

J. N. "Ding" Darling National Wildlife
Refuge
US Fish and Wildlife Service
Website:
www.fws.gov/refuge/JN_Ding_Darling/
Where: On Sanibel Island.
Get There: I-75 or US-41 to Sanibel
Causeway (toll \$6). Right onto Periwinkle.
At end of Periwinkle, right onto Tarpon Bay
Rd, then left onto Sanibel-Captiva Road.

When: Daily except Fridays and national holidays.

Admission: \$10 per car to drive 4-mile Wildlife Drive. \$1 for hikers or bikers.

What: 6,400 acres of mangrove forest, submerged seagrass beds, marshes, and hardwood hammocks.

One of America's largest undeveloped mangrove ecosystems.

4 mile one-way drive with spectacular views of lakes and bayous.



Ding Darling National Wildlife Refuge

- Habitat of 245 bird species.
- Many birdwatching opportunities.
 Especially December through March.
- Home to raccoons, bobcats, river otters, alligators, and marsh rabbits.
- Hiking trails.
- Small exhibit building.











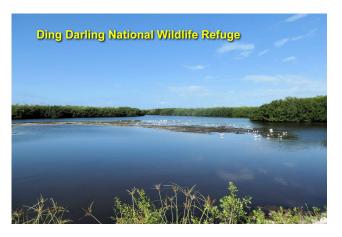
































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Three types of mangrove:

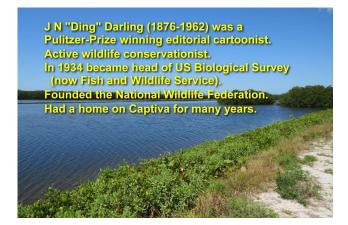
Common to all: Grow in salt water. Roots filter out 90% to 97% of salt.

Red Mangrove. Grow right on the coast. Prop roots filter out salt before it reaches the leaves.

Black Mangrove. Grow slightly inland. Secrete salt through underside of leaves. White Mangrove. Grow further inland. Get water only at highest tide. Secrete salt through leaves.



























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Calusa Indians:

- Native in SW Florida from at least 3,500 BC.
- 60 villages along SW Florida coasts.
- Est. 10,000 to 50,000 people.
- Powerful military.
- Fishing, trapping, sailing. Astute traders.
- Late 1700s wiped out by invading enemy Indian tribes from Georgia and Carolinas.

