



COLONOSCOPY PROCEDURE PREPARATION INSTRUCTIONS



Don't wait: <u>READ NOW & READ CAREFULLY.</u> There is important information that you need to know ahead of time! If you have any questions, please call as soon as possible at (925) 322-2372 or (925) 329-3723



Your Procedure ARRIVAL DA	TE/TIME (1 1/2	2 hours prio	r):			
(Reminder: The Endoscopy Ce messages! If you need a definit						
YOUR PROCEDURE LOCATION		SHADELANI ASPEN SUR JOHN MUIR	GERY CENT		OPY	
Reminder about the later than 5 Business acknowledge and agrinstructions at the tim scheduled procedure	days (1 week) ree to this fee v ie your procedu	prior to your with your officure has been	scheduled p e paperwork scheduled.	rocedure to avalready. You a	oid the \$500 fe are expected to the costs incur	e. You have read through these red by us for your
f you are taking anticoagulants Persantine, Aggrenox, Effient, P circumstances, these medication	or blood thin radaxa, Xarelto	ners such as	s, but not limi lease discus	ted to, Couma s this with you	din (warfarin), F r Health Care P	rovider. In most
STOP YOUR		_:D	AYS BEFOR	E YOUR PRO	CEDURE	
Guidelines: When to Hold y	our Blood Thi	inner Before	e for your Ex	am		
# Days Prior to Exam to Sto	p your Blood	Thinner				
10 days Prior:	Ticlid	Zontivity				
7 days Prior:	Aggrenox	Plavix				
5 days Prior:	Coumadin	Brillinta	Effient	+/- Aspirin		
2 days Prior:	Xarelto	Eliquis	Savaysa	Pradxa	Persantine	Fondiparinux

>7 days Prior: Ozempic, Rybelsus, Wegovy, or any other generic version of these medications

Lovenox

Guidelines: When to Hold your Semaglutide / GLP-1 Analogue Before Your Exam

<u>Diabetic patients:</u> Do not take your diabetic medications (pills or insulin) the morning of your exam/s. Please check your blood sugar at home prior to arriving at the surgery center.

Heparin

AngioMax

ReoPro

Agatroban

SUPPLIES FOR YOUR PROCEDURE:

1 day Prior:

1) Suflave Bowel Prep Kit- Prescription sent to your local pharmacy

(You may need to hold longer if you have decreased kidney function)

Integrilin

2) Optional but highly recommended- Miralax 1 to 2 doses daily for one week prior to your procedure. (May be purchased over-the-counter)

FOLLOW THE LOW RESIDUE DIET FOR 3-7 DAYS PRIOR TO YOUR PROCEDURE

Low Residual Diet for Colonoscopy

Type of food or drink	YESOK to have	NOAVOID these		
Fats and oils Soups	Butter/Margarine Vegetable and other oils Mayonnaise Salad dressings made without seeds or nuts Broth, bouillon, consommé, and strained soups Milk or cream-based soup,	NO salad dressing made with seeds or nuts Unstrained soups Chili Lentil, Bean, Corn or Pea Soup		
Milk and Dairy	strained Skim Milk Cheese, including cottage cheese Low-fat Ice Cream Non-fat/Low-fat yogurt without fruit or seeds	NO yogurt mixed with: Nuts, seeds, granola Fruit with skin or seeds (such as berries)		
Meat and Protein	Chicken, Turkey, Lamb, Lean Pork, Veal Fish and seafood Eggs Tofu	NO tough meat with gristle Hot dogs Sausage Fried Meats		
Drinks or Beverages	NO COFFEE- Tea OK Clear fruit drinks (no pulp) Soda and other carbonated beverages Ensure, Boost, or Enlive without added fiber	 Fruit or vegetable juice with pulp Beverages with red or purple dye 		
Bread and Grains	 Breads and grains made with refined white flower (including rolls, muffins, bagels, pasta) White rice Plain crackers, such as Saltines Low-fiber cereal (including puffed rice, cream of wheat, corn flakes) 	 Brown or wild rice Whole grain bread, rolls, pasta, or crackers Whole grain or high-fiber cereal (including granola, raisin bran, oatmeal) Bread or cereal with nuts or seeds 		
Fruits and Vegetables	 Applesauce Ripe melons Ripe, peeled apricots and peaches Canned or cooked fruit or vegetables without seeds, skin, or peel Potatoes without skin 	NO seeds, skin, membranes or dried fruit Raw fruit/vegetables with seeds, skin or membranes Corn Tomatoes Cucumbers with seed and peel Cabbage or Brussel Sprouts Green peas Legumes Summer and Winter Squash Onions Raisins or other dried fruit		
Other	 Custard Plain pudding Jell-O or gelatin without added fruit or red or purple dye Sugar Salt 	 Coconut Popcorn Jam or Marmalade Relishes and pickles Olives Stone-ground mustard Anything with nuts and seeds 		

IMPORTANT If the bowel is not clean when you arrive to the procedures unit, rather than giving you an incomplete and poor examination, your procedure will need to be rescheduled.



