any change in his or her
 - a. address for ☒ residence ☐ mailing ☒ work.
 - b. telephone/message number at ☒ home ☒ work ☐ the children's schools.

Neither parent may use such information for the purpose of harassing, annoying, or disturbing the peace of the other or invading the other's privacy. If a parent has an address with the State of California's Safe at Home confidential address program, no residence or work address is needed.
2. ☐ **Notification of proposed move of child.** Each parent must notify the other parent (specify number): _____ days prior to any planned change in residence of the children. The notification must state, to the extent known, the planned address of the children, including the county and state of the new residence. The notification must be sent by certified mail, return receipt requested.
3. ☒ **Child care**
 - a. ☒ The children must not be left alone without age-appropriate supervision.
 - b. ☒ The parents must let each other know the name, address, and phone number of the children's regular child-care providers.
4. ☐ **Right of first option of child care.** In the event either parent requires child care for (specify number): _____ hours or more while the children are in his or her custody, the other parent must be given first opportunity, with as much prior notice as possible, to care for the children before other arrangements are made. Unless specifically agreed or ordered by the court, this order does not include regular child care needed when a parent is working.
5. ☒ **Canceled parenting time**
 - a. ☒ If the noncustodial parent fails to arrive at the appointed time and fails to notify the custodial parent that he or she will be late, then the custodial parent need wait for only (specify number): 15 minutes before considering the visitation canceled.
 - b. ☒ In the event a noncustodial parent is unable to exercise visitation on a given occasion, he or she must notify the custodial parent at the earliest possible opportunity.
 - c. ☐ The custodial parent must give the noncustodial parent as much notice as possible if the children are ill and unable to participate in scheduled time with the other parent. ☐ A doctor's excuse is required.
6. ☒ **Phone contact between parents and children**
 - a. ☐ The children may have telephone access to the parents ☐ and the parents may have telephone access to the children at reasonable times, for reasonable durations.
 - b. ☒ The scheduled phone contact between parents and the children is (specify): 10am, 2 pm and 7:30pm text in advance if planning to call at any of those times. 1-3 calls per day
 - c. ☐ Neither parent nor any other third party may listen to or monitor the calls.
7. ☒ **No negative comments.** Neither parent will make or allow others to make negative comments about the other parent or the other parent's past or present relationships, family, or friends within hearing distance of the children.
8. ☒ **No use of children as messengers.** The parents will communicate directly with each other on matters concerning the children and may not use the children as messengers between them.
9. ☒ **Alcohol or substance abuse.** The ☒ petitioner ☒ respondent may not consume alcoholic beverages, narcotics, or restricted dangerous drugs (except by prescription) within (specify number): 24 hours prior to or during periods of time with the children ☒ and may not permit any third party to do so in the presence of the children.
10. ☒ **No exposure to cigarette smoke.** The children will not be exposed to secondhand cigarette smoke while in the home or car of either parent.

PETITIONER: Reed Randoy

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RESPONDENT: Marieke Randoy

11. ☐ **No interference with schedule of other parent without that parent's consent.** Neither parent will schedule activities for the children during the other parent's scheduled parenting time without the other parent's prior agreement.
12. ☒ **Third-party contact**
- a. ☐ The children will have no contact with (specify name):
- b. ☒ The children must not be left alone in the presence of (specify name): Elaine Dotts, Ann and Jim Campbell
13. ☒ **Children's clothing and belongings**
- a. ☐ Each parent will maintain clothing for the children so that the children do not have to make the exchanges with additional clothing.
- b. ☒ The children will be returned to the other parent with the clothing and other belongings they had when they arrived.
14. ☒ **Log book.** The parents will maintain a "log book" and make sure that the book is sent with the children between their two homes. Using businesslike notes (no personal comments), parents will record information related to the health, education, and welfare issues that arise during the time the children are with them.
15. ☒ **Terms and conditions of order may be changed.** The terms and conditions of this order may be added to or changed as the needs of the children and parents change. Such changes will be in writing, dated and signed by both parents; each parent will retain a copy. If the parents want a change to be a court order, it must be filed with the court in the form of a court document.
16. ☒ **Other (specify):**

Petitioner will not smoke cigars or allow anyone else to smoke cigars around the child. Petitioner will not go on any boat, or near any marina with the child, and Petitioner will not have any pocket or utility knives on his person or anywhere near the child in his home or automobiles. Petitioner will not use foul language in front of the child and will not coach the child to say things like "I don't like you mommy, I like daddy, I want to live with daddy, daddy is my best friend" at the beginning of Skype calls. Petitioner will not alter or allow anyone else to alter child's appearance in any way without Respondents express written consent, specifically do not cut his hair. Petitioner will not hire live in care-giver's in his one bedroom apartment or any apartment, without Respondent's knowledge or consent. Petitioner will not withhold the Identification of childcare providers, their phone numbers, and addresses, and must provide Respondent with a copy of their valid Drivers license, social security number and passport. Petitioner may not keep child care providers for shifts longer than 8 hours straight. Petitioner may not have Jim or Ann Campbell or Elaine Dotts babysit because these people continue to harass Respondent, and do not allow her near the one bedroom home and they accused her of felony international child abduction, they are incredibly hostile and do not allow Respondent to have any access to her child. Petitioner may not stay at the home or guest house of Ann or James Campbell for the same reason. Petitioner may not withhold the location of the child or caregiver or refuse Respondent access to the child at any time, or make threats to call the police should Respondent try to access the child. Petitioner may not continue to insist that Respondent committed felony international child abduction or use the word kidnapping or talk about any of the allegations he made in his Ex Parte application, especially in front of the child.

If Petitioner is not going to be caring for the child, he must hire a child care professional and notify Respondent at the time he notifies/hires the child care professional for their next shift, and Petitioner must tell Respondent how long the child care provider will be caring for the child, and if the length of time that child care is required exceeds 8 hours, who will be taking over the second and third shift and so on. During a 3 day job, Petitioner will need 96 hours of continuous childcare, so Respondent wants to know who will be caring for her child during that time and at what intervals, how much they are getting paid, copies of their ID's and resumes, phone numbers, addresses, valid work permits, passports, social security numbers, and criminal back-ground checks, where they will be sleeping, or if they sleep on the night shifts, etc.

1 Marieke Randoy
2 668 Citadel Parade #2006
3 Vancouver, British Columbia V6B1W6

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RESPONDENT – IN PRO PER

SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
FOR THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

REED RANDOY,

Petitioner,

v.

MARIEKE RANDOY,

Respondent

) CASE NO. BD621137

) Request for Order

) DECLARATION, MEMORANDUM OF
) POINTS AND AUTHORITIES OF RE-
) SPONDENT MARIEKE RANDOY

) Date:

) Dept.: 22

) Time:

Introduction

Marieke Randoy/Respondent is the biological mother and custodial parent of Hunter Randoy who is 3 years old. Respondent is requesting a court order that she may immediately return home to Vancouver Canada, with her 3 year old boy Hunter Randoy.

There are **Two Key Points** that the Court has asked Respondent to argue:

1. What STATE has **Jurisdiction** to make INITIAL custody determinations?
2. Was Respondent in **violation of the ATROS** when she RETURNED to the STATE of the child's habitual residence?

Respondent maintains that **Petitioner, by his own admission, on every court document that accompanied the ATROS, acknowledged that the residence of the minor child Hunter Randoy, from April 2014 to PRESENT, is at 668 Citadel Parade #2006, Vancouver BC Canada.** Therefore acknowledging:

1. The **Jurisdiction** for Initial Custody proceedings is in **Vancouver, Canada.**
2. Respondent **did not violate the ATROS** when she returned with the child to Vancouver, Canada because by **Petitioner's own admission, Vancouver is the child's "home state"** because that is where he resides and had **resided for more than 6 months prior to commencement of proceedings.**

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MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

1. What STATE has Jurisdiction to make INITIAL custody determinations?

Respondent maintains that by Petitioners own admission, **Vancouver, Canada** has the Jurisdiction to make INITIAL custody determinations for the following reasons:

ONE

Please see **EXHIBIT A** for Sec. 3402 (g) from the chapter in the FAMILY.CODE

Section 3400-3412 otherwise known as the **Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act**

Respondent requests that the court determine that **Vancouver, Canada** is the "home state" of Hunter Randoy because **Vancouver, is the state** in which the child lived with a parent (in this case Respondent) or a person acting as a parent for at least six consecutive months immediately before commencement of a child custody proceeding.

