

10644

**BYLAWS OF
FOREST HILLS PROPERTY OWNERS ASSOCIATION**

ARTICLE I - DEFINITIONS

1. Association. "Association" shall mean and refer to FOREST HILLS PROPERTY OWNERS ASSOCIATION, a non profit corporation organized under the laws of Texas, its successors and assigns.
2. Board of Directors. "Board of Directors" shall refer to the board of directors elected by the members of the Association.
3. Common Facilities. "Common Facilities" shall mean the roads, street lights, parks, and entrance features of the Subdivision, and landscaped areas established by the Developer for use as Common Facilities.
4. County Clerk. "County Clerk" shall mean the County Clerk of Polk County, Texas.
5. Declarations and/or Restrictions. "Declaration" and/or "Restrictions" shall mean the declarations and restrictions filed of record with the County Clerk for the Subdivision.
6. Dedictory Instrument. "Dedictory Instrument" shall mean each instrument governing the establishment, maintenance, and operation of the FOREST HILLS PROPERTY OWNERS ASSOCIATION, and includes a declaration or similar instrument subjecting real property to restrictive covenants, certificate of formation, bylaws, or similar instruments governing the administration or operation of a property owners association, to properly adopted rules and regulations of the property owners' association, or to all lawful amendments to the covenants, bylaws, instruments, rules, or regulations, including but not limited to those identified above under "Declaration". Dedictory Instrument further shall mean the Articles of Incorporation (now known as Certificate of Formation), Bylaws, and other rules, regulations, and resolutions filed of record with the County Clerk.
7. Directors. "Directors" shall mean and refer to any duly elected or appointed member of the Board of Directors.
8. Electronic ballot. "Electronic ballot" means a ballot: (a) given by: (1) e-mail; (2) facsimile; or (3) posting on an Internet website; (b) for which the identity of the property owner submitting the ballot can be confirmed; and (c) for which the property owner may receive a receipt of the electronic transmission and receipt of the owner's ballot. (Source: Section 209.00592 (d), Texas Property Code).
9. Lot. "Lot" shall mean any residential lot in the Subdivision, and identified in the documents filed of record, identified herein, and on record with the County Clerk.

10. Maintenance Charge. "Maintenance Charge" shall mean the periodic charge collected by the Association, (also known as maintenance fee) for each Lot in the Subdivision for the purpose of maintaining and improving the Subdivision.
11. Maintenance Fund. "Maintenance Fund" shall mean the amounts collected from time to time by the Association, upon payment of Maintenance Charges by the Owners.
12. Member. "Member" or "Members" shall mean and refer to all those Owners who are members of the Association as provided for in the Restrictions and/or in these Bylaws.
13. Owner. "Owner" shall mean and refer to the record owner, whether one or more persons or entities, of the fee simple title to any Lot which is part of the Properties, including contract sellers, but excluding those having such interest merely as security for the performance of an obligation.
14. Plats. "Plats" shall mean the plat of the subdivision recorded in the County Clerk's office.
15. Record Date. "Record Date" shall mean the date that the notice of any annual or special meeting is mailed.
16. Regular Assessment. "Regular Assessment" shall mean the annual amount that each owner of property within a residential subdivision is required to pay to the Association, which is designated for use by the Association for the benefit of the property owners of the Subdivision, as provided by the Restrictions, and include maintenance charges and maintenance fees.
17. Special Assessment. "Special Assessment" shall mean any fee and/or due, other than a regular assessment, that each Member is required to pay to the Association, as established by the Members at an annual or special meeting of the members of the Association at which notice is given of the intent to establish a Special Assessment and which action of the Members authorizes the Association to charge for:
 - (a) Defraying, in whole or in part, the cost, whether incurred before or after the assessment, of any construction or reconstruction, repair, or replacement of a capital improvement in the Common Areas owned by the Association, including the necessary fixtures and personal property related to such Common Areas, to the extent such expense is not sufficiently provided for with Regular Assessment funds;
 - (b) Maintenance and improvement of Common Areas owned by the Association; and/or
 - (c) Such other purposes of the property owners' association as stated in the Association's Certificate of Formation or the dedicatory instrument for the Subdivision.
18. Subdivision. "Subdivision" shall mean the Forest Hills, Sections 2, 3, 4, and Lake Forest Subdivision, Polk County, Texas, as shown on the respective Plats on file with the County Clerk's office.

ARTICLE II - Location

1. Principal Office Location. The principal office of the Association shall be located within Polk County, Texas, and until a formal office is established in the Subdivision, the physical address shall be at the law office of Travis E. Kitchens, Jr., Lawyer, 14330 U.S. Highway 190 West, Onalaska, Texas, or at such other address the Board of Directors shall determine.
2. Mailing Address. The mailing address of the Association is P. O. Box 848, Onalaska, Texas 77360, or at such other address the Board of Directors shall determine.

ARTICLE III - Membership

1. Membership Qualification. Every person or entity who is an Owner of a Lot shall be a Member of the Association, provided that any such person or entity who holds such interest merely as security for the performance of obligation shall not be a Member.
2. Membership Rights Dependent on being in Good Standing. Subject to any Texas law to the contrary, the rights of membership are subject to the payment of assessments and special assessments required by the Restrictions and/or as may be levied by the Association. The obligation of payments thereof is imposed against each Owner and becomes a lien upon the property against which such assessments are made as provided in the Restrictions.
3. Suspension of Membership Rights. Except as otherwise provided by Texas law, the membership rights of any person whose interest in the Subdivision is subject to assessments under the Restrictions may be suspended by action of the Board of Directors during the period when the assessments remain unpaid; but, upon payment of such assessments, such member's rights and privileges shall be automatically restored.
4. Membership Cards & Keys. The Association may issue such certificate, or cards, or other instruments evidencing membership rights, voting rights or ownership rights, as shall be agreed upon by a majority vote of the Board of Directors. The Board may establish rules and regulations relating to the use of the Association's facilities and issue keys or other type of access requirements for use of same. [ORIGINAL BYLAWS Pg 6, Article 3, #6]
5. Voting Rights of Members. Subject to the provisions of Section 209.0059, Texas Property Code, if such Member is not current by the Record Date of any year, then that Member shall not be entitled to vote at the annual meeting of the members and shall be deemed to have his/her rights and privileges automatically suspended until such member has paid all assessments current.

