Module Two: Basic Multi-Casualty ICS

Course Objectives:

- Identify the medical component of the ICS Operations Section
- List various positions within the Medical Branch
- Describe several functions and units within the Medical Group
- List several levels of response to an MCI
- Demonstrate MCI ICS:
 - Staffing /organizing the Medical Branch
 - o On-scene communications
 - MCI primary response organization
 - Multi-group reinforced response organization
 - Demobilization considerations
- ✓ The Operations Section Chief activates and supervises elements within the Incident Action Plan (IAP) including development of unit operational plans and requesting / releasing resources:
 - > The Operations Section Chief approves the establishment of Staging Areas.
- Operations Section Chief
 - Medical Branch Director
 - Medical Group Supervisor
 - Medical Supply Coordinator
- ✓ The Medical Branch Director:
 - Develops organization
 - Manages Triage /Treatment /Transportation activities
 - Manages resources and supplies
 - Establishes security
 - Maintains records

The primary function of the Medical Branch is the triage, treatment and transportation of patients.

- ✓ Staffing and Organization of the Medical Branch:
 - Enroute consider equipment, manpower, and transportation
 - Think as a scene manager rather than just a "responder"
 - Implement accountability: "SAFE"
 - o "S" = scene size up
 - "A" = action plan
 - o "F" = find a safe spot
 - o "E"= establish a post
- ✓ Check-in with the IC or the Operations Chief at:
 - o The ICP
 - o Base or Camps
 - Staging areas
 - o Helibase
- ✓ Communicate using an <u>Active</u>, rather than a <u>Passive</u> Dialogue:
 - > An example of Passive Dialogue would be: "What position are you filling?"
 - An example of Active Dialogue would be: "You are the Triage Unit Leader, right?"
- ✓ Utilize the "RACING" mnemonic:
 - o "R" = resources needs
 - o "A" = assignments needed
 - "C" = communications
 - "I" = ingress and egress
 - o "N" = name of the incident
 - "G" = geography areas for staging, triage, etc.
 - > The "A" in RACING stands for Assignments
- ✓ Organizing the scene use visual clues such as:
 - Vests, tarps, triage tags, cones, flags, etc.
 - o Keep the Minor Treatment area away from the other areas

- ✓ The Primary MCI Response:
 - o The Medical Group mission is to:
 - Develop Medical Organization
 - Implement the IAP
 - Manage Triage, Treatment and Transport
 - Manage resources and supplies
 - Establish security
 - Maintain records
- ✓ The Medical Group Supervisor:
 - o Reports to the Branch Director
 - Establishes the Medical Group
 - o Medical Group Supervisor is the initial supervisor of all medical tactical operations
- The responsibility for establishment of patient treatment areas belongs to the Medical Group Supervisor, if no Treatment Unit Leader has been assigned.
- The best ingress / egress routes should be communicated to the Ground Ambulance Coordinator, Ambulance Dispatch and all incoming medical resources by the Medical Group Supervisor.
- The initial supervisor of all medical tactical operations is the Medical Group Supervisor. Face-to-face communications is used if no common radio frequency is established.
- ✓ Immediate Treatment Manager:
 - o Reports to the Treatment Unit Leader
 - Prioritizes patients for transports
 - Assures patient information is recorded
- ✓ Triage Unit Leader:
 - o Reports to the Medical Group Supervisor
 - o Provides triage management and movement
 - Maintains security
 - The Triage Unit Leader reports to the Medical Group Supervisor.
 - The Triage Unit Leader directs the movement of victims from Triage to Treatment.
 - ➤ If no Treatment Unit Leader has been assigned, the responsibility for Treatment Areas belongs to the Medical Group Supervisor.

- ✓ Triage Personnel:
 - o Report to the Triage Unit Leader
 - Triage, tag and treat patients
- ✓ Medical Communications Coordinator:
 - o Reports to the Transportation Unit Leader
 - o Coordinates destinations with the Hospital Alert System
 - Establishing and maintaining communications with the Control Facility is done by the Medical Communications Coordinator.
 - Patient destinations are relayed to the Treatment Unit by the Medical Communications Coordinator.
- ✓ Reinforced Response requires additional resources
- ✓ Treatment Area Manager:
 - o Reports to the Treatment Unit Leader
 - o Responsible for treatment and re-triage
 - > Prioritizing patients are some of the objectives of a Treatment Area Manager.
 - > The Treatment Area Manager reports to the Treatment Unit Leader
- ✓ Patient Transportation Unit Leader:
 - o Reports to the Medical Group Supervisor
 - o Supervises Medical Communications Coordinator and the Ambulance Coordinator
 - o Establishes communications with the Hospitals
 - The Patient Transportation Unit Leader reports to the Medical Group Supervisor.
 - The Patient Transportation Unit communicates with the Control Facility, the Helispot Manager and the Treatment Dispatch Manager.

- ✓ Ambulance Coordinator:
 - o Reports to the Patient Transportation Unit Leader
 - Is responsible for staging and routes
 - o Can request additional resources
 - The Ambulance Coordinator reports to the Patient Transportation Unit Leader.

Multi-Group / Multi-Branch Response:

- The Patient Transportation Unit becomes the Patient Transportation Group if multiple
 Medical Groups are established at a large incident.
- Treatment Dispatch Manger:
 - Reports to the Treatment Unit Leader
- Medical Supply Coordinator:
 - Reports to the Medical Group Supervisor
- If you use or lose equipment or supplies on an incident, you should resupply from, and report losses to, the Medical Supply Coordinator.
 - Medical Branch Director:
 - Reports to the Operations Section Chief
- The Medical Group Supervisor reports to the Operations Section Chief if there is no Medical Branch Director assigned.
- Demobilization Plan:
 - o The Planning Section is responsible for developing the Demob Plan
 - Significant Exposure Reporting
 - o Critical Incident Stress Management

Initial Actions at an MCI Incident:

- En-route:
 - Order necessary resources and update dispatch
 - Scene management
 - o Disbursement
- Update the Control Facility:
 - MCI type (MVC, hazmat, etc)
 - Location

- Name of the incident
- o Approximate number of victims
- Number and type of transportation needed
- > A helispot is the ICS term for the site where helicopters temporarily land.
- Air Ambulances should be coordinated through the Air Operations Branch Director.
- Establish the Medical Branch
 - Assign positions
 - o Establish communications methods
 - > The best way to communicate is face-to-face if you have no common radio frequency.
 - > Two of the first positions likely to be filled in the Medical Branch are the Medical Communications Coordinator and the Triage Unit Leader.
- Ongoing:
 - o Resources needed?
 - o Scene management?
 - Disbursement and Demob
 - Returning the scene to pre-incident conditions is one of the final objectives of scene management.
 - Considerations for demobilizing resources include the priority release of personnel, the priority release of apparatus or equipment, and the need for resources at other incidents.

NOTE: Be sure to download your passing certificate BEFORE you leave the module!