2019

# **QUALITY ENGINEERING LEADS TO GREAT WATER AND WASTEWATER PROJECTS**

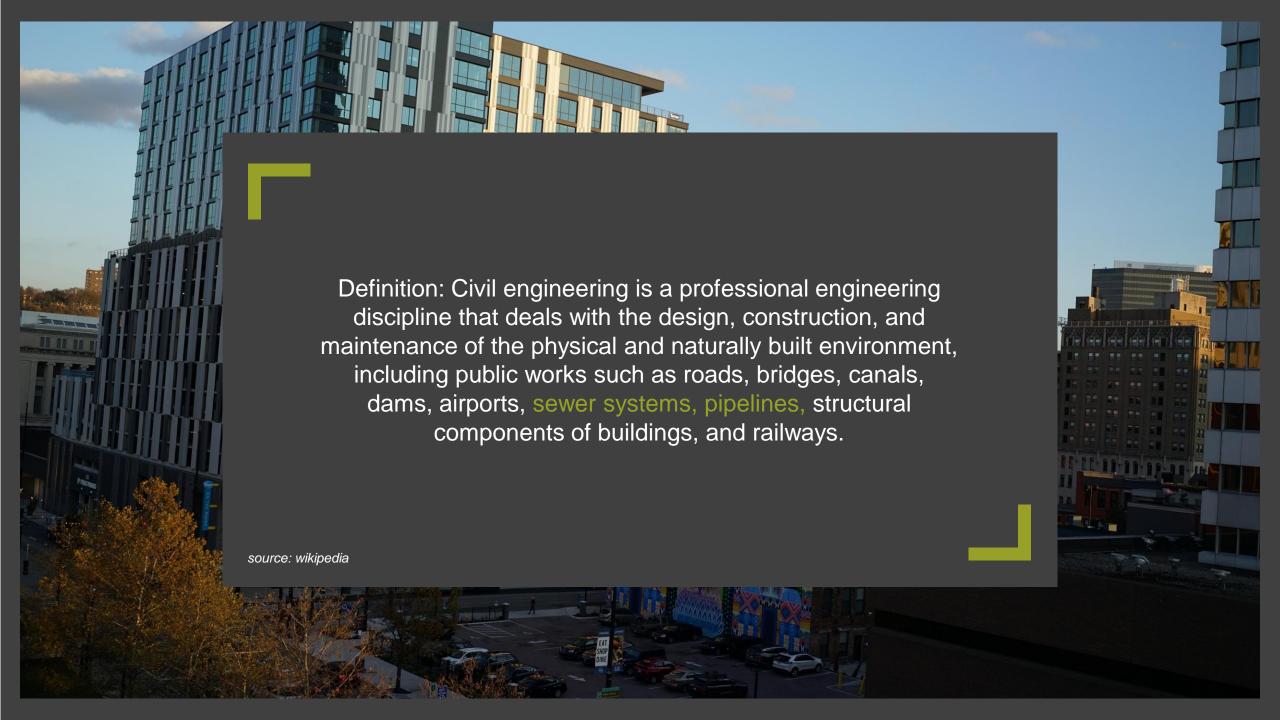
Presented by Dave Crouch becker





## **WELCOME**

**Happy Tuesday** 













### **SUB-DISCIPLINES**

- Environmental engineering
- Geotechnical engineering
- Structural engineering
- · Transportation engineering
- Municipal or urban engineering
- Water resources engineering
- Materials engineering
- Coastal engineering
- Surveying
- Construction engineering

