# CUMRU FIRE DEPARTMENT 1775 WELSH ROAD MOHNTON, PA 19540

**COMMON ABBREVIATIONS** 

**CONFORMED SET** 

05/02/2024

POUNDS PER SQUARE INCH

POLYVINYL CHLORIDE

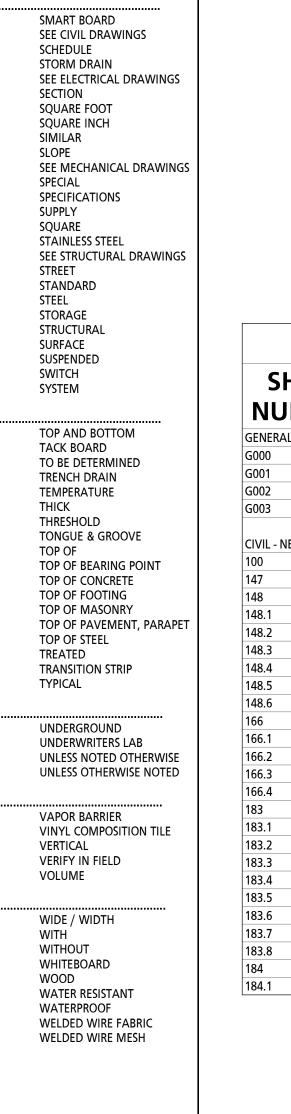
TAG	DESCRIPTION
(101A)	DOOR TAG
NUMBER OF SHELVES  SEWORK CABINET DEPTH  30.00 24.00 CABINET HEIGHT	CASEWORK TAG  AS OUTLINED IN THE ARCHITECTURAL WOODWORK INSTITUTE (AWI) STANDARDS
(lt)	SPECIALTY EQUIPMENT TAG
1 A	COLUMN LINE DESIGNATION TAG
REFERENCE 0'-0"	LEVEL ELEVATION TAG
	NORTH ARROW TAG T = TRUE NORTH P = PROJECT NORTH
ROOM 101	ROOM NAME & NUMBER TAG
1 A101	SECTION TAG
1 A101	CALLOUT / DETAIL
0'-0"	SPOT ELEVATION TAG
DRAWING TITLE DRAWING SCALE	DETAIL / DRAWING TITLE TAG
TYPE 11-0" HEIGHT (A.F.F.)	CEILING TAG
99	PARTITION TAG
7	MATERIAL TAG
(it)	WINDOW TAG
6:12	ROOF SLOPE ANNOTATION
1 A101	ELEVATION TAG
0 0	SPECIFIC NOTE

KEY TO MATERIALS		
CUT-THRU PATTERN	DESCRIPTION	
	BRICK	
	CMU MASONRY	
	CONCRETE	
	POROUS FILL	
	EARTH	
	PLYWOOD	
	GYPSUM BOARD	
	RIGID INSULATION	
	BATT INSULATION	
	END GRAIN LUMBER	
	WOOD BLOCK OR SHIM	
	FINISH WOOD	

	ANGUAD DOLT	FND - FPM -		FOUNDATION FEET PER MINUTE	PVMT - PWT -	PAVEMENT PREFABRICATED WOOD TRUS
AB - ABV -	ANCHOR BOLT ABOVE	FRT - FSK -		FIRE RETARDANT TREATED	В	
ABV - ACOUST -	ACOUSTICAL	FSK -		FOIL SCRIM KRAFT	<b>R</b>	RADIUS
	ACOUSTICAL ACOUSTIC CEILING TILE	FT -		FEET, FOOT FLOOR TRANSITION	RCP -	REFLECTED CEILING PLAN
		FTG -			REINF -	REINFORCING, REINFORCED
ACU - AFF -	A/C UNIT ABOVE FINISH FLOOR	rid -		FOOTING	RES -	RESINOUS
	AUTHORITY HAVING JURISDICTION				REQD -	REQUIRED
ALUM -	ALUMINUM	GA -		GAGE, GAUGE	REV -	REVISION
ALUM - AP -		GALV -				
	ACCESS PANEL			GALVANIZED		RIGID
APPROX -	APPROXIMATELY	GL -		GLASS, GLAZING	RM -	ROOM
ARCH -	ARCHITECTURAL	GND -		GROUND	RO -	ROUGH OPENING
_		GRTG -		GRATING	RST -	REINFORCING STEEL
3	DOTTOM CLODE	GWB -		GYPSUM WALL BOARD	•	
3.C	BOTTOM CHORD					
BLK -	BLOCK		•••••		SB -	SMART BOARD
BLDG -	BUILDING	Н -		HEIGHT	SCD -	SEE CIVIL DRAWINGS
BLKG -	BLOCKING	HI -		HIGH	SCHED -	SCHEDULE
BLKHD -	BULKHEAD	HC -		HANDICAPPED	SD -	STORM DRAIN
BM -	BEAM	HD -		HEAD	SED -	SEE ELECTRICAL DRAWINGS
3.0	BOTTOM OF	HM -		HOLLOW METAL	SECT -	SECTION
BOD -	BASIS OF DESIGN	HORIZ -		HORIZONTAL	SF -	SQUARE FOOT
3OT -	BOTTOM	HR -		HOUR	SI -	SQUARE INCH
3.R	BULLET RESISTANT	HT -		HEIGHT	SIM -	SIMILAR
BRNG -	BEARING				SLP -	SLOPE
		l			SMD -	SEE MECHANICAL DRAWINGS
î		ID -		INSIDE DIAMETER	SPCL -	SPECIAL SPECIAL
<u>+</u>	CENTER LINE	IN -		INCH	SPEC -	SPECIFICATIONS
CFCI -	CONTRACTOR FURNISHED,	INFO -		INFORMATION	SPLY -	SUPPLY
_i Ci -						
CEOL	CONTRACTOR FURNISHED	INSUL -		INSULATION	SQ -	SQUARE
CFOI -	CONTRACTOR FURNISHED,				SS -	STAINLESS STEEL
	OWNER INSTALLED				SSD -	SEE STRUCTURAL DRAWINGS
CFLS -	COUNTER FLASHING	JB -		JUNCTION BOX	ST -	STREET
CJ -	CONTROL JOINT	JM - JST -		JAMB	STD -	STANDARD
CL -	CLOSET	JST -		JOIST	STL -	STEEL
CLG -	CEILING	JT -		JOINT	STOR -	STORAGE
CMU -	CONCRETE MASONRY UNIT				STRUCT -	STRUCTURAL
CND -	CONDUIT	L			SURF -	SURFACE
COL	COLUMN			LONG	SUSP -	SUSPENDED
COOR -	COORDINATE			LIVE LOAD	SW -	SWITCH
CONC -	CONCRETE	LSC -		LIFE SAFETY CODE	SYS -	SYSTEM
CONSTR -	CONSTRUCTION	LTG -		LIGHTING	515 -	31316101
CONSTR -	CONTINUOUS	LIG -		LIGHTING	_	
						TOD AND DOTTOM
C.T. / CT -	CERAMIC TILE			NAA CUUNE	T & B -	TOP AND BOTTOM
CPT -	CARPET / CARPET TILE	MACH -		MACHINE	T.B	TACK BOARD
CTSK -	COUNTERSUNK	MAT'L -		MATERIAL	T.B.D	TO BE DETERMINED
CU -	CUBIC	MAX -		MAXIMUM	TD -	TRENCH DRAIN
CU FT -	CUBIC FOOT	MBT -		MARBLE THRESHOLD	TEMP -	TEMPERATURE
CU YD -	CUBIC YARD	MECH -		MECH	THK -	THICK
CG -	CORNER GUARD	MEP -		MECHANICAL / ELECTRICAL /	THRES -	THRESHOLD
				PLUMBING	T&G -	TONGUE & GROOVE
D		MFGR -		MANUFACTURER	T0 -	TOP OF
D -	DEEP / DEPTH	MH -		MANHOLE	TOB -	TOP OF BEARING POINT
DEG -	DEGREE	MIN -		MINIMUM	TOC -	TOP OF CONCRETE
DIA -	DIAMETER	MO -		MASONRY OPENING	TOF -	TOP OF FOOTING
		MSNRY -			TOM -	
	DIMENSION			MASONRY		TOP OF MASONRY
DL -	DEAD LOAD	M.T		METAL THRESHOLD	TOP -	TOP OF PAVEMENT, PARAPET
DMPR -	DAMPER	MTL -		METAL	TOS -	TOP OF STEEL
DN -	DOWN	MTD -		MOUNTED	TRTD -	TREATED
DR -	DOOR				T.S	TRANSITION STRIP
DS -	DOWNSPOUT	N			TYP -	TYPICAL
DTL -	DETAIL	NA -		NOT APPLICABLE		
DWG -	DRAWING			NOT IN CONTRACT	U	
		NO -		NUMBER	UGND -	UNDERGROUND
F		NTS -		NOT TO SCALE	UL -	UNDERWRITERS LAB
	EACH	1412 -		NOT TO JUNE	UNO -	
		0				UNLESS NOTED OTHERWISE
EH -	ELECTRIC HEATER			ON CENTER	UON -	UNLESS OTHERWISE NOTED
EIFS -	EXTERIOR INSULATON AND	O/C -		ON CENTER		
	FINISHING SYSTEM	OD -		OUTSIDE DIAMETER		
ELEC -	ELECTRICAL	OFIC -		OWNER FURNISHED,	VB -	VAPOR BARRIER
EL -	ELEVATION			CONTRACTOR INSTALLED	VCT -	VINYL COMPOSITION TILE
ELEV -	ELEVATION	OFOI -		OWNER FURNISHED,	VERT -	VERTICAL
ELMA -	ELEVATOR MACHINE ROOM			OWNER INSTALLED	VIF -	VERIFY IN FIELD
EJ -	EXPANSION JOINT	OPNG -		OPENING	VOL -	VOLUME
ENT -	ENTRANCE, ENTRY	OPP -		OPPOSITE	-	, o Lonie
					\A/	
EQ -	EQUAL	OPP HND-		OPPOSITE HAND		
EST -	ESTIMATE	OV -		OVER	W -	WIDE / WIDTH
EW -	EACH WAY	OVHD -		OVERHEAD	W/ -	WITH
EXST -	EXISTING				W/0 -	WITHOUT
EXT -	EXTERIOR	P			W.B	WHITEBOARD
EXP -	EXPOSED	P.LAM -		PLASTIC LAMINATE	WD -	WOOD
EXP JT -	EXPANSION JOINT	PLY -		PLYWOOD	WR -	WATER RESISTANT
		PLYWD -		PLYWOOD	WTRPRF -	WATER RESISTANT
<b>-</b>						
F	FALIDENTIET	PNLBD -		PANELBOARD	WWF -	WELDED WIRE FABRIC
F -	FAHRENHEIT	PNT/ PT -		PAINT	WWM -	WELDED WIRE MESH
FD -	FLOOR DRAIN	POLYISO -		POLYISOCYANURATE		
F.E	FIRE EXTINGUISHER	PRESS -		PRESSURE		
F.E.C	FIRE EXTINGUISHER CABINET	PROJ -		PROJECT		

THIS LIST OF ABBREVIATIONS IS A GUIDE TO ABBREVIATIONS WHICH MAY BE USED IN THESE DOCUMENTS. ABBREVIATIONS

FLOOR



<b>DRAWING INDEX</b>				
SHEET				
<b>NUMBER</b>	SHEET NAME			
GENERAL / CODE				
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183.1	POSTCONSTRUCTION STORMWATER MANAGEMENT UTILITY PLAN			
183.2	POSTCONSTRUCTION STORMWATER MANAGEMENT NOTES			
183.3	POSTCONSTRUCTION STORMWATER MANAGEMENT DETAILS			
183.4	POSTCONSTRUCTION STORMWATER MANAGEMENT BASIN #5 DETAILS			
183.5	POSTCONSTRUCTION STORMWATER MANAGEMENT BASIN #6 DETAILS			
183.6	POSTCONSTRUCTION STORMWATER MANAGEMENT BASIN #6 DETAILS			
183.7	POSTCONSTRUCTION STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PROFILES			
183.8	POSTCONSTRUCTION STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PROFILES			
184	PRE-DEVELOPMENT PHASE #2 DRAINAGES			
184.1	POST-DEVELOPMENT PHASE #2 DRAINAGES			

NAGEMENT NOTES	A402	WAL
NAGEMENT DETAILS	A403	WAL
NAGEMENT BASIN #5 DETAILS	A404	WAL
NAGEMENT BASIN #6 DETAILS	A405	TYPI
NAGEMENT BASIN #6 DETAILS	A406	TYPI
NAGEMENT PROFILES	A407	TYPI
NAGEMENT PROFILES	A500	ROO
ES	A501	ROO
GES	A502	ROO
	A503	ROO
	A504	ROO
	A600	DOO
	A601	EXTE
	A602	EXTE
	A603	EXTE
	A604	EXT.
	A700	TYPI
	A701	ENLA
	A702	ENLA
	A703	ENLA
	A704	ENLA
	A705	ENLA
	A706	ENLA
	A707	ENLA
	A708	ENLA
	A709	ENLA
	A710	ENLA
	A800	REFL
	A801	ENLA
	A900	MISC
	STRUCTURAL - N	EW WORK
	S101	FOU
	S102	MEZ
	S103	ROO
	S104	HIGH
	S201	GEN
	S301	TYPI
	S302	TYPI
IA 19462	S303	TYPI
IA 19402	S401	SECT
	S402	SECT
l l	C402	SECT
	\$403	
	\$404 \$405	SECT SECT

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**ENLARGED PLANS & INT. ELEVATIONS** 

**ENLARGED PLANS & INT. ELEVATIONS ENLARGED PLANS & INT. ELEVATIONS** 

ENLARGED PLANS & INT. ELEVATIONS

**ENLARGED PLANS & INT. ELEVATIONS ENLARGED PLANS & INT. ELEVATIONS** ENLARGED PLANS & INT. ELEVATIONS **ENLARGED PLANS & INT. ELEVATIONS ENLARGED PLANS & INT. ELEVATIONS** 

ENLARGED PLANS & INT. ELEVATIONS

**ENLARGED CEILING PLANS & DETAILS** 

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MEZZANINE FRAMING PLAN

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MISC DETAILS

HIGH ROOF

TYPICAL DETAILS

TYPICAL DETAILS

TYPICAL DETAILS

SECTIONS

SECTIONS

SECTIONS

SECTIONS

SECTIONS

REFERENCE PLAN DIMENSION PLAN CONSTRUCTION TYPES SLAB/MASONRY DIAGRAM

FINISH PLAN

FINISH DETAILS

CLERESTORY PLAN PLAN DETAILS

SITE DETAILS SIGNAGE DETAILS BUILDING ELEVATIONS

WALL SECTIONS WALL SECTIONS WALL SECTIONS WALL SECTIONS WALL SECTIONS

**ROOF PLAN** ROOF DETAILS ROOF DETAILS ROOF DETAILS

EXTERIOR STAIR DETAILS

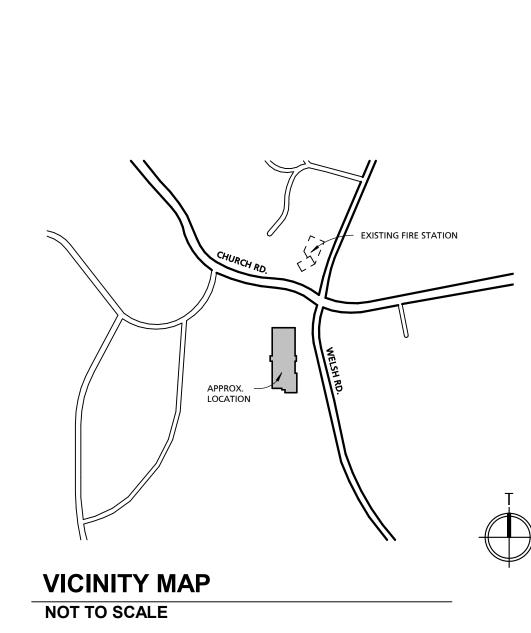
**SHEET NAME** 

SHEET

**NUMBER** 

ARCHITECTURAL - NEW WORK

NUMBI	T ER SHEET NAME
MECHANICAL - GI	ENERAL
M001	MECHANICAL LEGEND, ABBREVATIONS, AND GENERAL NO
MECHANICAL - NI	
M101	FIRST FLOOR PLAN DUCTWORK
M201	FIRST FLOOR PLAN - HVAC PIPING
M301	PART FLOOR PLANS HVAC
M401	MECHANICAL SECTIONS
M402	MECHANICAL DETAILS
M501 M502	MECHANICAL DETAILS  MECHANICAL DETAILS
M601	MECHANICAL CONTROLS  MECHANICAL CONTROLS
M701	MECHANICAL CONTROLS  MECHANICAL SCHEDULES
M702	MECHANICAL SCHEDULES  MECHANICAL SCHEDULES
V17 UZ	WIEGHANICAL SCHEDULES
PLUMBING - GENI	ERAL
P001	PLUMBING LEGEND, ABBREV, SCHEDULES & GENERAL NOT
P002	SITE PLAN PLUMBING NEW WORK
PLUMBING - NEW	N MODK
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P301	PLUMBING DETAILS
P302	PLUMBING DETAILS
P303	PLUMBING DETAILS
P401	PLUMBING RISER DIAGRAMS
P402	PLUMBING RISER DIAGRAMS
P403	PLUMBING RISER DIAGRAMS
ELECTRICAL - GEN	
E001	ELECTRICAL LEGEND, ABBREVIATIONS, AND GENERAL NO
E002	
E003	SITE PLAN LIGHTNING PROTECTION NEW WORK
ELECTRICAL - NEV	N WORK
	W WORK FIRST FLOOR PLAN POWER
E101	
E101 E102	FIRST FLOOR PLAN POWER
ELECTRICAL - NEV E101 E102 E103 E201	FIRST FLOOR PLAN POWER FIRST FLOOR PLAN MECHANICAL POWER
E101 E102 E103	FIRST FLOOR PLAN POWER FIRST FLOOR PLAN MECHANICAL POWER FIRST FLOOR PLAN - FIRE ALARM
E101 E102 E103 E201	FIRST FLOOR PLAN POWER  FIRST FLOOR PLAN MECHANICAL POWER  FIRST FLOOR PLAN - FIRE ALARM  FIRST FLOOR PLAN LIGHTING
E101 E102 E103 E201 E301 E401	FIRST FLOOR PLAN POWER  FIRST FLOOR PLAN MECHANICAL POWER  FIRST FLOOR PLAN - FIRE ALARM  FIRST FLOOR PLAN LIGHTING  PART FLOOR PLANS - ELECTRICAL
E101 E102 E103 E201 E301 E401	FIRST FLOOR PLAN POWER  FIRST FLOOR PLAN MECHANICAL POWER  FIRST FLOOR PLAN - FIRE ALARM  FIRST FLOOR PLAN LIGHTING  PART FLOOR PLANS - ELECTRICAL  ELECTRICAL DETAILS
E101 E102 E103 E201 E301	FIRST FLOOR PLAN POWER  FIRST FLOOR PLAN MECHANICAL POWER  FIRST FLOOR PLAN - FIRE ALARM  FIRST FLOOR PLAN LIGHTING  PART FLOOR PLANS - ELECTRICAL  ELECTRICAL DETAILS  ELECTRICAL DETAILS
E101 E102 E103 E201 E301 E401 E402 E501	FIRST FLOOR PLAN POWER  FIRST FLOOR PLAN MECHANICAL POWER  FIRST FLOOR PLAN - FIRE ALARM  FIRST FLOOR PLAN LIGHTING  PART FLOOR PLANS - ELECTRICAL  ELECTRICAL DETAILS  ELECTRICAL DETAILS  ELECTRICAL ONE-LINE DIAGRAM
E101 E102 E103 E201 E301 E401 E402 E501	FIRST FLOOR PLAN POWER FIRST FLOOR PLAN MECHANICAL POWER FIRST FLOOR PLAN - FIRE ALARM FIRST FLOOR PLAN LIGHTING PART FLOOR PLANS - ELECTRICAL ELECTRICAL DETAILS ELECTRICAL DETAILS ELECTRICAL ONE-LINE DIAGRAM LIGHTING FIXTURE SCHEDULE
E101 E102 E103 E201 E301 E401 E402 E501 E601 E602 E603	FIRST FLOOR PLAN POWER  FIRST FLOOR PLAN MECHANICAL POWER  FIRST FLOOR PLAN - FIRE ALARM  FIRST FLOOR PLAN LIGHTING  PART FLOOR PLANS - ELECTRICAL  ELECTRICAL DETAILS  ELECTRICAL DETAILS  ELECTRICAL ONE-LINE DIAGRAM  LIGHTING FIXTURE SCHEDULE  PANEL SCHEDULE  PANEL SCHEDULE
E101 E102 E103 E201 E301 E401 E402 E501 E601 E602 E603	FIRST FLOOR PLAN POWER  FIRST FLOOR PLAN MECHANICAL POWER  FIRST FLOOR PLAN - FIRE ALARM  FIRST FLOOR PLAN LIGHTING  PART FLOOR PLANS - ELECTRICAL  ELECTRICAL DETAILS  ELECTRICAL DETAILS  ELECTRICAL ONE-LINE DIAGRAM  LIGHTING FIXTURE SCHEDULE  PANEL SCHEDULE  PANEL SCHEDULE
E101 E102 E103 E201 E301 E401 E402 E501 E601 E602 E603	FIRST FLOOR PLAN POWER  FIRST FLOOR PLAN MECHANICAL POWER  FIRST FLOOR PLAN - FIRE ALARM  FIRST FLOOR PLAN LIGHTING  PART FLOOR PLANS - ELECTRICAL  ELECTRICAL DETAILS  ELECTRICAL DETAILS  ELECTRICAL ONE-LINE DIAGRAM  LIGHTING FIXTURE SCHEDULE  PANEL SCHEDULE  PANEL SCHEDULE  D ALERTING SYSTEM  COVER SHEET
E101 E102 E103 E201 E301 E401 E402 E501 E601 E602 E603 ELECTRICAL - CAD AL-100 AL-101	FIRST FLOOR PLAN POWER  FIRST FLOOR PLAN MECHANICAL POWER  FIRST FLOOR PLAN - FIRE ALARM  FIRST FLOOR PLAN LIGHTING  PART FLOOR PLANS - ELECTRICAL  ELECTRICAL DETAILS  ELECTRICAL DETAILS  ELECTRICAL ONE-LINE DIAGRAM  LIGHTING FIXTURE SCHEDULE  PANEL SCHEDULE  PANEL SCHEDULE  D ALERTING SYSTEM  COVER SHEET  GENERAL REQUIREMENTS
E101 E102 E103 E201 E301 E401 E402 E501 E601 E602 E603 ELECTRICAL - CAD AL-100 AL-101	FIRST FLOOR PLAN POWER  FIRST FLOOR PLAN MECHANICAL POWER  FIRST FLOOR PLAN - FIRE ALARM  FIRST FLOOR PLAN LIGHTING  PART FLOOR PLANS - ELECTRICAL  ELECTRICAL DETAILS  ELECTRICAL DETAILS  ELECTRICAL ONE-LINE DIAGRAM  LIGHTING FIXTURE SCHEDULE  PANEL SCHEDULE  PANEL SCHEDULE  D ALERTING SYSTEM  COVER SHEET  GENERAL REQUIREMENTS  ALERTING DIAGRAM
E101 E102 E103 E201 E301 E401 E402 E501 E601 E602 E603 ELECTRICAL - CAD AL-100	FIRST FLOOR PLAN POWER  FIRST FLOOR PLAN MECHANICAL POWER  FIRST FLOOR PLAN - FIRE ALARM  FIRST FLOOR PLAN LIGHTING  PART FLOOR PLANS - ELECTRICAL  ELECTRICAL DETAILS  ELECTRICAL DETAILS  ELECTRICAL ONE-LINE DIAGRAM  LIGHTING FIXTURE SCHEDULE  PANEL SCHEDULE  PANEL SCHEDULE  D ALERTING SYSTEM  COVER SHEET  GENERAL REQUIREMENTS







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CHURCH RD.  APPROX. LOCATION  EXISTING FIRE STATION	
VICINITY MAP	

## CORRELATION AND INTENT OF THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS

THE INTENT OF THE CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS AND THE CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS/PROJECT MANUAL IS TO INCLUDE ALL ITEMS NECESSARY FOR THE PROPER EXECUTION AND COMPLETION OF THE WORK BY THE CONTRACTOR. THE CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS AND THE CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS/PROJECT MANUAL ARE COMPLEMENTARY, AND WHAT IS REQUIRED BY ONE SHALL BE AS BINDING AS IF REQUIRED BY ALL; PERFORMANCE BY THE CONTRACTOR SHALL BE REQUIRED ONLY TO THE EXTENT CONSISTENT WITH THE CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS AND THE CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS/PROJECT MANUAL AND REASONABLY INFERABLE FROM THEM AS BEING NECESSARY TO PRODUCE THE INDICATED/INTENDED RESULTS. IN THE CASE OF INCONSISTENCIES BETWEEN THE CONSTRUCTION DRAWINGS AND THE CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS/PROJECT MANUAL OR WITHIN EITHER DOCUMENT NOT CLARIFIED BY ADDENDUM, THE BETTER QUALITY OR GREATER QUANTITY OF WORK SHALL BE PROVIDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE

FINISHED FLOOR ELEVATION

FIRE DEPARTMENT CONNECTION

FINISHED GRADE

FIRE HYDRANT

NOT LISTED MAY ALSO BE USED.

