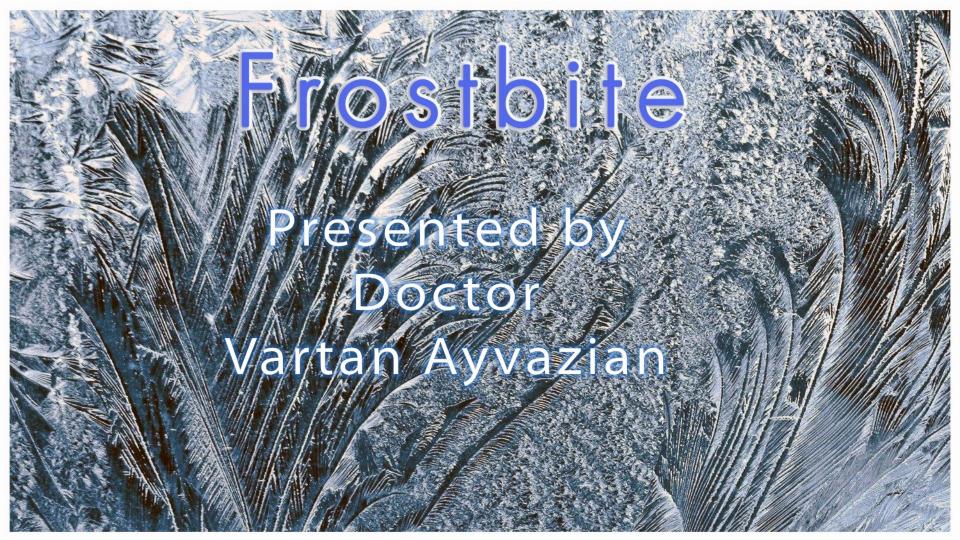


HI EVERYBODY

AA



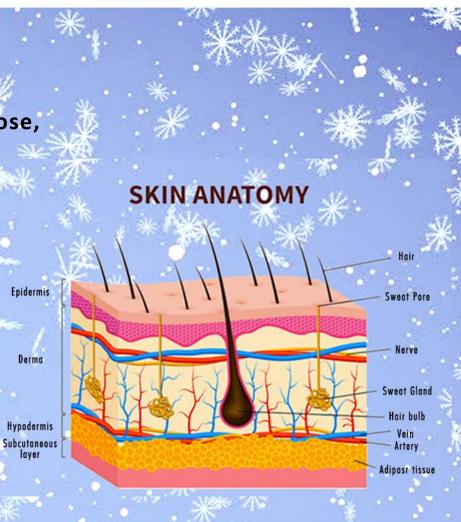


Frostbite

Skin or other tissues freezing Commonly affecting the fingers, toes, nose, Ears, cheeks and chin (Hands and feet)

Symptoms

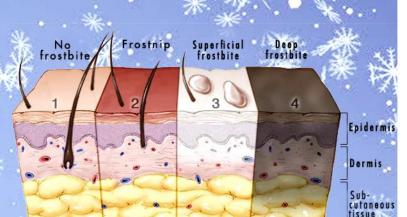
1-Color change 2-Swelling **3-Blistering (Vesicles) 4-Compartment Syndrome** Severe pain **Poor pals Decreased ability to move** Numbness Pale color limb



Risk Factors Greatest risk

1-Winter sports 2-Military personnel 3-Homeless

A- Drinking alcohol B-Smoking C- Mental health problems D-Medication E- Prior injuries due to cold **F- Dehydration & Malnutrition** Types of Frostbite Superficial (first and second degree) Deep (3rd and 4th degree



First degree —> Numbness, Burning, Swollen, Redness border, Skin's surface may slough off

Second #

—> Skin's surface hardness, Clear blisters, Hardened skin, blistered dries. blackens and peels, cold sensitivity and numbness develop

Third degree —> Blood blisters, blue-gray skin, pain persist, blacked crust develops, long term ulceration can damage [GROUTH PLATE]

Forth degree—> Colorless skin, skin black and mummified, amount of permanent damage can take one month or more to determine

Auto amputation can occurs after 2 months

STAGES OF FROSTBITE



Skin without cold damage.

Frostnip

Mild frostbite that irritates the skin, causing redness and a cold feeling followed by numbness.

