

# THE LANDIS SEWERAGE AUTHORITY AUDIT REPORT YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015 AND 2014



Romano, Hearing, Testa & Knorr
CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS & CONSULTANTS

# THE LANDIS SEWERAGE AUTHORITY AUDIT REPORT YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015 AND 2014

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#### Romano, Hearing, Testa & Knorr

PROFESSIONAL ASSOCIATION

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Chairman and Commissioners of The Landis Sewerage Authority Vineland, New Jersey

#### Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of The Landis Sewerage Authority as of and for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Authority's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and audit requirements as prescribed by the Division of Local Government Services, Department of Community Affairs, State of New Jersey. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit includes evaluating the appropriateness of the accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Opinions**

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of The Landis Sewerage Authority as of December 31, 2015 and 2014, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Emphasis of Matter**

#### Adoption of New Accounting Principles

As discussed in note 1 to the financial statements, during the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015, the Authority adopted new accounting guidance, Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Prior Period Restatement

Because of the implementation of GASB Statements No. 68 and No. 71, net position as of January 1, 2014 on the statement of revenues, expenses and changes in net position has been restated, as discussed in Note 17 to the financial statements. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, schedule of proportionate share of net pension liability and schedule of employer contributions, as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise The Landis Sewerage Authority's basic financial statements. The accompanying supplementary schedules as listed in the table of contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The supplementary schedules as listed in the table of contents are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary schedules as listed in the table of contents are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 19, 2016 on our consideration of The Landis Sewerage Authority's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering The Landis Sewerage Authority's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

ROMANO, HEARING, TESTA & KNORR

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Certified Public Accountants

September 19, 2016

#### Romano, Hearing, Testa & Knorr



CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS & CONSULTANTS



# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Chairman and Commissioners of The Landis Sewerage Authority Vineland, New Jersey

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and audit requirements prescribed by the Division of Local Government Services, Department of Community Affairs, State of New Jersey, the financial statements of The Landis Sewerage Authority as of and for the years ended December 31, 2015 and 2014, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise The Landis Sewerage Authority's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated September 19, 2016. Our report on the financial statements included an emphasis of matter paragraph describing the restatement of the prior period financial statements resulting from the adoption of new accounting principles.

#### Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered The Landis Sewerage Authority's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purposes of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of The Landis Sewerage internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of The Landis Sewerage Authority's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether The Landis Sewerage Authority's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and audit requirements as prescribed by the Division of Local Government Services, Department of Community Affairs, State of New Jersey.

#### Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Governmental Auditing Standards*, and the audit requirements as prescribed by the Division of Local Government Services, Department of Community Affairs, State of New Jersey, in considering The Landis Sewerage Authority's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purposes.

ROMANO, HEARING, TESTA & KNORR

Certified Public Accountants

September 19, 2016

# REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION PART I



#### MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

This section of The Landis Sewerage Authority's (the Authority) annual financial report presents the analysis of the Authority's overall financial position and results of operation for the year that ended on December 31, 2015. Please read it in conjunction with the financial statements, which follow this section.

#### **FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS**

The Authority's Net Capital Assets total \$54.72 million, which is a \$1.58 million or 2.81% decrease from 2014.

- The Authority's Total Assets are \$67.20 million, which is a \$1.42 million or 2.08% decrease from 2014.
- During the year, the Authority's operating revenues were \$10.39 million, which is a \$.172 million or 1.68% increase from 2014 and operating expenses were \$10.69 million, which is a \$.65 million or 6.4% increase from 2014.
- The Authority's Net Position decreased by \$.509 million.

During 2015, the Authority adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 (GASB 68) and GASB Statement No. 71 Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68 (GASB 71). As a result of the implementation of GASB 68 and 71, beginning unrestricted net position as of January 1, 2014 was decreased by \$8.6 million. The notes to the financial statements provide a more thorough discussion of the implementation of GASB 68 and 71 and the effects to the financial statements.

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

The Authority is a single enterprise fund. The Authority's Audit Report includes the required Basic Financial Statements, as described below, the Notes to Financial Statements, required supplementary information, which consists of this Management Discussion and Analysis and required Pension Schedules and finally, supplementary information.

#### REQUIRED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial statements report information about the Authority using accounting methods similar to those used by private sector companies. These statements offer short- and long-term financial information about its activities.

The **Statement of Net Position** includes all of the Authority's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, and deferred inflows of resources and provides information about the nature and amounts of investments in resources (assets) and the obligations to Authority creditors (liabilities). It also provides the basis for computing rate of return, evaluating the capital structure of the Authority, and assessing the liquidity and financial flexibility of the Authority.

All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the **Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position**. This statement measures the success of the Authority's operations over the past year and can be used to determine whether the Authority has successfully recovered all its costs through its wastewater treatment user fees and other charges. This statement also measures the Authority's profitability and credit worthiness. The other required financial statement is the **Statement of Cash Flows**. The primary purpose of this statement is to provide information about the Authority's cash receipts and cash payments during the reporting period. This statement reports cash receipts, cash payments, and net changes in cash resulting from operations, investing and financing activities, and provides answers to such questions as "where did cash come from, what was cash used for, and what was the change in cash balance during the reporting period?"

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE AUTHORITY AS A WHOLE

One of the most important questions asked about the Authority's finances is "Is the Authority, as a whole, better off or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position report information about the Authority's activities in a way that will help answer this question. These two statements report the net position of the Authority, and changes in net position. You can think of the Authority's net position – the difference between assets and liabilities – as one way to measure financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the Authority's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. However, you will need to also consider other non-financial factors such as changes in economic conditions, customer growth, and legislative mandates.

The analysis below focuses on the Authority's net position (Table 1) and changes in net position (Table 2) during the year.

Table 1
Net Position
(Dollars in Thousands)

				2014				2015 - Increase (E	
		2015		(Restated)		2013*		\$	%
Current Assets Noncurrent Assets	\$_	9,701 57,495	\$	9,342 59,283	\$	8,237 59,788	\$	359 (1,788)	3.84 (3.02)
Total Assets	_	67,196		68,625		68,025	-	(1,429)	2.08
Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	1,571	-	597		138	· -	974	163.15
Current Liabilities: Payable from Unrestricted Assets Payable From Restricted Assets Long-Term Liabilities Total Liabilities		779 1,395 13,770 15,943		822 1,420 13,298 15,540	· -	560 1,405 5,834 7,799		(43) (25) 472 403	(5.25) (1.76) 3.55 2.60
Deferred Inflows of Resources		4,611		4,960		4,349		(349)	(7.03)
Investment in Capital Assets Restricted Net Position:		51,382		52,039		51,228		(657)	(1.26)
Debt Service		568		531		542		37	6.97
Operating		1,393		1,348		1,357		45	3.34
Renewal & Replacement		500		600		600		(100)	(16.67)
Unrestricted		(5,630)		(5,796)		2,288	_	166	(2.86)
Total Net Position	\$_	48,213	\$	48,722	\$	56,015	\$_	(509)	(1.05)

<sup>\*2013</sup> has not been restated to comply with GASB 68. See Note 17.

Table 2
Statement of Revenues,
and Changes in Net
Position Expenses
(Dollars in Thousands)

			2014				2015 - Increase(D	_ • · ·
		2015	Restated	_	2013*	-	\$	% <u> </u>
Operating Revenues:								
User Charges & Fees	\$	10,098	\$ 9,910	\$	9,523	\$	188	1.90
Connection Fees		118	188 124		154 122		(70)	(37.23)
Other Operating Nonoperating Revenues		177 57	124		191		53 (139)	42.74 (70.92)
Total Revenues	•	10,450	10,418	-	9,990	-	3.0	.31
Operating Expenses:								
Cost of Providing Services		6,583	6,099		6,168		484	7.94
Administrative and General		1,958	1,820		1,793		138	7.57
Depreciation		2,148	2,125		2,101		23	1.10
Non-Operating Expense: Interest		330	388		441		(58)	(15.02)
Appropriation to COV		000	50		435		50	(100)
Other				_	240	_		, ,
Total Expenses		11,019	10,482	_	11,178	-	53.7	5.12
Loss Before Capital Contributions		(569)	(64)		(1,188)		(505)	787.05
Capital Contributions	,	60	1,323	_	498	-	(1,263)	(95.47)
Change in Net Position	,	(509)	1,259	_	(690)	-	(1,768)	(140.46)
Total Net Position-Beginning		48,722	56,015		57,705		(7,293)	(13.02)
Cumulative Effect of Change In Accounting Principle			(8,552)	_		-	8,552	(100.00)
Total Net Position-Beginning (As Restated)	,	48,722	47,463	=	56,705	-	1,258	2.65
Total Ending Net Position	\$	48,213	\$ 48,722	\$_	56,015	\$	(509)	(1.05)

<sup>\*2013</sup> has not been restated to comply with GASB 68. See Note 17.

#### **REVENUES**

The Authority's total revenues are approximately \$10.45 million for the year ended December 31, 2015. User Charges & Fees were \$10.1 million accounting for 97% of total revenue. Operating expenses include cost of providing services, which totaled \$6.6 million and administrative and general of \$1.9 million.

#### CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

#### **Capital Assets**

At the end of December 2015 the Authority had \$54.72 million invested in a broad range of capital assets. More detailed information about capital assets can be found in Note 5 to the financial statements. Total depreciation expense for the year was \$2.15 million.

The following tables summarize the Authority's capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, and changes therein, for the year ended December 31, 2015.