ARTICLE IV - Membership and Voting Rights

1. One Class of Members. The Association shall have only one class of voting members.

2. Ballots.
 - (a) Any vote cast in an election or vote by a member of a property owners' association must be in writing and signed by the member or by the member's proxy.
 - (b) Electronic votes cast as provided by these Bylaws (required under Section 209.00593, Texas Property Code), constitute written and signed ballots.
 - (c) In an association-wide election, written and signed ballots are not required for uncontested races. (Source: Section 209.0058, Texas Property Code).
3. Number of Votes. Every member shall have the right to cast one (1) vote irregardless of the number of lots owned. Either the husband, wife, or bona fide head of the household may cast the vote(s) to which the Member is entitled to vote. Proxy votes may be cast pursuant to the provisions concerning same delineated in these Bylaws.
4. Eligibility to Vote. Subject to the provisions of Section 209.0059, Texas Property Code, to be entitled to vote, a member must be current in payment of all maintenance fees due by the Record Date.
5. Record Date. For the purpose of determining members entitled to notice or to vote at any meeting of the members or any adjournment thereof, the Record Date shall be the business date preceding the date on which notice of the meeting is mailed. The Record Date shall not be a date before August 15 of each year. (Source: Article 1396-2.11A, Texas Non-Profit Corporations Act).
6. Voting Members' List for Meeting.
 - (a) After fixing a record date for the notice of a meeting, the Board shall prepare an alphabetical list of the names of all of the Association's voting members who are entitled to notice of the meeting. The list must show the address and number of votes each voting member is entitled to cast at the meeting. The Association shall maintain, through the time of the members' meeting, a list of members who are entitled to vote at the meeting but are not entitled to notice of the meeting. This list shall be prepared on the same basis and be part of the list of voting members.
 - (b) Not later than two (2) business days after the date notice is given of a meeting for which a list was prepared, as provided by (a) of this Section, and continuing through the meeting, the list of voting members must be available for inspection by any member entitled to vote at the meeting for the purpose of communication with other members concerning the meeting at the Association's principal office or at a reasonable place identified in the meeting notice in the city where the meeting will be held. A voting member or voting member's agent or attorney is entitled on written demand to inspect and, subject to the limitations of Article VII of these Bylaws, to copy the list at a reasonable time and at the member's expense during the period it is available for inspection.
 - (c) The Association shall make the list of voting members available at the meeting, and any voting member or voting member's agent or attorney is entitled to inspect the list at any time during the meeting or any adjournment.

[ORIGINAL BYLAWS Pg 8, Article 3, #14]

7. Voting by in Person or by Proxy. Subject to the provisions of Section 209.00592, Texas Property Code, the voting rights of a member may be cast or given:
 - (a) in person or by proxy at a meeting of the property owners' association;
 - (b) by absentee ballot in accordance with these Bylaws;
 - (c) by electronic ballot in accordance with these Bylaws; or
 - (d) by any method of representative or delegated voting provided by a dedicatory instrument. (Source: Section 209.00592 (a), Texas Property Code).

8. Absentee or electronic ballot. An absentee or electronic ballot:
 - (a) may be counted as an owner present and voting for the purpose of establishing a quorum only for items appearing on the ballot;
 - (b) may be counted, even if properly delivered, if the owner attends any meeting to vote in person, so that any vote cast at a meeting by a property owner supersedes any vote submitted by absentee or electronic ballot previously submitted for that proposal; and
 - (c) may not be counted on the final vote of a proposal if the motion was amended at the meeting to be different from the exact language on the absentee or electronic ballot. (Source: Section 209.00592 (b), Texas Property Code).

9. Solicitation for votes by absentee ballot. A solicitation for votes by absentee ballot must include:
 - (a) an absentee ballot that contains each proposed action and provides an opportunity to vote for or against each proposed action;
 - (b) instructions for delivery of the completed absentee ballot, including the delivery location; and
 - (c) the following language: "By casting your vote via absentee ballot you will forgo the opportunity to consider and vote on any action from the floor on these proposals, if a meeting is held. This means that if there are amendments to these proposals your votes will not be counted on the final vote on these measures. If you desire to retain this ability, please attend any meeting in person. You may submit an absentee ballot and later choose to attend any meeting in person, in which case any in-person vote will prevail." (Source: Section 209.00592 (c), Texas Property Code).

10. If an electronic ballot is posted on an official Internet website of the Association, a notice of the posting shall be sent to each owner that contains instructions on obtaining access to the posting on the website. (Source: Section 209.00592 (e), Texas Property Code).

11. Proxies. If a member elects to vote by proxy, the proxy must be executed in writing by the member or the member's attorney-in-fact, setting forth such member's designation of his attorney and proxy to act in his behalf at any meeting designated therein. Each such proxy shall be filed with the Secretary prior to or at the commencement of the meeting at which said proxy is to be used. Unless otherwise provided by the proxy, a proxy is revocable and expires 11 months after the date of its execution. A proxy may not be irrevocable for longer

- than 11 months. (Source: Article 1396-2.13, Texas Non-Profit Corporations Act). Organizations Code).
12. Voting by Facsimile Transmission. If authorized by resolution of the Board of Directors for any specific matter that can be voted on, a member vote on any matter may be conducted by facsimile transmission.
 13. Tabulation of and Access to Ballots.
 - (a) A person who is a candidate in a property owners' association election or who is otherwise the subject of an association vote, or a person related to that person within the third degree by consanguinity or affinity, as determined under Chapter 573, Government Code, may not tabulate or otherwise be given access to the ballots cast in that election or vote except as provided by this section;
 - (b) A person other than a person described by Subsection (a) may tabulate votes in an association election or vote but may not disclose to any other person how an individual voted.
 - (c) Notwithstanding any other provision of this chapter or any other law, a person other than a person who tabulates votes under Subsection (b), including a person described by Subsection (a), may be given access to the ballots case in the election or vote only as part of a recount process authorized by law. (Source: Section 209.00594, Texas Property Code).
 14. Notice of Election of Association Vote.
 - (a) Not later than the 10th day or earlier than the 60th day before the date of an election or vote, a property owners' association shall give written notice of the election or vote to:
 - (1) each owner of property in the property owners' association, for purposes of an association-wide election or vote; or
 - (2) each owner of property in the property owners' association entitled under the dedicatory instruments to vote in a particular representative election, for purposes of a vote in a particular representative election, for purposes of a vote that involves election of representatives of the association who are vested under the dedicatory instruments of the property owners' association with the authority to elect or appoint board members of the property owners' association. (Source: Section 209.0056, Texas Property Code).
 15. Recount of Votes.
 - (a) Any owner may, not later then the 15th day after the date of the meeting at which the election was held, require a recount of the votes. A demand for a recount must be submitted in writing either:
 - (1) by certified mail, return receipt requested, or by delivery by the United States Postal Service with signature confirmation to the property owners' association's mailing address as reflected on the latest management certificate filed under Section 209.004, Texas Property Code; or

- (2) in person to the property owners' association's managing agent as reflected on the latest management certificate filed under Section 209.0041, Texas Property Code, or to the address to which absentee and proxy ballots are mailed.
- (b) The property owners' association shall, at the expense of the owner requesting the recount, retain for the purpose of performing the recount, the services of a person qualified to tabulate votes under this Subsection. The association shall enter into a contract for the services of a person who:
 - (1) is not a member of the association or related to a member of the association board within the third degree by consanguinity or affinity, as determined under Chapter 573, Government Code; and
 - (2) is:
 - (A) a current or former:
 - (I) county judge;
 - (II) county elections administrator;
 - (III) justice of the peace; or
 - (IV) county voter registrar; or
 - (B) a person agreed on by the association and the persons requesting the recount.
- (c) Any recount under this Bylaw must be performed on or before the 30th day after the date of receipt of a request and payment for a recount in accordance with this Bylaw. If the recount changes the results of the election, the property owners' association shall reimburse the requesting owner for the cost of the recount. The property owners' association shall provide the results of the recount to each owner who requested the recount. Any action taken by the board in the period between the initial election vote tally and the completion of the recount is not affected by any recount. (Source: Section 209.0057, Texas Property Code)

ARTICLE V - Property Rights and Rights of Enjoyment of Common Property

- 1. Right to use Common Facilities. Each Member shall be entitled to the use and enjoyment of the Common Facilities, subject to the Restrictions and any rules and regulations governing the use of the Common Facilities.
- 2. Delegation of Rights of Enjoyment. Any member's right of enjoyment in the Common Facilities may be delegated to the members of his/her family who reside in the Subdivision and such guests as are allowed by any rules and regulations of the Association concerning such rights of enjoyment. Such Member shall notify the Secretary in writing of the name of any such person and of the relationship of the Member to such person. The rights and privileges of such person are subject to suspension under Article III, ¶ 3 hereof, to the same extent as those of the Member.

