

Join us to save coral reefs

Vic Ferguson

The World Federation for Coral Reef Conservation

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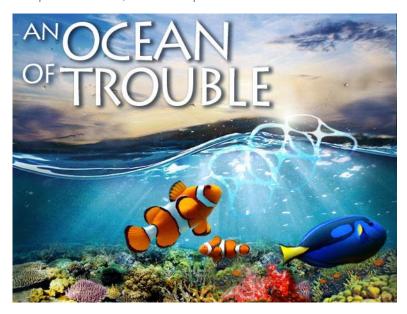
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NEWS

As in 'Finding Dory', here's why real sea-creatures swimming the **Pacific Ocean face challenges**

June 22, 2016

Updated June 23, 2016 12:01 p.m.STAFF



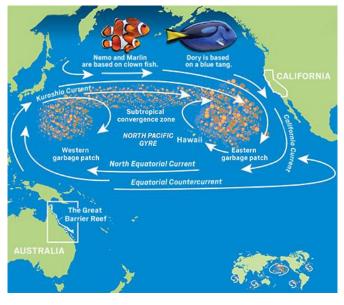
BY ANNA BERKEN /

STAFF FACEBOOK

In the new Pixar movie "Finding Dory," the main characters, Dory, Marlin and Nemo, swim from the Great Barrier Reef in Australia to California. We take a look at some of the challenges these creatures would face in a real-life trek across the Pacific Ocean.

PLASTIC POLLUTION IN THE WATER

The garbage patches above are areas where bits of floating trash are concentrated by ocean currents. The plastic breaks up into little pieces and forms a soup of debris.





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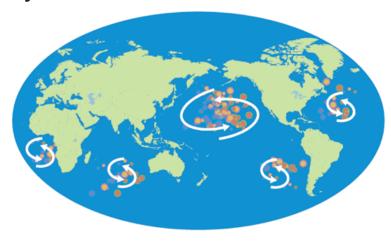
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Gyres around the world



There are five known gyres collecting garbage in the oceans.

9 million tons

Plastic waste that goes into the ocean every year

Sources of debris Plastic degradation

20% From ships or ocean sources

> - 80% From land via rivers or sewers

Plastic does not fully decompose, but breaks down into smaller and smaller pieces. It can take hundreds of years for plastic objects to degrade.

O THE SHARE AND AUTOMOTOR THE SHARE OF THE S	Sea level	SCOROL STORES
10 feet Most trash floats in the top layer	100 feet	
	200	
	300	
300 feet Plastic particles found in sample		

500







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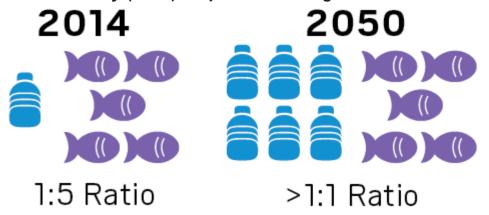
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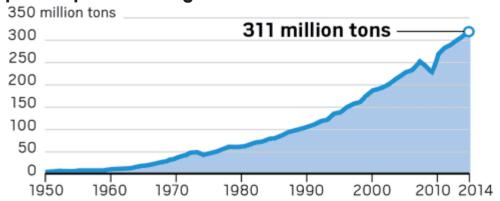
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Plastic willoutweigh fish in the ocean by 2050 It currently (2016) "Equals" the weight of fish in the ocean



A recent study found that if we continue our current rate of plastic use, the waste will soon outweigh fish.

Global plastic production growth



Common plastics found in marine debris

Water and soda bottles	Fishing line
Bags	Fishing nets
Food packaging	Bouys and traps



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Eating utensils	Plastic sheeting			
Cigarette butts	Industrial pellets			
Drinking straws/stirrers	Pipes for plumbing			
Polyester clothing	Detergent bottles			
Microbeads	Foam containers			
Microfibers	Balloons			

These objects are often mistaken for food and consumed by albatrosses and other animals. Marine life can also get tangled in discarded fishing gear.





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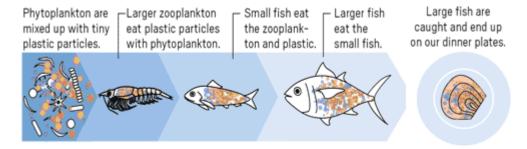
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Plastic in the food chain

A sampling of ocean fish found one-third had plastic fragments in their digestive tract.

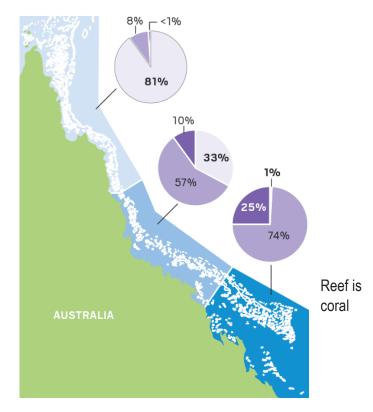


CLIMATE CHANGE AND GREAT BARRIER REEF-GBR

Coral health

- Severely bleached
- Somewhat bleached
- Not bleached

The coral that makes up the Great Barrier in crisis. Rising water temperatures lead to bleaching and collapse of the ecosystem.





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Australian Prime Minister Malcolm Turnbull recently promised \$1 billion toward efforts to save the reef if re-elected.

GREAT BARRIER REEF » BEFORE BLEACHING | AFTER BLEACHING





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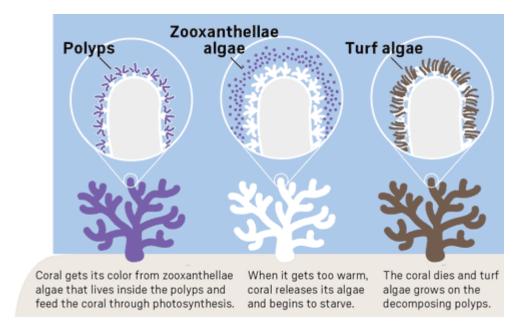
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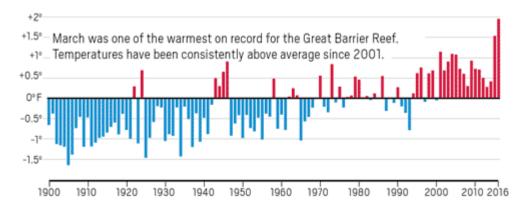
Coral bleaching

Coral is made up of tiny polyps living in colonies. When stressed, coral begins to starve and die. Coral covers 0.01% of the ocean floor but provides habitat for more than 25 percent of marine species.



Ocean temperature rising

March was one of the warmest on record for the Great Barrier Reef. Temperatures have been consistently above average since 2001.





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Sources: NOAA, California Coastal Commission, Ocean Conservancy, Arc Centre of Excellence, Australian Bureau of Meteorology, Science Magazine, Algalita Marine Research Foundation, Sun Sentinel, World Economic Forum

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The only thing necessary for the triumph of evil is that good men do nothing"....**Edmund Burke**