**Gael-Talk**

**Learning Gaelic**

**Year 2**

**Caibideil 2-3**

*Zoom link:*

<https://us02web.zoom.us/j/86793281836?pwd=WXUvQmJJdkxhRHdjaTV4YWxyYTVpQT09>

*Nas fheàrr a’ Ghàidhlig bhriste n’ a’ Bheurla chliste!*

Better Broken Gaelic than fluent English!

A little reminder –

We really should pay the piper

(*mòran taing* to those who have!)



*Please send donations for the class to Paypal*:

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**Clàr na seachdain (schedule of the week)**

* Fàilte!
* Sean fhacal na seachdain – foighidinn (patience)
* Gràmar na Seachdain
* Còmhradh na Seachdain – cuin ‘s nuair
* Sgeul na Seachdain – A’ Bhana-Phrionnsa Màiri
* Òran na seachdain – Chì mi na Mòr-bheanna

* ***Sean fhacal na seachdain***

Buinnigear buaidh le foighidinn.



Patience wins victory.

This goes along with …

Claoidhidh foighidinn mhath na clachan.



Patience will wear out stones.

**Gràmar na Seachdain**

This week we return to:

**Nuair** & C**uin** (when and when)

Gaelic has two words for “when,” and it’s not that they are merely synonyms that can be used interchangeably, for they are used in quite different ways.

Simply put, ***cuin*** is used to ask a question:

**Cuin** a tha an trèan a’ tighinn? When is the train coming?

**Cuin** a tha dìnnear? When is dinner?

**Cuin** a tha an geama a’ tòiseachadh? When does the game begin?

We should be familiar with the other word for “when” from the song, “Nuair a bha mi òg”. This word for “when”on the other hand, is used as a *conjunctive* – that is, it *links* parts of a sentence when you want to build a more complicated structure than a simple sentence.

**Nuair** a bha mi òg, dh’fhuirich mi ann an California. When I was young, I lived in California.

Chluich mi ball-coise **nuair** a bha mi ann an sgoil. I played football (soccer) when I was in school.

(Or, from the shean-fhacal above):

**Nuair** a bha iad a’ seinn, chuir iad an h-eòin anns na craobhan. When they (the women) sang, they put the birds into the trees.

* Note 1: in older texts, you might see *nuair* written as *an uair* or *‘n uair*. This gives us a clue as to its origin: *uair* = time or hour, so *an uair* would mean the time. So,

*An uair a* bha mi òg = *the time that* I was young …

* Note 2: Both cuin and nuair require the particle (or relative pronoun) ***a*** …

**Cuin a** tha an trèan a’ tighinn? When is the train coming?

And of course,

**Nuair a** bha mi òg, bha mi glè ghòrach. When I was young, I was very foolish.

To summarize,

* + - a *cuin* sentence is always punctuated by a question mark.\*
    - A *nuair* clause is always a part of a larger sentence

\*It is possible to have a “nuair” sentence that is a question. E.g.:

* + - Nuair a bha thu òg, an robh thu gòrach? When you were young, were you foolish?
    - Nuair a chaidh thu dhan sgoil, am bu toil leat i? When you went to school, did you like it?

And that’s it for the grammar lesson! What follows is practice.