Table 3
Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation (Dollars in Thousands)

							2015-	2014
							Increase(I	Decrease)
	_	2015		2014	-	2013	 \$	%
Land	\$	1,984	\$	1,971	\$	1,937	\$ 13	.66
Treatment Plant and								
Pumping Stations		26,294		27,563		28,451	(1,269)	(4.60)
Mains & Accessories		23,193		23,570		22,562	(377)	(1.60)
Machinery & Equipment		3,026		3,072		3,195	(46)	(1.50)
Office Furniture & Fixtures		20		16		13	4	25.0
Construction in Progress	_	202	_	108	_	191	94	87.04
	\$	54,719	\$	56,300	\$	56,349	\$ (1,581)	(2.81)

This year's additions (in thousands) include:

Land Improvements	\$ 13
Treatment Plant and Pumping Stations	102
Mains & Accessories	107
Machinery and Equipment	74
Construction in Progress	168
Office Furniture & Fixtures	10

The Authority's FY 2016 capital budget plans for investing another \$2.736 million in capital projects, including the following (in thousands):

Collection	\$ 1,531
Truck, Vehicles	70
Pump Stations	142
Communication/Safety	25
Plant & Process Equipment	778
Office Equipment	35
Lab Equipment	20
Farm Equipment	135
TOTAL	\$ 2,736

The Authority plans on funding those capital projects using a combination of existing cash and year 2016 revenue and borrowing.

#### **Debt Administration**

At December 31, 2015, the outstanding balance of the Series 1993 Bonds consists of Term Bonds in the amount of \$4,500,000 that mature in various amounts through the year 2019 with interest rates of 5.65%. More detailed information about long-term liabilities can be found in Note 7 to the financial statements.

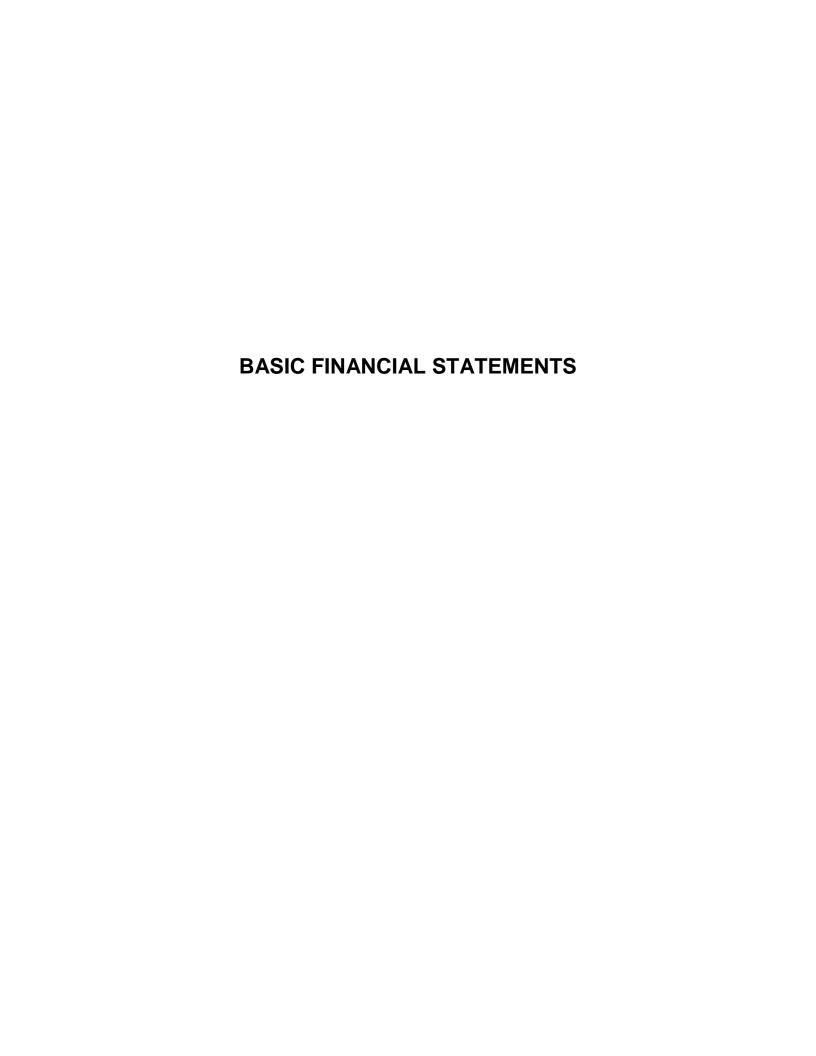
#### **NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND RATES**

The 2016 adopted budget did not include a rate increase.

#### CONTACTING THE AUTHORITY'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide the Authority's customers, investors and creditors with a general overview of the Authority's finances and to demonstrate the Authority's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report, or need additional financial information, contact the Authority's Executive Director at The Landis Sewerage Authority, 1776 South Mill Road, Vineland, NJ.

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#### THE LANDIS SEWERAGE AUTHORITY STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2015 AND 2014

		2015	(F	2014 Res <i>tated)</i>
ASSETS				
CURRENT ASSETS - UNRESTRICTED:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	884,809	\$	904,644
Accounts Receivable	•	1,293,374	•	1,530,607
Grant Receivables		,,-		124,660
Other Receivables		14,642		8,181
Due from Restricted Assets		1,268		18,253
Prepaid Expenses		96,280		115,273
Inventory		399,701		352,336
Total Current Assets - Unrestricted		2,690,074		3,053,954
CURRENT ASSETS - RESTRICTED:				
Accounts Required by the Authority's Bond Resolution:		0.040.074		0.004.000
Cash and Cash Equivalents		6,840,971		6,061,669
Interest Receivable Other Accounts:		40,566		41,641
		120 122		101 271
Cash and Cash Equivalents		129,133		184,274
Total Current Assets - Restricted		7,010,670		6,287,584
NONCURRENT ASSETS:				
Accounts Required by the Authority's Bond Resolution:				
Investments		2,775,535		2,983,177
Capital Assets, Net		54,719,248		56,299,896
				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Total Noncurrent Assets		57,494,783		59,283,073
TOTAL ASSETS		67,195,527		68,624,611
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:				
Deferred Loss on Defeasance of Debt		65,225		99,600
Deferred Amount Relating to Pensions		1,505,976		497,007
<b>3</b>		, ,		
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		1,571,201		596,607

(Continued)

#### THE LANDIS SEWERAGE AUTHORITY STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION DECEMBER 31, 2015 AND 2014

	2015	2014 (Restated)
LIABILITIES AND NET POSITION		
CURRENT LIABILITIES PAYABLE FROM UNRESTRICTED ASSETS:		
Accounts Payable - Operations	\$ 278,735	\$ 324,839
Accrued Liabilities	500,338	497,428
Sewer Rent Overpayments	113	113
Total Current Liabilities Payable From Unrestricted Assets	779,186	822,380
CURRENT LIABILITIES PAYABLE FROM RESTRICTED ASSETS:		
Accounts Payable - Construction	78,411	46,456
Contracts Payable - Construction	89,397	46,140
Retainage Payable - Construction	2,000	2,000
Due to Unrestricted Assets	1,268	18,253
Revenue Bonds Payable - Current Portion	1,000,000	1,000,000
Accrued Interest Payable - Bonds	5,573	22,987
Escrow - 1989 Sewer Bond	1,444	1,444
Escrow - Developers	105,766	164,479
Due to Developers	110,834	117,874
Total Current Liabilities Payable From Restricted Assets	1,394,693	1,419,633
LONG-TERM LIABILITIES:		
Accrued Liability Pension - Non-Current Portion	186,523	186,523
Revenue Bonds Payable - Non-Current Portion	3,497,362	4,495,973
Accrued Compensated Absences	345,240	340,645
Net Pension Liability	9,740,378	8,274,531
Total Long-Term Liabilities	13,769,503	13,297,672
TOTAL LIABILITIES	15,943,382	15,539,685
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
Deferred User Charge Revenue	3,219,121	3,322,547
Deferred Connection Fees Revenue	1,107,354	1,144,066
Deferred Amount Relating to Pensions	284,356	493,117
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	4,610,831	4,959,730
NET POSITION (DEFICIT):		
Net Investment in Capital Assets	51,382,105	52,039,354
Restricted:	0.,002,.00	02,000,00
Debt Service	567,568	531,035
Operating	1,393,170	1,347,500
Renewal and Replacement	500,000	600,000
Unrestricted	(5,630,328)	(5,796,086)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 48,212,515	\$ 48,721,803

### THE LANDIS SEWERAGE AUTHORITY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGE IN NET POSITION YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015 AND 2014

	2015	(	2014 (Restated)
OPERATING REVENUE: User Charges and Fees Connection Fees	\$ 10,098,336 118,222	\$	9,910,502 187,589
Other	 176,750		123,711
Total Operating Revenue	 10,393,308		10,221,802
OPERATING EXPENSES:	0.500.005		
Cost of Providing Services Administrative and General	6,582,635 1,957,798		6,098,624 1,820,005
Depreciation	 2,148,848		2,125,429
Total Operating Expenses	 10,689,281		10,044,058
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)	 (295,973)		177,744
NON-OPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSES):			
Miscellaneous Income	9,718		7,234
Interest Income Interest Expense	137,308 (329,888)		148,045 (388,205)
Appropriation to City of Vineland	(323,000)		(50,000)
Increase (Decrease) in Fair Value of Investments Gain on Disposal of Capital Asset	 (97,136) 6,683		41,004
Total Non-Operating Revenue (Expenses)	 (273,315)		(241,922)
LOSS BEFORE CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	(569,288)		(64,178)
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS	 60,000		1,323,064
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	(509,288)		1,258,886
TOTAL NET POSITION- BEGINNING	48,721,803		56,015,273
CUMULATIVE EFFECT OF CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE			(8,552,356)
TOTAL NET POSITION- BEGINNING (AS RESTATED)	48,721,803		47,462,917
TOTAL NET POSITION- ENDING	\$ 48,212,515	\$	48,721,803