Section 3402. (g)

(g) "Home state" means the state in which a child lived with a parent or a person acting as a parent for at least six consecutive months immediately before the commencement of a child custody proceeding. In the case of a child less than six months of age, the term means the state in which the child lived from birth with any of the persons mentioned. A period of temporary absence of any of the mentioned persons is part of the period.

TWO

Respondent asks that the Court determine that **the temporary absence** of the Respondent and the minor child when they went to visit Petitioner in California, **is part of the 6 month period** immediately before the commencement of child custody, as per the last sentence in Section 3402. (g) that reads:

A period of temporary absence of any of the mentioned persons is part of the period.

THREE

Please see **EXHIBIT B**

According to Family Code Section 3405 (a):

3405. (a) A court of this state shall treat a foreign country as if it were a state of the United States for the purpose of applying this chapter and Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 3421).

Respondent requests that the court determine that the foreign country of Canada be treated as if it were a state of the United States for the purpose of applying Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act.

FOUR

Respondent requests that the court determine that Canada is synonymous with any other State for the purposes of applying the laws in the Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act , and that as per Section 3405 (a) the word "state" refers to the "home state" of the Child.

FIVE

Not to belabour the point, but in the interest of full clarity, Respondent asks the court to determine that the word "state" on the ATROS is simply referring to the "home state" of the child and that **Canada is considered a state according to the Family Code Section 3405 (a)** that states

3405. (a) A court of this **state** shall **treat a foreign country as if it were a state of the United States for the purpose of applying this chapter and Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 3421).**

Respondent requests that the court determine that the word "state" on the **ATROS refers to the "home state" of the minor child Hunter Randoy, and that the "home state is Vancouver, Canada** because that is where the child has **resided** for more than the required **6 months prior to commencement of proceedings.**

SIX

Please see EXHIBIT C for Sec. 3421

Respondent asks the court to note **Section 3421 of the Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act that reads as follows:**

3421. (a) Except as otherwise provided in Section 3424, a court of this state has jurisdiction to make an initial child custody determination **only if** any of the following are true:

(1) This state is the **home state** of the child on the date of the commencement of the proceeding, or was the **home state** of the child within **six months before the commencement of the proceeding** and the child is absent from this state but a parent or person acting as a parent continues to live in this state.

SEVEN

Please see EXHIBIT D for sec. 3424

Respondent requests that the court determine that **the exception provided in Section 3424 that would give California temporary emergency jurisdiction does not apply** to Respondent because the child was not abandoned and there was never an emergency where the child, or parent of the child (Respondent) needed to be protected from being subjected to, or threatened with, mistreatment or abuse. Please see the following:

3424. (a) A court of this state has temporary emergency jurisdiction if the child is present in this state and the child has been abandoned or it is necessary in an emergency to protect the child because the child, or a sibling or parent of the child, is subjected to, or threatened with, mistreatment or abuse.

EIGHT

Respondent requests that the court determine that there is nothing Petitioner or his Attorney Nick Salick can do or say to change **the fact that the minor child Hunter Randoy, by Petitioners own admission DID NOT live in the state of California at least 6 months before the commencement of proceedings** and therefore, **any further argument Petitioner** would like to make about Custody and Access he is **welcome to make during custody proceedings in Vancouver, Canada.**

NINE

Respondent requests that the court review **EXHIBIT E** the **Declaration Under Uniform Child Custody and Enforcement Act**, that Petitioner signed **a week before Respondent returned to their family residence in Vancouver, Canada with their minor Child**, and find that **Petitioner by his own admission, acknowledged that 668 Citadel Parade #2006, Vancouver BC, CANADA V6B 1W6** is the **residence of minor child Hunter Randoy**, and that it has been the **child's residence, by Petitioner's own admission, from April 2014 until the PRESENT.**

TEN

Upon review of **EXHIBIT E** the **WRITTEN Declaration** that **Petitioner swore under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California, was true and correct**, Respondent requests that the court determine that **BOTH** Petitioner and Respondent agree that the Child's residence is 668 Citadel Parade #2006, Vancouver BC, CANADA V6B 1W6 from April 2014 to the PRESENT.

ELEVEN

Respondent requests that the Court review **EXHIBIT F** the Petitioners FL-100 where on page 1, where it states Residence Requirements (check all that apply). **Petitioner by his own admission acknowledges that Respondent had not been a resident of this state for at least 6 months or of this county for at least 3 months immediately preceding the filing of the Petition.**

TWELVE

Respondent requests that the court determine that Petitioner only **checked off the box that says "Petitioner"**, he left the Respondent box unchecked under **Residence Requirements** on page 1 of the FL-100 Petitioners petition for dissolution of Marriage.

THIRTEEN

Respondent asks the court to determine that Petitioner has not offered any new evidence to the contrary, and has not retracted his sworn statement, or given the court any other proof that the Child lived in California at least 6 months prior to proceedings.

IN CONCLUSION:

Respondent asks the court to determine that since the minor child, Hunter Randoy by Petitioners own admission in his sworn Declaration under the Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act, did NOT live in California at least 6 months prior to commencement of proceedings, according to Section 3421 (a) of the Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act; California does NOT have jurisdiction to make an INITIAL CUSTODY determination.

1 2. Was Respondent in violation of the ATROS when she RETURNED to the STATE of the
2 child's habitual residence?
3

4
5 Respondent maintains that she was never in violation of the ATROS because she returned with
6 her son to the "home state" of Vancouver, Canada, that Petitioner *repeatedly throughout the*
7 *court documents that were attached to the ATROS, acknowledged was the residence of the*
8 *child for more that a year, and therefore the home state of the child.*
9

10
11 ONE

12 Respondent requests that the court determine that the ATROS applied to BOTH THE
13 PETITIONER AND THE RESPONDENT EQUALLY, and that the ATROS reads:
14

15
16 Starting immediately, you and your spouse or domestic partner are restrained from:

- 17 1. removing the minor children of the parties from the **state** or applying for a new or replace-
18 ment passport for those minor children without the prior written consent of the court.
19

20
21 TWO

22 Respondent asks the court to determine that the word "state" on the ATROS refers to the "home
23 state" and habitual residence of the child, and that the primary purpose of the ATROS is to pro-
24 hibit BOTH SPOUSES EQUALLY, from uprooting children from their family residence, caus-
25 ing each other financial hardship, and creating havoc, in each others lives.
26
27
28

THREE

Respondent maintains that the ATROS expressly prohibits BOTH Petitioner and Respondent from removing the minor child from his “home state”, and that BOTH Petitioner and Respondent have sworn under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California, that the residence of Hunter Randoy from April 2014 to PRESENT is 668 Citadel parade, #2006 Vancouver, BC Canada.

Therefore, Respondent has never been in violation of the ATROS.

On the contrary, **Petitioner is in Violation of the ATROS** and has used the ATROS to do everything the ATROS is supposed to prohibit both parties from doing:

1. Petitioner has removed the minor child from the child’s “home state” of Vancouver Canada without Respondents prior written consent.
2. Petitioner has cancelled Respondent as the beneficiary of auto insurance.
3. Petitioner has encumbered, concealed, and transferred property by “cutting off Respondent and the minor child” completely financially and by not insuring and registering Respondents car that is parked at their Vancouver residence after Petitioner imported the car to Canada.

FOUR

Petitioner despite having sworn under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California on his Declaration under the Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act, that the child Hunter Randoy has resided in Vancouver, Canada from April

1
2 **2014 to PRESENT** still argues that California has jurisdiction and that Respondent violated the
3 ATROS when she returned home with the minor child that by Petitioners own admission is in
4 Vancouver, BC Canada.

