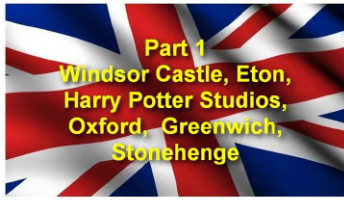


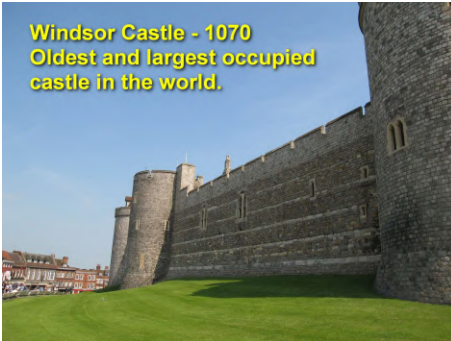
Day Trips from London



Presentation by Paul Pacter
Collier County Library



WINDSOR CASTLE



Windsor Castle - 1070
Oldest and largest occupied
castle in the world.

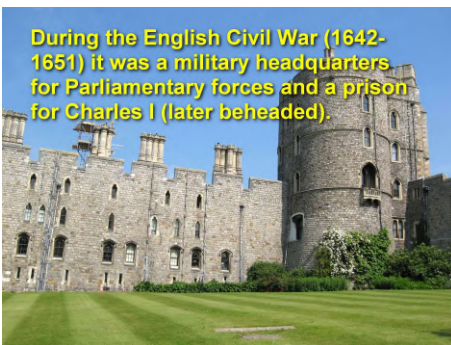


First used by King Henry I
King 1100-1135

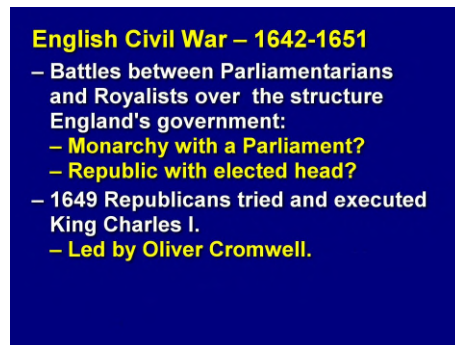
Son of William the Conqueror
Frenchman who conquered
England 1066



Windsor Castle - 1070

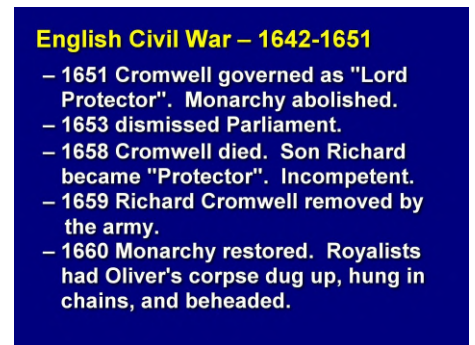


During the English Civil War (1642-1651) it was a military headquarters for Parliamentary forces and a prison for Charles I (later beheaded).



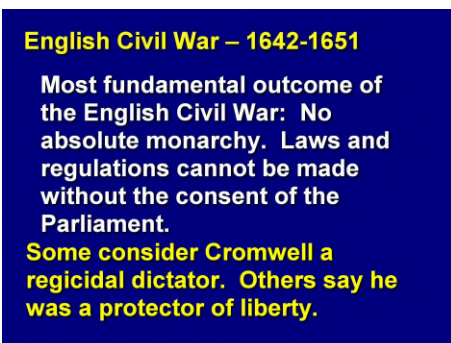
English Civil War – 1642-1651

- Battles between Parliamentarians and Royalists over the structure England's government:
 - Monarchy with a Parliament?
 - Republic with elected head?
- 1649 Republicans tried and executed King Charles I.
 - Led by Oliver Cromwell.



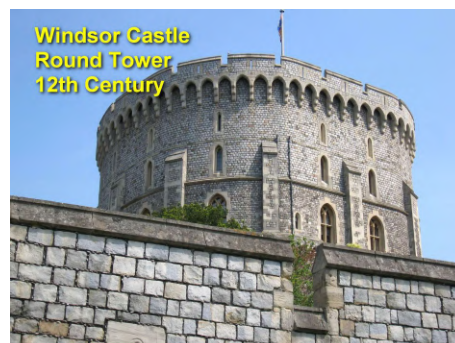
English Civil War – 1642-1651

- 1651 Cromwell governed as "Lord Protector". Monarchy abolished.
- 1653 dismissed Parliament.
- 1658 Cromwell died. Son Richard became "Protector". Incompetent.
- 1659 Richard Cromwell removed by the army.
- 1660 Monarchy restored. Royalists had Oliver's corpse dug up, hung in chains, and beheaded.



English Civil War – 1642-1651

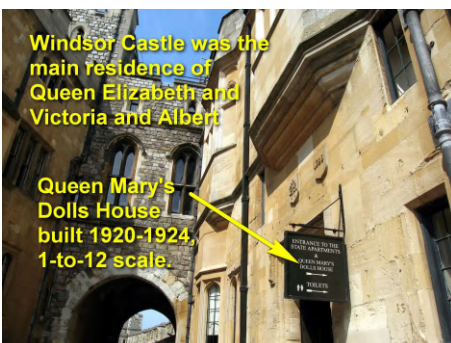
Most fundamental outcome of the English Civil War: No absolute monarchy. Laws and regulations cannot be made without the consent of the Parliament.
Some consider Cromwell a regicidal dictator. Others say he was a protector of liberty.



Windsor Castle
Round Tower
12th Century

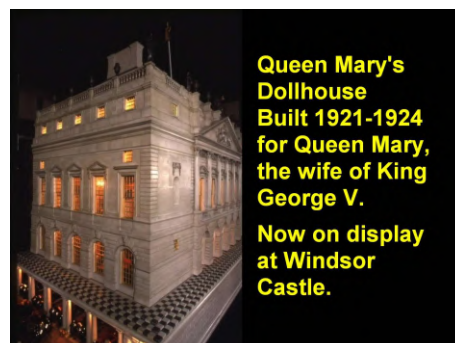


Windsor Castle



Windsor Castle was the main residence of Queen Elizabeth and Victoria and Albert

Queen Mary's Dolls House built 1920-1924, 1-to-12 scale.



Queen Mary's Dollhouse Built 1921-1924 for Queen Mary, the wife of King George V. Now on display at Windsor Castle.

