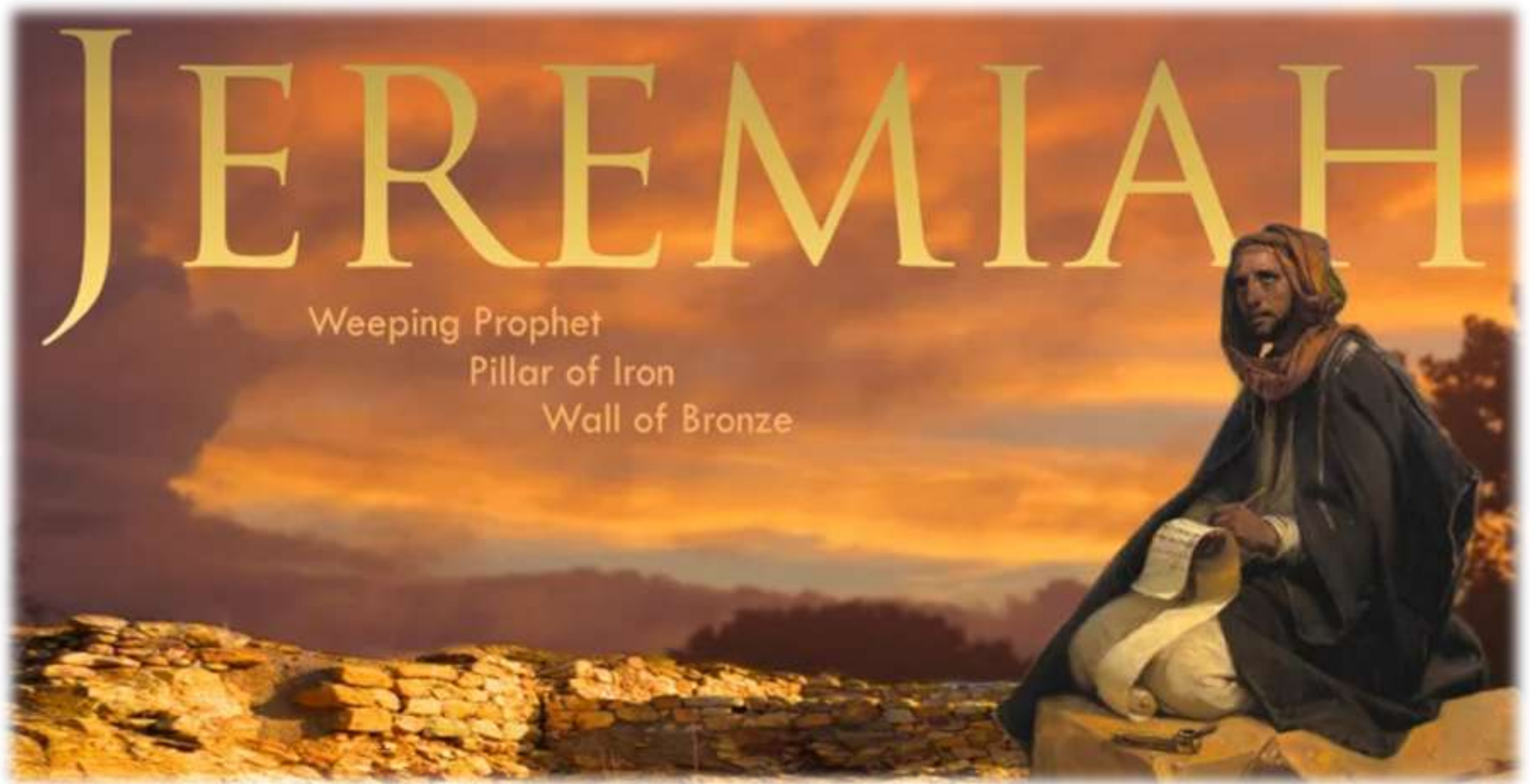


God's Covenant Renewed

Jeremiah 17:5-8; 31:31-37



**Assyria besieges and
conquers Israel, deporting
the people
(2 Kings 17)**

**Jeremiah is called
as a prophet
(Jeremiah 1)**

**Today's Lesson
Jeremiah prophesies
judgment on Judah and
a new covenant
(Jeremiah 1-38)**

**Judah's remaining kings
return to what is evil in
the Lord's sight
(2 Kings 23-24)**

**Hezekiah and Josiah restores
the worship of the Lord
(2 Kings 18-20; 22-23)**

**Babylon besieges and
conquers Judah,
deporting the people
(2 Kings 25)**

Key Concept

**A new covenant will establish
followers of Jesus.**

Kings of Judah	Bible	Good/Bad	Kings of Israel	Bible	All Bad
Rehoboam	1 Kings 11-14	BAD	Jeroboam I	1 Kings 12-14	BAD
Abijam	1 Kings 11-14	BAD			
Asa	1 Kings 15	Good	Nadab	1 Kings 15	BAD
			Baasha	1 Kings 15-16	BAD
			Elah	1 Kings 16	BAD
			Zimri	1 Kings 16	BAD
			Omri	1 Kings 16	BAD
			Ahab	1 Kings 16	BAD
Jehoshaphat	1 Kings 22	Good	Ahaziah	1 Kings 22	BAD
			Jehoram	2 Kings 1	BAD
Jehoram	2 Kings 8	BAD	Jehu	2 Kings 3-9	BAD
Ahaziah	2 Kings 8-9	BAD	Jehoahaz	2 Kings 9-10	BAD
Athaliah	2 Kings 11	BAD			
Joash	2 Kings 11-12	Good	Jehoash	2 Kings 13-14	BAD
Amaziah	2 Kings 14	Good	Jeroboam II	2 Kings 14	BAD
			Zechariah	2 Kings 14-15	BAD
Azariah	2 Kings 15	Good	Shallum	2 Kings 15	BAD
Jotham	2 Kings 15	Good	Menahem	2 Kings 15	BAD
			Pekahiah	2 Kings 15	BAD
			Pekahiah	2 Kings 15	BAD