5
6 **FIVE**

7 Respondent requests that the Court determine that Respondent has satisfied the court or-
8 der that she be given the burden of prove that she did not violate the ATROS, and that
9 Vancouver Canada is indeed the state that the ATROS prohibited both PETITIONER
10 AND RESPONDENT from removing the child from. Therefore, Respondent actually
11 complied with the ATROS when she returned to Vancouver, Canada one week before Pe-
12 titioner's attorney came up with the malicious idea for an Ex Parte Hearing.
13

14
15
16 **SIX**

17 Respondent maintains that **ALL OF PETITIONERS ATTEMPTS** to discredit her, accuse her
18 of felony international child abduction, accuse her of violating the ATROS, and constantly
19 stalling a resolution of this Ex Parte hearing by throwing in new reasons why California has ju-
20 risdiction, **are merely tactics to gain an advantage in this civil proceeding and not at all**
21 **based on FACTS or real evidence.**
22
23
24
25
26
27
28

NINE

Respondent respectfully requests that the court determine that **Respondent was not in violation of the ATROS when Respondent returned to the child's habitual Residence that Petitioner has acknowledged under oath as being: 668 Citadel parade #2006 Vancouver, BC V6B 1W6 since April 2014.**

THE HAGUE CONVENTION

Respondent hopes that the Court will rule that the child may **return to his mother immediately**, allow the **Vancouver courts to proceed with initial custody decisions**, and allow Respondent to continue with the divorce, support orders etc., in California, where Petitioner lives and works. The courts decision to order the prompt return of Hunter Randoy to his mother the Respondent, and allow them to return to their habitual residence in Vancouver, Canada will be in keeping with **The Hague Convention on the Civil Aspects of International Child Abduction**, whose opening statement and first 5 Articles read as follows:

The States signatory to the present Convention,
Firmly convinced that the interests of children are of paramount importance in matters relating to their custody,
Desiring to protect children internationally from the harmful effects of their wrongful removal or retention and to establish procedures to ensure their prompt return to the State of their habitual residence, as well as to secure protection for rights of access,
Have resolved to conclude a Convention to this effect, and have agreed upon the following provisions –

Article 1

The objects of the present Convention are –

- . a) to secure the prompt return of children wrongfully removed to or retained in any Contracting State;
and
- . b) to ensure that rights of custody and of access under the law of one Contracting State are effectively respected in the other Contracting States.

Article 1 pertains to Respondents right to the prompt return of her child and to once again be able to exercise her custodial rights to take care of and be with her child.

Article 2

Contracting States shall take all appropriate measures to secure within their territories the implementation of the objects of the Convention. For this purpose they shall use the most **expeditious** procedures available.

Article 2 pertains to Respondents right to have her child returned to her and returned to the child's home state without delay and unnecessary and time consuming formalities.

Article 3

The removal or the retention of a child is to be considered wrongful where

- . a) **it is in breach of rights of custody attributed to a person, an institution or any other body, either jointly or alone, under the law of the State in which the child was habitually resident immediately before the removal or retention; and**
- . b) **at the time of removal or retention those rights were actually exercised, either jointly or alone, or would have been so exercised but for the removal or retention.**

1 The rights of custody mentioned in sub-paragraph a) above, may arise in particu-
2 lar by operation of law or by reason of a judicial or administrative decision, or by
3 reason of an agreement having legal effect under the law of that State.

4 ¹ This Convention, including related materials, is accessible on the website of the
5 Hague Conference on Private International Law (www.hcch.net), under "Conventions" or
6 under the "Child Abduction Section". For the full history of the Convention, see Hague
7 Conference on Private International Law, Actes et documents de la Quatorzième session
(1980), Tome III, Child abduction (ISBN 90 12 03616 X, 481 pp.).

8
9 *Article 3 pertains the Respondents Custodial rights as a habitual resident of Vancouver,*
10 *Canada, as the biological mother of the child and as the custodial parent of Hunter Ran-*
11 *doy, and that Respondent was exercising her rights to care for her child and live where*
12 *she wants to live, up until Respondent was ordered to remove her child from his habit-*
13 *ual residence, and forced to relinquish her custodial rights when she was ordered not*
14 *to return her son to his habitual residence. This unfortunately gave Petitioner full and*
15 *complete control of the situation and the ability to take advantage of the unfortunate situ-*
16 *ation, and he has since completely deprived Respondent of her custodial rights.*

17 18 **Article 4**

19 The Convention shall apply to any child who was habitually resident in a Con-
20 tracting State immediately before any breach of custody or access rights.
21 The Convention shall cease to apply when the child attains the age of 16 years.

22 *Article 4 pertains to Hunter Randoy who is a habitual resident of Vancouver was resid-*
23 *ing in Vancouver immediately before Respondent was deprived of her rights of custody*
24 *and access.*

1
2 **Article 5**

3 For the purposes of this Convention –

4 . a) **"rights of custody"** shall include **rights relating to the care of the**
5 **person of the child and, in**
6 **particular, the right to determine the child's place of residence;**

7 . b) **"rights of access"** shall include the **right to take a child for a limited**
8 **period of time to a place other**
9 **than the child's habitual residence.**

10
11 *Article 5 a) pertains to Respondents **right to care for her child and decide where they***
12 ***live.***

13 *Article 5 b) pertains to Respondents **right to visit Petitioner and friends in California***
14 ***with their child.***

15
16 **Article 16 reads as follows:**

17 **Article 16**

18
19 **After receiving notice of a wrongful removal or retention of a child in the**
20 **sense of Article 3, the judicial or administrative authorities of the Contracting**
21 **State to which the child has been removed or in which it has been retained**
22 **shall not decide on the merits of rights of custody until it has been deter-**
23 **mined that the child is not to be returned under this Convention or unless an ap-**
24 **plication under this Convention is not lodged within a reasonable time following**
25 **receipt of the notice.**

26 *Article 16 pertains to Respondents **right to return home to the child's habitual residence***
27 ***once she has proven to the court that Vancouver, Canada has the jurisdiction, over initial***
28 ***custody determinations and that the court may leave the decisions regarding the rights of***
custody to the Vancouver courts.

Conclusion

1. Respondent respectfully requests, that upon review of her Declaration and Memorandum of Points and Authorities, the court will rule in Respondents favour by determining that Respondent did not violate the ATROS when she returned to the child's "home state" and habitual residence in Vancouver Canada.
2. Respondent respectfully requests that the court modify the current order prohibiting her to return home to Vancouver with her child.
3. Respondent respectfully requests the court grant Respondent a court order granting her full physical custody and permission to return home to Vancouver, Canada with her minor son Hunter Randoy
4. That Petitioner return Hunter Randoy's U.S. Passport to Respondent.

I declare under penalty of perjury that the forgoing is true and correct to the best of my knowledge. Executed on the 15th day of July 2015 in Los Angeles California.

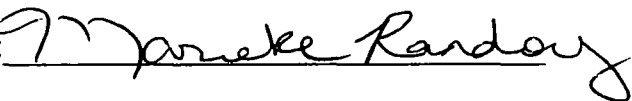
By: 
MARIEKE RANDOY, RESPONDENT

EXHIBIT A

California UCCJEA
Cal. Fam. Code § 3400 et seq.

§ 3400. Citation of part

This part may be cited as the Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act.

§ 3402. Definitions

As used in this part:

- (a) "Abandoned" means left without provision for reasonable and necessary care or supervision.
- (b) "Child" means an individual who has not attained 18 years of age.
- (c) "Child custody determination" means a judgment, decree, or other order of a court providing for the legal custody, physical custody, or visitation with respect to a child. The term includes a permanent, temporary, initial, and modification order. The term does not include an order relating to child support or other monetary obligation of an individual.
- (d) "Child custody proceeding" means a proceeding in which legal custody, physical custody, or visitation with respect to a child is an issue. The term includes a proceeding for dissolution of marriage, legal separation of the parties, neglect, abuse, dependency, guardianship, paternity, termination of parental rights, and protection from domestic violence, in which the issue may appear. The term does not include a proceeding involving juvenile delinquency, contractual emancipation, or enforcement under Chapter 3 (commencing with Section 3441).
- (e) "Commencement" means the filing of the first pleading in a proceeding.
- (f) "Court" means an entity authorized under the law of a state to establish, enforce, or modify a child custody determination.
- (g) "Home state" means the state in which a child lived with a parent or a person acting as a parent for at least six consecutive months immediately before the commencement of a child custody proceeding. In the case of a child less than six months of age, the term means the state in which the child lived from birth with any of the persons mentioned. A period of temporary absence of any of the mentioned persons is part of the period.
- (h) "Initial determination" means the first child custody determination concerning a particular child.

A
Home State

(i) "Issuing court" means the court that makes a child custody determination for which enforcement is sought under this part.