ARTICLE VI - Association Purposes and Powers

1. Purpose of Association. In addition to the purposes set forth in the Articles of Incorporation and/or Certificate of Formation for the Association, the purposes for which the Association is organized are:
 - (a) To be a property owners association as defined by the Texas Property Code, and shall discharge the duties and obligations of a property owners association in interpreting and enforcing the Restrictions applicable to the Subdivision, according to the plats of said subdivision recorded in the Map Records of the County Clerk; and the entire income and principal of the endowment and assets of this corporation shall be held and distributed solely for such purposes, except for the modest amount needed for the expenses of administration of this corporation in order to effectuate the said purposes; and the making of distributions to organizations having the same purpose qualifying as exempt organizations under Section 501 (c) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (or the corresponding provisions of any future United States Internal Revenue law);
 - (b) To promote the safety, welfare and enjoyment of the residents of and owners of property within the Subdivision;
 - (c) To promote the safety, welfare and enjoyment of the residents of and owners of property within the Subdivision;
 - (d) To the extent authorized by the Restrictions, to compute, assess, collect and enforce the payment of all charges to which the property within the Subdivision is subjected or may be subjected hereby and/or under or by virtue of any reservations, restrictions and covenants applicable to the Subdivision on file in the Official Records of the County Clerk;
 - (e) To operate, maintain, supervise and protect all areas and facilities owned by or conveyed to the corporation from time to time for the common use of its members, and to install or construct improvements upon such areas and facilities;
 - (f) To the extent authorized by the Restrictions, to approve or disapprove plans, specifications and elevations for any building, structure or improvement and for any structural alterations or additions, or other alterations or additions affecting exterior appearance, in or to any building, fence, structure or other improvement within the Subdivision, and to establish design and construction criteria and requirements in connection therewith;
 - (f) To exercise and perform any and all other rights, powers, duties and remedies granted to or imposed upon the corporation by the Restrictions, by any easement granted to the corporation, or by any other instrument granted to or for the benefit of the corporation; and
 - (g) To do or cause to be done all things and acts permitted by the laws of the State of Texas incident to, necessary, or proper to carry out the purposes for which non-profit corporations may be formed and to have all the powers enumerated in the Texas Property Code for property owners associations and in the Texas Business Organizations Code for non-profit corporations, including but not limited to for any lawful purpose or purposes not expressly prohibited under chapters 2 or 22 of the Texas Business Organizations Code, including any purpose described by section

2.002 of the Code.

2. Texas Tax Code Statement. Pursuant to Texas Tax Code Section 171.082, and in extension of and not limitation of the purposes set forth in the Certificate of Formation for the Corporation, (1) the corporation is organized and operated primarily to obtain, manage, construct, and maintain the property in or of a residential condominium or residential real estate development; and (2) the owners of individual lots, residences, or residential units control at least 51 percent of the votes of the corporation and that voting control, however acquired, is not held by: (A) a single individual or family; or (B) one or more developers, declarants, banks, investors, or other similar parties;
3. Limitations on Distributions and Activities. No part of the net earnings of the corporation shall inure to the benefit of, or be distributable to, its members, Directors, Officers, or other private persons, except that the corporation shall be authorized and empowered to pay reasonable compensation for services rendered and to make payments and distributions in the furtherance of the purposes set forth in Article Four hereof. No substantial part of the activities of the corporation shall be the carrying on of propaganda or otherwise attempting to influence Legislation, and the corporation shall not participate in, or intervene in (including the publishing or distribution of statements) any political campaign on behalf of any candidate for public office. Notwithstanding any other provisions of these Articles, the corporation shall not carry any other activities not permitted to be carried on (a) by an organization exempt from Federal Income Tax under Section 501 (c) (3) of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (or the corresponding provisions of any future United States Internal Revenue law) or (b) by an organization, contributions to which are deductible under Section 170 of the Internal Revenue Code of 1954 (or the corresponding provisions of any future United States Internal Revenue law).
4. Mortgage of Association Properties. The Association shall have power to mortgage its properties with the assent of a majority of the votes of the Members who are voting in person or by proxy at a meeting called for such purpose, written notice of which shall be mailed to all Members as least thirty (30) days in advance and shall set forth the purpose of the meeting.

ARTICLE VII - Board of Directors

1. Management of Association. The business and affairs of the Association shall be managed by its Board of Directors which may exercise all such powers of the Association and do all such lawful acts and things as are allowed by statute, the Articles of Incorporation, these Bylaws or the Restrictions directed or required to be exercised or done by the Members.
2. Powers of the Board of Directors. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in any provision of these Bylaws, the Association shall act through its Board of Directors, which shall manage the affairs of the Association. By way of illustration, but not in limitation, the Board of Directors shall have the power to:

- a. Adopt and publish rules and regulations governing use of the common area and facilities, including but not limited to solar panels, roofing, architectural control matters, and the personal conduct of the members and their guests thereon, and to establish penalties for infraction thereof;
 - b. Suspend the voting rights and right to use of the recreational facilities of a member during any period in which such member shall be in default in the payment of any assessment levied by the Association, as hereinbefore stated. Such rights may also be suspended after notice and hearing, for a period not to exceed sixty (60) days for infraction of published rules and regulations;
 - c. Exercise for the Association all powers, duties, and authority vested in or delegated to this Association and not reserved to the membership by other provisions of these By-Laws or the Articles of Incorporation, or the Restrictions;
 - d. Declare the office of a member of the Board of Directors to be vacant in the event each such member shall be absent from three (3) consecutive regular meetings of the Board of Directors; and
 - e. Employ a manager, secretary, attorneys, independent contractors, and/or such other employees as they deem necessary, and to prescribe and oversee their duties.
3. Number of Directors. The number of directors shall be three (3), and may be enlarged or decreased by the members of the Association by amendment to this Bylaw, provided that, in no event, shall the number of directors be reduced to be less than three (3).
 4. Terms of Directors. Directors shall be elected for terms of three (3) years.
 5. Election of Board Members. Any board member whose term has expired must be elected by owners who are members of the property owners' association. A board member may be appointed by the board only to fill a vacancy caused by a resignation, death, or disability. A board member appointed to fill a vacant position shall serve the unexpired term of the predecessor board member. (Source: Section 209.00593 (a), Texas Property Code).
 6. Current Directors and Length of Terms. The current Directors are as follows:

Place One:	Kathy Harvey	(current term ends 2013)
Place Two:	Phillip Waller	(current term ends 2014)
Place Three:	Lydia Tompkins	(current term ends 2012)
 7. Schedule for Election of Directors. The following Schedule is established for the annual election of directors, starting with the annual meeting of the members in 2012:
 - (a) At the 2012 annual meeting of the members of the Association, the members shall elect a director for Place Three, who shall serve for three (3) years until his successor is elected at the annual meeting in 2015.
 - (b) At the 2013 annual meeting of the members of the Association, the members shall elect a director for Place One, who shall serve for three (3) years until his successor