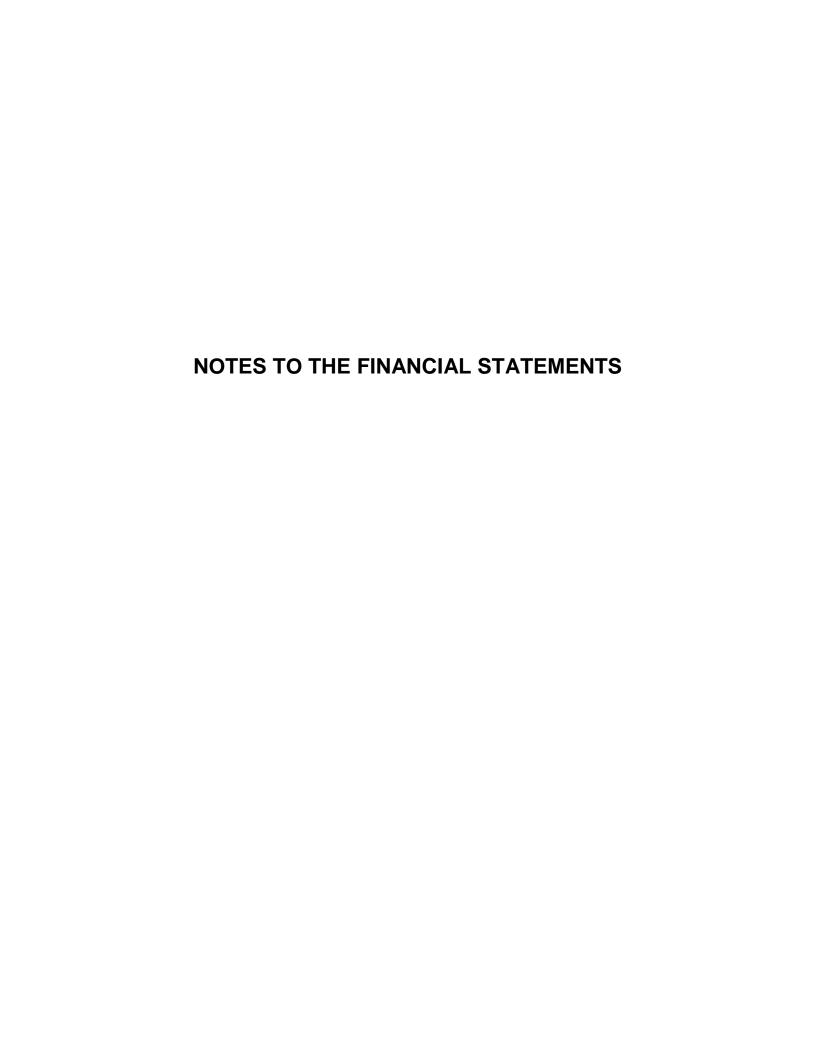
# THE LANDIS SEWERAGE AUTHORITY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015 AND 2014

	2015	2014 (Restated)
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES:	·	
Cash Received from Customers and Users	\$ 10,356,305	\$ 9,879,643
Cash Payments to Suppliers for Goods and Services	(2,762,882)	(2,304,126)
Cash Payments for Employee Services	(5,657,470)	(5,437,467)
Other Operating Receipts (Payments)	41,107	158,472
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	1,977,060	2,296,522
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Grant Funds Received - Net of Capital Contributions	124,660	
Other Non-Operating Revenue and Expenses	2,484	(42,766)
Net Cash Provided by (Used) in Non-Capital Financing Activities	127,144	(42,766)
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES:		
Acquisition and Construction of Capital Assets	(338,516)	(1,932,900)
Principal Paid on Bonds	(1,000,000)	(900,000)
Interest Paid on Bonds	(311,538)	(336,987)
Decrease in Escrow Accounts	(58,713)	(11,025)
Capital Contributions	60,000	1,208,612
Net Cash Used in Capital and Related Financing Activities	(1,648,767)	(1,972,300)
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES:		
Proceeds from Sale and Maturities of Investments	110,506	496,920
Interest Received on Investments	138,383	152,907
Net Cash Provided by Investing Activities	248,889	649,827
NET INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	704,326	931,283
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	7,150,587	6,219,304
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT END OF YEAR	\$ 7,854,913	\$ 7,150,587

(Continued)

#### THE LANDIS SEWERAGE AUTHORITY STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) YEARS ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015 AND 2014

	2015	2014 (Restated)
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING INCOME (LOSS) TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY OPERATING ACTIVITIES:		
Operating Income (Loss)	\$ (295,973)	\$ 177,744
Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities: Depreciation Increase (Decrease) in Cash Resulting From Changes in: Accounts Receivable Grant and Other Receivables Prepaid Expenses Inventories Accounts Payable - Operations Accrued Liabilities Due to Developers Deferred User Charge Revenue Deferred Connection Fees Accrued Compensated Absences	2,148,848 237,233 118,199 18,993 (47,365) (46,217) (14,075) (7,040) (103,426) (36,712) 4,595	2,125,429 (180,869) (92,653) 21,886 (64,010) 64,234 133,208 (8,325) 113,240 5,801 837
Total Adjustments	2,273,033	2,118,778
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities	\$ 1,977,060	\$ 2,296,522
RECONCILIATION OF CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION:		
Cash and Cash Equivalents - Unrestricted Cash and Cash Equivalents - Restricted Accounts Required	\$ 884,809	\$ 904,644
by Authority's Bond Resolutions  Cash and Cash Equivalents - Other Restricted Accounts	6,840,971 129,133	6,061,669 184,274
Sastrana Sastra Equivalente Satisf Nosalista / 1000anto	\$ 7,854,913	\$ 7,150,587



#### NOTE 1 GENERAL

The Landis Sewerage Authority, a public body corporate and politic organized and existing under the laws of the State of New Jersey, owns and operates certain sewerage collection, transmission, treatment and disposal facilities and is presently responsible for providing sanitary sewerage service to the City of Vineland and to neighboring areas. The Authority bills and collects its revenue from the users of the system.

The Authority was established on July 15, 1946, by an ordinance of the Township Committee of the former Landis Township, now part of the City of Vineland pursuant to the Act. The Authority has been in continuous existence since it was established.

As a public body, under existing statute the Authority is exempt from both federal and state taxes.

#### NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following is a summary of the more significant accounting policies:

#### A. Financial Reporting Entity

The commissioners of the Authority are appointed by the City Council of the City of Vineland and therefore, the Authority is a related organization of the City as defined by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 14, as amended by GASB Statement No. 34 and GASB Statement No.61, but not a component unit of the City. The Authority does not have any component units for which it is accountable.

#### B. Basis of Presentation

The accounts of the Authority are an enterprise fund. An enterprise fund is a Proprietary type fund used to account for operations (a) that are financed and operated in a manner similar to private business enterprises- where the intent of the governing body is that the costs (expenses, including depreciation) of providing goods or services to the general public on a continuing basis be financed or recovered primarily through user charges; or (b) where the governing body has decided that periodic determination of revenues earned, expenses incurred, and/or the change in net position is appropriate for capital maintenance, public policy, management control, accountability, or other purposes.

#### C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The accompanying financial statements are reported using the "economic resources measurement focus," and the "accrual basis of accounting." Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations.

#### NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

### C. <u>Measurement Focus</u>, <u>Basis of Accounting</u>, <u>and Financial Statement Presentation</u> (Continued)

The principal operating revenues of the Authority are user charges and fees for sewerage treatment. The Authority also recognizes income from the sale of crops raised in its farm operations, lab testing fees, connection fees and receiving station income as operating revenue. Operating expenses include cost of providing services, administrative and general expenses, and depreciation. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the Authority's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### D. <u>Budgets and Budgetary Accounting</u>

The Authority must adopt an annual budget in accordance with N.J.A.C. 5:31-2. The budget must be introduced by the governing body at least 60 days prior to end of the current fiscal year, and adopted no later than the beginning of the Authority's fiscal year. The budget is adopted on the accrual basis of accounting with provision for cash payments for bond principal. Depreciation and amortization expense are not included as budget appropriations. The Authority may make budget transfers and amendments at any time, which must be approved by resolution of the Authority and by the State of New Jersey Division of Local Government Services if the legal level line items are affected. Detailed line item transfers not affecting the legal level line items may be made by management at any time. There are no statutory provisions that budgetary line items not be over-expended.

#### E. Grants

Contributions received from various sources as grants are recorded in the period earned. Developer financed construction is recorded in the period in which applicable construction costs are incurred. Donated assets are recorded at fair market value at the date of the gift. Grants not externally restricted and utilized to finance operations are identified as non-operating revenue.

Grants externally restricted for non-operating purposes are recorded as capital contributions.

#### F. Accounts Receivable

The Authority has provided for doubtful accounts by the allowance method. The allowance for doubtful accounts is based upon management's estimate of potentially uncollectible accounts.

#### G. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which consist of property, plant and equipment, are stated at cost which includes direct construction costs and other expenditures related to construction.

#### NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### G. Capital Assets (Continued)

Capital assets are defined by the Authority as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$1,000 or more and an estimated useful life in excess of one year.

System construction costs are charged to construction in progress until such time as given segments of the system are completed and put into operation. Construction in progress is stated at cost, which includes interest expense incurred during construction.

The Authority reduces the capitalized project costs by the amount of interest earned from the investment of project funds and amortization of the premium received in connection with the issuance of debt; which has the effect of reducing the cost of borrowing.

Plant and equipment is depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Treatment plant and pumping stations

Sewer mains, improvements and accessories

Machinery and equipment

Office furniture

Vehicles

40 years
75 years
5 - 15 years
5 - 10 years
5 years

#### H. Restricted and Unrestricted Accounts

In accordance with the 1993 Bond Resolution, the Authority has established the following cash and investment accounts for the deposit, in the priority of the order listed, of all revenue received by the Authority:

<u>Account</u>	<u>Amount</u>	Use for Which Restricted if any
Revenue Fund	All revenue received by the Authority.	As of the first business day of each month transfers to the various accounts described below.
Operating Fund	An amount equal to the amount necessary to provide for the payment of operating expenses for a two month period.	Payment of operating expenses.
Bond Service Fund	An amount equal to a daily accrual of interest and principal based upon a computation detailed in the resolution.	Principal and interest on the bonds.
Sinking Fund	An amount equal to all prior Sinking Fund installments then due and unpaid plus an accrual based upon a computation detailed in the resolution.	Purchase or redemption of certain term bonds in the manner described in the resolution.