## PROJECT TEAM

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I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THESE DOCUMENTS WERE PREPARED OR APPROVED BY ME, AND THAT I AM A DULY LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ARCHITECT UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA. LICENSE NUMBER: #RA405311 EXPIRATION DATE: 6-30-2023

DESCRIPTION DATE PROJECT NUMBER: PROJECT SET: BID SET DATE ISSUED: 11/30/2023

DRAWING TITLE: **COVER SHEET** 

SHEET NUMBER:

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#### **CODE ANALYSIS - SUMMARY PROJECT** APPLICABLE CODES **BUILDING SIZE CUMRU TOWNSHIP** PENNSLVANIA UNIFORM CONSTRUCTION CODE 2015 TOTAL BUILDING: 22,908 GSF FIRE DEPARTMENT INTERNATIONAL BUILDING CODE 2015 2015 SINGLE STORY STATION 42 INTERNATIONAL MECHANICAL CODE 2014 NATIONAL ELECTRIC CODE 2015 INTERNATIONAL PLUMBING CODE 2015 INTERNATIONAL ENERGY CODE

PROJECT DESCRIPTION

THE PROJECT PROPOSES A NEW 22, 908 GSF, SINGLE STORY FIRE STATION FOR THE CUMRU FIRE DEPARTMENT. THE NEW FIRE STATION WILL HOUSE A NON-SEPERATED MIXED-USE OF A-3, B, R2, AND S-2, INCLUDED BUT NOT LIMITED TO, ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICE AREA, KITCHEN AND LIVING AREA, A MEETING ROOM, APPARATUS SUPPORT AND STORAGE AREAS, ALONG WITH FIVE DOUBLE DEEP APPARATUS BAYS. THE APPARATUS BAYS ARE FLANKED ON EITHER END WITH TWO MEZZANINE STORAGE PLATFORMS WHOSE PRIMARY FUNCTION IS TO HOLD MECHANICAL HVAC EQUIPMENT. THE BUILDING IS SINGLE STORY, TYPE IIB CONSTRUCTION AND WILL BE COMPLETELY SPRINKLERED.

## OCCUPANT LOAD TABLE

OCCUPANT	LOAD	<b>FACTORS</b> -	- TABLE	1004.1.

ROOM NAME	AREA SF	FACTOR (SF/OCCUPANCY)	OCCUPANT LOAD	TOTAL OCCUPANTS
STORAGE USE				
WATCH OFFICE 109	262	50	6	
VESTIBULE 147	116			
SHOWER 136	73			
SHOWER 137	73			
CLEAN ROOM 135	140		-	
TURNOUT GEAR 138 DECON 139	640 313		-	10
APPARATUS BAY 140	8,560		-	10
UTILITY 146	181		-	
ELEC. 141	174			
SCBA 145	97			
TOILET 144	63			
ENGINEER 143	80	50	2	
WORKSHOP 142	120	100	2	
STORAGE 141.1	120		_	
MEZZANINE 201	1,108		_	
MEZZANINE 202	931			
ASSEMBLY USE				
	151			
VESTIBULE 100 LOBBY101	151 663	7 NET	95	
WOMEN 102	187			
JAN 102.1	13			
MEN 103	166			313
JAN 103.1	13			
MEETING 104	1,492	7 NET	214	
STOR 104.1	119	500	1	
OFFICE 104.2	134	50	3	
BUSINESS USE		100 GSF (U.N.O)		
OFFICE 105	128			
OFFICE 106	128			
OFFICE 107	128		11	
OFFICE 108 OFFICE 109.1	213 120			
CHIEF'S OFFICE 110	220			
CONFERENCE 111	194	15 NET	13	
COPY 113	95			
OFFICE 114	122		3	
SHOWER 115	88			
MECH 115.1	30	500	1	
SHOWER 116	108			
LAUNDRY 117 ELEC. 118	103 54	500	1	
FITNESS 119	526	50 GROSS	11	58
SHOWER 120	81		11	
SHOWER 121	81		-	
MECH 122	20	500	3	
ST. 129.1	63			
IT 129	98			
CORRIDOR 130	748			
CORRIDOR 131	1,742	100	E	
KITCHEN 133 DAYROOM 134	483 453	100 50	5 10	
	400		10	
RESIDENTIAL USE	1,464	50 GROSS		15
BUNK 123,124,125,126,127,128	716			
CORRIDOR 130	748			
BUILDING TOTAL				396

## **INTERNATIONAL BUILDING CODE 2015**

**USE CLASSIFICATIONS - CHAPTER 3** 

A-3 - ASSEMBLY - MEETING ROOM B - BUSINESS - FIRE DEPARTMENT ADMINISTRATION R2 - RESIDENTIAL - DORMITORY

S2 - STORAGE - APPARATUS BAY/ANCILLARY SPACES

**CONSTRUCTION TYPE - CH.6** 

CONSTRUCTION TYPE: IIB FULLY-SPRINKLERED

**BUILDING HEIGHT & AREA - CH.5** 

NON-SEPARATED MIXED OCCUPANCIES (IBC SECTION 508.3)

PER TABLE 602 NC ELEMENT UNLESS		RATING IS REQUIRED FOR A O OTHERWISE.	ANY BUILDING
FIRE-RES. REQUIR	EMEN	TS FOR BLDG. ELEMENTS	- TABLE 601
31'		1	22,908
HEIGHT ACTUAL	-	STORIES ACTUAL -	AREA ACTUAL
75'		3	45,125 SF (MOST RESTRICTIVE OCCUPANCY, A
HEIGHT ALLOWED	-	STORIES ALLOWED -	AREA ALLOWED
S-2 - 75'		S-2 - 4	S-2 - 104,000
R2 - 75'		R2 - 5	R2 - 64,000
A-3 - 75' B - 75'		A-3 - 3 B - 4	A3 - 38,000 B - 76,000
HEIGHT TABULAR	-	STORIES TABULAR -	AREA TABULAR

DOOR

CORRIDOR PARTITIONS

SECTION 505 - MEZZANINES & EQUIPMENT PLATFORMS 505.2.1, EXCEPTION #2 -THE AGGREGATE AREA OF MEZZANINES IN BUILDINGS OF TYPE II

WALL

CONSTRUCTION SHALL NOT BE GREATER THAN ONE-HALF OF THE FLOOR AREA OF THE ROOM IN BUILDINGS EOUIPPED THROUGHOUT WITH AN APPROVED AUTOMATIC SPRINKLER SYSTEM.

1,130 SF MEZZANINE 201 -MEZZANINE 202 -931 SF AGGREGATE MEZZANINE AREA: 2,061 SF

APPARATUS BAY - 8,563 SF/ 2 = 4,281 SF > 2,601 SF

505.2.3 OPENNESS, EXCEPTIONS #1 - MEZZANINES OR PORTIONS THEREOF ARE NOT REQUIRED TO BE OPEN TO THE ROOM IN WHICH THE MEZZANINES ARE LOCATED, PROIVDED THAT THE OCCUPANT LOAD OF THE AGGREGATE AREA OF THE ENCLOSED SPACE IS NOT GREATER THAN 10.

SECTION 508 - MIXED USE & OCCUPANCY

508.1 - EACH PORTION OF A BUILDING SHALL BE INDIVIDUALLY CLASSIFIED IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 302.1. WHERE A BUILDING CONTAINS MORE THAN ONE OCCUPANCY GROUP, THE BUILDING OR PORTION THEREOF SHALL COMPLY WITH THE APPLICABLE PROVISIONS OF SECTION 508.2, 508.3, OR

508.3 NONSEPARATED OCCUPANCIES -BUILDINGS OR PORTIONS OF BUILDINGS THAT COMPLY WITH THE PROVISIONS OF THIS SECTION SHALL BE CONSIDERED AS NONSEPARATED OCCUPANCIES.

508.3.3 - SEPARATION. NO SEPARATION IS REQUIRED BETWEEN NONSEPARATED OCCUPANCIES. EXCEPTION 2, GROUP R-2 SHALL BE SEPARATED FROM OTHER DWELLING OR SLEEPING UNITS FROM OTHER OCCUPANCIES CONTIGUOUS TO THEM IN ACCORDANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS OF

420.2 SEPARATION WALLS - WALLS SEPARATING DWELLING OR SLEEPING UNITS SHALL BE CONSTRUCTED AS FIRE PARTITIONS IN ACCORDANCE WITH SECTION 708.

SECTION 1004 - OCCUPANT LOAD

ACCESSORY STORAGE AREAS, MECHANICAL, EQUIPMENT ROOMS -300 GROSS

ASSEMBLY, UNCONSECRATED (TABLES & CHAIRS)

**BUSINESS AREAS** -100 GROSS **DORMITORIES** -50 GROSS **EXERCISE ROOMS** -50 GROSS

PARKING GARAGES -200 GROSS RESIDENTIAL -200 GROSS

SECTION 1005.3.2, MEANS OF EGRESS CAPACITY THE CAPACITY IN INCHES OF MEANS OF EGRESS COMPONENTS OTHER THAN STAIRWAYS SHALL BE CALCULATED BY MULTIPLYING THE OCCUPANT LOAD SERVED BY SUCH COMPONENT BY A MEANS OF EGRESS CAPACITY FACTOR OR .2 INCHES.

SECTION 1007.1.1, EXIT SEPARATION DISTANCE

EXCEPTION 2: WHERE A BUILDING IS EQUIPPED THROUGHOUT WITH AN AUTOMATIC SPRINKLER SYSTEM, THE SEPARATION DISTANCE SHALL NOT BE LESS THAN ONE-THIRD OF THE LENGTH OF THE MAXIMUM OVERALL DIAGONAL OF THE AREA SERVED.

SECTION 1020, CORRIDORS

PER TABLE 1020.1 FIRE RATING IS ONLY REQUIRED FOR ANY CORRIDORS SERVING "R" OCCUPANCY. FIRE RATING SHALL BE 1/2 HOUR. CORRIDORS WITHIN GROUPS B AND S-2 ARE NOT REQUIRED TO BE FIRE

THE REQUIRED CAPACITY OF CORRIDORS SHALL BE DETERMINED AS SPECIFIED IN SECTION 1005.1 BUT THE MINIMUM WIDTH SHALL NOT BE LESS THAN 44 INCHES.

EXCEPTION #3 - A DEAD-END CORRIDOR SHALL NOT BE LIMITED IN LENGTH WHERE THE LENGTH OF THE DEAD-END CORRIDOR IS LESS THAN 2.5 TIMES THE LEAST WIDTH OF THE DEAD-END CORRIDOR.

EGRESS THROUGH INTERVENING SPACES

ALL DRAWINGS ARE PROTECTED BY FEDERAL COPYRIGHT BY MANNS WOODWARD STUDIOS, INC. AND CAN NOT BE REPRODUCED OR MODIFIED IN ANY MANNER WITHOUT WRITTEN PERMISSION. DOCUMENTS MAY NOT BE USED IN PART OR WHOLE TO DEVELOP THE DESIGN OF ANOTHER BUILDING WITHOUT EXPRESS WRITTEN PERMISSION BY MANNS WOODWARD STUDIOS.

EXCEPTION: MEANS OF EGRESS ARE NOT PROHIBITED THROUGH ADJOINING OR INTERVEWING ROOMS OR SPACES IN GROUP S OCCUPANCY WHERE ADJOINING OR INTERVENING ROOMS OR SPACES ARE THE SAME OR A LESSER HAZARD OCCUPANCY GROUP.

OCCUPANCY	COMMON PATH	TRAVEL DISTANCE	DEAD-END CORRIDORS
A-3: ASSEMBLY	20' ALLOW./(N/A) ACTUAL	250' ALLOW./49' ACTUAL	20' ALLOW./(N/A) ACTUAL
B: BUSINESS	100' ALLOW./(N/A) ACTUAL	300' ALLOW./133' ACTUAL	50' ALLOW./14' 3" ACTUAL
R2: RESIDENTIAL	50' ALLOW./(N/A) ACTUAL	300' ALLOW./ 67' 8" ACTUAL	50' ALLOW./14' 3" ACTUAL
S-2: STORAGE	100' ALLOW./(N/A) ACTUAL	400' ALLOW./ 88' 4"	100' ALLOW./13' 10" ACTUAL



I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THESE DOCUMENTS WERE PREPARED OR APPROVED BY ME, AND THAT I AM A DULY LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ARCHITECT UNDER THE LAWS OF THE STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA. LICENSE NUMBER: #RA405311 EXPIRATION DATE: 6-30-2023

THIS CONFORMED SET IS COMPRISED OF THE ORIGINAL BID DOCUMENTS (BOTH THE DRAWINGS AND THE PROJECT MANUAL) AND REVISIONS REFLECTING THE CHANGES TO REVISIONS REFLECTING THE CHANGES TO THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS MADE IN ADDENDA 1-4. THIS CONFORMED SET SHALL BE CONSIDERED SECONDARY AND SUPPLEMENTAL TO THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS, WHICH CONSIST OF THE BID DOCUMENTS (DRAWINGS & SPECIFICATIONS), ALL ADDENDA, AND THE OWNERS ACCEPTED BID ALTERNATES AND CONTINGENCIES. THIS CONFORMED SET IS PROVIDED AS A CONVENIENCE FROM COMPLIANCE WITH THE FULL REQUIREMENTS OF THE CONTRACT REQUIREMENTS OF THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS.

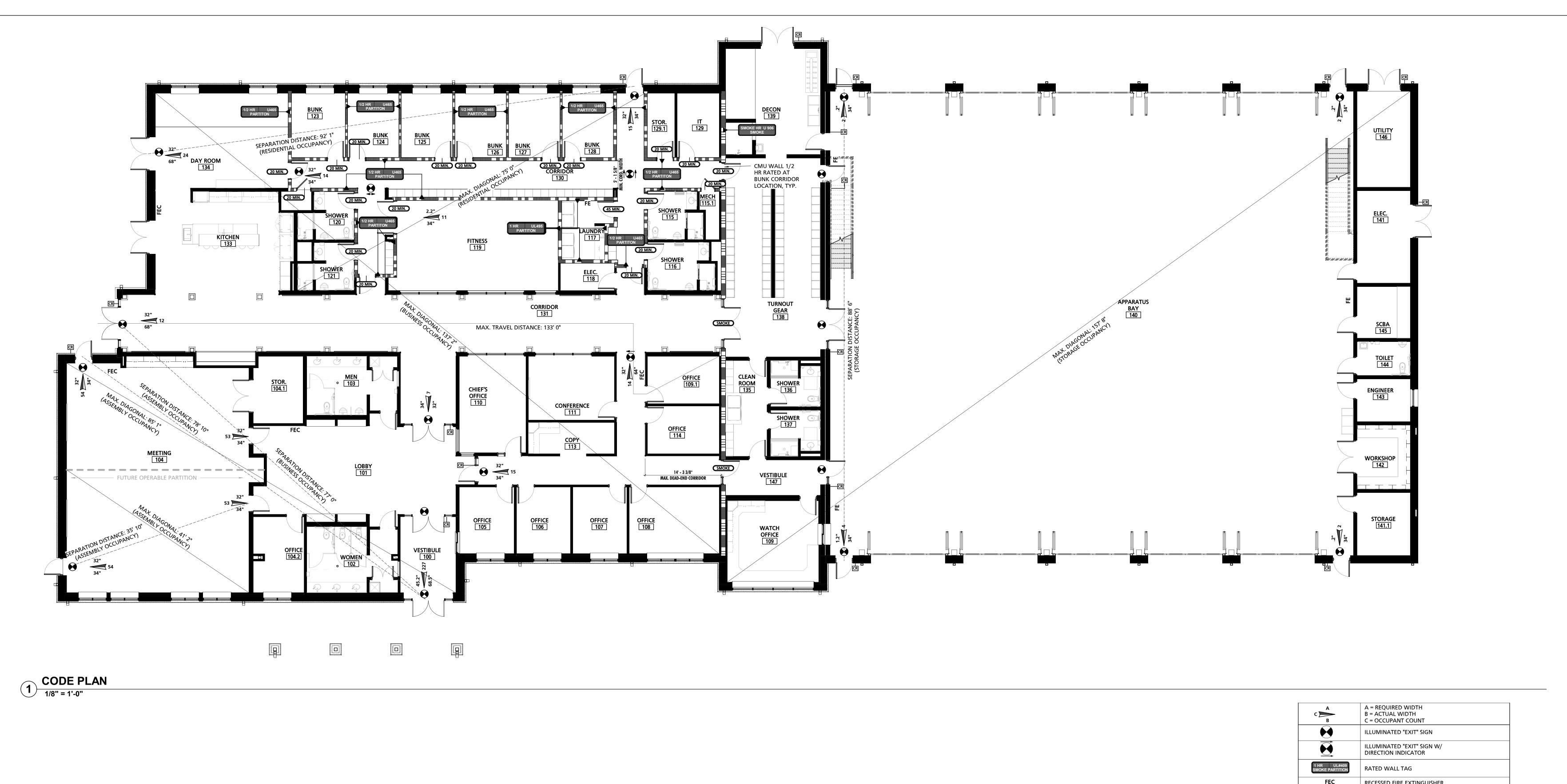
DESCRIPTION DATE

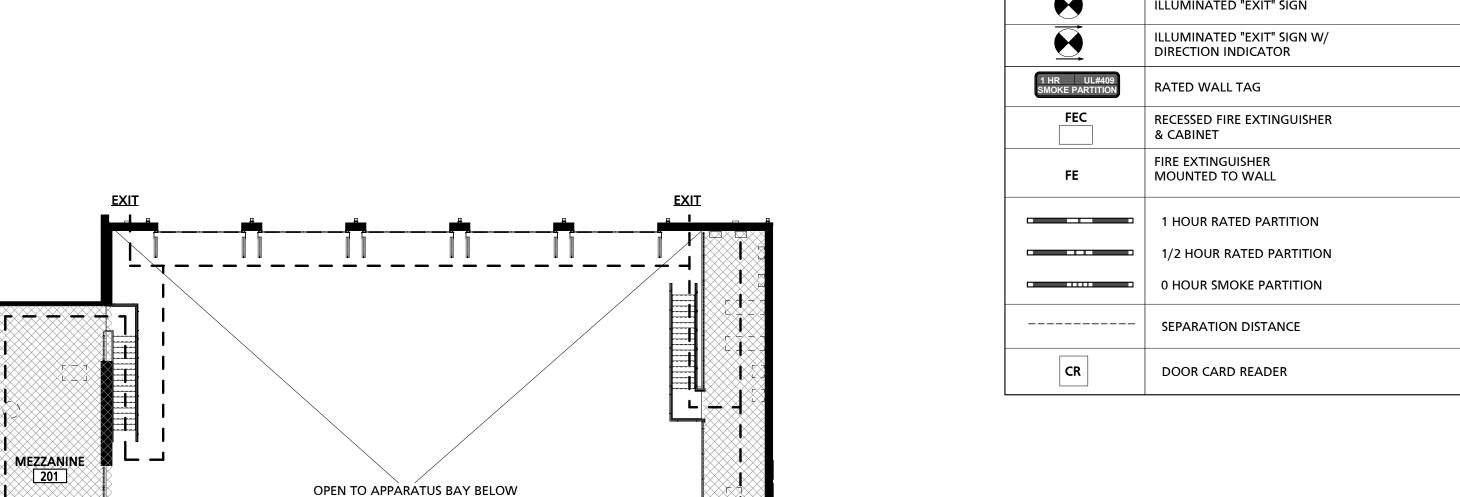
PROJECT SET: BID SET DATE ISSUED: 11/30/2023

PROJECT NUMBER:

DRAWING TITLE: CODE ANALYSIS

SHEET NUMBER:





MEZZANINE\_ 202

LEGEND - CODE PLAN LEGEND

MEZZANINE 201 (UNOCCUPIED):

COMMON PATH: 98' 6"
TRAVEL DISTANCE: 148' 0"

MEZZANINE 202 (UNOCCUPIED):

COMMON PATH: 83' 6"
TRAVEL DISTANCE: 95' 6"

	GENERAL CODE PLAN NOTES
#	NOTES
1	FIRE WALLS, FIRE BARRIERS, FIRE PARTITIONS, SMOKE BARRIERS AND SMOKE

PARTITIONS OR ANY OTHER WALL REQUIRED TO HAVE PROTECTED OPENINGS OR

PENETRATIONS SHALL BE EFFECTIVELY AND PERMANENTLY IDENTIFIED AS

CUMRU FIRE DE 1775 WELSH ROMMOHNTON, PA

STUDIOS

ARCHITECTURE + MASTER PLANNING

10839-D PHILADELPHIA RD WHITE MARSH, MD 21162

(E) INFO@MWSARCH.COM

I HEREBY CERTIFY THAT THESE
DOCUMENTS WERE PREPARED OR
APPROVED BY ME, AND THAT I AM A
DULY LICENSED PROFESSIONAL
ARCHITECT UNDER THE LAWS OF THE
STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA.
LICENSE NUMBER: #RA405311
EXPIRATION DATE: 6-30-2023

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WWW.MWSARCH.COM

(P) 410-344-1460 (F) 443-403-2460

NO. DESCRIPTION DATE

PROJECT NUMBER:

PROJECT SET:
BID SET
DATE ISSUED:
11/30/2023
DRAWING TITLE:

DRAWING TITLE:
CODE PLANS &
DIAGRAMS

SHEET NUMBER:

| EXIT |

S-2: STORAGE OCCUPANCY

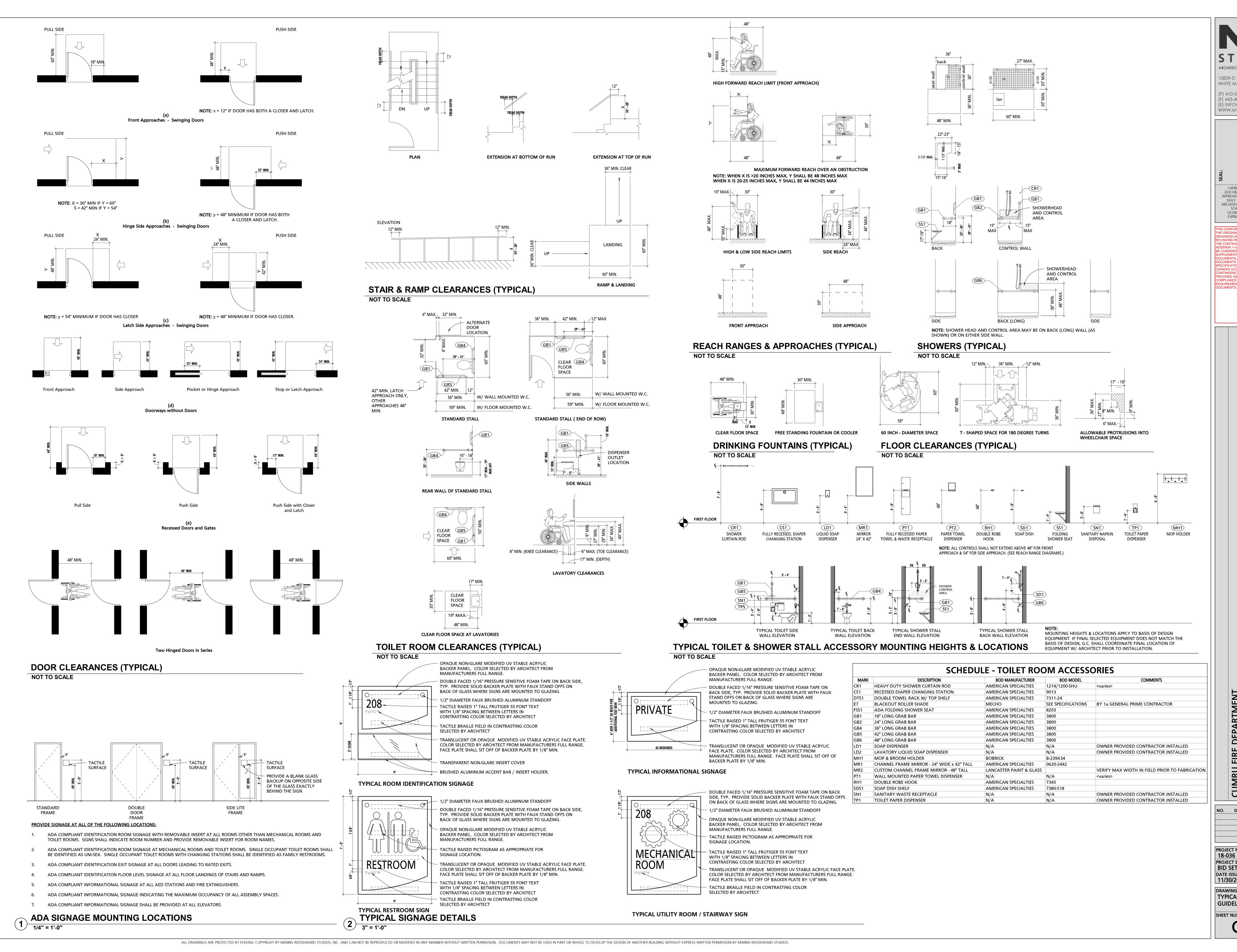
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MEZZANINE CODE DIAGRAM

1/16" = 1'-0"

STORAGE OCCUPANCY

1/16" = 1'-0"



STUDIOS

ARCHITECTURE + MASTER PLANNING

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WHITE MARSH, MD 21162

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(F) 443-403-2460
(E) INFO@MWSARCH.COM
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LICENSED PROFESSIONAL
ARCHITECT UNDER THE LAWS OF THE
STATE OF PENNSYLVANIA.
LICENSE NUMBER: #RA405311
EXPIRATION DATE: 6-30-2023

THIS CONFORMED SET IS COMPRISED OF
THE ORIGINAL BID DOCUMENTS (BOTH THE

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EXPIRATION DATE: 6-30-2023

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CUMRU FIRE DEPARTMENT
1775 WELSH ROAD
MOHNTON, PA 19540

PROJECT NUMBER:
18-036
PROJECT SET:
BID SET
DATE ISSUED:
11/30/2023

DRAWING TITLE:
TYPICAL ACCESSIBILITY
GUIDELINES

SHEET NUMBER:

# CUMRU FIRE DEPARTMENT

# CUMRU TOWNSHIP, BERKS COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA CONTRACT #1A, #15A, #15B & #16A



#### PROJECT REQUIREMENTS AND NOTES

1. All referenced plans, specifications, codes or other information are to be included as part of the design documents. All contractors, including subcontractors, shall be fully aware of these documents prior to bidding and construction.

- 2. Any discrepancies found in the design documents shall be brought in writing to the attention of the responsible engineer immediately.
- 3. No substitutions and/or changes shall be allowed unless requested and approved in writing by the responsible engineer.
- 4. All work shall be performed in strict accordance with OSHA, Federal, State and local codes and requirements.

GENERAL

All components of construction not specifically called for or detailed on the drawings, but are required, necessary and considered good practice for construction shall be included in the

- 2. All construction shall comply with PennDOT Publication 408, Latest Edition unless specified in the construction document.
- 3. All construction details shall comply with PennDOT Publication 72, "Standards for Roadway Construction", Series RC 0 to 100, Latest Edition unless detailed in the project plans.
- 4. All curb, sidewalk and sidewalk ramp construction, if any, must meet the respective accessibility regulations and provisions as established in the American with Disabilities Act U.S.C. (ADAAG) 5. The Berks County Conservation District (BCCD) must be notified prior to any earth disturbance. All required erosion and sediment control measures must be installed and
- operating prior to any earth disturbance, and maintained per BCCD requirements for the duration of the project. Refer to the Soil Erosion and Sediment Control Notes for additional requirements.
- Maintenance and protection of traffic during construction shall be in accordance with PennDOT Publication 203, "Work Zone Traffic Control" where applicable.
- Public access to all roadways, driveways, and sidewalks must be available at all times during construction as is possible.
- 8. During construction, all obstructions (including, but not limited to, equipment and construction materials) shall be removed by the contractor at the end of each working day to allow a safe sight distance for drivers, cyclists, and pedestrians accessing the roadways, driveways and sidewalks. Trained flagmen or other approved means shall be used to assist drivers, cyclists, and pedestrians safely around any temporary sight obstructions.
- 9. Fire hydrants and other public safety devices must remain visible, operational and accessible at all times during construction.
- 10. Slopes shall be graded to a maximum of 3 horizontal to 1 vertical or as safely allowed by the soil conditions.
- 11. All unsuitable materials and other construction materials shall become the property of the contractor, unless specifically requested by the owner, and to be to be properly disposed off-site as required per the soil erosion and sediment control notes.
- 12. All excavation to be unclassified.
- 13. The contractor is fully responsible for adherence to the Preparedness, Prevention and Contingency (PPC) plan as listed in the project plans and specifications.

14. Blasting allowed where necessary due to rock conditions if approved by owner per

- specifications. Contractor must video inspect all adjacent structures prior to confirm existing conditions prior to blasting. Contractor will be responsible for all collateral damages arising
- 15. Construction materials, equipment, and supplies may not be stored in floodplains and/or
- 16. Excavated material not to be used as trench backfill in R-O-W or under pavement.

CORRELATION AND INTENT OF THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS

- 17. The removal of debris and accumulated sediment to ensure hydraulic capacity of the stream culverts shall be limited to 50 feet upstream and downstream from the culvert and shall be conducted in accordance with PADEP requirements.
- 18. Required Bog Turtle avoidance measures for all stream crossings: Avoid in-stream impacts by spanning the waterway or going under it (e.g., via horizontal boring or directional drilling). If in—stream impacts cannot be avoided, carry out in stream work —— including installation of permanent structures (e.g., pipelines, livestock crossings, riprap), or installation, use, and removal of temporary structures (e.g., temporary road crossings) -- between October 1 and

- 1. The contractor is solely responsible for verifying the actual locations by contacting the PA One Call System and the individual utility companies at least three (3) working days prior to any excavation. Additional excavation of test pits may be required for determining the precise location of a buried utility.
- 2. All existing utility (water, sewer, gas, electric, drainage, etc.) locations and elevations must be verified by the contractor prior to fabrication and construction of replacement of connected
- 3. The contractor is solely responsible for the protection of all utilities crossing or adjacent to the construction area per the requirements of the utility owner. Any damaged utilities must be inspected by the utility owner and repaired as necessary per the utility owner's requirements and at the expense of the contractor.
- 4. Any utilities requiring relocation, either permanent or temporary shall be completed by the contractor per the requirements and inspection of the utility owner.
- 5. All required connections from the constructed or replaced utility systems to the existing systems and laterals shall be completed per the requirements of the utility owner. Each connection location, depth, and condition to be verified by contractor and confirmed by the utility owner per PA One Call requirements and exploratory excavation as required.
- 6. Excavated clean and suitable material, where to be used as backfill, may be temporarily stored adjacent to the trench and must be used by the end of each work day.

- 1. Horizontal Survey Control Datum is State Plane Coordinates, NAD83, Pennsylvania South Zone.
- 2. Vertical Survey Control Datum is NAVD88.
- 3. Local benchmarks are as noted on the plans.
- 4. Floodplains shown are based on the latest National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) Flood Insurance Rate Map as published by FEMA.
- 5. Soil types mapped are as shown on USDA NRCS Web Soil Survey.
- 6. The plan depicts the survey conditions as existed on or around 1/1/23.
- All Right—Of—Ways, Easements and Property Lines shown are for information only, based on existing available records. The plans were prepared without benefit of a title report and are not to be used for establishment of ownership boundaries in the field.
- 8. Owner will provide building exterior, grading and site work construction stakeout. Contractor is responsible for building interior layout.

- 1. The owner is obtaining or has obtained the following permits for the project:
- A. PHMC #2020-1958-011-A, 07/24/20
- B. Individual National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Permit for Stormwater Discharges Associated with Construction Activities approved by the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection #PAD060047.
- 2. The contractor shall be responsible for obtaining any and all other required permits and approvals needed for the project.
- 3. It shall be the contractor's responsibility to be aware of and conform to the requirements of these and any other required permits and approvals.
- 4. The contractor shall be liable for all penalties for failure to comply with permit requirements, including any sanitary sewer overflows due to construction conditions.
- 5. The contractor shall be responsible for obtaining all permit extensions as needed for the
- amending or modifying any permits.
- 7. All applicable permits must be transferred into the contractor's name prior to any earth

## **Engineer's Certification**

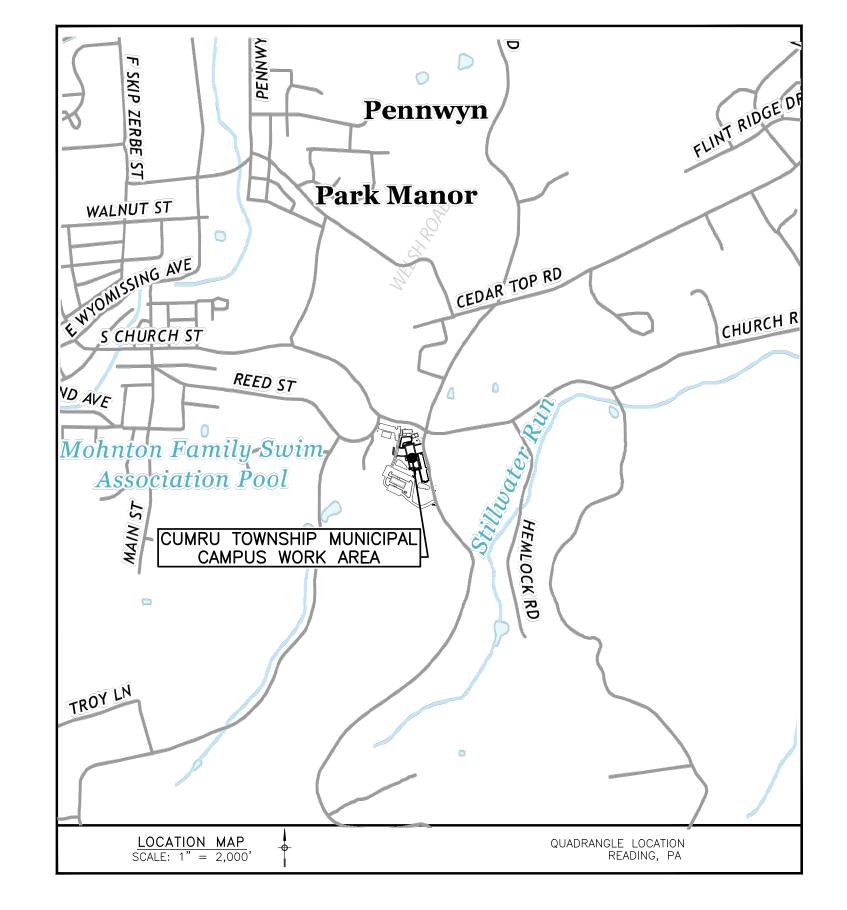
I Jeffrey E. Skinner do hereby certify pursuant to the penalties of 18 Pa. C.S.A. Sec. 4904 to the best of my knowledge, information and belief, that the information contained in the accompanying plans, specifications, and reports has been contractor shall be required only to the extent consistent with the construction drawings and the construction specifications/project manual and reasonably inferable from them as being necessary to prepared in accordance with accepted engineering practice, is produce the indicated/intended results. In the case of inconsistencies between the construction true and correct, and is in conformance with Chapter 105 of drawings and the construction specifications/project manual or within either document not clarified the rules and regulations of the Department of Environmental by addendum, the better quality or greater quantity of work shall be provided in accordance with Protection.

## 920 Germantown Pike, Suite 200 Plymouth Meeting, PA. 19462

# DRAWING INDEX

1 OF	25	100	TITLE SHEET
2 OF	25	147	EXISTING FEATURES PLAN
3 OF	25	148	CONSTRUCTION PLAN
4 OF	25	148.1	SITE DETAILS & PROFILE
5 OF	25	148.2	GRADING PLAN
6 OF	25	148.3	GRADING DETAIL
7 OF	25	148.4	WALL DETAILS
8 OF	25	148.6	DRAINAGE & UTILITIES PLAN
9 OF	25	148.7	LANDSCAPING PLAN & DETAILS
10 OF	25	166	EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN
11 OF	25	166.1	EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES
12 OF	25	166.2	EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL NOTES
13 OF	25	166.3	EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL DETAILS
14 OF	25	166.4	EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL DETAILS
15 OF	25	183	POST CONSTRUCTION STORMWATER MANAGEMENT GRADING PLAN
16 OF	25	183.1	POST CONSTRUCTION STORMWATER MANAGEMENT UTILITY PLAN
17 OF	25	183.2	POST CONSTRUCTION STORMWATER MANAGEMENT NOTES
18 OF	25	183.3	POST CONSTRUCTION STORMWATER MANAGEMENT DETAILS
19 OF	25	183.4	POST CONSTRUCTION STORMWATER MANAGEMENT BASIN #5 DETAILS
20 OF	25	183.5	POST CONSTRUCTION STORMWATER MANAGEMENT BASIN #6 DETAILS
21 OF	25	183.6	POST CONSTRUCTION STORMWATER MANAGEMENT BASIN #6 DETAILS
22 OF	25	183.7	POST CONSTRUCTION STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PROFILES
23 OF	25	183.8	POST CONSTRUCTION STORMWATER MANAGEMENT PROFILES
24 OF	25	191	PRE-DEVELOPMENT DRAINAGE AREA MAP

POST-DEVELOPMENT DRAINAGE AREA MAP



## SITE LEGEND

25 OF 25 192

EXISTING SANITARY MANHOLE

GAS CURB STOP

FIRE HYDRANT

VALVE

WATER CURB STOP

SANITARY CLEAN OUT

TEST PIT LOCATION

#### ---- LOD ---- LIMIT OF DISTURBANCE ROPOSED BUILDING ///// EXISTING BUILDING ----542----- PROPOSED CONTOUR EXISTING STORMWATER PIPE PROPOSED STORMWATER PIPE EXISTING STORMWATER INLET PROPOSED STORMWATER INLET PROPOSED EDGE OF PAVING EXISTING EDGE OF PAVING EXISTING CURB EXISTING SIGN PROPOSED SIGN ----- G ----- EXISTING GAS MAIN ----- G ------ PROPOSED GAS MAIN ---- W ----- PROPOSED WATER MAIN EXISTING WATER MAIN

TO BE VERIFIED (BY CONTRACTOR) TO BE REMOVED

Pennsylvania One Call System, Inc.



Call Before You Dig

in Pennsylvania

1-800-242-1776

State Law Requires Construction Phase: Three working Days Notice Design Phase: Ten working Days Notice Facility Owners: Member of One Call System

SERIAL NO. #20210272169, SERIAL NO. #20210272189, SERIAL NO. #20210272250, SERIAL NO. #20210272251, SERIAL NO. #20210272292,

SERIAL NO. #20210272341

#### ID THE OWNERS ACCEPTED BID ALTERNATES AND CONTINGENCIES. THIS CONFORMED SET IS PROVIDED AS A CONVENIENCE FROM COMPLIAN TH THE FULL REQUIREMENTS OF THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS. 11/30/2023 JES ISSUED FOR BIDS JES /2 REVISED DRAWINGS PER BCCD REVIEW E-MAIL, DATED 07/31/2023. 08/11/2023 04/20/202 JES NPDES PERMIT #PAD060047, PHASE #2 SUBMISSION Date Draft Chkd TITLE SHEET

EFLECTING THE CHANGES TO THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS MADE IN ADDENDA 1-4. THIS CONFORMED SET SHALL BE CONSIDERED SECONDARY ND SUPPLEMENTAL TO THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS, WHICH CONSIST OF THE BID DOCUMENTS (DRAWINGS & SPECIFICATIONS), ALL ADDENDA,

Jeffrey E. Skinner

PE-042652-E

SU-052889-

CUMRU FIRE DEPARTMENT NEW BUILDING

TOWNSHIP OF CUMRU

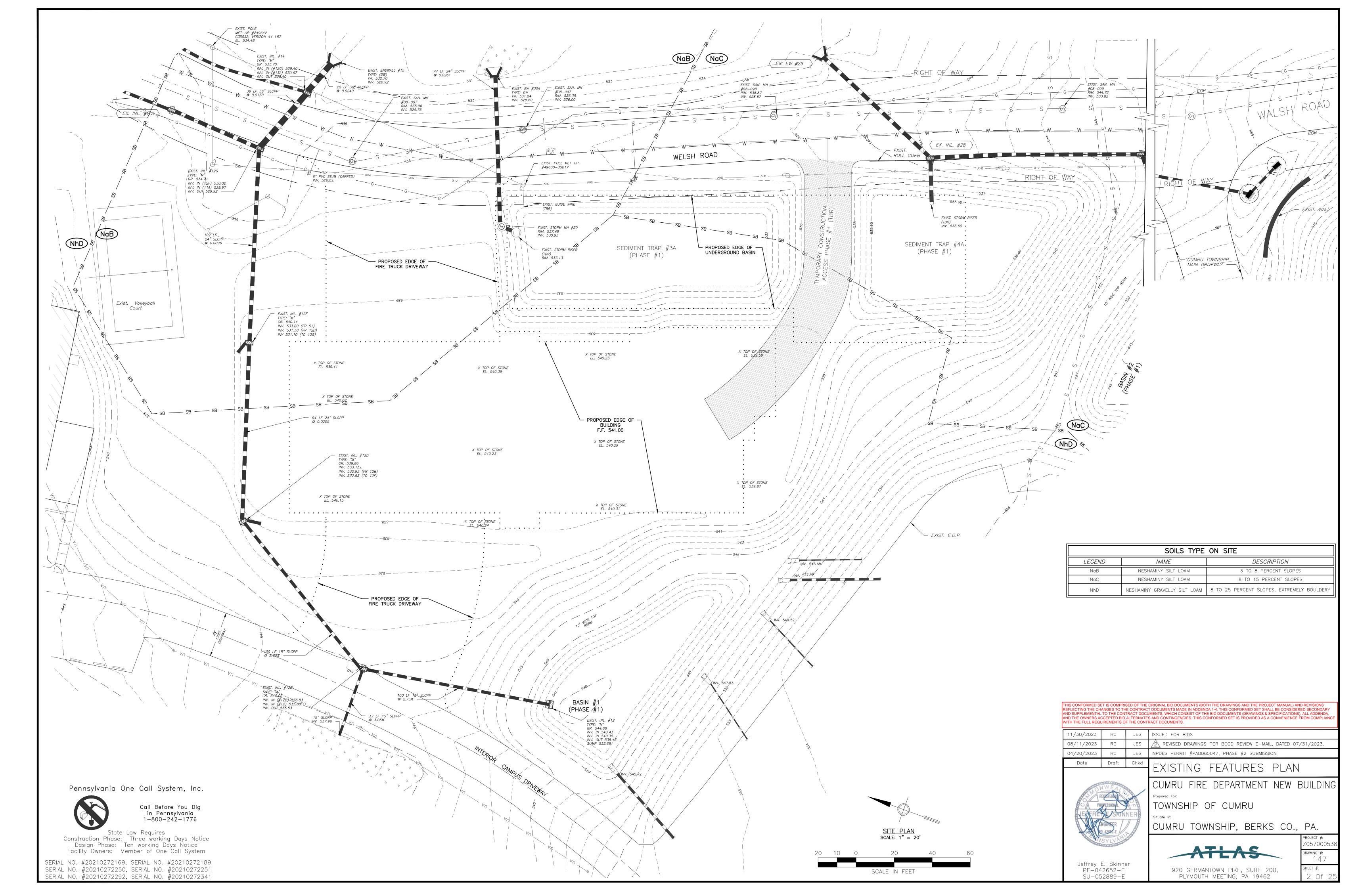
CUMRU TOWNSHIP, BERKS CO., PA.



