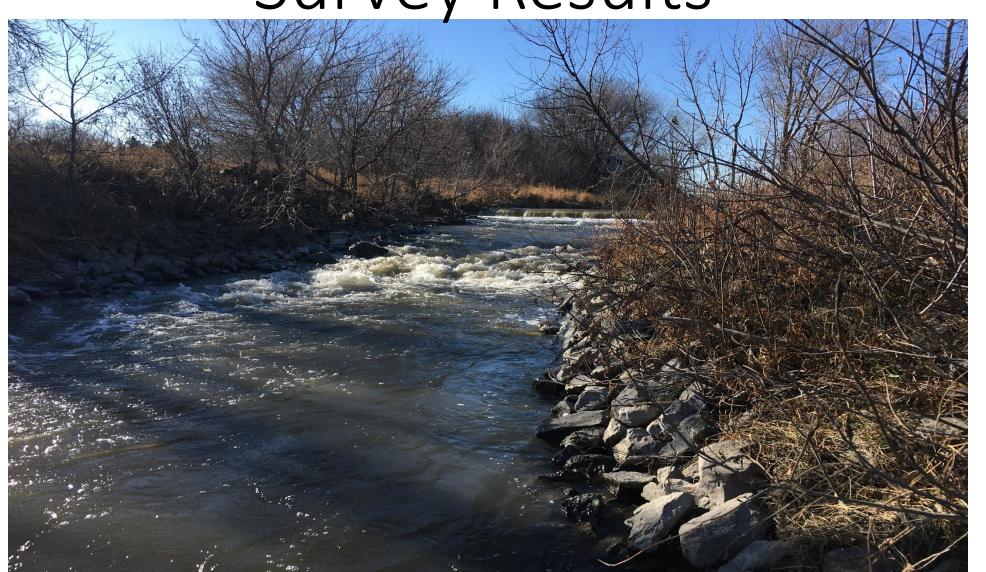
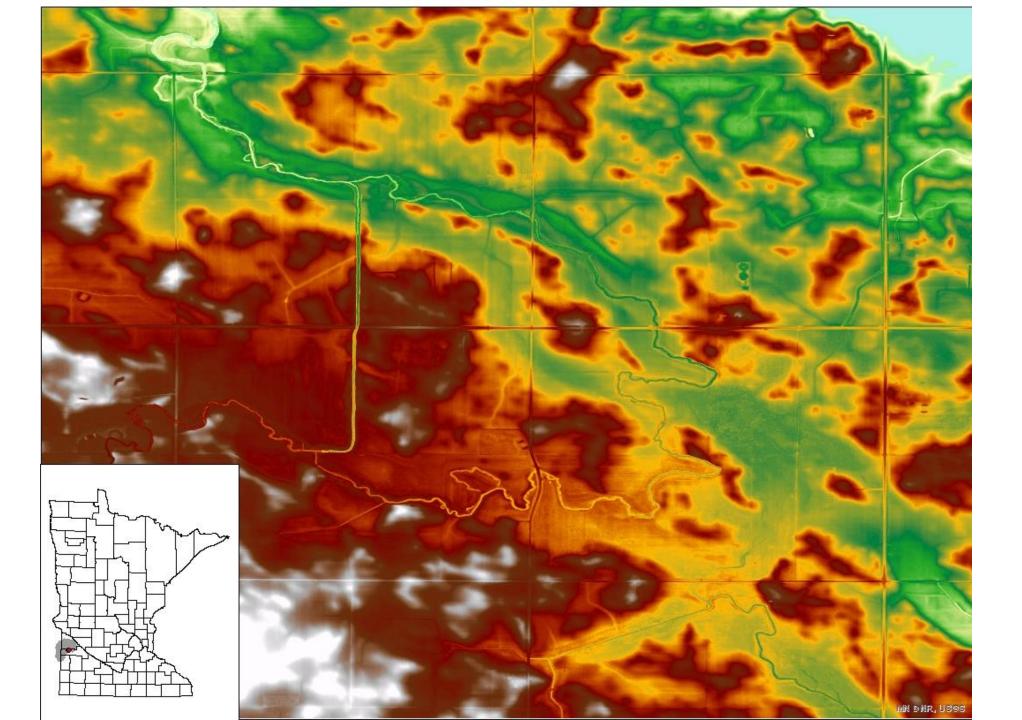
# Lac qui Parle River Floodway: Survey Results





### StreamStats Report

Region ID:

Workspace ID:

Clicked Point (Latitude, Longitude):

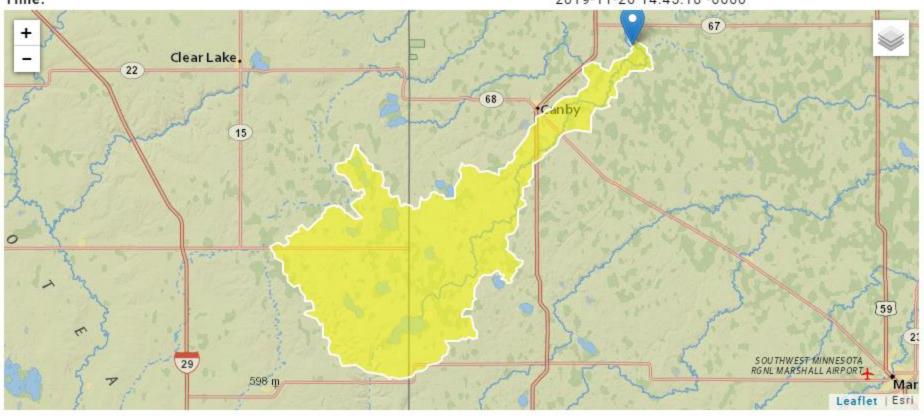
Time:

MN

MN20191126204452733000

44.76961, -96.14528

2019-11-26 14:45:10 -0600



#### Peak-Flow Statistics Parameters [100 Percent (177 square miles) Region D]

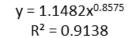
Parameter Code	Parameter Name	Value	Units	Min Limit	Max Limit
DRNAREA	Drainage Area	177.69	square miles	0.15	2640
CSL10_85	Stream Slope 10 and 85 Method	11.3	feet per mi	1.49	77.2
LAKEAREA	Percent Lakes and Ponds	2.9	percent	0	14
GENRO	Generalized Runoff	2.89	inches	2.15	7.8

