

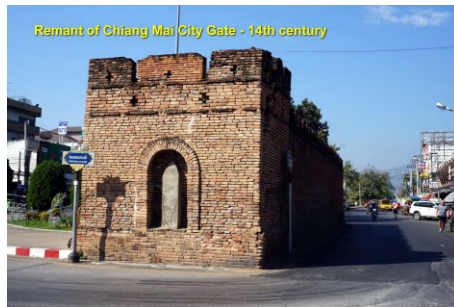
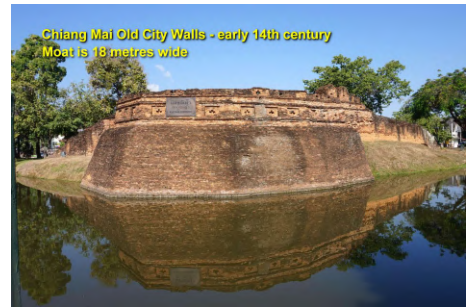
Northern Thailand Chiang Mai and Lamphun

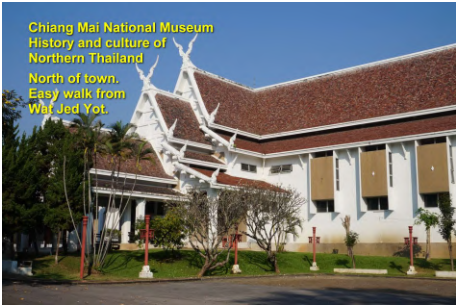
Presentation by
Paul Pacter
Collier County Library



Chiang Mai History
Northern Thailand became a united kingdom in 1292:
— Called the Lanna (or La Na) Kingdom.
— Lanna Kingdom lasted 1292 to 1558.
Chiang Mai was capital of Lanna Kingdom:
— 1556 Chiang Mai was occupied by Burmese army.
— 1775 Chiang Mai joined with Southern Thailand to drive out the Burmese.
— Chiang Mai was a "tributary state within Thailand" until 1899, when it became a province.

Some facts about Chiang Mai
— Second largest city in Thailand.
— 700km (435 miles) north of Bangkok.
— In high mountains.
— Population 150,000.
— Major tourist destination.
Lamphun:
— 20km south of Chiang Mai.
— Population 20,000.
— Capital of Haripunchai Kingdom, which was conquered by Lanna Kingdom in 1292.





Layout of Thai Wats

VIHARN. Also Wihan. Main prayer hall with the principal Buddha images. Sermon hall. Monks and laypeople congregate.

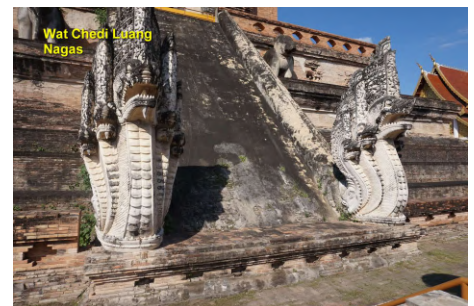
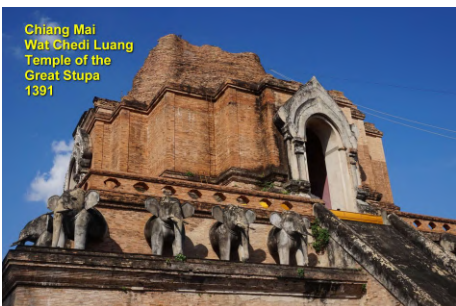
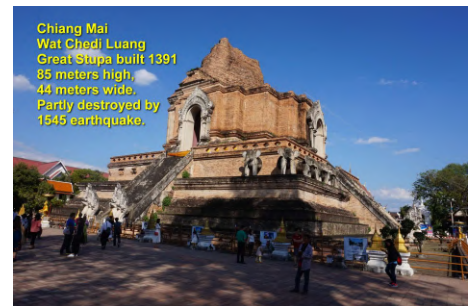
CHEDI. Also called Stupa. Bell-shaped tower, sometimes covered with gold leaf, containing a relic chamber. Relic often is ashes of famous monk.

UBOSOT. Also called Bot. Ordination hall. Most sacred area of a wat. Often women are not allowed in.

HO TRAI. Temple library or scriptures hall.

PRANG. A temple tower. Found mainly in ancient Ayutthaya and Sukothai temples.

SALA. Open pavilion providing shade and a place to rest.

