Pressure Pipe Technologies

Tuesday December 4th,2018

Procrastinators Workshop

<u>Ken Boeh</u>

Business Development Manager

<u>John Kosiur</u>

Regional Sales Manager



Stronger. Safer. Infrastructure.^o



• Aegion Pressure Pipe Rehabilitation Portfolio

- Insituform Insitumain Pressure CIPP
- Tyfo Fibrwrap
- Underground Solutions Fusible PVC
- United Pipeline Systems Tite Liner



Stronger. Safer. Infrastructure.®



Infrastructure Solutions

Water & wastewater pipeline rehabilitation

Structural strengthening



Corrosion Protection

- Pipeline corrosion prevention
- Oil, gas and mining



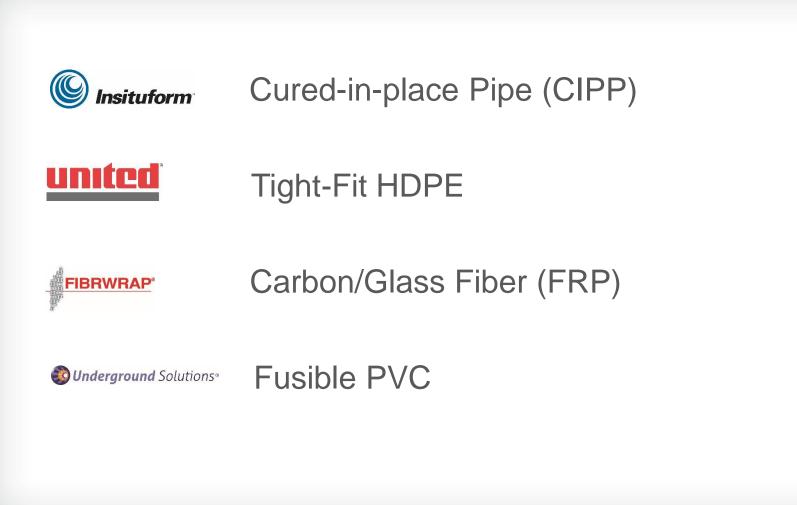
Energy Services

• Facility maintenance services

Stronger. Safer. Infrastructure.®



Aegion's products/processes



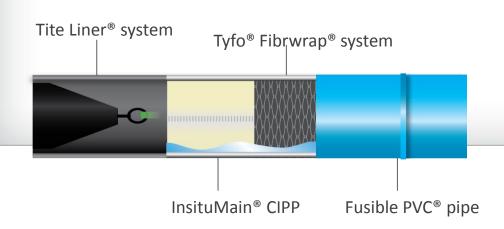


AEGION PRESSURE PIPE CAPABILITIES

Product	Applications								Max.		AWWA Classification		
	Potable Water	Wastewater	Irrigation/ Raw Water	Fire Suppression		Electric/ Fiber		Diameter	Continuous Install Length	Max. Pressure	Class	Class IV	Bends
Insitu Main®	Х	х	Х	Х	Х			06" - 72""	1,200'	250 psi	Х	Х	up to 45°
Tite Liner®	* X	Х	X	Х	Х	Х		02" - 52"	5,000'	140 psi	х	х	up to 11.25°
Tyfo® Fibrwrap®	X	Х	X	х	X			30" & Above	Unlimited	450 psi	х	Х	Any
Fusible PVC [®]	Х	Х	X	Х	X	Х	Х	04" - 36"	7,000'	305 psi		Х	N/A

Note: Pipe size and operating temperature may limit maximum pressure for a given application

* To be evaluated on a case by case basis



InsituMain[®] – Slight bends or offsets Tite Liner – Long, straight runs Tyfo[®] Fibrwrap[®] – Limited or problematic access Fusible PVC[®] – Decreased capacity (sliplining), increased capacity (pipe bursting)



Cured-in-place Pipe (CIPP)





What is cured-in-place pipe?

- Developed in 1971 by Insituform, cured-in-place pipe (CIPP) is a trenchless technology
 - Started in gravity sanitary and storm sewers
 - Most common trenchless technology
 - Evolved into small diameter low pressure applications
 - Now utilized in medium to large diameter at higher pressures
- The InsituMain[®] system is suitable for the following applications:
 - Distribution and transmission mains
 - Cooling water lines
 - Fire water mains
 - Industrial pressure applications
 - Sewage force mains

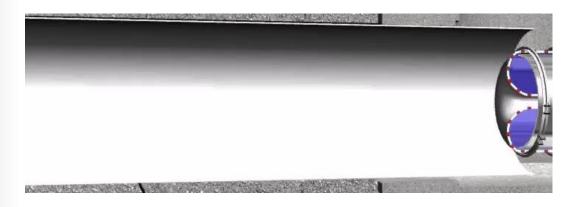


Over 25,000 miles of CIPP have been installed by Insituform crews around the world



What is InsituMain CIPP?