(j) "Issuing state" means the state in which a child custody determination is made.

(k) "Modification" means a child custody determination that changes, replaces, supersedes, or is otherwise made after a previous determination concerning the same child, whether or not it is made by the court that made the previous determination.

(l) "Person" means an individual, corporation, business trust, estate, trust, partnership, limited liability company, association, joint venture, or government; governmental subdivision, agency, or instrumentality; public corporation; or any other legal or commercial entity.

(m) "Person acting as a parent" means a person, other than a parent, who: (1) has physical custody of the child or has had physical custody for a period of six consecutive months, including any temporary absence, within one year immediately before the commencement of a child custody proceeding; and (2) has been awarded legal custody by a court or claims a right to legal custody under the law of this state.

(n) "Physical custody" means the physical care and supervision of a child.

(o) "State" means a state of the United States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, the United States Virgin Islands, or any territory or insular possession subject to the jurisdiction of the United States.

(p) "Tribe" means an Indian tribe or band, or Alaskan Native village, that is recognized by federal law or formally acknowledged by a state.

(q) "Warrant" means an order issued by a court authorizing law enforcement officers to take physical custody of a child.

§ 3403. Adoption proceedings; Authorization of emergency medical care

This part does not govern an adoption proceeding or a proceeding pertaining to the authorization of emergency medical care for a child.

§ 3404. Custody proceedings involving Indian children

(a) A child custody proceeding that pertains to an Indian child as defined in the Indian Child Welfare Act (25 U.S.C. Sec. 1901 et seq.) is not subject to this part to the extent that it is governed by the Indian Child Welfare Act.

EXHIBIT B

(b) A court of this state shall treat a tribe as if it were a state of the United States for the purpose of applying this chapter and Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 3421).

(c) A child custody determination made by a tribe under factual circumstances in substantial conformity with the jurisdictional standards of this part must be recognized and enforced under Chapter 3 (commencing with Section 3441).

§ 3405. Effect of custody determination in foreign country

(a) A court of this state shall treat a foreign country as if it were a state of the United States for the purpose of applying this chapter and Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 3421).

(b) Except as otherwise provided in subdivision (c), a child custody determination made in a foreign country under factual circumstances in substantial conformity with the jurisdictional standards of this part must be recognized and enforced under Chapter 3 (commencing with Section 3441).

(c) A court of this state need not apply this part if the child custody law of a foreign country violates fundamental principles of human rights.

§ 3406. Binding force and res judicata effect of custody determination

A child custody determination made by a court of this state that had jurisdiction under this part binds all persons who have been served in accordance with the laws of this state or notified in accordance with Section 3408 or who have submitted to the jurisdiction of the court, and who have been given an opportunity to be heard. As to those persons, the determination is conclusive as to all decided issues of law and fact except to the extent the determination is modified.

§ 3407. Priority for challenge to jurisdiction

If a question of existence or exercise of jurisdiction under this part is raised in a child custody proceeding, the question, upon request of a party, must be given priority on the calendar and handled expeditiously.

§ 3408. Notice to person outside state; Submission to jurisdiction

(a) Notice required for the exercise of jurisdiction when a person is outside this state may be given in a manner prescribed by the law of this state for service of process or by the law of the state in which the service is made. Notice must be given in a manner

State =
"Canada"

reasonably calculated to give actual notice but may be by publication if other means are not effective.

(b) Proof of service may be made in the manner prescribed by the law of this state or by the law of the state in which the service is made.

(c) Notice is not required for the exercise of jurisdiction with respect to a person who submits to the jurisdiction of the court.

§ 3409. Effect of participation in proceeding on personal jurisdiction

(a) A party to a child custody proceeding, including a modification proceeding, or a petitioner or respondent in a proceeding to enforce or register a child custody determination, is not subject to personal jurisdiction in this state for another proceeding or purpose solely by reason of having participated, or of having been physically present for the purpose of participating, in the proceeding.

(b) A person who is subject to personal jurisdiction in this state on a basis other than physical presence is not immune from service of process in this state. A party present in this state who is subject to the jurisdiction of another state is not immune from service of process allowable under the laws of that state.

(c) The immunity granted by subdivision (a) does not extend to civil litigation based on acts unrelated to the participation in a proceeding under this part committed by an individual while present in this state.

§ 3410. Communication with court in another state concerning proceeding

(a) A court of this state may communicate with a court in another state concerning a proceeding arising under this part.

(b) The court may allow the parties to participate in the communication. If the parties are not able to participate in the communication, they must be given the opportunity to present facts and legal arguments before a decision on jurisdiction is made.

(c) Communication between courts on schedules, calendars, court records, and similar matters may occur without informing the parties. A record need not be made of the communication.

(d) Except as otherwise provided in subdivision (c), a record must be made of a communication under this section. The parties must be informed promptly of the communication and granted access to the record.

(e) For the purposes of this section, "record" means information that is inscribed on a tangible medium or that is stored in an electronic or other medium and is retrievable in perceivable form.

§ 3411. Testimony of witnesses located in another state; Transmission of documentary evidence

(a) In addition to other procedures available to a party, a party to a child custody proceeding may offer testimony of witnesses who are located in another state, including testimony of the parties and the child, by deposition or other means allowable in this state for testimony taken in another state. The court, on its own motion, may order that the testimony of a person be taken in another state and may prescribe the manner in which and the terms upon which the testimony is taken.

(b) A court of this state may permit an individual residing in another state to be deposed or to testify by telephone, audiovisual means, or other electronic means before a designated court or at another location in that state. A court of this state shall cooperate with courts of other states in designating an appropriate location for the deposition or testimony.

(c) Documentary evidence transmitted from another state to a court of this state by technological means that do not produce an original writing may not be excluded from evidence on an objection based on the means of transmission.

§ 3412. Request for hearings or evaluations in another state; Assistance to courts of other states; Preservation of records; Forwarding to another state

(a) A court of this state may request the appropriate court of another state to do all of the following:

- (1) Hold an evidentiary hearing.
- (2) Order a person to produce or give evidence pursuant to procedures of that state.
- (3) Order that an evaluation be made with respect to the custody of a child involved in a pending proceeding.
- (4) Forward to the court of this state a certified copy of the transcript of the record of the hearing, the evidence otherwise presented, and any evaluation prepared in compliance with the request.
- (5) Order a party to a child custody proceeding or any person having physical custody of the child to appear in the proceeding with or without the child.

EXHIBIT C

(b) Upon request of a court of another state, a court of this state may hold a hearing or enter an order described in subdivision (a).

(c) Travel and other necessary and reasonable expenses incurred under subdivisions (a) and (b) may be assessed against the parties according to the law of this state.

(d) A court of this state shall preserve the pleadings, orders, decrees, records of hearings, evaluations, and other pertinent records with respect to a child custody proceeding until the child attains 18 years of age. Upon appropriate request by a court or law enforcement official of another state, the court shall forward a certified copy of those records.

§ 3421. Jurisdiction of court to make custody determination

(a) Except as otherwise provided in Section 3424, a court of this state has jurisdiction to make an initial child custody determination only if any of the following are true:

(1) This state is the home state of the child on the date of the commencement of the proceeding, or was the ~~home state of the child within six months before the commencement of the proceeding and the child is absent from this state but a parent or person acting as a parent continues to live in this state.~~

(2) A court of another state does not have jurisdiction under paragraph (1), or a court of the home state of the child has declined to exercise jurisdiction on the grounds that this state is the more appropriate forum under Section 3427 or 3428, and both of the following are true:

(A) The child and the child's parents, or the child and at least one parent or a person acting as a parent, have a significant connection with this state other than mere physical presence.

(B) Substantial evidence is available in this state concerning the child's care, protection, training, and personal relationships.

(3) All courts having jurisdiction under paragraph (1) or (2) have declined to exercise jurisdiction on the ground that a court of this state is the more appropriate forum to determine the custody of the child under Section 3427 or 3428.

(4) No court of any other state would have jurisdiction under the criteria specified in paragraph (1), (2), or (3).

(b) Subdivision (a) is the exclusive jurisdictional basis for making a child custody determination by a court of this state.

California
NOT
Home State

EXHIBIT D

(c) Physical presence of, or personal jurisdiction over, a party or a child is not necessary or sufficient to make a child custody determination.

