

## **CTA-204-Forest and Coral Reefs**

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## **How Forest Conservation Helps Coral Reefs**

(see comments at end)

Wildlife Conservation Society

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Scientists in Fiji are examining how forest conservation also benefits coral reefs and fish populations. CREDIT: Stacy Jupiter/WCS

Researchers from the University of Hawai'i at Mānoa (UH Mānoa), WCS (Wildlife Conservation Society), and other groups are discovering how forest conservation in Fiji can minimize the impact of human activities on coral reefs and their fish populations.

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Specifically, authors of a newly published study in the journal *Scientific Reports* have used innovative modeling tools to identify specific locations on the land where conservation actions would yield the highest benefits for downstream reefs in terms of mitigating harm to coral communities and associated reef fish populations.

The authors of the study titled "Scenario Planning with Linked Land-Sea Models Inform Where Forest Conservation Actions Will Promote Coral Reef Resilience" are: Jade M. S. Delevaux, Stacy D. Jupiter, Kostantinos A. Stamoulis, Leah L. Bremer, Amelia S. Wenger, Rachel Dacks, Peter Garrod, Kim A. Falinski, and Tamara Ticktin.

The researchers of the study focused on Fiji's Kubulau District, where indigenous landowners are already taking action to manage their resources through a ridge-to-reef management plan.

Human activities on land often have cascading effects for marine ecosystems, and human-related impacts on Fiji are threatening more than 25 percent of the total global reef area. Expansion of commercial agriculture, logging, mining, and coastal development can harm coral reefs and their associated fisheries through increases in sediment and nutrient runoff. Consequent reef degradation directly affects food security, human wellbeing, and cultural practices in tropical island communities around the world.

To determine where management and conservation efforts would be most impactful, the researchers built a fine-scale, linked land and sea model that integrates existing landuse with coral reef condition and fish biomass. The team then simulated various future land-use and climate change scenarios to pinpoint areas in key watersheds where conservation would provide the most benefit to downstream coral reef systems. In every simulated scenario, coral reef impacts were minimized when native forest was protected or restored.

## "The results of this study can be used by the village chiefs and the resource management committee in Kubulau to provide a geographic focus to their management actions," said Dr. Sangeeta Mangubhai, Director of the WCS Fiji Country Program.

The methods also have applications far beyond Kubulau, particularly as many indigenous island communities are mobilizing to revitalize customary ridge to reef management systems and governments are becoming more interested in applying an integrated land-sea planning approach.

Dr. Jade Delevaux of the University of Hawai'i and lead author of the study said: "This novel tool relies on two freely available software packages and can be used in open access geographic information systems (GIS). As more and more remote sensing and bathymetry data become freely available to serve as data inputs, the model can serve even very data-poor regions around the world to allow for better management of linked land and sea areas."

The model thus provides a platform for evidence-based decision making for ridge to reef management and lends confidence that directed terrestrial conservation actions can bolster reef resilience by minimizing damage from land-based runoff.

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Dr. Stacy Jupiter, WCS Melanesia Regional Program Director, added: "The results provide hope because they demonstrate that resilience of coral reefs to global change can be promoted through local actions, thereby empowering local people to become better stewards over their resources."

## Source: Wildlife Conservation Society

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The only thing necessary for the triumph of evil is that good men do nothing".....Edmund Burke

This article reminds us of the connection between "The Canaries in the mine", that create a warning that the breathable air in the mine has turned deadly and lets the Coal Miners know of impending doom This also serves as the parallelism of what is happening now in our oceans.

The documentation from all over the world is identifying the level of threats that are currently stressing coastal environments around the world. This evidence is mounting support of the idea that the ocean is one body of water and what happens in one part of the ocean could easily occur in other locations.

This concept is not new, just becoming more relevant. This old message is again very important that we see what is happening now and change how we administer to our oceans.

All of the past five mass extensions were preceded by a mass coral die off. And there are some people that think we are in the beginning of the sixth mass coral die off NOW!

The only difference is this time we DO have warnings of what is to come and need to know how to **recognize** them.

Director WFCRC

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