- Thermosetting resin impregnated felt tube with glass reinforcing material
 - AWWA Class IV material
 - Tight fitting material that maximizes flow
 - End product is a joint less, pipe-within-a-pipe that protects against corrosion, build-up, and leakage
 - NSF 61 certified





Over 600,000 feet of CIPP pressure pipe have been installed by Insituform crews



Applications

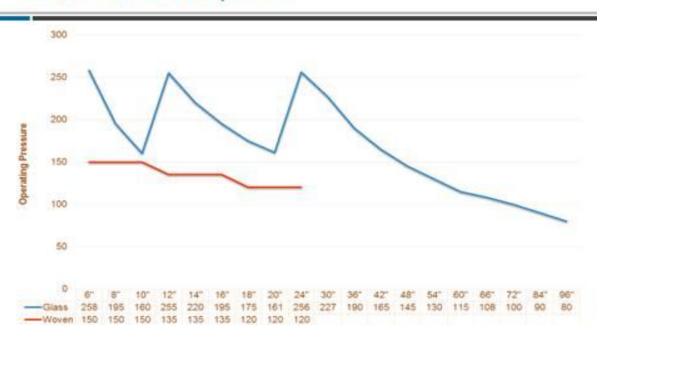


Technical Envelope

- Diameter = 6" to 96"
- Max. Operating Pressure = >250 psi
- Bends = up to 45°
- Effluent Temp. = up to 150° F
- Physical Properties = exceed ASTM
 - F1216 / AWWA M28

Glass Vs. Woven

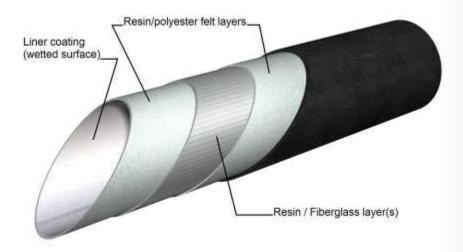
Diameter & Pressure Capabilities





InsituMain[®] CIPP composite structure

- Polyester felt/epoxy structure
 - Provides for external load capacity
 - Layer thickness can be varied depending on loading conditions
- Fiberglass/epoxy structure
 - Provides high tensile strength
 - Number of layers vary depending on diameter and internal pressure
- PP/TPU coating
 - Water contact surface
 - Coating also provides water barrier for installation processes





InsituMain[®] CIPP installation



Step 1:

If required, setup bypass and excavate pits to provide access to the existing pipeline. Clean the pipeline and inspect using closed circuit TV (CCTV).



Step 2:

Install the InsituMain-system liner into the host pipe using water pressure. After curing with hot water, the pipe is cooled and the ends are cut. Following hydrostatic pressure testing, postinstallation CCTV inspections are also completed.



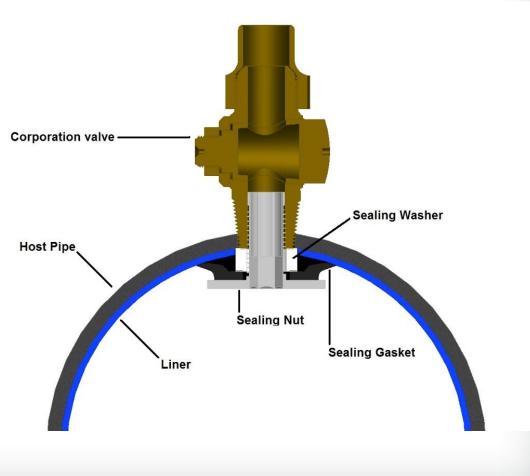
Step 3:

Reconnect lined sections to the existing system using standard pipe fittings. Finally, restore excavation pits and remove temporary bypass, if applicable.



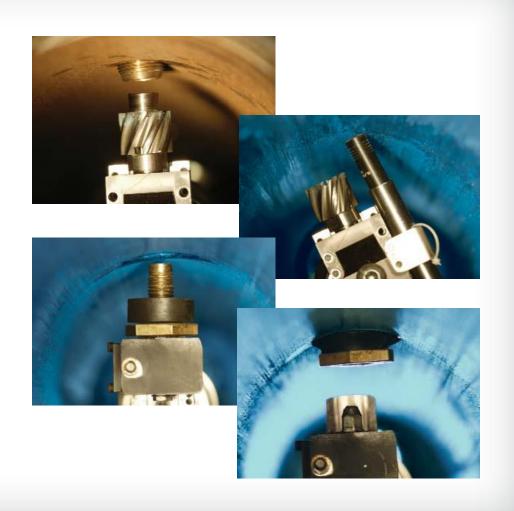
Service Connections - Mechanical

- Robotic reinstatement of service connections
 - Up to 1" in diameter
 - Up to 2" in diameter (2018)
- Reduces/Eliminates need for costly excavations
- Does not rely on host pipe for water tightness