§ 3422. Extent of exclusive and continuing jurisdiction

(a) Except as otherwise provided in Section 3424, a court of this state that has made a child custody determination consistent with Section 3421 or 3423 has exclusive, continuing jurisdiction over the determination until either of the following occurs:

(1) A court of this state determines that neither the child, nor the child and one parent, nor the child and a person acting as a parent have a significant connection with this state and that substantial evidence is no longer available in this state concerning the child's care, protection, training, and personal relationships.

(2) A court of this state or a court of another state determines that the child, the child's parents, and any person acting as a parent do not presently reside in this state.

(b) A court of this state that has made a child custody determination and does not have exclusive, continuing jurisdiction under this section may modify that determination only if it has jurisdiction to make an initial determination under Section 3421.

§ 3423. Modification of determination made by another state

Except as otherwise provided in Section 3424, a court of this state may not modify a child custody determination made by a court of another state unless a court of this state has jurisdiction to make an initial determination under paragraph (1) or (2) of subdivision (a) of Section 3421 and either of the following determinations is made:

(a) The court of the other state determines it no longer has exclusive, continuing jurisdiction under Section 3422 or that a court of this state would be a more convenient forum under Section 3427.

(b) A court of this state or a court of the other state determines that the child, the child's parents, and any person acting as a parent do not presently reside in the other state.

§ 3424. Temporary emergency jurisdiction; Effect of determination; Communication with other court in which proceeding has been commenced or determination has been made

(a) A court of this state has temporary emergency jurisdiction if the child is present in this state and the child has been abandoned or it is necessary in an emergency to protect the child because the child, or a sibling or parent of the child, is subjected to, or threatened with, mistreatment or abuse.

D
Exception
DOES NOT
APPLY

(b) If there is no previous child custody determination that is entitled to be enforced under this part and a child custody proceeding has not been commenced in a court of a state having jurisdiction under Sections 3421 to 3423, inclusive, a child custody determination made under this section remains in effect until an order is obtained from a court of a state having jurisdiction under Sections 3421 to 3423, inclusive. If a child custody proceeding has not been or is not commenced in a court of a state having jurisdiction under Sections 3421 to 3423, inclusive, a child custody determination made under this section becomes a final determination, if it so provides and this state becomes the home state of the child.

(c) If there is a previous child custody determination that is entitled to be enforced under this part, or a child custody proceeding has been commenced in a court of a state having jurisdiction under Sections 3421 to 3423, inclusive, any order issued by a court of this state under this section must specify in the order a period that the court considers adequate to allow the person seeking an order to obtain an order from the state having jurisdiction under Sections 3421 to 3423, inclusive. The order issued in this state remains in effect until an order is obtained from the other state within the period specified or the period expires.

(d) A court of this state that has been asked to make a child custody determination under this section, upon being informed that a child custody proceeding has been commenced in, or a child custody determination has been made by, a court of a state having jurisdiction under Sections 3421 to 3423, inclusive, shall immediately communicate with the other court. A court of this state which is exercising jurisdiction pursuant to Sections 3421 to 3423, inclusive, upon being informed that a child custody proceeding has been commenced in, or a child custody determination has been made by, a court of another state under a statute similar to this section shall immediately communicate with the court of that state to resolve the emergency, protect the safety of the parties and the child, and determine a period for the duration of the temporary order.

(e) It is the intent of the Legislature in enacting subdivision (a) that the grounds on which a court may exercise temporary emergency jurisdiction be expanded. It is further the intent of the Legislature that these grounds include those that existed under *Section 3403 of the Family Code* as that section read on December 31, 1999, particularly including cases involving domestic violence.

§ 3425. Notice and opportunity to be heard, Joinder; Intervention

(a) Before a child custody determination is made under this part, notice and an opportunity to be heard in accordance with the standards of Section 3428 must be given to all persons entitled to notice under the law of this state as in child custody proceedings between residents of this state, any parent whose parental rights have not been previously terminated, and any person having physical custody of the child.

(b) This part does not govern the enforceability of a child custody determination made without notice or an opportunity to be heard.

(c) The obligation to join a party and the right to intervene as a party in a child custody proceeding under this part are governed by the law of this state as in child custody proceedings between residents of this state.

§ 3426. Simultaneous proceedings in other states

(a) Except as otherwise provided in Section 3424, a court of this state may not exercise its jurisdiction under this chapter if, at the time of the commencement of the proceeding, a proceeding concerning the custody of the child has been commenced in a court of another state having jurisdiction substantially in conformity with this part, unless the proceeding has been terminated or is stayed by the court of the other state because a court of this state is a more convenient forum under Section 3427.

(b) Except as otherwise provided in Section 3424, a court of this state, before hearing a child custody proceeding, shall examine the court documents and other information supplied by the parties pursuant to Section 3429. If the court determines that a child custody proceeding has been commenced in a court in another state having jurisdiction substantially in accordance with this part, the court of this state shall stay its proceeding and communicate with the court of the other state. If the court of the state having jurisdiction substantially in accordance with this part does not determine that the court of this state is a more appropriate forum, the court of this state shall dismiss the proceeding.

(c) In a proceeding to modify a child custody determination, a court of this state shall determine whether a proceeding to enforce the determination has been commenced in another state. If a proceeding to enforce a child custody determination has been commenced in another state, the court may do any of the following:

(1) Stay the proceeding for modification pending the entry of an order of a court of the other state enforcing, staying, denying, or dismissing the proceeding for enforcement.

(2) Enjoin the parties from continuing with the proceeding for enforcement.

(3) Proceed with the modification under conditions it considers appropriate.

§ 3427. Inconvenient forum

(a) A court of this state that has jurisdiction under this part to make a child custody determination may decline to exercise its jurisdiction at any time if it determines that it is an inconvenient forum under the circumstances and that a court of another state is a more appropriate forum. The issue of inconvenient forum may be raised upon motion of a party, the court's own motion, or request of another court.

(b) Before determining whether it is an inconvenient forum, a court of this state shall consider whether it is appropriate for a court of another state to exercise jurisdiction. For this purpose, the court shall allow the parties to submit information and shall consider all relevant factors, including:

(1) Whether domestic violence has occurred and is likely to continue in the future and which state could best protect the parties and the child.

(2) The length of time the child has resided outside this state.

(3) The distance between the court in this state and the court in the state that would assume jurisdiction.

(4) The degree of financial hardship to the parties in litigating in one forum over the other.

(5) Any agreement of the parties as to which state should assume jurisdiction.

(6) The nature and location of the evidence required to resolve the pending litigation, including testimony of the child.

(7) The ability of the court of each state to decide the issue expeditiously and the procedures necessary to present the evidence.

(8) The familiarity of the court of each state with the facts and issues in the pending litigation.

(c) If a court of this state determines that it is an inconvenient forum and that a court of another state is a more appropriate forum, it shall stay the proceedings upon condition that a child custody proceeding be promptly commenced in another designated state and may impose any other condition the court considers just and proper.

(d) A court of this state may decline to exercise its jurisdiction under this part if a child custody determination is incidental to an action for dissolution of marriage or another proceeding while still retaining jurisdiction over the dissolution of marriage or other proceeding.

(e) If it appears to the court that it is clearly an inappropriate forum, the court may require the party who commenced the proceeding to pay, in addition to the costs of the proceeding in this state, necessary travel and other expenses, including attorney's fees, incurred by the other parties or their witnesses. Payment is to be made to the clerk of the court for remittance to the proper party.

§ 3428. Declining jurisdiction on ground of unjustifiable conduct

(a) Except as otherwise provided in Section 3424 or by any other law of this state, if a court of this state has jurisdiction under this part because a person seeking to invoke its jurisdiction has engaged in unjustifiable conduct, the court shall decline to exercise its jurisdiction unless one of the following are true:

(1) The parents and all persons acting as parents have acquiesced in the exercise of jurisdiction.

(2) A court of the state otherwise having jurisdiction under Sections 3421 to 3423, inclusive, determines that this state is a more appropriate forum under Section 3427.

(3) No court of any other state would have jurisdiction under the criteria specified in Sections 3421 to 3423, inclusive.