Use for Which

#### NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### H. Restricted and Unrestricted Accounts (Continued)

<u>Account</u>	<u>Amount</u>	Restricted if any
Bond Reserve Fund	An amount equal to the greatest sum of maturing principal and interest on all bonds outstanding which will become due and payable during the then current or any future Bond year.	Transfers to meet minimum levels required in the Bond Service Fund. Any excess shall be transferred to the General Fund by the Trustee.
Renewal and Replacement	The amount which is reasonably necessary as a reserve for expenses for major repairs, renewals, replacements or maintenance items of a type not recurring annually or at shorter intervals.	Transfers to the Bond Service Fund, Sinking Fund or Bond Reserve Fund if needed to meet the minimum required balances in those accounts. Funds also may by used for reason- able and necessary expenses with respect to the system for major repairs, replacements or maintenance items of a type not recurring annually or at shorter intervals.
General Fund	Any amounts in excess of minimum requirements in the above accounts.	Transfers into the above funds if needed to meet the minimum required balances in those accounts. When certain additional requirements are met, the Trustee may pay to the Authority any amount in excess of the required amount, which will be free and clear of any lien or pledge created by the resolution.
Construction Fund	Any moneys received by the Authority from any source for payment of costs related to the construction, acquisition or restoration of the system.	Costs related to the construction, acquisition or restoration of the system.
Rebate Fund	Amounts subject to rebate to the United States Government pursuant to the provisions of the Internal Revenue Code.	Rebates of Arbitrage Earnings to the United States Government.

#### NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### H. Restricted and Unrestricted Accounts (Continued)

In addition to the above, the Authority has also established the following restricted accounts:

Engineer Developer Custodian Account and Developer Escrow Accounts for deposits by developers for costs to be incurred by the Authority on their behalf.

1989 Bond Escrow Surplus Account for transfers from the escrow agent of amounts deemed to be in excess of the amounts needed to refund the defeased bonds of the Authority.

#### I. Bond Discounts

Bond discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the interest method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond discount.

#### J. Deferred Amount on Refunding

The deferred amount on refunding is recorded as a deferred outflow of resources. It is amortized over the shorter of the remaining life of the old debt or new debt based upon the interest method as a component of interest expense.

#### K. <u>Inventory</u>

Inventory consists principally of chemicals, fuels, materials and supplies used in the treatment process and farm operation and are stated at cost determined on a first-in, first-out basis.

#### L. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include petty cash, change funds, cash in banks and all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less at the time of purchase. Investments are stated at fair value.

New Jersey governmental units are required by N.J.S.A. 40A:5-14 to adopt a cash management plan and to deposit and/or invest its funds pursuant to that plan. The governing body of the Authority has adopted a cash management plan ("the plan") and, as required, approves the plan annually. The plan includes the designation of the public depositories to be utilized by the Authority to deposit public funds.

Eligible depositories are defined in section 1 of P.L. 1970, c.236 (C. 17.9-41) and are limited to banks or trust companies having their place of business in the State of New Jersey and organized under the laws of the United States or of the State of New Jersey or with the New Jersey Cash Management Fund. N.J.S.A. 40A:5-15.1 provides a list of investments which may be purchased by New Jersey governments and their component units.

#### NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### L. Cash and Cash Equivalents (Continued)

N.J.S.A. 17:9-41 et. seq., which establishes the requirements for the security of deposits of governmental units, requires that governmental units shall deposit public funds in public depositories protected from loss under the provisions of the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act (GUDPA). GUDPA was enacted in 1970 to protect governmental units from a loss of funds on deposit with a failed banking institution in New Jersey. Public depositories include state or federally chartered banks, savings banks or associations located in the State of New Jersey or state or federally chartered banks, savings banks or associations located in another state with a branch office in the State of New Jersey, the deposits of which are federally insured. All public depositories must pledge collateral, having a market value of at least five percent (5%) of the average daily balance of collected public funds, to secure the deposits of Governmental Units. If a public depository fails, the collateral it has pledged, plus the collateral of all other public depositories, is available to pay the full amount of their deposits to the governmental units.

The cash management plan adopted by the Landis Sewerage Authority requires it to deposit funds in public depositories protected from loss under the provisions of GUDPA.

#### M. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions. The estimates and assumptions affect the amounts reported in the financial statements. The actual results may differ from these estimates.

#### N. Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employees' Retirement System ("PERS") and additions to/deductions from PERS's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the plans. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

#### O. Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources

The Schedule of Net Position reports separate sections for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Deferred outflows of resources, reported after Total Assets, represents a reduction of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) at that time. Deferred inflows of resources, reported after Total Liabilities, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) at that time.

Transactions are classified as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflow of resources only when specifically prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) standards.

#### NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### O. Deferred Outflows and Deferred Inflows of Resources (Continued)

The Authority is required to report the following as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources:

**Defined Benefit Pension Plans** – The difference between expected (actuarial) and actual experience, changes in actuarial assumptions, net difference between projected (actuarial) and actual earnings on pension plan investments, changes in the Authority's proportion of expenses and liabilities to the pension as a whole, differences between the Authority's pension contribution and its proportionate share of contributions, and the Authority's pension contributions subsequent to the pension valuation measurement date.

#### P. Subsequent Events

Management has evaluated subsequent events through September 19, 2016, the date the financial statements were available for issue.

#### Q. Adoption of Accounting Pronouncements

The Authority adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27* (GASB 68). GASB 68 addresses accounting and financial reporting for pensions that are provided to the employees of state and local governmental employers. This statement establishes standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expenses related to pensions. Note disclosures and required supplementary information requirements about pensions are also addressed.

The Authority also adopted GASB Statement No. 71 Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68 (GASB 71). GASB 71 amends paragraph 137 of GASB 68 to require that, at transition, a government recognize a beginning deferred outflow or resources for its pension contributions, if any, made subsequent to the measurement date of the beginning net pension liability.

The provisions of GASB Statements No. 68 and No. 71 have been applied to the beginning of the 2014 net position and the 2014 financial statements have been restated. As a result of the implementation of GASB 68 and 71, beginning unrestricted net position as of January 1, 2014, was decreased by \$8,552,356. See Note 17 for a reconciliation of the 2014 amounts as previously reported to the total restated amounts.

#### R. Recent Accounting Pronouncements not Yet Effective

In February 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application (GASB 72). The statement addresses accounting and financial reporting issues related to fair value measurements of assets and liabilities. GASB 72 identifies various approaches to measuring fair value and levels of inputs based on the objectivity of the data used to measure fair value. GASB 72 will be effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2015. Management is evaluating the impact of this new statement.

#### NOTE 2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### R. Recent Accounting Pronouncements not Yet Effective (Continued)

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 73, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions and Related Assets That Are Not Within the Scope of GASB Statement 68, and Amendments to Certain Provisions of GASB Statements 67 and 68 (GASB 73). This statement establishes requirements for defined benefit pensions and defined contribution pensions that are not within the scope of GASB 68 and amends certain provisions of GASB Statement No. 67, Financial Reporting for Pension Plans, and GASB 68. GASB 73 will be effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2016. Management is evaluating the impact of this new statement.

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 74, Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans. The objective of this statement is to improve the usefulness of information about postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB) included in the general purpose external financial reports of state and local governmental OPEB plans for making decisions and assessing accountability. GASB 74 will be effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2016. Management does not expect this statement will have an impact on the financial statements.

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (GASB 75). This statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for other postemployment benefits (OPEB) that are provided to the employees of state and local governmental employers. GASB 75 establishes standards for recognizing and measuring liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expenses related to OPEB in the basic financial statements, in addition to requiring more extensive note disclosures and required supplementary information. GASB 75 will be effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2017. Management is evaluating the impact of this new statement.

In June 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 76, *The Hierarchy of Generally Accepted Accounting Principles for State and Local Governments*. The objective of this statement is to identify, in the context of the current governmental financial reporting environment, the hierarchy of generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The "GAAP hierarchy" consists of the sources of accounting principles used to prepare financial statements of state and local governmental entities in conformity with GAAP and the framework for selecting those principles. This statement reduces GAAP hierarchy to two categories of authoritative GAAP and addresses the use of authoritative and nonauthoritative literature in the event that the accounting treatment for a transaction or other event is not specified within a source of authoritative GAAP. GASB 76 will be effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2015. Management is evaluating the impact of this new statement.

In December 2015, the GASB issued Statement No. 78, *Pensions Provided through Certain Multiple-Employer Defined Benefit Pension Plans*, This statement establishes the criteria for identifying the applicable pension plans and addresses measurement and recognition of pension liabilities, expense, and expenditures; note disclosures of descriptive information about the plan, benefit terms, and contribution terms; and required supplementary information presenting required contribution amounts for the past 10 fiscal years. GASB 78 will be effective for periods beginning after December 15, 2015. Management is evaluating the impact of this new statement.

#### NOTE 3 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

At December 31, 2015 the carrying amount and bank balance of the Authority's time and demand deposits were \$4,288,086 and \$4,311,612, respectively. All of the time and demand deposits were covered by either federal deposit insurance or by the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act (GUDPA).

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u> – Custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of a bank failure, the Authority's deposits may not be returned to it. Although the Authority does not have a formal policy regarding custodial credit risk, as described in Note 2, N.J.S.A. 17:9-41 et seq. requires that governmental units shall deposit public funds in public depositories protected from loss under the provisions of the Governmental Unit Deposit Protection Act. Under the Act, the first \$250,000 of governmental deposits in each insured depository is protected by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC). The Authority's public funds in excess of the FDIC insured amounts are protected by GUDPA. As of December 31, 2015, \$250,000 of the Authority's bank balance of \$4,311,612 was insured and \$4,061,612 was uninsured and collateralized.

At December 31, 2015 the Authority had \$3,566,827 invested in the New Jersey Cash Management Fund ("the Fund") which is not covered by either federal deposit insurance or by GUDPA. The Fund is governed by regulations of the State Investment Council, who prescribe standards designed to insure the quality of investments in order to minimize risk to the Funds participants. Deposits with the New Jersey Cash Management Fund are not subject to custodial credit risk as defined above.

#### NOTE 4 <u>INVESTMENTS</u>

<u>Custodial Credit Risk</u> – For an investment, custodial credit risk is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty, the Authority will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. Investment securities are exposed to custodial credit risk if the securities are uninsured, are not registered in the name of the Authority, and are held by either the counterparty or the counterparty's trust department or agent but not in the Authority's name. All of the Authority's \$2,775,535 investments are held in the name of the counterparty, as trustee for the Authority, not in the name of the Authority.