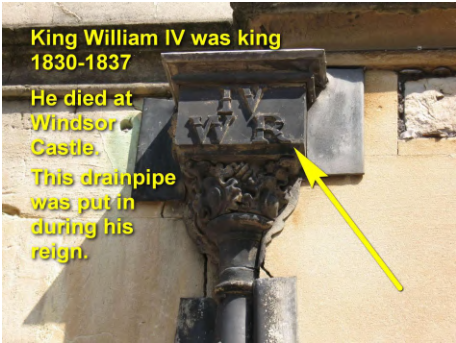




Windsor Castle State Apartments Suffered a major fire in 1992

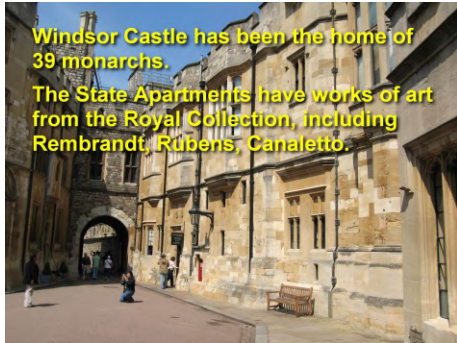


Nov 20, 1992



King William IV was king 1830-1837

He died at Windsor Castle. This drainpipe was put in during his reign.



Windsor Castle has been the home of 39 monarchs. The State Apartments have works of art from the Royal Collection, including Rembrandt, Rubens, Canaletto.



Windsor Castle Henry III Tower 13th century



St George's Chapel Built in 1475 by King Edward IV



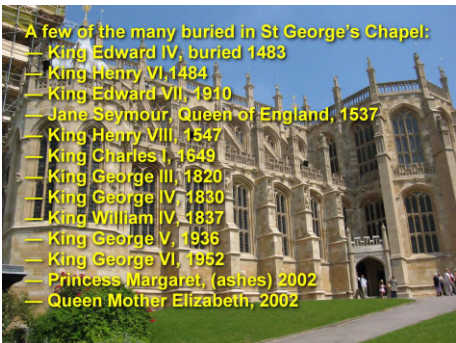
St George's Chapel is an active church to this day

On May 19, 2018, Prince Harry and Meghan Markle were married here.



St George's Chapel is an active church to this day

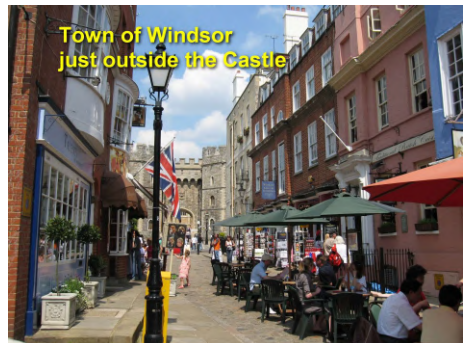
On May 19, 2018, Prince Harry and Meghan Markle were married here.



- A few of the many buried in St George's Chapel:
- King Edward IV, buried 1483
 - King Henry VI, 1484
 - King Edward VII, 1910
 - Jane Seymour, Queen of England, 1537
 - King Henry VIII, 1547
 - King Charles I, 1649
 - King George III, 1820
 - King George IV, 1830
 - King William IV, 1837
 - King George V, 1936
 - King George VI, 1952
 - Princess Margaret, (ashes) 2002
 - Queen Mother Elizabeth, 2002



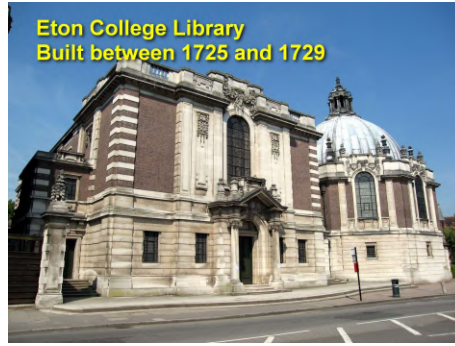
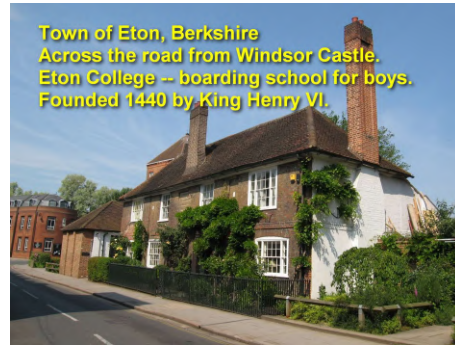
Henry VIII Gateway to Windsor Castle

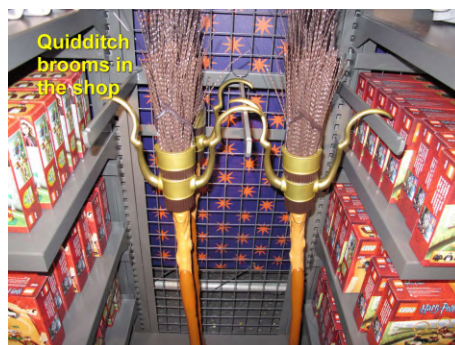
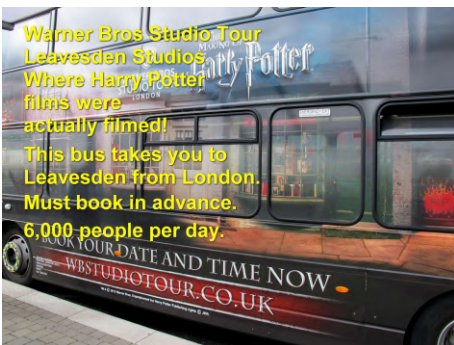
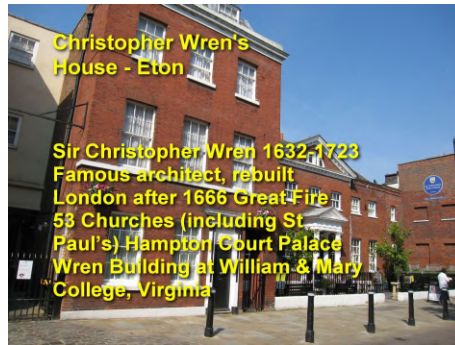


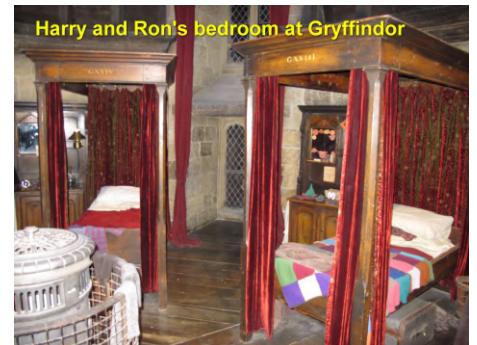
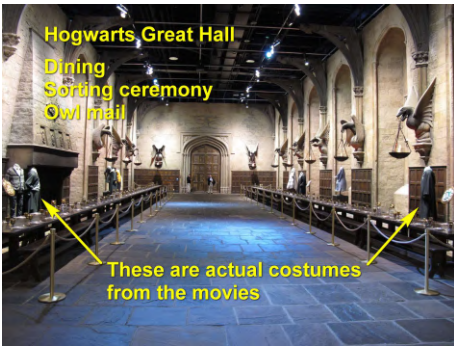
Town of Windsor just outside the Castle