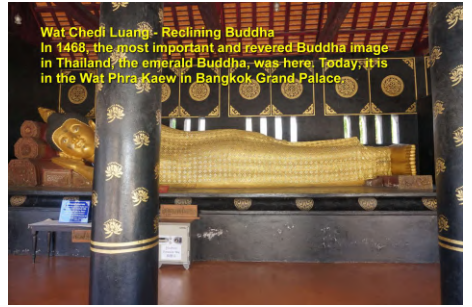




Wat Chedi Luang Stupa



Wat Chedi Luang Temple of the Great Stupa 1391



Wat Chedi Luang - Reclining Buddha
In 1468, the most important and revered Buddha image in Thailand, the emerald Buddha, was here. Today, it is in the Wat Phra Kaew in Bangkok Grand Palace.



Wat Chedi Luang Hanging a banner for good fortune



Chiang Mai Chang Khlan Temple



Chiang Mai Chang Khlan Temple



Chiang Mai Chang Khlan Temple



Chang Khlan Buddhist Mausoleum

Crematorium



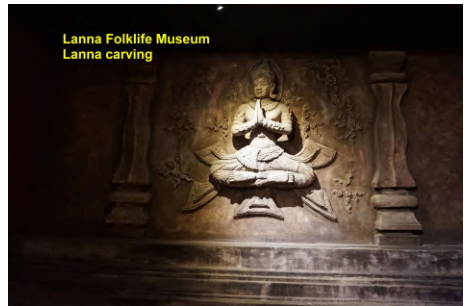
Chang Khlan Buddhist Mausoleum
White is the color of death in Buddhism, not black



Lanna Folklife Museum
History and Culture of Lanna Kingdom
1292-1585



Lanna Folklife Museum
Shrine from Lanna Period



Lanna Folklife Museum
Lanna carving



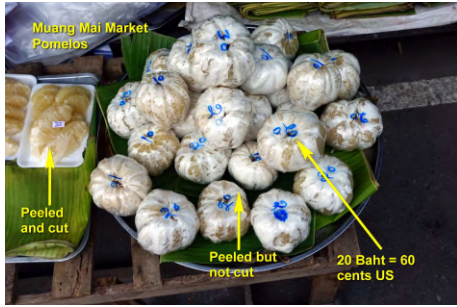
Lanna Folklife Museum
Lanna period sculpture



Going to Muang Mai Market by tuk-tuk



Muang Mai Market,
1 mile north of
centre of town.
Fruit, vegetables,
fish, meat, spices
Retail, wholesale
Some sellers have
shops, some have stalls,
some have pick-up trucks.
Some sellers open 6:00am,
all by 8:00am.
Start winding
down 6:00pm.





Muang Mai Market
Street food:
Roasted bananas



Muang Mai Market
Lemongrass



Muang Mai Market
Small prawns
(shrimps)



Muang Mai Market
Fresh fish



Muang Mai Market
Dried fish



Muang Mai Market
Pork



Chinese Temple
Near Muang Mai
Market



Chinese Temple
Near Muang Mai
Market



Muang Mai Market
Grilled pork and chicken



Muang Mai Market
Jackfruit
Largest tree-borne fruit
Up to 80-pounds!
Can eat fruit by
itself, or put in
curries for
thai dip



Muang Mai Market
Young coconuts



Emperor bananas



Muang Mai Market
These bananas are being sold
for elephant food.
Rural farms near Chiang Mai
use elephants for work.



Muang Mai Market
Heart of palm



Chiang Mai
Wat Phra Singh
1345 AD



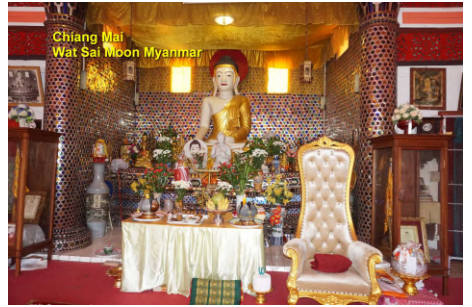




Chiang Mai
Wat Chai Phra Kiat
16th century



Chiang Mai
Wat Sai Moon Myanmar
Nothing special - but a school



Chiang Mai
Wat Sai Moon Myanmar



Wat Sai Moon
School



Wat Xi Don Chai
One of many
Buddhist schools
in Thailand



Wat Xi Don Chai
One of many
Buddhist schools
in Thailand



Wat Xi Don Chai
Scripture Library



Wat Xi Don Chai
Students leaving school



Wat Xi Don Chai
Students leaving school
Songthaews are school buses



Chiang Mai Night Market



Chiang Mai Night Market
Lunar New Year Lion Dance



Chiang Mai Night Market
Lunar New Year Dragon Dance



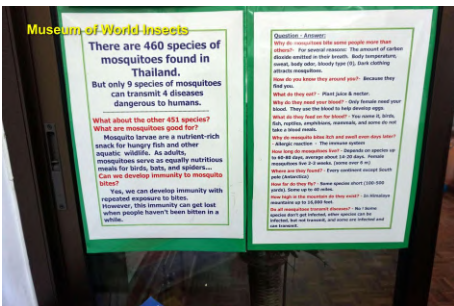
Chiang Mai Night Market
Lunar New Year Dragon Dance



