2019 NFHS Timeout Protocol Summary for MAVO Officials [Updated 7 16 2019]

Timeout Requests:

Timeouts may be called only by visual signal of head coach or floor captain

R2 whistles (double whistle) and signals – R1 mirrors signal

If R2 fails to recognize request, R1 may whistle and signal

R2 will not recognize and whistle request after R1's whistle and beckon for serve

Request for 3rd timeout merits delay sanction whether or not recognized by R2

Other timeout requests (e.g., after whistle and beckon, request by assistant rather than head coach) are improper requests (2nd improper request requires delay sanction)

R2 Timeout Mechanics:

Whistle (double whistle) and signal, then indicate number of timeouts taken by each team Confirm timer has started 1 minute clock

Confirm with libero tracker whether libero is on the court for each team

Review scoresheet for score, number of timeouts, number of subs, etc.

R2 whistles warning (double whistle) at 45 seconds

Timer must sound horn for end of each timeout

If both teams are ready to play early, R2 may whistle warning early and direct timer to immediately sound horn

At end of timeout, R2 indicates number of timeouts taken for each team – R1 mirrors

If team has used both timeouts, R2 informs coach verbally and with signal

R2 returns to base, scans both benches, then returns court to R1 (outside hand)

Tips:

R1 may whistle and signal timeout if R2 is occupied

R1 may whistle 45 second warning if R2 is occupied

Every timeout must end with a horn

Either R1 or R2 may call an officials' timeout for administration of the match

LJs move along lines to attack lines by R1 stand, with LJ for serving team holding ball

LJs move back to positions at 45 second warning whistle

Timeouts may occur prior to start of set

Timeouts may follow other timeouts or substitutions by either side.

If substitution requested during timeout, R2 administers only after timeout is completed

No need for R2 to step to side of team requesting timeout – use proper hand instead

Anticipate timeout requests – be aware of game context

If libero is on court at timeout, make sure libero returns to court before replacement

Injury timeouts are not counted on visible clock – coach has 30 seconds to determine whether to call a regular timeout (if available) or to replace or substitute for injured player. Though the coach must make a decision in 30 seconds, there is no limit on time allowed to safely remove injured player from the court. Only after injured player is removed should a libero replacement or substitution be administered.