- is elected at the annual meeting in 2016.
- (c) At the 2014 annual meeting of the members of the Association, the members shall elect a director for Place One, who shall serve for three (3) years until his successor is elected at the annual meeting in 2017.
8. Nominating Committee: On or before June 1 of each year, the Board of Directors shall appoint a Nominating Committee of three (3) members of the Association, one of which can be a Director provided that such Director is not up for re-election. A person appointed to the committee cannot become a candidate for the Board of Directors. Said Committee shall have the responsibility of soliciting at least two (2) and not more than three (3) persons to become candidates for each of the vacancies on the Board of Directors of the Association, of preparing and mailing ballots and voting instructions to each member entitled to vote, notifying each elected director of his election, and such other related duties as the Board of Directors may direct. The Nominating Committee shall present the list of candidates to the Secretary on or before the first day of July in each such year an election is to take place.
9. Call for Election: On or before the first day of August of each year, the Secretary shall examine the list of candidates, certifying them as eligible to vote and to hold office, and shall issue the call for the election to be held on the first Saturday of October. The Board may have ballots prepared and mailed to each qualified voter, according to the then records of the Association, in which event said ballot will be so mailed no later than ten (10) days or earlier than forty (45) days next preceding the election. The Board shall prescribe and organize the mechanics of the actual balloting giving particular consideration to the qualifications and/or eligibility of those voting. None of the foregoing shall operate to deprive qualified voters to write in the candidate of their choice, subject to certification by the Secretary of such write-in candidate's eligibility and willingness to serve, or to vote by proxy.
10. The Ballot. When ballots are used, the ballot shall be printed, and shall clearly describe the office, position, or vacancies for which the candidates are running, and the names of the candidates to be voted upon. No ballot will be considered which is not received at the office of the Association prior to seven o'clock p.m. of the election day in October. Ballots received by said time, either by mail or in person, shall be counted, subject to voter and candidate eligibility; all other ballots shall be declared void. Election to the Board of Directors shall be written ballot; the ballots shall show the name of the member voting and the number of lots owned. At such election the Members or their proxies may cast, in respect to each vacancy, as many votes as they are entitled to cast under the provisions of these Bylaws. The person receiving the largest number of votes shall be elected. Cumulative voting shall not be permitted.
11. Removal of Director.
- (a) Except as hereinafter provided in Section 4, any Directors may be removed either for or without cause, at any special meeting of the Members of the Association by the affirmative vote of a majority in number of votes present in person or by proxy at such meeting and entitled to vote for the election of Directors, if notice of the

meeting.

- (b) If the Board of Directors is presented with written, documented evidence from a database or other record maintained by a governmental law enforcement authority that a board member has been convicted of a felony or crime involving moral turpitude, the board member is immediately ineligible to serve on the board of the Association, automatically considered removed from the board, and prohibited from future service on the board. (Source: Section 209.00591, Texas Property Code).

12. Vacancies on Board of Directors.

- (a) Any board member whose term has expired must be elected by owners who are members of the property owners' association.
- (b) A board member may be appointed by the board only to fill a vacancy caused by a resignation, death, or disability.
- (c) A board member appointed to fill a vacant position shall serve the unexpired term of the predecessor board member. (Source: Section 209.0053, Texas Property Code).
- (d) If any vacancy occurs in the Board of Directors, caused by death, resignation, retirement, disqualification or removal from office of any Directors or otherwise, a majority of the Directors then in office, though less than a quorum, may choose a successor or successors, or a successor or successors may be chosen at a special meeting called for that purpose, and each successor Director so chosen shall be elected for the unexpired term of his/her predecessor in office.
- (e) Any Directorship to be filled by reason of the retirement, disqualification or removal shall be filled by election at an annual meeting of Members or at a special meeting called for that purpose.
- (f) Any Directorship to be filled by reason of any increase in the number of Directors shall be filled by election at an annual meeting of Members or at a special meeting called for that purpose.

13. No Compensation for Directors. The Directors shall serve without compensation. Upon resolution by the Board of Directors, any Director may be reimbursed for any out of pocket expenses approved by the Board of Directors, with the Director to whom such reimbursement is to be made shall recuse himself or herself and abstaining from any vote on such reimbursement of out of pocket expenses.

14. Services. No Director of the Association shall be required to devote his/her time or render services exclusively to the Association. Each Director shall be free to engage in any and all other business and activities either similar or dissimilar to the business of this Association. Likewise, each and every Officer shall be free to act for and service any other Association or Associations, entity or entities, in any capacity, whether or not the purposes, business and activities thereof are similar or dissimilar to those of this Association, without breach of any duty to this Association or its Members. No contract or other transaction of this Association shall ever be affected by the fact that any Director of this Association is interested in, or connected with any party to such contract or transaction, provided that such contract or transaction shall be approved by a majority of the Officers not so interested or connected.

ARTICLE VIII - Meetings of the Board of Directors

1. Place of Meeting. The Directors of the Association shall hold their meetings, both regular and special, within or without the State of Texas.
2. Annual Meeting of Directors. The first meeting of each newly constituted Board of Directors shall be held without further notice immediately following the annual meeting of Members of the Association, and at the same place, unless by unanimous consent of the Directors then elected and serving such time or place shall be changed.
3. Regular Meetings of Directors. Except as otherwise provided by these Bylaws, regular meetings of the Board of Directors may be held without notice at such time and place as shall from time to time be determined by the Board of Directors.
4. Special Meetings of Directors. Special meetings of the Board of Directors may be called by the President on three (3) days' notice to each Director, either personally or by mail, electronic message (i.e. e-mail), or by telegram; special meetings shall be called by the President or Secretary in like manner and on like notices on the written request of two (2) Directors. Except as may be otherwise expressly provided by Texas law, the Articles of Incorporation, these Bylaws or the Restrictions, neither the business to be transacted at, nor the purpose of, any special meeting need be specified in a notice or waiver of notice.
5. Quorum. At all meetings of the Board of Directors, the presence of a majority of the Directors shall be necessary and sufficient to constitute a quorum for the transaction of business, and the act of a majority of the Directors, when present at any meeting at which there is a quorum, shall be the act of the Board of Directors, except as may be otherwise specifically provided by statute, the Restrictions, Articles of Incorporation, Certificate of Formation, or these Bylaws. If a quorum shall not be present at any meeting of the Board of Directors, the Directors present thereat may adjourn the meeting from time to time, without notice other than announcement at the meeting, until a quorum shall be present.
6. Manner of Acting. The act of a majority of directors present at a meeting at which a quorum is present shall be the act of the Board of Directors, unless the act of a greater number is required by law or by these Bylaws.
7. Action Without Meeting. Any action required by law to be taken at a meeting of the directors, or any action which may be taken at a meeting of the directors, may be taken without a meeting if a consent in writing setting forth the action to be taken, shall be signed by all the directors.
8. Open Board Meetings.
 - (a) "Board Meeting" (1) means a deliberation between a quorum of the voting board of the Association, or between a quorum of the voting Board of Directors and another

person, during which the Association's business is considered and the Board of Directors takes formal action; and (2) does not include the gathering of a quorum of the Board of Directors at a social function unrelated to the business of the Association or attendance by a quorum of the Board of Directors at a regional, state, or national convention, ceremonial event, or press conference, if formal action is not taken and any discussion of association business is incidental to the social function, convention, ceremonial event, or press conference.

