

I am an accountant. Not a scientist.

- Presentation is in layman's terms.
- Might be a few technical inaccuracies.

With one or two exceptions (which I will point out) I took all of the photos.



American Alligator Scientific name: Alligator mississippiensis. Up to 15 feet. Up to 1,000 lbs.



Live only in SE USA: From East Texas to North Carolina.

Two parts to our discussion of the American Alligator:



- 1. Lots of information about alligators. Size, quantity, location, habitat, appearance, diet, ectothermy, reproduction, social structure, legal status, etc.
- 2. Where we can see them safely in the Naples area.

We'll look at alligators in these places:

- Audubon Corkscrew Swamp.
- Turner River Rd HP Williams Park.
- Big Cypress Bend Boardwalk.
- Six-Mile Cypress Slough Preserve.
- CREW Bird Rookery Swamp.
- Oasis Visitor Center.
- Naples Zoo.
- Freedom Park.

If time permits, a few more places.

Part 1 Lots of Information about Alligators

Alligators are aquatic, cold-blooded

- Good swimmers.
- Spend time on land, esp. to get warmth from the sun.
- Big Cypress Preserve
- Valves to close ears and nostrils when submerged.
- Can stay under water 45-60 minutes.

Size

Weight in the wild (more in captivity)

- Average adult: 790 pounds.
- Some are over 1,000 pounds.
- Males 30% larger than females.
- Largest in Florida: 1,043 pounds.

Length

- Average male adult 11 ft. Female 8 ft.
- Largest in Florida: 14 feet, 4 inches.
- Largest 19.2 feet (Louisiana).

Where Are Gators Found in the US?



Habitat Fresh water.



 Prefer lakes, slow-moving rivers, and wetlands (swamps, marshlands, etc).

Low tolerance for salt water.

 But sometimes found in brackish (mixed salt-fresh) water.

Mobility

- Mainly swimming (natatorial).
- Can move on land by a variety of means: Walk, run (short distances), and even crawl. Next Slide
- Tail: A long, powerful tail helps propel alligators through water.
- Webbed rear feet. Help an alligator swim.

Largest Alligators (Males) Caught in Florida (as of Sept 21, 2023)							
#	Year	County	Length	Weight (lbs)			
1	2010	Brevard	14' 3 1/2"	654			
2	2013	Gadsden and Leon	14' 1"	n/a			
3	1997	Volusia	14' %"	800			
4	1989	Franklin	14' 1/16"	714			
5	2001	Polk	13' 11¼"	880			
6	1989	Marion	13' 101/2"	1,043			
7	1983	Lake	13' 9¼"	870			
8	1984	Marion	13' 8"	700			
9	2008	Putnam and Flagler	13' 61/8"	830			
10	2005	Manatee	13' 51/8"	800			
Fen	Female alligators rarely exceed 10 ft length. Largest in Florida:						
1	2019	Putnam and Volusia	10' 6%"	n/a			

How Many Gators in the US?

- Estimated 5,000,000 in Southeast United States.
- Largest populations are in:
 - Florida (1,250,000).
 - Louisiana (1,250,000).
 - Texas (500,000).
 - Georgia (250,000).



Life Expectancy:

- 30-50 years in the wild.
- 60-80 years in human care.

Appearance – Color

- Olive-black skin.
- Bony scales (scutes).
- Hatchlings and juveniles are black streaked with pale yellow stripes.
 Stripes help camouflage.
 Disappear as adults







Buoyancy

 Float just under water. Only eyes & nostrils visible.



- Control buoyancy by inflating and deflating lungs.
- Hide, sneak up on prey.
- Special muscles around lungs to help them float, dive, barrel roll.

Use sharp teeth to capture prey:

- Jaws can crack a large turtle's shell.
- But cannot use jaws to chew.
 Swallow in chunks.
- Strongest laboratory-measured bite of any living animal.

Eating Habits – Adults:

- Lurkers, not hunters.
- Wait for something edible to swim or walk by. Then lunge!



Alligator Holes

Alligators dig them for 2 reasons:

- Insulation when temperatures drop.
- Pool of water during dry season.

Alligators use their snout and tail to clear muck from base of a pond.

Also dig tunnels up to 65 feet long to protect themselves from extreme heat/cold.

Can stay under water 45 to 60 minutes.

- Up to 24 hours during brumation.

Generalist Carnivores Diet – Juveniles

- Begin eating insects after birth.
- Then crayfish, small fish, frogs.
- Then other small animals.