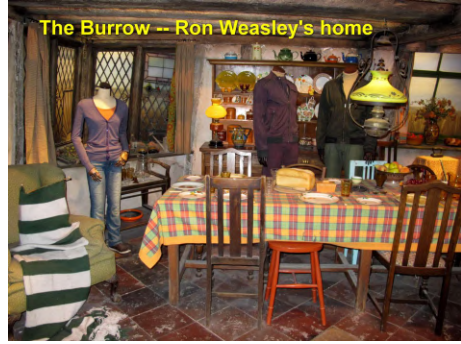
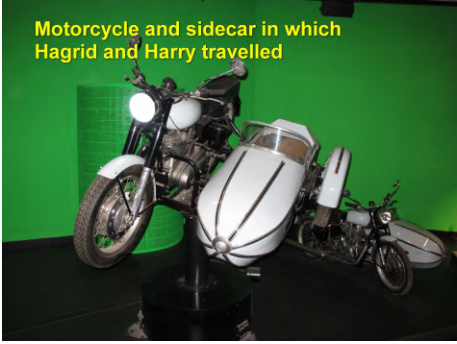
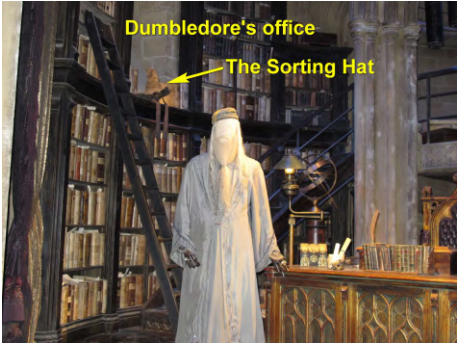
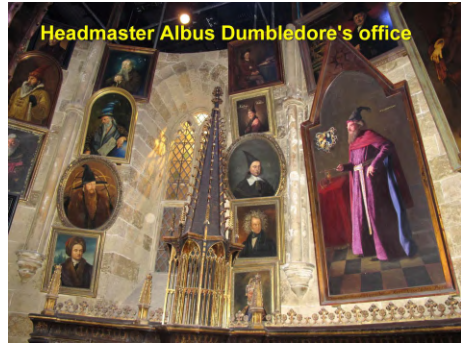
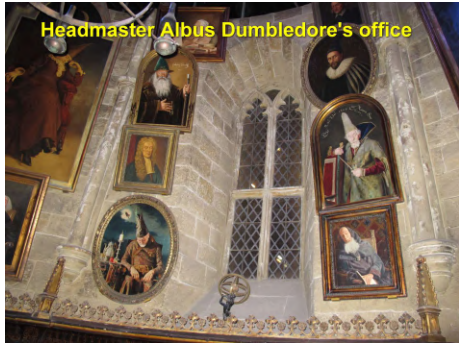
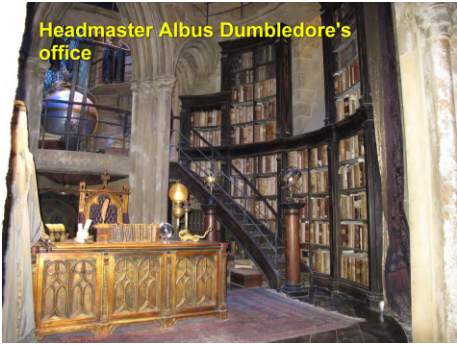


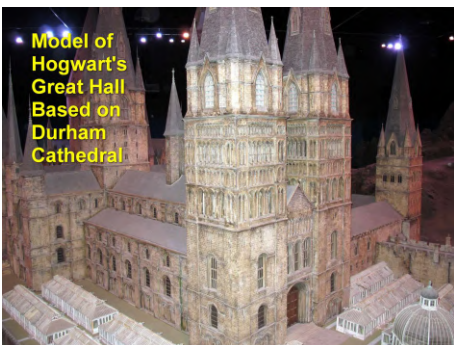
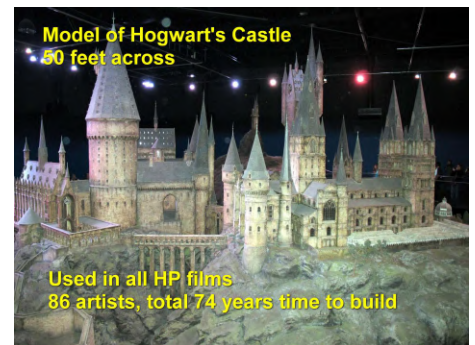
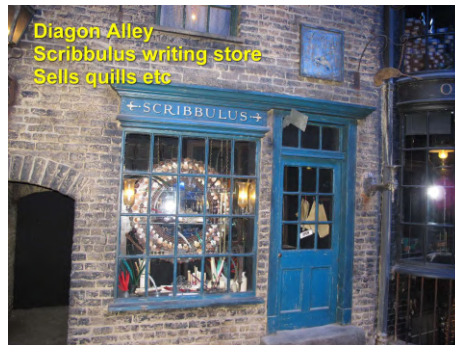
**WALK ACROSS
THE RIVER
THAMES TO
ETON**













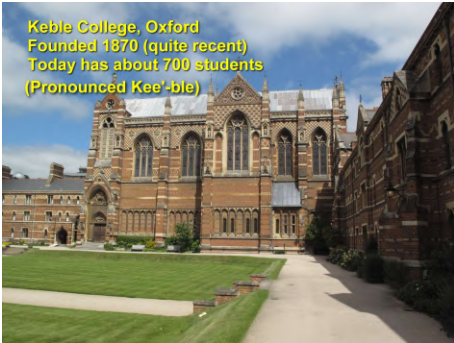
Randolph Hotel - Oxford
Historic 5-star Hotel
Recently reopened after 2015 fire



Randolph Hotel - Oxford



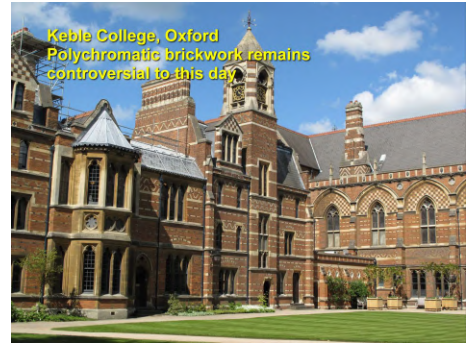
Oxford University - started 1096
Oldest University in the English speaking world.
38 constituent colleges.
Oxford is home of the Rhodes Scholarships
World's oldest university museum.
Largest university press in the world.
Largest academic library system in Britain



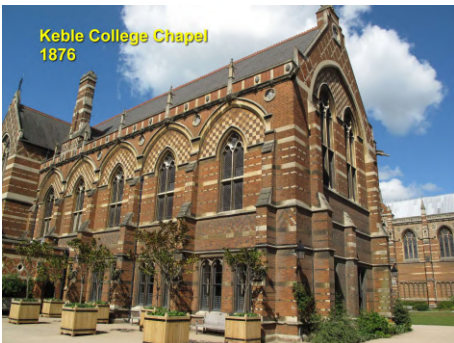
Keble College, Oxford
Founded 1870 (quite recent)
Today has about 700 students
(Pronounced Kee'-ble)