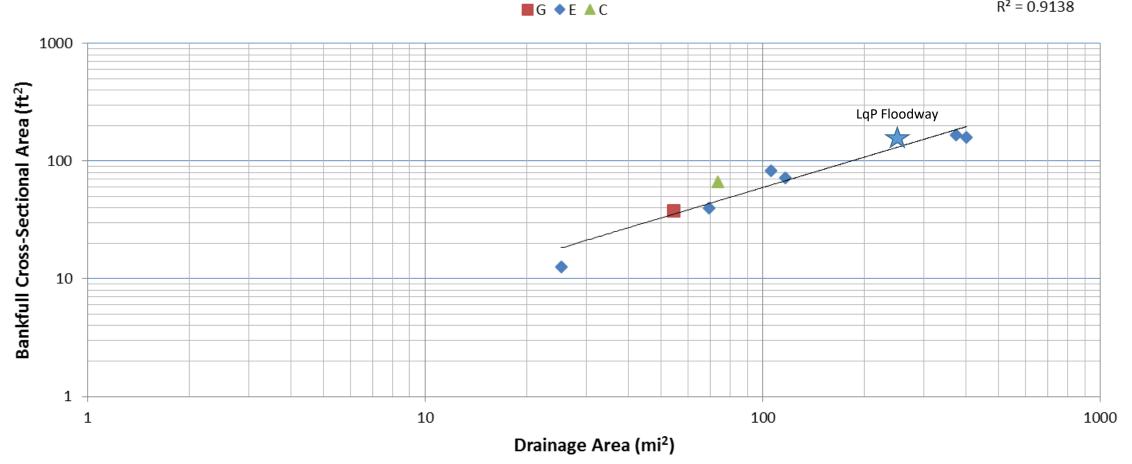
Peak-Flow Statistics Flow Report[100 Percent (177 square miles) Region D]

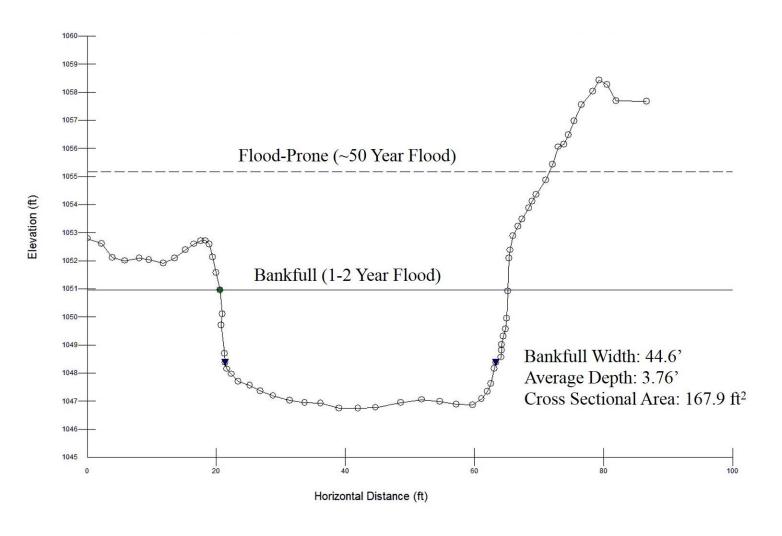
PII: Prediction Interval-Lower, Plu: Prediction Interval-Upper, SEp: Standard Error of Prediction, SE: Standard Error (other -- see report)

Statistic	Value	Unit	PII	Plu	SEp	SE	Equiv. Yrs.
1.5 Year Peak Flood	317	ft^3/s	112	684	63.5	63.5	3.1
2 Year Peak Flood	496	ft^3/s	197	1000	56.2	56.2	3.5
5 Year Peak Flood	1140	ft^3/s	515	2150	49.7	49.7	6.3
10 Year Peak Flood	1740	ft^3/s	791	3260	50.8	50.8	8.8
25 Year Peak Flood	2690	ft^3/s	1180	5150	55.2	55.2	11.4
50 Year Peak Flood	3530	ft^3/s	1480	6940	59.7	59.7	12.8
100 Year Peak Flood	4510	ft^3/s	1800	9160	64.8	64.8	13.8
500 Year Peak Flood	7140	ft^3/s	2470	15800	78	78	14.8