Diet - Adults

- Fish, invertebrates, frogs, birds, mammals.
- If gator is big enough, will eat deer, hogs, bear, etc.

Cannibalistic! Eat other alligators.

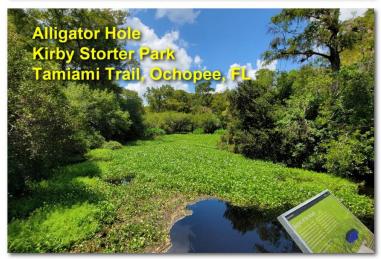
Alligators Are Ectothermic - Cold Blooded.

- Rely on external sources of heat to control body temperature.
- Regulate body heat by:
 - Basking in the sun.
 - Digging holes in mud to trap heat.
 - Moving to areas with warmer or cooler air or water temperatures.



Dormancy

- Alligators are most active when temperatures are between 82° to 92° F.
- They stop feeding when the temperature drops below 70° F.
- They become dormant below 55° F.
 - This dormancy is called brumation.
 Similar to hibernation of mammals.
 Heart, metabolic, respiratory rates drop.
- Alligators are dormant throughout much of the winter season. Less so in SW Fla.





Do Not Feed Alligators! It's illegal. Why? Alligators are wild animals. Naturally afraid of humans. Giving them food



only makes them bolder and encourages them to seek out people. Attack for food.

Also it alters their natural diet in an unhealthy way.

Or order on Amazon for a memorable cookout:

Alligator Filets - Farm Raised - Great for Grilling and Frying \$39.99 for 1 pound

Or get it at Roosters Farm Stand, Route 80, Fort Myers:

\$20 for 1 pound





Reproduction

Sexual maturity determined by gator's size (length) rather than age.

Male: 7 feet (ages 8-12).

Female: 6 feet (ages 10-15).
Alligators mate: Once a year.

Normally: April to June.

Attitude toward humans:

- Become unsettled. Ignore humans.
 Or walk or swim away.
- Rarely go after a human unprovoked.
- Can outrun human in first 20-30 feet of exiting water.

1948 to 2021: 442 unprovoked gator attacks on humans in Florida:

 26 fatalities. 277 non-fatal major bites. 139 minor bites. Over 70 years.

Do you want to taste alligator?





- Deep Lagoon, US41 at Vanderbilt.
- Alice Sweetwater's, Airport Rd.
- Mudbugs Cajun Kitchen. Sanibel.
- Everglades City Rod & Gun Club.
- Village Pub, Venetian Village, Naples.

Elsewhere in the World

Huangsha Market Guangzhou, China



Menu Bangkok, Thailand



Saturday Market Chiang Rai, Thailand





Nesting

- Female builds nest in vegetation next to water.
- Clutch of 20-50 eggs (average 38).
- Incubation 60-70 days.
- Female stays near nest. Fiercely protective of nest and hatchlings.

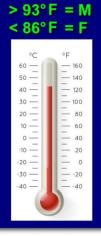


Hatchling at Corkscrew Swamp

Hikers be especially cautious!

Sex of offspring

- Temperature in the nest in first 3 weeks after laying eggs determines sex of the offspring.
- Temperatures above 93 degrees will produce males.
- Temperatures of 86 degrees and below produce females.



Hatchlings Are Born 8 Inches Long

- During the first 4-6 years, gators grow about 1 foot per year (1" a month).
- After 6 years: Males grow around 8 inches/year. Females around 6 inches/year. Until they reach 6 feet.
- At 6 feet, growth slows to about 2.5 inches per year for both sexes.



Legal status

- By the 1950s: Almost extinct due to endless hunting.
- 1966: Gained protective status under **Endangered Species Preservation Act.**
- 1980s: Population recovered.
- 1987: Removed from "endangered" list.
- Today: Classified as "vulnerable" due to similar appearance to an endangered animal, namely the crocodile. This allows state regulation of hunting etc.



Number of eggs laid by female	38
Number of those that hatch	24
Number of those that live to 1 year	10
Number of those that become sub-adults (> 4 ft long)	8
Number of those that reach maturity (> 6 ft long)	5



Difference	e Alligator	Crocodile Global Dull Gray Pointy
Location	SE US Only	
Color	Greenish Black	
Snout	Rounded	
Wonder Gardens		Cuba

Differences	Alligator	Crocodile	
Quantity USA	5 million	Only a few thousand	
Habitat	Slow moving fresh water	Prefer salt water	
When Jaw Is Closed	Only 2 teeth protrude down each side	Many teeth protrude up and down	
Gator	Ganaty Is	lands	





Fun Fact #1 Alligator Teeth American alligators have 70-80 teeth.