<u>Interest Rate Risk</u>- Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. The Authority does not have a formal policy that limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

<u>Credit Risk</u> – Credit risk is the risk that an issuer or counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. N.J.S.A. 40A:5-15.1 limits the investments that the Authority may purchase in order to limit the exposure of governmental units to credit risk. The Authority's Cash Management Plan also limits its investment choices to those permitted by N.J.S.A. 40A:5-15.1.

<u>Concentration of Credit Risk</u> – The Authority does not place a limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer.

#### NOTE 4 INVESTMENTS (CONTINUED)

As of December 31, 2015, the Authority had the following investments and maturities:

	Total Fair
Quality/Rating	Value
AA	\$ 222,154
Aaa	321,222
Aa2	1,068,165
A3	910,719
Baa1	 253,275
	\$ 2,775,535

			_	Maturities (in Years)				
		Total Fair Value	. <u>-</u>	Less than 1	1-5 6-10			6-10
Total Investments								
	\$_	2,775,535	\$	-	\$	2,553,381	\$_	222,154

As of December 31, 2014, the Authority had the following investments and maturities:

	Quality/Rating  AA  Aaa  Aa2  A2  A3	Total Fair Value  \$ 334,719
		Maturities (in Years)
Total Investments	Total Fair Value	Less than 1 1-5 6-10
. otal ilit ootilloilto	\$2,983,177	\$ \$_ 2,648,458_ \$_ 334,719

#### NOTE 5 PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2015 was as follows:

	Balance January 1, 2015	Additions	Reductions	Balance December 31, 2015
Non-Depreciable Capital Assets:				
Land	\$ 1,970,917	\$ 13,361	\$	\$ 1,984,278
Construction in Progress	107,725	168,154	73,681	202,198
Total Non-Depreciable				
Capital Assets	2,078,642	181,515	73,681	2,186,476
Depreciable Capital Assets:				
Treatment Plant and	E0 227 277	101 600		E0 220 406
Pumping Stations Mains and Accessories	59,237,877	101,609 106,564		59,339,486
Machinery and Equipment	34,032,813 13,264,495	74,033		34,139,377 13,338,528
Office Furniture and Fixtures	452,640	9,941		462,581
Office Fulfillule and Fixtures	432,040	3,941		402,301
Total Depreciable Capital				
Assets	106,987,825	292,147		107,279,972
Less Accumulated				
Depreciation for:				
Treatment Plant and				
Pumping Stations	31,675,077	1,370,896		33,045,973
Mains and Accessories	10,463,267	483,103		10,946,370
Machinery and Equipment	10,192,112	120,501		10,312,613
Office Furniture and Fixtures	436,115	6,129		442,244
Total Accumulated Depreciation	52,766,571	1,980,629		54,747,200
Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	54,221,254	(1,688,482)		52,532,772
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$ 56,299,896	\$ (1,506,967)	\$ 73,681	\$ 54,719,248

#### NOTE 7 PENSIONS

Substantially all of the Authority's employees participate in the Public Employees' Retirement System (the System) which is administered and/or regulated by the New Jersey Division of Pensions and Benefits. The System's Board of Trustees is primarily responsible for the administration of the System.

The State of New Jersey, Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS) is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the State of New Jersey, Division of Pensions and Benefits (the Division). For additional information about PERS, please refer to Division's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) which can be found at:

State of New Jersey
Division of Pensions and Benefits
P.O. Box 295
Trenton, New Jersey 08625-0295
http://www.state.nj.us/treasury/pensions

#### NOTE 7 PENSIONS (CONTINUED)

The vesting and benefit provisions are set by N.J.S.A. 43:15A. PERS provides retirement, death and disability benefits. All benefits vest after ten years of service, except for medical benefits, which vest after 25 years of service or under the disability provisions of PERS. The following represents the membership tiers for PERS:

#### Tier Definition

- 1 Members who were enrolled prior to July 1, 2007
- 2 Members who were eligible to enroll on or after July 1, 2007 and prior to November 2, 2008
- 3 Members who were eligible to enroll on or after November 2, 2008 and prior to May 22, 2010
- 4 Members who were eligible to enroll on or after May 22, 2010 and prior to June 28, 2011
- 5 Members who were eligible to enroll on or after June 28, 2011

Service retirement benefits of 1/55th of final average salary for each year of service credit is available to tiers 1 and 2 members upon reaching age 60 and to tier 3 members upon reaching age 62. Service retirement benefits of 1/60th of final average salary for each year of service credit is available to tier 4 members upon reaching age 62 and tier 5 members upon reaching age 65. Early retirement benefits are available to tiers 1 and 2 members before reaching age 60, tiers 3 and 4 before age 62 with 25 or more years of service credit and tier 5 with 30 or more years of service credit before age 65. Benefits are reduced by a fraction of a percent for each month that a member retires prior to the age at which a member can receive full early retirement benefits in accordance with their respective tier. Tier 1 members can receive an unreduced benefit from age 55 to age 60 if they have at least 25 years of service. Deferred retirement is available to members who have at least 10 years of service credit and have not reached the service retirement age for the respective tier.

The contribution policy for PERS is set by N.J.S.A. 15A and requires contributions by active members and contributing employers. State legislation has modified the amount that is contributed by the State. The State's pension contribution is based on an actuarially determined amount which includes the employer portion of the normal cost and an amortization of the unfunded accrued liability. Funding for noncontributory group insurance benefits is based on actual claims paid. For fiscal year 2015 and 2014, the State's pension contribution was less than the actuarial determined amount. The local employers' contribution amounts are based on an actuarially determined rate which includes the normal cost and unfunded accrued liability. Chapter 19, P.L. 2009 provided an option for local employers of PERS to contribute 50% of the normal and accrued liability contribution amounts certified for payments due in State fiscal year 2009. Such employers will be credited with the full payment and any such amounts will not be included in their unfunded liability. The actuaries will determine the unfunded liability of those retirement systems, by employer, for the reduced normal and accrued liability contributions provided under this law. This unfunded liability will be paid by the employer in level annual payments over a period of 15 years beginning with the payments due in the fiscal year ended June 30, 2012 and will be adjusted by the rate of return on the actuarial value of assets.

#### NOTE 7 PENSIONS (CONTINUED)

Covered Authority employees are required to contribute a percentage of their salary toward their pension benefits. P.L. 2011, c78, effective June 28, 2011, increased the active member contribution rate from 5.5% of annual compensation to 6.5% plus an additional 1% phased-in over 7 years beginning in July 2012. Employee contributions were \$219,734, \$204,490 and \$203,050 for the years ended December 31, 2015, 2014, and 2013, respectively. The payroll subject to pension for the Authority's employees covered by PERS was \$3,126,640, \$2,940,410 and \$3,026,210 for the years ended December 31, 2015, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

The Authority is required by statute to contribute to the employee's pension benefits based on an annual actuarial calculation. The valuation is a determination of the financial condition of the retirement system. The Authority's required annual contributions to the PERS were \$373,045, \$364,338 and \$330,654 for the years ended December 31, 2015, 2014, and 2013, respectively, and is included in the accompanying financial statements. The percentage of employer's contribution rate as a percentage of covered payroll for 2015, 2014 and 2013 was 11.93%, 12.39% and 10.93%, respectively.

At December 31, 2015, the Authority reported a liability of \$9,740,378 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2015, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of July 1, 2014. At June 30, 2015, the Authority's proportion was 0.0433908573%, which was an increase of 0.000804239% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2014.

At December 31, 2015 and 2014, respectively, the Authority reported deferred outflows and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		_	2014		
Deferred	Deferred		Deferred		Deferred
Outflows	Inflows		Outflows		Inflows
of	of		of		of
esources	Resources	-	Resources		Resources
232,371 \$	<b>.</b>	\$		\$	
,046,039			260,196		
	156,607				493,117
41,043	127,749		50,288		
186,523			186,523		
,505,976 \$	284,356	\$	497,007	\$	493,117
	esources 232,371 \$ ,046,039 41,043 186,523	Outflows of esources	Deferred Dutflows of Inflows of Resources \$ 232,371 \$ \$ ,046,039 \$ 156,607 \$ 186,523	Deferred Deferred Outflows of Pesources Pesour	Deferred Deferred Outflows of of Resources Resources \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$

#### NOTE 7 PENSIONS (CONTINUED)

The Authority will amortize the above other deferred outflow of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions over the following number of years:

	Deferred Outflow of Resources	Deferred Inflow of Resources
Differences between Expected	<u>11000011000</u>	1100001000
and Actual Experience		
Year of Pension Plan Deferral:		
June 30, 2014	-	-
June 30, 2015	5.72	-
Changes of Assumptions		
Year of Pension Plan Deferral:		
June 30, 2014	6.44	-
June 30, 2015	5.72	-
Net Difference between Projected		
and Actual Earnings on Pension Plan Investments		
Year of Pension Plan Deferral:		
June 30, 2014	_	5.00
June 30, 2015	_	5.00
3		
Changes in Proportion and Differences		
between Authority Contributions and		
Proportionate Share of Contributions		
Year of Pension Plan Deferral:	C 44	C 44
June 30, 2014	6.44 5.72	6.44 5.72
June 30, 2015	3.72	3.12

Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions in the amount of \$186,523 will be included as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended December 31, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

13
13
12
91
68
97

#### NOTE 7 PENSIONS (CONTINUED)

#### **Actuarial Assumptions**

The total pension liability for the June 30, 2015 and 2014 measurement dates were determined by actuarial valuations as of July 1, 2014 and 2013, respectively, which were rolled forward to June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively.

These actuarial valuations used the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods in the measurement.