### Lac qui Parle River Watershed Regional Curve







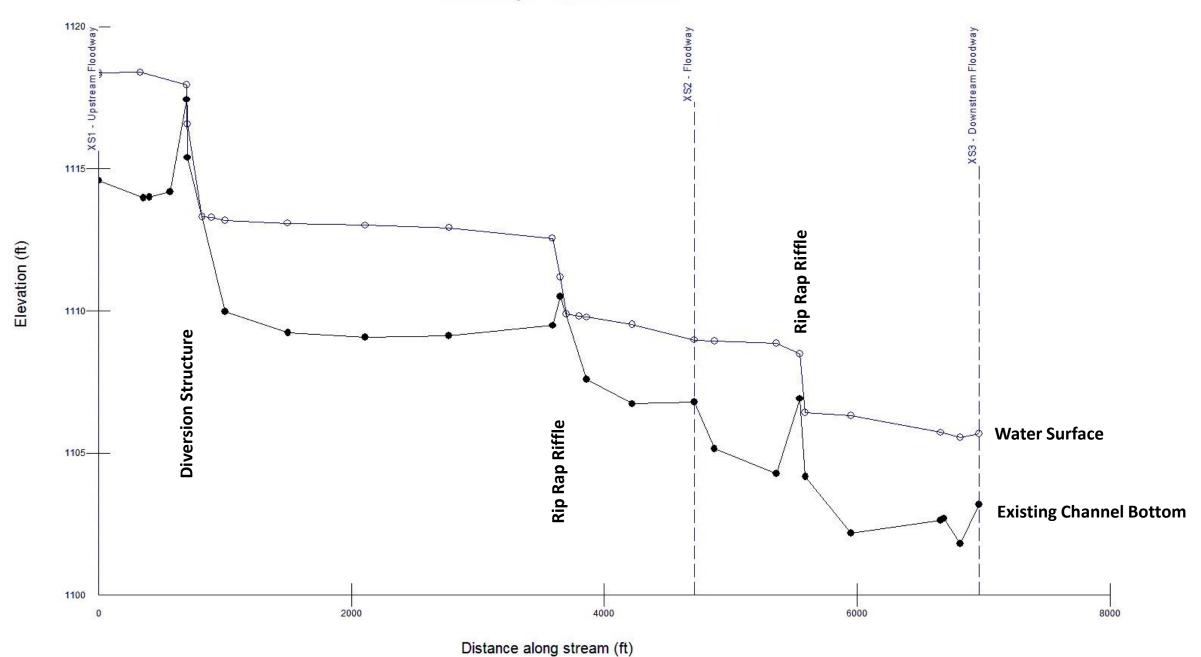


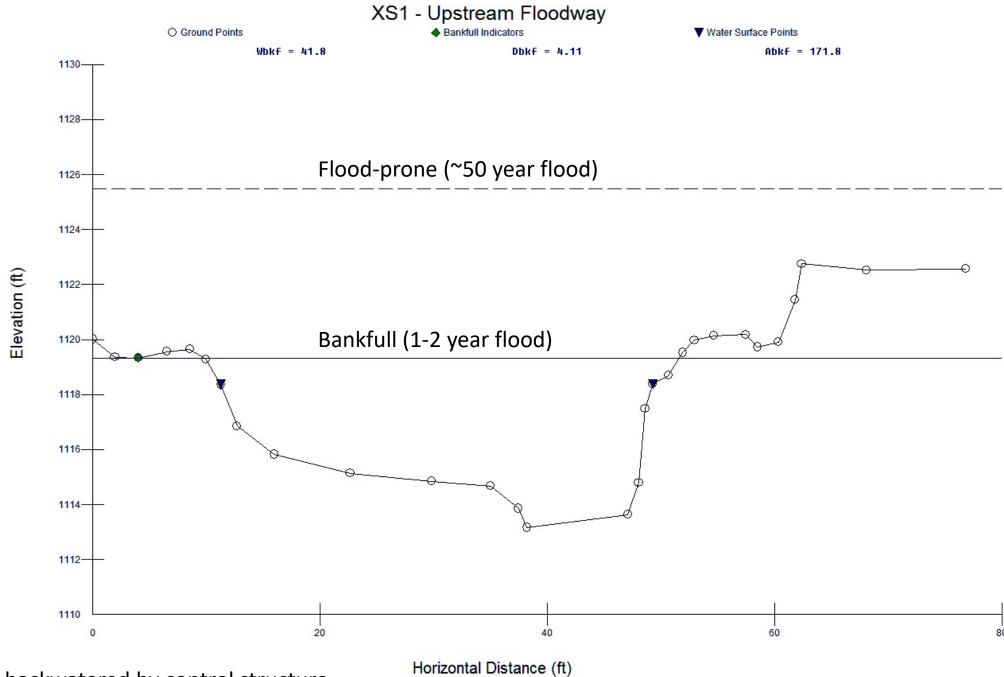
- 10/28-29/2019 Historic Channel
- 11/22/2019 Floodway



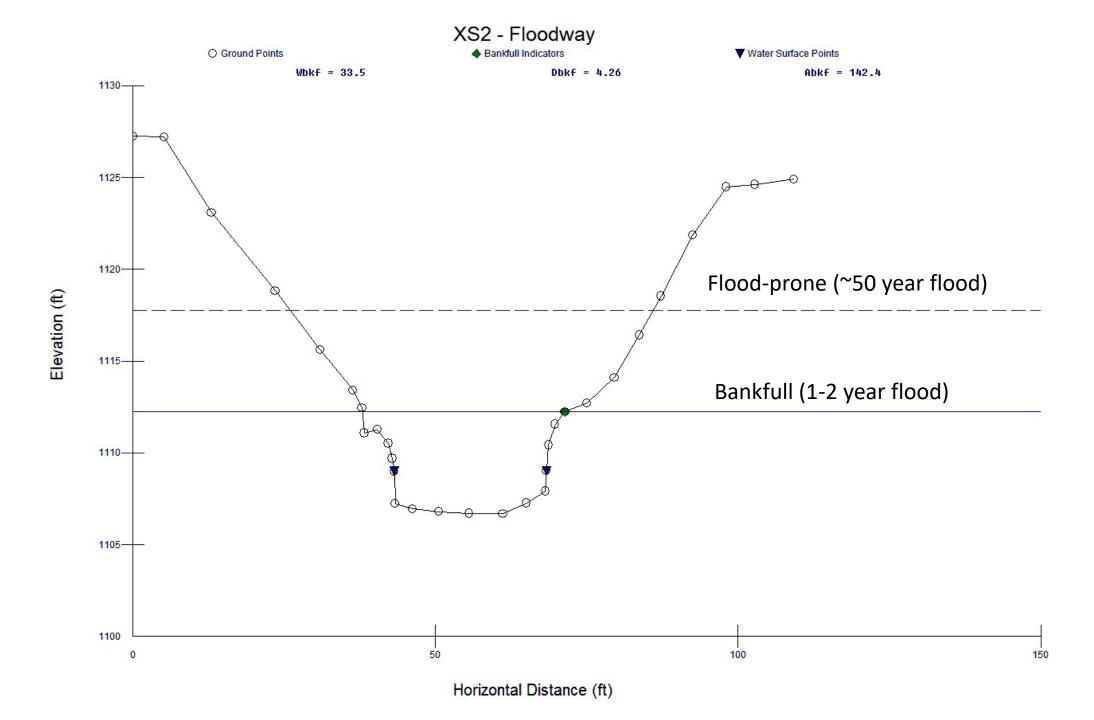
Floodway Channel Survey Points 11/26/2019