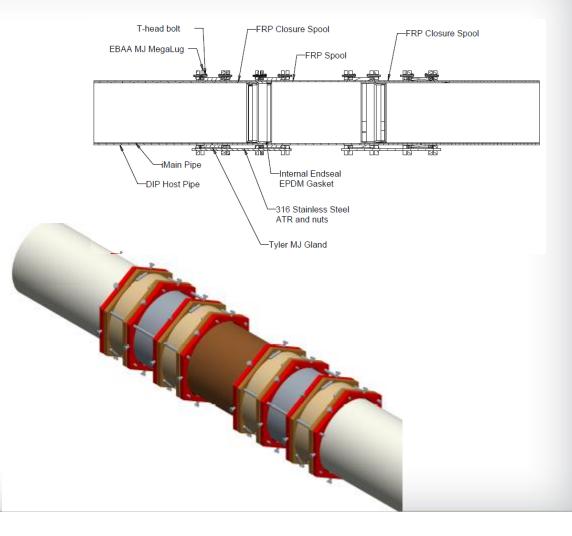
Service Connections - Mechanical

- Step 1 reverse threading (internal) of protruding service
- Step 2 plugging of existing service connection
- Step 3 locating and drilling of the existing service (after lining)
- Step 4 installation of mechanical connection

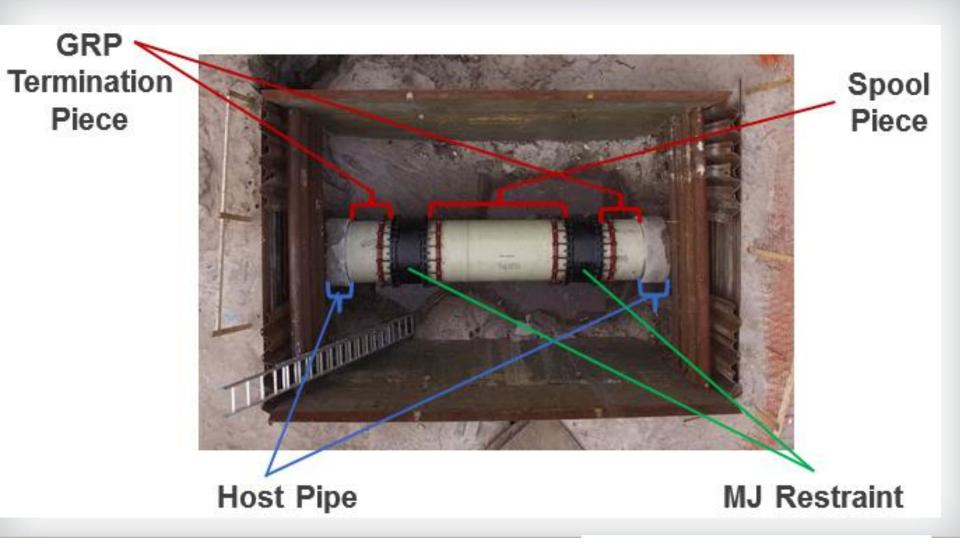


End Termination - FRP

- Precast FRP composite pipe
 - Interior abraded and primed with bonding agent
 - CIPP inserted through FRP and cured to obtain a watertight bond
- Eliminates need to connect back to the host pipe
- Promotes the use of standard mechanical joint fittings



End Termination - FRP



West Palm Beach Force Main

- Owner: West Palm Beach, FL
- Pipe Type: Sanitary Sewer
 - Material: PCCP
 - Diameter: 48"
 - Length: 5,700 LF
 - Pressure: 25 psi operating; 55 psi test
- Deteriorated force main that ran underneath country club & condo building, and along canal/high end residential property
- Why CIPP?
 - Minimal diameter reduction
 - iMain Design Thickness of 18mm or 0.71" x 2 = less than 1.5" diameter loss on 48" host (0.3% reduction)







El Dorado Springs Canyon Water Main

- Owner: Lafayette, CO
- Pipe Type: Potable Water
 - Material: Steel
 - Diameter: 12"
 - Pressure: 145 psi
- Summary: The project commenced after catastrophic flooding plagued the city and surrounding towns. During post-flood inspection, the pipeline was found to contain pitting and holes potentially compromising its structural integrity. The InsituMain Class IV (NSF 61 certified) system was designed and successfully installed in order to provide a new 50-year pipeline.





Newport Beach Force Main

- Owner: Orange County, CA
- Pipe Type: Sanitary Sewer
 - Material: Steel
 - Diameter: 24" 36"
 - Pressure: <50 psi
- Summary: The Newport Beach force main is a critical component in OCSD's collection system infrastructure serving more than 15,000 acres of land. At over 50 years of age, this pipeline was in desperate need of repair or replacement. InsituMain, because of its limited disruption to the community, was chosen to rehabilitate this long stretch of pipeline.





What current projects might be a good fit for a gravity or pressure pipe cured in place solution?