	2015	2014
Inflation Rate	3.04%	3.01%
Salary Increases: 2012-2021	2.15% - 4.40% Based on Age	2.15% - 4.40% Based on Age
Thereafter	3.15% - 5.40% Based on Age	3.15% - 5.40% Based on Age
Investment Rate of Return	7.90%	7.90%
Mortality Rate Table	RP-2000	RP-2000
Period of Actuarial Experience:		
Study upon which Actuarial Assumptions were Based	July 1, 2008 – June 30, 2011	July 1, 2008 – June 30, 2011

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Combined Healthy Male and Female Mortality Tables (setback 1 year for males and females) for service retirement and beneficiaries of former members with adjustments for mortality improvements from the base year of 2012 based on Projection Scale AA.

In accordance with State statute, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments (7.90% at June 30, 2015 and 2014) is determined by the State Treasurer, after consultation with the Directors of the Division of Investments and Division of Pension and Benefits, the board of trustees and the actuaries.

#### NOTE 7 PENSIONS (CONTINUED)

#### **Actuarial Assumptions (Continued)**

Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of returns for each major asset class included in PERS's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2015 and 2014 are summarized in the following table:

	20	15	2014			
Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long- Term Expected Real Rate of Return	Target Allocation	Long- Term Expected Real Rate of Return		
Cash	5.00%	1.04%	6.00%	.80%		
Core Bonds	-	-	1.00%	2.49%		
U.S. Treasuries Intermediate-Term	1.75%	1.64%	-	-		
Bonds	-	-	11.20%	2.26%		
Investment Grade Credit	10.00%	1.79%	-	-		
Mortgages	2.10%	1.62%	2.50%	2.17%		
High Yield Bonds	2.00%	4.03%	5.50%	4.82%		
Inflation-Indexed Bonds	1.50%	3.25%	2.50%	3.51%		
Broad US Equities Developed Foreign	27.25%	8.52%	25.90%	8.22%		
Equities Emerging Market	12.00%	6.88%	12.70%	8.12%		
Equities	6.40%	10.00%	6.50%	9.91%		
Private Equity Hedge Funds / Absolute	9.25%	12.41%	8.25%	13.02%		
Return	12.00%	4.72%	12.25%	4.92%		
Real Estate (Property)	2.00%	6.83%	3.20%	5.80%		
Commodities	1.00%	5.32%	2.50%	5.35%		
Global Debt ex US	3.50%	-0.40%	-	-		
REIT	4.25%	5.12%		-		
	100.00%		100.00%			

#### **Discount Rate**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 4.90% and 5.39% as of June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively. This single blended discount rate was based on the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 7.90%, and a municipal bond rate of 3.80% and 4.29% as of June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, based on the Bond Buyer Go 20-Bond Municipal Bond Index which includes tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher.

#### NOTE 7 PENSIONS (CONTINUED)

#### **Discount Rate (Continued)**

The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current member contribution rates and that contributions from employers will be made based on the average of the last five years of contributions made in relation to the last five years of actuarially determined contributions. Based on those assumptions, the plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make projected future benefit payments of current plan members through 2033.

Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on plan investments was applied to projected benefit payments through 2033, and the municipal bond rate was applied to projected benefit payments after that date in determining the total pension liability.

#### Sensitivity of the Collective Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability at June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, calculated using the discount rate as disclosed above, as well as what the Authority's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1% lower or 1% higher than the current rates used:

			2015		
	At 1%		At current		At 1%
	decrease		discount rate		increase
	(3.90%)	_	(4.90%)	_	(5.90%)
Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 12,106,098	\$	9,740,378	\$	7,756,975
			2014		
	At 1%		At current		At 1%
	decrease		discount rate		increase
	(4.39%)	_	(5.39%)	_	(6.39%)
Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$ 10,409,641	\$_	8,274,531	\$_	6,481,581

#### NOTE 7 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

#### A. Bond Payable

In April 1993, the Authority issued its Sewer Revenue Bonds (Refunding Series 1993), in the principal amount of \$22,940,000. The proceeds derived from the issuance and sale of the Bonds were used to (a) advance refund the Authority's Sewer Revenue Bonds (Series 1976) then outstanding in the aggregate principal amount of \$5,200,000 and the Authority's second lien Sewer Revenue Bonds (Series 1989), then outstanding in the aggregate principal amount of \$15,855,000, (b) make a deposit into the Bond Reserve Fund established under the Resolution and (c) pay the premium for the municipal bond insurance policy and the costs and expenses incidental to the authorization, issuance and delivery of the Bonds. The outstanding balance of the Series 1993 Bonds consists of \$2,250,000 of Short-Term Auction Rate Securities – Series 1993B, and \$2,225,000 of Complimentary Auction Rate Securities – Series 1993C, which are term bonds with a maturity date of September 19, 2019, bearing interest at a combined or linked coupon rate of 5.65% per annum. The term bonds are subject to mandatory redemption in annual amounts ranging from \$1,000,000 to \$1,200,000.

#### NOTE 7 LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

#### **Compensated Absences**

Current policy allows employees who retire from the Authority via PERS to be reimbursed for fifty percent (50%) of accrued sick leave up to a maximum of \$10,000, calculated at the then current rate. Employees may carry vacation time into the subsequent year; however, the time must be used within the first 90 days of the subsequent year.

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities for the year ended December 31, 2015:

Type of Debt	Balance January 1, 201	5 Additions	Reductions	Balance December 31, 2015	Amounts Due Within One Year
Bonds Payable: Term Bonds	\$ 5,500,000	\$	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 4,500,000	\$ 1,000,000
Less: Unamortized Original Discount	(4,027)		(1,389)	(2,638)	
Total Bonds Payable	e 5,495,973		998,611	4,497,362	1,000,000
Accrued Compensat Absences	ted 340,645	<u>4,595</u>		345,240	
Accrued Liability Pension	<u>186,523</u>			186,523	
Net Pension Liability	8,274,531	1,465,847		9,740,378	
Total Long-Term Liabilities	<u>\$ 14,297,672</u>	<u>\$ 1,470,442</u>	<u>\$ 998,611</u>	<u>\$ 14,769,503</u>	\$ 1,000,000

The annual debt service requirements to maturity, including principal and interest, for term bonds payable as of December 31, 2015 are as follows:

Year Ending December 31,	Principal	Interest	Total
2016 2017 2018 2019 Total	1,000,000 1,100,000 1,200,000 1,200,000 \$ 4,500,000	268,182 189,623 130,027 71,515 \$ 659,347	1,268,182 1,289,623 1,330,027 1,271,515 \$ 5,159,347
Less: Unamortized Original Issue Discount	(2,638)	<u> </u>	Ψ 0,100,011

#### NOTE 8 COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

#### **Commitments:**

As of December 31, 2015, the Authority has entered into various commitments for construction related professional services and construction contracts in the amount of \$341,143. Costs incurred to December 31, 2015 totaled \$120,861.

#### Contingencies:

The Authority is contesting the amount of certain permit fees assessed by the New Jersey Department of Environmental Protection (NJDEP) for the years 2014 and 2015. The amounts being contested are \$75,539 for 2014 and \$17,520 for 2015 which have not been recorded in the Authority's financial statements. The ultimate resolution of this matter is unknown as of the date of the financial statements.

#### NOTE 9 AMOUNTS REQUIRED BY BOND RESOLUTION

The following cash and investment accounts are required by the 1993 Bond Resolution:

	Operating Fund	Bond Service Fund	Sinking Fund	 Bond Reserve Fund
Cash and Investments Required Amount	\$ 1,394,139 1,393,167	\$ 34,675 29,802	\$ 333,510 250,000	\$ 1,911,890 1,330,027
Excess	\$ 969	\$ 4,873	\$ 83,510	\$ 581,863

#### NOTE 10 INTEREST EXPENSE

	_	2015	2014
Interest on Bonds Amortization of Deferred Amount on Refunding	\$_	294,124 35,764	\$ 348,086 40,119
Total Interest Expense	\$_	329,888	\$ 388,205

#### NOTE 11 ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Accounts receivable consists of user charges and fees due the Authority as follows:

	 2015	 2014
Accounts Receivable Municipal Liens Receivable Interest Receivable on Due from Bank	\$ 1,152,363 21,900 119,096 15	\$ 1,381,800 21,900 126,892 15
	\$ 1,293,374	\$ 1,530,607

#### NOTE 12 RISK MANAGEMENT

The Authority is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The Authority purchases commercial insurance for risks of loss. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

#### NOTE 13 UNRESTRICTED NET POSITION

The balance of the Authority's unrestricted net position (deficit) as of December 31, 2015 and 2014 is \$(5,630,328) and \$(5,796,086), respectively is comprised of the following:

	_	2015	 2014
Amount Related to Pensions (GASB 68 and 71) Undesignated before GASB 68 and 71 Pension	\$	(9,078,326)	\$ (8,821,502)
Related Items		3,447,998	3,025,416
	\$	(5,630,328)	\$ (5,796,086)

All of the unrestricted net position as of December 31, 2015 and 2014 is undesignated.

#### NOTE 14 RESTRICTED NET POSITION

The Authority has restricted net position for the following purposes in accordance with the requirements of its Bond Resolution.

	2015	2014
Debt Service	\$ 567,568	\$ 531,035
Operating	1,393,170	1,347,500
Renewal and Replacement	500.000	600.000

#### NOTE 15 COMPLIANCE WITH THE AUTHORITY'S BOND RESOLUTION

Section 610 of the Authority's Series 1993 Bond Resolution requires that the Authority make, impose, charge and collect Revenues, as defined in the Resolution, in an amount which will be at least sufficient (a) to provide in each fiscal year an amount at least equal to the Operating Fund Requirement, (b) to provide in each fiscal year an amount which is equal to 110% of the Bond Service Requirement, (c) to provide in each fiscal year the amount, if any, which is needed so that the amount which is on deposit in the Bond Reserve Fund will equal the Bond Reserve Requirement, (d) to provide in each fiscal year the amount, if any, which is needed so that the amount which is on deposit in the Renewal and Replacement Fund will equal the System Reserve Requirement, (e) to provide for the payment of all other charges or liens which are related to the System whatsoever which are payable by the Authority out of such rents, fees and charges during such fiscal year, and (f) to provide in such fiscal year for payment of any additional amounts which are necessary to comply with the provisions of this Resolution and all other statutory and legal obligations of the Authority.