- (b) Regular and special meetings of the Board of Directors must be open to owners, subject to the right of the Board of Directors to adjourn a Board of Directors meeting and reconvene in closed executive session to consider actions involving personnel, pending or threatened litigation, contract negotiations, enforcement actions, confidential communications with the property owners' association's attorney, matters that are to remain confidential by request of the affected parties and agreement of the Board of Directors. Following an executive session, any decision made in the executive session must be summarized orally and placed in the minutes, in general terms, without breaching the privacy of individual owners, violating any privilege, or disclosing information that was to remain confidential at the request of the affected parties. The oral summary must include a general explanation of expenditures approved in executive session.
- (c) Except for a meeting held by electronic or telephonic means under Subsection (h), a Board of Directors meeting must be held in a county in which all or part of the property in the subdivision is located or in a county adjacent to that county.
- (d) The Board of Directors shall keep a record of each regular or special Board of Directors meeting in the form of written minutes of the meeting. The Board of Directors shall make meeting records, including approved minutes, available to a member for inspection and copying on the member's written request to the property owners' association's managing agent at the address appearing on the most recently filed management certificate or, if there is not a managing agent, to the Board of Directors.
- (e) Members shall be given notice of the date, hour, place, and general subject of a regular or special Board of Directors meeting, including a general description of any matter to be brought up for deliberation in executive session. The notice shall be:
 - (1) mailed to each property owner not later than the 10th day or earlier than the 60th day before the date of the meeting; or
 - (2) provided at least 72 hours before the start of the meeting by:
 - (A) posting the notice in a conspicuous manner reasonably designed to provide notice to property owners' association members:
 - (i) in a place located on the association's common property or, with the property owner's consent, on other conspicuously located privately owned property within the subdivision; or
 - (ii) on any Internet website maintained by the association or other Internet media; and
 - (B) sending the notice by e-mail to each owner who has registered an e-mail address with the association.

- (f) It is an owner's duty to keep an updated e-mail address registered with the property owners' association under Subsection (e) (2) (B).
 - (g) If the Board of Directors recesses a regular or special Board of Directors meeting to continue the following regular business day, the Board of Directors is not required to post notice of the continued meeting if the recess is taken in good faith and not to circumvent this section. If a regular or special Board of Directors meeting is continued to the following regular business day, and on that following day the Board of Directors continues the meeting to another day, the Board of Directors shall give notice of the continuation in at least one manner prescribed by Subsection (e) (2) (A) within two hours after adjourning the meeting being continued.
 - (h) A Board of Directors may meet by any method of communication, including electronic and telephonic, without prior notice to owners under Subsection (e), if each director may hear and be heard by every other director, or the Board of Directors may take action by unanimous written consent to consider routine and administrative matters or a reasonably unforeseen emergency or urgent necessity that requires immediate Board of Directors action. Any action taken without notice to owners under Subsection (e) must be summarized orally, including an explanation of any known actual or estimated expenditures approved at the meeting, and documented in the minutes of the next regular or special Board of Directors meeting. The Board of Directors may not, without prior notice to owners under Subsection (e), consider or vote on:
 - (1) fines;
 - (2) damage assessments;
 - (3) initiation of foreclosure actions;
 - (4) initiation of enforcement actions, excluding temporary restraining orders or violations involving a threat to health or safety;
 - (5) increases in assessments;
 - (6) levying of special assessments;
 - (7) appeals from a denial of architectural control approval; or
 - (8) a suspension of a right of a particular owner before the owner has an opportunity to attend a Board of Directors meeting to present the owner's position, including any defense, on the issue.
- (Source: Section 209.0051, Texas Property Coder).

ARTICLE IX - Committees and Managing Agents

1. Appointment of Committees Consisting of Directors. The Board of Directors may, by resolution passed by a majority of the entire board, designate one or more committees, to consist of two or more of the Directors of the Association. Any such committee, to the extent provided in said resolution, shall have and may exercise all of the authority of the Board of Directors in the management of the business and affairs of the Association, except where action of the full Board of Directors is required by structure, the Restrictions or by the Articles of Incorporation and/or Certificate of Formation

2. Appointment of Committees Not Limited to Directors or Members. Other committees not having and exercising the authority of the Board of Directors in the management of the affairs of the Association may be designated and appointed by a resolution adopted by a majority of the Directors at a meeting at which a quorum is present, or by like resolution of the Board of Directors. Membership on such committee, may, but need not be, limited to Directors or members of the Association.
3. The "Architectural Committee" shall exercise the functions required of such a committee under the recorded Restrictive covenants applicable to the Subdivision. The Architectural Committee is not limited to, but shall have at least three (3) Members from the Association who do not have to be officers of the Board of Directors. Any member of such committee may be removed by a majority vote of the Board of Directors when in the Board of Directors' judgment the best interest of the Association and the Lot Owners in the Subdivision shall be served by each removal. The Board of Directors shall appoint one of the members of the Architectural Committee as the chairperson of this committee unless deemed otherwise by the Board. [ORIGINAL BYLAWS Pg 13/14, Article 6, #2]
4. Other committees. Other committees may be formed or disbanded as desired by the Association Board of Directors. The Membership of other committees is at the discretion of the Association Board of Directors. [ORIGINAL BYLAWS Pg 14, Article 6, #3]
5. Minutes of Committee Proceeding All committees shall keep regular minutes of their proceedings and shall report the same to the Board of Directors when required.
6. Employment of Management Agent. The Board of Directors may employ for the Association a management agent at a compensation established by the Board of Directors and such management agents shall perform such duties and services as the Board of Directors shall authorize. The Board of Directors may employ as management agent the Developer, its subsidiaries or affiliates, provided that the compensation to the Developer, its subsidiaries or affiliates shall not exceed the fair market rate for such services.

ARTICLE X - Officers

1. Officers Elected by Board. The officers of the of the Association shall be elected by the Directors and shall be a President, a Secretary and a Treasurer. The Board of Directors may also choose one or more Vice Presidents. Any two or more offices may be held by the same person except that the offices of President and Secretary shall not be held by the same person.
2. Election at Annual Meeting of Board. The Board of Directors, at its first meeting after each annual meeting of Members, shall choose a President, a Secretary, and a Treasurer, any one or all of whom may be members of the Board. The Board of Directors may also elect such Vice Presidents, Assistant Secretaries and Assistant Treasures as it may determine.