**Let’s start off by singing a “nuair” song:**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| SHE’LL BE COMING AROUND THE MOUNTAIN  <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=CDviIE6Gt4w>  She’ll be coming ‘round the mountain when she comes.  She’ll be coming ‘round the mountain when she comes  She’ll be coming ‘round the mountain,  she’ll be coming ‘round the mountain,  she’ll be coming ‘round the mountain when she comes.  She’ll be driving six white horses when she comes.  She’ll be driving six white horses when she comes  She’ll be driving six white horses,  she’ll be driving six white horses,  she’ll be driving six white horses when she comes.  Oh, we’ll all go out to meet her when she comes.  Oh, we’ll all go out to meet her when she comes.  Oh, we’ll all go out to meet her,  Oh, we’ll all go out to meet her,  Oh, we’ll all go out to meet her when she comes.  Oh, we’ll all have chicken and dumplings when she comes.  Oh, we’ll all have chicken and dumplings when she comes.  Oh we’ll all have chicken and dumplings,  Oh, we’ll all have chicken and dumplings,  Oh, we’ll all have chicken and dumplings when she comes.  We’ll be singing “Hallelujah” when she comes.  We’ll be singing “Hallelujah” when she comes.  We’ll be singing “Hallelujah,  “We’ll be singing “Hallelujah,  “We’ll be singing “Hallelujah” when she comes.  Ceistean:   1. Cuin a thig i mun cuairt a’ bheinn? 2. Cuin a draibhidh i sia eich bhàna? 3. Cuin a thèid sinn a-mach gus a fàilteachadh? 4. Cuin a ithidh sinn cearc ’s turraisg? 5. Cuin a seinnidh sinn “Alleluia”? | **Bidh i a’ tighinn mun cuairt a’ bheinne …**  Bidh i a’ tighinn mun cuairt a’ bheinne ***nuair*** a thig i  Bidh i a’ tighinn mun cuairt a’ bheinne ***nuair*** a thig i  Bidh i a’ tighinn mun cuairt a’ bheinne  Bidh i a’ tighinn mun cuairt a’ bheinne  Bidh i a’ tighinn mun cuairt a’ bheinne ***nuair*** a thig i  Bidh i a’ draibheadh sia each bhàn’ ***nuair*** a thig i  Bidh i a’ draibheadh sia each bhàn’ ***nuair*** a thig i  Bidh i a’ draibheadh sia each bhàna …  Bidh i a’ draibheadh sia each bhàna …  Bidh i a’ draibheadh sia each bhàn’ ***nuair*** **a** thig i  Thèid sinn uil’ a-mach a fàilteach’ ***nuair*** a thig i  Thèid sinn uil’ a-mach a fàilteach’ ***nuair*** a thig i  Thèid sinn uile a-mach a fàilteach’  Thèid sinn uile a-mach a fàilteach’  Thèid sinn uil’ a-mach a fàilteach’ ***nuair*** a thig i  Ithidh sinne cearc agus turraisg ***nuair*** a thig i  Ithidh sinne cearc agus turraisg ***nuair*** a thig i  Ithidh sinne cearc agus turraisg  Ithidh sinne cearc agus turraisg  Ithidh sinne cearc agus turraisg ***nuair*** a thig i  Seinnidh sinne “Alleluia” ***nuair*** a thig i  Seinnidh sinne “Alleluia” ***nuair*** a thig i  Seinnidh sinne “Alleluia”  Seinnidh sinne “Alleluia”  Seinnidh sinne “Alleluia” ***nuair*** a thig i |

**Now, a “cuin” song**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Cuin a bhios gaol orm?**  Tha mi air mo mhealladh,  Fhuair droch ghrèidheadh  **Cuin** a bhios gaol orm-sa?  Tha mi air mo leagail sìos  ‘S ann orm a bha a’ gheimhleag \*  **Cuin** a bhios gaol orm-sa?  Nuair a lorgas mi duine ùr  A dh’iarras mi dhomh fhìn  Còmhnaidh brisidh mo chridhe an dhà  Tachraidh e iomadh uair  Tha mi air mo ghormadh  Tha breug air innis dhomh  **Cuin** a bhios gaol orm-sa?  Nuair a lorgas mi duine ùr  A dh’iarras mi dhomh fhìn  Còmhnaidh brisidh mo chridhe an dhà  Tachraidh e iomadh uair  Tha mi air mo mhealladh,  Fhuair droch ghrèidheadh  **Cuin** a bhios gaol orm-sa?  **Cuin** a bhios gaol orm-sa?  Innis dhomh cuin a bhios gaol orm-sa | When Will I Be Loved  Song by Linda Ronstadt  <https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=HjeVRQrLzic>  I've been cheated,  been mistreated  When will I be loved  I've been put down,  I've been pushed 'round  When will I be loved  When I find a new man  that I want for mine  Always breaks my heart in two,  it happens every time  I've been made blue,  I've been lied to  When will I be loved  When I find a new man  that I want for mine  Always breaks my heart in two,  it happens every time  I've been cheated,  been mistreated  When will I be loved  When will I be loved  Tell me when will I be loved |