(b) If a court of this state declines to exercise its jurisdiction pursuant to subdivision (a), it may fashion an appropriate remedy to ensure the safety of the child and prevent a repetition of the unjustifiable conduct, including staying the proceeding until a child custody proceeding is commenced in a court having jurisdiction under Sections 3421 to 3423, inclusive.

(c) If a court dismisses a petition or stays a proceeding because it declines to exercise its jurisdiction pursuant to subdivision (a), it shall assess against the party seeking to invoke its jurisdiction necessary and reasonable expenses including costs, communication expenses, attorney's fees, investigative fees, expenses for witnesses, travel expenses, and child care during the course of the proceedings, unless the party from whom fees are sought establishes that the assessment would be clearly inappropriate. The court may not assess fees, costs, or expenses against this state unless authorized by law other than this part.

(d) In making a determination under this section, a court shall not consider as a factor weighing against the petitioner any taking of the child, or retention of the child after a visit or other temporary relinquishment of physical custody, from the person who has legal custody, if there is evidence that the taking or retention of the child was a result of domestic violence against the petitioner, as defined in Section 6211.

§ 3429. Provision of information to court

(a) In a child custody proceeding, each party, in its first pleading or in an attached affidavit, shall give information, if reasonably ascertainable, under oath as to the child's present address or whereabouts, the places where the child has lived during the last five years, and the names and present addresses of the persons with whom the child has lived during that period. However, where there are allegations of domestic violence or child abuse, any addresses of the party alleging violence or abuse and of the child which are

unknown to the other party are confidential and may not be disclosed in the pleading or affidavit. The pleading or affidavit must state whether the party:

(1) Has participated, as a party or witness or in any other capacity, in any other proceeding concerning the custody of, or visitation with, the child and, if so, identify the court, the case number, and the date of the child custody determination, if any.

(2) Knows of any proceeding that could affect the current proceeding, including proceedings for enforcement and proceedings relating to domestic violence, protective orders, termination of parental rights, and adoptions and, if so, identify the court, the case number, and the nature of the proceeding.

(3) Knows the names and addresses of any person not a party to the proceeding who has physical custody of the child or claims rights of legal custody or physical custody of, or visitation with, the child and, if so, the names and addresses of those persons.

(b) If the information required by subdivision (a) is not furnished, the court, upon motion of a party or its own motion, may stay the proceeding until the information is furnished.

(c) If the declaration as to any of the items described in paragraphs (1) to (3), inclusive, of subdivision (a) is in the affirmative, the declarant shall give additional information under oath as required by the court. The court may examine the parties under oath as to details of the information furnished and other matters pertinent to the court's jurisdiction and the disposition of the case.

(d) Each party has a continuing duty to inform the court of any proceeding in this or any other state that could affect the current proceeding.

§ 3430. Appearance of parties and child

(a) In a child custody proceeding in this state, the court may order a party to the proceeding who is in this state to appear before the court in person with or without the child. The court may order any person who is in this state and who has physical custody or control of the child to appear in person with the child.

(b) If a party to a child custody proceeding whose presence is desired by the court is outside this state, the court may order that a notice given pursuant to Section 3408 include a statement directing the party to appear in person with or without the child and informing the party that failure to appear may result in a decision adverse to the party.

(c) The court may enter any orders necessary to ensure the safety of the child and of any person ordered to appear under this section.

(d) If a party to a child custody proceeding who is outside this state is directed to appear under subdivision (b) or desires to appear personally before the court with or without the child, the court may require another party to pay reasonable and necessary travel and other expenses of the party so appearing and of the child.

§ 3441. "Petitioner"; "Respondent"

In this chapter:

(a) "Petitioner" means a person who seeks enforcement of an order for return of a child under the Hague Convention on the Civil Aspects of International Child Abduction or enforcement of a child custody determination.

(b) "Respondent" means a person against whom a proceeding has been commenced for enforcement of an order for return of a child under the Hague Convention on the Civil Aspects of International Child Abduction or enforcement of a child custody determination.

§ 3442. Order under Hague Convention on Civil Aspects of International Child Abduction

Under this chapter, a court of this state may enforce an order for the return of a child made under the Hague Convention on the Civil Aspects of International Child Abduction as if it were a child custody determination.

§ 3443. Recognition of another state's custody determination

(a) A court of this state shall recognize and enforce a child custody determination of a court of another state if the latter court exercised jurisdiction in substantial conformity with this part or the determination was made under factual circumstances meeting the jurisdictional standards of this part and the determination has not been modified in accordance with this part.

(b) A court of this state may utilize any remedy available under other laws of this state to enforce a child custody determination made by a court of another state. The remedies provided in this chapter are cumulative and do not affect the availability of other remedies to enforce a child custody determination.

§ 3444. Temporary order by court lacking jurisdiction to modify

(a) A court of this state which does not have jurisdiction to modify a child custody determination may issue a temporary order enforcing either:

(1) A visitation schedule made by a court of another state.

(2) The visitation provisions of a child custody determination of another state that does not provide for a specific visitation schedule.

(b) If a court of this state makes an order under paragraph (2) of subdivision (a), it shall specify in the order a period that it considers adequate to allow the petitioner to obtain an order from a court having jurisdiction under the criteria specified in Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 3421). The order remains in effect until an order is obtained from the other court or the period expires.

§ 3445. Registration of determination by court of another state; Notice of registration and its consequences; Hearing; Confirmation of order

(a) A child custody determination issued by a court of another state may be registered in this state, with or without a simultaneous request for enforcement, by sending all of the following to the appropriate court in this state:

(1) A letter or other document requesting registration.

(2) Two copies, including one certified copy, of the determination sought to be registered, and a statement under penalty of perjury that to the best of the knowledge and belief of the person seeking registration the order has not been modified.

(3) Except as otherwise provided in Section 3429, the name and address of the person seeking registration and any parent or person acting as a parent who has been awarded custody or visitation in the child custody determination sought to be registered.

(b) On receipt of the documents required by subdivision (a), the registering court shall do both of the following:

(1) Cause the determination to be filed as a foreign judgment, together with one copy of any accompanying documents and information, regardless of their form.

(2) Serve notice upon the persons named pursuant to paragraph (3) of subdivision (a) and provide them with an opportunity to contest the registration in accordance with this section.

(c) The notice required by paragraph (2) of subdivision (b) shall state all of the following:

(1) That a registered determination is enforceable as of the date of the registration in the same manner as a determination issued by a court of this state.

(2) That a hearing to contest the validity of the registered determination must be requested within 20 days after service of the notice.

(3) That failure to contest the registration will result in confirmation of the child custody determination and preclude further contest of that determination with respect to any matter that could have been asserted.

(d) A person seeking to contest the validity of a registered order must request a hearing within 20 days after service of the notice. At that hearing, the court shall confirm the registered order unless the person contesting registration establishes any of the following:

(1) That the issuing court did not have jurisdiction under Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 3421).

(2) That the child custody determination sought to be registered has been vacated, stayed, or modified by a court having jurisdiction to do so under Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 3421).

(3) That the person contesting registration was entitled to notice, but notice was not given in accordance with the standards of Section 3408, in the proceedings before the court that issued the order for which registration is sought.

(e) If a timely request for a hearing to contest the validity of the registration is not made, the registration is confirmed as a matter of law and the person requesting registration and all persons served shall be notified of the confirmation.

(f) Confirmation of a registered order, whether by operation of law or after notice and hearing, precludes further contest of the order with respect to any matter that could have been asserted at the time of registration.

§ 3446. Recognition and enforcement of determination by another state

(a) A court of this state may grant any relief normally available under the law of this state to enforce a registered child custody determination made by a court of another state.

(b) A court of this state shall recognize and enforce, but may not modify, except in accordance with Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 3421), a registered child custody determination of a court of another state.

§ 3447. Enforcement proceeding that is contemporaneous with modification proceeding in another state

If a proceeding for enforcement under this chapter is commenced in a court of this state and the court determines that a proceeding to modify the determination is pending in a

court of another state having jurisdiction to modify the determination under Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 3421), the enforcing court shall immediately communicate with the modifying court. The proceeding for enforcement continues unless the enforcing court, after consultation with the modifying court, stays or dismisses the proceeding.

§ 3448. Verification of petition; Contents; Orders; Hearing

(a) A petition under this chapter must be verified. Certified copies of all orders sought to be enforced and of any order confirming registration must be attached to the petition. A copy of a certified copy of an order may be attached instead of the original.