920 GERMANTOWN PIKE, SUITE 200, PLYMOUTH MEETING, PA 19462

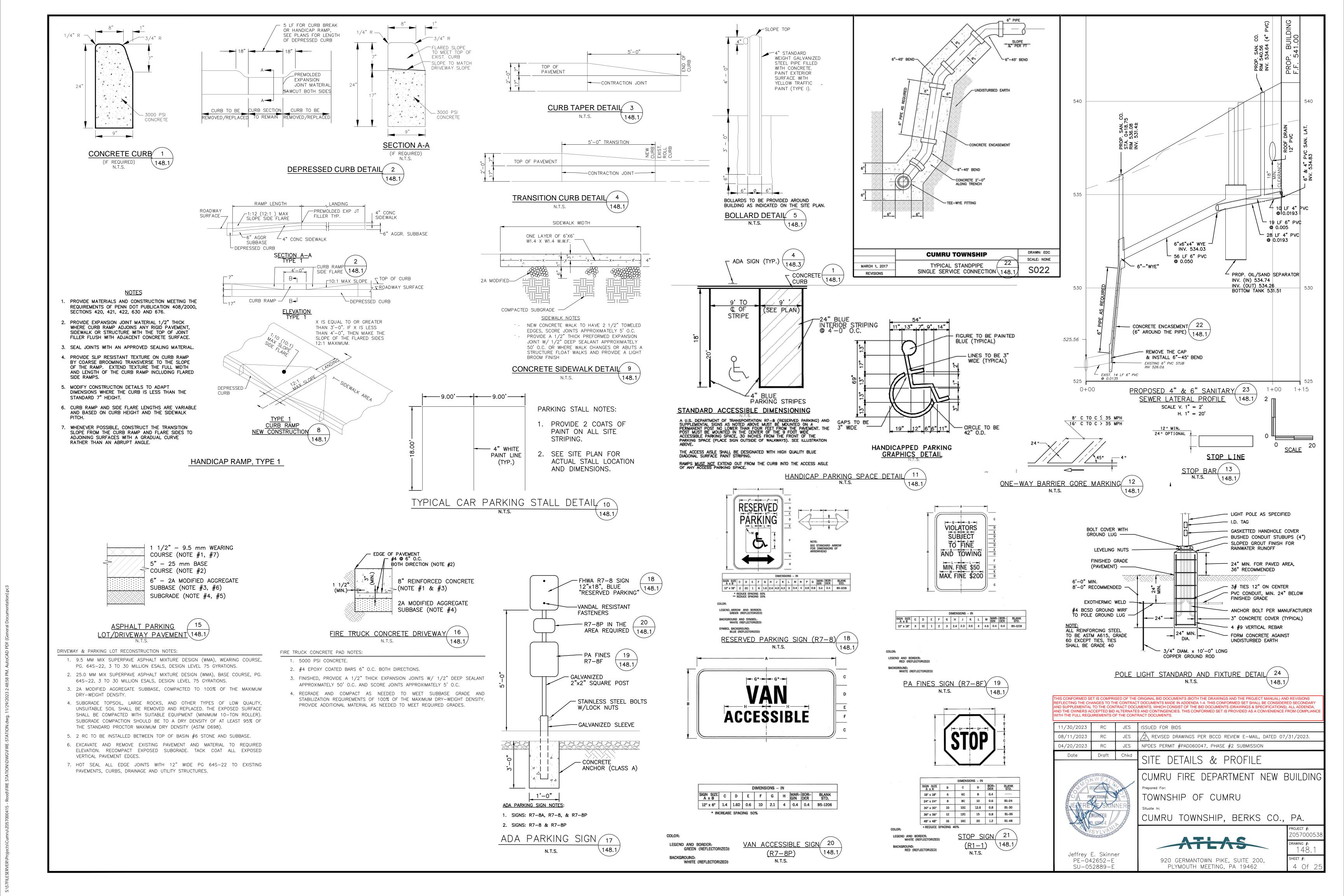
The intent of the construction drawings and the construction specifications/project manual is to include all items necessary for the proper execution and completion of the work by the contractor. The construction drawings and the construction specifications/project manual are complementary, and what is required by one shall be as binding as if required by all; performance by the

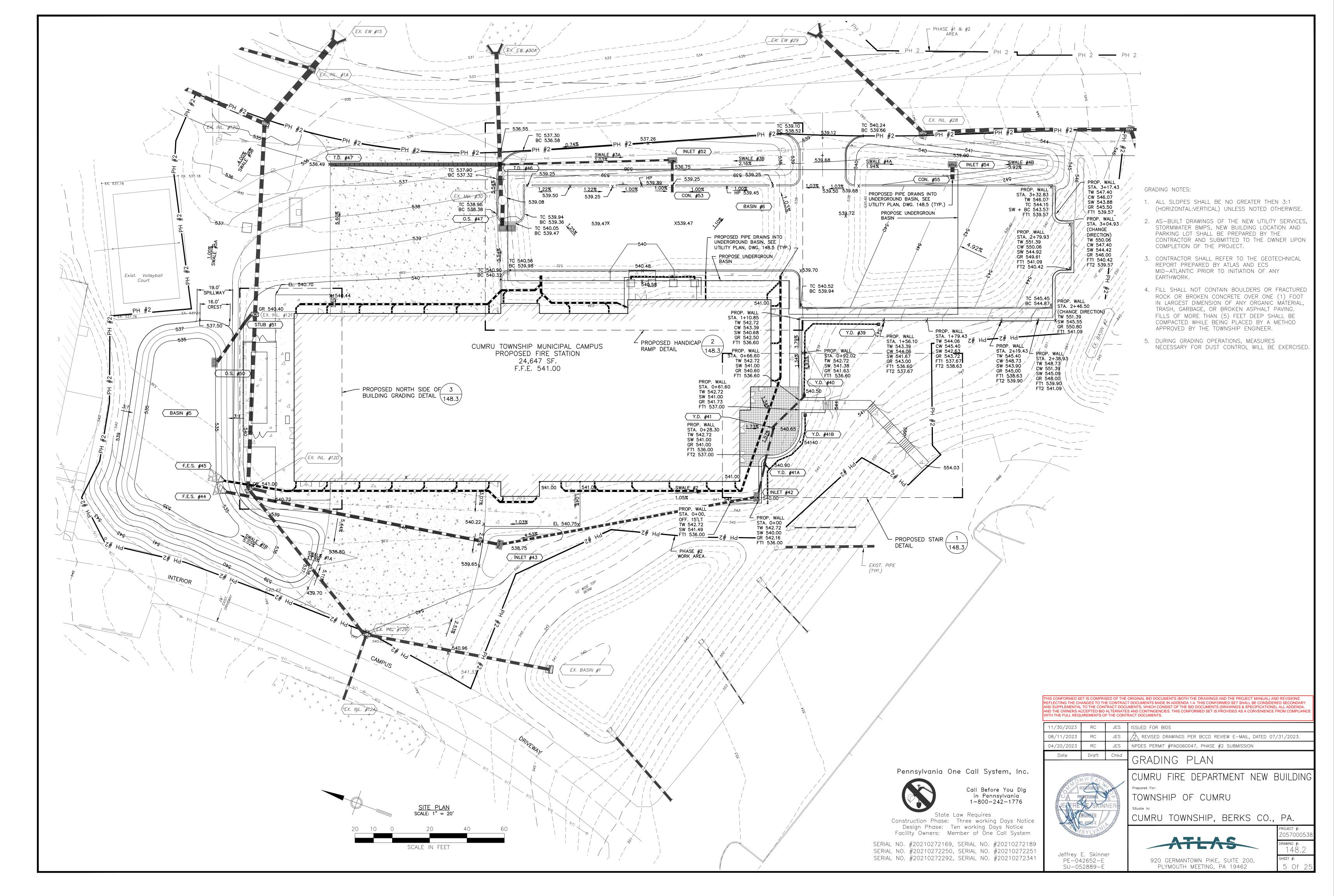
the Civil Engineer interpretation.



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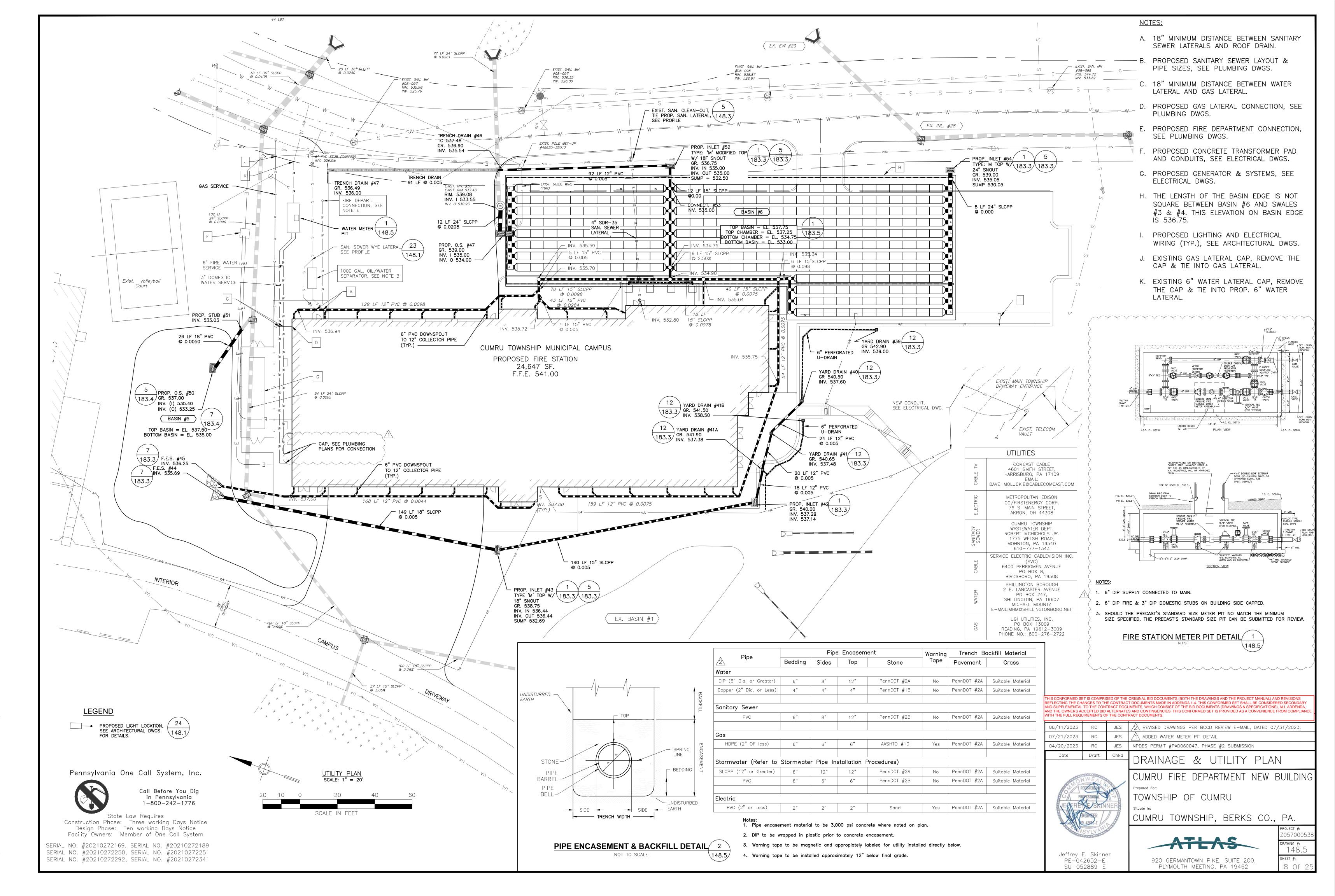




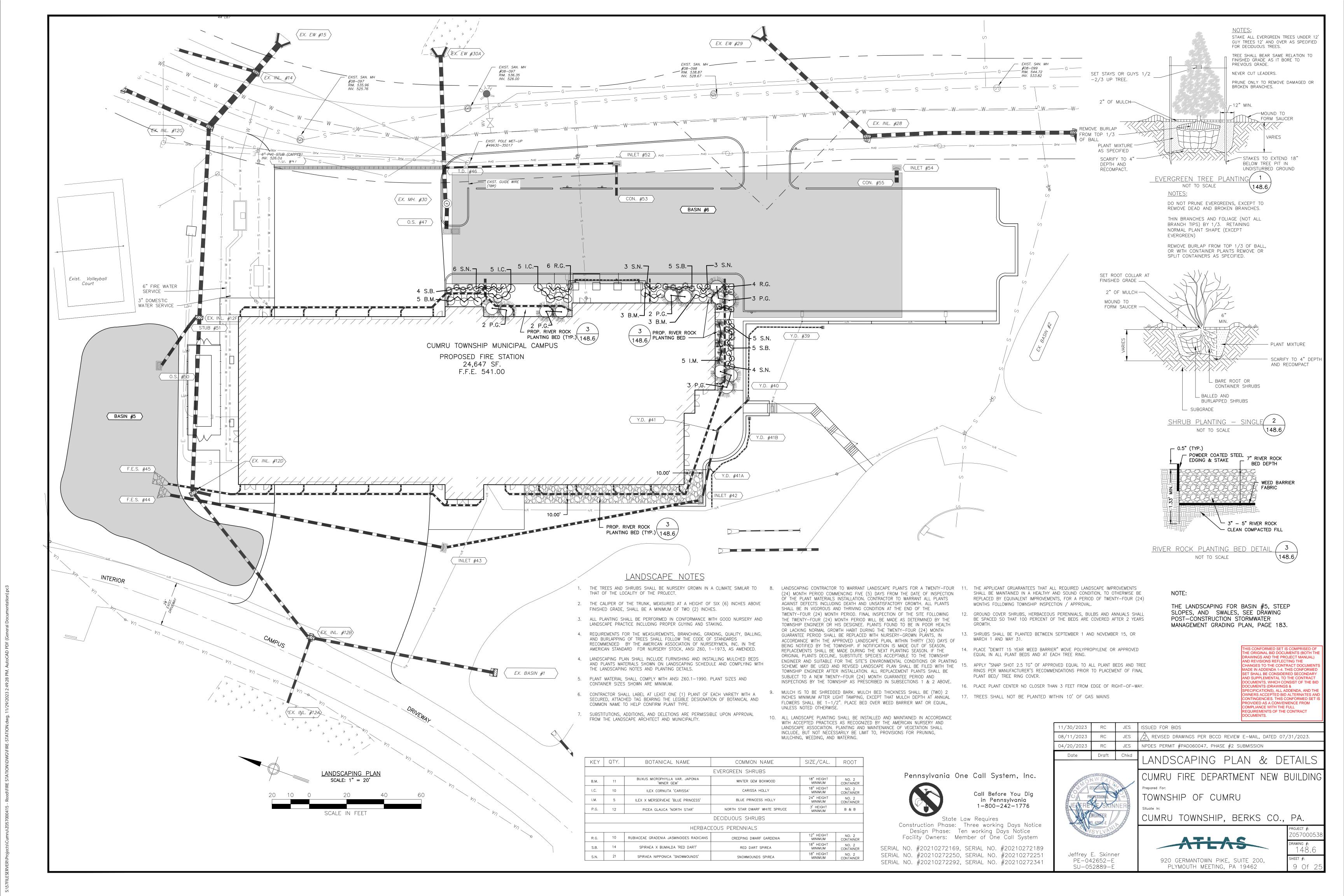
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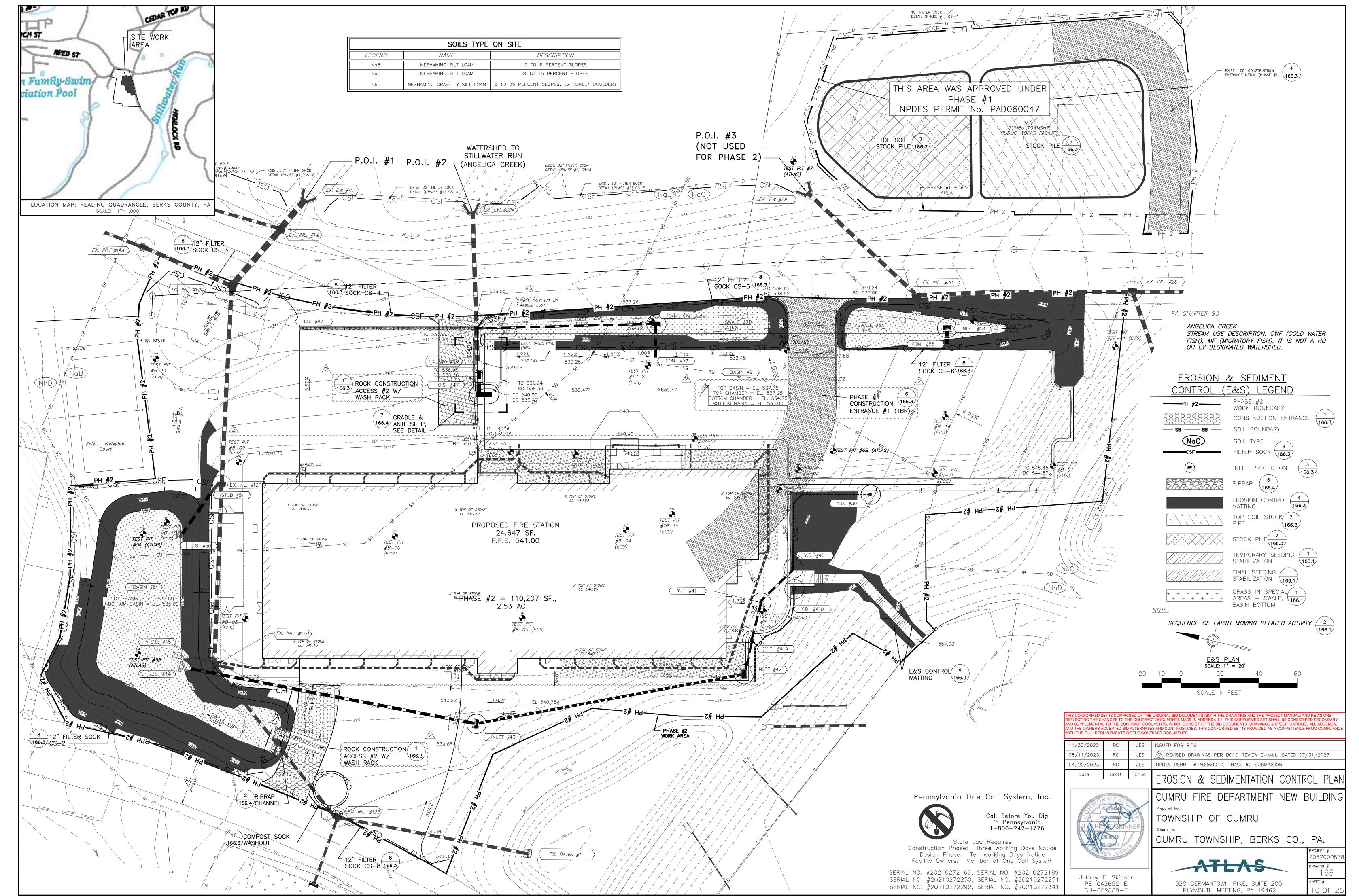
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- 1. All earth disturbances, including clearing and grubbing as well as cuts and fills shall be done in accordance with the approved E&S plan. A copy of the approved drawings must be available at the project site at all times. The reviewing agency shall be notified of any changes to the approved plan prior to implementation of those changes. The reviewing agency may require a written submittal of those changes for review and approval at its discretion.
- 2. At least 7 days prior to starting any earth disturbance activities, including clearing and grubbing, the owner and/or operator shall invite all contractors, the landowner, appropriate municipal officials, the E&S plan preparer, the PCSM plan preparer, the licensed professional responsible for oversight of critical stages of implementation of the PCSM plan, and a representative from the local conservation district to an on-site preconstruction meeting.
- 3. At least 3 days prior to starting any earth disturbance activities, or expanding into an area previously unmarked, the Pennsylvania One Call System Inc. shall be notified at 1—800—242—1776 for the location of existing underground utilities.
- 4. All earth disturbance activities shall proceed in accordance with the sequence provided on the plan drawings.

  Deviation from that sequence must be approved in writing from the local conservation district or by the

  Department prior to implementation.
- 5. Areas to be filled are to be cleared, grubbed, and stripped of topsoil to remove trees, vegetation, roots and other objectionable material.
- 6. Clearing, grubbing, and topsoil stripping shall be limited to those areas described in each stage of the construction sequence. General site clearing, grubbing and topsoil stripping may not commence in any stage or phase of the project until the E&S BMPs specified by the BMP sequence for that stage or phase have been installed and are functioning as described in this E&S plan.
- 7. At no time shall construction vehicles be allowed to enter areas outside the limit of disturbance boundaries shown on the plan maps. These areas must be clearly marked and fenced off before clearing and grubbing operations begin.
- 8. Topsoil required for the establishment of vegetation shall be stockpiled at the location(s) shown on the plan maps(s) in the amount necessary to complete the finish grading of all exposed areas that are to be stabilized by vegetation. Each stockpile shall be protected in the manner shown on the plan drawings. Stockpile heights shall not exceed 35 feet. Stockpile slopes shall be 2H:1V or flatter.
- 9. Immediately upon discovering unforeseen circumstances posing the potential for accelerated erosion and/or sediment pollution, the operator shall implement appropriate best management minimize the potential for erosion and sediment pollution and notify the local conservation district and/or the regional office of the Department.
- 10. All building materials and wastes shall be removed from the site and recycled or disposed of in accordance with the Department's Solid Waste Management Regulations at 25 Pa. Code 260.1 et seq., 271.1, and 287.1 et. seq. No building materials or wastes or unused building materials shall be burned, buried, dumped, or discharged at the site.
- 11. All off—site waste and borrow areas must have an E&S plan approved by the local conservation district or the Department fully implemented prior to being activated.
- 12. The contractor is responsible for ensuring that any material brought on site is clean fill. Form FP—001 must be retained by the property owner for any fill material affected by a spill or release of a regulated substance but qualifying as clean fill due to analytical testing.
- 13. All pumping of water from any work area shall be done according to the procedure described in this plan, over undisturbed vegetated areas.
- 14. Vehicles and equipment must enter directly and exit directly through the construction entrance.
- 15. Until the site is stabilized, all erosion and sediment BMPs shall be maintained properly. Maintenance shall include inspections of all erosion and sediment BMPs after each runoff event and on a weekly basis. All preventative and remedial maintenance work, including clean out, repair, replacement, regrading, reseeding, remulching and renetting must be performed immediately. If the E&S BMPs fail to perform as expected, replacement BMPs, or modifications of those installed will be required.
- 16. The maintenance instruction should specify that inspection be logged on DEP form 3800—FM—BCW027d. This log showing dates that E&S BMPs were inspected as well as any deficiencies found and the date they were corrected shall be maintained on 'the site and be made available to regulatory agency officials at the time of inspection.
- 17. Sediment tracked onto any public roadway or sidewalk shall be returned to the construction site by the end of each work day and disposed in the manner described in this plan. In no case shall the sediment be washed, shoveled, or swept into any roadside ditch, storm sewer, or surface water.
- 18. All sediment removed from BMPs shall be disposed of in the manner described on the plan drawings.
- 19. Areas which are to be topsoiled shall be scarified to a minimum depth of 3 to 5 inches 6 to 12 inches on compacted soils prior to placement of topsoil. Areas to be vegetated shall have a minimum 4 inches of topsoil in place prior to seeding and mulching. Fill out slopes shall have a minimum of 2 inches of topsoil.
- 20. All fills shall be compacted as required to reduce erosion, slippage, settlement, subsidence or other related problems. Fill intended to support buildings, structures and conduits, etc. shall be compacted in accordance with local requirements or codes.
- 21. All earthen fills shall be placed in compacted layers not to exceed 9 inches in thickness.
- 22. Fill materials shall be free of frozen particles, brush, roots, sad, or other foreign or objectionable materials that would interfere with or prevent construction of satisfactory fills.
- 23. Frozen materials or soft, mucky, or highly compressible materials shall not be incorporated into fills.
- 24. Fill shall not be placed on saturated or frozen surfaces.
- 25. Seeps or springs encountered during construction shall be handled in accordance with the standard and specification for subsurface drain or other approved method.
- 26. All graded areas shall be permanently stabilized immediately upon reaching finished grade. Cut slopes in competent bedrock and rock fills need not be vegetated.
- 27. At stream crossing, a 50—foot buffer shall be maintained. on buffers, clearings, sod disturbances and excavations, equipment traffic should be minimized. Activity such as stacking logs, burning cleared brush, discharging rainwater from trenches, welding pipe sections, refueling and maintaining equipment should be avoided within buffer zones.
- 28. Immediately after earth disturbance activities cease in any area or subarea of the project, the operator shall stabilize all disturbed areas. During non-germinating months, mulch or protective blanketing shall be applied as described in the plan. Areas not at finished grade, which will be reactivated within 1 year, may be stabilized in accordance with the temporary stabilization specifications. Those areas which will not be reactivated within 1 year shall be stabilized in accordance with the permanent stabilization specifications.
- 29. Permanent stabilization is defined as a minimum uniform. perennial 70% vegetative cover or other permanent non—vegetative cover with a density sufficient to resist accelerated erosion. Cut and fill slopes shall be capable of resisting failure due to slumping, sliding, or other movements.
- 30. E&S BMPs shall remain functional as such until all areas tributary to them are permanently stabilized or until they are replaced by another BMP approved by the local conservation district or the Department
- 31. Upon completion of all earth disturbance activities and permanent stabilization of all disturbed areas, the owner and/or operator shall contact the local conservation district for an inspection prior to removal/conversion of the
- 32. After final site stabilization has been achieved, temporary erosion and sediment BMPs must be removed or converted to permanent post construction stormwater management BMPs. Areas disturbed during removal or conversion of the BMPs shall be stabilized immediately. In order to ensure rapid revegetation of disturbed areas, such removal/conversions are to be done only during the germinating season.
- 33. Upon completion of all earth disturbance activities and permanent stabilization of all disturbed areas, the owner and/or operator shall contact the local conservation district to schedule a final inspection.
- 34. Failure to correctly install E&S BMPs, failure to prevent sediment—laden runoff from leaving the construction site, or failure to take immediate corrective action to resolve failure of E&S BMPs may result in administrative, civil, and/or criminal penalties being instituted by the Department as defined in Section 602 of the Pennsylvania Clean Streams Law. The Clean Streams Law provides for up to \$10,000 per day in civil penalties, up to \$10,000 in summary criminal penalties, and up to \$25,000 in misdemeanor criminal penalties for each violation.

