

Alternatives to Round-Up & Other Dangerous Weed Control Pesticides

(For safe use at homes with pets, children, adults, and gardens)

BioSafe Weed Control Concentrate: Spray on patios, walkways, and along edgings. Do not spray desirable plants. Apply when weeds are dry from dew or rainwater. Is effective at all temperatures.

Weed Slayer: Organic Herbicide. Controls hard to kill grasses & weeds. Helps translocate the herbicide material through the plant.

Doctor Kirchner Natural Weed Killer: Kills weeds down to the roots & is completely pesticide free!

White Vinegar: 30% Vinegar Concentrate (Dilute 15% before using with a pump sprayer) Spray on only what you intend to kill.

Weed Pharm Organic Herbicide: A diverse group of weeds are controlled by this organic herbicide.

Burning: (Use a weed scorcher which are widely available on the market. (Red Dragon Weed Torch Kit) Run the hot flame over the weeds. They will wither & die after a few days due to the lack of moisture.

Physically Pulling the Weeds: Soften the ground with water to make the task easier. Use a knife or screwdriver to loosen the roots before pulling up the weed.

Mulching: Prevents contact between the weed seeds and the soil, & keeps seeds away from sunlight limiting their chance to sprout. Is biodegradable, and will improve soil's quality while retaining moisture.

Newspapers: (Cover area with a few layers.) Prevents contact between the weed seeds and the soil, & keeps seeds away from sunlight limiting their chance to sprout. Is biodegradable.

Weed Barrier Fabric: Prevents contact between the weed seeds and the soil, & keeps seeds away from sunlight limiting their chance to sprout.

Bleach: Very effective in killing grasses and other weeds. Should never be used near areas where you want other plants or grass to grow.

Elbow Grease: Most effective! Before perennial weeds get established, remove the roots with a hand fork.

Kids' Allowance: Provide children an opportunity to earn money. (5-cents a stick, 5-cents a pine cone, \$10/hr to pull weeds, etc.)

Eat the Weeds: Many weeds are edible and healthy. Visit <u>TreeHugger.com</u>

Purslane

Chickweed

Dandelion

Mallow

Clover

Plantain

- Lamb's Quarters
- Wild Amaranth
- Curly Dock

Salting: Sprinkle rock or table salt carefully on garden paths & the edges of your lawn to make a barrier for the weeds. Treat the areas which cannot be reached by the lawn mower with salt.

Boiling Water: After boiling vegetables or pasta, pour scalding water onto the weeds. It will take no more than several days for even the strongest of them to shrivel.

Competition: Weeds are naturally strong competitors. Only the stronger plants survive. Choose flowers and herbs that will consume resources like water, sunlight and nutrients <u>faster</u> than the invaders.

The healthier and richer your garden is, the fewer weeds you will have to worry about!