Carbon/Glass Fiber (FRP)





Tyfo FRP materials

- Composite structure
 - Polymer Matrix = Epoxy
 - Bonds filaments to share loads
 - Reinforcement = Carbon and/or Glass
 - Continuous Strands
- Excellent strength to weight ratio
- Directional Strength
- Non isotropic
 - Complex shapes





When does the Tyfo[®] Fibrwrap[®] system make sense?

Diameter range:

- Large-diameter pipe (internal)
 - 36" to ≥ 216"
- Small-diameter pipe (external)
 - Less than 36"

Pressure range:

- Up to 400+ psi
- Vacuum pressure (to 14.7 psi)

External loads:

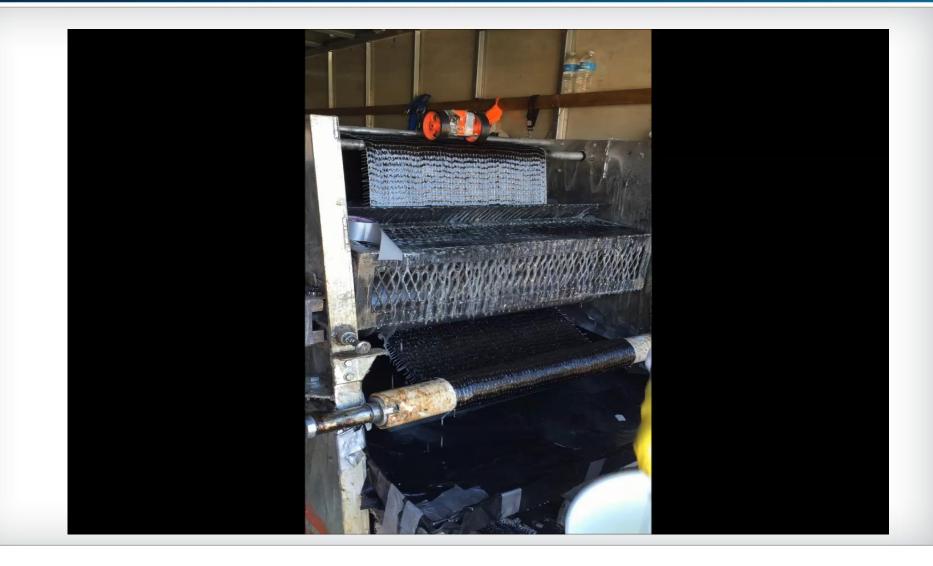
- Earth cover
- Traffic loads
- Water table
- General surcharge



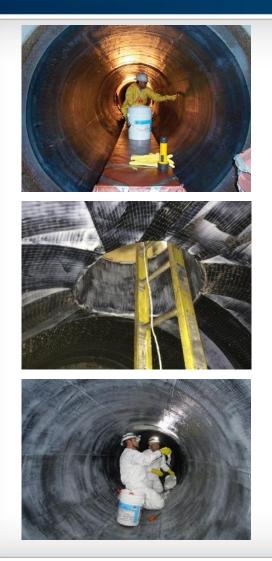
Designed as either an independent/stand alone or an interactive/composite system



Tyfo[®] Fibrwrap[®] system installation



Capabilities of internal/external wrap with Tyfo[®] Fibrwrap[®] system



- Restore pipeline to original <u>or increased</u> hydrostatic pressure capacity/requirements
- Re-establish flexural loading capabilities
- Restore original external loading capacity of pipeline
- Upgrade external loading capability due to higher live load/traffic requirements
- Provide watertight rehabilitation at joints/couplings or transition zones



Tyfo[®] Fibrwrap[®] Installation

- Location = Tampa, FL
- Affluent Harbour Island Community
- Owner evaluated numerous technologies
 - Open Cut
 - Slip lining
 - CIPP
 - Directional Drilling
 - Tyfo FRP



