

### **The Solar Generator System Setup**

3 no. PV solar panels á 390 W

1 amplifying MPPT (Maximum Power Point Tracker) charger/regulator

4 no. 100 Ah Pb-gel batteries – 2 in series, 2 in parallell in all 400 Ah, 24 V

1 no. High Frequency amplifier and inverter, single phase, 220 V 1 no. 2 000W industrial heating blower.

### What are we going to test and verify?

Voltage and current from the solar cells

The amplifying effect of the MPPT control unit

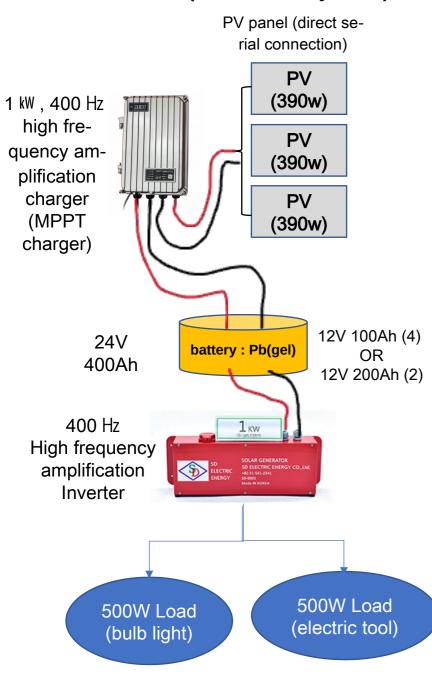
Battery voltage

Power consumption of the load (fan or lamps)

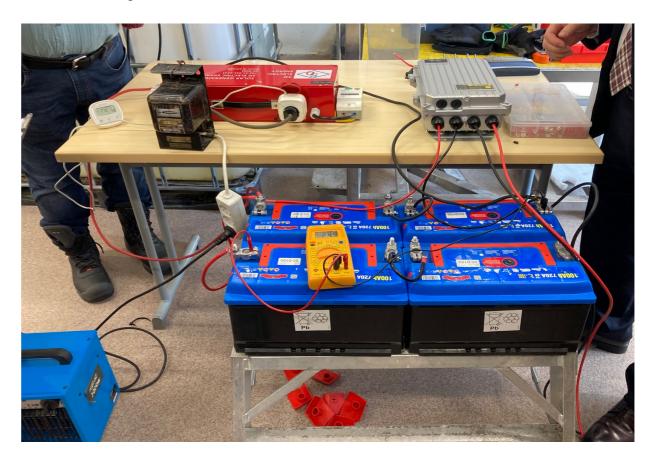
i.e. power delivered from the solar cell generator

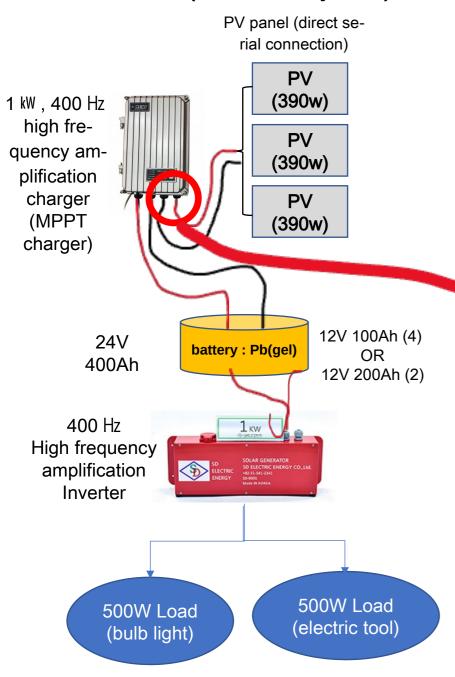
# **Expected result**

That the photovoltaic generator should be able to generate 3-4 times more energy than a traditional photovoltaic system



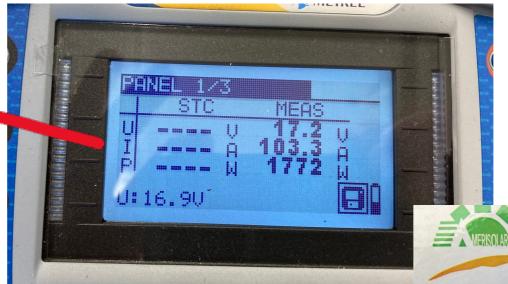
### The setup of the Test Bench





## Measurement at the input point of the MPPT charger

- 3 PV panels gave too much power, even though they were at the wrong angle and partially in the shade.
- we then disconnected two panels
- incoming voltage should be 35.4V