\* bha a’ gheimhleag orm – literally, something like *a crowbar was on me*

Reminder: Love:

* + Love is at x on y …
  + Tha gaol agam ort … is love at me on you
  + Tha gaol aige oirre – he loves her … is love at him on her
  + Tha gaol aig Màiri air Seumas
  + Tha gaol aice ort-sa yeah yeah yeah

How do you say

* + She loves him
  + He loves her
  + We love you
  + They love their daughter
  + I love Màiri

**Còmhradh na Seachdain**

Now, for còmhradh, ask a “*cuin*” question, & answer it with a sentence with a “*nuair*” clause. You don’t have to go straight down the list, and you can respond with something off the list (that is, go “off-script”).

**Remember, looking up in the dictionary is ‘fair’**

1. When are you going shopping?
2. When is dinner ready?
3. When did you go to school?
4. When is the train coming?
5. When did the rain stop?
6. When are you going to work?
7. When is class?
8. When did the children go to bed?
9. When did you feed the dog?
10. When is the post office open?
11. When did you first go on holiday without your parents?
12. When did you drive a car?
13. When did you have a car accident?
14. When did you go on a date?
15. When did you get your job?
16. When did you give a speech?
17. When did you eat raw fish?
18. When did you travel to Scotland?
19. When did you ride a bicycle?
20. When did you shoot a gun?
21. When did you go shopping?
22. When did you travel by train?
23. When did you do your homework?
24. When did you clean your room (or, house)?
25. When did you miss class?
26. When did you have a party?
27. When were you in an argument?
28. When did you lose money?
29. When did you paint your house?
30. When did you scream because you were scared?
31. When did you buy a new car?
32. When did you dance?.
33. When did you sing?
34. When did you drink coffee?
35. When did you drive for two hours?
36. When did you fall?
37. When were you happy?
38. When was the last time you forgot where something important was?
39. When did you get a gift?
40. When did you have a nightmare?
41. When did you laugh?
42. When did you play a sport or a game?
43. When did you see a good movie?
44. When did you swim?
45. When did you tell a joke?
46. When did you go to a soccer game?
47. When did you go to a restaurant?
48. When did you go to the store?
49. When did you write a letter?
50. When did you eat chicken and dumplings?

If you need to, refer to the answers below. Still ask the question, and see if you can construct answers from those.

With the questions given, see if you can construct the answers:

**Freagairtean:**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| 1. When are you going to the store? 2. When is dinner ready? 3. When did you go to school? 4. When is the train coming? 5. When did the rain stop? 6. When are you going to work? 7. When is class? 8. When did the children go to bed? 9. When did the dog eat? 10. When is the post office open? 11. When did you go on holiday? 12. When did you drive a car? 13. When was the accident? 14. When did you see the film? 15. When did you get your job? 16. When did you give a speech? 17. When did you eat raw fish? 18. When did you travel to Scotland? 19. When did you ride a bicycle? 20. When did you shoot a gun? 21. When did you buy a new car? 22. When did you travel by train? 23. When did you do your homework? 24. When did you clean your room (or, house)? 25. When did you miss class? 26. When did you have a party? 27. When were you in an argument? 28. When did you lose money? 29. When did you paint your house? 30. When did you shout? 31. When did you sell that table? 32. When did you dance?. 33. When did you sing? 34. When did you drink coffee? 35. When did you drive for two hours? 36. When did you fall? 37. When were you happy? 38. When did you lose something important? 39. When did you get a present? 40. When did you have a nightmare? 41. When did you laugh? 42. When did you play a sport or a game? 43. When did you see a good movie? 44. When did you swim? 45. When did you tell a joke? 46. When did you go to the soccer game? 47. When did you eat at a restaurant? 48. When did run in the race? 49. When did you write a letter? 50. When did you eat chicken and dumplings? | 1. Cuin a tha thu a’ dol dhan bhùth? 2. Cuin a tha dìnnear deiseil? 3. Cuin a chaidh thu dhan sgoil? 4. Cuin a thig an trèan? / cuin a tha an trèan a’ tighinn 5. Cuin a stad an t-uisge? 6. Cuin a tha thu a’ dol a dh’obair? 7. Cuin a tha an clas? 8. Cuin a chaidh an clann dhan leabaidh? 9. Cuin a dh’ith an cù? 10. Cuin a tha oifis a’ phuist fosgailte? 11. Cuin a chaidh thu air saor-làithean? 12. Cuin a dhraibh thu càr? 13. Cuin a bha an tubaist? 14. Cuin a choimhead thu air an fhilm? 15. Cuin a ghabh thu an obair agad? 16. Cuin a ghabh thu oraid? 17. Cuin a dh’ith thu iasg amh? 18. Cuin a shiubhal thu a dh’Alba? 19. Cuin a mharcachd thu baidhsagal? 20. Cuin a loisg thu an gunna? 21. Cuin a cheannach thu càr ùr? 22. Cuin a shiubhal thu air trèan? 23. Cuin a rinn thu an obair-sgoile agad? 24. Cuin a ghlan thu an seòmar agad? 25. Cuin a chaill thu clas? 26. Cuin a ghabh thu cèilidh? 27. Cuin a bha thu ann an argamaid? 28. Cuin a chail thu airgead? 29. Cuin a pheant thu an taigh agad? 30. Cuin a dh’èigh thu? 31. Cuin a reic thu am bòrd sin? 32. Cuin a dhanns thu? 33. Cuin a sheinn thu? 34. Cuin a dh’òl thu cofaidh? 35. Cuin a bhios tu ag òl cofaidh? 36. Cuin a dhraibh thu dà uair a thìde? 37. Cuin a thuit thu? 38. Cuin a bha thu toilichte? 39. Cuin a chail thu rud cudromach? 40. Cuin a ghabh thu tiodhlac? 41. Cuin a bha trom-laighe agad? 42. Cuin a rinn thu gàire? 43. Cuin a chluich thu spòrs no geama? 44. Cuin a choimhead thu air film math? 45. Cuin a shnàmh thu? 46. Cuin a rinn thu fealla-dhà? 47. Cuin a chaidh thu dhan geama ball-coise? 48. Cuin a dh’ith thu aig taigh-bidh? 49. Cuin a ruith thu anns an rèis? 50. Cuin a sgrìobh thu litir? 51. Cuin a dh’ith thu cearc ’s turraisg? |

1990

Naoi cead deug ‘s ceithir fichead ‘s deach

Naochad = 90

Deach = 10

Fichead = 20

Fichead ‘s deach = 30

Dà fhichead = 40

Lethcheud = 50

Trì fichead = 60

Trì fichead ‘s deach = 70

Ceithir fichead = 80

Ceithir fichead ‘s deach = 90

Ceud = 100

1994 = naoi ceud deug ‘s ceithir fichead ‘s ceithir deug

61 = trì fichead ‘s aon

71 = trì fichead ‘s aon-deug

**Review:**

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Times: sa mhadainn – a.m. / feasgar = p.m.**  Uair = one o’clock  Dà uair = two o’clock  Trì uairean = 3 “  Ceithir uairean = 4 “  Còig uairean = 5 “  Sia uairean = 6 “ | Seachd uairean = 7 “  Ochd uairean= 8 “  Naoi uairean = 9 “  Deach uairean = 10 “  Aon uair deug = 11 “  Dà uair deug = 12 |

Months:

* Faoilteach = January
* An Gearan = February
* Am Màirt = march
* An Giblean = April
* An Cèitean = may
* An t-òg-mhìos = June
* An t-iuchair = July
* An Lùnastal = august
* An t-sultain = September
* An Dàmhair = October (the ‘rutting’ month)
* An t-Samhain = November
* An Dùbhlachd = December

Days:

* Diluain Monday
* Dimàirt = Tuesday
* Diciadain Wednesday
* Diardaoin = Thursday
* Dihaoine Friday
* Disathairne Saturday
* Latha na Sàbaid / Didòmhnaich Sunday

a-raoir = last night

a bhon dè = day before yesterday

an dè = yesterday

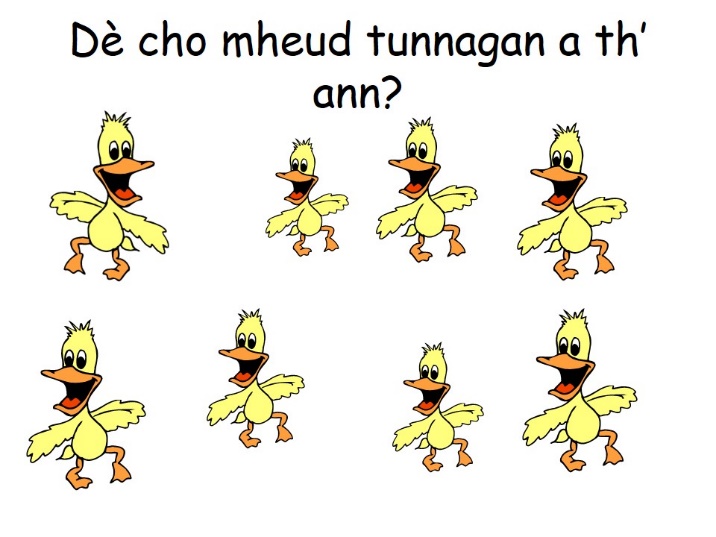
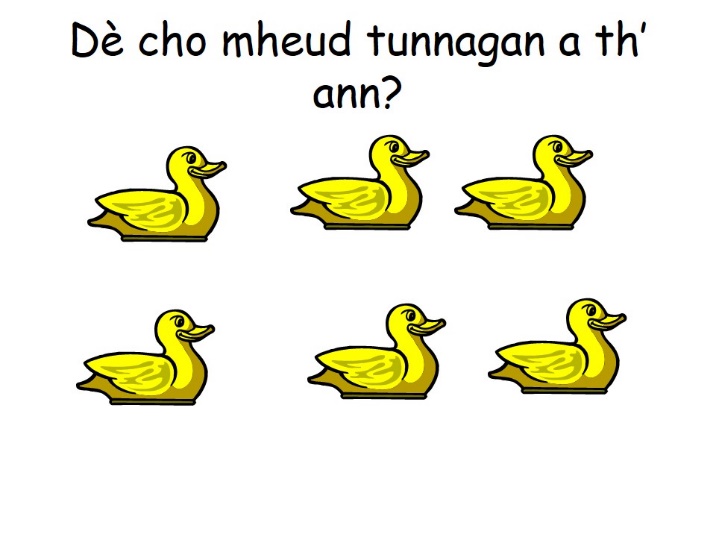
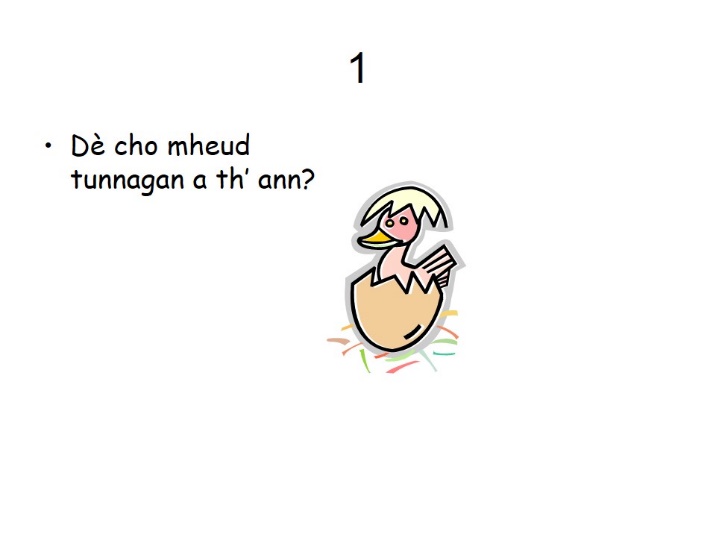
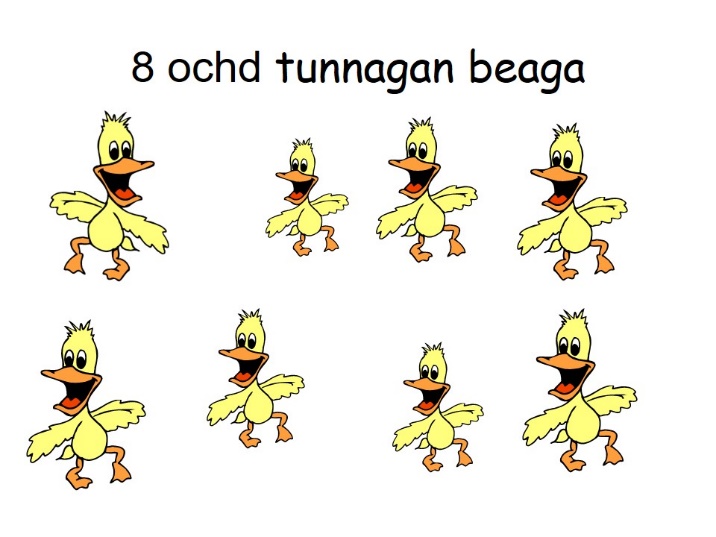