#### B. Stockpile

- 1. All stripped topsoil and excavated earthen material from the project site Shall be properly stockpiled in accordance with the "stockpile control" detail. Material found to be unsuitable for subsequent use or in excess of the quantity required shall be disposed of. The location, method of disposal, and means of transport shall be in accordance with state and local laws.
- 2. All soil that is to be stockpiled for a period of greater than 10 calendar days shall be temporarily stabilized as described in item iii, "Temporary Stabilization."
- 3. Stockpile heights must not exceed 35 feet, stockpile slopes must be 2:1 or flatter.
- 4. Silt fence shall be provided at the base of all stockpiles for additional protection. See "Stockpile Control" detail.

#### II. EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL MEASURES

#### A. Rock Construction Entrance

- 1. A rock construction entrance shall be provided as needed to prevent the tracking or flow of sediment onto areas other than the immediate project site. See "Stabilized Construction Entrance" detail.
- 2. Rock construction entrance thickness will be constantly maintained to the specified dimensions by adding rock. A stockpile of rock material will be maintained on the site for this purpose. At the end of each construction day, all sediment deposited on public roadways will be removed and returned to the construction site.

#### B. PRESERVATION OF EXISTING VEGETATION

1. GOOD STANDARDS OF EXISTING VEGETATION ADEQUATE TO CONTROL EROSION SHOULD BE PRESERVED WHEREVER POSSIBLE. REGENERATION OF WOOD PLANTS SHOULD BE ENCOURAGED WHERE ACCEPTABLE. NEW VEGETATION, SOIL TREATMENTS, ETC. SHALL BE DONE AS SPECIFIED ON THE DRAWINGS AND IN THE APPLICABLE SECTIONS OF THE SPECIFICATIONS.

#### C. COMPOST FILTER SOCK

- 1. SOCK FABRIC SHALL MEET STANDARDS OF TABLE 4.1 OF THE PA DEP EROSION CONTROL MANUAL. COMPOST SHALL MEET THE STANDARDS OF TABLE 4.2 OF THE PA DEP EROSION CONTROL MANUAL.
- 2. COMPOST FILTER SOCK SHALL BE PLACED AT EXISTING LEVEL GRADE. BOTH ENDS OF THE BARRIER SHALL BE EXTENDED AT LEAST 8 FEET UP SLOPE AT 45 DEGREES TO THE MAIN BARRIER ALIGNMENT. MAXIMUM SLOPE LENGTH ABOVE ANY BARRIER SHALL NOT EXCEED THAT SPECIFIED FOR THE SIZE OF THE SOCK AND THE SLOPE OF ITS TRIBUTARY AREA.
- 3. TRAFFIC SHALL NOT BE PERMITTED TO CROSS COMPOST FILTER SOCKS.
- 4. ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT SHALL BE REMOVED WHEN IT REACHES 1/2 THE ABOVE GROUND HEIGHT OF THE BARRIER AND DISPOSED IN THE MANNER DESCRIBED ELSEWHERE IN THE PLAN.
- 5. COMPOST FILTER SOCKS SHALL BE INSPECTED WEEKLY AND AFTER EACH RUNOFF EVENT. DAMAGED SOCKS SHALL BE REPAIRED ACCORDING TO MANUFACTURER AND/OR REPLACED WITHIN 24 HOURS OF INSPECTION.
- 6. BIODEGRADABLE COMPOST FILTER SOCKS SHALL BE REPLACED AFTER 6 MONTHS; PHOTODEGRADABLE SOCKS AFTER 1 YEAR. POLYPROPYLENE SOCKS SHALL BE REPLACED ACCORDING TO MANUFACTURER.
- 7. UPON STABILIZATION OF THE AREA TRIBUTARY TO THE SOCK, STAKES SHALL BE REMOVED. THE SOCK MAY BE LEFT IN PLACE AND VEGETATED OR REMOVED. IN THE LATTER CASE, THE MESH SHALL BE CUT OPEN AND THE MULCH SPREAD AS A SOIL SUPPLEMENT.

#### D. INLET FILTER BAG

- 1. INLET FILTER BAGS SHOULD BE INSPECTED ON A WEEKLY BASIS AND AFTER EACH RUNOFF EVENT. FILTER BAGS SHOULD BE CLEANED AND/OR REPLACED WHEN THE BAG IS HALF FULL OR WHEN FLOW CAPACITY HAS BEEN REDUCED SO AS TO CAUSE FLOODING OR BYPASSING OF THE INLET.
- 2. ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT SHOULD BE DISPOSED IN THE APPROVED MANNER. BAGS THAT WILL BE REUSED SHOULD BE RINSED AT A LOCATION WHERE THE RINSE WATER WILL ENTER A SEDIMENT TRAP OR SEDIMENT BASIN.
- 3. NEEDED REPAIRS SHOULD BE INITIATED IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE INSPECTION.
- 4. DAMAGED FILTER BAGS SHOULD BE REPLACED. A SUPPLY SHALL BE MAINTAINED ON SITE FOR REPLACEMENT OF BAGS.
- 5. AT A MINIMUM, THE FABRIC SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM GRAB TENSILE STRENGTH OF 120 LBS, A MINIMUM BURST STRENGTH OF 200 PSI, AND A MINIMUM TRAPEZOIDAL TEAR STRENGTH OF 50 LBS. FILTER BAGS SHALL BE CAPABLE OF TRAPPING ALL PARTICLES NOT PASSING A NO. 40 SIEVE.

#### E. PUMPED WATER

- 1. SEDIMENTS FILTER BAG SHALL BE INSTALLED AT PUMP DISCHARGE TO FILTER PUMPED WATER IN ACCORDANCE WITH MANUFACTURERS INSTRUCTIONS. BAG SHALL FILTER PARTICLES LARGER THAN 150 MICRONS AND BE MANUFACTURED FROM NON-WOVEN GEOTEXTILE MATERIAL.
- 2. A MINIMUM OF ONE CUBIC FOOT OF STORAGE CAPACITY FOR EACH GALLON PER MINUTE OF THE DEWATERING PUMPING RATE SHALL BE PROVIDED TO INSURE STRUCTURE FAILURE WILL NOT OCCUR.

## F. PUMPED WATER FILTER BAG:

1. LOW VOLUME FILTER BAGS SHALL BE MADE FROM NON-WOVEN GEOTEXTILE MATERIAL SEWN WITH HIGH STRENGTH, DOUBLE STITCHED "J" TYPE SEAMS. THEY SHALL BE CAPABLE OF TRAPPING PARTICLES LARGER THAN 150 MICRONS. HIGH VOLUME FILTER BAGS SHALL BE MADE FROM WOVEN GEOTEXTILES THAT MEET THE FOLLOWING STANDARDS:

PROPERTY	TEST METHOD	MINIMUM STANDARD
AVG. WIDE WIDTH STRENGTH	ASTM D-4884	60 LB/IN
GRAB TENSILE	ASTM D-4632	205 LB
PUNCTURE	ASTM D-4833	110 LB
MULLEN BURST	ASTM D-3786	350 PSI
UV RESISTANCE	ASTM D-4355	70%
AOS % RETAINED	ASTM D-4751	80 SIEVE

- 2. A SUITABLE MEANS OF ACCESSING THE BAG WITH MACHINERY REQUIRED FOR DISPOSAL PURPOSES SHALL BE PROVIDED. FILTER BAGS SHALL BE REPLACED WHEN THEY BECOME 1/2 FULL OF SEDIMENT. SPARE BAGS SHALL BE KEPT AVAILABLE FOR REPLACEMENT OF THOSE THAT HAVE FAILED OR ARE FILLED. BAGS SHALL BE PLACED ON STRAPS TO FACILITATE REMOVAL UNLESS BAGS COME WITH LIFTING STRAPS ALREADY ATTACHED.
- 3. BAGS SHALL BE LOCATED IN WELL-VEGETATED (GRASSY) AREA, AND DISCHARGE ONTO STABLE, EROSION RESISTANT AREAS. WHERE THIS IS NOT POSSIBLE, A GEOTEXTILE UNDERLAYMENT AND FLOW PATH SHALL BE PROVIDED. BAGS MAY BE PLACED ON FILTER STONE TO INCREASE DISCHARGE CAPACITY. BAGS SHALL NOT BE PLACED ON SLOPES GREATER THAN 5%. FOR SLOPES EXCEEDING 5%, CLEAN ROCK OR OTHER NON-ERODIBLE AND NON-POLLUTING MATERIAL MAY BE PLACED UNDER THE BAG TO REDUCE SLOPE STEEPNESS.
- 4. NO DOWN SLOPE SEDIMENT BARRIER IS REQUIRED FOR MOST INSTALLATIONS. COMPOST BERM OR COMPOST FILTER SOCK SHALL BE INSTALLED BELOW BAGS LOCATED IN HQ OR EV WATERSHEDS, WITHIN 50 FEET OF ANY RECEIVING SURFACE WATER OR WHERE GRASSY AREA IS NOT AVAILABLE.
- 5. THE PUMP DISCHARGE HOSE SHALL BE INSERTED INTO THE BAGS IN THE MANNER SPECIFIED BY THE MANUFACTURER AND SECURELY CLAMPED. A PIECE OF PVC PIPE IS RECOMMENDED FOR THIS PURPOSE.
- 6. THE PUMPING RATE SHALL BE NO GREATER THAN 750 GPM OR 1/2 THE MAXIMUM SPECIFIED BY THE MANUFACTURER, WHICHEVER IS LESS. PUMP INTAKES SHALL BE FLOATING AND SCREENED.
- 7. FILTER BAGS SHALL BE INSPECTED DAILY. IF ANY PROBLEM IS DETECTED, PUMPING SHALL CEASE IMMEDIATELY AND NOT RESUME UNTIL THE PROBLEM IS CORRECTED.

## G. COMPOST SOCK WASHOUT

- 1. Concrete washout activities must be conducted in a manner that does not contribute pollutants to surface waters or stormwater runoff.
- 2. Wherever compost sock washouts are used, a suitable impervious geomembrane should be placed at the location of the washout. Compost socks should be staked in the manner recommended by the manufacturer around perimeter of the geomembrane so as to form a ring with the ends of the sock located at the up slope corner (Figure 3.18). Care should be taken to ensure continuous contact of the sock with the geomembrane at all locations. Where necessary, socks may be stacked and staked so as to form a triangular cross—section.
- 3. Washout facilities should not be placed within 50 feet of storm drains, open ditches or surface waters. They should be in a convenient location for the trucks, preferably near the place where the concrete is being poured, but far enough from other vehicular traffic to minimize the potential for accidental damage or spills. Wherever possible, they should be located on slopes not exceeding a 2% grade.

- 4. Part of inspecting and maintaining washout areas is ensuring that adequate signage is provided and in good repair and that the washout area is being used, as opposed to washout in non—designated areas of the site.
- 5. Remove concrete waste in the washout area, as needed to maintain BMP function (typically when filled to about two—thirds of its capacity). Collect concrete waste and deliver offsite to a designated disposal location.
- 6. Upon termination of use of the washout site, accumulated solid waste, including concrete waste and any contaminated soils, must be removed from the site to prevent on—site disposal of solid waste. If the wash water is allowed to evaporate and the concrete hardens, it may be recycled

#### III. TEMPORARY STABILIZATION

- A. All areas disturbed by on—site work that will not be constructed immediately shall be temporarily stabilized:
- 1. Vegetative cover Temporary vegetative cover shall be provided in areas requiring temporary stabilization during construction, as follows:
- A. Fertilizer: apply 10-20-20 fertilizer or equivalent at the rate of 150 lbs per acre.
- B. Limestone: shall be an agricultural grade lime stone equivalent to 50% Calcium plus Magnesium oxides, and applied at the rate of 1 ton per acre.
- C. Seed type shall be as indicated below:
- 1. Optimum seeding dates are February 15 through May 1 or August 15 through October 15 for the following

	Pounds	Optimum seed depth
<u>Species</u>	<u>Per acre</u>	(double for sandy soil)
Annual Ryegrass	40	0.5 inch
Perennial Ryegrass	40	0.5 inch
Oats	86	1.0 inch
Barley	96	1.0 inch

2. Optimum seeding dates are May 1 through August 15 for the following species:

	Pounds	Optimum seed depth
<u>Species</u>	<u>Per acre</u>	(double for sandy soil)
Pearl Millet	20	1.0 inch
Sudan Grass	30	1.0 inch
Millet (German or Hungarian)	30	1.0 inch
Weeping Lovegrass	5	1.0 inch

#### 2. Mulching

- A. Mulching shall be provided as required in areas difficult to vegetate, and during Off—season operations. Mulching methods and materials shall conform to the following:
- (1) Mulch materials shall be unrotted salt hay, hay or small grain straw applied at the rate of 3 tons per acre.

  Mulch blowers shall not grind or chop the material.
- (2) Mulch shall be spread uniformly by hand or mechanically so that approximately 75% to 95% of the soil surface will be covered.
- (3) Mulch anchoring shall be accomplished immediately after placement to minimize loss by wind or water. This may be done by one of the following methods, depending upon the size of slopes and costs.
- (a) Peg and twine drive 8 to 10 inch pegs to within 2 to 3 inches of the soil surface every 4 feet in all directions. Stakes may be driven before or after applying mulch. Secure mulch to soil surface by stretching twine between pegs in a crises—cross and a square pattern, secure twine around each peg with two or more round turns.
- (b) Mulch netting staple paper, jute, cotton or plastic netting to the soil surface. Use a degradable netting in areas to be mowed.
- (c) Liquid mulch binders may be used to anchor salt hay, hay or straw mulches.
- (d) Applications should be heavier at edges were wind catches the mulch, in valleys and at crests of banks.

  Remainder of area should be uniform in appearance.
- (e) Wood—fiber or paper—fiber mulch at the rate of 1,500 pounds per acre may be applied by a hydroseeder. Use is limited to flatter slopes and during optimum—seeding periods in spring and fall.

## 3. Other

- A. Where excessive soil erosion, tracking, or flowing of sediment is evident or anticipated, a minimum of 4 inches of crushed stone shall be placed within the affected area and maintained until permanent stabilization is provided. Additional stone shall be placed as required until stabilization is achieved. Crushed stone shall conform to AASHTO Designation M43, size No. 2 (2-1/2" to 1-1/2").
- B. Upon completion of an earth disturbance activity or any stage or phase of an activity, the operator shall stabilize immediately the disturbed areas to protect from accelerated erosion. During non-germinating periods, mulch must be applied at the specified rates. Disturbed areas which are not at finished grade, and which will be redisturbed within 1 year, may be stabilized in accordance with Temporary Seeding Specifications. Disturbed areas, which are either at finished grade or will not be redisturbed within 1 year, must be stabilized in accordance with Permanent Seeding Specifications.
- C. Diversion channels, sedimentation basins, sediment traps, and stockpiles must be stabilized immediately.
- D. Mulch with mulch control netting or erosion blankets must be installed on all slopes greater than 3:1.

# IV. FINAL SEEDING 1 166.1

- 1. NO MORE THAN 15,000 SQUARE FEET OF DISTURBED AREA SHALL ACHIEVE FINAL GRADE BEFORE STABILIZATION BY VEGETATIVE COVER WITH SEEDING AND MULCHING.
- 2. AFTER THE CONSTRUCTION PHASE IS COMPLETE, PERMANENT VEGETATION ON THE AREAS THAT HAVE BEEN DISTURBED SHALL BE REESTABLISHED AS RAPIDLY AS POSSIBLE. IF THE COMPLETION OF THE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES DOES NOT COINCIDE WITH A SEASON IN WHICH PERMANENT VEGETATION CAN BE STARTED, AN INTERIM OR TEMPORARY PROGRAM IS REQUIRED. THIS SHALL INCLUDE SOIL STABILIZATION, MULCHING OR THE ESTABLISHMENT OF FILTER STRIPS. IN ANY CASE, SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROLS SHALL BE INSTALLED PROMPTLY AND THEIR MAINTENANCE ASSURED.
- 4. AN AREA SHALL BE CONSIDERED TO HAVE ACHIEVED FINAL STABILIZATION WHEN IT HAS A MINIMUM OF 70% UNIFORM PERENNIAL VEGETATIVE COVER OR OTHER PERMANENT NON-VEGETATIVE COVER WITH A DENSITY SUFFICIENT TO RESIST ACCELERATED SURFACE EROSION AND SUBSURFACE CHARACTERISTICS SUFFICIENT TO RESIST SLIDING OR OTHER MOVEMENTS.
- 5. AT A MINIMUM, PERMANENT VEGETATIVE COVER SHALL BE ESTABLISHED BY PROVIDING THE FOLLOWING:
- a. FERTILIZER: 500 LBS PER ACRE OF 10-20-20, OR EQUIVALENT.
- b. LIMESTONE: SHALL BE AN AGRICULTURAL GRADE LIME STONE EQUIVALENT TO 50 PERCENT CALCIUM PLUS MAGNESIUM OXIDES, AND APPLIED AT THE RATE OF 4 TONS PER ACRE.
- c. PERMANENT SEEDING (MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS) SHALL BE AS FOLLOWS:

## V. <u>MAINTENANCE</u>

A. Inspection shall be made at frequent intervals and after each storm event to detect any impairment in the ability of the erosion control facilities, installed as part of this plan, to continue to function effectively.

<u> </u>	'	·	,	
LAWN SEED				
	% BY WEIGHT	MINIMUM % PURITY	MINIMUM % GERMINATION	MAXIMUM % WEED SEED
Kentucky bluegrass (2 or more varieties — none greater than 25% of total)	50	90	80	.20
Pennfine Perennal Rye Grass	20	95	90	0.15
Pennlawn and Fescue	30	98	85	0.25
Special Areas — swales, diversi	on channels,	and occasion	y water flow area	is.
Kentucky 31 Tall Fescue	80	98	85	0.25
Pennfine Perennial Rye Grass	20	95	90	15

- B. The approved erosion and sediment control plan and any standard conditions relating to soil erosion and sediment control, issued as part of any permits, shall be available at the immediate site of construction activity at all times.
- C. Until the site is stabilized, all erosion and sedimentation controls must be maintained properly. Maintenance must include inspection of all erosion and sedimentation controls after each storm event and on a weekly basis. All preventive and remedial maintenance work, including clean out, repair, replacement, regrading, reseeding, remulching and renetting must be performed immediately.

#### VI. EXCAVATED TRENCH OPEN

"The total length of excavated trench open at any one time should not be greater than the total length of the utility line that can be placed in the trench and back—filled in one working day. No more than 50 lineal feet of open trench should exist when utility line installation ceases at the end of the workday. Soil supplements, seed and much must be applied according to 25 Pa. Code \$102.22 (Page 283 of F&S Manual)."

## much must be applied according to 25 Pa. Code \$102.22. (Page 283 of E&S Manual)."

# VII. <u>SEQUENCE OF EARTH MOVING RELATED ACTIVITY</u> 1. <u>Pre-Construction Stage:</u> 2 166.1

- 1. <u>Pre-Construction Stage:</u>a. Field-marks limits of disturbance and environmentally sensitive areas.
- b. At least 7 days prior to starting any earth disturbance activities (including clear and grubbing), the Owner and/or Operator shall invite all Contractors, the Landowner, appropriate Municipal Officials, the E&S plan prepared, the PCSM plan preparer, and a representative from the Bucks County Conservation District to an on-site reconstruction meeting.
- c. Upon installation or stabilization of all perimeter sediment control BMP's and at least 3 days prior to proceeding with the bulk earth disturbance activities, the permittee of co-permittee shall provide notification to the department or authorized conservation district.
- d. At least 3 days prior to starting any earth disturbance activities, or expanding into an area previously unmarked, the Pennsylvania One Call System Inc. shall be notified at 1—800—242—1776
- for the location of existing underground utilities.

  e. All earth disturbance activities shall proceed in accordance with the sequence provided on the plans.

  Deviation from the sequence must be approved by the Bucks County Conservation District or by the department prior to implementation. Each step of sequence shall be completed before proceeding to the next step, except where noted.

#### 2. Construction Activity:

- a. Convert the <u>existing 150 feet Rock Construction Access #1</u> to <u>Rock Construction Access with Wash Rock,</u> where as depicted on the plan.
- b. Install Rock Construction Access #2 with Wash Rack and Concrete Washouts, see drawing.
- c. Access to site's E&S BMPs, see drawings for work areas.
- ii. Install Inlet Protection per plan.iii. Install Orange Construction Fence around the basins per plan.

i Install Compost Filter Sock as depicted on the plan.

- d. Site Operation for earthwork.
   i. Bring the proposed Building pad grades to the proper elevation. Construction new Building.
   ii. All building materials and wastes must be removed from the site and recycled or disposed of in accordance with the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection's Solid Waste
  - discharged at the site.

    iii. Install all building utilities, see "note \*" below.

    iv. Critical Stage remove sediment trans by grading the great to the proposed grade. Sediment
  - iv. <u>Critical Stage</u>, remove sediment traps by grading the areas to the proposed grade. Sediment trap #3A becomes swale #3A/B and part of basin #6 and sediment trap #4A becomes swale #4A/B and part of basin #6. See dwg. #183 notes on converting sediment traps into basin 6, v. <u>Critical Stage.</u> Construct basin #5 and basin #6. Stabilize basin #5 steep slope with E&S

Management Regulations at 25pa. Code §260.1 et seg., §271.1 et seg., and §287.1 et seg.

