Maamar B'etzem Hayom Hazeh

Chassidic discourse by Rabbi Schneur Zalman of Liadi, Founder of the Chabad Movement, customary to be recited at a Bris Milah.

"In that self same day, Avraham was circumcised¹." Many Torah commentaries pose the question: Why didn't Avraham circumcise himself beforehand? [The Talmud² declares that Avraham] fulfilled the entire Torah before it was given, including even [Rabbinical decrees such as] Eruv Tavshilin. [If so, why didn't he circumcise himself as well?]

To understand this concept, we must first understand [the nature of] circumcision. [Circumcision is alluded to in the verse³,] "It is not in heaven that you should say: "Who shall go up for us to heaven?" [The first letters of this phrase] serve as an acronym [for the Hebrew word] Milah [meaning circumcision]. The final letters of those words are an acronym for the [Name of G-d] Havayah.

[What is the connection between circumcision and the name Havayah? Besides the physical deed, circumcision reflects a spiritual service. We find two references to this concept in the Torah.] One verse⁴ declares, "you shall circumcise the foreskin of your heart." The second declares,⁵ "The L-rd, your G-d, will circumcise your heart," i.e. there are two aspects of circumcision: one [performed by man in his striving to elevate himself] from below to above. [This service] necessitates the circumcision of the heart, i.e., the service of teshuvah, as it is written,⁶ "You shall return to the L-rd, your G-d." [This return is expressed] through the fulfillment of Torah and its mitzvos, and [will lead to the future redemption,] as our Sages declared,⁷ "If the Jewish people turn [to G-d] in teshuvah they will be redeemed and if not, they won't be redeemed."

¹ Bereishis 17:26.

² Yoma 28b.

³ Devarim 30:12.

⁴ Ibid., 10:16.

⁵ Ibid., 30:6.

⁶ Ibid. 30:2.

⁷ Sanhedrin 97b.

⁸ Devarim 30:5.

⁹ Tehillim 31:20.

be seen in the case of Moshe, who was born circumcised. ¹⁰ [Concerning his birth, the Torah comments ¹¹] "And she saw that he was good."

Hence the first level of circumcision is an arousal from below, i.e., a (striving of man) from below upward. This is followed by the second level of circumcision, an arousal from above, the revelation of "and G-d will circumcise your heart."

This, the second level of circumcision which will be revealed after the fulfillment of the entire Torah and the return of the exiles, is the level of circumcision referred to in the verse, "Who shall go up for us to heaven?" the acronym for circumcision. From this verse, we see that circumcision is above Torah. Torah is "not in the heavens" for it has descended below. Therefore, the Talmud states, 12 "Rav Yehoshua declared, " We shall pay no attention to a heavenly voice." [Why?] because the Torah is not in the Heavens, but below.

Therefore, the Torah is called the Torah of Havayah (Yud-Hay-Vov-Hay) [for that Name of G-d also implies a process of descent]. Yud – standing for contraction, Hay – for expansion, Vov – for drawing down, etc. Through [this name] G-dliness is drawn down below.

However, circumcision is above the Name Havayah. Therefore, in the aforementioned verse its acronym is alluded to by the phrase's first letters, and the Name Havayah by the phrase's last letters. Circumcision is on the level of "heaven," while Torah has descended from these heavens.

Therefore, our sages declared,¹³ "Great is the mitzvah of circumcision, behold thirteen different covenants were established over it." [When they declared] "great," they referred to the greater aspect of circumcision, the revelation from above to below in which "G-d will circumcise your heart."¹⁴

This [higher] level is connected with thirteen covenants. For a covenant also represents [a bond] above intellect and knowledge. When two friends establish a covenant to continue their friendship, what in fact they do is compel their feelings of friendship. Even if [at a later time] these feelings would not be naturally expressed based on their intellect and knowledge, they force themselves (to express) these feelings, [revealing] a love that is above the limits of intellect and knowledge.

Similarly, [circumcision is related to thirteen covenants, because] in order to reveal and draw down the higher level of circumcision (the level of "Your great good"), [it is necessary to arouse] the Thirteen Attributes of Mercy, which also transcend the limits of wisdom. [This allows

¹⁰ Sotah 12a.

¹¹ Shmos 2:2.

¹² Berachos 52a.

¹³ Nedarim 31b.

¹⁴ See also the gloss of Mikdash Melech to the Zohar, Vol. III, p. 233b; and Likkutei Torah, [of the AriZal] Parshas Kedoshim, Taamei HaMitzvos, regarding the sublime levels associated with the Mitzvah of circumcision.

circumcision to rise] above the limits of the Name Havayah and above the limits of Torah (just as the Thirteen Attributes of Mercy are above Torah and therefore are the source for the forgiveness of our sins).

This principle is brought out in the verse, "Until Your people pass over, O G-d." [The Name of G-d used in the verse is Havayah. The verse can be interpreted -] "Until Your people pass over [and reach a higher level] than Havayah." ([The connection of the world] "pass over" to this level [is emphasized by the fact that] in connection with the Thirteen Attributes the Torah states, 16 ["and G-d] passed over.")

[With this foundation, we can answer our original question:] Avraham fulfilled the entire Torah before it was given. Nevertheless, he did not fulfill the mitzvah of circumcision. Why? Because he wanted to reach the higher level of circumcision, [the level connected with the revelation] from above to below. Therefore, he fulfilled the entire Torah that was on a lower level than circumcision and through those efforts he merited that higher level of circumcision.

To highlight this, the Torah states, "Avraham was circumcised," [using the passive voice] and it does not say he circumcised himself. In the case of Yishmael and the slaves, the active voice is used, for they merited only the lower level of circumcision [the level that can be achieved by man's actions in] "circumcising the foreskin of your heart." However, concerning Avraham, the passive is used because there [the higher level, the aspect beyond our powers] the level of "and G-d will circumcise your heart" was revealed.

Therefore the Torah declares "in that self same day;" – [the Hebrew word for selfsame, etzem, also means "essence." The verse can be interpreted to mean] "in the essence of that day Avraham was circumcised." [The word "day" is a reference to the Era of the Redemption] "the day which is all long and all good."17 The essence of the day refers to the essence of the great revelation that will take place then, the revelation of "Your great good" (and therefore it is "all good"). Therefore, when "the essence of the day" was revealed to him, Avraham was circumcised.

¹⁵ Shmos 15:16.

¹⁶ Shmos 34:6.

¹⁷ See Kiddushin 39b.