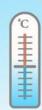
Superficial frostbite

Skin feels warm, a sign of serious skin involvement. A fluid-filled blister may appear 24 to 36 hours after rewarming the skin.



Deep frostbite

You may experience numbness. Joints or muscles may no longer work. Large blisters form 24 to 48 hours after rewarming. Afterward, the area turns black and hard.



SYMPTOMS OF FROSTBITE

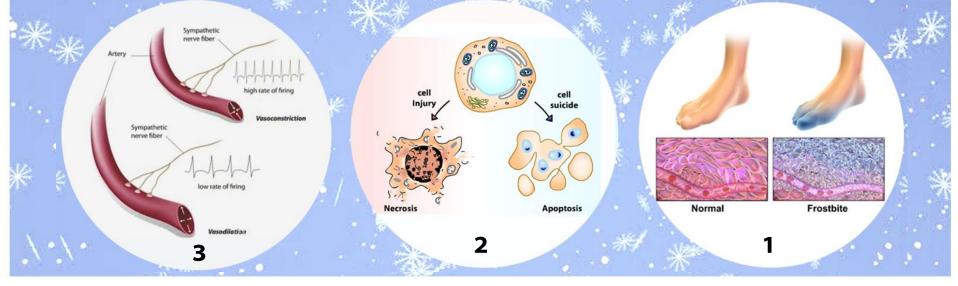
At first, cold skin and a prickling feeling Numbness

Red, white, bluish-white or grayish-yellow skin Hard or waxy-looking skin Clumsiness due to joint and muscle stiffness

Blistering after rewarming, in severe cases

The Effect of Frostbite on the body

- **1. Vasoconstriction**
- 2. Damage at the cellular level and cell membrane.
- 3. Ice crystals can damage small blood vessels.



DEATH TRIANGLE DEATH TRIANGLE

- **1- Environmental Temperature**
- 2- Wind Spread
- 3- The length of time



Fahrenheit To Celsius

 $F = \frac{9}{5}C + 32$

 $C = \frac{5}{9}(F - 32)$

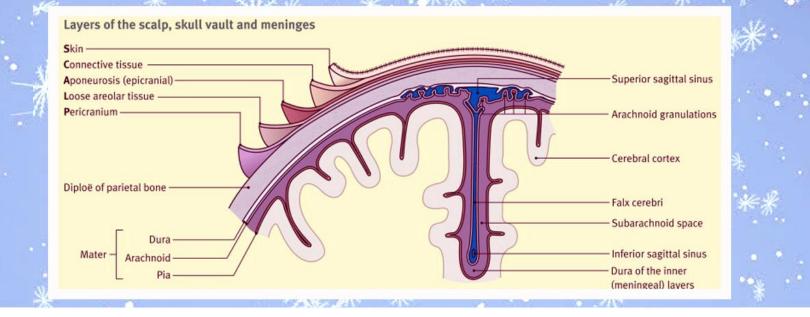


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				Wind Cl	nill Char	t					
			Loc	al Temp	erature (° F)					
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22	22	14	5		12	22	21	40	40	- 58	
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7	<mark>- 6</mark>	<mark>- 19</mark>	- 32	- 44	- 57	- 70	- 83	- 96	- 109	- 121	
3	- 10	- 24	- 37	- 50	- 61	- 77	- 90	- 104	- 117	- 130	
1	- 13	- 27	- 41	- 54	- 68	- 82	- 97	- 109	- 123	- 137	
- 1	- 15	- 29	- 43	- 57	- 71	- 85	- 99	- 113	- 127	- 142	
-3	- 17	- 31	- 45	- 59	- 74	- 87	- 102	- 116	- 131	- 145	
- 3	- 18	- 32	- 46	- 61	- 75	- 89	- 104	- 118	- 132	- 147	
- 4	- 18	- 33	- 47	- 62	- 76	- 91	- 105	- 120	- 134	- 148	
Little Danger For Properly Clothed		Considerable Danger			Very Great Danger						
Persons			Danger From Freezing of Exposed Flesh								
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2. Connective tissues
3. Aponeurosis
4. Loose areola tissue
5. Pericranium

1. Skin

SCALP-->



PREVENTION

- 1- Wearing proper, fully-covering clothing
- 2- Maintaining hydration and nutrition
- 3- Minimizing strenuous physical activity

What you can do in the meantime

1- Should go to a protected environment 2- Removing wet clothing 3- Get warm fluid (105 to 110 F) (40 to 43) 4- Warmed in the groin or underarm 5- Fluid should be given 6- Pain reliever 7- Not walking on frostbitten feet a-Check for hypothermia



Do's and Don'ts of Frostbite First Aid

If you do get frostbite, talk to your doctor. Frostbite can cause serious injury.