No building material or wastes or unused building materials shall be burned, buried, dumped, or

- blankets. Additional notes detailing Basin #5 & Basin #6 construction shown on dwgs. 183.4 & 183.6.

  vi. Install stormwater inlets and pipes. Install Inlet Protection on all new inlets and stabilize areas.
- See "note \*" below.
  vii. Construct all swales and stabilize with temporary seeding.
  viii. Construction proposed parking lot wall.
- ix. Final grade site and stabilize with temporary seeding. Construction new sidewalk and proposed walls. Install subbase stone course on parking lot and all driveways. Then install parking lot and
- driveways with binder course.

  e. Permanent stabilization stage:

  i. Replacement of top soil (4-6 inches) and install all permanent vegetation requirements.

  ii. Permanent seeding and mulch all areas. An area shall be considered to have achieved final stabilization when it has a minimum of 70% uniform perennial vegetative cover or other permanent non-vegetative cover with density sufficient to resist accelerated surface erosion and subsurface characteristics sufficient to resist sliding or other movements. Topsoil shall be

replaced to predevelopment depths or to a minimum depth of 6 inches, whichever is greater. It

- is also recommended that soil tests be performed in order to determine actual lime and fertilizer needs instead of providing a generic application rate. iii. Clean binder course of parking lot and all driveway surfaces and install wearing course on all
- surfaces.

  3. Removal/Conversion of temporary sediment pollution controls stage:
  - Prior to removal of the E&S bmp's, the Berks County Conservation District should be contacted. The district may require a site inspection prior to the conversion or removal of BMP's.
- b. Remove all E&S BMPs when the work area is at a minimum of 70% uniform perennial vegetative cover or trench backfill paving is complete.
  c. Remove all filter sock and other temporary soil erosion and sediment control facilities after all areas have been permanently stabilized. Areas disturbed during removal of the controls must be stabilized immediately. An area shall be considered to have achieved final stabilization when it has a minimum of 70% uniform perennial vegetative cover or other permanent non-vegetative cover with density sufficient to resist accelerated surface erosion and subsurface characteristics sufficient to resist sliding or other

movements. Topsoil shall be replaced to predevelopment depths or to a minimum depth of 6 inches,

whichever is greater. It is also recommended that soil tests be performed in order to determine actual lime and fertilizer needs instead of providing a generic application rate.

d. Within 30 days after the completion of earth disturbance activities authorized by this permit, including the permanent stabilization of the site and proper installation of PCSM BMPs in accordance with the approved PCSM Plans, or upon submission if NOT sooner, the permittee shall file with the department or authorized conservation district a statement signed by a licensed professional and by the permittee certifying that work has been performed in accordance with the terms and conditions of the permit and the work approved erosion and sedimentation and post construction stormwater management plans. Completion certificated are needed to ensure that all is performed in accordance with the terms and conditions of

## Note: <u>Critical Stage</u>, the design engineer shall be on site.

Manual)."

the permit and the approved E&S and PCSM Plans.

Note \*: "The total length of excavated trench open at any one time should not be greater than the total length of the utility line that can be placed in the trench and back—filled in one working day. No more than 50 lineal feet of open trench should exist when utility line installation ceases at the end of the workday. Soil supplements, seed and much must be applied according to 25 Pa. Code §102.22. (Page 283 of E&S

THIS CONFORMED SET IS COMPRISED OF THE ORIGINAL BID DOCUMENTS (BOTH THE DRAWINGS AND THE PROJECT MANUAL) AND REVISIONS REFLECTING THE CHANGES TO THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS MADE IN ADDENDA 1-4. THIS CONFORMED SET SHALL BE CONSIDERED SECONDARY AND SUPPLEMENTAL TO THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS, WHICH CONSIST OF THE BID DOCUMENTS (DRAWINGS & SPECIFICATIONS), ALL ADDENDA, AND THE OWNERS ACCEPTED BID ALTERNATES AND CONTINGENCIES. THIS CONFORMED SET IS PROVIDED AS A CONVENIENCE FROM COMPLIANCE WITH THE FULL REQUIREMENTS OF THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS.

11/30/2023	RC	JES	ISSUED FOR BIDS		
08/11/2023	RC	JES	REVISED DRAWINGS PER BCCD REVIEW E-MAIL, DATED 07/31/2023.		
04/20/2023	RC	JES	NPDES PERMIT #PAD060047, PHASE #2 SUBMISSION		

# Date Draft

Jeffrey E. Skinner PE-042652-E

SU-052889-

EROSION & SEDIMENTATION CONTROL 1

Prepared For:

TOWNSHIP OF CUMRU

CUMRU TOWNSHIP, BERKS CO., PA.



920 GERMANTOWN PIKE, SUITE 200, PLYMOUTH MEETING, PA 19462

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CUMRU FIRE DEPARTMENT NEW BUILDING

## PREPAREDNESS, PREVENTION AND CONTINGENCY PLAN NOTES This plan is part of the NPDES permit application for the discharge of stormwater associated with construction activities and the related Erosion and Sediment Control Plan. It is required to comply with Chapter 101.3(b) of the Rules and

Regulations of the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection, and conditions under the NPDES permit. 1. Name of Permittee: Cumru Township

Name of Co-permittee (contractor): TBD

2. Name of Project: Reed Street Utility Extension

, 3. Project Location: <u>Mohnton, Berks County, PA</u>

4. List name(s) and telephone number(s) of responsible Cumru Township officials to be contacted in case of emergency (to be confirmed at pre-construction meeting):

Night Phone #

<u>Day Phone #</u>

**Bob McNichols** (610) 777-1343

5. List name and telephone number of the following: Bucks County emergency management: (Berks) Brian Gottschall (610) 374-4800 x8202 Cumru Fire Station 2 (610) 777-1343

Reading Hospital Tower Health, (484) 628-8000 6. Notification to the following agencies must be made immediately in the event of a spill of any polluting substances.

PADEP Regional Office: <u>Southcentral Regional Office (Harrisburg) - (717) -705-4700</u> PA Fish and Boat Commission: Harrisburg, PA (717) 705-7800

7. List name and telephone number of any downstream water users, including drinking water supplies, industrial intakes and agricultural uses. It is the permittee's/co-permittees responsibility to immediately contact water users if polluting material is released from the site.

8. General Description of Construction Activity.

Nearest fire department station:

Nearest hospital:

Re—grading and realignment of Welsh Road. Replace sanitary and storm sewers along Welsh Road and sanitary from border of Mohnton Borough along Reed Street. Extension of gas an water main from intersection of Main Street and

Fairview Ave. to Welsh Road See NPDES permit drawings

9. Material and Waste Inventory

A. Pesticides and herbicides\* Name & Quantity (pounds or gallons)

B. Fertilizer\*

Name & Quantity (pounds or gallons)

C. Other chemicals, such as paints, detergents, acids for cleaning, solvents, soil additives, concrete curing compounds:\* Name & Quantity (pounds or gallons)

Other chemicals will be brought on site if and as needed. It is not anticipated that an inventory of these materials will be stored on site.

\*Any items listed under A, B or C above must have Material Safety Data Sheets (MSDS's) kept on the project

D. Petroleum based products

Gasoline Diesel fuel Kerosene Lubricating oil Asphalts, tars

Note: It is not anticipated that gasoline, diesel fuel, lubricating oils, etc. will be stored onsite. Heavy equipment will typically be serviced periodically by fuel trucks on an as—needed basis. Fueling operations will not

performed near any streams, drainage ways or storm sewers, and will only be performed with proper supervision. Any liquid that is stored onsite must be kept within a diked area (lined with an impervious clay, concrete or synthetic membrane), sized to hold 110% of the largest container's capacity.

10. List the types and quantities of absorbent materials used for spill mitigation that are stored on premises. The quantities of absorbent booms, pads and other materials and equipment needed to contain spills and begin cleanup must be kept at the site. List the types and quantities each:

A selection of absorbent socks, mat pads, barrel top pads, etc., of various sizes will be kept onsite by the

11. During concrete work, steps shall be taken to assure that no pollution enters waterways. Concrete mixer truck washings shall be deposited onsite into a container specially—designed for the purpose. The container shall be located in a specified area as far upslope on the site as practicable to best prevent migration of materials into streams,

12. Particular attention shall be given to equipment refueling operations. Refueling shall only occur as far upslope on the site as practicable. The location shall be protected by a containment dike and secured from vandalism. Operators shall be familiar with the proper emergency response procedures and contact information in the event of a spill.

13. The site shall be inspected daily for evidence of existing or potential spills or leaks, vandalism, and the condition and quantity of cleanup materials.

14. Material Management Practices.

The following material management practices shall be used to reduce the risk of spills or other accidental discharge

of materials and substances to storm water runoff:

A. Good Housekeeping:

The following good housekeeping practices shall be followed onsite during construction: All efforts shall be made to store only enough products onsite as are required to do the job. Materials stored onsite shall be stored in a neat, orderly manner in appropriate containers and, if possible, under

a roof or other enclosure.

Products shall be kept in their original containers with the original manufacturer's label. Substances shall not be mixed with one another unless recommended by the manufacturer.

Whenever possible, all of a product shall be used up before disposing of the container.

Manufacturer's recommendations for proper use and disposal shall be strictly followed.

The contractor's site superintendent shall perform daily inspections to ensure proper use and disposal of materials

At least once per month, the contractor's safety consultant shall inspect the premises to confirm conformance to

all OSHA regulations. B. Hazardous Products:

The practices described below shall be used to reduce the risks associated with hazardous materials:

· Products shall be kept in their original containers unless they are not resealable. · Original labels and material safety data sheets (MSDS's) shall be retained at the jobsite.

· If surplus materials must be disposed of, manufacturer's or local and State recommended methods for proper offsite disposal shall be followed.

15. Product—Specific Practices

The following product—specific practices shall be followed onsite:

A. Petroleum Products:

All onsite vehicles and equipment shall be monitored daily for leaks and shall receive regular preventive maintenance to reduce the chance of leakage. Petroleum products shall be stored in tightly—sealed containers which are clearly labeled. Any asphaltic material used onsite shall only be applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.

Fertilizers used shall be applied only in the minimum amount recommended by the manufacturer. Once applied, fertilizer shall be worked into the soil to limit exposure to stormwater. Storage shall be in a covered shed. The contents of any partially—used bags of fertilizer shall be immediately transferred to a sealable plastic bin to C. Chemical/Paints:

All containers shall be tightly sealed and stored when not in use. Excess paint shall not be disposed of in the storm sewer system, it shall be properly disposed of according to the manufacturer's instructions or per State and local requirements.

D. Concrete Truck Washout Materials:

Concrete truck washout materials shall be deposited onsite into a container specifically designed for the purpose. The container shall be located in a specific area as far upslope on the site as practicable to best prevent migration of materials into streams, drainage ways or storm sewers. Once cured and hardened, the concrete shall be removed from the site and properly disposed of.

16. Spill Prevention Practices

In addition to the good housekeeping and material management practices described above, the following practices shall be followed for spill prevention and cleanup: The manufacturer's recommended methods for spill cleanup shall be clearly posted, and site personnel shall be

trained in the proper procedures and the location of the information and cleanup supplies. Materials and the equipment necessary for spill cleanup shall be kept onsite. Equipment and materials shall include, but not limited to: Brooms, dust pans, mops, rags, gloves, goggles, absorbent granular material, sand, sawdust, and plastic and

metal trash containers specifically for this purpose. · All spills shall be cleaned up immediately after discovery.

The spill area shall be kept well ventilated and personnel shall wear appropriate protective clothing to prevent contact with a hazardous substance. All spills of toxic or hazardous material, regardless of the size of the spill, shall be reported immediately via text, email or in writing to the Engineer, the Owner, and the appropriate local and State government agencies.

The spill prevention plan shall be revised to include measures to prevent any type of spill from recurring, and to

confirm how to clean up a spill if there is another one. A description of the spill, what caused it, and the

cleanup measures used shall also be included in the written spill report. The contractor's site superintendent responsible for the day—to—day site operations shall be the project's spill prevention and cleanup coordinator. The superintendent shall designate at least three (3) other site personnel, who shall receive spill prevention and cleanup training. The names and cell phone numbers of these responsible spill personnel shall be posted prominently onsite. These individuals shall each be made responsible for a

17. Site Security All materials requiring security shall be kept locked within secure containers stored in a designated secure area.

18. All construction and site activities shall be performed in accordance with the specifications and plans approved by the appropriate governmental authorities. Activities may also be monitored and inspected by the municipal engineer, related agency inspectors, and the municipal water/sewer authorities.

#### EROSION & SEDIMENT CONTROL (E&SC) PLAN NARRATIVE

E&SC Plan Planning & Design 102.4(b)(4)

particular phase of spill prevention and cleanup.

The E&SC Plans are separate from the PCSM Plans and are labeled "E&SC Plan" and are the final plans to be used during construction.

Documentation that the E&SC Plans was prepared by a person trained and experienced in E&SC design methods and techniques applicable to the size and scope of the project is provided in ATTACHMENT C.

The temporary erosion control measures provided during construction and restoration activities are designed to minimize soil loss, prevent pollution of Stillwater Run near the municipal campus and the unnamed tributary at the Ashley Run Clean Soils Site, both tributaries to Angelica Creek, in addition to the tributaries to Wyomissing Creek along Reed Street. These

controls will also protect adjacent properties, and maximize protection of existing drainage features and vegetation. The following measures and Best Management Practices (BMP's) shown on the E&SC Plans must be incorporated

throughout the project's construction by the contractor: Limiting areas of disturbance, and preservation of existing vegetation wherever possible

Temporary seeding and mulching applied immediately to all disturbed areas

Proper silt fence and/or filter sock sediment barrier installation and maintenance

Stabilized construction entrance installation and maintenance

Restricting construction traffic to the site disturbed areas and stone driveways

Pumped water filter bag installation and maintenance

· Erosion control matting along stream banks and steep slopes as needed · Filter bag/stone & block inlet protection installation and maintenance

The above measures, shown throughout the E&SC Plans will:

ü Minimize the extent and duration of earth disturbance;

ü Maximize protection of existing site drainage features and vegetation;

ü Minimize soil compaction; and

ü Control/minimize the generation of increased stormwater runoff.

Existing topographic features of the project site and the immediate surrounding area §102.4(b)(5)(i)

The topography of the project site is shown on the drawings, by use of contours at one—foot intervals. A USGS quadrangle location map is provided in ATTACHMENT D and on the plan cover sheet.

The project drawings incorporate both construction and E&SC information on the E&SC plan to aid the contractor in compliance with E&SC requirements during construction.

Soil Types, depth, slope, locations and limitations §102.4(b)(5)(ii)

The maps of soil types and limits related to the project were identified using the NRCS Web Soil Survey website. The soil survey map pertaining to the project is provided in ATTACHMENT E1 and E2 and soil boundaries are shown on the

Per the PADEP E&SC Chapter 102 Manual, Appendix E, there are no limitations listed for Urban land, Joanna complex (UpD). Other soils at the site can be used to determine the properties of this urban land. Soil at the project site include Neshaminy Silt Loam (NaB and NaC), Neshamniny gravelly silt loam (NhD) and the site is bordered by Brecknock channery silt loam (BpD). The table below describes the expected limitations for these soils.

Limitations

	,	
ВрВ	Brecknock channery silt loam, 3 to 8 percent slopes	N/A
ВрС	Brecknock channery silt loam, 8 to 15 percent slopes	Slope
NaB	Neshaminy silt loam 3 to 8 percent slopes	Slopes
NaC	Neshaminy silt loam 8 to 15 percent slopes	Slopes
NaD	Neshaminy silt loam 15 to 25 percent slopes	Slopes
NhD	Neshaminy gravelly silt loam, 8 to 25 percent slopes, extremely boulder	Slopes, Depth to saturated zone
UpB Urban land—Joanna co 0 to 8 percent slo		Unknown/Undefined
UpD	Urban land—Joanna complex, 8 to 25 percent slopes	Unknown/Undefined

These limitations can be addressed with proper shoring of bulk excavations and use of trench boxes for linear excavations, the coating of exposed concrete and steel proposed for underground service, and standard pumping of water from

Preliminary sampling and testing of representative soils is being performed concurrently with the submittal of this

application. Once construction starts, further sampling and testing will be performed on the underlying soils. Test results will be presented upon receipt and will be used in determining the proper disposal method for exported fill materials.

Since there are only a few construction-related notes on the plans, it is requested that it be deemed acceptable that the Construction Plans are included in the E&SC and PCSM (Restoration) Plan set. This provides better coordination to the contractor than having two separate plan sets in the field. Every effort has been made to ensure that the plan information shown is complete and legible.

Past, present and proposed land uses and proposed alteration to project site \$102.4(b)(5)(iii) From review of available online historical mapping, the past use(s) for the project sites for the prior fifty years indicate that the uses have been farming, vacant, residential homes, and roadways.

The present land use for the past five years has not changed.

The proposed work during Phase 1 includes along E Fairview Street, Cedar Street, Reed Street, and Church Road will conclude with restoration of the existing residential (paved street) to existing conditions. Proposed work along Welsh Road includes raising the elevation of the road at the conclusion of utility line installation and replacement. Land to the west of Welsh Road will be regraded and a fire station built upon it.

The proposed work during Phase 2 includes the construction of a new fire station with driveways and parking as well as stormwater management features to address the increase in runoff due to the new impervious surfaces connected to features installed in Phase 1.

Volume and rate of runoff from the project site and its upstream watershed area \\$102.4(b)(5)(iv) During Phase 1, a decrease in volume and peak rate of runoff from the site can be expected due to work completed during this phase of the project. The work includes removal of several impervious areas (garage, driveway, and pavilion), regrading of fields in front of the township building, and reconstruction of the stormwater management basin. Changes to the existing stormwater management basin will increase retention time in the basin. Regrading to the east of the township building includes installation of a new basin to manage other stormwater flows being directed further south along Welsh Road via road gutter lines that are to be improved.

During Phase 2, an increase in volume and peak rate of runoff can be expected due to work completed. These increases are addressed by PCSM features including an infiltration basin and a dry extended detention basin beneath the parking lot. Summary of calculations results is in the ATT Js, each labeled for relevant locations.

#### Location of all surface waters and their classification under Chapter 93 §102.4(b)(5)(v)

During Phase 1, the receiving surface waters, tributaries to Wyomissing Creek and tributaries to Angelica Creek. These waterways are shown and labeled on the drawings. During Phase 2, runoff will only flow to the tributaries to Angelica

Per PADEP Chapter 93 classification, the designated use of the receiving stream basin, the Wyomissing Creek, is HQ-CWF (High Quality Cold Water Fishes) and MF (Migratory Fishes); it is a HQ designated watershed. Angelica Creek has a designated use listed as CWF (Cold Water Fishes) and MF (Migratory Fishes); it is not a HQ or EV designated watershed. There is no existing use listed in Chapter 93.

### Narrative description of the location and type of perimeter and onsite BMPs §102.4(b)(5)(vi)

The temporary erosion control measures to be provided during construction and restoration activities are designed to minimize soil loss, prevent water pollution of adjacent streams and rivers, protect adjacent properties, and maximize protection of existing drainage features and vegetation. The following E&SC Best Management Practices (BMP's) are incorporated in the design and details of the project:

Limiting areas of disturbance and preservation of existing vegetation wherever possible.

Temporary seeding and mulching to be applied immediately to all disturbed areas.

Silt fence/filter sock sediment barrier

Benching of slopes

(Stabilized) Rock construction entrances

Pumped water filter bags Erosion control matting along stream banks and steep slopes

· Filter bag inlet protection

Sequence of BMP installation and removal \$102.4(b)(5)(vii)

A general construction sequence for the installation of piping and appurtenances, including installation and removal of temporary E&SC BMPs, is shown on the drawings.

# Supporting calculations and measurements §102.4(b)(5)(viii)

Supporting calculations for E&SC measures is included in ATT Q. These include worksheets for compost sock, flare end sections and end walls, swale and channel design, and anti—seep collars. Attachments are labeled for phases to which they

Supporting calculations for the existing land cover and basins are included in ATT K of the Appendices to the PCSM Narrative. Existing land cover for Phase 2 is the proposed land cover at the conclusion of Phase 1. Supporting calculations for the proposed new basins are included in ATT L of the PCSM Appendices. Phase 1 includes calculations for permanent basin 1 and 2 as well as temporary sediment basins 3 and 4. Phase 2 includes calculations for removal of temporary sediment traps 3 and 4 and permanent basins 5 and 6.

## Plan drawings $\S102.4(b)(5)(ix)$

Drawings describing the proposed earthmoving are included in the application. The limit of disturbance is shown on the drawings. The existing grading will generally be restored at the conclusion of Phase 1. Grading will be adjusted as shown of the plans for Phase 2. E&SC BMP details are included on the drawings.

## Maintenance program $\S102.4(b)(5)(x)$

Erosion and sediment control measures included in this plan shall be maintained after construction so that they individually and collectively perform the function for which they were designed.

During the work, the contractor will assign worker(s) experienced in erosion control measures to make inspections and preparing reports weekly and after rainfall events, to determine any maintenance or repair that may be required. Temporary features such as silt fence, inlet protection, and erosion control matting will be inspected and any needed maintenance or repair will be noted. After inspection, the preventative and remedial work needed will be determined and corrected immediately.

Sediment will not be permitted to accumulate to a depth sufficient to limit the effectiveness of the proposed E&S BMP(s). After final site stabilization has been achieved, only then will the temporary erosion and sediment BMP's be removed. Any areas disturbed during removal of the BMP's will be stabilized immediately.

The maintenance of the proposed BMP's is addressed in the notes on the drawings.

An inspection schedule for the proposed BMP's is addressed in the notes on the drawings. A written report documenting inspections and repairs is specified in the notes on the drawings.

## Recycling or disposal of materials \$102.4(b)(5)(xi)

Potential construction wastes from a project of this type include: sediment collected in the trench water filtration system, disturbed sediments that may run overland, concrete truck washout materials, wood dunnage from equipment delivery pallets and concrete framework, excess excavated materials, and typical construction debris. All of these wastes will be recycled or disposed of offsite as described in the standard general sediment control notes #A.10 & 11 on the permit plans (Drawing 162): i.e., per the PADEP Solid Waste Management Regulations (document 258—2182—773); no disposal will

occur onsite. Instructions for the proper recycling/offsite disposal of other materials are provided in the notes on the drawings and on the Preparedness, Prevention and Contingency (PPC) Plan which is included on the drawings and in ATT H.

Geologic formations/soil conditions that may have the potential to cause pollution §102.4(b)(5)(xii) There are no known naturally—occurring geologic or other soil conditions that are anticipated to have the potential to cause pollution; measures to avoid, minimize or mitigate them are not applicable.

## Potential thermal impacts to surface waters \$102.4(b)(5)(xiii)

During the project, the thermal impacts of stormwater will be avoided, minimized, and mitigated by pumping water from the trenches through a filter bag and into a grassy area allowing time for water to cool before any may possibly run off into surface waters.

The post—construction thermal impacts of stormwater runoff from the project site will be avoided, minimized, and mitigated by restoring most disturbed areas to the cover conditions (or better) that existed prior to construction. For areas that were changed and not restored, the revitalized storm swales along the sites of Welsh Road will slow the first flush and allow for some to be retained and infiltrated or runoff to cool before entering waters of the Commonwealth.

E&S Plan designed and implemented to be consistent with PCSM Plan \$102.4(b)(5)(xiv)

The proposed PCSM structural BMP stormwater management basins are shown on the E&SC Plan Maps. These areas are protected during construction as suggested in their implementation guidelines to prevent sediment from entering the system before they have been fully stabilized and to avoid compaction by construction equipment. Drainage area and ground cover calculations show that there is no expected increase in runoff peak rate. A summary of the results of the calculations are included to support this in the PCSM Spreadsheets.

There are no existing or proposed riparian buffers within the project site. Therefore the requirement that riparian buffers are shown outside limits of disturbance is not applicable. A wetland delineation was performed. Wetlands are located outside the project site and are labeled on the drawings.