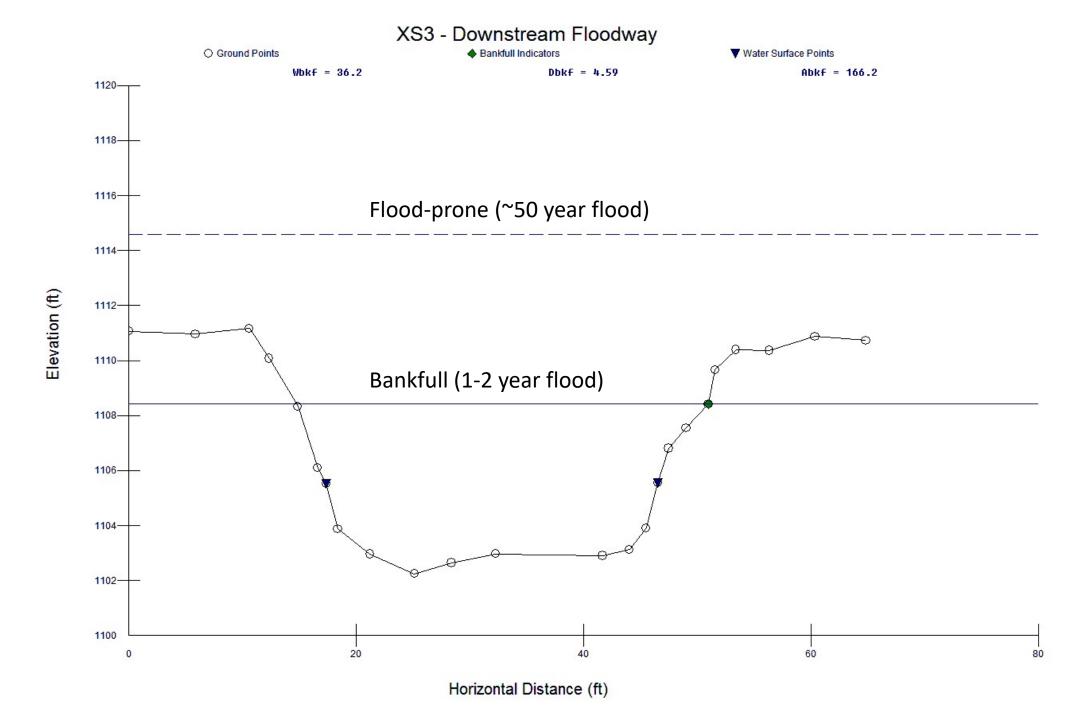






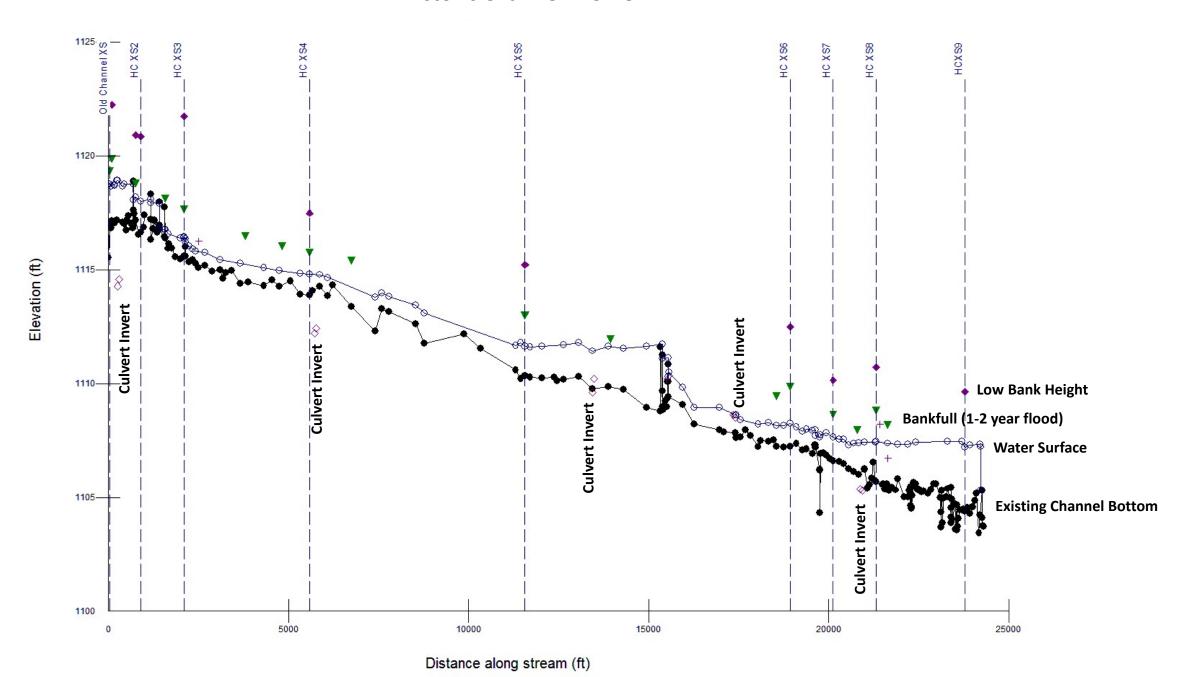
Note: Cross section backwatered by control structure