Revenues for the year 2015, as defined in the Authority's Bond Resolution, were greater than the amount necessary to meet those provisions and therefore the Authority met the rate covenant contained in Section 610 of the Authority's Bond Resolution.

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#### NOTE 16 LEASE AGREEMENT WITH RELATED ENTITY

On April 3, 2009, the Authority entered into a lease agreement with the City of Vineland ("City") to lease 15.87 acres of land owned by the Authority to the City, who then sublet the land to Conectiv Vineland Solar, LLC, for the purpose of constructing and operating a solar photovoltaic electric generating facility. The term of the lease shall end on the date the City's Power Purchase and Sale Agreement with Conectiv Vineland Solar, LLC ends, or such date the City and the Authority may agree upon. The maximum term shall not exceed thirty (30) years without written approval of the Authority. The Authority will receive a percentage of the City's savings from the solar energy delivered both on a monthly and annual basis during the term of the agreement. As described in Note 2A, the Authority is a related organization to the City of Vineland, but not a Component Unit of the City.

#### NOTE 17 RESTATEMENT OF PRIOR PERIOD NET POSITION

As indicated in Note 2R to the financial statements, the Authority adopted GASB Statement 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27, and GASB Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68, for the fiscal year ended December 31, 2015. As a result of implementing these two Statements, a restatement of the January 1, 2014 unrestricted net position was required to record the Authority's proportionate share of its net pension liability.

The cumulative effect on the financial statements as reported as of January 1, 2014, is as follows:

				GASB 68 and 71 Implementation								
		Net Position As Previously Reported January 1, 2014	-	Deferred Outflows		Accounts Payable and Accrued Expenses		Net Pension Liability		Deferred Inflows		Net Position As Restated January 1, 2014
Net Investment	-	2014	-	Outilows	-	Expenses		Liability		IIIIOWS	-	2014
in Capital Assets Restricted	\$	51,228,072 2,499,473	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	51,228,072 2,499,473
Unrestricted	_	2,287,728	_	182,169	-	(347,496)		(8,387,029)		-	-	(6,264,628)
	\$_	56,015,273	\$_	182,169	\$_	(347,496)	\$	(8,387,029)	\$	-	\$_	47,462,917

#### NOTE 17 RESTATEMENT OF PRIOR PERIOD NET POSITION (CONTINUED)

Reconciliation of the 2014 amounts as previously reported to the total restated amounts:

Summary	/ Statement	of Net	Position
Juilliai	, otatement	O 110	

- Canninary Ott	atomont of Not 1	20111011	
	2014 Amounts as Previously Reported	Adjustments	2014 Amounts as Restated
Assets			
Current Assets	\$ 9,341,538	\$ -	\$ 9,341,538
Noncurrent Assets	59,283,073	Ψ -	59,283,073
Tollour one Account	00,200,070		00,200,070
Total Assets	68,624,611		68,624,611
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Deferred Loss on Defeasance of Debt	99,600		99,600
Deferred Amount Relating to Pensions		497,007	497,007
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	99,600	497,007	596,607
Liabilities			
Current Liabilities	2,059,659	182,354	2,242,013
Noncurrent Liabilities	4,836,618	8,461,054	13,297,672
Total Liabilities	6,896,277	8,643,408	15,539,685
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Deferred User Charge Revenue	3,322,547		3,322,547
Deferred Connection Fees Revenue	1,144,066		1,144,066
Deferred Amount Relating to Pensions		493,117	493,117
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	4,466,613	493,117	4,959,730
Net Position			
Net Investment in Capital Assets	52,039,354		52,039,354
Restricted	2,478,535		2,478,535
Unrestricted	2,843,432	(8,639,518)	(5,796,086)
		•	•
Total Net Position	\$ 57,361,321	\$ (8,639,518)	\$ 48,721,803

#### NOTE 17 RESTATEMENT OF PRIOR PERIOD NET POSITION (CONTINUED)

Summary of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

	2014 Amounts as Previously Reported	Adjustments	2014 Amounts as Restated
Operating Revenues Operating Expenses Non-Operating Expenses	\$ 10,034,213 (9,956,896) (54,333)	\$ - (87,162)	\$ 10,034,213 (10,044,058) (54,333)
Income Before Contributions	22,984	(87,162)	(64,178)
Capital Contributions	1,323,064		1,323,064
Change in Net Position	1,346,048	(87,162)	1,258,886
Net Position January 1,	56,015,273	(8,552,356)	47,462,917
Net Position December 31,	\$ 57,361,321	\$ (8,639,518)	\$ 48,721,803

#### NOTE 18 RECLASSIFICATIONS

Certain accounts in the prior-year financial statements have been reclassified for comparative purposes to conform with the presentation in the current-year financial statements. The reclassifications have no effect on the Authority's prior year net position or change in net position.

#### NOTE 19 SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On August 11, 2016, the Authority issued its Sewer System Revenue Bonds, Series 2016 in the amount of \$25,000,000 maturing in December of 2046 at a fixed interest rate of 3.95%. Interest will be capitalized for the first three (3) years and five (5) months. The purpose of the bonds is to finance various capital improvements to the Authority's wastewater treatment plant, pumping stations, and collection system as well as the acquisition of various pieces of equipment, including related soft costs and capitalized interest.

The Authority's largest industrial customer announced in 2016 it plans to close its plant in the summer of 2017. The revenues derived from this customer's user charges, including surcharge fees in 2015 were approximately \$710,000. In 2015 this represented approximately seven percent (7%) of the Authority's user charge fees. Management is evaluating the impact to the Authority's revenues, rate structure and operations should this occur as announced.

## REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION PART II

## THE LANDIS SEWERAGE AUTHORITY REQUIRED SUPPLEMENATARY INFORMATION - PART II SCHEDULES OF PROPORTIONATE SHARE, EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS AND NOTES STATE OF NEW JERSEY PUBLIC EMPLOYEES' RETIREMENT SYSTEM (PERS)

Schedule of Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability at June 30 (measurement date)

		2015		2014		2013
Authority's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability	0.0	)433908573%	0.0	0441950963%	0.0	0438836049%
Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability	\$	9,740,378	\$	8,274,531	\$	8,387,029
Authority's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	2,863,016	\$	3,056,348	\$	3,014,168
Authority's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability as a Percentage of it's Covered-Employee Payroll		340.21%		270.73%		278.25%
Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability		47.93%		52.08%		48.72%

#### **Schedule of Employer Contributions**

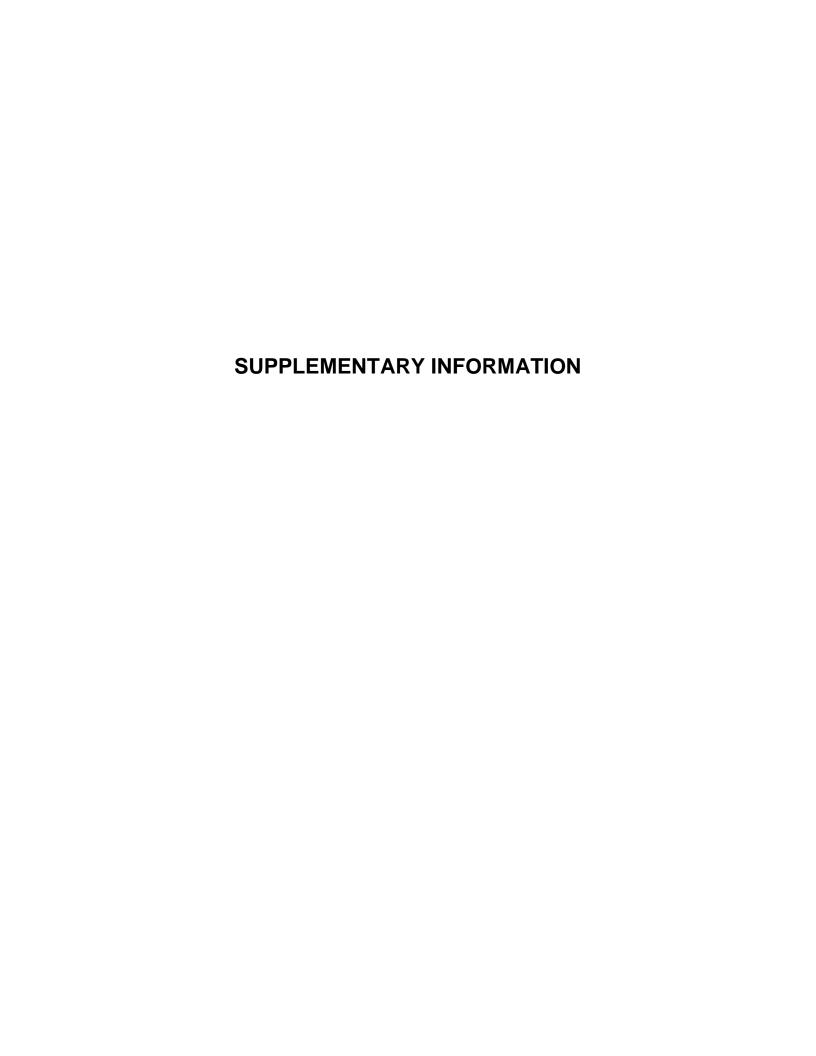
		2015	 2014	 2013
Contractually Required Contribution	\$	373,045	\$ 364,338	\$ 330,654
Contributions in Relation to the Contractually Required Contribution		(373,045)	 (364,338)	 (330,654)
Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$		\$ 	\$ 
Authority's Covered-Employee Payroll	\$	3,126,640	\$ 2,940,410	\$ 3,026,210
Contributions as a Percentage of Authority's Covered-Employee Payro	oll	11.93%	12.39%	10.93%

#### Notes

Changes in Benefit Terms -

Changes in Assumptions -	The discount rate changed from 5.55% as of June 30, 2013, to 5.39% as of June 30, 2014, and to 4.90% as of June 30, 2015 in accordance with Paragraph 44 of GASB Statement No. 67.
Schedule Presentation -	These schedules are presented to illustrate the requirement to show information for 10 years. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, this presentation will only include information for those years for which information is available.