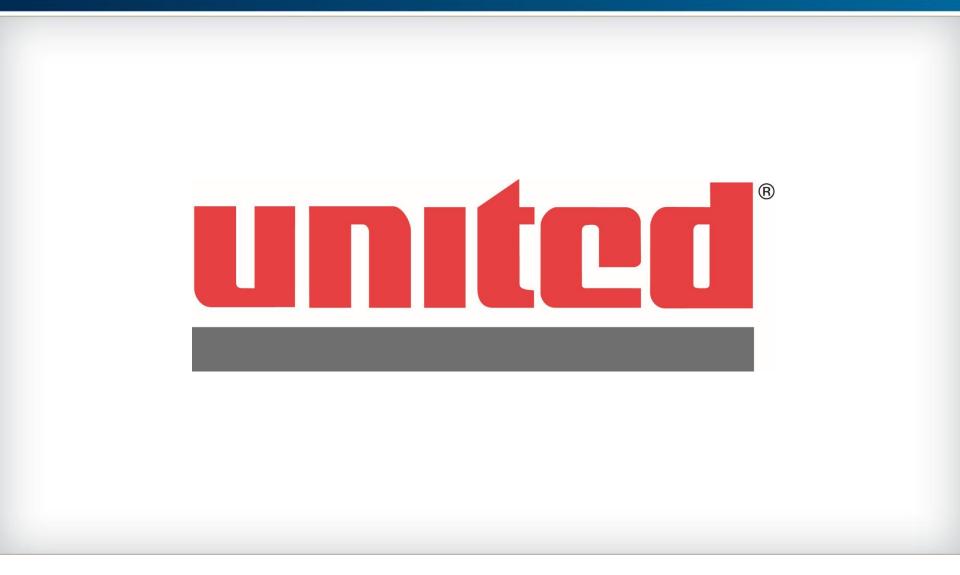






• One entry point

Tight-Fit HDPE





United's Tite Liner[®] system

- Tight-fit or Close-fit (not slipline)
 - Custom engineered & manufactured
 - Maximizes flow over standard IPS
 - Installed by compression or deformation
 - Usually <1" of "gap" is all that is needed

• Non-structural liners

- Liner relies on host pipe
- Thin-wall; < DR32.5
- Eliminates leaky joints and/or internal corrosion

Structural liners

- For use where host pipe is NOT structurally sound
- Typically DR 32.5 to DR 17
- Solves internal and external corrosion







Installation methods

Radial Compression





- Diameter is <u>temporarily</u> reduced by radial compression
- Timing is important as the liner will begin to grow back once tension is released
- Can be used for structural or non-structural
- Entire liner section is installed in a single and continuous "pull"

Elastic Deformation

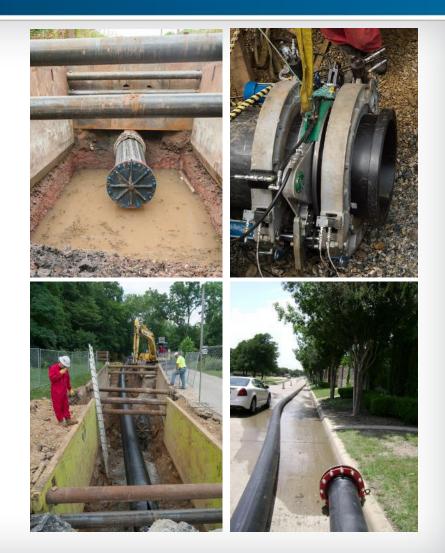


- Achieves significant cross sectional reduction
- Wall thickness limitations—maximum w.t. of 1" is limitation
- Not suitable for structural loading
- "Fuse and fold" method facilitates small worksite footprint
- Only moderate collapse resistance
- Re-rounded after installation



Ideal project characteristics

- Maximum flow is a high priority
- Long installation sections are possible (>300')
- Host pipe has a consistent ID
- Kicked joint deflection </= 3 degrees
- Available access points
- Pressure sewer or raw water mains
- Diameter range of 8 inches to 54 inches
- Typical operation pressure </= 125 psi (DR 17)
- Available access points, and room to string liner











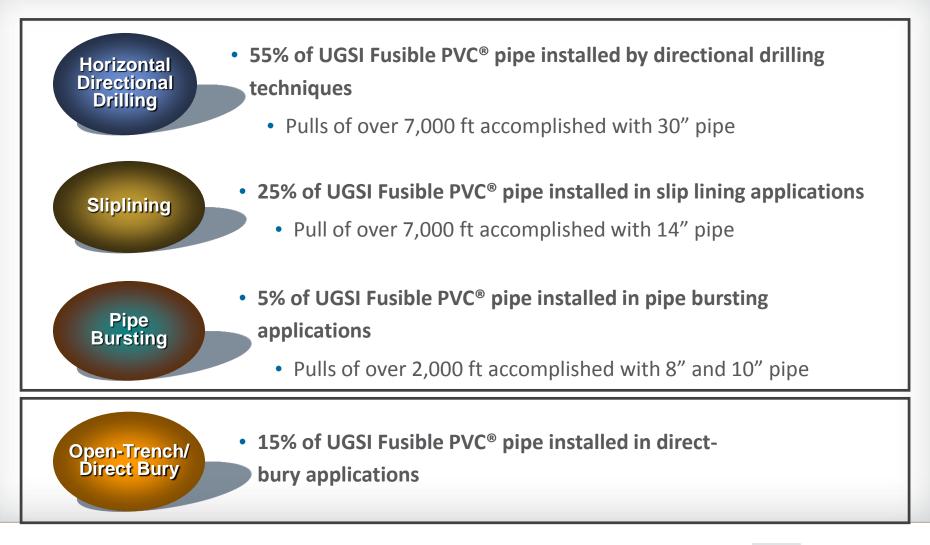
Underground Solutions – Fusible PVC Pipe Systems

- Fusible PVC[®] Pipe Leak free, restrained joint, PVC pipe system
 - Trenchless installations that reduce contractor costs
 - Rehabilitation capabilities for pressure pipe applications
- Over 10,000,000 feet in service
 - In 50 states, Canada, Latin America, New Zealand, Australia
 - Over 10,000 Projects (HDD, Slipline, Pipe Burst, Open-Cut)
- Pipe meets relevant industry pipe standards
 - AWWA C900, C605, NSF-61, PPI-TR2, ASTM Cell Class 12454
 - Utilizes standard waterworks fittings



