

SHAVUOS

RABBI TZVI YAAKOV STEIN

EREV SHAVUOS

- ✦ Unless medically necessary,¹ blood tests and procedures should not be done on Erev Shavuos.²
- ✦ Packages can't be ordered to specifically come on Shavuos or Yom Tov.³
- ✦ If the company automatically sends the packages on Yom Tov (like Amazon Prime), then it's allowed and you're not required to change the arrival date.
- ✦ Packages that arrive on Shabbos and Yom Tov that aren't muktza can be used on Yom Tov since the delivery companies are delivering for themselves. Make sure to open the box correctly.⁴
- ✦ Giving presents is allowed on Shabbos and Yom Tov if the present can potentially be used.⁵
- ✦ Packages that are muktzah can be kicked inside.⁶
- ✦ Sprinklers can be set to their regular times on Shabbos and Yom Tov because everyone knows that they're turned on by clocks. However, it's best to have them go on in the middle of the night.⁷
- ✦ Auto payments that are scheduled to go out don't have to be canceled before Yom Tov and can be set up to go out on their regular schedule.⁸
- ✦ Maariv should not be davened until after nightfall,⁹ unless necessary.¹⁰
- ✦ In any event, Kiddush should not be made until after nightfall.¹¹
- ✦ Many have the minhag that the women don't light candles until after nightfall.¹²

STAYING AWAKE ALL NIGHT

- ✦ This is not a halachah but a minhag.¹³
- ✦ One who will not be able to daven or perform other mitzvos properly due to staying awake all night should not do so.¹⁴
- ✦ One may stay awake until dawn and then going to sleep, as long as zmanei tefillah are not missed and a shomer is appointed to remind him to daven.¹⁵
- ✦ One who is awake all night should wash his hands at dawn.¹⁶
- ✦ One may wait until before davening to wash his hands in order to prevent bittul Torah.¹⁷
- ✦ A brachah should not be made on washing one's hands unless he first used the bathroom.¹⁸
- ✦ Birchas HaTorah should not be recited. However, if one

slept at least a half-hour during the previous day, he may recite it in the morning.¹⁹

- ✦ All other Birchos Hashachar may be said except for אלוקי ושמחה and המעביר שינה.²⁰
- ✦ One who goes to sleep for a few hours after staying up all night should not take off his tzitzis and should not repeat Birchas HaTorah after waking up.²¹
- ✦ One who does not wear a tallis gadol should not recite a brachah on his tzitzis. Rather, he should hear the brachah from someone who puts on a tallis gadol.²²
- ✦ The brachah on the tallis should not be recited before the proper time.

DAIRY

- ✦ There are various customs regarding eating dairy on Shavuos.
- ✦ If one is having a dairy meal, it's preferable for it to be at night.²³
- ✦ If one eats dairy followed by meat during the same meal:
- ✦ New challah/bread must be brought to the table.
- ✦ Hands must be washed even when using utensils.²⁴
- ✦ Some parve food and beverage must be eaten and drunk in between.²⁵
- ✦ Many have the custom to wait an hour between milk and meat.²⁶ Some wait a half-hour.²⁷
- ✦ If one ate stand alone dairy, a brachah achronah must be recited before proceeding to wash for a meat meal.²⁸
- ✦ Drinking glasses that haven't had hot meat or dairy in them can be used interchangeably.²⁹
- ✦ Tablecloths that are clean and washed can be used interchangeably.³⁰
- ✦ Parve food made in dairy utensils, even in utensils that were used for hot in the last 24 hours can be served at meat meals and vice versa. However it should preferably not be eaten in the same bite as meat.³¹
- ✦ Any food made in a pot not used for hot in the last 24 hours can lechatchila be eaten together with foods of the opposite type³². However it's preferable not to cook the foods in one type of pot specifically with the intent to eat with the other type, unless it's necessary.³³
- ✦ Hot parve foods made in dairy utensils, even if used in the last 24 hours, can be served on meat utensils and vice versa. As long as the food is not placed directly on the new plates. It should be put onto a different plate first.³⁴