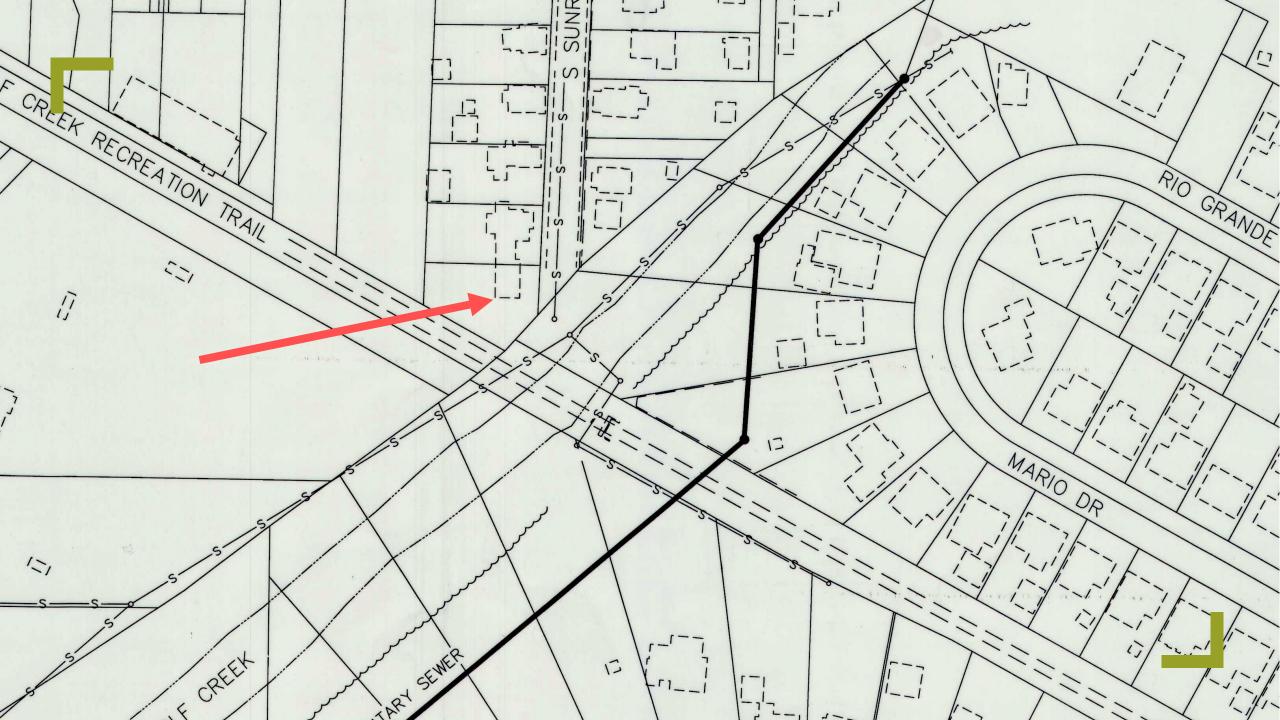


High level decision makers

Who should be involved?

What information to provide?





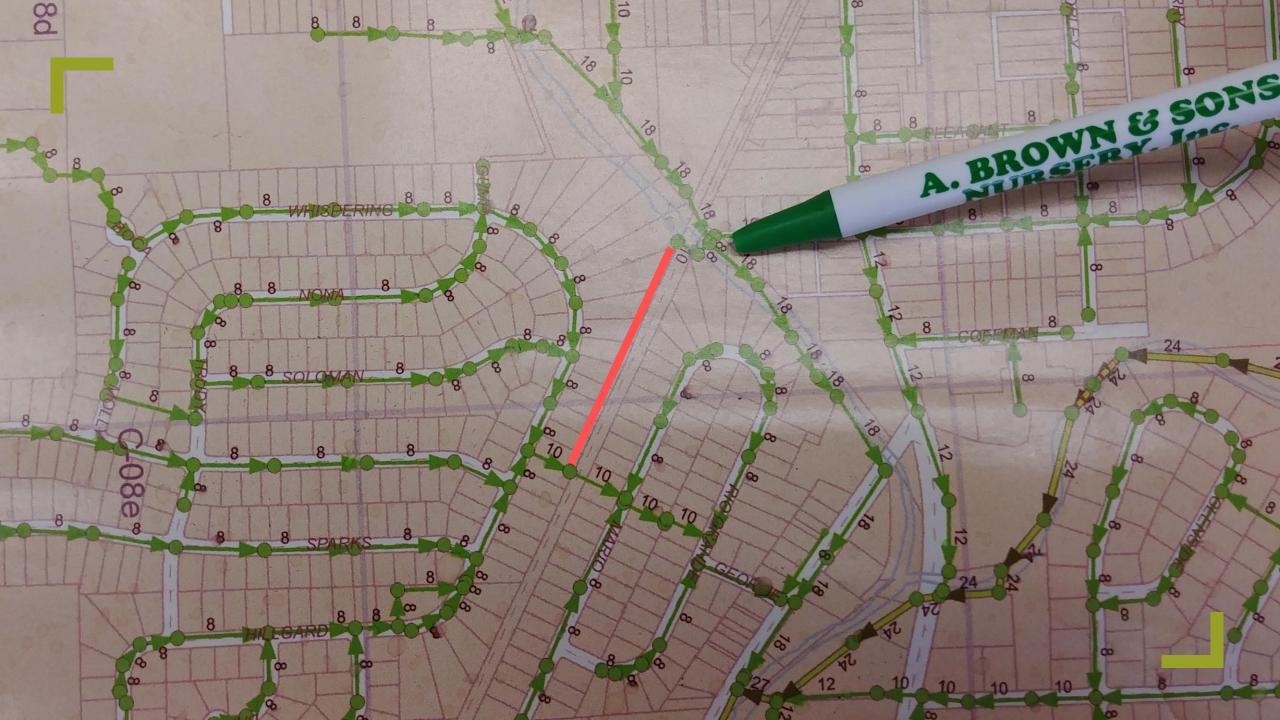
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# ACTUAL