Don't Use Fire

It can burn frostbitten flesh

Don't Rub

Rubbing can break frostbitten skin

Don't Put Pressure Don't walk on frostbitten feet!

Do Use Warm Water \sum_{i} This is a gentler way to warm up

Unlike fire, this

cannot burn you

Do Use Body Heat



Do Support + Stabilize Stabilize and pad the injured area

Hypothermia

- a- Body temperature ——> 95 F or less (35 C or less) Normal —> 97.7 - 99.5 F
- **b-Intense shivering**
- c- Slurred speech
- d- Fumbling hands (handshake)
- e- Drowsiness
- f- Loss of coordination

Mild —> shivering and mental confusion Moderate —> shivering stops and confusion increases Severe —> paradoxical undressing

WMS (Wilderness Medical Society)

- 1- Avoiding constrictive footwear and clothing
- 2- Covering the skin and scalp
- 3- Remaining active without causing exhaustion
- 4- Oxygen might be of use at high elevation
- 5- Avoiding temperature below 5F -> -15F
- 6- Avoiding moisture from of sweat and emollients
- 7- Avoiding alcohol and drug
- 8- Layering clothing
- 9- Using chemical or electronic warming device
- 10- Recognizing early signs of Frostbite

unclear speech

body temperature -90-95'F (32-35'C)

pale & dry skin —

constricted blood vessels

loss of control of body movement

> increased muscle tone

tiredness

MILD HYPOTHERMIA

memory loss, lack of judgement, inability to think

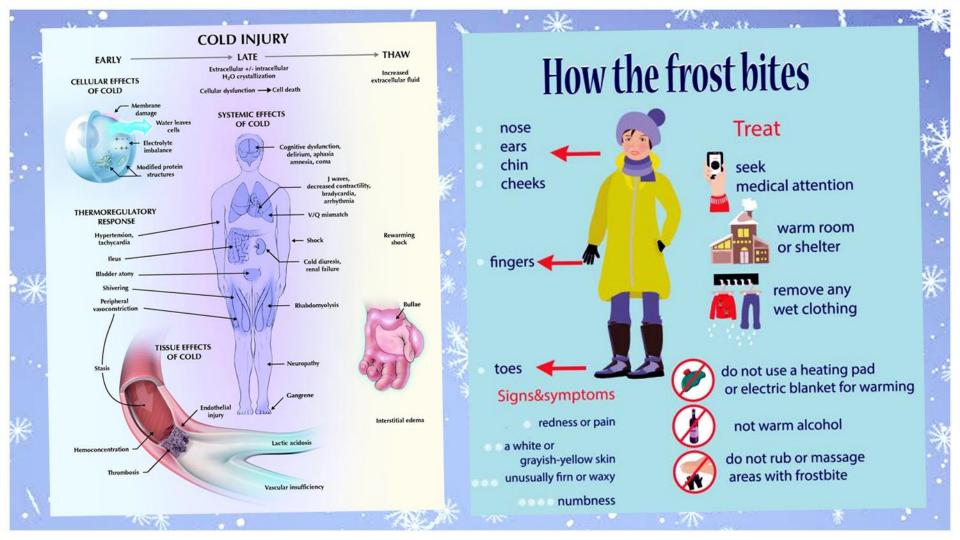
rapid breathing rate

faster heart rate

increased blood pressure

hunger / nausea

- shivering



Frostbitten

Limbs





Treat Frostbite

How to Avoid, &









Thank you all for your participation I hope that you found the presentation useful and informative.

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Hope to see you all on the slopes, for a great spring hiking adventures. Happy hiking to all. Be safe and enjoy the nature.

THAT'S IT GUYS!

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Beer time