- ✦ The above doesn't apply to sharp foods. A sheila should be asked.³⁵
- ✦ Sfardim can lechatchila take parve food, even cooked in a pot within the last 24 hours, and add it onto food of the opposite type.³⁶
- ✦ Cheese that's purposely aged for more than six months requires a six hour wait before eating meat.³⁷
- ✦ Real parmesan cheese is aged six months.
- ✦ If the cheese was melted, waiting is not required.³⁸
- ✦ There are those that are lenient with our aged cheeses. If necessary, this opinion may be relied upon.³⁹
- ✦ According to basic Halachah, menus and guest lists, etc. are not allowed to be read on Shabbos/ Yom Tov. However, there are leniencies that can be relied upon. Some allow it if you have someone else read the list, read it together with someone else watching you, or laminate/ put the list in a plastic bag.⁴⁰
- ✦ Some say nowadays it's not an issue because we don't prepare exact amounts of food.
- ✦ Foods that were on the table with dairy shouldn't be used with meat and vice versa.⁴¹

OVEN USE FOR MEAT AND DAIRY

The following halachos apply for baking dairy in a clean meat oven or baking meat in a clean dairy oven (even if used within 24 hours):

- ✦ If the food is covered well (even with one cover) it is permitted.⁴²
- ✦ If it is uncovered and it is solid food (e.g., challah or cake) it is permitted.⁴³
- ✦ Meat and dairy can be baked in an oven at the same time as long as one of them is covered.⁴⁴
- ✦ If it has liquid, the oven should be kashered on the highest for an hour, if not then half an hour on high is acceptable. (This may not be done on Yom Tov.)
- ✦ Pareve foods, even with liquid, may be baked or cooked uncovered in a clean meat or dairy oven and it will remain pareve.
- ✦ Bread baked at the same time as uncovered meat can't be eaten with dairy unless there is no other bread available.
- ✦ In all the above situations it is recommended to cover the grates with foil before baking in case something spills.
- ✦ A meat hot plate can be used for dairy if it's covered with foil⁴⁵.

FLOWERS

- ✦ Many have the custom to put out flowers, tree branches, etc.⁴⁶
- ✦ Flowers may be moved on Shabbos and Yom Tov, even

when in a vase.⁴⁷

- ✦ If the flowers fall out of the vase they may be returned, as long as they have already fully blossomed.⁴⁸
- ✦ Water may be added to the vase on Yom Tov, but only up to half of the amount of water that's already there.⁴⁹
- ✦ Potted plants and flowers may also be moved, but not into the sun.⁵⁰

- YOM TOV -

CLEANING HELP

- ✦ They can do work in the house on Shabbos/Yom Tov, but they can only do melachah for themselves, i.e. one that makes their job easier.⁵¹
- ✦ They may not mop the floor,⁵² vacuum,⁵³ or do laundry, etc.⁵⁴
- ✦ Mopping is permitted if the floors are very dirty.⁵⁵
- ✦ One may not tell them on Shabbos/Yom Tov where the money for their payment is located.⁵⁶ Rather, they should be told before Shabbos/Yom Tov, or paid after Shabbos/Yom Tov.
- ✦ One may hint to a goy to turn off an oven or crockpot, etc.⁵⁷
- ✦ If one has absolutely no way to heat up food, a goy may be asked to turn on the flame or crockpot, etc.⁵⁸

FIRES/FLAMES ON YOM TOV

- ✦ One is permitted to light a fire from an existing flame on Yom Tov for Yom Tov needs.⁵⁹
- ✦ Electric ignition stoves may not be turned on since they create a spark.⁶⁰
- ✦ This is why many leave a 24 or 48-hour candle lit the entire Yom Tov.
- ✦ Fire may be lit in order to provide light.⁶¹
- ✦ Fire may not be extinguished on Yom Tov.⁶²
- ✦ Fire may not be extinguished, even if necessary to darken a room.⁶³
- ✦ The above rules apply to a gas fed fire (which is typical) as well (although some quote Rav Moshe Feinstein zt"l as allowing turning off gas fires⁶⁴).
- ✦ According to the Shulchan Aruch, a fire may never be lowered, even to save food from burning. The only option is to light a new flame which is lower than the existing one.⁶⁵ This is standard practice for Sephardim.
- ✦ However, according to Rema⁶⁶, if there's no other way for the food to stay hot/warm without burning, the flame may be lowered. This is acceptable for Ashkenazim⁶⁷.
- ✦ Modern stovetops first go to high and then have to be lowered. Therefore, there's no point in lighting a new

flame and the existing flame may be lowered.