#### Existing/proposed riparian forest buffers §102.4(b)(5)(xv)

The project site does not discharges to a High Quality or Exceptional Value watershed. The site and disturbance area is within 150 feet of a perennial or intermittent river, stream, or creek, lake, pond or reservoir, however, the project consists primarily of road maintenance activities during Phase 1. Therefore, the project meets the requirements for granting of a waiver listed in the following section(s) of Chapter 102.14:

· 102.14(d)(1)(v) Road maintenance activities so long as any existing riparian buffer is undisturbed to the extent practicable.

#### During Phase 2 the following waiver applies:

102.14(d)(1)(i) A project site located greater than 150 feet (45.7 meters) from a river, stream, creek, lake, pond or

There are wetlands present to the east of the site, per review of the NWI mapping online, and these wetlands are shown on the project plans. These areas are not forested and are outside the limit of disturbance.

#### Antidegradation Analysis

The project site drains to an MS4. This MS4 drains to a wetland as shown on the plans. Wetlands are designated as EV if they meet the definition listed in 105.17(1)(i-v). Given the wide definition in the PA Code and the lack of knowledge of other wetlands in the area which may affect the classification of wetlands adjacent to the site and cost prohibitive nature to classify them, it is unclear if these wetlands meet the criteria for definition as EV, therefore the Antidegradation Analysis Module 3 is included. ABACT BMPs are proposed for use.

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ISSUED FOR BIDS 1/30/2023 REVISED DRAWINGS PER BCCD REVIEW E-MAIL, DATED 07/31/2023. NPDES PERMIT #PAD060047, PHASE #2 SUBMISSION Date EROSION & SEDIMENTATION CONTROL



TH THE FULL REQUIREMENTS OF THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS

TOWNSHIP OF CUMRU

CUMRU TOWNSHIP, BERKS CO., PA.

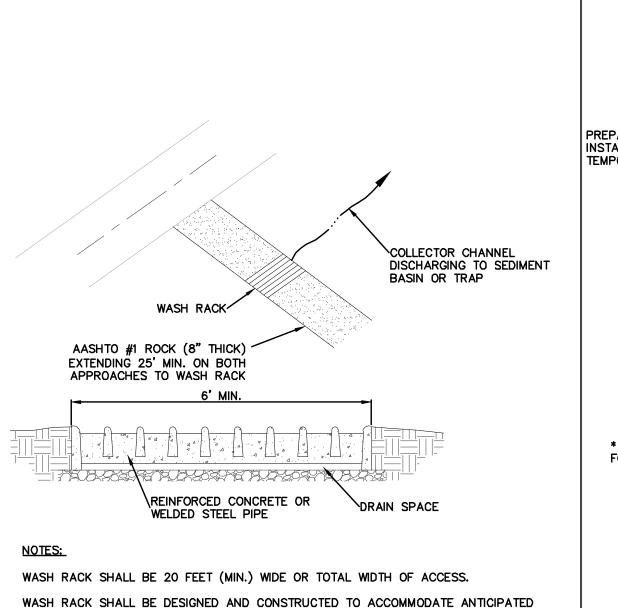
CUMRU FIRE DEPARTMENT NEW BUILDING



920 GERMANTOWN PIKE, SUITE 200, PLYMOUTH MEETING, PA 19462

B. Fertilizers:

Jeffrey E. Skinner PE-042652-E SU-052889-



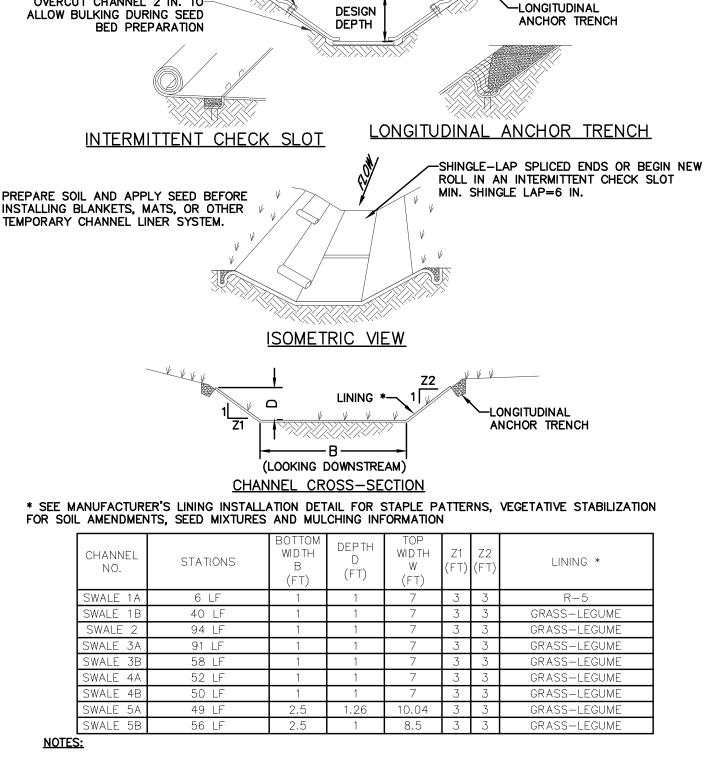
WASH RACK SHALL BE DESIGNED AND CONSTRUCTED TO ACCOMMODATE ANTICIPATED CONSTRUCTION VEHICULAR TRAFFIC.

A WATER SUPPLY SHALL BE MADE AVAILABLE TO WASH THE WHEELS OF ALL VEHICLES EXITING THE SITE.

MAINTAINED TO THE SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS BY ADDING ROCK. A STOCKPILE OF ROCK MATERIAL SHALL BE MAINTAINED ON SITE FOR THIS PURPOSE, DRAIN SPACE UNDER WASH RACK SHALL BE KEPT OPEN AT ALL TIMES. DAMAGE TO THE WASH RACK SHALL BE REPAIRED PRIOR TO FURTHER USE OF THE RACK. ALL SEDIMENT DEPOSITED ON ROADWAYS SHALL BE REMOVED AND RETURNED TO THE CONSTRUCTION SITE IMMEDIATELY. WASHING THE ROADWAY OR SWEEPING THE DEPOSITS INTO ROADWAY DITCHES, SEWERS, CULVERTS, OR OTHER DRAINAGE COURSES IS NOT ACCEPTABLE.

MAINTENANCE: ROCK CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE THICKNESS SHALL BE CONSTANTLY

STANDARD CONSTRUCTION DETAIL #3-2 ROCK CONSTRUCTION ACCESS WITH WASH RACK 166.3



ANCHOR TRENCHES SHALL BE INSTALLED AT BEGINNING AND END OF CHANNEL IN THE SAME MANNER AS

CHANNEL DIMENSIONS SHALL BE CONSTANTLY MAINTAINED. CHANNEL SHALL BE CLEANED WHENEVER TOTAL

SEDIMENT DEPOSITS SHALL BE REMOVED WITHIN 24 HOURS OF DISCOVERY OR AS SOON AS SOIL CONDITIONS

PERMIT ACCESS TO CHANNEL WITHOUT FURTHER DAMAGE. DAMAGED LINING SHALL BE REPAIRED OR REPLACED

NO MORE THAN ONE THIRD OF THE SHOOT (GRASS LEAF) SHALL BE REMOVED IN ANY MOWING. GRASS HEIGHT

SHALL BE MAINTAINED BETWEEN 2 AND 3 INCHES UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED. EXCESS VEGETATION SHALL

STANDARD CONSTRUCTION DETAIL #6-1/

、166.3*/* 

VEGETATED CHANNEL

NOT TO SCALE

BE REMOVED FROM PERMANENT CHANNELS TO ENSURE SUFFICIENT CHANNEL CAPACITY.

EXCAVATE CHANNEL TO DESIGN GRADE AND

CROSS SECTION

6 IN. MIN.

OVERCUT CHANNEL 2 IN. TO-

LONGITUDINAL ANCHOR TRENCHES.

WITHIN 48 HOURS OF DISCOVERY.

CHANNEL DEPTH IS REDUCED BY 25% AT ANY LOCATION.

-SOIL BACKFILL

✓INLET GRATE BAG REMOVAL FROM EXPANSION RESTRAINT (1/4 IN. NYLON ROPE) MÁX. DRAINAGE AREA = 1/2 ACRE. **-**2 IN X 2 IN. X 3/4 IN. RUBBER BLOCK ISOMETRIC VIEW INSTALLATION DETAIL

INLET PROTECTION SHALL NOT BE REQUIRED FOR INLET TRIBUTARY TO SEDIMENT BASIN OR TRAP. BERMS SHALL BE REQUIRED FOR ALL INSTALLATIONS.

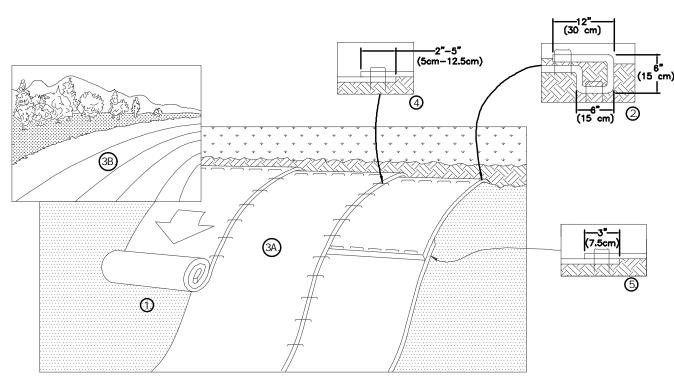
ROLLED EARTHEN BERM IN ROADWAY SHALL BE MAINTAINED UNTIL ROADWAY IS STONED. ROAD SUBBASE BERM ON ROADWAY SHALL BE MAINTAINED UNTIL ROADWAY IS PAVED. EARTHEN BERM IN CHANNEL SHALL BE MAINTAINED UNTIL PERMANENT STABILIZATION IS COMPLETED OR

AT A MINIMUM, THE FABRIC SHALL HAVE A MINIMUM GRAB TENSILE STRENGTH OF 120 LBS., A MINIMUM BURST STRENGTH OF 200 PSI, AND A MINIMUM TRAPEZOIDAL TEAR STRENGTH OF 50 LBS. FILTER BAGS SHALL BE CAPABLE OF TRAPPING ALL PARTICLES NOT PASSING A NO.

INLET FILTER BAGS SHALL BE INSPECTED ON A WEEKLY BASIS AND AFTER EACH RUNOFF EVENT. BAGS SHALL BE EMPTIED AND RINSED OR REPLACED WHEN HALF FULL OR WHEN FLOW CAPACITY HAS BEEN REDUCED SO AS TO CAUSE FLOODING OR BYPASSING OF THE INLET. DAMAGED OR CLOGGED BAGS SHALL BE REPLACED. A SUPPLY SHALL BE MAINTAINED ON SITE FOR REPLACEMENT OF BAGS, ALL NEEDED REPAIRS SHALL BE INITIATED IMMEDIATELY AFTER THE INSPECTION. DISPOSE ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT AS WELL AS ALL USED BAGS ACCORDING TO THE PLAN NOTES.

DO NOT USE ON MAJOR PAVED ROADWAYS WHERE PONDING MAY CAUSE TRAFFIC





PREPARE SOIL BEFORE INSTALLING BLANKETS, INCLUDING ANY NECESSARY APPLICATION OF LIME, FERTILIZER, AND SEED. NOTE: WHEN USING CELL-O-SEED DO NOT SEED PREPARED AREA. CELL-O-SEED(TM) MUST BE INSTALLED WITH PAPER

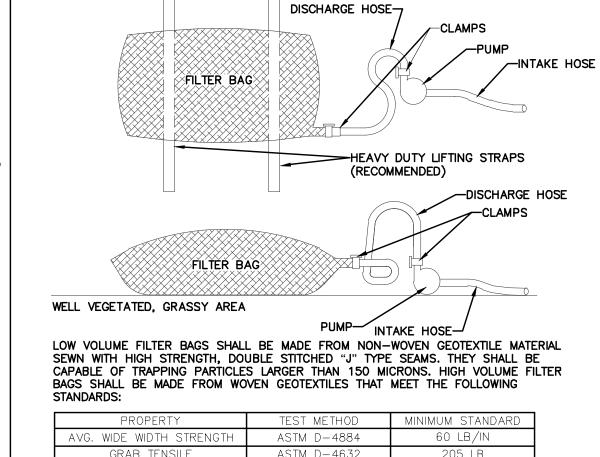
2. BEGIN AT THE TOP OF THE SLOPE BY ANCHORING THE BLANKET IN A 6" (15cm) DEEP X 6" (15cm) WIDE TRENCH WITH APPROXIMATELY 12" (30cm) OF BLANKET EXTENDED BEYOND THE UP-SLOPE PORTION OF THE TRENCH. ANCHOR THE BLANKET WITH A ROW OF STAPLES/STAKES APPROXIMATELY 12" (30cm) APART IN THE BOTTOM OF THE TRENCH. BACKFILL AND COMPACT THE TRENCH AFTER STAPLING. APPLY SEED TO COMPACTED SOIL AND FOLD REMAINING 12" (30cm) PORTION OF BLANKET BACK OVER SEED AND COMPACTED SOIL. SECURE BLANKET OVER COMPACTED SOIL WITH A ROW OF STAPLES/STAKES SPACED APPROXIMATELY 12" (30cm) APART ACROSS THE WIDTH OF THE BLANKET.

3. ROLL THE BLANKETS (A.) DOWN OR (B.) HORIZONTALLY ACROSS THE SLOPE.
BLANKETS WILL UNROLL WITH APPROPRIATE SIDE AGAINST THE SOIL SURFACE. ALL BLANKETS MUST BE SECURELY FASTENED TO SOIL SURFACE BY PLACING STAPLES/STAKES IN APPROPRIATE LOCATIONS AS SHOWN IN THE STAPLE PATTERN GUIDE. WHEN USING OPTIONAL DOT SYSTEM, STAPLES/STAKES SHOULD BE PLACED THROUGH EACH OF THE COLORED DOTS CORRESPONDING TO THE APPROPRIATE

THE EDGES OF PARALLEL BLANKETS MUST BE STAPLED WITH APPROXIMATELY 2"-5" (5cm-12.5cm) OVERLAP DEPENDING ON BLANKET TYPE. TO ENSURE PROPER SEAM ALIGNMENT, PLACE THE EDGE OF THE OVERLAPPING BLANKET (BLANKET BEING INSTALLED ON TOP) EVEN WITH THE COLORED SEAM STITCH ON THE PREVIOUSLY INSTALLED BLANKET.

5. CONSECUTIVE BLANKETS SPLICED DOWN THE SLOPE MUST BE PLACED END OVER END (SHINGLE STYLE) WITH AN APPROXIMATE 3" (7.5cm) OVERLAP. STAPLE THROUGH OVERLAPPED AREA, APPROXIMATELY 12" (30cm) APART ACROSS ENTIRE BLANKET WIDTH. NOTE: \*IN LOOSE SOIL CONDITIONS, THÉ USE OF STAPLE OR STAKE LENGTHS GREATER THAN 6" (15cm) MAY BE NECESSARY TO PROPERLY SECURE THE BLANKETS.





WELL VEGETATED, GRASSY AREA

A SUITABLE MEANS OF ACCESSING THE BAG WITH MACHINERY REQUIRED FOR DISPOSAL PURPOSES SHALL BE PROVIDED. FILTER BAGS SHALL BE REPLACED WHEN THEY BECOME 1/2 FULL OF SEDIMENT. SPARE BAGS SHALL BE KEPT AVAILABLE FOR REPLACEMENT OF THOSE THAT HAVE FAILED OR ARE FILLED. BAGS SHALL BE PLACED ON STRAPS TO FACILITATE REMOVAL UNLESS BAGS COME WITH LIFTING STRAPS ALREADY ATTACHED.

AOS % RETAINED

ASTM D-3786

ASTM D-4751

350 PSI

BAGS SHALL BE LOCATED IN WELL-VEGETATED (GRASSY) AREA, AND DISCHARGE ONTO STABLE, EROSION RESISTANT AREAS. WHERE THIS IS NOT POSSIBLE, A GEOTEXTILE UNDERLAYMENT AND FLOW PATH SHALL BE PROVIDED. BAGS MAY BE PLACED ON FILTER STONE TO INCREASE DISCHARGE CAPACITY. BAGS SHALL NOT BE PLACED ON SLOPES GREATER THAN 5%. FOR SLOPES EXCEEDING 5%, CLEAN ROCK OR OTHER NON-ERODIBLE AND NON-POLLUTING MATERIAL MAY BE PLACED UNDER THE BAG TO REDUCE SLOPE

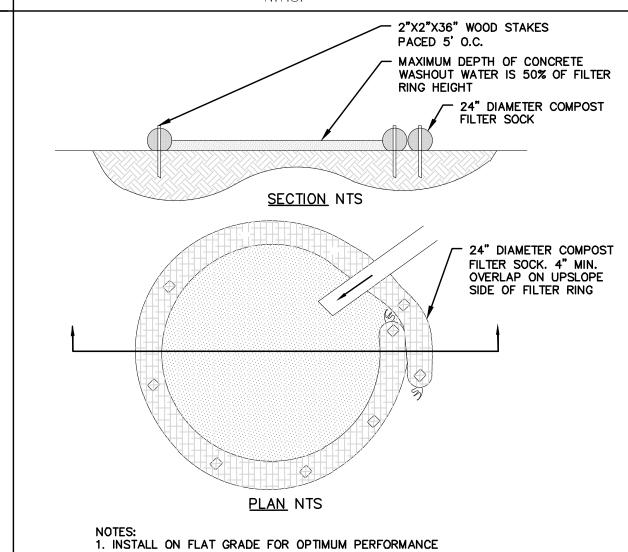
NO DOWN SLOPE SEDIMENT BARRIER IS REQUIRED FOR MOST INSTALLATIONS. COMPOST BERM OR COMPOST FILTER SOCK SHALL BE INSTALLED BELOW BAGS LOCATED IN HQ OR EV WATERSHEDS, WITHIN 50 FEET OF ANY RECEIVING SURFACE WATER OR WHERE GRASSY AREA IS NOT AVAILABLE.

THE PUMP DISCHARGE HOSE SHALL BE INSERTED INTO THE BAGS IN THE MANNER SPECIFIED BY THE MANUFACTURER AND SECURELY CLAMPED. A PIECE OF PVC PIPE IS RECOMMENDED FOR THIS PURPOSE.

THE PUMPING RATE SHALL BE NO GREATER THAN 750 GPM OR 1/2 THE MAXIMUM SPECIFIED BY THE MANUFACTURER, WHICHEVER IS LESS. PUMP INTAKES SHALL BE FLOATING AND SCREENED.

FILTER BAGS SHALL BE INSPECTED DAILY. IF ANY PROBLEM IS DETECTED, PUMPING IMMEDIATELY AND NOT RESUME UNTIL THE PROBLEM IS CORRECTED.

STANDARD CONSTRUCTION DETAIL 5



2. 18" DIAMETER FILTER SOCK MAY BE STAKED ONTO DOUBLE 24" DIAMETER SOCKS IN PYRAMIDAL CONFIGURATION FOR ADDED HEIGHT. A SUITABLE IMPERVIOUS GROMEMBRANE SHALL BE PLACED AT THE LOCATION OF THE WASHOUT PRIOR TO INSTALLING THE SOCKS.

> TYPICAL COMPOST SOCK WASHOUT INSTALLATION 10

DRAWINGS AND THE PROJECT CUMENTS MADE IN ADDENDA 1-4 THE BID DOCUMENTS (DRAWINGS NERS ACCEPTED BID ALTERNATE: CONTINGENCIES. THIS CONFORM ROM COMPLIANCE WITH THE FULL EQUIREMENTS OF THE CONTRACT

ISSUED FOR BIDS Date

Jeffrev E. Skinner

PE-042652-E

SU-052889-

REVISED DRAWINGS PER BCCD REVIEW E-MAIL, DATED 07/31/2023. NPDES PERMIT #PAD060047, PHASE #2 SUBMISSION EROSION & SEDIMENTATION CONTROL

CUMRU FIRE DEPARTMENT NEW BUILDING

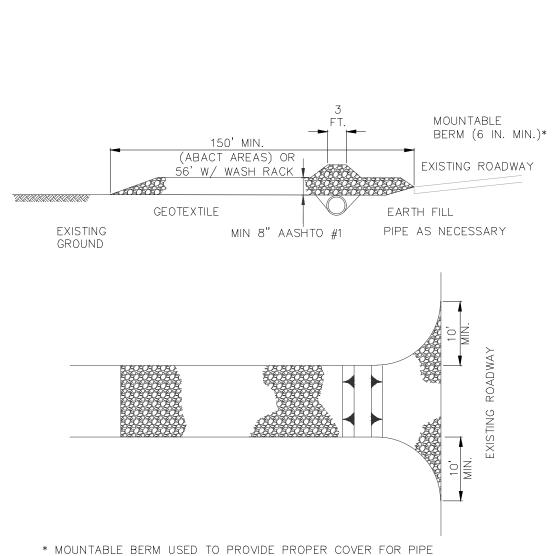
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ATLAC 

PLYMOUTH MEETING, PA 19462

920 GERMANTOWN PIKE, SUITE 200,

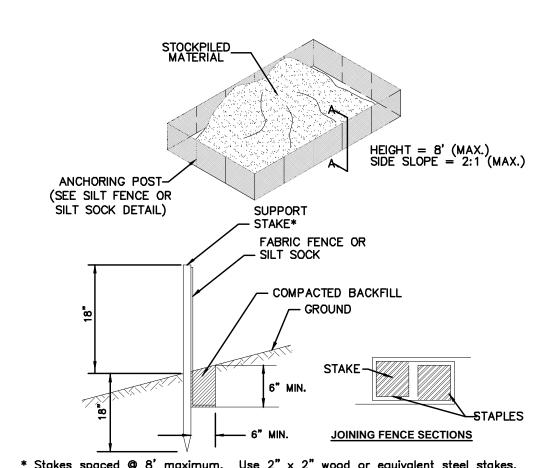


REMOVE TOPSOIL PRIOR TO INSTALLATION OF ROCK CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE. EXTEND ROCK OVER FULL WIDTH OF ENTRANCE.

MOUNTABLE BERM SHALL BE INSTALLED WHEREVER OPTIONAL CULVERT PIPE IS USED AND PROPER PIPE COVER AS SPECIFIED BY MANUFACTURER IS NOT OTHERWISE PROVIDED. PIPE SHALL BE SIZED APPROPRIATELY FOR SIZE OF DITCH BEING CROSSED. MAINTENANCE: ROCK CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE THICKNESS SHALL BE CONSTANTLY MAINTAINED TO THE SPECIFIED DIMENSIONS BY ADDING ROCK, A STOCKPILE SHALL BE MAINTAINED ON SITE

FOR THIS PURPOSE. ALL SEDIMENT DEPOSITED ON PAVED ROADWAYS SHALL BE REMOVED AND RETURNED TO THE CONSTRUCTION SITE IMMEDIATELY. IF EXCESSIVE AMOUNTS OF SEDIMENT ARE BEING DEPOSITED ON ROADWAY, EXTEND LENGTH OF ROCK CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE BY 150 FOOT INCREMENTS UNTIL CONDITION IS ALLEVIATED OR INSTALL WASH RACK. WASHING THE ROADWAY OR SWEEPING THE DEPOSITS INTO ROADWAY DITCHES, SEWERS, CULVERTS, OR OTHER DRAINAGE COURSES IS NOT ACCEPTABLE.