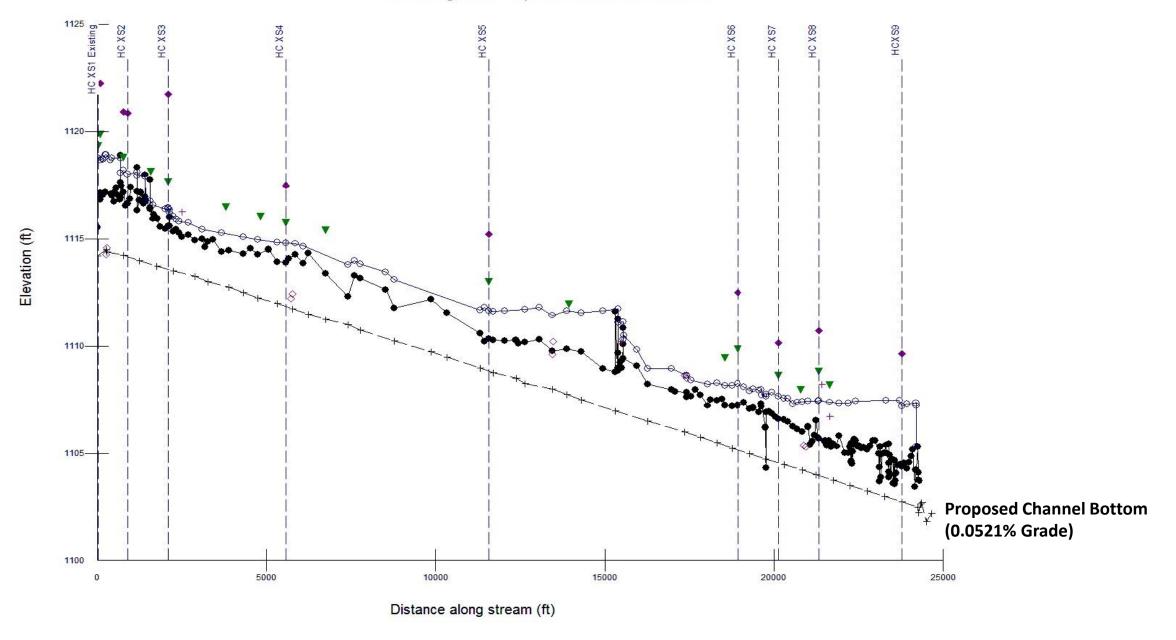


XS9 Historic Channel Survey Points 10/28-29/2019 XS8 XS7 XS1 XS4 XS3

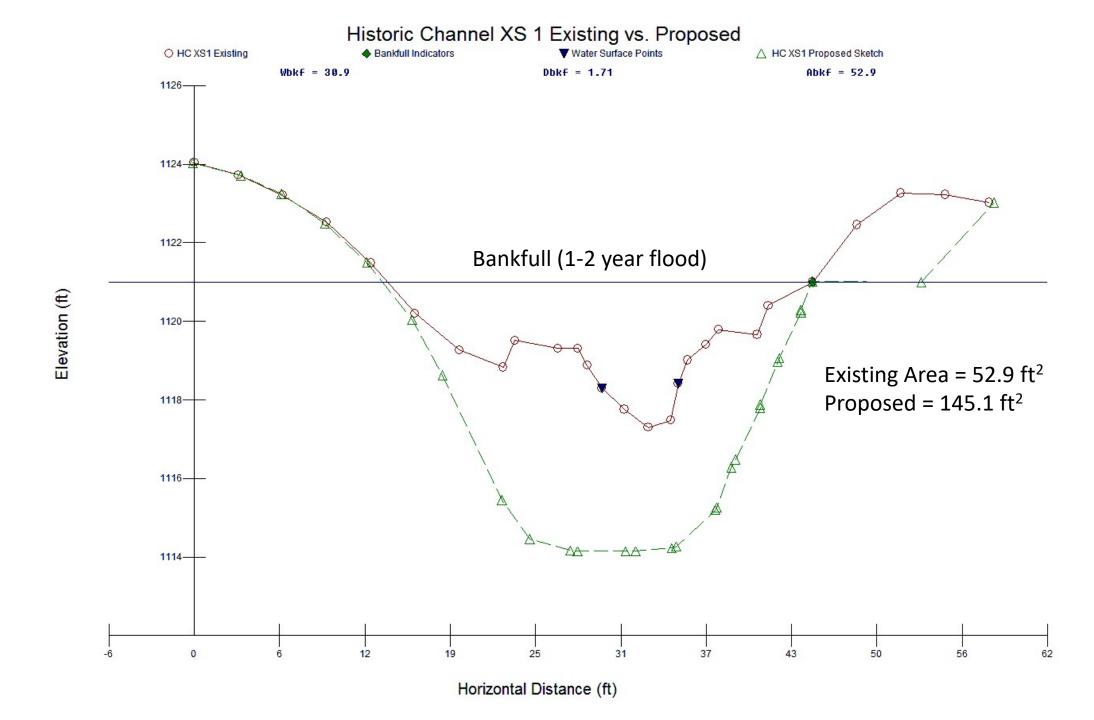
#### **Historic Channel Profile**



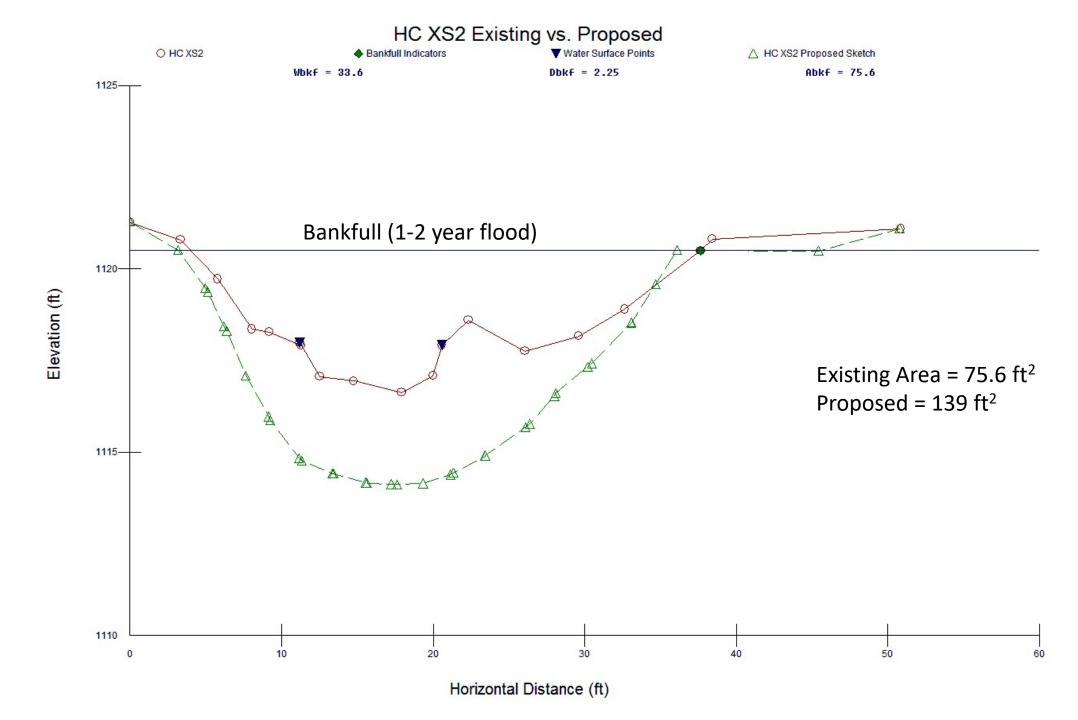
#### **Existing and Proposed Historic Channel**



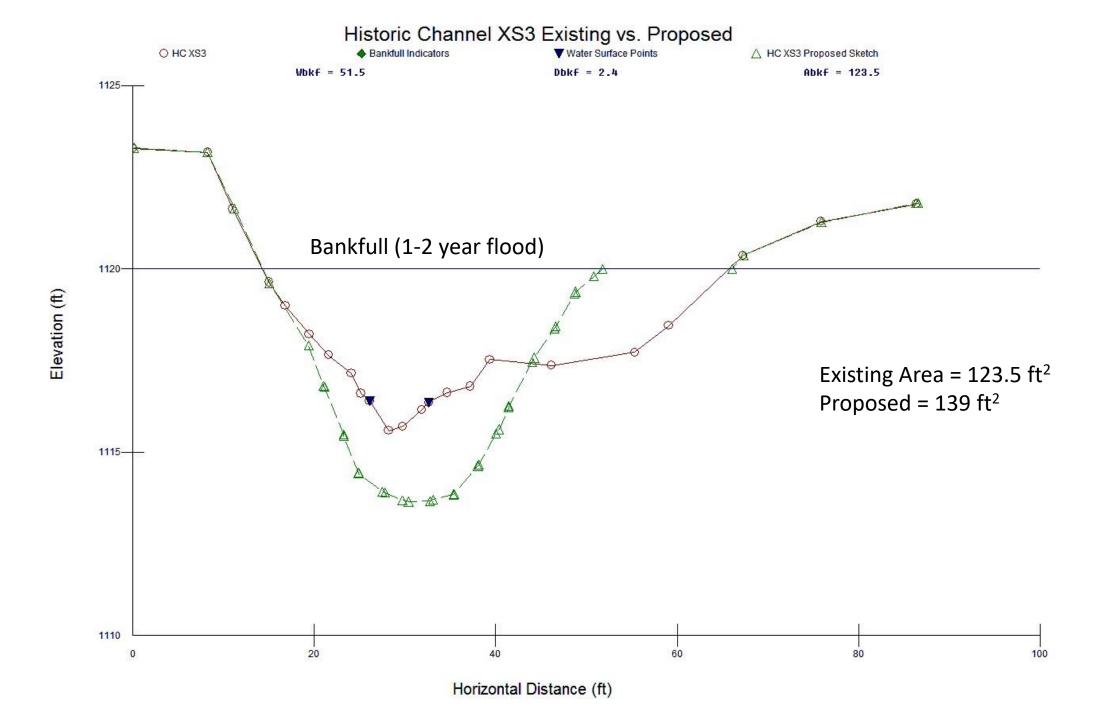
Note: New profile will have deeper cuts where pools should be, the proposed gradient is where riffle elevations would be.