- ✦ Lowering a flame to save gas⁶⁸ or because the room is too hot is not permitted.⁶⁹
- ✦ One may hint to a goy that the house is too hot, etc., so that they will shut off the fire.⁷⁰
- ✦ In extreme heat, one may boil water that will be necessary for Yom Tov in a manner that it will bubble over and put out the flame. Then the gas may be turned off.⁷¹
- ✦ The temperature on electrical appliances may never be adjusted.⁷²
- ✦ Most poskim do not allow “Sabbath Mode” ovens to be adjusted.⁷³
- ✦ Gas ovens with knobs (not electric buttons) may be raised with a shinui while the flame is on and may be lowered or turned off when the flame is off. (All gas ovens cycle on and off.)
- ✦ Oven doors may be opened and closed at any time.⁷⁴
- ✦ The same halachos apply to a BBQ grill.
- ✦ A yahrzeit candle should preferably be lit before Yom Tov. If it was not, it can be lit in a dark room to provide light and subsequently moved.⁷⁵
- ✦ On Yom Tov, crockpots, hot plates, coffee makers, etc., can be put on Shabbos-clocks to go on and off.⁷⁶
- ✦ Once they are turned on, the pins can be removed from the clocks with a shinui to cause them to remain on or off.⁷⁷

SHOWERING ON YOM TOV

- ✦ A full hot or warm⁷⁸ shower is prohibited, even with water that was heated up before Yom Tov.⁷⁹
- ✦ The minhag has always been to refrain from bathing on Shabbos and Yom Tov, even in cold water.⁸⁰
- ✦ One who is in pain due to not showering, or one who is ill, may wash his or her entire body with hot water, but only with water heated before Yom Tov.⁸¹
- ✦ Washing the body limb by limb is permitted but only with water that was heated up before Yom Tov.⁸²
- ✦ One’s hands, feet, and face may be washed with hot water that was heated up on Yom Tov.⁸³ (Some poskim say that any part of the body may be washed this way, up to half the body⁸⁴).
- ✦ A child who is normally bathed every day⁸⁵ may be bathed with hot water that was heated up on Yom Tov, but not if it was heated up specifically for bathing⁸⁶. (It must be left over from water heated for cooking. The bath may be turned on in order to wash a dish and then left on to fill the tub).
- ✦ On a hot day one may take a cold shower.⁸⁷ Some say that a small amount of hot water may be added to take away

the sting of the cold water.⁸⁸

- ✦ In all cases: 1. One must be very careful not to squeeze out water from one’s hair. 2. Only liquid soaps may be used,⁸⁹ and it may not be lathered into hair.⁹⁰

BRUSHING TEETH ON SHABBOS/YOM TOV

- ✦ The following steps permit brushing teeth on Shabbos according to most, if not all, opinions:
- ✦ Use a different toothbrush for Shabbos. Preferably one that looks different than the one used during the week.⁹¹
- ✦ Before Shabbos/Yom Tov, dissolve toothpaste in water to make it into a liquid.⁹²
- ✦ Put the liquid or mouthwash into the mouth.⁹³
- ✦ Take the dry toothbrush and brush teeth as normal.⁹⁴
- ✦ Washing the toothbrush afterwards is prohibited, unless planning on using it again that same day.⁹⁵
- ✦ If one’s gums will definitely bleed, a toothbrush may not be used.⁹⁶
- ✦ There are other opinions that are more lenient than the above guidelines. A shailah should be asked.⁹⁷

PREPARATION FOR SECOND DAY OF YOM TOV

- ✦ Preparations on the first day of Yom Tov for the second day of Yom Tov, or on Yom tov for Shabbos, or on Shabbos for Yom tov, are prohibited.⁹⁸
- ✦ This applies even when melachah is not being done. (e.g. washing dishes, setting tables, etc.)⁹⁹
- ✦ Preparation from the first day to the second day that doesn’t involve melachah (like setting the table, etc.) can start at 40 minutes after shkiah, even if you don’t normally do melachah until 72 minutes after shkiah.¹⁰⁰
- ✦ This applies even to preparations for mitzvot.¹⁰¹
- ✦ Garbage cans may be brought to the street on Yom Tov if you’ll need the cans to put more garbage in. However, if there is garbage in the cans from before Yom Tov, they are muktzah, in which case they can only be moved if they are disgusting.¹⁰²
- ✦ The cans can only be brought back from the street if you’ll need them to put more garbage in. However, if they had garbage in them from before Yom Tov, then they are muktzah, so they should only be moved on the second night of Yom Tov.¹⁰³
- ✦ If frozen food is needed for the second night of Yom Tov, etc., there are two options:
- ✦ If it is necessary to defrost the food during the day in order to eat it that night, it is permitted to defrost it early enough in the day that it could theoretically be eaten that same day.¹⁰⁴
- ✦ Place the frozen food needed for the night meal in a bag

together with something that is needed during the day. The bag may then be taken out of the freezer to defrost during the day¹⁰⁵.