8 inch reverse flow relief sewer







# ARE THERE COMPLIANCE ISSUES?

### SURVEY & BASE MAP

Locate property lines, boundaries, ROW, easements, monuments, markers, pins and bench marks for measuring topographical points.

Survey crews collect information about the project area which includes: elevations "TOPO", interfering utilities, pipe inverts, pipe diameters, materials, water services, sewer laterals, valve boxes, meter pits/vaults, and can provide valuable information about the area environment too.

Using this information a project base map is developed and used for design work.

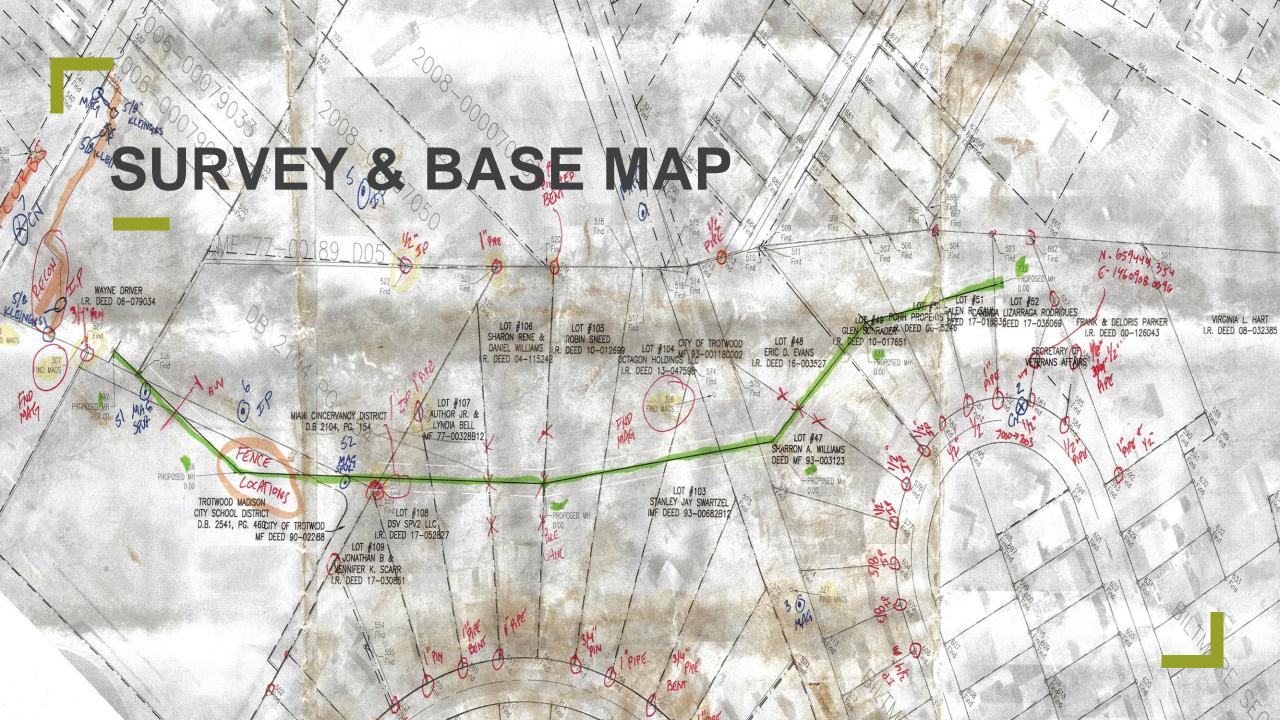