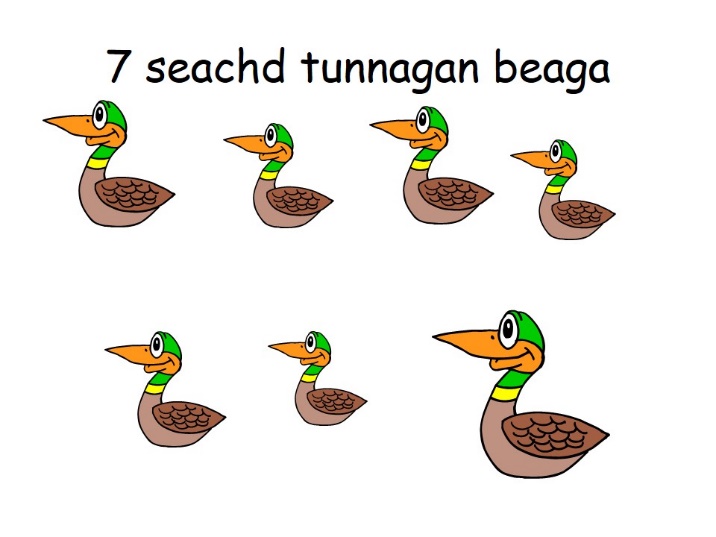
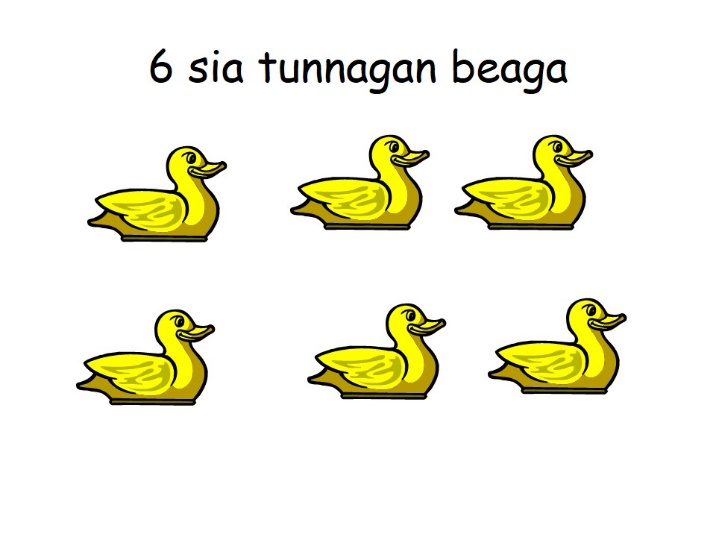
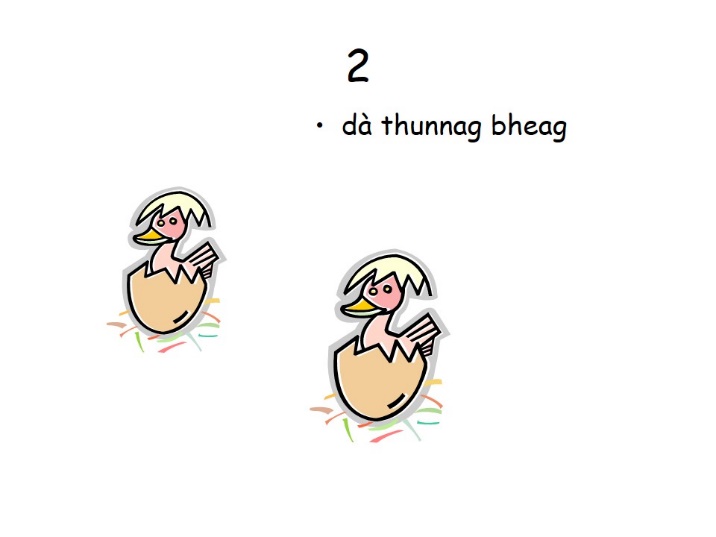
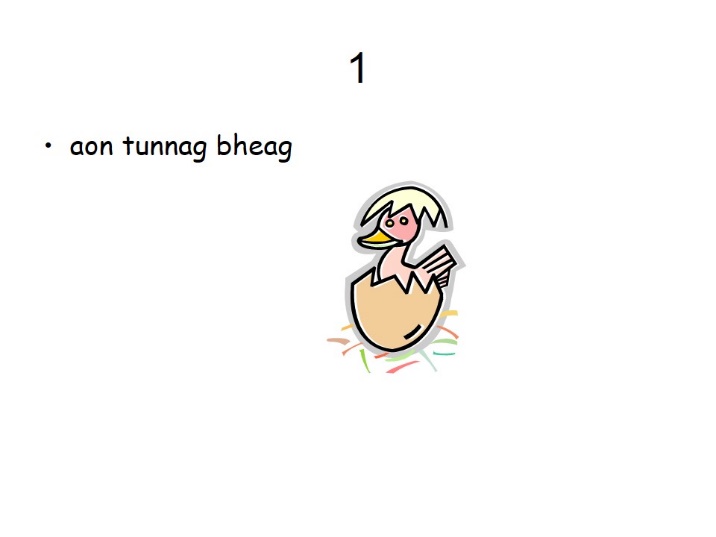
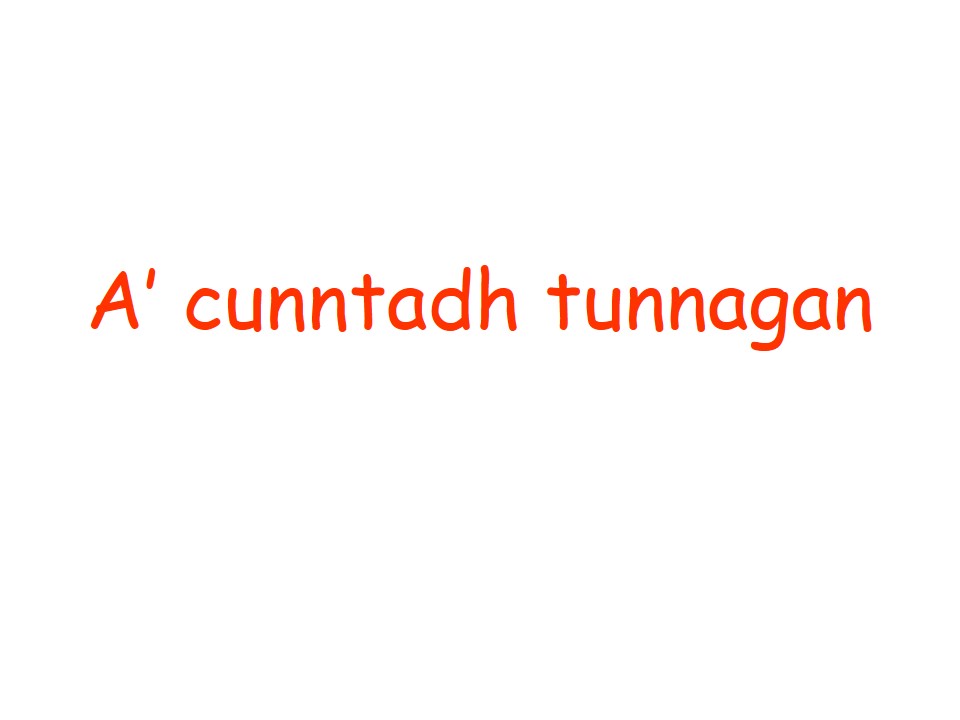
a-màireach = tomorrow