- All pointy (no flat like humans).
- As an alligator's teeth wear down or fall out, new ones come in. An alligator can go through 3,000 teeth in a lifetime.
- Over 2,000 pounds per square inch of bite force.





Caimans

- Alligatorid (gator family).
- Small-sized (6 to 8 foot).
- Throughout Central and South America.
- This one Costa Rica Jan 2024.



Fun Fact #2 Origin of the Word Alligator

The word "alligator" is an Anglicized form of el lagarto, the Spanish term for "the lizard". That's what early Spanish explorers and

settlers in Florida called the alligator.

Modern Spanish: Aligátor. Caimán. Lagarto.

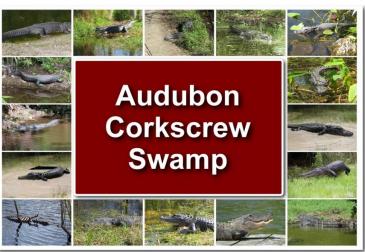
Fun Fact #3
An alligator's brain
weighs only 8 or 9
grams and would take
up only one-half
of a tablespoon.



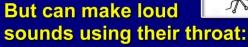
Due to lack of brain power, alligators act on instinct, not thought.
If it's hungry, an alligator will eat anything that moves.

Part 2 Some Places Where You Can See Alligators Safely in the Naples Area





Fun Fact #4 Alligators do not have vocal cords.



- Open mouth wide and allow air to escape.
- Can hiss, roar, and growl.



Safety

- Always walk at least 30 feet away from an alligator on a footpath.
- Never bring pets to alligator areas.
- Closely supervise children walking or playing around water that may have alligators.



Audubon Corkscrew Swamp Sanctuary 13,000-acre protected wetlands area.

Website: corkscrew.audubon.org/
Where: 375 Sanctuary Rd W, Naples

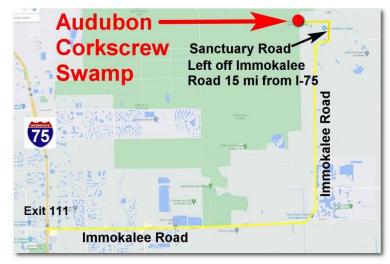
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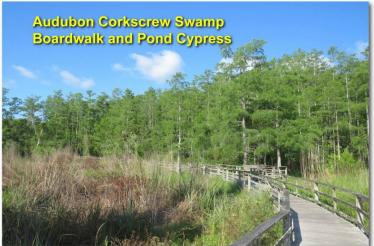
Get There: East on Immokalee Road. 15 miles East of I-75, turn left onto Sanctuary Rd. Follow signs.

When: Daily 8:00 am to 3:00 pm.

Admission: \$17. College students \$10.

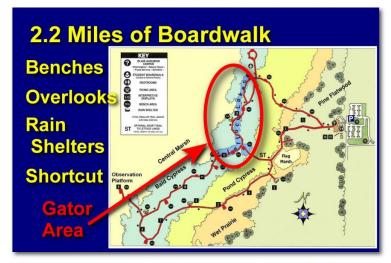
Children 6-14 \$6. Book online.



















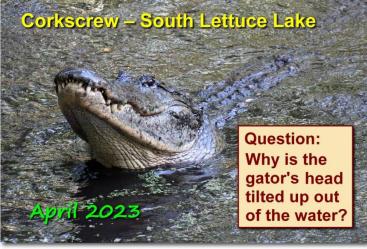


















Turner River Rd & H P Williams Park Websites: hp-williams-roadside-park.htm and www.nps.gov/bicy/planyourvisit/ Where: Ochopee, Florida.

Get there: US-41 Tamiami Trail 30

miles east of Collier Blvd.

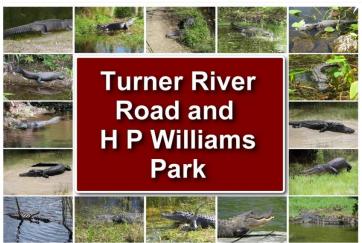
From there: Turner River Road runs

21 miles due north to I-75.

Admission: Free.