Keble College Chapel
1876



Keble College, Oxford
Polychromatic brickwork remains controversial to this day



Keble College Chapel
1876



Keble College Chapel
Interior



Keble College, Oxford



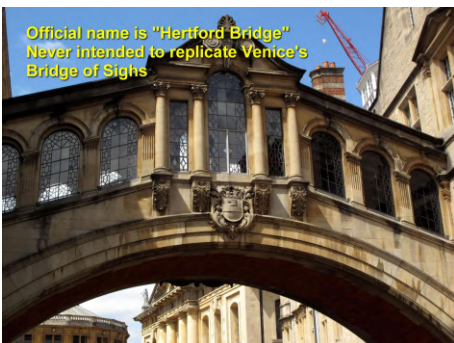
St John's College, Oxford
Founded 1555
Around 650 students today



St John's College, Oxford
Tony Blair, Prime Minister of the United Kingdom (1997-2007), is an alumnus



The "Bridge of Sighs", Oxford
Joins two parts of Hertford College
1914



Official name is "Hertford Bridge"
Never intended to replicate Venice's Bridge of Sighs



University Church of St Mary the Virgin
Oxford
Tower dates from 1270
You can climb the tower
124 steps, £4
Great views



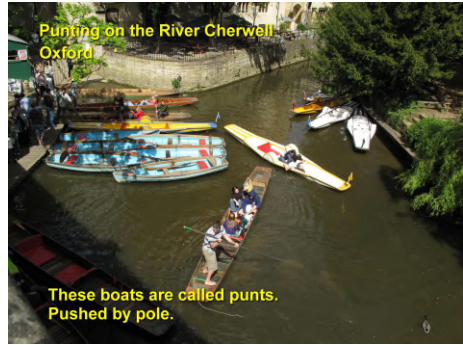
University Church of St Mary the Virgin
1270 and later



University Church of St Mary the Virgin
Most of the interior was rebuilt in the 15th and 16th centuries



Altar, University Church of St Mary the Virgin



Punting on the River Cherwell
Oxford

These boats are called punts.
Pushed by pole.



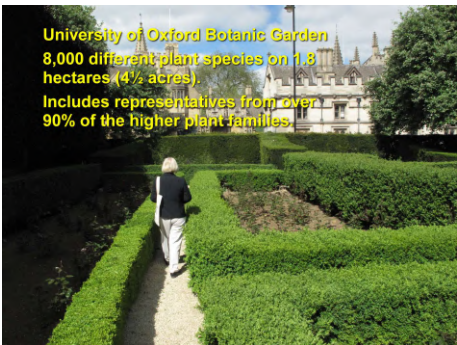
Punting on the River Cherwell, Oxford



Punting on the River Cherwell, Oxford
About £30 for half-hour trip (2 people)



University of Oxford Botanic Garden
Founded 1621
Oldest botanic garden in the UK



University of Oxford Botanic Garden
8,000 different plant species on 1.8 hectares (4½ acres).
Includes representatives from over 90% of the higher plant families.



Victoria cruziana (Santa Cruz water lily)
Up to 2m (7 feet) wide



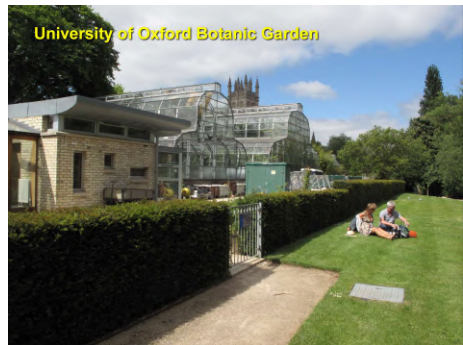
University of Oxford Botanic Garden
Started in 1621 for research on medicines



University of Oxford Botanic Garden



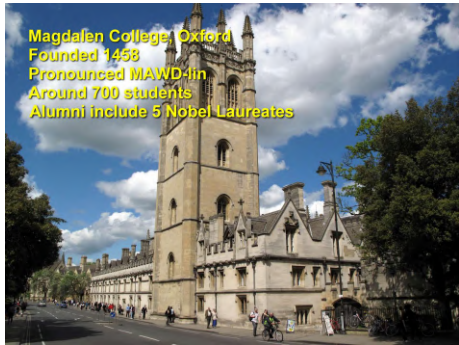
University of Oxford Botanic Garden



University of Oxford Botanic Garden



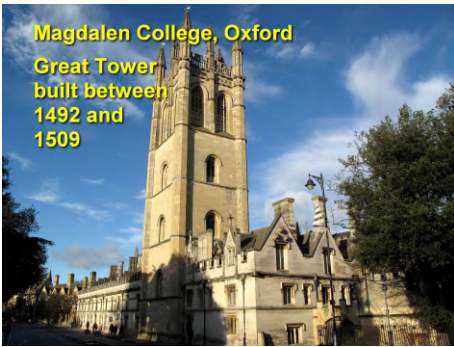
University of Oxford Botanic Garden



Magdalen College, Oxford
Founded 1458
Pronounced MAWD-lin
Around 700 students
Alumni include 5 Nobel Laureates



Magdalen College, Oxford
On the River Cherwell



Magdalen College, Oxford
Great Tower
built between
1492 and
1509



Magdalen College, Oxford



Magdalen College, Oxford



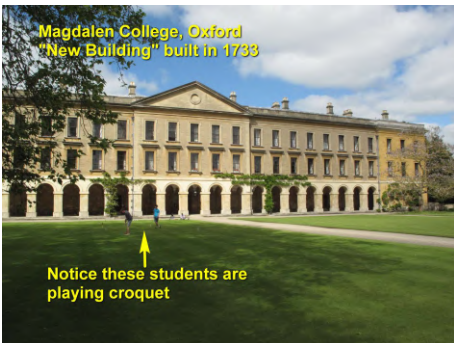
Magdalen College
Founders Tower
New Quad



Magdalen College, Oxford
Cloister or Great Quad built in 1474-80



Magdalen College Dining Hall



Magdalen College, Oxford
"New Building" built in 1733

Notice these students are playing croquet



Queen's College, Oxford
Found 1351
Around 500 students today
Rowan Atkinson (Mr Bean)
is an alumnus.