an earar = day after tomorrow

an uiridh = last year

am bliadhna = this year

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Number  aon  dà  trì  ceithir  còig  sia  seachd  ochd  naoi  deach | English  One  Two  Three  Four  Five  Six  Seven  Eight  Nine  Ten | Counting – not followed by noun  A h-aon  A dhà  A trì  A ceithir  A còig  A sia  A seachd  A h-ochd  A naoi  A deach |



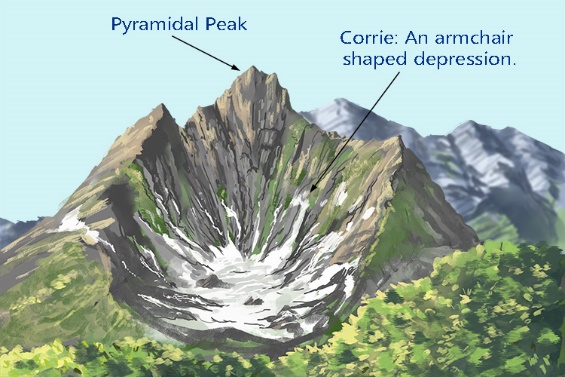
**Òran na seachdain**

Chì mi na mòrbheanna

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=lE3j0UuyL5s>

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Chì mi na mórbheanna**  Séist:  O chì, chì mi na mòr-bheanna  O chì, chì mi na còrr-bheanna  O chì, chì mi na coireachan  Chì mi na sgoran fo cheò  Chì mi gun dàil an t-àite san d'rugadh mi  Cuirear orm fàilte sa chànain a thuigeas mi  Gheibh mi ann aoidh agus gràdh ***nuair***  a ruigeam  Nach reicinn air tunnachan òir  Sèist  Chì mi na coilltean, chì mi na doireachan  Chì mi ann màghan bàna is torraiche  Chì mi na fèidh air làr nan coireachan  Falaichte an trusgan de cheò  Sèist  Beanntaichean àrda is àillidh leacainnean  Sluagh ann an còmhnaidh is còire cleachdainnean  'S aotrom mo cheum a' leum gam faicinn  Is fanaidh mi tacan le deòin | **I see the great mountains**  Chorus:  Oh, I see, I see the great mountains  Oh, I see, I see the lofty mountains  Oh, I see, I see the corries\*  I see the peaks beneath the mist  I see, straight away, the where I was born  I will be welcomed in a language which I understand  I will receive hospitality and love when I reach there  That I would not trade for tons of gold  Chorus  I see woods there, I see thickets there  I see there fields fair and fertile  I see the deer on the ground of the corries  Shrouded in a garment of mist  Chorus  High mountains with lovely slopes  Folk there who always are kind  Light is my step when I go bounding to see them  And I will remain for a while willingly |

\*corrie = (Scot.) a circular hollow in the side of a hill or mountain.



And if we have time …

A bhana-thidsear = the ‘girl/woman/female’ teacher

-ess (stewardess, actress, hostess )