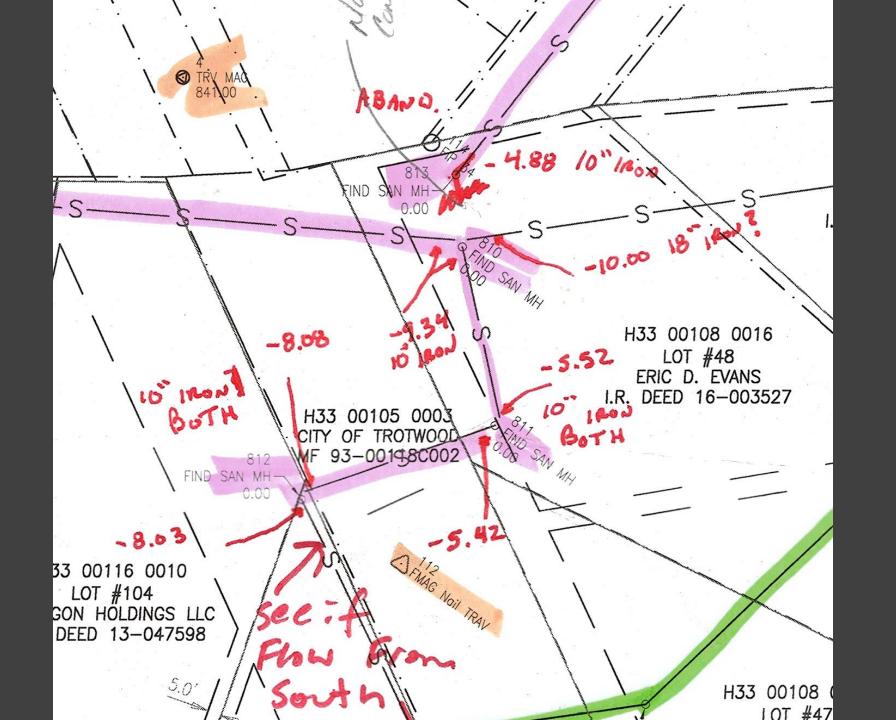


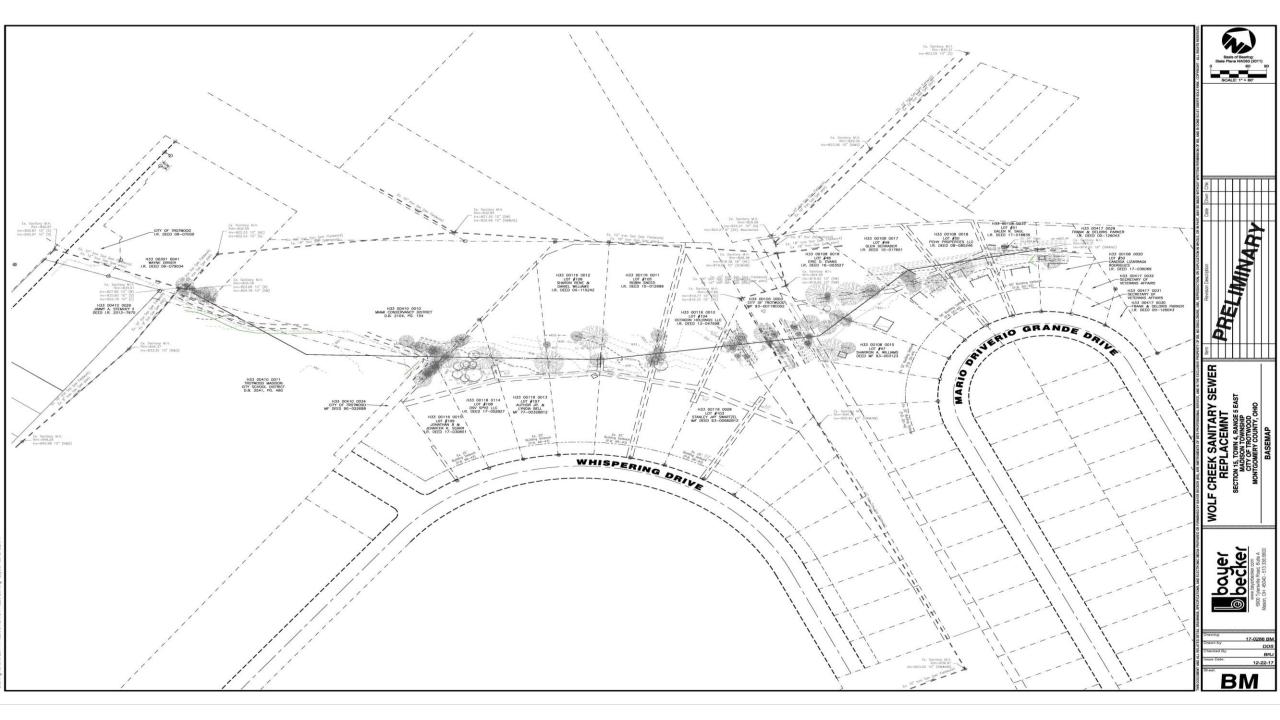


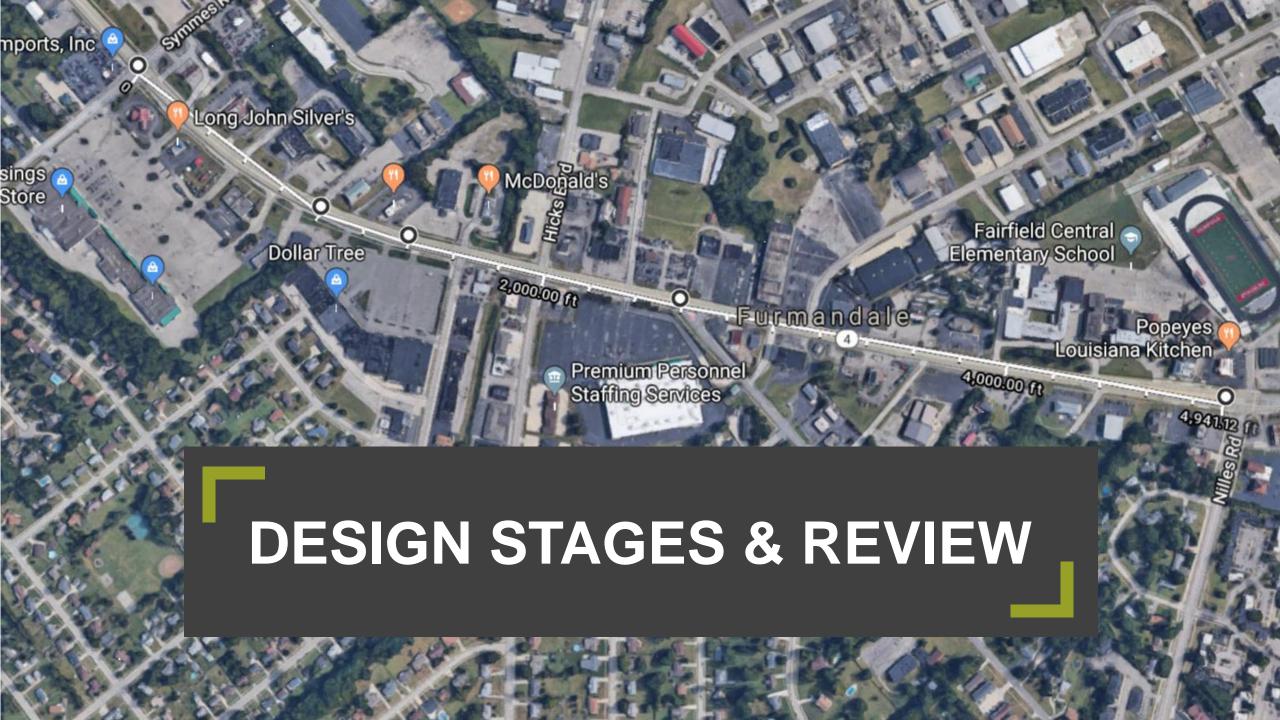












# DESIGN STAGES & REVIEW

Usually a kickoff meeting to convey information and ask questions about the project area/route, easements, ROW, look over as-builts especially for plant projects.