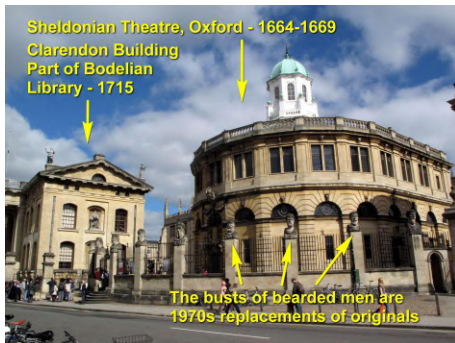


Queens College, Oxford
Quad

Croquet



Queen's College, Oxford
Main Quad



Sheldonian Theatre, Oxford - 1664-1669
Clarendon Building
Part of Bodleian
Library - 1715

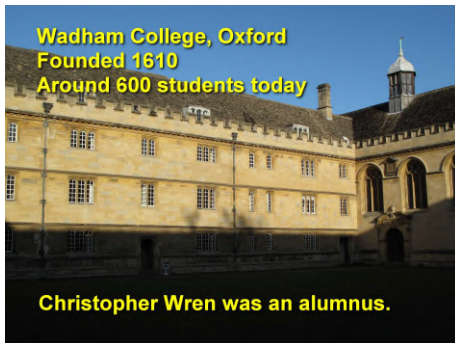
The busts of bearded men are 1970s replacements of originals



Sheldonian Theatre
Designed by Christopher Wren
Built from 1664 to 1669
Visitors can climb
to the cupola
Used mostly for concerts,
lectures, ceremonies



Balliol College, Oxford University
Founded 1263
Today around 700 students
Alumni include:
— 3 Prime Ministers
— 5 Nobel Laureates
— Boris Johnson
— and Aldous Huxley



Wadham College, Oxford
Founded 1610
Around 600 students today

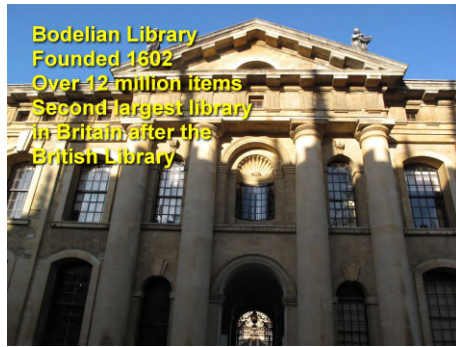
Christopher Wren was an alumnus.



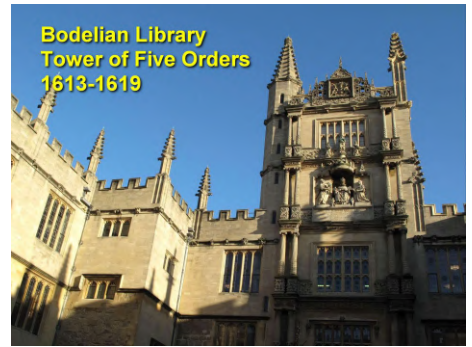
Wadham College, Oxford
Front Quad - 1610-1613
"Jacobean Gothic"



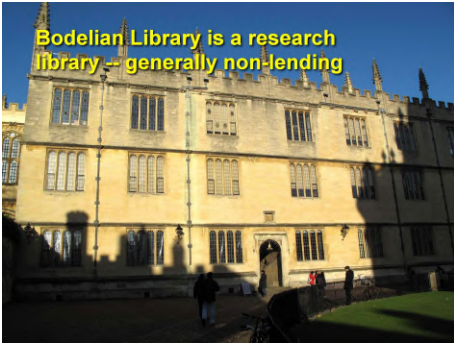
Wadham College Chapel
1622



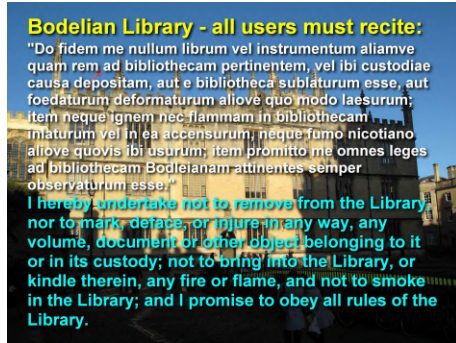
Bodleian Library
Founded 1602
Over 12 million items
Second largest library
in Britain after the
British Library



Bodleian Library
Tower of Five Orders
1613-1619



Bodleian Library is a research
library – generally non-lending



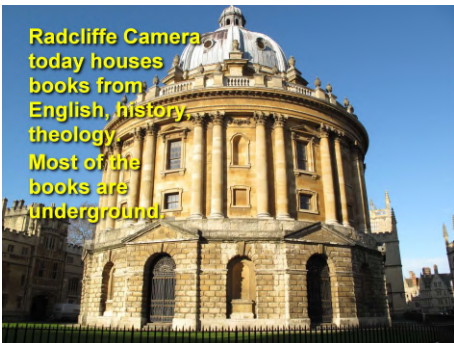
Bodleian Library - all users must recite:

"Do fidem me nullum librum vel instrumentum aliamve
quam rem ad bibliothecam pertinentem, vel ibi custodiae
causa depositam, aut e bibliotheca sublaturum esse, aut
foedaturum deformaturum aliove quo modo laesurum;
Item neque ignem nec flammam in bibliothecam
intaturum vel in ea accensurum, neque fumo nicotiano
aliove quovis ibi usurum; item promitto me omnes leges
ad bibliothecam Bodleianam attententes semper
observaturum esse.

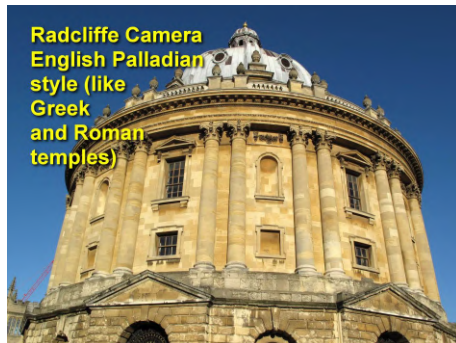
I hereby undertake not to remove from the Library,
nor to mark, detach, or injure in any way, any
volume, document or other object belonging to it
or in its custody; not to bring into the Library, or
kindle therein, any fire or flame, and not to smoke
in the Library; and I promise to obey all rules of the
Library.



Radcliffe Camera
Built 1737-1749
to house the
Radcliffe Science
Library



Radcliffe Camera
today houses
books from
English, history,
theology
Most of the
books are
underground



Radcliffe Camera
English Palladian
style (like
Greek and Roman
temples)



Pitt Rivers Museum
Oxford University
archaeological
and
anthropological
collections

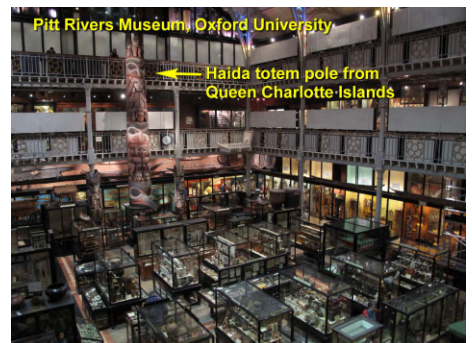


Pitt Rivers Museum, Oxford
Collection has
500,000 items

Collection is arranged thematically,
according to how the objects were used,
rather than according to their age or origin.