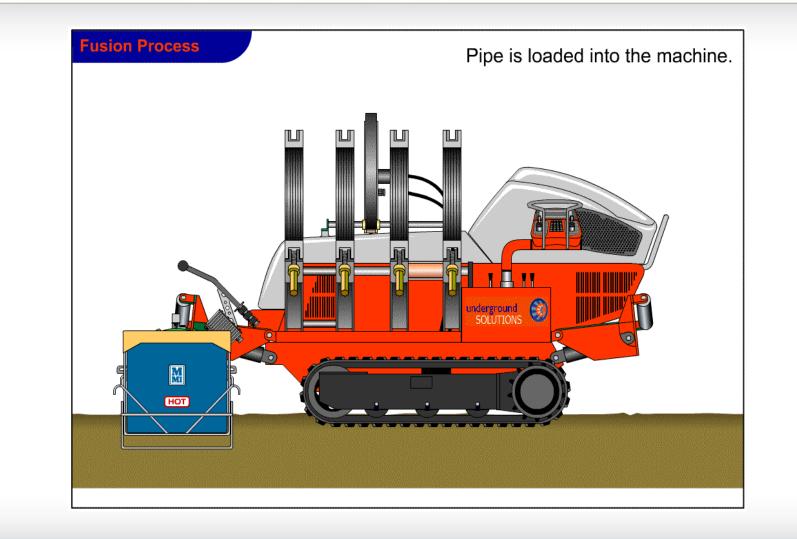


Fusible PVC Pipe Applications





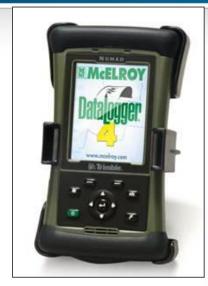
Fusible PVC Fusion Process

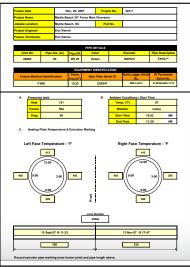




The Fusible PVC[®] Fusion Process Is Tightly Controlled

- Qualified fusion technicians are trained and re-trained every year by Underground Solutions
 - Initial 3 day course
- Fusion equipment must meet minimum company standards to be approved for PVC fusion
- Data loggers record critical fusion data for each joint
 - Provide real time feedback on joint integrity
 - Provide record of entire project for proof of system integrity
 - Joint data reviewed off-line as well by QA/QC
- Fusion conditions logged by technician and "as-built" fusion joint record is developed for owner as necessary







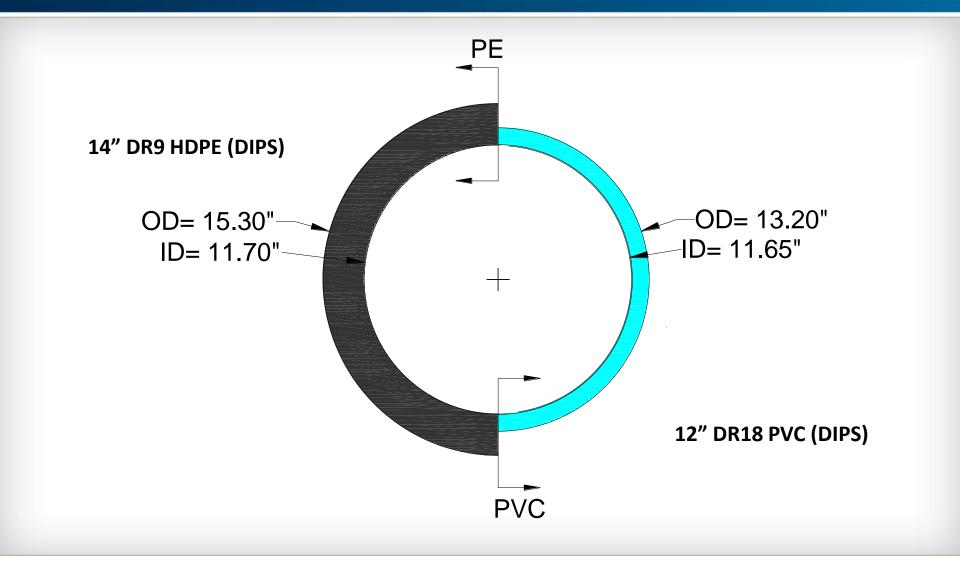
Fusible PVC Pipe Mechanical Property Advantages