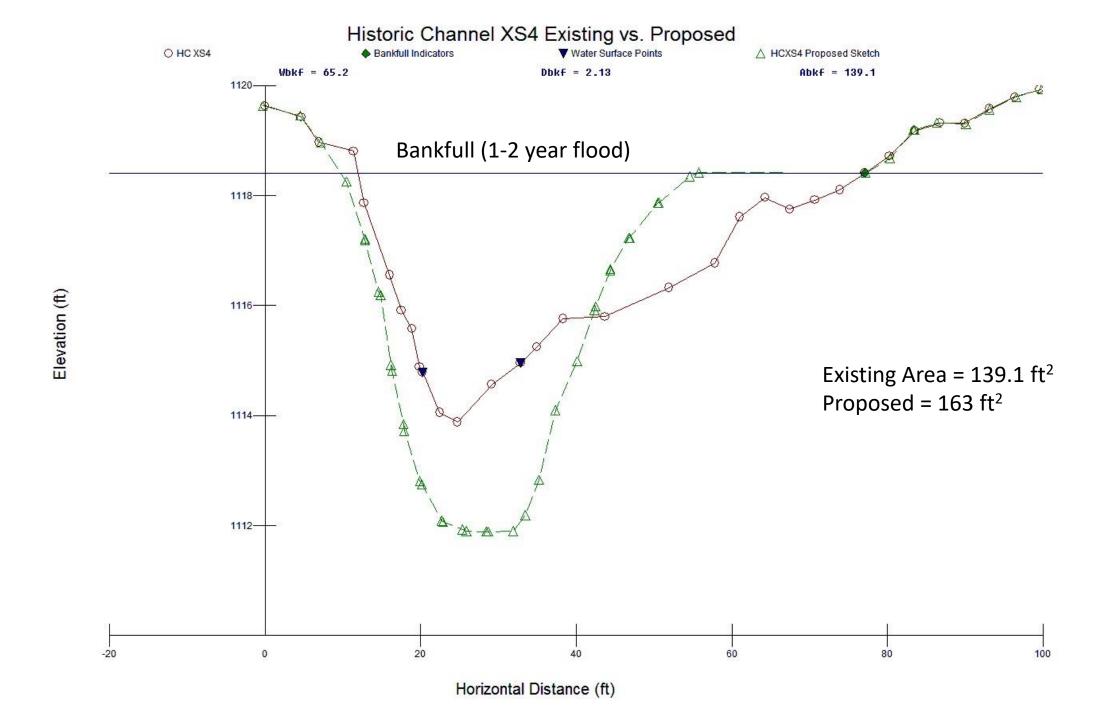




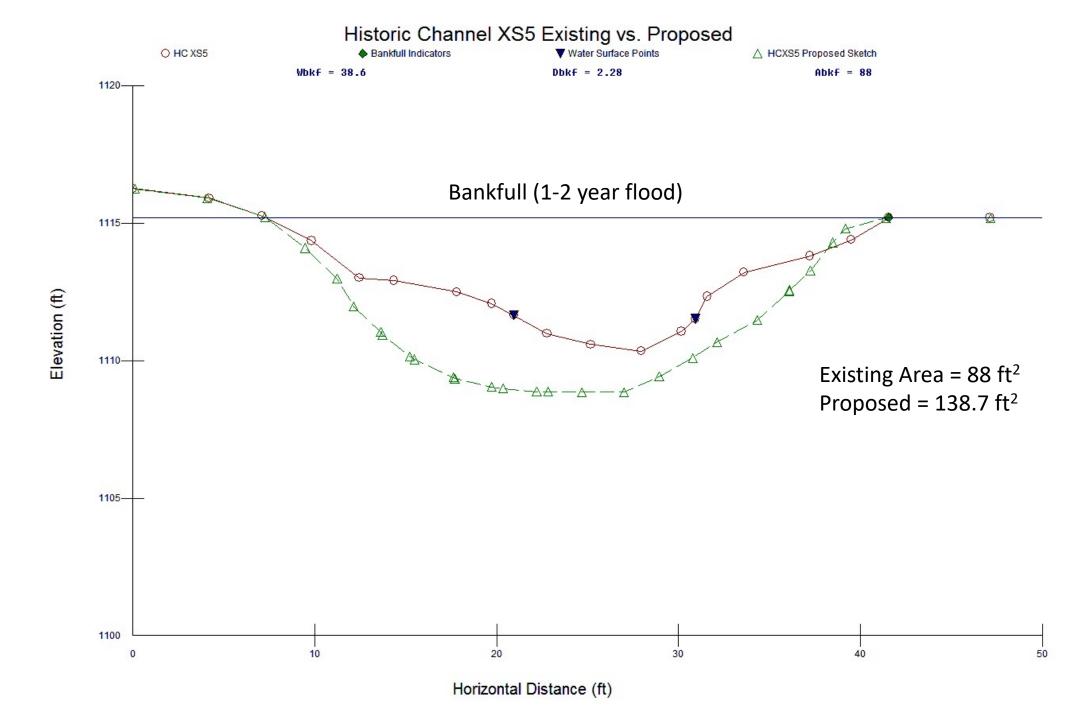




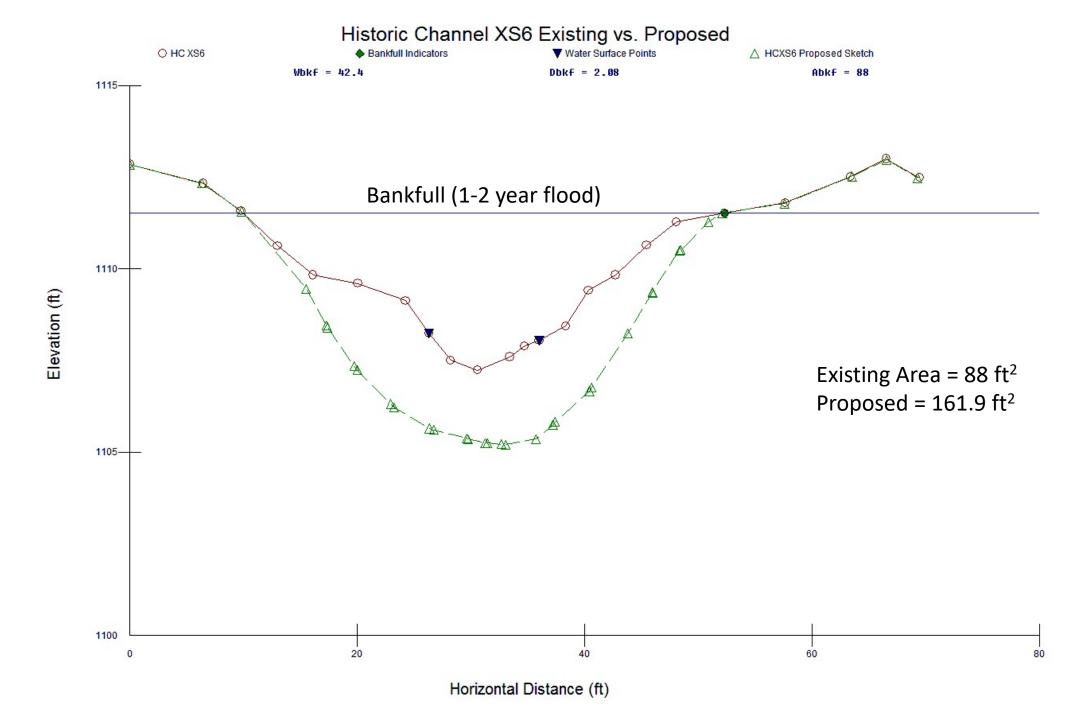




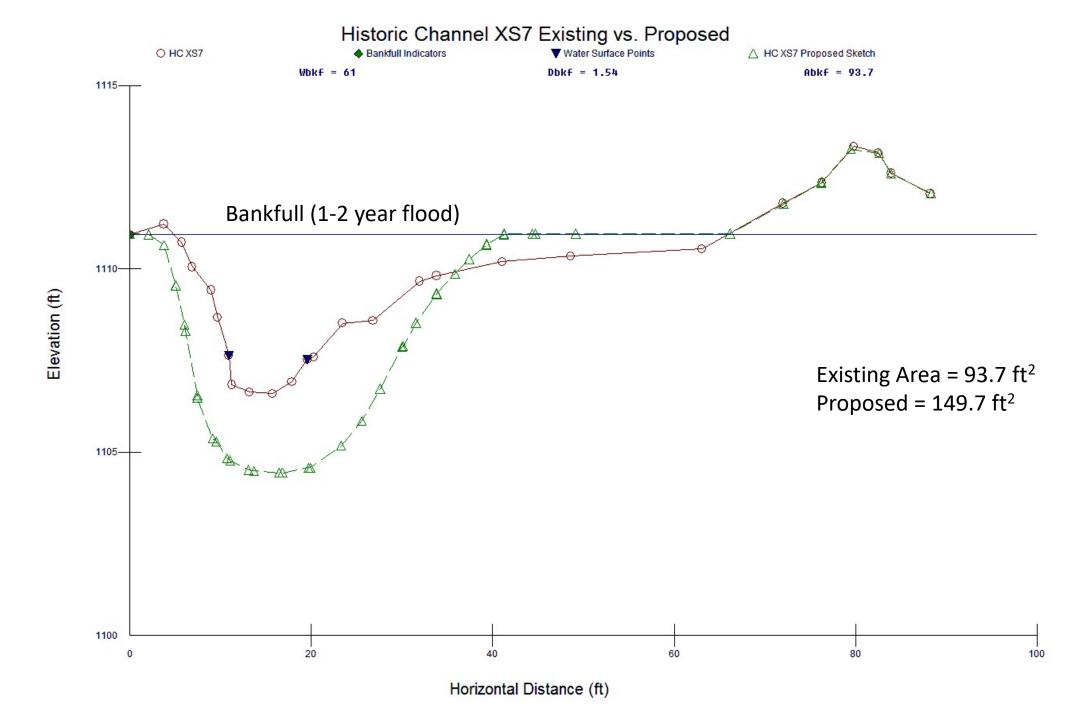




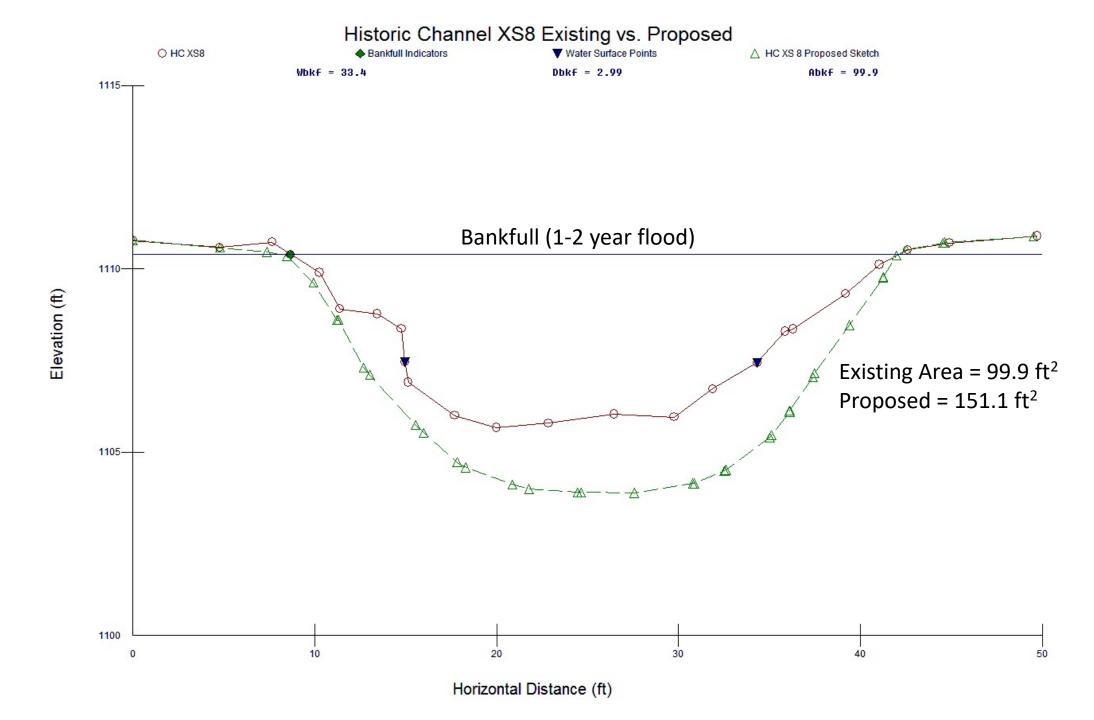




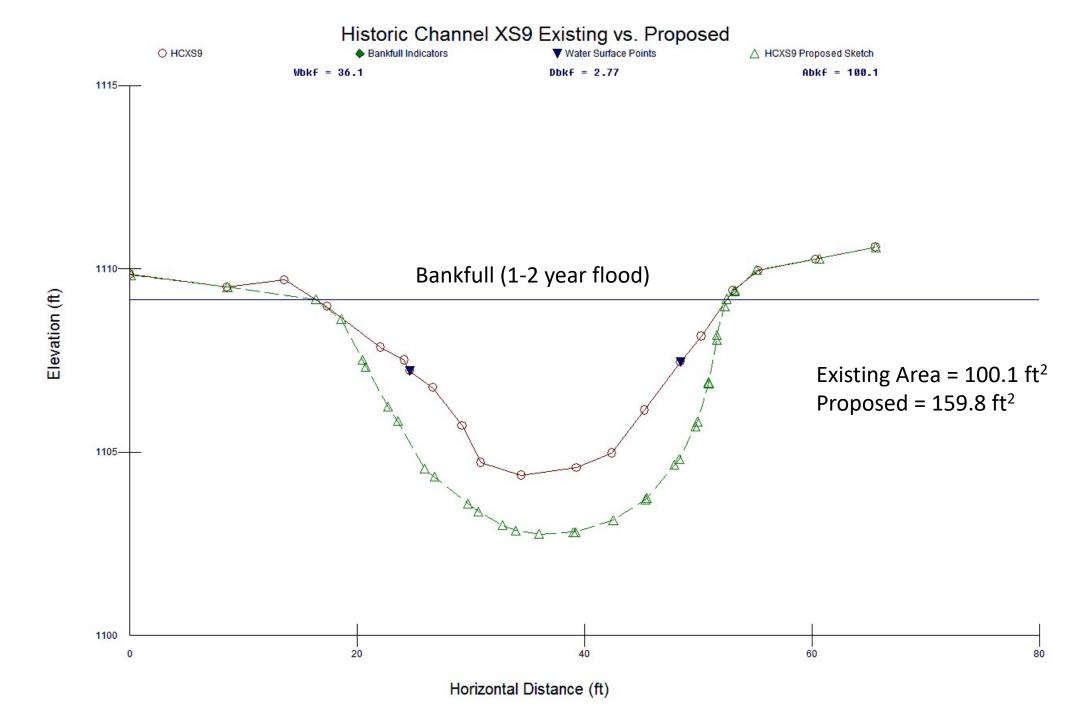














## Simple Excavation Calculation

Riffle #	Change in Sq. Feet	Stream Length	Cubic Feet	Cubic Yards
1	93	900	83,700	3,100.00
2	64	1,200	76,800	2,844.44
3	16	3,500	56,000	2,074.07
4	24	6,000	144,000	5,333.33
5	50	7,300	365,000	13,518.52
6	73	1,200	87,600	3,244.44
7	56	1,200	67,200	2,488.89
8	51	2,400	122,400	4,533.33
9	60	600	36,000	1,333.33
Total		24,300	1,038,700	38,470.37

### Survey conclusions

- Significant excavation will be needed throughout historic channel to properly size it for existing hydrology.
- Culverts are generally set too high for proposed excavated channel.
- Some areas have significant tree jams, could be used for bank protection.

# Road Crossings

AC5 AC = Active Channel HC = Historic Channel AC4 HC5 AC3 HC4 НС3 HC1 HC2 AC1