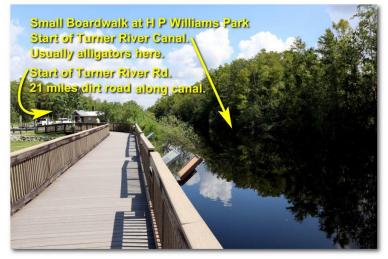






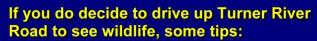
What: H P Williams Park boardwalk. Safe viewing of gators swimming. From there: Can drive north on Turner River Road (unpaved but good) 21 miles to I-75. Canal with gators on the right. Drive first 4 miles is usually enough.

- Do not feed the gators.
- Except at boardwalk, be cautious getting out of car.









- It's a dirt and gravel road. Dusty.
- River & wildlife on the right driving north.
- 2 or 3 miles is usually all you need.
- Be very careful if you get out of your car.
- Best to take photos from the car window.
- Good photo ops where you see these signs
- Obey the sign!













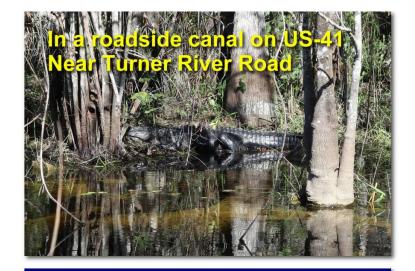






Why are there currently two Big Cypress Bend Boardwalks?

- There is an old 3,200' boardwalk plus 1,000' gravel path thru a swamp to an alligator pond. Lots of wildlife.
- The State had planned a major loop exension of the old boardwalk – and had started work on a small part of the extension plus new parking and visitors' center – when Hurricane lan hit in Sept 2022.



Big Cypress Bend

Fakahatchee Strand State Preserve

Website: www.floridastateparks.org/ parks-and-trails/fakahatchee-strandpreserve-state-park

Where: US-41, Copeland FL 34137.

Get There: US-41 East 17 miles from

Collier Blvd intersection. When: 8am to sunset.

Admission: \$3.

What: Fakahatchee Strand Preserve is the largest State Park in Florida (out of 175 parks).

Big Cypress Bend Boardwalk is one feature of the Preserve.

At the moment, there are TWO Big Cypress Bend Boardwalks: One closed and one partially open.

Eventually the two will be connected to form a loop.

lan made the old boardwalk unusable.

- The State had funding for only part of the new extension.
- Finally, in Feb 2024, about ½ mile of the new extension opened, along with a parking area and visitors' center.
- The State still needs funding for the rest of the new extension and also for repairs to the old boardwalk.

The map on the next slide illustrates all of this.









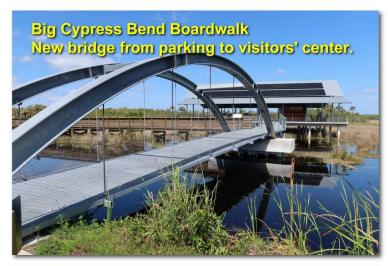
The next 7 slides show the OLD boardwalk and alligator pond.

- These are not currently accessible due to Hurricane lan damage.
- After the old boardwalk is repaired, it will become part of the expanded hiking loop (including boardwalk, canopy walk, and trails) shown in the previous map.





















Six Mile Slough Preserve "Sloo" = Fresh water swamp
Website: www.leegov.com/parks/
preserves/sixmilecypress
Friends of Six Mile Slough:
www.sloughpreserve.org/
Where: 7751 Penzance Blvd at 6 Mile
Cypress Pkwy, Fort Myers, FL. 33966.
Get There: I-75 Exit 131 Daniels Pkwy.
West 2.7 mi to 6 Mile Cypress Pkwy.
Right onto 6 Mile Cypress Pkwy.
Then 1.8 mi to entrance, on right.

Admission: Free. Parking is \$1 per hour

max \$5.

Trail hours: Daily dawn to dusk.

Interpretive Center: Tues-Sun 10-4.

Closed Mondays. (Trail is open Mondays.)

Guided nature walks:

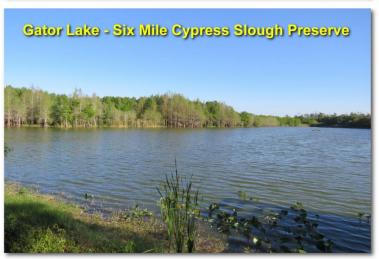
- Twice daily Jan-Mar.
- Daily Apr, Nov, Dec.
- Approx. once a week in other months.

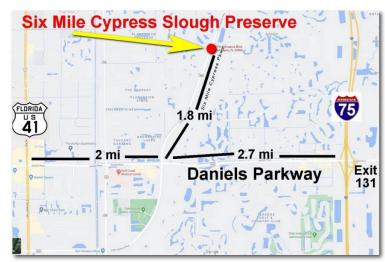
Check website of Friends.