Ahaziah	2 Kings 16	BAD	Hoshea	2 Kings 15-17	BAD
Hezekiah	2 Kings 18-20	Good	Assyrian Captivity - No return		
Manasseh	2 Kings 21	BAD			
Amon	2 Kings 21	BAD			
Josiah	2 Kings 21-23	Good			
Jehoahaz	2 Kings 23	BAD			
Jehoiakim	2 Kings 23	BAD			
Johoiachin	2 Kings 24	BAD			
Zedekiah	2 Kings 24-25	BAD			
Babylonian Captivity - 70 years					

Kings & Prophets

Legend

JOSIAH Name of king
641-609 BC and years of
reign

AMOS Name of prophet and
approximate
dates of
influence

**Governor
Nehemiah** Leaders of the
Jewish people
after they
returned from
the Exile in
Babylonia

? Dates Unknown

ISAIAH

MANASSEH

JEREMIAH

ZEPHANIAH

DANIEL EZEKIEL

HABAKKUK

OBADIAH?

AMON
643-641 BC

JEHOAHAZ
(SHALLUM)
609 BC

JEHOIACHIN
(JECONIAH)
598-597 BC

Temple Destroyed

JOSIAH
641-609 BC

JEHOIAKIM (ELIAKIM)
609-598 BC

ZEDEKIAH (MATTANIAH)
597-586 BC

HAGGAI

ZECHARIAH

Temple Rebuilt

MALACHI?

JOEL?

Governor
Sheshbazzar
536? - ? BC

Governor
Zerubbabel
Dates unknown

Governor
Ezra
457 - ? BC

Governor
Nehemiah
444-432 BC

THE EXILE: Judah fell to King Nebuchadnezzar of Babylon. Many of the inhabitants were deported to Babylon. In 539 BC, Babylon fell to the Medes and Persians. In 538 BC, King Cyrus of Persia issued a proclamation allowing the Jewish people to return to Palestine. Some Jews stayed in Babylon, but those who returned went back in several groups over many years. The temple was rebuilt in 516 BC, 70 years after its destruction.