Chiang Mai
Night Market



Chiang Mai
Night Market











Wat Jetin
Chiang Mai
16th century



Wat Jetin
Chedi
16th century



Chiang Mai
Wat Kuankama
1492 AD



Chiang Mai
Wat Kuankama



Chiang Mai
Wat Kuankama
1492



Chiang Mai
Wat Loi Khro
They offer massages



Chiang Mai
Wat Loi Khro



Chiang Mai
Wat Loi Khro



Chiang Mai
Wat Lok Malee
16th Century



Chiang Mai
Wat Lok Malee
16th Century



Wat Lok Malee
Naga Head



Chiang Mai
Wat Lok Malee
16th Century



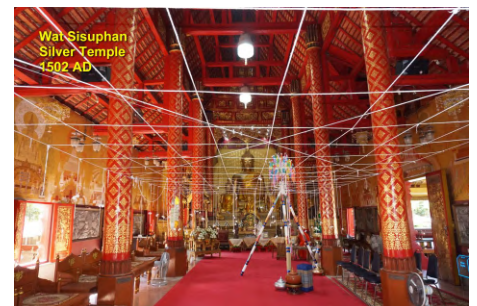
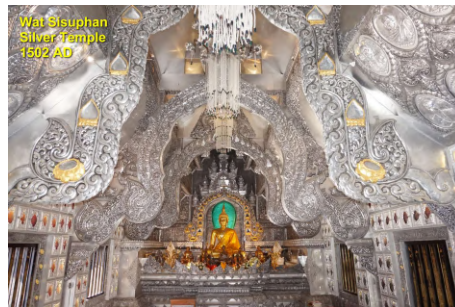
Wat Lok Malee
14th century chedi



Chiang Mai
Wat Phakahao
1487 AD

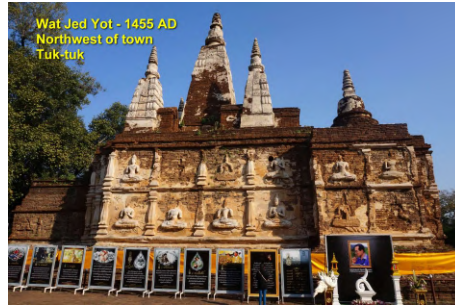


Chiang Mai
Wat Phakahao
Golden Stupa





Wat Sisuphan
Silver Temple
Crafts Museum



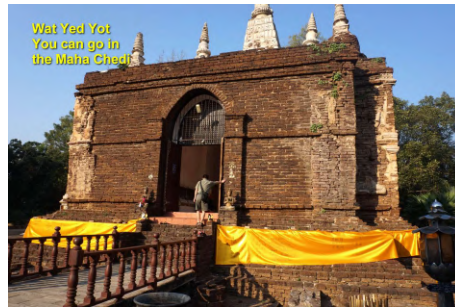
Wat Jed Yot - 1455 AD
Northwest of town
Tuk-tuk



Wat Chet Yot - 1455



The Maha Chedi
of Wat Jed Yot - 1455



Wat Jed Yot
You can go in
the Maha Chedi

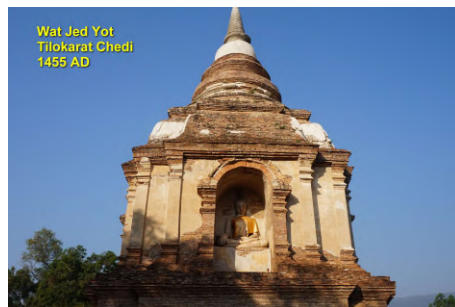


Wat Jed Yot - 1455
Inside Maha Chedi



Wat Jed Yot - This is common in many temples
Uposot (Bot)

ขอภัย สุภาพสตรี ห้ามเข้า
Women are not allowed entering
ordination hall's area



Wat Jed Yot
Tilokarat Chedi
1455 AD



Wat Jed Yot - 1455
Chedi Animsa



Wat Jed Yot

Lamphun
 — 20km (12mi) south of Chiang Mai (30 mins).
 — Hotel can book air con car and driver (not a guide) 2,000 baht 4 hours.
 — Lamphun was capital of Hariphunchai Kingdom 790-1292 AD.
 — 1292 Hariphunchai was conquered by King Mangrai of Lanna.
Must see:
 — Hariphunchai Temple – 15th c.
 — Chamadevi Temple – 13th c.
 — Nongdok Market.