Pitt Rivers Museum, Oxford University



Pitt Rivers Museum, Oxford University

Haida totem pole from
Queen Charlotte Islands



Pitt Rivers Museum - Masks



Pitt Rivers Museum
Human Skulls used in rituals



Pitt Rivers Museum
Shrunken Human Heads



**Pitt Rivers Museum
Gods to worship**



**Pitt Rivers Museum
Fertility**



Covered Market, Oxford



Covered Market, Oxford



Covered Market, Oxford



**Covered Market, Oxford
Right in the centre of town**



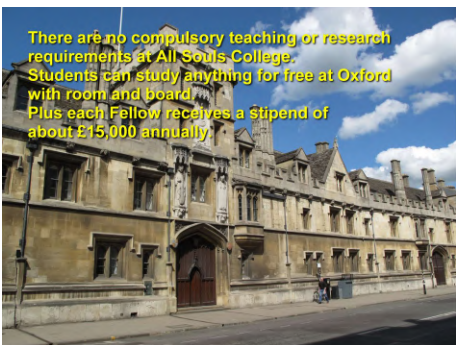
**Covered Market,
Oxford**



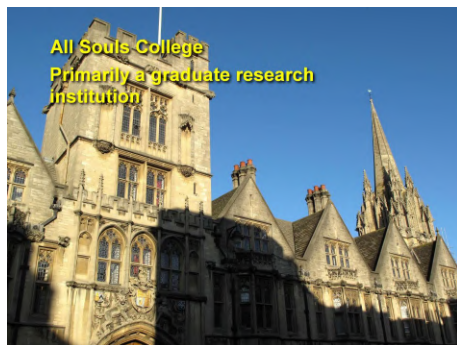
**All Souls College
Founded 1438
Visitors Not Allowed**



**All Souls College, Oxford University
Founded 1438
No undergraduate students
Mainly a research college
Only a dozen or so graduate students
"Hardest examination in the world"**



There are no compulsory teaching or research requirements at All Souls College. Students can study anything for free at Oxford with room and board. Plus each Fellow receives a stipend of about £15,000 annually.



**All Souls College
Primarily a graduate research institution**



**Oxford University Museum
of Natural History
Building 1886**

- Palaeontology
- Minerals and Rocks
- Zoology
- Entomology
- Archives



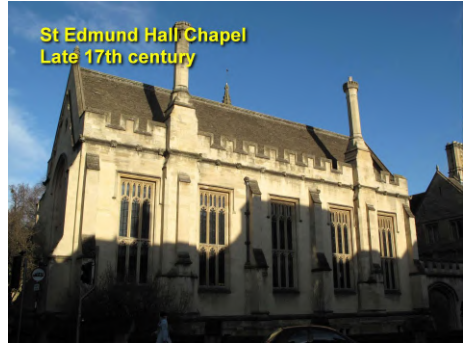
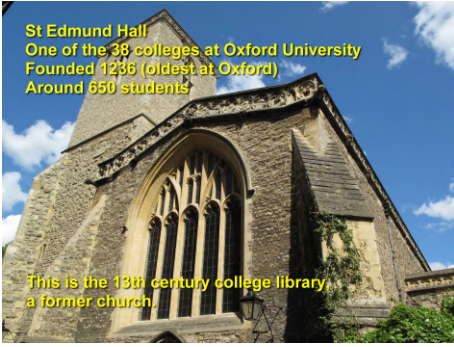
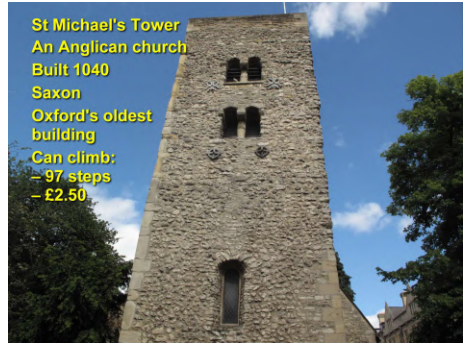
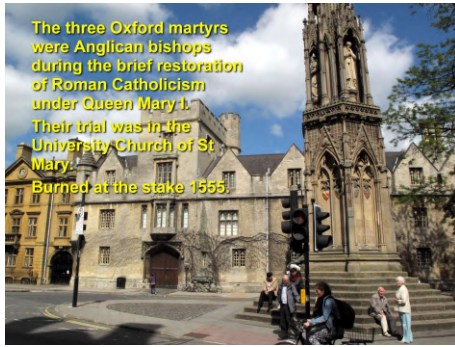
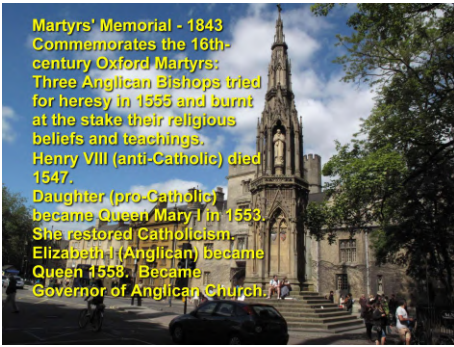
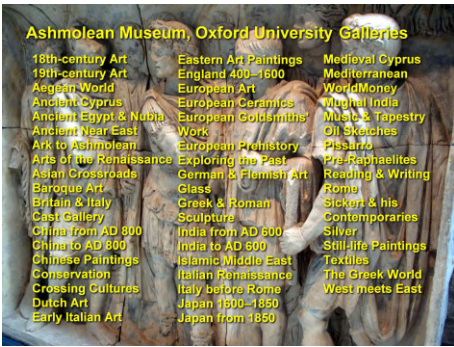
**Oxford University Natural History Museum
Next to Pitt Rivers Museum**



**Ashmolean Museum - Founded 1677
World's first university museum
First building was erected in 1678-1683
Current building dates from 1841-45**

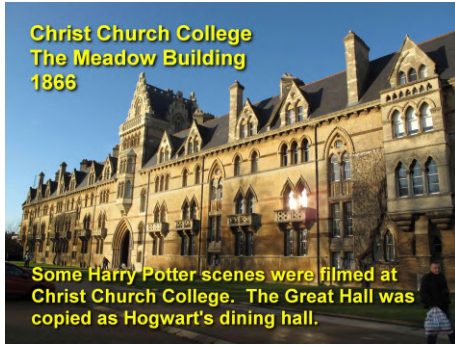


**Ashmolean Museum
Current building dates from 1841-45**





Christ Church College, Oxford University
Founded 1546
Around 700 students today
13 British Prime Ministers have studied at Christ Church College.

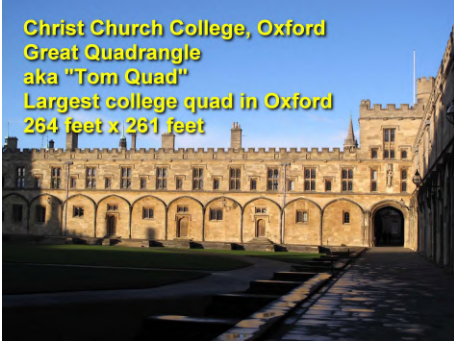


Christ Church College
The Meadow Building
1866

Some Harry Potter scenes were filmed at Christ Church College. The Great Hall was copied as Hogwarts's dining hall.