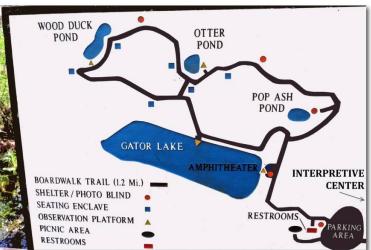
What's there:

- 3,500 acres of protected wetlands.
- Approx. 11 miles long, 1/3rd mile wide.
 - 2-3 feet of water in wet season.
 - Still mostly wet in dry season.
- 1.2-mile boardwalk over the water.
- Fully accessible.
- Four viewing platforms onto lakes.
- Many benches and shelters along the boardwalk.







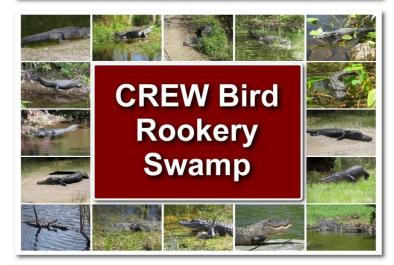












When: One hour before sunrise to one hour after sunset.

Admission: Free. Don't walk dogs even on leashes.

What: 12 miles of hiking and biking on nature trails, including a 1,500-foot boardwalk with wheelchair access.

The trails are actually old logging tram roads.

Alligators likely, otters, deer, more. Lots of birds, including songbirds, raptors, barred owls, and kites.





Crew Bird Rookery Swamp Trail

(CREW = Corkscrew Regional Ecosystem Watershed)

Website: https://crewtrust.org/bird-rookery

-swamp-trail/

Where: 1295 Shady Hollow Blvd W, Naples

34120.

Get There: Immokalee Road then left (shortly past County Fair Grounds) on Shady Hollow Blvd. On the right shortly after Shady Hollow becomes gravel.









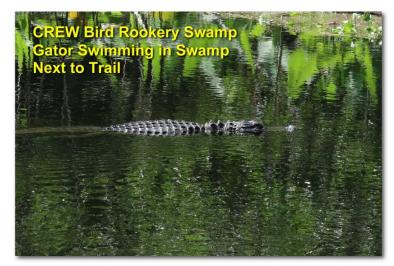








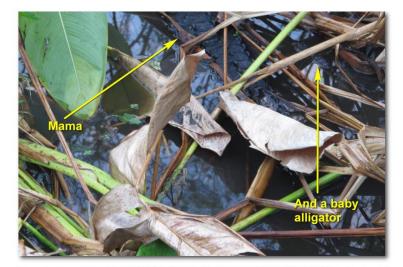
























Naples Zoo

Website: www.napleszoo.org/

Where: 1590 Goodlette Rd, Naples 34102.

Get There: Just south of Golden Gate

Pkwy on Goodlette Road.

Admission: Adults \$23. Children 3-12 \$15. Free parking. 9 am to 4:30 pm daily.

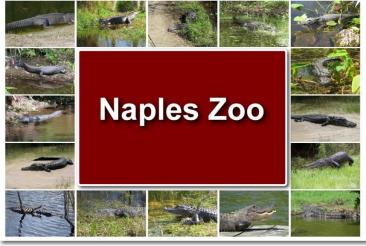
Formal name: The Naples Zoo at

Caribbean Gardens.

What: 43-acre zoo and historic botanical garden. 70 species. 375,000 visitors/year.















Freedom Park

Website: https://www.collierparks.com/ Where: 1515 Golden Gate Pkwy, Naples. Just east of the intersection of Golden Gate Parkway and Goodlette-Frank Road.

When: Daily 7am to sunset.

Education Center 9am to 10pm Mon-Sat.

Admission: Free.

What: 50 acre wetlands.

- 3,500-foot boardwalk over the eastern side of the park.
- Plus trails and six lookout pavilions around the lakes in the western side of the park.
- 2,500 square foot Education Center.
- Freedom Memorial tribute to the lives lost on 9/11/01 in the terrorist attacks and to the heroes of past and present wars.

Freedom Park
Across the road from
Coastland Mall
Naples

Freedom Park is an urban park across from Coastland Mall.
Surprisingly, alligators and lots of other wildlife are there:

Birds: Anhingas, egrets, herons, gallinules, limpkins, etc.

Reptiles: Alligators, turtles, iguanas,

snakes, etc.

Others: Marsh rabbits, raccoons, etc.