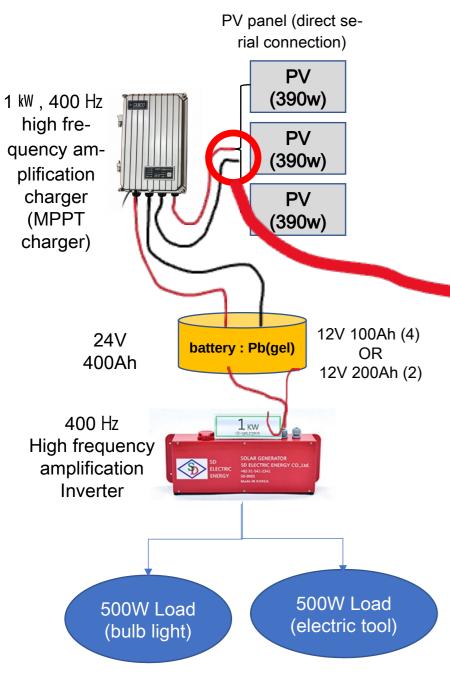
# Measurement at the input point:

- 17V instead of 35V
- 103A instead of 11A
- 1,772 kW from a single solar panel
- what is going on?

AS-ON IZU-FIC	2-230AA
PERC BLACK	<
Maximum Power (Pmax)	390W

Maximum Power (Pmax)	390W	
Open-Circuit Voltage (Voc)	42.4V	
Short-Circuit Current (Isc)	11.58A	
Maximum Power Voltage (Vmp)	35.4V	
Maximum Power Current (Imp)	11.02A	
Maximum System Voltage	1500V	
Maximum Series Fuse Rating	20A	
Safety Class	Class II	
Noninal Operating Cell Temperature	43±2°C	
•Weight	20kg	
Dimensions 175	6×1039×35mm	
All technical data at standard test condition (STC)		

(1000W/m², 25°C, AM1.5)



## Measurement at the input point on the MPPT charger

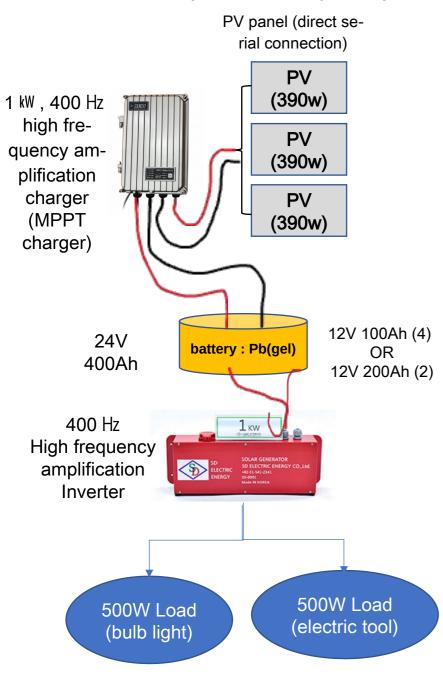
- disconnected the input cables to the MPPT
- Measurement only on the output of the solar panels



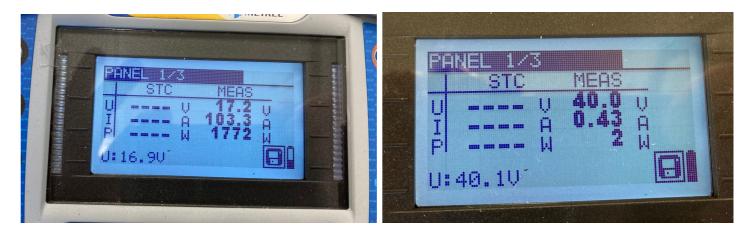
# Measurement at the output point gave

- -40 V = OK
- -0.43A = low, but OK
- 2 W from the solar panel
- normal at sunset

Maximum Power (Pmax)	390W	
Open-Circuit Voltage (Voc)	42.4V	
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Maximum Power Current (Imp)	11.02A	
Maximum System Voltage	1500V	
Maximum Series Fuse Rating	20A	
Safety Class	Class II	
Nominal Operating Cell Temperature	43±2°C	
Weight	20kg	
Dimensions	1756×1039×35mm	
All technical data at standard test condi	tion (STC)	
(1000W/m², 25°C, AM1.5)		