3. Additional Officers and Agents. The Board of Directors may appoint such other officers and agents as it shall deem necessary, who shall be appointed for such terms and shall exercise powers and perform such duties as shall be determined from time to time by the Board of Directors.
4. Compensation of Officers and Agents. The salaries (if any) of all officers and agents of the Association shall be fixed by the Board of Directors.
5. Term of Office. Each officer of the Association shall hold office until the annual meeting of the Board of Directors next following his election and thereafter until his successor is chosen and qualified in his stead or until his death or until his resignation or removal from office.
6. Removal. Any officer or agent elected or appointed by the Board of Directors may be removed from office at any time by the affirmative vote of a majority of the entire Board of Directors whenever in their judgment the best interests of the Association would be served thereby, but such removal shall be without prejudice to the contract rights, if any, of the person so removed.
7. Vacancies. If the office of any officer becomes vacant for any reason, the vacancy may be filled by the Board of Directors for the unexpired portion of the term.
8. President. The President shall be the Chief Executive Officer of the Association, and shall in general, supervise and control all of the business and affairs of the Association. The President shall preside at all meetings of the Members and the Board of Directors, shall have general and active management of the business and affairs of the Association, shall see that all orders and resolutions of the Board of Directors are carried into effect, and shall perform such other duties as the Board of Directors shall from time to time prescribe. He may sign, with the Secretary, or any other proper officer of the Association authorized by the Board of Directors, any deeds, mortgages, bonds, contracts, checks drawn against the Association, or other instruments which the Board of Directors has authorized to be executed, except in cases where the signing and execution thereof shall be expressly delegated by the Board of Directors, or by these Bylaws, or by statute to some other officer or agent of the Association.
9. Vice-President. Each Vice President shall have such powers and perform such duties as the Board of Directors may from time to time prescribe or as the President may from time to time delegate to him. In the absence of the President or in the event of his inability or refusal to act, the Vice-President shall perform the duties of the President, and when so acting, shall have all of the power of, and be subject to all the restrictions upon the President.
10. Secretary. The Secretary shall attend all sessions of the Board of Directors and all meetings of the Members and record all votes and the minutes of all proceedings in a book to be kept for that purpose and shall perform like duties for any committees when required. He shall give, or cause to be given, notice of all meetings of the Members and special

meetings of the Board of Directors, and shall perform such other duties as may be prescribed by the Board of Directors or the President, under whose supervision he shall be. Each Assistant Secretary shall have such powers and perform such duties as the Board of Directors may from time to time prescribe or as the President may from time to time delegate to him.

11. Treasurer. The Treasurer shall have the custody of the corporate funds and securities and shall keep full and accounts of receipts and disbursements and shall deposit all moneys and other valuable effects in the name and to the credit of the Association in such depositories as may be designated by the Board of Directors. He shall disburse the funds of the Association as may be ordered by the Board of Directors, taking proper vouchers for such disbursement, and shall render to the President and Directors, at the regular meetings of the Board of Directors, or whenever they may require it, an account of all his transactions as Treasurer and of the financial condition of the Association, and shall perform such other duties as the Board of Directors may prescribe. If required by the Board of Directors, he shall give the Association a bond in such form, in such sum, and with such surety or sureties as shall be satisfactory to the Board of Directors for the faithful performance of the duties of his office and for the restoration to the Association, in case of his death, resignation, retirement or removal from office, of all books, paper, vouchers, money and other property of whatever kind in his possession or under his control belonging to the Association. Each Assistant Treasurer shall have such powers and perform such duties as the Board of Directors may from time to time prescribe.

ARTICLE XI - Meetings of the Members

1. Annual Meetings. The annual meeting of the Members shall be held on the first Saturday of the month of October in each year commencing in 2012, at 10:00 o'clock A.M. If the day for the annual meeting of the Members shall fall upon a holiday, the meeting may be held at the same hour on the first Saturday following which is not a holiday, at the designation of the Board of Directors. Failure to hold the annual meeting at the designated time shall not work a dissolution of the Association.
2. Failure to Hold Annual Meeting. The following Bylaw is intended to comply with Section 209.014, Texas Property Code.
 - (a) In the event the Board of Directors does not call an annual meeting of the association members, an owner may demand that a meeting of the association members be called not later than the 30th day after the date of the owner's demand.
 - (b) The owner's demand must be made in writing and sent by certified mail, return receipt requested, to the registered agent of the property owners' association and to the association at the address for the association according to the most recently filed management certificate. A copy of the notice must be sent to each property owner who is a member of the association.
 - (c) If the board does not call a meeting of the members of the property owners' association on or before the 30th day after the date of a demand under Subsection (b),

three or more owners may form an election committee. The election committee shall file written notice of the committee's formation with the county clerk of each county in which the subdivision is located.

- (d) A notice filed by an election committee must contain:
 - (1) A statement that an election committee has been formed to call a meeting of owners who are members of the property owners' association for the sole purpose of electing board members;
 - (2) the name and residential address of each committee member; and
 - (3) the name of the subdivision over which the property owners' association has jurisdiction under a dedicatory instrument.
 - (e) Each committee member must sign and acknowledge the notice before a notary or other official authorized to take acknowledgments.
 - (f) The county clerk shall enter on the notice the date the notice is filed and record the notice in the county's real property records.
 - (g) Only one committee in a subdivision may operate under this section at one time. If more than one committee in a subdivision files a notice, the first committee that files a notice, after having complied with all other requirements of this section, is the committee with the power to act under this section. A committee that does not hold or conduct a successful election within four months after the date the notice is filed with the county clerk is dissolved by operation of law. An election held or conducted by a dissolved committee is ineffective for any purpose under this section.
 - (i) The election committee may call meetings of the owners who are members of the property owners' association for the sole purpose of electing board members. Notice, quorum, and voting provisions contained in the bylaws of the property owners' association apply to any meeting called by the election committee. (Source: Section 209.014, Texas Property Code).
3. Special Meetings. Special meetings of the Members for any purpose may be called at any time by the President, or by any two (2) or more Members of the Board of Directors, or upon written request of the Members who have a right to vote one-fourth (1/4th) of all of the votes of the entire membership.
 4. Notice of Meetings. Written notice of any meetings shall be given to the Members by the Secretary. Notice may be given to the Members either personally, or by sending a copy of the notice through the mail, postage thereon fully prepaid to his address appearing on the books of the Association. Notice of any meeting, regular or special, be mailed not less than ten (10) nor more than sixty (60) days in advance of the meeting and shall set forth in general the nature of the business to be transacted; provided, however, that if the business of any meeting shall involve any action governed by the Articles of Incorporation or by the Restrictions, notice of such meeting shall be given or sent as therein provided.
 5. Member Contact Information. Each member shall register his address with the secretary, and notices of meetings, regular or special, shall be mailed to him at such address. It is the responsibility of the Member to provide the Association with current mailing and email

addresses, and the Association assumes no responsibility should any notices not be received by the Member provided that the Association forwards such notice to the address provided the Association by the Member.

6. Notice by e-mail. Any Member may request that notice be transmitted electronically by providing the Association's Secretary a valid e-mail address. Upon providing such e-mail address the Association may transmit any and all notices to such member at such e-mail address. Members are encouraged to provide an e-mail address to help reduce the operational cost of postage and mail-out required by these Bylaws and Texas Law.
7. Waiver of Notice. Notice may be waived in writing signed by the person or persons entitled to such notice. Such waiver may be executed at any time before or after the holding of such meeting. Attendance at a meeting shall constitute a waiver of notice, except where the person attends for the express purpose of objecting to the transaction of any business on the ground that the meeting is not lawfully called or convened.
8. Location of Meetings. Meetings of members shall be held at the office of the Association, if one is established in the Subdivision, or at such other place, within or without the State of Texas, as may be stated in the notice of the meeting or in a duly executed waiver of notice thereof.
9. Quorum. The presence at the meeting of Members entitled to cast ten (10 %) of the votes entitled to be voted at such meeting, shall constitute a quorum for any action governed by these Bylaws.
10. Action Required. At a meeting at which a quorum is present, the vote of the majority of the members in person or represented by proxy shall decide any question brought before the meeting, unless the question is one upon which the vote of a greater number is required by law, the Articles of Incorporation, or these Bylaws. The members present or represented at a meeting at which a quorum is present may continue to transact business until adjournment, notwithstanding the withdrawal of enough shareholders to leave less than a quorum.