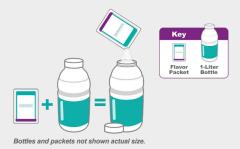
■ 1 DAY PRIOR to your procedure, you may follow the low-residue diet provided in this document up until you begin your first dose of prep between 4-5pm. NO SOLID FOOD AFTER FIRST DOSE OF PREP

1 YOUR PREPARATION - SUFLAVE

 The kit comes with two, 8 oz. bottles of medication and a packet of flavor enhancing.

2 PREPARING YOUR BOWEL PREPARATION

• Fill the provided bottle with **lukewarm** water up to the fill line. After capping the bottle, gently shake the bottle until all powder has mixed well. For better taste, refrigerate the solution for an hour before drinking.



3 DRINKING YOUR BOWEL PREPARATION

- . Between 4-5 PM the night before your procedure
 - Drink the first diluted bottle as prepared above, every 15 minutes until the bottle is empty.
 - Drink an additional 16 ounces of water during the evening.



DAY OF PROCEDURE

• 5 hours before your procedure starting at: ______

Drink the second diluted bottle as prepared above, followed by an additional 16 oz. containers of water during the morning.

Important!

Continue to consume only clear liquids up until 4 hours before the procedure time.

WHAT TO EXPECT

- You will develop significant diarrhea after drinking the preparation. Plan to be near a bathroom. This is normal as it means the medication is working to clear stool from your colon.
- Most people feel mild bloating and mild abdominal cramps. This is normal. Drinking the prep medication more slowly and over a longer period of time can help alleviate these symptoms.
- A successful colon prep will cause you to have clear yellow ("tea-colored") liquid stools.
- Please finish your preparation regardless of your stool color.



STAY HYDRATED with at least 12 tall glasses (about 8-10 ounces each) of clear liquids throughout the day in addition to what you drink with your bowel prep medication to prevent dehydration. The more fluids you can consume, the better your prep will be for flushing your system.



4 HOURS BEFORE your procedure, you should **STOP DRINKING ALL CLEAR LIQUIDS AND MEDICATIONS**. This means that you should not have anything to eat or drink 4 hours before your colonoscopy and onward.

TIPS TO HELP WITH YOUR PREPARATION:

COLD: Refridgerate the prep to improve tolerability. Do not use ice cubes.

CHASER: Try chasing the prep with a few swigs of ginger ale or suck on a lime between sips. A straw is helpful.

SOFT: Consider using some soft wipes instead of regular toilet paper while prepping. PROTECT: Using Vaseline, Aquaphor, or diaper rash cream on your bottom to prevent chafing prior to starting and during prep.



WHAT IS A COLONOSCOPY AND WHAT CAN I EXPECT DURING A COLONOSCOPY?

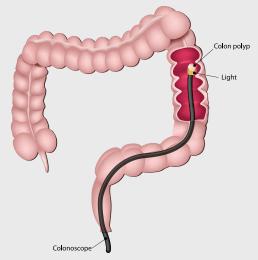
A colonoscopy is a procedure that allows your doctor to examine the inside of your lower digestive tract, also known as your colon and rectum. The procedure uses a colonoscope ("scope") – a long flexible tube with a light and camera at the end – to examine the inside lining of the colon. It allows the doctor performing the test to find and remove precancerous polyps and early colon cancers.

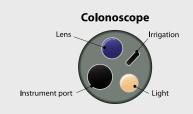
The day before the test, you will do a bowel prep to empty and clean your colon. The bowel prep includes a strong laxative and liquid diet. Following the directions of the bowel prep makes it easier for your doctor to detect polyps and other abnormalities during the colonoscopy.

Colonoscopy is performed in a hospital or medical clinic. Before the procedure starts, you will be given anesthesia or medication through an IV to make you comfortable. Then, the doctor will gently insert the colonoscope into the rectum and guide it through the entire colon.

Your doctor will take pictures and remove polyps along the way. He/she will then send the polyps to a lab for further testing. If a polyp cannot be removed, a sample may be taken. This is called a biopsy.

The colonoscopy usually takes 15 to 30 minutes to complete. Risks of colonoscopy include bleeding, infection, and perforation; however, complications occur in only 1 out of 1,000 colonoscopies at UCLA Health.





AFTER YOUR COLONOSCOPY:

You will spend some time in our post-procedure unit where our nursing staff will monitor you. Once it is felt safe, you will be able to leave with your driver/escort. You will receive a printed copy of your discharge summary with diet, activity, and restarting medications after your procedure. Plan to rest and avoid making important decisions, or driving since you have been sedated. If you require a follow-up appointment, our office staff will call you to schedule this appointment.