# Air Fryers Emerge as the Least Polluting Cooking Method: A Ground Breaking Study Finds

ISSN: 3048-8249

# Pashupathi M.1 and Rashmi Mishra2

<sup>1</sup>Department of Veterinary Physiology & Biochemistry, CoVAS, Rani Lakshmi Bai Central Agricultural University, Jhansi

<sup>2</sup>Department of Veterinary Parasitology, ICAR-Indian Veterinary Research Institute, Izatnagar, Bareilly Corresponding Author: m.pashupathi7@gmail.com

A comprehensive study led by environmental scientists and chemists from the University of Birmingham in the UK has revealed that air fryers are the least polluting cooking method compared to traditional techniques such as pan-frying, stir-frying, deep-fat frying, and boiling.

## **The Study Setup**

Researchers conducted controlled experiments in a specialized research kitchen, where they cooked chicken breasts using different methods. They meticulously measured the release of particulate matter (PM) and volatile organic compounds (VOCs) during each cooking process to assess indoor air pollution levels.

## **Key Findings**

- Volatile Organic Compounds (VOCs)
  - Pan-frying: Peak VOC concentration at 260 parts per billion (ppb)

o **Deep-frying:** 230 ppb

o Stir-frying: 110 ppb

o **Boiling:** 30 ppb

o Air-frying: Only 20 ppb

- Particulate Matter (PM)
  - Pan-frying with induction hob: 92.9 micrograms per cubic meter (μg/m³)

Stir-frying: 26.7 μg/m<sup>3</sup>

Deep-frying: 7.7 μg/m<sup>3</sup>

Boiling: 0.7 μg/m<sup>3</sup>

o **Air-frying:** 0.6 μg/m<sup>3</sup>

These results demonstrate that air-frying produces significantly lower levels of both VOCs and particulate matter, making it the cleanest cooking method in terms of air quality.

### Why the Difference?

Oil-based cooking methods generate more pollutants due to the Maillard reaction—a chemical process that occurs when amino acids and reducing sugars react under heat. This reaction not only gives

food its desirable browned flavor but also releases harmful compounds such as aldehydes, ketones, furans, aromatic hydrocarbons, alkenes, pyrazines, and alkanes.

Water-based methods like boiling and air-frying, on the other hand, produce fewer pollutants because they rely less on oil and higher cooking temperatures that trigger these reactions.

### **Lingering Pollution**

Interestingly, the study found that pollutant levels remained elevated in the kitchen for over an hour after cooking, even though the cooking itself lasted only 10 minutes. This highlights the long-lasting impact of indoor air pollution from certain cooking methods.

## **Factors Influencing Pollution Levels**

According to a chemist at the University of Birmingham, several factors affect the extent of pollution:

- Amount of Oil Used: More oil increases the release of VOCs and particulate matter.
- Cooking Temperature: Higher temperatures accelerate the Maillard reaction and the breakdown of fats, releasing more toxins.
- **Ventilation:** Poor air circulation traps pollutants indoors, increasing exposure risks.

### **How to Reduce Cooking-Related Pollution?**

While air fryers are the cleanest option, improving kitchen ventilation is crucial for all cooking methods.

- **Open Windows:** To allow fresh air to disperse pollutants.
- **Use Extractor Fans:** To efficiently remove airborne particles and VOCs.
- **Regular Cleaning:** To prevent the buildup of grease and residues that can contribute to indoor air pollution.

#### Conclusion

This study not only highlights the environmental and health benefits of using air fryers but also



ISSN: 3048-8249

underscores the importance of proper kitchen ventilation. By choosing air fryers and adopting good air quality practices, we can significantly reduce indoor pollution, creating healthier living environments for ourselves and our families.

#### References

Tang, R., Sahu, R., Su, Y., Milsom, A., Mishra, A., Berkemeier, T. and Pfrang, C., 2024. Impact of

Cooking Methods on Indoor Air Quality: A Comparative Study of Particulate Matter (PM) and Volatile Organic Compound (VOC) Emissions. *Indoor Air*, 2024(1), p.6355613.

www.chemistryworld.com/news/air-frying-prevails-intests-on-indoor-pollutantproduction/4020609.article

\*\*\*\*\*