ARTICLE XII - Notices

1. Type of Notice. Whenever under the provisions of the statute, the Articles of Incorporation, these Bylaws or the Restrictions, notice is required to be given to any Directors or Member and no provision is made as to how such notice shall be given, it shall not be construed to mean personal notice, but any such notice may be given in writing, electronic message (i.e. e-mail), by mail, postage prepaid, addressed to such Directors or Member at such address as appears on the records of the Association. Any notice required or permitted to be given by mail shall be deemed to be given at the time the same is deposited in the United States mail as aforesaid.

2. Waiver of Notice. Whenever any notice is required to be given to any Member or Directors of the Association under the provisions of any applicable statute, the Articles of Incorporation, these Bylaws of the Restrictions, a waiver thereof in writing signed by the person or persons entitled to such notice, whether before or after the time stated in such notice, shall be deemed equivalent to the giving of such notice.

ARTICLE XIII - Special Assessments

1. Establishment of Special Assessment for Capital Projects. In addition to the Maintenance Fee assessment set forth in the Restrictions, the members of the Association may adopt a special assessment for capital projects, in such amount as may be established by the Association at a special or annual meeting at which notice for an election for the assessment of said Special Assessment is given. Should the special assessment be approved by a two-third (2/3) vote of the members, represented in person or by proxy, of the Property Owners Association at the annual meeting of the Property Owners Association, then the Special Assessment shall become effective on the date noticed, with the proceeds from such special assessment being ear-marked for the specific purpose set forth in the notice of such election. Said Special Assessment shall be secured by a lien against said lot, and failure to pay said Special Assessment shall constitute a foreclosure lien against said lot. This lien is in the form of an assessment to run with the ownership of said lots. The Special Assessment shall be deemed delinquent if not paid within thirty (30) days of the date set forth in the notice as being the date the Special Assessment is due.
2. Purpose of Special Assessment. The Special Assessment shall be used for only the following purposes:
 - (a) To defray, in whole or in part, the cost, whether incurred before or after the assessment, of any construction or reconstruction, repair, or replacement of a capital improvement in the Common Areas, including but not limited to the streets and roads in the Subdivision, owned by the Association, including the necessary fixtures and personal property related to such Common Areas, to the extent such expense is not sufficiently provided for with Regular Assessment funds;
 - (b) For maintenance and improvement of Common Areas owned by the Association; and/or
 - (c) For such other purposes of the property owners' association as stated in the Association's Certificate of Formation or the dedicatory instrument for the Subdivision.

ARTICLE XIV - Books and Records

1. The Association adopts this Article XIV of these Bylaws to comply with Section 209.005, Texas Property Code. In the event of a conflict between this Article XIV and Section 209.005, Section 209.005 shall control.

2. The Association shall make the books and records of the Association, including financial records, open to and reasonably available for examination by an owner, or a person designated in writing signed by the owner or the owner's agent, attorney, or certified public accountant, in accordance with this section. An owner is entitled to obtain from the Association copies of information contained in the books and records, except as provided herein.
3. An attorney's files and records relating to the Property Owner's Association, excluding invoices requested by an owner under Section 209.008 (d) of the Texas Property Code, are not records of the Association and are not subject to inspection by the owner; or production in a legal proceeding. If a document in an attorney's files and records relating to the Association would be responsive to a legally authorized request to inspect or copy Association documents, the document shall be produced by using the copy from the attorney's files and records if the Association has not maintained a separate copy of the document. This Bylaw does not require production of a document that constitutes attorney work product or that is privileged as an attorney-client communication.
4. An owner or the owner's authorized representative described by Section 2 of this Bylaw must submit a written request for access or information under Section 2 by certified mail, with sufficient detail describing the Property Owners' Association's books and records requested, to the mailing address of the Association or authorized representative as reflected on the most current management certificate filed with the County Clerk. The request must contain an election either to inspect the books and records before obtaining copies or have the Property Owners' Association forward copies of the requested books and records and if an inspection is requested, the Association, on or before the 10th business day after the date the Association receives the request, except as otherwise provided by this section.
5. If the Association is unable to produce the books or records requested under Article XIV, Section 4 on or before the 10th business day after the date the Association receives the request, the Association will provide to the requestor written notice that:
 - (a) informs the requestor that the Association is unable to produce the information on or before the 10th business day after the date the Association received the request; and
 - (b) states a date by which the information will be sent or made available for inspection to the requesting party that is not later than the 15th business day after the date notice under this subsection is given.
6. If an inspection is requested or required, the inspection shall take place at a mutually agreed on time during normal business hours, and the requesting party shall identify the books and records for the Property Owners' Association to copy and forward to the requesting party.
7. The Association may produce books and records requested under this section in hard copy, electronic, or other format reasonably available to the Association.
8. The Board of Directors shall adopt a records production and copying policy that prescribes

the costs the Association will charge for the compilation, production, and reproduction of information requested under this section. The prescribed charges may include all reasonable costs of materials, labor, and overhead but may not exceed costs that would be applicable for an item under 1 T.A.C. Section 70.3. The policy required by this subsection shall be recorded as a dedicatory instrument in accordance with Section 202.006, Texas Property Code. The Association may not charge an owner for the compilation, production, or reproduction of information requested under this section unless the policy prescribing those costs has been recorded as required by the Association's Records Policy filed with the County Clerk. An owner is responsible for costs related to the compilation, production, and reproduction of the requested information in the amounts prescribed by the policy adopted under this Bylaw. The Association may require advance payment of the estimated costs of compilation, production, and reproduction of the requested information. If the estimated costs are lesser or greater than the actual costs, the Association shall submit a final invoice to the owner on or before the 30th business day after the date the information is delivered. If the final invoice includes additional amounts due from the owner, the additional amounts, if not reimbursed to the Association before the 30th business day after the date the invoice is sent to the owner, may be added to the owner's account as an assessment. If the estimated costs exceeded the final invoice amount, the owner is entitled to a refund, and the refund shall be issued to the owner not later than the 30th business day after the date the invoice is sent to the owner.

9. A Property Owners' Association must estimate costs under this section using amounts prescribed by the policy adopted under Section 8 of this Article XIV.
10. Except as provided by this Article XIV, and to the extent the information is provided in the meeting minutes, the Association is not required to release or allow inspection of any books or records that identify the dedicatory instrument violation history of an individual owner of an association, an owner's personal financial information, including records of payment or nonpayment of amounts due to the Association, an owner's contact information, other than the owner's address, or information related to an employee of the Association, including personnel files. Information may be released in an aggregate or summary manner that would not identify an individual property owner.
11. The books and records described by Section 10 of this Article XIV shall be released or made available for inspection if:
 - (a) the express written approval of the owner whose records are the subject of the request for inspection is provided to the property owners' Association; or
 - (b) a court orders the release of the books and records or orders that the books and records be made available for inspection.
12. The Board shall adopt and comply with a document retention policy that includes, at a minimum, the following requirements:
 - (a) certificates of formation, bylaws, restrictive covenants, and all amendments to the certificates of formation, bylaws, and covenants shall be retained permanently;
 - (b) financial books and records shall be retained for seven years;