Property	Specification	PVC	HDPE 3408/3608 ¹	HDPE 4710 ²	
Tensile Strength psi	ASTM D638	7,000	3,000	3,500	
Specific Gravity	ASTM D1505	1.40	0.94	0.95	
ASTM D3350 Cell Class	ASTM D3350	NA ³	345464	445574	
Hydrostatic Design Basis At 73º F, psi	ASTM D2837	4,000	1,600	1,600	
Modulus of Elasticity psi (Short Term)	ASTM D638	400,000	110,000 ⁴	130,000 ⁴	
Hardness (Rockwell R)	ASTM D785	117	52	NA	
Coefficient of Linear Expansion In./In. deg F	ASTM D696	0.3 x 10⁻⁴ .36"/ 100'/ 10°F	1.2 x 10⁻⁴ 1.44"/ 100'/ 10°F	1.2 x 10 ⁻⁴ 1.44"/ 100'/ 10°F	
Water Disinfectant Induced Oxidation ⁵		Highly Resistant	Low Resistance	Low Resistance	
Hydrocarbon Permeation ⁶		Highly Resistant	Highly Permeable	Highly Permeable	

- 1. HDPE 3408/3608 also referred to as PE80
- 2. HDPE 4710 also referred to as PE100
- 3. PVC Pipe Cell Class per ASTM D1784 (12454)
- 4. PPI PE Handbook Long Term Modulus of Elasticity is 28,200 psi
- 5. Carollo Engineers 2008, Choi 2008, Chung 2008, Fumire 2008, Rozental 2008, Castegnetti 2007, Audouin 2007, Dear 2006,
- 6. Lundback 2005, Hassinen 2004
- 7. Water Research Foundation (formerly AWWA Research Foundation 2008)



PVC is Stronger and Requires Less Wall Thickness





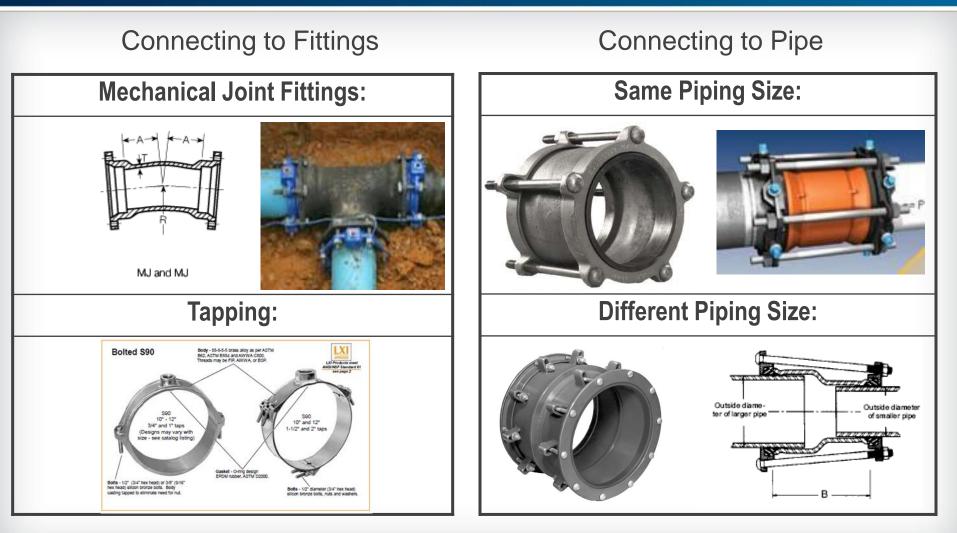
Important to Design with both DR and Safety Factor

Dimension Ratio - Pressure Class Rating					
PVC		HDPE 3608 / 3408		HDPE 4710	
SF = 2.0		SF = 2.0		SF = 1.59	
DR	Pressure Rating (PSI)	DR	Pressure Rating (PSI)	DR	Pressure Rating (PSI)
DR 14	305	DR 7.3	255	DR 7.3	317
DR 18	235	DR 9	200	DR 9	250
DR 21	200	DR 11	160	DR 11	200
DR 25	165	DR 13.5	128	DR 13.5	160
DR 32.5	125	DR 17	100	DR 17	125
DR 41	100	DR 21	80	DR 21	100

Lower Design Factors Increases Risk of Failure and Lowers Life Expectancy



Fusible PVC is Compatible with Standard Fittings



Pictures from various manufacturers of fittings: JCM, Smith Blair, EBAA Iron, Romac Industries.

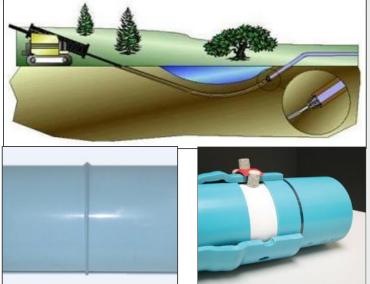


Fusible PVC[®] pipe and Terrabrute CR[®] pipe = cost savings for HDD

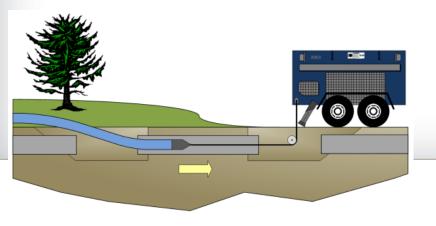
Advantages for HDD installations

- Favorable inner diameter and pressure capacity comparison to HDPE = smaller borehole, less cost
- Continuously fused, gasket-free Fusible PVC[®] pipe
- Strength to weight ratio allows for longer and deeper installations than HDPE
- Provides capable pipe material for HDD installation falling between steel pipe and HDPE pipe

