## Underhill Year 6 Programme of Study

|  | 1. Integers <br> $\&$ <br> Decimals <br> (2 weeks) <br> 2. <br> Multiplication <br> and division <br> (3 weeks) | - read, write, order and compare numbers up to 10000000 and determine the value of each digit <br> . . round any whole number to a required degree of accuracy solve <br> . problems involving addition and subtraction <br> solve addition and subtraction multi-step problems in contexts, deciding which operations and methods to use and why <br> - identify the value of each digit in numbers given to three decimal places and multiply and divide numbers by 10, 100 and 1000 giving answers up to three decimal places <br> - use estimation to check answers to calculations and determine, in the context of a problem, an appropriate degree of accuracy <br> - multiply multi-digit numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using the formal written method of long multiplication <br> - multiply one-digit numbers with up to two decimal places by whole numbers <br> - divide numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit whole number using the formal written method of long division, and interpret remainders as whole number remainders, fractions, or by rounding, as appropriate for the context <br> - divide numbers up to 4 digits by a two-digit number using the formal written method of short division where appropriate, interpreting remainders according to the context <br> - use written division methods in cases where the answer has up to two decimal places <br> - identify common factors, common multiples and prime numbers <br> - perform mental calculations, including with mixed operations and large numbers <br> - solve problems which require answers to be rounded to specified degrees of accuracy |
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|  | 3. Calculation problems (2 weeks) | .. find pairs of numbers that satisfy an equation with two unknowns <br> - enumerate possibilities of combinations of two variables use knowledge of the order of operations to carry out calculations involving the four operations <br> - generate and describe linear number sequences <br> - express missing number problems algebraically <br> - solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication and division |
|  | 4. Fractions <br> (2 weeks) | - use common factors to simplify fractions; use common multiples to express fractions in the same denomination <br> - compare and order fractions, including fractions > 1 <br> - associate a fraction with division and calculate decimal fraction equivalents [for example, 0.375] for a simple fraction [for example, $\frac{3}{8}$ ] <br> - recall and use equivalences between simple fractions and decimals, including in different contexts <br> - generate and describe linear number sequences (with fractions) <br> - add and subtract fractions with different denominators and mixed numbers, using the concept of equivalent fractions |
|  | 5. Missing angles and lengths <br> (1 week) | - recognise angles where they meet at a point, are on a straight line, or are vertically opposite, and find missing angles. <br> - express missing number problems algebraically compare and classify <br> - geometric shapes based on their properties and sizes and find unknown angles in any triangles, quadrilaterals, and regular polygons |

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|  | 7. Fractions <br> (1 week) | - multiply simple pairs of proper fractions, writing the answer in its simplest form [for example, $1^{1} \times{ }^{1}=1$ ] $428$ <br> divide proper fractions by whole numbers [for $\div 2=1$ $\frac{1}{3} \quad \frac{1}{6}$ example, <br> - recall and use equivalences between simple fractions and decimals, including in different contexts |
|  | 8. Decimals and measures (3 weeks) | - solve problems involving the calculation and conversion of units of measure, using decimal notation up to three decimal places where appropriate <br> - use, read, write and convert between standard units, converting measurements of length, mass, volume and time from a smaller unit of measure to a larger unit, and vice versa, using decimal notation to up to three decimal places <br> - convert between miles and kilometres <br> - recognise that shapes with the same areas can have different perimeters and vice versa <br> - recognise when it is possible to use formulae for area and volume of shapes <br> - use simple formulae <br> - calculate the area of parallelograms and triangles <br> - calculate, estimate and compare volume of cubes and cuboids using standard units, including cubic centimetres $\left(\mathrm{cm}^{3}\right)$ and cubic metres $\left(\mathrm{m}^{3}\right)$, and extending to other units [for example, $\mathrm{mm}^{3}$ and $\mathrm{km}^{3}$ ] <br> - generate and describe linear number sequences (with decimals) |
|  | 9. Percentages and statistics (2 weeks) | - recall and use equivalences between simple fractions, decimals and percentages, including in different contexts solve problems involving the calculation of percentages [for example, of measures, and such as $15 \%$ of 360 ] and the use of percentages for comparison <br> interpret and construct pie charts and line graphs and use these to solve problems <br> - calculate and interpret the mean as an average |
|  | 10. Proportion problems (2 weeks) | - solve problems involving the relative sizes of two quantities where missing values can be found by using integer multiplication and division facts solve problems involving similar shapes where the scale factor is known or can be found <br> . solve problems involving unequal sharing and grouping using knowledge of fractions and multiples |

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