- Seforim and talleisim etc. may be carried home from Shul if there is a concern they might get lost.¹⁰⁶
- Once night has fallen, preparations may be done even before making Kiddush or Havdalah¹⁰⁷, but ברוך המבדיל בין קודש לקודש should preferably be said beforehand. There is

no Havdalah added to Kiddush when Yom Tov goes into Shabbos. This is because Shabbos is holier than Yom Tov.

- One should not say he is going to sleep in order to have energy for the night. However, one may tell a child to go to sleep in order to have energy for the night.¹⁰⁸
- There's no restrictions to take medicine on the second day of Yom Tov. Taking medicines on the first day of Yom Tov is more lenient than on Shabbos.¹⁰⁹

שמירת שבת כהלכתא (פרק יג סעיף קטן כז ולג)	73	רמ"א (יורה דעה סימן פט סעיף ב)	37	משנה ברורה (סימן תסח סעיף קטן לח)	1
שמירת שבת כהלכתא (שם סעיף קטן פא הערה פ)	74	בדי השלחן (סימן פט ביאורים ד"ה וכן)	38	רמ"א (אורח חיים סימן תסח סעיף י)	2
ביאור הלכה (סימן תקיד סעיף ה ד"ה נר)	75	מקדש ישראל (סימן פג)	39	שו"ע ס' רמ"ז סעי' א	3
שמירת שבת כהלכתא (פרק יג סעיף כו)	76	נו"כ על שו"ע או"ח ס' ש"ו וס' ש"ז סעי' י"ב ושש"כ	40	שש"כ פרק ל"א אות כ"ב, כ"ג וכ"ד	4
נשמות שבת (חלק ג סימן עז)	77	פרק כ"ט הע' קל"ג	41	מ"ב ס' ש"ח ס"ק י"ג ול	5
משנה ברורה (סימן תקיא סעיף קטן יח)	78	ערוך השולחן (יורה דעה סימן פט סעיף קטן טו)	41	או"ח ס' תקט"ז סעי' א	6
רמ"א (אורח חיים סימן תקיא סעיף ב)	79	רמ"א (יורה דעה סימן קח סעיף א)	42	קובץ הלכות שבת פרק ד' אות ד'	7
שו"ת תרומת הדשן (סימן רנה)	80	אגרות משה (יורה דעה חלק א סימן מז)	43	שו"ת בצל החכמה חלק ג' ס' ק"ג	8
ביאור הלכה (סימן שכו סעיף א ד"ה במים)	81	פתחי הלכה: הלכות כשרות (דף 722)	44	משנה ברורה (סימן תצד סעיף קטן א)	9
משנה ברורה (סימן תקיא סעיף קטן יח)	82	רמ"א (יורה דעה סימן צב סעיף ח)	45	מקדש ישראל (סימן ה)	10
שלחן ערוך (סימן תקיא סעיף ב)	83	רמ"א (אורח חיים סימן תצד סעיף ב)	46	מגן אברהם (ריש סימן תצד)	11
ביאור הלכה (סימן תקיא סעיף ב ד"ה אבל)	84	מקדש ישראל (סימן סג ענף ב)	47	מקדש ישראל (סימן ה)	12
משנה ברורה (סימן תקיא סעיף קטן יח)	85	רמ"א (סימן שלו סעיף יא)	48	משנה ברורה (סימן תצד סעיף קטן א)	13
רמ"א (סימן תקיא סעיף ב)	86	ערוך השולחן (סימן שלו סעיף ב)	49	סידור העיב"ץ	14
שו"ת מנחת יצחק (חלק ו סימן לב)	87	מקדש ישראל (סימן סד)	50	כף החיים (אורח חיים סימן נח סעיף קטן כד)	15