Christ Church College
Meadow Building
Visitor entrance



Christ Church College, Oxford
Great Quadrangle
aka "Tom Quad"
Largest college quad in Oxford
264 feet x 261 feet



Christ Church College Cathedral
1160-1200



Christ Church College Cathedral
1160-1200 - Interior



Christ Church Cathedral
Fan vaulted ceiling around 1500



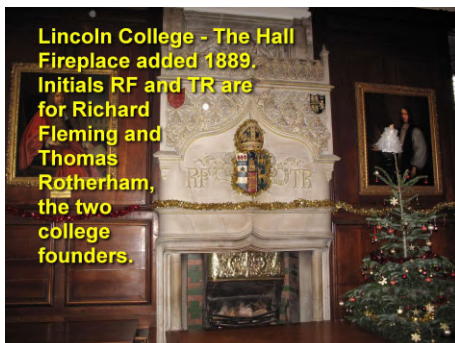
Lincoln College, Oxford University
Founded 1427
Today around 650 students
Dr Beuss was an alumnus



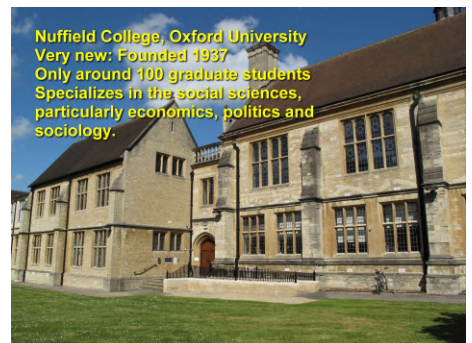
No idea how they do this! Amazing



Lincoln College
The buildings were unlocked, so we wandered.
This is The Hall, built 1437



Lincoln College - The Hall
Fireplace added 1889.
Initials RF and TR are for Richard Fleming and Thomas Rotherham, the two college founders.



Nuffield College, Oxford University
Very new: Founded 1937
Only around 100 graduate students
Specializes in the social sciences, particularly economics, politics and sociology.



St Cross College, Oxford University
Very new: Founded 1965
Buildings are older: 1880s to 1920s
Only graduate students - around 500
Wide range of subjects (arts, science, etc)
70% of the students coming from outside the UK



Mansfield College, Oxford University
Established 1838
Integrated into Oxford University 1955
Today around 350 students
The Victorian buildings were completed in 1889



Mansfield was the first Nonconformist college at Oxford University. "Nonconformist" means students were not required to conform to the Church of England.



Mansfield College Chapel
1887-1890



Mansfield College, Oxford University
Each year, 30 of its 350 students are
American "Junior Year Abroad" students.



Harris Manchester College, Oxford University
Founded 1786
Only 200 students. All must be over
21 years of age, including
undergraduate students.
Smallest college at Oxford University.



Merton College, Oxford University
Founded 1264
Today around 850 students

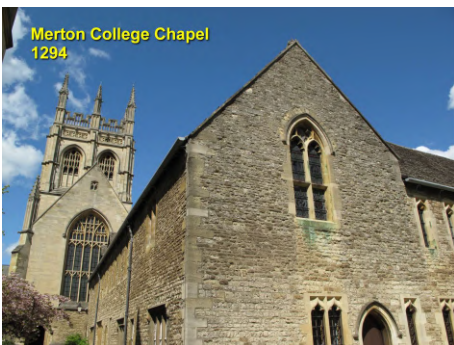


Merton College
Alumni include four Nobel
Laureates and writer J. R. R.
Tolkien.
Merton is one of the wealthiest
colleges in Oxford and had a
financial endowment of around
£215 million.
Regularly ranks first in the
Norrington Table in recent years.
Norrington Table is annual
ranking of the colleges of the
University of Oxford based on
undergraduate student scores.



Merton College, Oxford University

Merton College was the only
Oxford college to side with the
Parliamentarians during the
English Civil War (1642-1651).
Royalists confiscated their
property. Differences were
quickly settled after the war.



Merton College Chapel
1294



University College, Oxford University
Founded 1249
Today about 500 students
Among its former students are
— US President Bill Clinton
— US Labor Secretary Robert Reich
— Philip Hammond, Chancellor of the
Exchequer under UK PM Theresa May



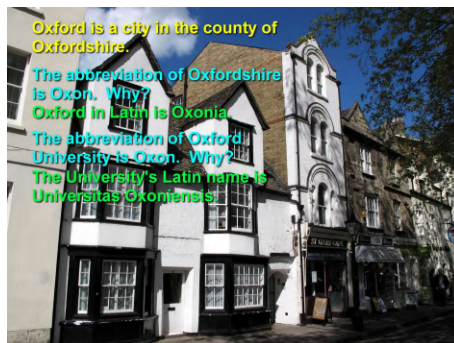
St Giles' Church, Oxford
1200

The oldest bell
is the tenor,
cast in 1632

What is this
"S" thing?



The rest of the Oxford photos
are photos of the town of
Oxford.



Oxford is a city in the county of
Oxfordshire.
The abbreviation of Oxfordshire
is Oxon. Why?
Oxford in Latin is Oxonia.
The abbreviation of Oxford
University is Oxon. Why?
The University's Latin name is
Universitas Oxoniensis.



Eagle and Child Pub
Nickname: "Bird and Baby"
Owned by Oxford University since 17th century.
Famous regulars at the Eagle and Child:
— J R R Tolkien: The Hobbit, The Lord of the Rings
— C S Lewis: The Chronicles of Narnia, Space Trilogy



Traditional English breakfast as served in Oxford.
The only thing missing is black pudding.

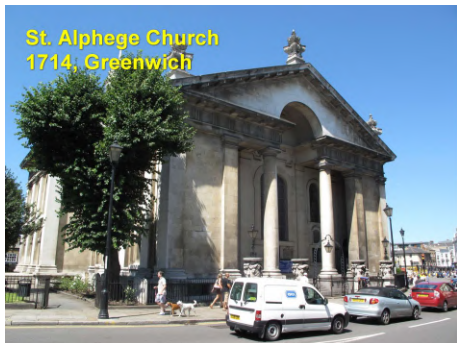
Black Pudding: Pork fat,
pork blood, oatmeal, fried!