HDD process:



Sliplining Process:



Fusible PVC® pipe advantages for sliplining

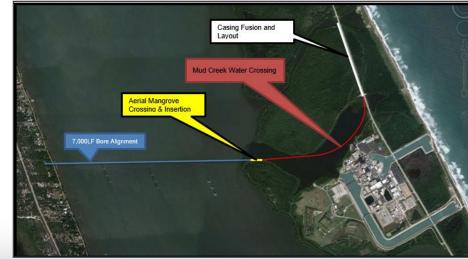
- Utilizes same utility alignment
- Increased flow area for a given host pipe ID compared to similar pressure class HDPE Industry standard connections
- Simple, fast, inexpensive trenchless method



HDD Installation – Florida Power & Light

- 2 -7,020 LF HDD installs of 30" DR21 Fusible PVC Casing
- St. Lucie, FL 230kV
 Underground
 Transmission
 Project
- Design Engineer Power Engineering, St. Louis, MO
- HDD Contractor -Mears Group, Houston, TX
- 2016 Trenchless Project of the Year









Perrysburg: 16" Force Main; HDD





Sliplining

- Video inspection of host pipe condition, deflections, vertical profiles and stranded appurtenances
- Layout area for fused pipe as well as entrance pit constraints possibility for "fuse & pull" or in pit fusion
- Recommended difference between ID of host pipe and OD of Fusible PVC® pipe is about 2"
- Ability to dig out connections before sliplining
- Effect of abrasion on pipe surface plastic 10% gouge depth before de-rating, steel corrosion coating degradation due to friction
- Traffic management night activity or "fuse & pull" in tight areas







City of Hamilton: 20" Water Main; Slipline of Existing 24" Line





Considerations and Fusible PVC® Pipe

Pipe Bursting

- Ductile iron, cast iron, asbestos-concrete and steel are typical water pressure pipe materials that are burst – high production rates are possible (project in Florida -500 LF in 1 hour)
- Static hydraulic bursting/splitting method is used vs. pneumatic method (typically used in sewer work)
- High density of Fusible PVC® results in excellent scratch and abrasion resistance
- Isolation of pipe from burst hardware prevents rebound when force changes rapidly

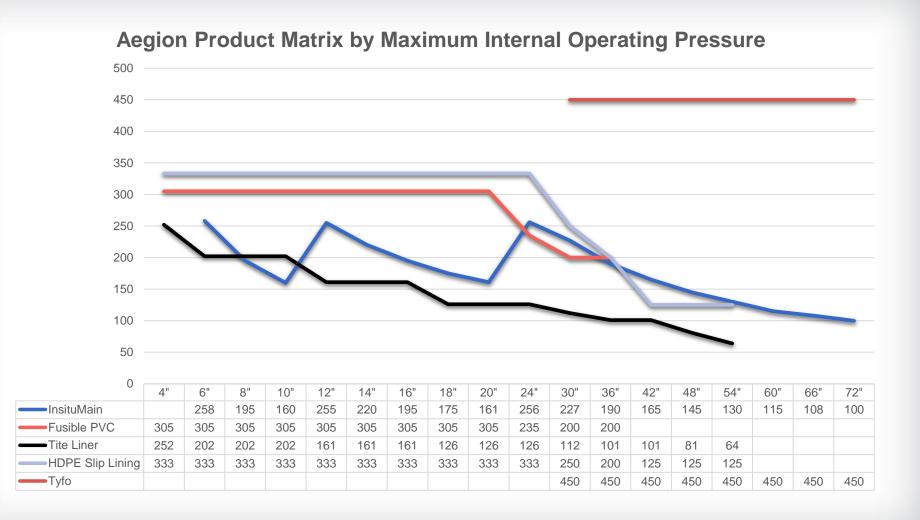


McCandless Twp.: 12" FPVC®; Static pull water main pipe burst





Aegion Pressure Pipe Capabilities





Successful Projects in 2017

InsituMain® CIPP

- Fairfax, VA
 - 4,000' of 36" sewer force main

Tyfo[®] Fibrwrap[®] system

- Tampa, FL
 - 350' of 54" sewer force main

Tite Liner[®] system

- Laramie, WY
 - 90,000' of 20" water main

Fusible PVC® pipe

- San Diego, CA
 - 2,425' of 24"/30" water main





- >50,000 miles of installed pipe around the world
- Professional engineers involved in every project
- Vertically integrated corporation
- Mobile installation crews
- 50+ years of combined experience
- Industry-leading safety record
- Certified to ISO 9001:2014 standards