There were no significant changes in benefits for the July 1, 2014 and 2013 actuarial valuation.



## THE LANDIS SEWERAGE AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITIONNET INVESTMENT IN CAPITAL ASSETS, RESTRICTED AND UNRESTRICTED YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015 WITH COMPARATIVE TOTALS FOR 2014

		UNRESTRICTED RESTRICTED				TOTAL			
	NET INVESTMENT	LINDEGICNIATED	DEGLONATED	DEBT		RENEWAL AND	ODED ATING	2015	2014 (Restated)
	IN CAPITAL ASSETS	UNDESIGNATED	DESIGNATED	SERVICE	CONSTRUCTION	REPLACEMENT	OPERATING	(MEMO)	(MEMO)
OPERATING REVENUE: User Charges and Fees Connection Fees Other	\$ -	\$ 10,098,336 118,222 176,750	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 10,098,336 118,222 176,750	\$ 9,910,502 187,589 123,711
		10,393,308						10,393,308	10,221,802
OPERATING EXPENSES: Cost of Providing Services Administrative and General Depreciation		6,582,635 1,957,798 2,148,848						6,582,635 1,957,798 2,148,848	6,098,624 1,820,005 2,125,429
		10,689,281						10,689,281	10,044,058
OPERATING INCOME (LOSS)		(295,973)	-					(295,973)	177,744
NON-OPERATING REVENUE (EXPENSES): Miscellaneous Income Interest Income Interest Expense Appropriation to City of Vineland		9,718 31,737 (329,888)		92,481	13,090			9,718 137,308 (329,888)	7,234 148,045 (388,205) (50,000)
Increase (Decrease) in Fair Value of Investments Gain (Loss) on Disposal of Capital Asset		(97,136) 6,683						(97,136) 6,683	41,004
		(378,886)		92,481	13,090			(273,315)	(241,922)
INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE CONTRIBUTIONS AND TRANSFERS	-	(674,859)	-	92,481	13,090	-	-	(569,288)	(64,178)
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS		60,000						60,000	1,323,064
TRANSFERS AND ADJUSTMENTS: Interest Income Other Transfers	(657,249)	105,571 675,046		(92,481) 36,533	(13,090)	(100,000)	45,670	- - -	
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN NET POSITION	(657,249)	165,758	-	36,533	-	(100,000)	45,670	(509,288)	1,258,886
NET POSITION - JANUARY 1,	52,039,354	(5,796,086)	-	531,035	-	600,000	1,347,500	48,721,803	56,015,273
CUMULATIVE EFFECT OF CHANGE IN AN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE									(8,552,356)
NET POSITION - JANUARY 1, (AS RESTATED)	52,039,354	(5,796,086)		531,035		600,000	1,347,500	48,721,803	47,462,917
NET POSITION - DECEMBER 31,	\$ 51,382,105	\$ (5,630,328)	\$ -	\$ 567,568	\$ -	\$ 500,000	\$ 1,393,170	\$ 48,212,515	\$ 48,721,803

UNRESTRICTED NET POSITION (DEFICIT)-UNDESIGNATED-

Related to Pensions (GASB 68 and 71)
Before GASB 68 and 71 Pension Related Items

(9,078,326) 3,447,998 \$ (5,630,328)

## THE LANDIS SEWERAGE AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND COSTS FUNDED BY REVENUES COMPARED TO BUDGET - BUDGETARY BASIS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

#### WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

	2015 BUDGET	2015 ACTUAL	2014 ACTUAL (Restated)
REVENUE:			
User Charges and Fees	\$ 9,352,000	\$ 10,098,336	\$ 9,910,502
Connection and Lateral Fees	30,000	118,222	187,589
Other Revenue	150,000	186,468	130,945
Interest Income	218,000	137,308	148,045
Total Revenue	9,750,000	10,540,334	10,377,081
EXPENSES:			
Cost of Providing Services:	1 060 000	1 117 045	1 002 216
Salaries - Supervision	1,060,000	1,117,045	1,002,216 1,773,060
Salaries and Wages	1,701,000 1,380,800	1,863,326 1,269,682	1,408,276
Employee Benefits Payroll Taxes	227,400	228,745	217,611
	893,000	984,068	782,836
Utilities and Telephone Miscellaneous Materials and Supplies	184,000	160,964	115,769
Repairs and Maintenance	224,000	222,289	159,040
Laboratory Testing	23,000	24,805	21,671
Grit and Grease Disposal	6,000	7,823	20,639
Mobile Equipment Expense	120,500	131,786	116,700
Chemicals	232,000	206,159	188,263
Industrial Pretreatment	16,000	13,632	14,007
Farm Supplies, Maintenance and Utilities	170,000	159,425	200,532
Tarm Supplies, Maintenance and Stintes	170,000	100,420	200,002
	6,237,700	6,389,749	6,020,620
Administrative and General Expenses:			
Salaries and Wages	915,000	856,518	831,458
Employee Benefits	369,000	388,344	328,441
Payroll Taxes	73,800	71,623	63,018
Professional Services	178,400	199,760	213,947
Insurance	162,000	154,073	152,986
Travel	5,000	3,938	4,325
Public Relations	1,000	600	525
City of Vineland - Health Department	4,000		
City of Vineland - Tax Office	7,500	7,500	7,500
Permit Fees	65,000	61,279	48,483
Miscellaneous Expense	57,500	63,447	57,258
Office Expenses	83,100	77,873	77,363
Chairman's Expenses	5,000	4,920	4,700
Household Hazardous Waste Clean-Up Day	4,000	4,000	4,000
	1,930,300	1,893,875	1,794,004
Interest Expense	264,600	294,124	348,086

(Continued)

# THE LANDIS SEWERAGE AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF REVENUES AND COSTS FUNDED BY REVENUES COMPARED TO BUDGET - BUDGETARY BASIS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

#### WITH COMPARATIVE ACTUAL AMOUNTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2014

		2015 BUDGET	 2015 ACTUAL	2014 ACTUAL Res <i>tated)</i>
OTHER COSTS FUNDED BY REVENUE:				
Principal Maturities	\$	1,000,000	\$ 1,000,000	\$ 900,000
Appropriation to City of Vineland				50,000
Debt Service Coverage Requirement		126,400		
Capital Outlays		191,000	 108,328	 96,020
		4 0 4 7 4 0 0	4 400 000	4 0 40 000
		1,317,400	 1,108,328	 1,046,020
TOTAL COSTS FUNDED BY REVENUE		9,750,000	9,686,076	9,208,730
REVENUES OVER COSTS FUNDED BY REVENUES		-	854,258	1,168,351
Reconciliation of Budgetary Basis to Change in Net Positi Adjustments to Budgetary Basis:	ion:			
Principal Maturities			1,000,000	900.000
Capital Outlays			108,328	96.020
Depreciation			(2,148,848)	(2,125,429)
Amortization Charged to Interest Expense			(35,764)	(40,119)
Increase (Decrease) in Fair Value of Investments			(97,136)	41,004
Capital Contributions			60,000	1,323,064
Gain on Disposal of Capital Asset			6,683	- (404.005)
Pension Expense - Difference of GAAP vs. Budgetary Basis	6		 (256,809)	 (104,005)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION PER EXHIBIT B			\$ (509,288)	\$ 1,258,886

#### THE LANDIS SEWERAGE AUTHORITY SCHEDULE OF TERM BONDS PAYABLE DECEMBER 31, 2015

				MATURITIES		MATURITIES						BALANCE		Р	RINCIPAL	ı	BALANCE
DESCRIPTION		ORIGINAL ISSUE	DATE OF ISSUE	DATE		AMOUNT	INTEREST RATE			ANUARY 1, ISSUED 2015		PAID 2015		DE	2015		
Short Term Auction Rate Securities-Series 1993-B	(2)	\$ 6,500,000	4/1/93	9/19/2019	\$	6,500,000	VARIOUS	(1)	\$	2,750,000	\$	\$	500,000	\$	2,250,000		
Complimentary Auction Rate Securities-Series 1993-C	(2)	6,500,000	4/1/93	9/19/2019		6,500,000	VARIOUS	(1)		2,750,000			500,000		2,250,000		
									\$	5,500,000	\$ -	\$	1,000,000	\$	4,500,000		

- (1) The combined rate or Linked Coupon Rate is 5.65% which is the rate the Authority pays, even though the rates for each of these Securities can change at each Auction Date.
- (2) The Short Term Auction Rate Securities and the Complementary Auction Rate Securities are subject to mandatory redemption through October 1, 2019 at 100% of the principal amounts established as follows:

Year	Principal Amount of Short Term Auction Rate Securities		Complement	I Amount of ary Auction Rate curities
2016		500,000		500,000
2017		550,000		550,000
2018		600,000		600,000
2019		600,000		600,000
	\$	2,250,000	\$	2,250,000

## THE LANDIS SEWERAGE AUTHORITY FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

This section identifies the significant deficiencies, material weaknesses, and instances of noncompliance related to the financial statements that are required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and with audit requirements as prescribed by the Division of Local Government Services, Department of Community Affairs, State of New Jersey.

#### **None Noted**

## THE LANDIS SEWERAGE AUTHORITY STATUS OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS AND RECOMMENDATIONS YEAR ENDED DECEMBER 31, 2015

This section identifies the status of prior year findings related to the financial statements that are required to be reported in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and with audit requirements as prescribed by the Division of Local Government Services, Department of Community Affairs, State of New Jersey.

**None Noted** 

### THE LANDIS SEWERAGE AUTHORITY ROSTER OF OFFICIALS

Authority Members	<u>Position</u>	Amount of Surety Bond
Thomas J. Merighi, Jr.	Chairman	\$ 10,000
Carlos E. Villar	Vice Chairman	10,000
G. Steven Errickson	Secretary	10,000
Joseph J. Reuben	Treasurer	10,000
Perry D. Barse	Assistant Secretary/Treasurer	10,000

#### Other Officials

A. Steven Fabietti Solicitor
Dennis W. Palmer Executive Director/Chief Engineer 10,000
David R. Kotok Financial Advisor

#### **Surety Companies**

Selective Insurance Company of America