70 years

690 BC

680

670

660

650

640

630

620

610

600

590

580

570

560

550

540

530

520

510

500

490

480

470

460

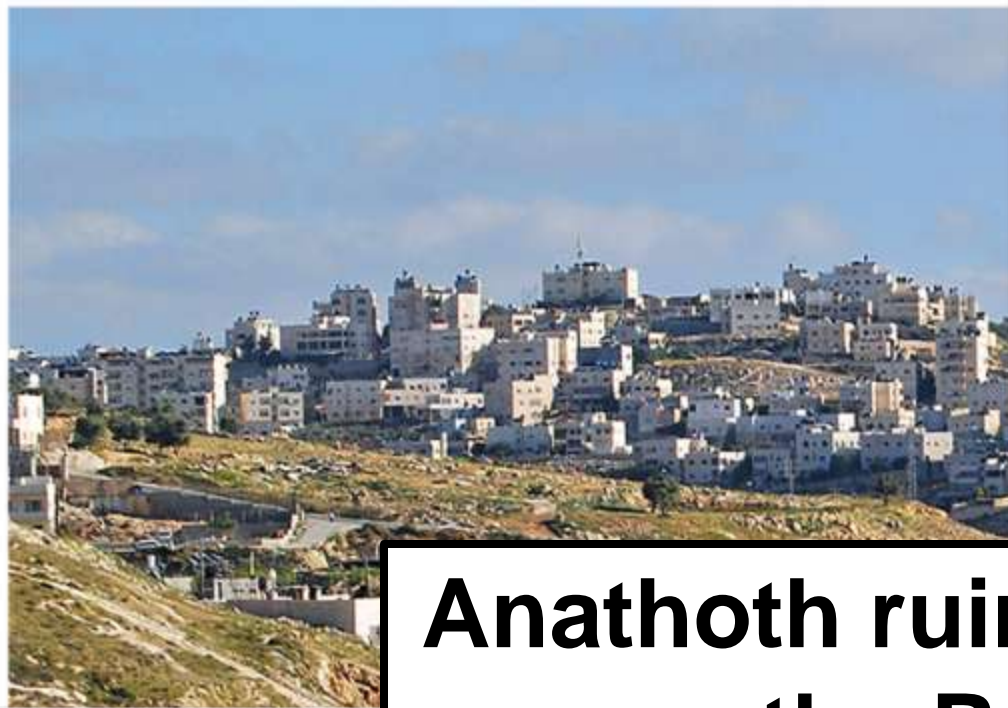
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440

430

Old Testament Palestine





**Anathoth ruins – located
near the Palestinian
village of Anata**



1 12 2011





- What is one reason God chosen to allow Babylon power to besiege and deport the people of Judah?

For a long time prophets warned Judah about worshipping false gods and idolatry so God chose a foreign nation that practiced this a lot as a lesson to the people.

- Jeremiah hoped that God would write the commands of the Torah on the heart. Jeremiah described the heart how?

“~ deceitful above all things” Jer 17:9

- How long did Jeremiah serve as a prophet to Judah? **Over 40 years**
- (T/F) Although Jeremiah warned Judah of the coming Babylonian siege, he never experience it personally? **False**
He witnessed the siege and was captured
- What was a nickname the prophet Jeremiah was known as?
The Weeping Prophet

- **What item did Jeremiah walk around Judah with symbolizing the people would have to serve the king of Babylon? Why? Ox yoke -**
God sent a message to represent their submission and servitude to the foreign king
- **Where did God say the sin of Judah was written?**
“On the tablet of their hearts” (Jer 17:1)

- What analogy did Jeremiah use as a comparison of Israel's sin?

He used adultery as a symbol of idolatry against God

- What are some ways the Bible speaks of the heart?

- 1) Sees the outward heart (1 Sam 16:7)

- 2) Opens the eyes of the heart (Eph 1:18, 1 Peter 1:23, Matt 5:8)

- 3) Be tenderhearted (Eph 4:32)

- 4) Keep your heart protected (Prov 4:23)