Oxford Town



Oxford Town

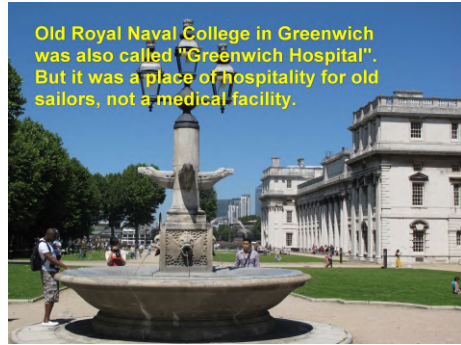




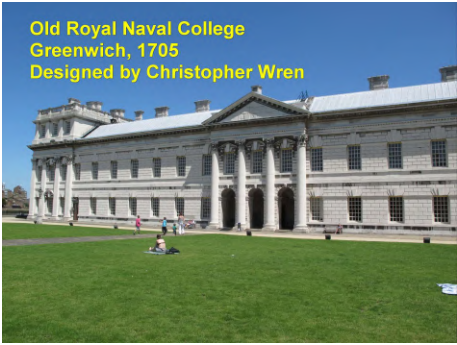
Old Royal Naval College
Greenwich, 1705



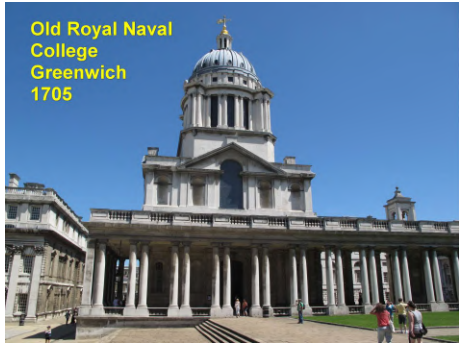
Wren's dome
for St Paul's
London 1711
Wren's dome for
Greenwich 1705



Old Royal Naval College in Greenwich
was also called "Greenwich Hospital".
But it was a place of hospitality for old
sailors, not a medical facility.



Old Royal Naval College
Greenwich, 1705
Designed by Christopher Wren



Old Royal Naval
College
Greenwich
1705



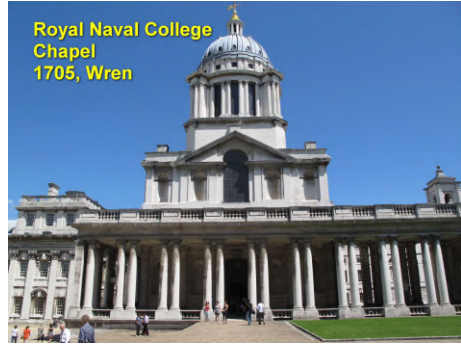
Painted Hall
by James Thornhill
Intended as a dining
room for retired
sailors but never
used because it
was too elegant.
Became tourist
attraction.



Painted Hall
Painted by
James Thornhill
1708 to 1727
under Wren's
direction.
Closed for
restoration
2016-2017.



Memorial to Americans who
served in British
Navy in
WW2.
15th JUNE 1941
On this day came three citizens of
THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA
The first of their number to join the ranks of
THE ROYAL NAVY.
IN MEMORY OF THOSE AMERICANS
WHO, BETWEEN 1939 - 1941
WHEN THE FATE OF GREAT BRITAIN
AND OF THE CAUSE OF FREEDOM
HUNG IN THE BALANCE
VOLUNTEERED TO SERVE IN
THE ROYAL NAVY



Royal Naval College
Chapel
1705, Wren



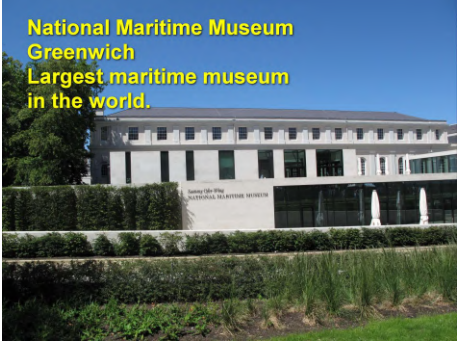
Chapel
designed by
Wren but not
completed
until 1742.
Rebuilt
1779-89 after
a devastating
fire.



View from Royal Naval College
to Thames River.



Stone at Old Royal Naval College



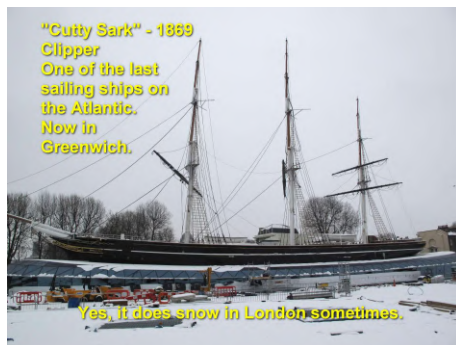
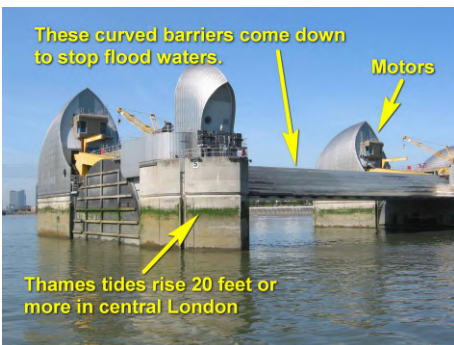
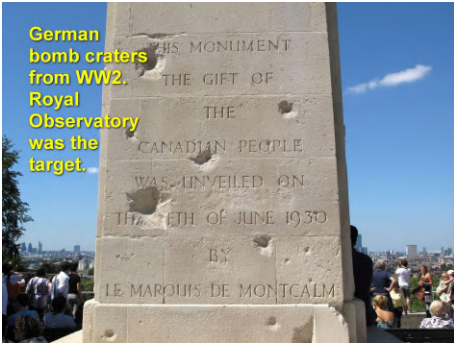
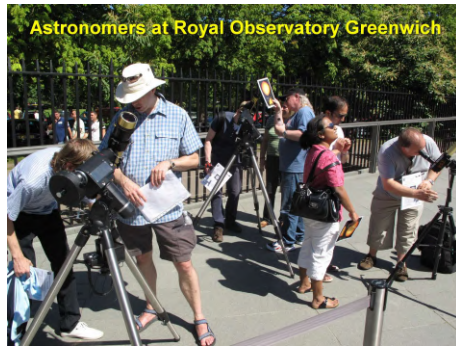
National Maritime Museum
Greenwich
Largest maritime museum
in the world.



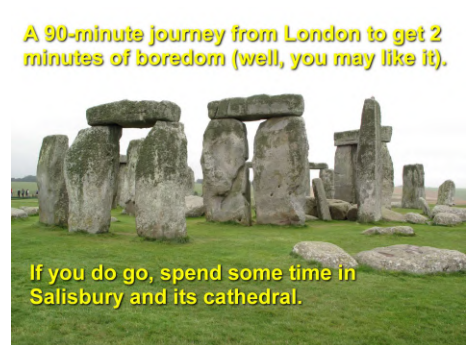
National Maritime
Museum
Greenwich



Greenwich Park



STONEHENGE



My "Day Trips Part 2" presentation will cover:

Cambridge	Ham House,
Hampton Court Palace	
Hatfield House	Kew Gardens
Leeds Castle	Richmond
Rochester	St Albans
Winchester	

Hope to see you there. Thanks for coming today.