(b) A petition for enforcement of a child custody determination must state all of the following:

(1) Whether the court that issued the determination identified the jurisdictional basis it relied upon in exercising jurisdiction and, if so, what the basis was.

(2) Whether the determination for which enforcement is sought has been vacated, stayed, or modified by a court whose decision must be enforced under this part and, if so, identify the court, the case number, and the nature of the proceeding.

(3) Whether any proceeding has been commenced that could affect the current proceeding, including proceedings relating to domestic violence, protective orders, termination of parental rights, and adoptions and, if so, identify the court, the case number, and the nature of the proceeding.

(4) The present physical address of the child and the respondent, if known.

(5) Whether relief in addition to the immediate physical custody of the child and attorney's fees is sought, including a request for assistance from law enforcement officials and, if so, the relief sought.

(6) If the child custody determination has been registered and confirmed under Section 3445, the date and place of registration.

(c) Upon the filing of a petition, the court shall issue an order directing the respondent to appear in person with or without the child at a hearing and may enter any order necessary to ensure the safety of the parties and the child. The hearing must be held on the next judicial day after service of the order unless that date is impossible. In that event, the court shall hold the hearing on the first judicial day possible. The court may extend the date of hearing at the request of the petitioner.

(d) An order issued under subdivision (c) must state the time and place of the hearing and advise the respondent that, at the hearing, the court will order that the petitioner may take immediate physical custody of the child and the payment of fees, costs, and expenses

under Section 3452, and may schedule a hearing to determine whether further relief is appropriate, unless the respondent appears and establishes either of the following:

(1) That the child custody determination has not been registered and confirmed under Section 3445 and all of the following are true:

(A) The issuing court did not have jurisdiction under Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 3421).

(B) The child custody determination for which enforcement is sought has been vacated, stayed, or modified by a court having jurisdiction to do so under Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 3421).

(C) The respondent was entitled to notice, but notice was not given in accordance with the standards of Section 3408, in the proceedings before the court that issued the order for which enforcement is sought.

(2) That the child custody determination for which enforcement is sought was registered and confirmed under Section 3444, but has been vacated, stayed, or modified by a court of a state having jurisdiction to do so under Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 3421).

§ 3449. Service of petition and order

Except as otherwise provided in Section 3451, the petition and order shall be served, by any method authorized by the law of this state, upon the respondent and any person who has physical custody of the child.

§ 3450. Custody order; Fees, costs, and expenses; Inference from refusal to testify; Privilege

(a) Unless the court issues a temporary emergency order pursuant to Section 3424, upon a finding that a petitioner is entitled to immediate physical custody of the child, the court shall order that the petitioner may take immediate physical custody of the child unless the respondent establishes either of the following:

(1) That the child custody determination has not been registered and confirmed under Section 3445 and one of the following is true:

(A) The issuing court did not have jurisdiction under Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 3421).

(B) The child custody determination for which enforcement is sought has been vacated, stayed, or modified by a court of a state having jurisdiction to do so under Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 3421).

(C) The respondent was entitled to notice, but notice was not given in accordance with the standards of Section 3408, in the proceedings before the court that issued the order for which enforcement is sought.

(2) That the child custody determination for which enforcement is sought was registered and confirmed under Section 3445 but has been vacated, stayed, or modified by a court of a state having jurisdiction to do so under Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 3421).

(b) The court shall award the fees, costs, and expenses authorized under Section 3452 and may grant additional relief, including a request for the assistance of law enforcement officials, and set a further hearing to determine whether additional relief is appropriate.

(c) If a party called to testify refuses to answer on the ground that the testimony may be self-incriminating, the court may draw an adverse inference from the refusal.

(d) A privilege against disclosure of communications between spouses and a defense of immunity based on the relationship of husband and wife or parent and child may not be invoked in a proceeding under this chapter.

§ 3451. Warrant to take physical custody of child

(a) Upon the filing of a petition seeking enforcement of a child custody determination, the petitioner may file a verified application for the issuance of a warrant to take physical custody of the child if the child is imminently likely to suffer serious physical harm or be removed from this state.

(b) If the court, upon the testimony of the petitioner or other witness, finds that the child is imminently likely to suffer serious physical harm or be removed from this state, it may issue a warrant to take physical custody of the child. The petition must be heard on the next judicial day after the warrant is executed unless that date is impossible. In that event, the court shall hold the hearing on the first judicial day possible. The application for the warrant must include the statements required by subdivision (b) of Section 3448.

(c) A warrant to take physical custody of a child must do all of the following:

(1) Recite the facts upon which a conclusion of imminent serious physical harm or removal from the jurisdiction is based.

(2) Direct law enforcement officers to take physical custody of the child immediately.

(3) Provide for the placement of the child pending final relief.

(d) The respondent must be served with the petition, warrant, and order immediately after the child is taken into physical custody.

(e) A warrant to take physical custody of a child is enforceable throughout this state. If the court finds on the basis of the testimony of the petitioner or other witness that a less intrusive remedy is not effective, it may authorize law enforcement officers to enter private property to take physical custody of the child. If required by exigent circumstances of the case, the court may authorize law enforcement officers to make a forcible entry at any hour.

(f) The court may impose conditions upon placement of a child to ensure the appearance of the child and the child's custodian.

§ 3452. Costs and expenses for prevailing party

(a) The court shall award the prevailing party, including a state, necessary and reasonable expenses incurred by or on behalf of the party, including costs, communication expenses, attorney's fees, investigative fees, expenses for witnesses, travel expenses, and child care during the course of the proceedings, unless the party from whom fees or expenses are sought establishes that the award would be clearly inappropriate.

(b) The court may not assess fees, costs, or expenses against a state unless authorized by law other than this part.

§ 3453. Full faith and credit; Enforcement of another state's custody determination

A court of this state shall accord full faith and credit to an order issued by another state, and consistent with this part, enforce a child custody determination by a court of another state unless the order has been vacated, stayed, or modified by a court having jurisdiction to do so under Chapter 2 (commencing with Section 3421).

§ 3454. Appeal

An appeal may be taken from a final order in a proceeding under this chapter in accordance with expedited appellate procedures in other civil cases. Unless the court enters a temporary emergency order under Section 3424, the enforcing court may not stay an order enforcing a child custody determination pending appeal.

§ 3455. District attorney's authority to locate missing party or child

(a) In a case arising under this part or involving the Hague Convention on the Civil Aspects of International Child Abduction, a district attorney is authorized to proceed pursuant to Chapter 8 (commencing with Section 3130) of Part 2.

(b) A district attorney acting under this section acts on behalf of the court and may not represent any party.

§ 3456. Assistance by law enforcement officer in finding party or child

At the request of a district attorney acting under Section 3455, a law enforcement officer may take any lawful action reasonably necessary to locate a child or a party and assist the district attorney with responsibilities under Section 3455.

§ 3457. Costs and expenses incurred by district attorney

The court may assess all direct expenses and costs incurred by a district attorney under Section 3455 or 3456 pursuant to the provisions of Section 3134.

§ 3461. Need for uniformity of law

In applying and construing this Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act, consideration shall be given to the need to promote uniformity of the law with respect to its subject matter among states that enact it.

§ 3462. Severability

If any provision of this part or its application to any person or circumstance is held invalid, the invalidity does not affect other provisions or applications of this part that can be given effect without the invalid provision or application, and to this end the provisions of this part are severable.

§ 3465. Governing law

A motion or other request for relief made in a child custody proceeding or to enforce a child custody determination that was commenced before the effective date of this part is governed by the law in effect at the time the motion or other request was made.

EXHIBIT E

E
Declaration

ATTORNEY OR PARTY WITHOUT ATTORNEY (Name, ~~SSN~~ number, and address)

REED RANDOY, IN PRO PER

REED RANDOY

13428 MAXELLA AVE., #559

MARINA DEL REY, CA 90292

TELEPHONE NO 310-739-0335

FAX NO (Optional)

E-MAIL ADDRESS (Optional)

ATTORNEY FOR (Name)

SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

STREET ADDRESS 111 N. HILL ST.

MAILING ADDRESS 111 N. HILL ST.

CITY AND ZIP CODE LOS ANGELES, CA 90012

BRANCH NAME CENTRAL DISTRICT

(This section applies only to family law cases.)

