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autobiographies and memoirs as major sources for understanding antebellum American masculinity and nationalism. Chapter 3 studies American perspectives of the Haitian/Spanish American Revolutions. In the former, white American sailors frequently viewed black revolutionaries with profound disgust and racialized repulsion, especially as the massacres on both sides of the conflict mounted. At the same time, the extremes of the Revolution in Haiti made Americans proud of their organized and conservative revolution. Even more, the terror posed by the sight of blacks in charge of whites put sailors all the more on their guard, lest they suffer a similar fate.

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Grandy, Moses, dictated to George Thompson. Narrative of the Life of Moses Grandy, Late a Slave in the United States of America. Boston: Oliver Johnson, 1841. <a href="https://archive.org/details/eeff9cab-52co-4cb5-93d3-bod786f7dab5/mode/2up">https://archive.org/details/eeff9cab-52co-4cb5-93d3-bod786f7dab5/mode/2up</a> ¶Grandy was a slave waterman and vessel pilot in North Carolina who bought his freedom twice before finally succeeding on his third attempt. He became a noted abolitionist while working in Boston-area shipyards and as a mariner. Since he was illiterate, he dictated his story, which he also planned would generate funds so he could buy his family's freedom. —PEF

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Hardy, Penelope K., and Helen M. Rozwadowski. "Maury for Modern Times: Navigating a Racist Legacy in Ocean Science." Oceanography 33:3 (2020): 8–13. ¶Amid recent calls in the United States and elsewhere to remove statues and other references that glorify historically racist figures, we offer a reexamination of nineteenth-century naval officer and early ocean scientist Matthew Fontaine Maury. While Maury made significant contributions toward understanding and representing the ocean-atmosphere system and argued for increased support from both government and the public for such studies, his work, including his science, was also inextricably involved in his nation's imperialist goals. Before and after his resignation from the United States Navy to join the Confederacy during the American Civil War, Maury worked for the perpetuation and expansion of race-based slavery. For these reasons, we argue that oceanographers, historians, and the public need to rethink depictions of Maury that glorify his accomplishments without interrogating their darker side. Presenting honest portrayals is not only historically responsible but also aids the larger endeavor to recruit and retain more diverse students and scientists for ocean science.

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specific in pinpointing the presence and impact of Upper Guineans in Amazonia. He documents their vital contributions to cotton and especially rice production, along with significant cultural retentions and religious adaptations. The data enable precise identification of Guineans from particular ethnic groups, though slave imports from other regions predominated after 1800. Hawthorne makes large claims for his books' originality, but the book largely justifies them. Summing Up: Highly recommended. Academic and larger public libraries, undergraduates and above. —T. P. Johnson, University of Massachusetts, Boston

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The author deftly illustrates dependent workers' contributions by detailing how "casual" labor produced both Fort McHenry and the star-spangled banner that waved over its ramparts. One caveat: while Rockman highlights voiceless, poorly documented Baltimoreans, readers seldom hear their actual voices. Still, stressing the vulnerable, precarious nature of work is timely in the current economic climate of recession-verging-on-depression.—T. P. Johnson, University of Massachusetts, Boston

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