תהלה לדוד (סימן שכו סעיף קטן י')	88	משנה ברורה (סימן רעו סעיף קטן כז)	51	רמ"א (אורח חיים סימן ד סעיף יג)	16
רמ"א (סימן שכו סעיף י')	89	אורחות שבת (פרק כג הערה קכה)	52	הליכות שלמה (הלכות תפלה פרק יז סעיף ד)	17
שו"ת שבט הלוי (חלק ה סימן מה)	90	מלכים אמנויך (פרק ט הערה לד)	53	משנה ברורה (סימן ד סעיף קטן ל)	18
יביע אומר (חלק ד סימן ל)	91	שלחן ערוך (סימן רעו סעיף א)	54	משנה ברורה (סימן מז סעיף קטן כה)	19
שו"ת שבט הלוי (חלק ה סימן מה)	92	אורחות שבת (פרק כג הערה קכה)	55	משנה ברורה (סימן מו סעיף קטן כד)	20
שו"ת שבט הלוי (חלק ה סימן מה)	93	מחצית השקל (סימן שכה סעיף קטן כה)	56	מקדש ישראל (סימן מז)	21
שו"ת אגרות משה (אורח חיים חלק א סימן קיב)	94	משנה ברורה (סימן שז סעיף קטן עו)	57	משנה ברורה (סימן ח סעיף קטן מב)	22
שו"ת אגרות משה (אורח חיים חלק א סימן קיב)	95	שו"ת שבט הלוי (חלק ח סימן קכא)	58	ארחות רבינו (חלק ב עמוד צח)	23
שו"ת מנחת יצחק (חלק ג סימן נ)	96	שלחן ערוך (סימן תקיד סעיף ה)	59	ש"ך (יורה דעה סימן פט סעיף קטן כ)	24
מנחת שלמה (חלק ב סימן לה אות ג)	97	שלחן ערוך (סימן תקב סעיף א)	60	שלחן ערוך (יורה דעה סימן פט סעיף ב)	25
שלחן ערוך (אורח חיים סימן תקג סא)	98	אליה רבה (סימן תקיד סעיף קטן יט)	61	דרכי תשובה (סעיף קטן יט)	26
משנה ברורה (סימן תקג סעיף קטן א)	99	שלחן ערוך (סימן תקיד סעיף א)	62	שו"ת מהרש"ג (חלק א יורה דעה סימן יג)	27
פסקי תשובות ס' ת"ג א'	100	שו"ת באר משה (קונטרס אלעקטריק סימן כז)	63	פרי מגדים (יורה דעה סימן פט משבצות זהב סעיף קטן ג)	28
משנה ברורה (סימן תרסז סעיף קטן ה)	101	עיני אגרות משה (אורח חיים חלק א סימן קכח)	64	משנה הלכות (חלק ט סימן קסח)	29
שיעור הלכה פרק כ"ג אות ו	102	שלחן ערוך (סימן תקיד סעיף א)	65	אגרות משה (אורח חיים חלק ד סימן קו אות ב)	30
שם	103	רמ"א (סימן תקיד סעיף א)	66	רמ"א (יורה דעה סימן צה סעיף ב)	31
משנה ברורה (שם)	104	שו"ת מנחת יצחק (חלק א סימן נו)	67	רמ"א (יורה דעה סימן צה סעיף ב)	32
שלחן ערוך (אורח חיים סימן תקג סעיף ב)	105	אגרות משה (אורח חיים חלק א סימן קטו)	68	פרי מגדים (יורה דעה משבצות זהב סעיף קטן ה)	33
משנה ברורה (סימן תיח סעיף קטן ו)	106	שער הציון (סימן תקז סעיף קטן לז)	69	ש"ך (יורה דעה סימן צה סעיף קטן ה)	34
יום טוב שני כהלכתו (פרק א הערה כב)	107	משנה ברורה (סימן שז סעיף קטן עו)	70	רמ"א (יורה דעה סימן צה סעיף קטן ב)	35
נשמות שבת (חלק ד סימן שצ"א)	108	שמירת שבת כהלכתא (פרק יג סעיף יג)	71	שלחן ערוך (יורה דעה סימן צה סעיף ב)	36
או"ח ס' תצ"ו סעי' ב וע' שו"ת אבני נזר ס' שצ"ד	109	פסקי תשובות (אורח חיים סימן תקב סעיף קטן ב)	72		