- (c) account records of current owners shall be retained for five years;
 - (d) contracts with a term of one year or more shall be retained for four years after the expiration of the contract term;
 - (e) minutes of meetings of the owners and the board shall be retained for seven years; and
 - (f) tax returns and audit records shall be retained for seven years.
13. A member of the Association who is denied access to or copies of Association books or records to which the member is entitled under this Article XIV of these Bylaws may file a petition with the justice of the peace of a justice precinct in which all or part of the property that is governed by the Association is located requesting relief in accordance with Article XIV of these Bylaws. If the justice of the peace finds that the member is entitled to access to or copies of the records, the justice of the peace may grant one or more of the following remedies:
- (a) a judgment ordering the Property Owners' Association to release or allow access to the books or records;
 - (b) a judgment against the Property Owners' Association for court costs and attorney's fees incurred in connection with seeking a remedy under this section; or
 - (c) a judgment authorizing the owner or the owner's assignee to deduct the amounts awarded under Subdivision (2) from any future regular or special assessments payable to the Property Owners' Association.
14. If the Property Owners' Association prevails in an action under Section 13 of this Article XIV of the Bylaws, the Association is entitled to a judgment for court costs and attorney's fees incurred by the Association in connection with the action.
15. On or before the 10th business day before the date a person brings an action against the Association under this section, the person must send written notice to the Association of the person's intent to bring the action. The notice must:
- (a) be sent certified mail, return receipt requested, or delivered by the United States Postal Service with signature confirmation service to the mailing address of the Association or authorized representative as reflected on the most current management certificate filed under Section 209.004; and
 - (b) describe with sufficient detail the books and records being requested.
16. For the purposes of this Article XIV of these Bylaws, "business day" means a day other than Saturday, Sunday, or a state or federal holiday. (Source: Section 209.005, Texas Property Code)
17. Annual Audit. A review of books and records shall be made annually by a Certified Public Accountant selected by the Board of Directors. Upon completion of the yearly review of books and records, the report will be available for review in the Association's office.
[ORIGINAL BYLAWS Pg. 15, Article 7, #5]

18. Special Assessment Accounts. Special Assessment, also known as special fees, should always be held in a Reserve Account and accounted for separately.
[ORIGINAL BYLAWS Pg. 15, Article 7, #6]

ARTICLE XV - Miscellaneous; Fiscal Matters

1. Charges. The Board of Directors shall compute, assess, collect and enforce the payment of all charges to which the Subdivision is subjected or may be subjected under or by virtue of the Restrictions and Bylaws.
2. Dividends. No dividends shall be paid and no part of the income of the Association shall be disbursed to its Members, Directors, or Officers. The Association may pay compensation in a reasonable amount to its Members or Officers for services rendered, but only as permitted by the applicable statutes.
3. Agreements. All agreements, contracts, deeds, leases, and other instruments of the Association shall be executed by at least two (2) officers of the board or such other person or persons as may be designated by resolution of the Board. Such authority may be general or confined to specific instances. [ORIGINAL BYLAWS Pg. 16, Article 9, #1]
4. Checks. All checks or demands for money and notes of the Association shall be signed by such officer or officers or such other person or persons as the Board of Directors may from time to time designate.

Checks and Drafts. All checks, drafts, or orders for payment of money, notes or other evidences of indebtedness issued in the name of Association shall be signed by such Officer or Officers of the Association and in such manner as shall from time to time be determined by resolution of the Board of Directors. Such instruments shall be signed by two (2) of the officers designated by the Board to sign the documents. [ORIGINAL BYLAWS Pg. 17, Article 9, #2]

Deposits. All funds of the Association shall be deposited to the credit of the Association in such banks, trust companies, or other depositories as the Board of Directors may select.
[ORIGINAL BYLAWS Pg. 17, Article 9, #3]

Gifts. The Directors may accept on behalf of the Association any contributions, gifts, bequests or items for the general purposes or for any special purpose of the Association.
[ORIGINAL BYLAWS Pg. 17, Article 9, #4]

5. Fiscal Year. The fiscal year of the Association shall be fixed by resolution of the Board of Directors.
6. Seal. The corporate seal, if any, shall be in such form as may be determined by the Board of Directors. Said seal may be used by causing it or a facsimile thereof to be impressed or

affixed or reproduced or otherwise.

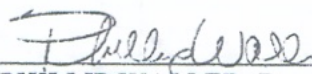
7. Indemnification. Except as may otherwise be provided by Article 1396-2.22A, Texas Non-Profit Corporations Act, and/or Section 8.051, Texas Business Organizations Code, or as may be ordered by a court pursuant to Section 8.052, Texas Business Organizations Code, or by Article 1396-2.22A, Texas Non-Profit Corporations Act, the Association shall indemnify any Directors, Officer, or employee of the Association, against expenses actually and necessarily incurred by him and any amount paid in satisfaction of judgments in connection with any action, suit or proceedings, whether civil or criminal in nature, in which he is made a party by reason of being or having been such a Director, Officer, or employee (whether or not a Director, Officer, or employee at the time such costs or expenses are incurred by or imposed upon him) except in relation to matters as to which he shall be judged in such action, suit, or proceedings to be liable for gross negligence or willful misconduct in the performance of duty. The Association may also reimburse to any Director, Officer or employee the reasonable costs of settlement of any such action, suit or proceedings, if it shall be found by a majority of a committee of the Directors not involved in the matter in controversy, whether or not a quorum, that it was in the interest of the Association that such settlement be made and that such Director, Officer or employee was not guilty of gross negligence or willful misconduct. Such rights of indemnification and reimbursement shall not be deemed exclusive of any other rights to which such Director, Officer, or employee may be entitled by law or under any Bylaw, agreement, vote of Members or otherwise. Nothing in this Section shall prevent permissive indemnification as authorized by Section 8.01 through 8.152, Texas Business Organizations Code, or by Article 1396-2.22A, Texas Non-Profit Corporations Act.
8. Online Subdivision Information. The Association shall make dedicatory instruments relating to the association or subdivision and filed with the County Clerk records available on a website if the association has, or a management company on behalf of the association maintains, a publicly accessible website. (Source: Section 207.006, Texas Property Code).
9. Texas Property Code Controls. To the extent that any of these Bylaws conflict with the provisions of the Texas Property Code and/or the Texas Non-Profit Corporations Act and/or the Texas Business Organizations Code, as may be amended from time to time by the Texas Legislature, the Texas Property Code and/or the Texas Non-Profit Corporations Act and/or the Texas Business Organizations Code shall control.

ARTICLES XVI - Amendment of Bylaws

These Bylaws may be altered, amended, or repealed and new Bylaws may be adopted (a) by a majority of the Directors present at any meeting or special meeting of the Directors, where a quorum is present, if at least ten (10) days written notice is given of the intent to alter, amend, repeal, or adopt at such meeting, and/or (b) by a majority of the members entitled to vote, present at any annual meeting or any special meeting called for that purpose, where a quorum is present, if at least ten (10) days written notice is given on the intent to alter, amend, or repeal, or adopt new Bylaws at

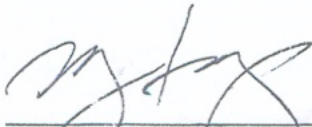
such meeting.

THESE BYLAWS have been voted on and adopted by the Board of Directors of the Association at a special meeting of the Association held on December __, 2011.



PHILLIP WALLER, President

ATTEST:



LYDIA TOMPKINS, Secretary