PETITIONER: REED RANDOY

RESPONDENT: MARIEKE RANDOY

OTHER PARTY:

(This section applies only to guardianship cases.)

GUARDIANSHIP OF (Name).

Minor

DECLARATION UNDER UNIFORM CHILD CUSTODY
JURISDICTION AND ENFORCEMENT ACT (UCCJEA)

FOR COURT USE ONLY

CONFORMED COPY
ORIGINAL FILED
Superior Court Of California
County Of Los Angeles

HERRI R. CAMERON MAY 19 2015

By

Deputy

P. MARTINEZ

CASE NUMBER:

BD621137

1. I am a party to this proceeding to determine custody of a child.
2. ☐ My present address and the present address of each child residing with me is confidential under Family Code section 3429 as I have indicated in item 3.
3. There are (specify number): ONE (1) minor children who are subject to this proceeding, as follows:
(Insert the information requested below. The residence information must be given for the last FIVE years.)

a. Child's name	Place of birth	Date of birth	Sex
HUNTER RANDOY	LOS ANGELES, CA	4/10/2012	M
Period of residence 4/2014 to present	Address 668 CITADEL PARADE, #2006 <input type="checkbox"/> Confidential VANCOUVER, B.C.	Person child lived with (name and complete current address) REED & MARIEKE RANDOY <input type="checkbox"/> Confidential	Relationship FATHER & MOTHER
4/2014 to PRESENT	Child's residence (City, State) 13428 MAXELLA AVE., #559, MARINA DEL REY, CA 90292	Person child lived with (name and complete current address) REED RANDOY	FATHER
BIRTH to 4/2014	Child's residence (City, State) 5359 SAN VICENTE BLVD., #111, L.A., CA 90019	Person child lived with (name and complete current address) REED & MARIEKE RANDOY	FATHER & MOTHER
to	Child's residence (City, State)	Person child lived with (name and complete current address)	
b. Child's name	Place of birth	Date of birth	Sex
<input type="checkbox"/> Residence information is the same as given above for child a. (If NOT the same, provide the information below.)			
Period of residence to present	Address <input type="checkbox"/> Confidential	Person child lived with (name and complete current address) <input type="checkbox"/> Confidential	Relationship
to	Child's residence (City, State)	Person child lived with (name and complete current address)	
to	Child's residence (City, State)	Person child lived with (name and complete current address)	
to	Child's residence (City, State)	Person child lived with (name and complete current address)	

- c. ☐ Additional residence information for a child listed in item a or b is continued on attachment 3c.
- d. ☐ Additional children are listed on form FL-105(A)/GC-120(A). (Provide all requested information for additional children.)

Page 1 of 2

SHORT TITLE:

CASE NUMBER

IN RE MARRIAGE OF RANDOY

4. Do you have information about, or have you participated as a party or as a witness or in some other capacity in, another court case or custody or visitation proceeding, in California or elsewhere, concerning a child subject to this proceeding?

☐ Yes ☒ No (If yes, attach a copy of the orders (if you have one) and provide the following information):

Proceeding	Case number	Court (name, state, location)	Court order or judgment (date)	Name of each child	Your connection to the case	Case status
a. <input type="checkbox"/> Family						
b. <input type="checkbox"/> Guardianship						
c. <input type="checkbox"/> Other						

Proceeding	Case Number	Court (name, state, location)
d. <input type="checkbox"/> Juvenile Delinquency/ Juvenile Dependency		
e. <input type="checkbox"/> Adoption		

5. ☐ One or more domestic violence restraining/protective orders are now in effect. (Attach a copy of the orders if you have one and provide the following information):

Court	County	State	Case number (if known)	Orders expire (date)
a. <input type="checkbox"/> Criminal				
b. <input type="checkbox"/> Family				
c. <input type="checkbox"/> Juvenile Delinquency/ Juvenile Dependency				
d. <input type="checkbox"/> Other				

6. Do you know of any person who is not a party to this proceeding who has physical custody or claims to have custody of or visitation rights with any child in this case? ☐ Yes ☒ No (If yes, provide the following information):

<p>a. Name and address of person</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Has physical custody <input type="checkbox"/> Claims custody rights <input type="checkbox"/> Claims visitation rights</p> <p>Name of each child</p>	<p>b. Name and address of person</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Has physical custody <input type="checkbox"/> Claims custody rights <input type="checkbox"/> Claims visitation rights</p> <p>Name of each child</p>	<p>c. Name and address of person</p> <p><input type="checkbox"/> Has physical custody <input type="checkbox"/> Claims custody rights <input type="checkbox"/> Claims visitation rights</p> <p>Name of each child</p>
--	--	--

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.

Date: 05/18/2015

REED RANDOY

(TYPE OR PRINT NAME)

(SIGNATURE OF DECLARANT)

7. ☐ Number of pages attached: _____

NOTICE TO DECLARANT: You have a continuing duty to inform this court if you obtain any information about a custody proceeding in a California court or any other court concerning a child subject to this proceeding.

EXHIBIT F

F
6 months
Pet. only

ATTORNEY OR PARTY WITHOUT ATTORNEY (Name, State Bar number, and address)

REED RANDOY, IN PRO PER
 REED RANDOY
 13428 MAXELLA AVE., #559
 MARINA DEL REY, CA 90292
 TELEPHONE NO 310-739-0335 FAX NO

E-MAIL ADDRESS:

ATTORNEY FOR (Name):

FOR COURT USE ONLY

CONFORMED COPY
 ORIGINAL FILED
 Superior Court Of California
 County Of Los Angeles

MAY 19 2015

Notary Public/Commissioner
 Deputy

SHERRI R. CARTER

P. MARTINEZ

SUPERIOR COURT OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES

STREET ADDRESS 111 N. HILL ST.

MAILING ADDRESS 111 N. HILL ST.

CITY AND ZIP CODE LOS ANGELES, CA 90012

BRANCH NAME CENTRAL DISTRICT

PETITIONER: REED RANDOY

RESPONDENT: MARIEKE RANDOY

PETITION FOR

☒ Dissolution (Divorce) of:☐ Legal Separation of:☐ Nullity of:☒ Marriage☐ Marriage☐ Marriage☐ AMENDED☐ Domestic Partnership☐ Domestic Partnership☐ Domestic Partnership

CASE NUMBER

BD621137

1. LEGAL RELATIONSHIP (check all that apply):

- a. ☒ We are married.
 b. ☐ We are domestic partners and our domestic partnership was established in California.
 c. ☐ We are domestic partners and our domestic partnership was NOT established in California.

2. RESIDENCE REQUIREMENTS (check all that apply):

- a. ☒ Petitioner ☐ Respondent has been a resident of this state for at least six months and of this county for at least three months immediately preceding the filing of this Petition. (For a divorce, at least one person in the legal relationship described in items 1a and 1c must comply with this requirement.)
 b. ☐ We are the same sex and were married in California but are not residents of California. Neither of us lives in a state or nation that will dissolve the marriage. This case is filed in the county in which we married.
 Petitioner's residence (state or nation): Respondent's residence (state or nation):
 c. ☐ Our domestic partnership was established in California. Neither of us has to be a resident or have a domicile in California to dissolve our partnership here.

3. STATISTICAL FACTS

- a. ☒ (1) Date of marriage (specify): 04/11/2011 (2) Date of separation (specify): 12/31/2014
 (3) Time from date of marriage to date of separation (specify): 3 Years 3 Months
 b. ☐ (1) Registration date of domestic partnership with the California Secretary of State or other state equivalent (specify below):
 (2) Date of separation (specify):
 (3) Time from date of registration of domestic partnership to date of separation (specify): Years Months

4. MINOR CHILDREN (children born before (or born or adopted during) the marriage or domestic partnership):

- a. ☐ There are no minor children.
 b. ☒ The minor children are:

Child's name
 HUNTER RANDOY

Birthdate Age Sex
 4/10/2012 3 M

- (1) ☐ continued on Attachment 4b.
 (2) ☐ a child who is not yet born.

c. If there are minor children of Petitioner and Respondent, a completed Declaration Under Uniform Child Custody Jurisdiction and Enforcement Act (UCCJEA) (form FL-105) must be attached.

d. ☐ Petitioner and Respondent signed a voluntary declaration of paternity. A copy ☐ is ☐ is not attached.

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