Lamphun
Gate to Wat Phra That Hariphunchai
(Hariphunchai Royal Temple complex)



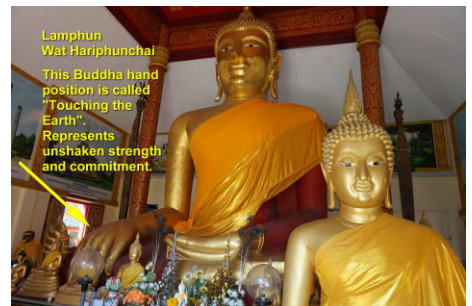
Wat Phra That Hariphunchai
Tower



Lamphun
Wat Phra That
Hariphunchai
11th Century



Lamphun
Wat Phra That
Hariphunchai





Lamphun
Wat Chamadevi
aka Wat Kukut



Lamphun
Wat Chamadevi
Mahabol Chedi, 1218
21 metres (69 feet)
Chedi contains the
ashes of Queen
Chamadevi, 863 AD



Mahabol Chedi
All of the figures
were cast in molds
in 1218



Lamphun
Wat Chamadevi
Prayer Hall



Lamphun
Wat Chamadevi
Prayer Hall
King Bhumbel
when he was
a monk



Lamphun
Nongdok Market



Lamphun
Nongdok Market
Bitter Marrow



Lamphun
Nongdok Market



Lamphun
Nongdok Market



Lamphun
Nongdok Market
Delicious insects



Lamphun
Nongdok Market
Eels



Lamphun
Nongdok Market
Turtles (to eat)



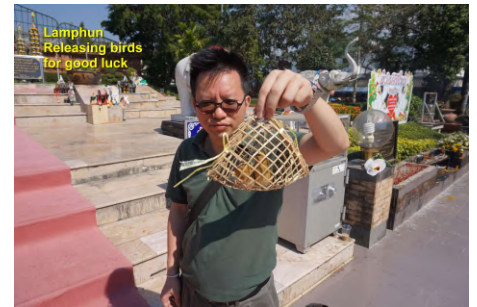
Lamphun Nongdok Market
Do you know what these flowers are?
You have eaten the fruit many times.



Lamphun
Nongdok Market
Chili pastes

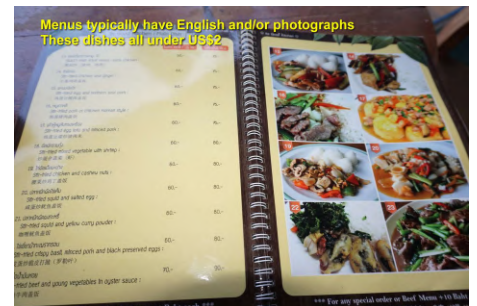


Lamphun
Nongdok Market
Rotating fly swatters



Dining in Chiang Mai:
 This comment on the internet says it all: "Nowhere... have I eaten so well, so cheaply, so grandly and with so much joy as in the northern Thai city of Chiang Mai".

- High-end hotel and resort restaurants
- Open store front restaurants (hundreds)
- Outdoor food courts
- Night markets
- Food markets
- Noodle shops
- Some temples have small restaurants
- Street vendors (seem to be thousands)
- Food trucks
- Thai, Chinese, Muslim, French, other Western, Israeli, Veggie
- And a French bistro to rival Paris!





"Butter is Better" Restaurant
A US diner in Chiang Mai



"Butter is Better" Restaurant
Yes, they have lox and cream cheese if you want



"Butter is Better" Restaurant
Cheese blintzes in the mountains of north Thailand



"Butter is Better" Restaurant
Banana pancakes
Yes — they have lunch and dinner items also.



American food for a change?
How about a meatball sub?



Noodle soup
with entrails



Unbelievable! In the mountains of northern Thailand a real French bistro run by a former chef at the Royal Palace. A splurge, but worth it!



Just like being in the French countryside!



Le Bistrot Restaurant - Chiang Mai
Chef Patrick



Le Bistrot Restaurant - Chiang Mai
Charcuterie



Beef stew
Stewed vegetables with duck egg
Stuffed fresh peppers
Shepherd's pie
Stag stew with noodles
Boar stew



Le Bistrot
Seafood Salad



Le Bistrot
Boeuf Bourguignon



Le Bistrot - Chiang Mai
Gratin de Catalan



Noodles with pork balls
Haripunchai Temple



Green Curry with Chicken



Fried Rice with Sausage



Fried Chicken



Noodle Soup with Pork Balls

Mango Juice



Green Curry with Chicken



Prawns and Pomelo Salad



Pad Thai - stir fried rice noodles, tamarind flavor



No Translation Needed!



Namtok Burger (spicy ground pork)

Spicy dipping sauces

Mourning Ribbon

Chicken Ham Pie

Thank you gesture



There are 225 McDonald's in Thailand today. Plan to grow to 400 by 2020, with 7,000 employees.



The End of our visit to Northern Thailand. Thanks for coming. Paul Pacter ppacter@gmail.com