

Kevin Waugh, Manufacturer Representative Utility Solutions, Inc.



Leaking water mains are a fact of life?

What do you think are normal amounts of Non-Revenue Water?

- 10 30% loss
- 30 50% loss
- 50 75% loss

Would you be shocked if there are current systems in Indiana and Ohio that have upwards of 65% water loss?

If you can control water line leaks by mitigating issues through the 4 pillars of leak management, do you think it would positively affect your system?



What are the tools to improve water network performance?

The 4 pillars of leakage management



Pillar 1 – Leak Detection

- Ground Penetrating Radar (GPR) May only show anomalies or voids that could be caused by water leaks
- Thermal Imagining ground water may be same temp as ground
- Light Detection and Ranging LiDAR Topographical images may only show damaged areas due to water flow
- Drone Imaging like LiDAR only able to look for variations in topography that could be from water leaks
- Gas Analyzer Leak needs to be on top of line and carrier pipe may need to be void of water
- Sound Analyzer Some pipe types do not make normal leak sounds
- Video Pipe Inspection Better for Sewer applications (maybe some pressure pipe applications)
- Dosing Rods false positives and when trying to replicate in blind tests was no better than any other attempt



Active Leak Detection (cont.)

Gas Analyzer

- 95/5
- Non-Flammable
- Non-Toxic





+ Active Leak Detection (cont.)

Sound Analyzer





+ Active Leak Detection (cont.)





Jobsite Deliverable



Fully Portable

- CCTV View Only
- End to End Inspection
- Down Loadable Video Footage
- Both PACP and MACP Coded
 Inspections
- Ability to run 3K'-4K' single day







Pipe Dream Value Proposition

- Maintenance free leasing model: \$2000/mo 1 year lease Data package includes 5K' of PACP coded footage or 20K' of video footage (6 on 6 off 6 on option)
- Smallest deployable footprint in the industry.
 - Robot weighs 12 lbs and 500' Tether weighs 25 lbs
- Ability to inspect: 6", 8", 10", 12" up to 24" mainline sewer pipe
- Completely Green: Robot and Tether are battery operated.
 - NO Power needed or RUNNING VAN/TRUCKS
 - Robot has 7 hours of "continuous runtime"
- Dual front and rear 4K cameras with no moving parts, full 360 degree view, digital PTZ features.
- Multiple use cases: View only inspections, Full PACP/MACP coding, cloud based secure client portals and report generation.





• Pillar 2 – Spot Repairs

Once you find a leak you can determine best method of permanent repair at that location: Couple, Clamp or Encapsulate.













Pillar 2 – Spot Repairs (cont.)

Typical Spot repair is between \$5000 – 9000 in cost

- Labor and Equipment
- Roadway materials
- Repair product (Coupling, Clamp or Encapsulation) ~ 2% of cost but most important aspect
- \$3.5 Billion Annual Cost in North America
 - 850 breaks a day
 - 310,000 / year

What about the leaks that relate to our Non-Revenue Water

- 264 gal/hr for 3 months = 578,160 gal
- 1 single drip per minute equates to 104 gal per year



Types of leakage

264 gal/hr for 3 months = 578,160 gal



1,320 gal/hr for 3 years = 34,713,360 gal





Types of leakage

5,283 gal/hr for 3 hours = 15,849 gal 10,566 gal/hr for 6 hours = 63,396 gal 52,834 gal/hr for 3 hours = 158,502 gal





+ Pillar 3 – Network Update

Current Estimates

1 Mile of Water Main Replacement

\$2.0 Million

Water Treatment Plant

\$40 - 60 Million

This may be long term goal – In the meantime Pillars 2 and 4 may be best option to mitigate Water loss



Pillar 4 – Pressure Management

CONCEPT:

Control your losses by reducing and/or regulating your pressure during off peak hours





Water network during the day



+GF+

Water network during the night





The unique benefits of pressure management

Water conservation	Cost re	duction	Optimised renewal
Reduce existing leakage flow	Reduce OPEX	Reduce maintenance and repair costs	Extend water network lifetime



Existing technology limitation





Membrane technology requires regular heavy maintenance tasks



The innovative Pressure management









Precision: more accurate and stable, even with low flow and challenging pressure differential



Simplicity: No diaphragm. Corrosion and incrustation resistant materials minimize failure and maintenance requirements



Easy integration: weight reduced by up to 90% and length by 60%. Possible 30% savings on installation costs.

Simplified maintenance 10x less components









Easy to comission Less waste of water and time









Safer operation, better teamwork

242 lb



International standard Lifting weight permissible limit

Male



24 lb





Safer operation, better teamwork





Not exceeding recommended weights of International standard (up to 8")





More stability and reliability







- Symmetrical velocity profile around the piston
- Install a flowmeter directly upstream
- Less impact of cavitation phenomenon







Optimized installation











Optimized installation Italy







Programmable valves and automation





From 2" to 12" / PS 232





Reference cases



Italy – July 2020 As by-pass of oversized valve





Italy – June 2020 Benchmark transient events





Italy – June 2020 Benchmark transient events





Italy – June 2020 Benchmark transient events







reference

Italy – April 2020



Installation with in-house controller



Installation in vertical position



Germany – November 2020





159 psi to 20 psi

Germany – November 2020

Previous Installation 02:00 14:00 06.00 03.00 100 14:00 22:00 01.00 61.1.0 M.b. fit.br 10 Ja 01.ter 01.10 With NeoFlow Installation 16:00 1610

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Reference video Cochem





Pressure regulation - July 2021 – 4''





Italy











Stable pressure- September 2021 – 6''





Χρώμα	ΥΨ. Περτγραφή	Min	Max
	GP 123_M2	0,22	67,80





Manufacturing setup



Manufacturing site: Seewis - Switzerland





Assembling steps





Pressure testing





Thank you for you participation