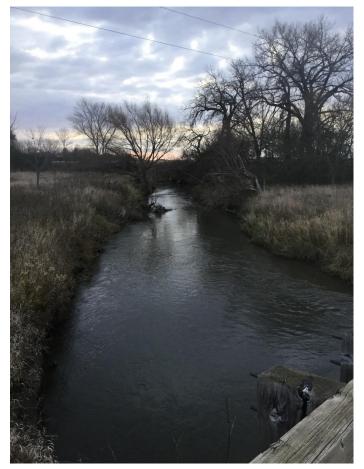
# AC1 – Span Bridge

- 95 foot span bridge
- Upstream Floodway
- Stream bankfull width ~35'



# AC2 – Span Bridge

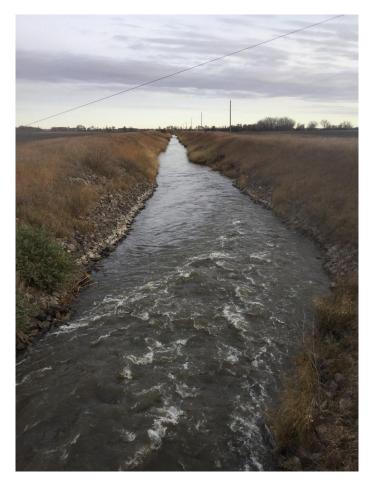
- 75 foot span bridge
- Upstream Floodway
- Stream bankfull width ~40'





# AC3 – Span Bridge

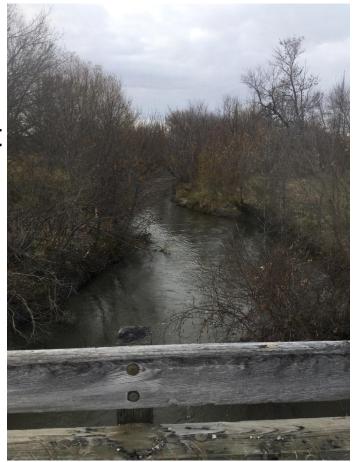
- 75 foot span bridge
- Spans the floodway
- Stream bankfull width ~30'





# AC4 – Span Bridge

- 82 foot span bridge
- Downstream floodway
- Stream bankfull width 33 feet





## AC5 – Span Bridge

- 67 foot span bridge
- Downstream floodway
- Stream bankfull width 33'





### HC1 – 2 culverts

- Private crossing
- 2 48" cmp culverts
- 4 foot rise, 8 foot span
- Nearly full of sediment; difficult to find inverts.



## HC2 – Pipe arch culvert

- 7 foot rise, 11 foot span
- Single concrete arch culvert
- 10% plugged with sediment





### HC3 – 2 culverts

- State owned WMA
- 2 36" cmp culverts
- 3 foot rise, 6 foot span
- 0% plugged with sediment



### HC4 – 2 culverts

- 5 foot rise, 10 foot span
- 2 5'X5' circular concrete culverts
- Left culvert perched on downstream side
- 0% plugged with sediment



### HC5 – 3 culverts

- 3 7' rise X 11' span concrete arch culverts
- 7' rise, 33' span crossing
- Each culvert 10-20% plugged with sediment.



### Crossings conclusions

- Active channel crossings have appropriate hydraulic capacity for 30-40 foot channel.
- Historic channel has inadequate capacity for reconnection.
- Non-road crossings may need to be converted to low-ford crossings.
- Culverts set higher than proposed excavated channel; would need to be lowered and have increased hydraulic capacity.

### Other thoughts/concerns

- Diversion structure what needs to be done? New structure? New alignment?
- Public crossing culverts in historic channel
  - 2/3 public crossings need more capacity
  - Get county engineer involved
  - Township vs County?
- Landowner concerns
  - Crossover flooding
  - Culvert connecting historic channel to nearby wetland
  - Flooding adjacent to historic channel, will there be more than now?
  - Private Crossings