# Measurement at the input point on the MPPT charger What has happened?

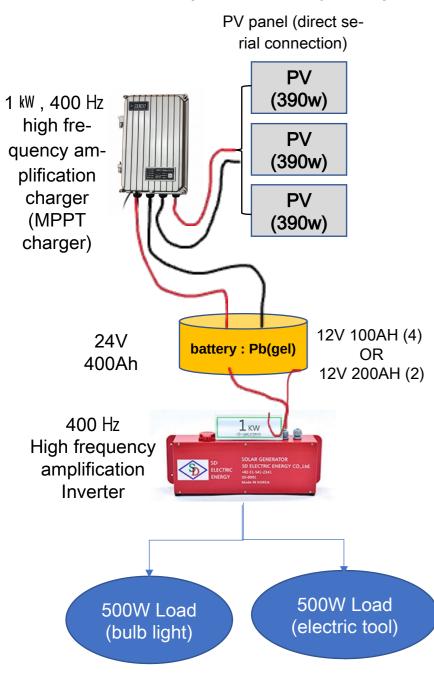


### **Conclusion:**

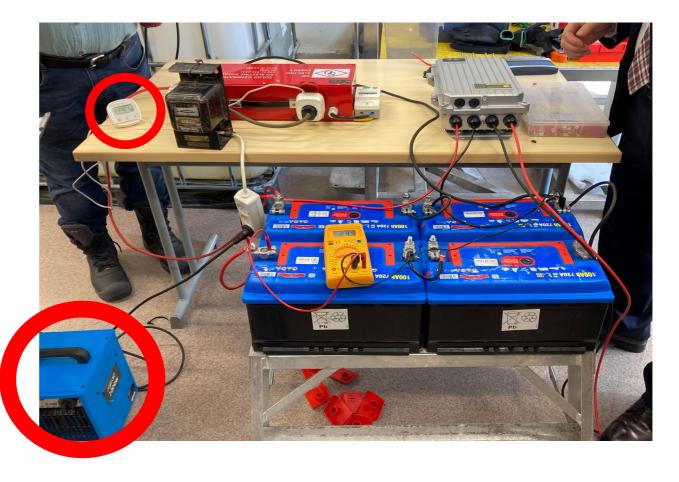
- MPPT frequency amplification charger has amplified the power (kW) you can get out of a solar panel
- The condenser in the MPPT charger deceives the measuring instrument by using charging pulses of 400 Hz
- What is meant by "deceiving"? = high frequency interferes with traditional measuring instruments

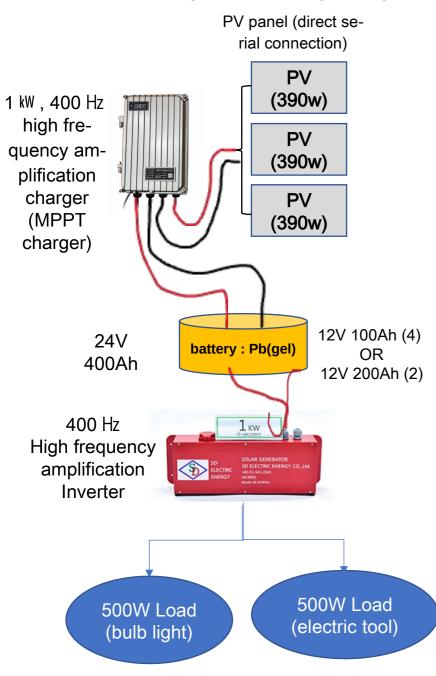
#### How?

The resonance generated by the charger is 400 Hz – compare this with the resonance over the octaves of the C-string in an electric guitar or a piano

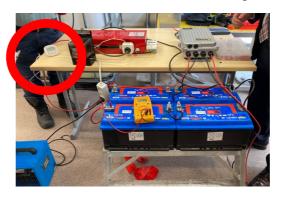


# How much electricity was produced by the Solar Generator?

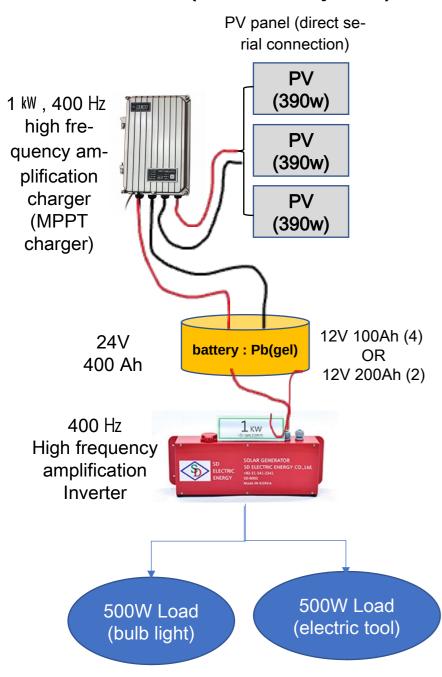




# How much electricity was produced by the Solar Generator?







### How much electricity was produced by the Solar Generator?





### Theoretical maximum power from the solar panel:

35.4V x 11.02A = 389 W

**Estimated power from the solar panel:** 

200W

Measured power from the solar cell generator:

1 429 W

### **Power increase:**

1429/389 = 3.67 times or 367% (theoretical)

1429/200 = 7 times (probable)