Then 50% and 90% review. What are you going to look for?

Valves, hydrants, manholes, slope, invert elevations, horizontal and vertical separation from other utilities, safety, environmental impacts, traffic impact, boring and directional drilling verses open cut, interfering utilities especially low hanging overhead conductors, gas lines, stormwater issue's and erosion control, staging areas, service interruption plan, WTP/WWTP must stay in compliance during the project, who opens an closes valves, etc.





# RECOMMENDED STANDARDS FOR WATER WORKS

#### 8.3 VALVES

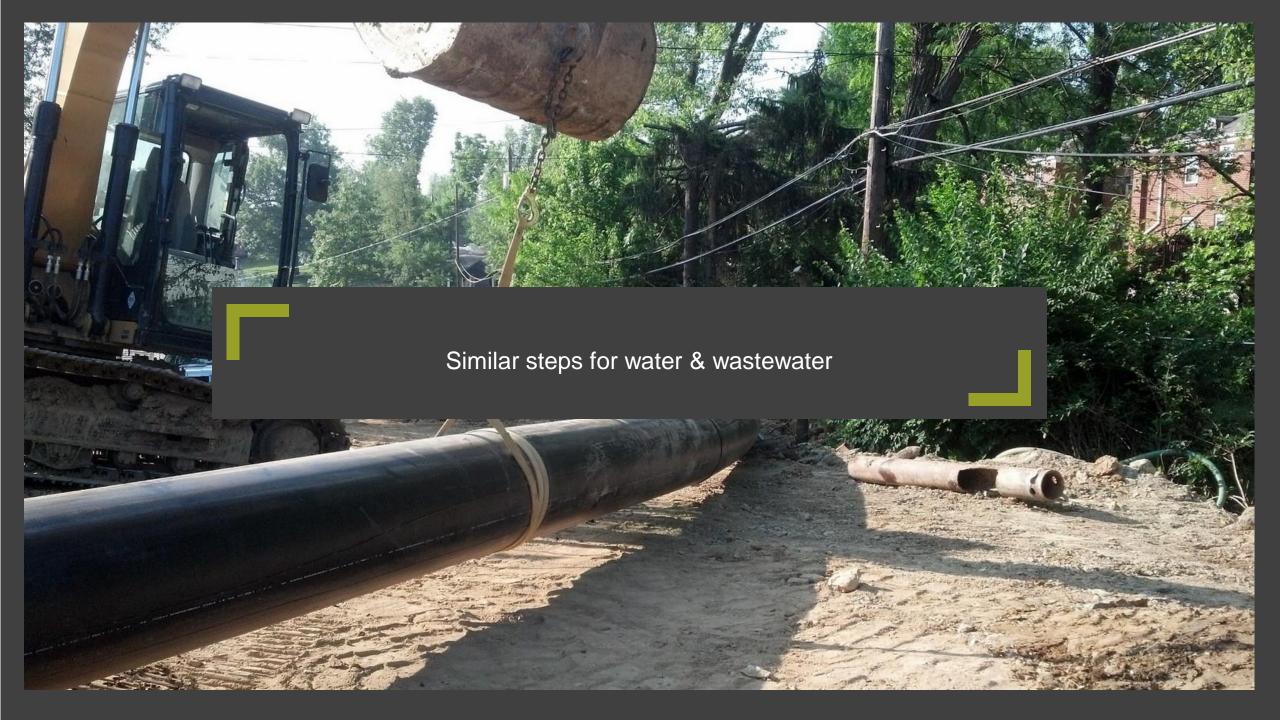
A sufficient number of valves shall be provided on water mains to minimize inconvenience and sanitary hazards during repairs. Valves should be located at not more than 500 foot intervals in commercial districts and at not more than one block or 800 foot intervals in other districts. Where systems serve widely scattered customers and where future development is not expected, the valve spacing should not exceed one mile.

#### 8.4 HYDRANTS

### 8.4.1 Location and spacing

a. Fire hydrants should be provided at each street intersection and at intermediate points between intersections as recommended by the State Insurance Services Office. Generally, fire hydrant spacing ranges from 350 to 600 feet depending on the area being served.





## QUESTIONS?

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