> STANDARD CONSTRUCTION DETAIL 6 ROCK CONSTRUCTION ENTRANCE 166.3



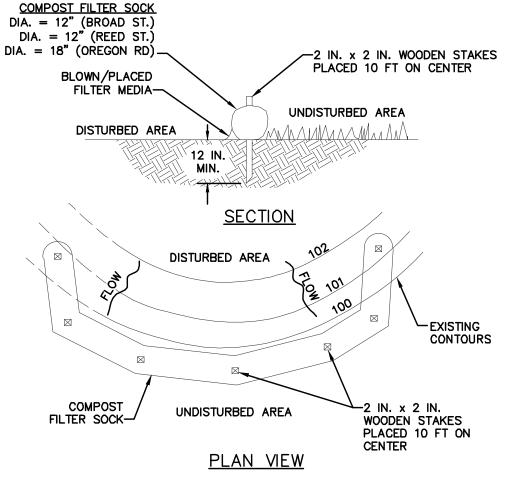
\* Stakes spaced @ 8' maximum. Use 2" x 2" wood or equivalent steel stakes. Filter Fabric Fence must be placed at level existing grade. Both ends of the barrier must be extended at least 8 feet up slope at 45 degrees to the main

Sediment must be removed when accumulations reach 1/2 the above ground height

Any section of Filter Fabric Fence which has been undermined or topped must be immediately replaced with a Rock Filter Outlet. See Standard Construction Detail

INSTALL SILT FENCE OR SILT SOCK DOWN SLOPE OF ALL STOCKPILE AREAS.

TOPSOIL & CLEAN SPOILS STOCKPILE CONTROL



COMPOST FILTER SOCK SHALL BE PLACED AT EXISTING LEVEL GRADE. BOTH ENDS OF THE SOCK SHALL BE EXTENDED AT LEAST 8 FEET UP SLOPE AT 45 DEGREES TO THE MAIN SOCK ALIGNMENT (FIGURE 4.1). MAXIMUM SLOPE LENGTH ABOVE ANY SOCK SHALL NOT EXCEED THAT SHOWN ON FIGURE 4.2. STAKES MAY BE INSTALLED IMMEDIATELY DOWN SLOPE OF THE SOCK IF SO SPECIFIED BY THE MANUFACTURER.

TRAFFIC SHALL NOT BE PERMITTED TO CROSS FILTER SOCKS. ACCUMULATED SEDIMENT SHALL BE REMOVED WHEN IT REACHES HALF THE

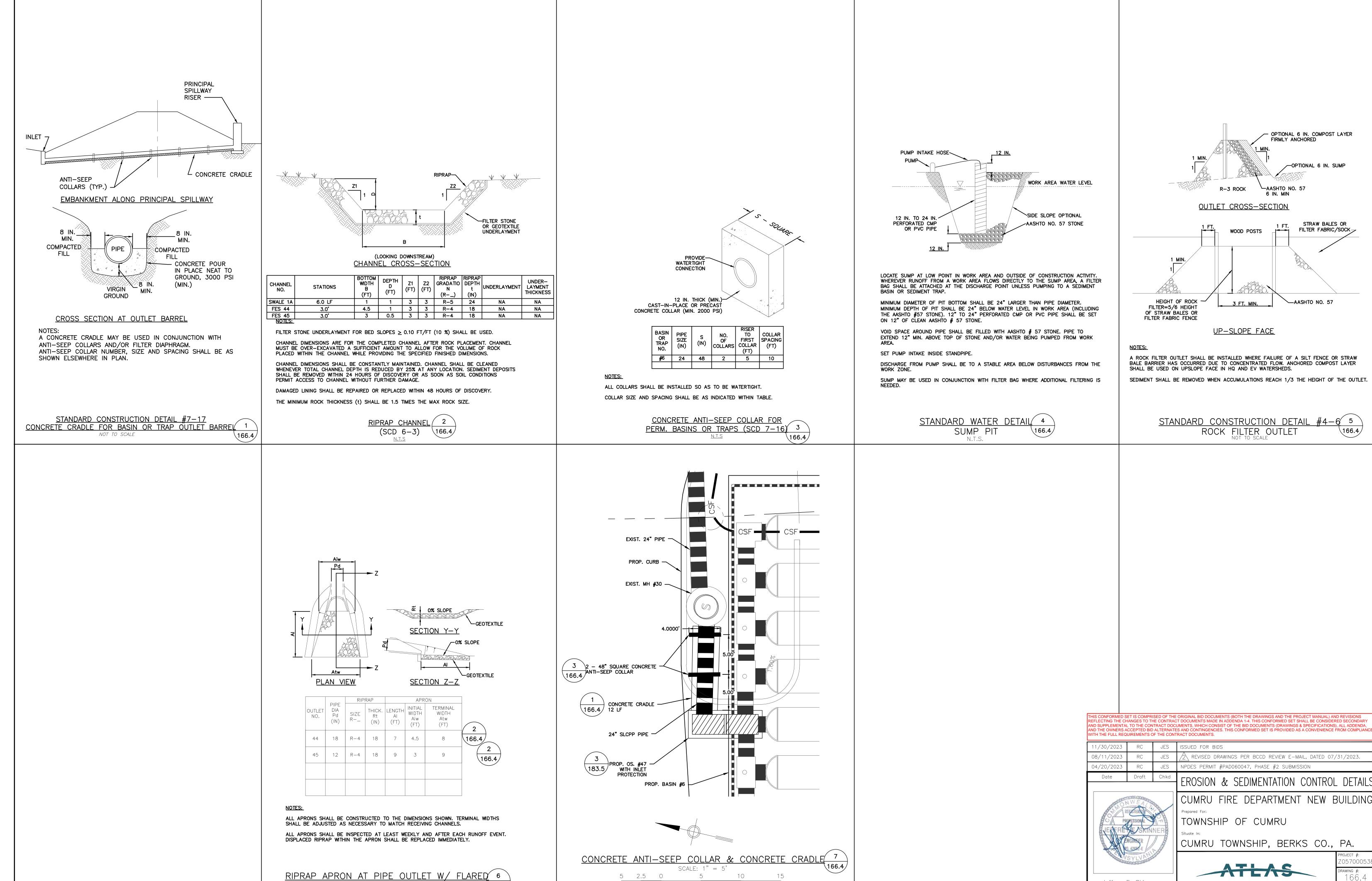
ABOVEGROUND HEIGHT OF THE SOCK AND DISPOSED IN THE MANNER DESCRIBED SOCKS SHALL BE INSPECTED WEEKLY AND AFTER EACH RUNOFF EVENT. DAMAGED SOCKS SHALL BE REPAIRED ACCORDING TO MANUFACTURER'S SPECIFICATIONS OR

ACCORDING TO MANUFACTURER'S RECOMMENDATIONS.

REPLACED WITHIN 24 HOURS OF INSPECTION. BIODEGRADABLE FILTER SOCKS SHALL BE REPLACED AFTER 6 MONTHS; PHOTODEGRADABLE SOCKS AFTER 1 YEAR. POLYPROPYLENE SOCKS SHALL BE REPLACED

UPON STABILIZATION OF THE AREA TRIBUTARY TO THE SOCK, STAKES SHALL BE REMOVED. THE SOCK MAY BE LEFT IN PLACE AND VEGETATED OR REMOVED. IN THE LATTER CASE, THE MESH SHALL BE CUT OPEN AND THE MULCH SPREAD AS A SOIL SUPPLEMENT.

STANDARD CONSTRUCTION DETAIL



SCALE IN FEET

(SCD 9-1)

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166.4

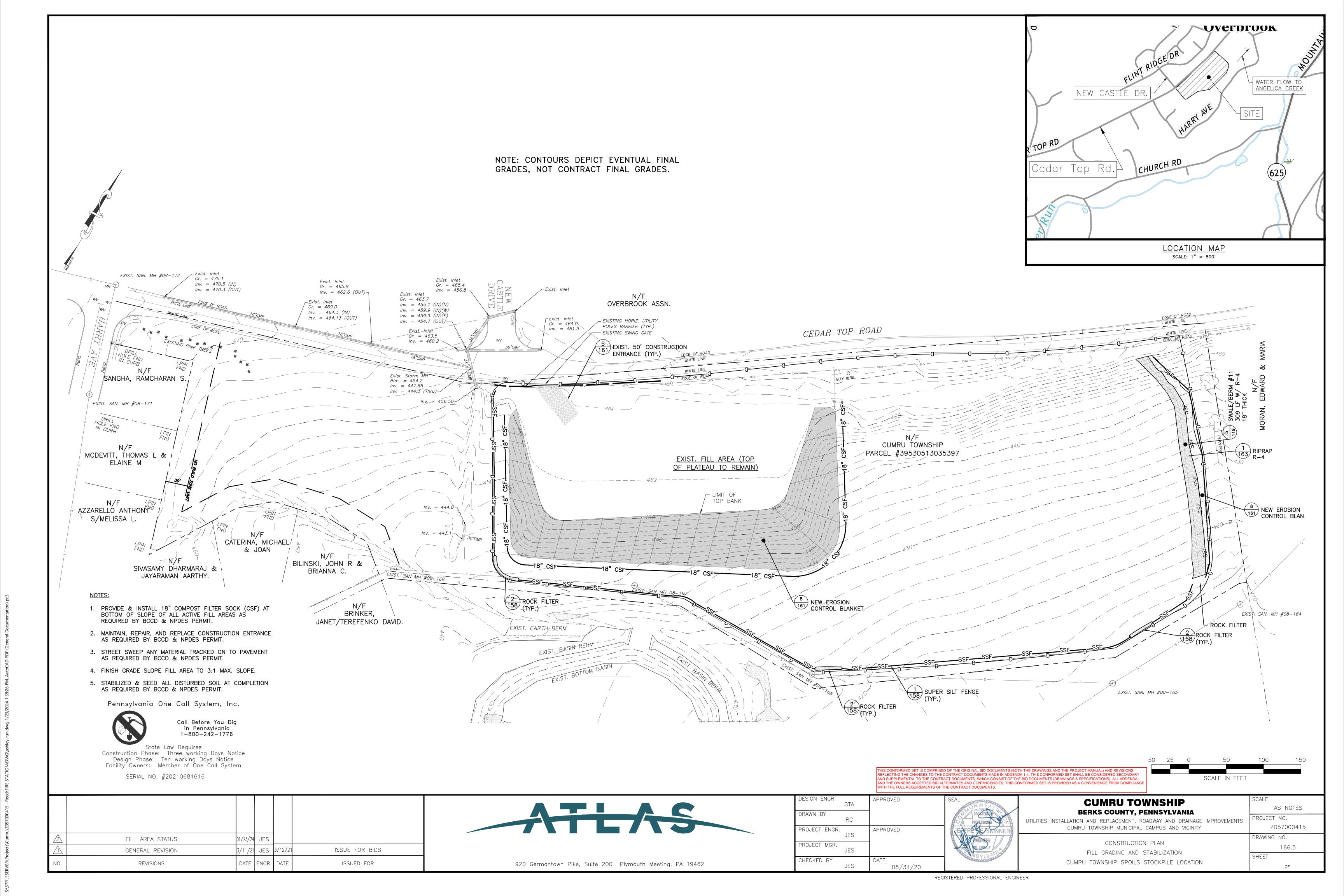
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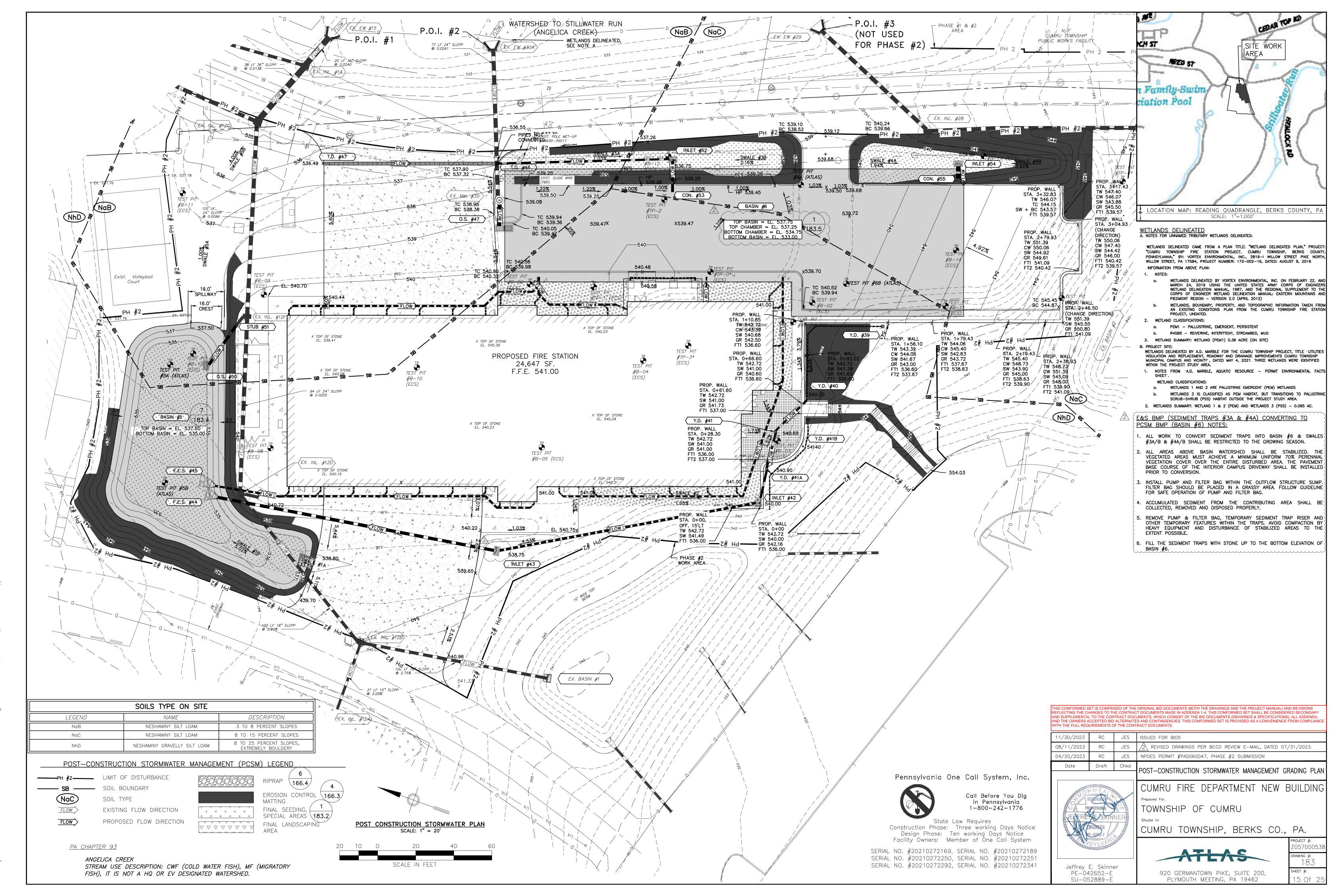
Jeffrey E. Skinner

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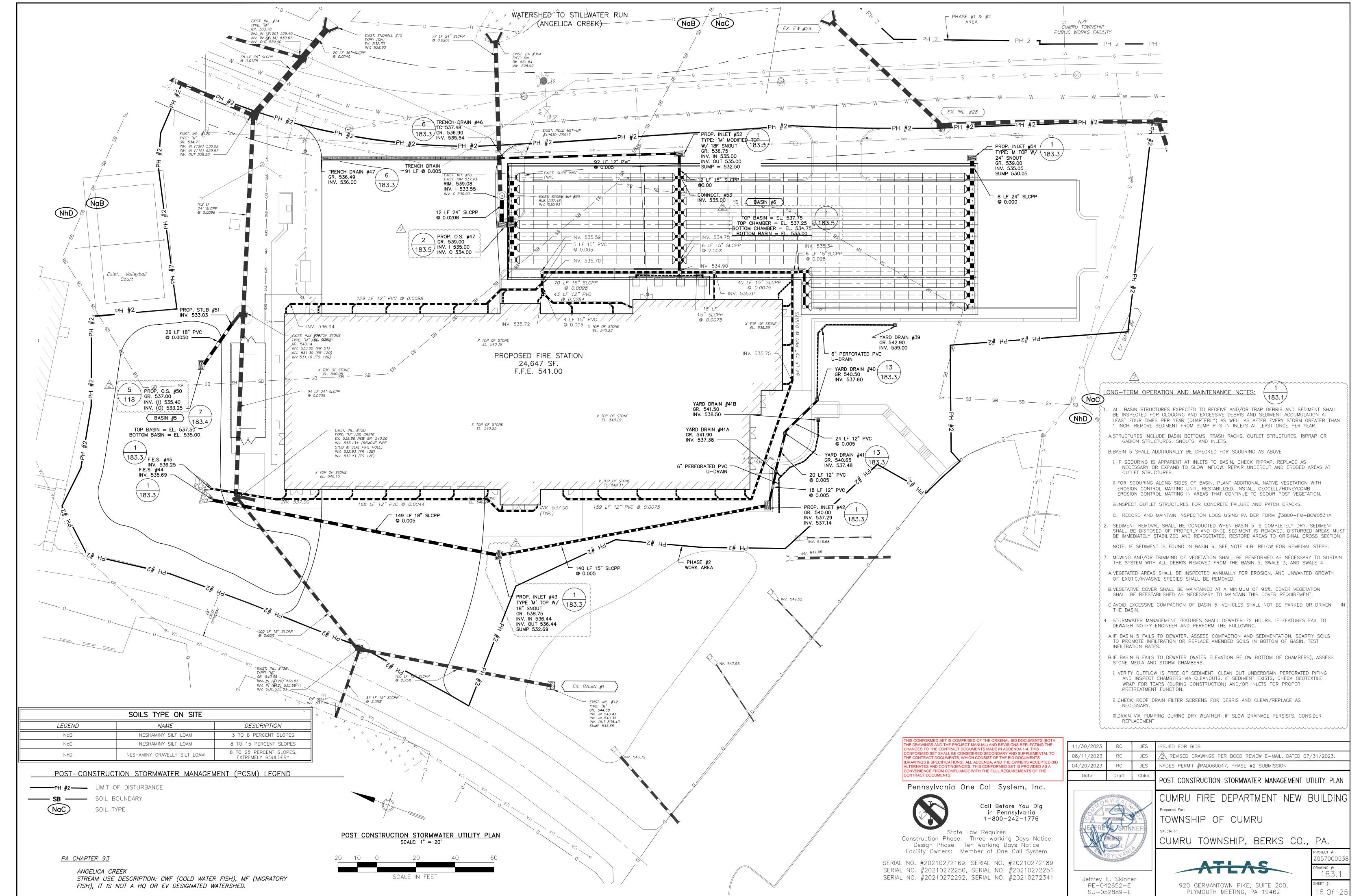
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## A selection of absorbent socks, mat pads, barrel top pads, etc., of various sizes will be kept onsite by the

11. During concrete work, steps shall be taken to assure that no pollution enters waterways. Concrete mixer truck washings shall be deposited onsite into a container specially—designed for the purpose. The container shall be located in a specified area as far upslope on the site as practicable to best prevent migration of materials into streams,

12. Particular attention shall be given to equipment refueling operations. Refueling shall only occur as far upslope on the site as practicable. The location shall be protected by a containment dike and secured from vandalism. Operators shall be familiar with the proper emergency response procedures and contact information in the event of a spill.

13. The site shall be inspected daily for evidence of existing or potential spills or leaks, vandalism, and the condition and quantity of cleanup materials.

14. Material Management Practices.

The following material management practices shall be used to reduce the risk of spills or other accidental discharge of materials and substances to storm water runoff:

<u>contractor.</u>

The following good housekeeping practices shall be followed onsite during construction: All efforts shall be made to store only enough products onsite as are required to do the job.

Materials stored onsite shall be stored in a neat, orderly manner in appropriate containers and, if possible, under

a roof or other enclosure. Products shall be kept in their original containers with the original manufacturer's label.

Substances shall not be mixed with one another unless recommended by the manufacturer.

Whenever possible, all of a product shall be used up before disposing of the container. Manufacturer's recommendations for proper use and disposal shall be strictly followed.

The contractor's site superintendent shall perform daily inspections to ensure proper use and disposal of materials

At least once per month, the contractor's safety consultant shall inspect the premises to confirm conformance to all OSHA regulations.

B. Hazardous Products:

The practices described below shall be used to reduce the risks associated with hazardous materials:

Products shall be kept in their original containers unless they are not resealable. Original labels and material safety data sheets (MSDS's) shall be retained at the jobsite.

If surplus materials must be disposed of, manufacturer's or local and State recommended methods for proper offsite disposal shall be followed.

15. Product-Specific Practices

The following product-specific practices shall be followed onsite:

All onsite vehicles and equipment shall be monitored daily for leaks and shall receive regular preventive maintenance to reduce the chance of leakage. Petroleum products shall be stored in tightly—sealed containers which are clearly labeled. Any asphaltic material used onsite shall only be applied according to the manufacturer's recommendations.

B. Fertilizers:

Fertilizers used shall be applied only in the minimum amount recommended by the manufacturer. Once applied, fertilizer shall be worked into the soil to limit exposure to stormwater. Storage shall be in a covered shed. The contents of any partially—used bags of fertilizer shall be immediately transferred to a sealable plastic bin to avoid spills.

All containers shall be tightly sealed and stored when not in use. Excess paint shall not be disposed of in the storm sewer system, it shall be properly disposed of according to the manufacturer's instructions or per State and local requirements.

D. Concrete Truck Washout Materials:

Concrete truck washout materials shall be deposited onsite into a container specifically designed for the purpose. The container shall be located in a specific area as far upslope on the site as practicable to best prevent migration of materials into streams, drainage ways or storm sewers. Once cured and hardened, the concrete shall be removed from the site and properly disposed of.

16. Spill Prevention Practices

In addition to the good housekeeping and material management practices described above, the following practices shall be followed for spill prevention and cleanup: The manufacturer's recommended methods for spill cleanup shall be clearly posted, and site personnel shall be

trained in the proper procedures and the location of the information and cleanup supplies. Materials and the equipment necessary for spill cleanup shall be kept onsite. Equipment and materials shall

include, but not limited to: Brooms, dust pans, mops, rags, gloves, goggles, absorbent granular material, sand, sawdust, and plastic and metal trash containers specifically for this purpose.

The spill area shall be kept well ventilated and personnel shall wear appropriate protective clothing to prevent contact with a hazardous substance. All spills of toxic or hazardous material, regardless of the size of the spill, shall be reported immediately via text, email or in writing to the Engineer, the Owner, and the appropriate local and State government agencies.

The spill prevention plan shall be revised to include measures to prevent any type of spill from recurring, and to

confirm how to clean up a spill if there is another one. A description of the spill, what caused it, and the

cleanup measures used shall also be included in the written spill report. The contractor's site superintendent responsible for the day—to—day site operations shall be the project's spill prevention and cleanup coordinator. The superintendent shall designate at least three (3) other site personnel, who shall receive spill prevention and cleanup training. The names and cell phone numbers of these responsible spill personnel shall be posted prominently onsite. These individuals shall each be made responsible for a

17. Site Security

All materials requiring security shall be kept locked within secure containers stored in a designated secure area.

18. All construction and site activities shall be performed in accordance with the specifications and plans approved by the appropriate governmental authorities. Activities may also be monitored and inspected by the municipal engineer, related agency inspectors, and the municipal water/sewer authorities.

#### POST-CONSTRUCTION STORMWATER MANAGEMENT (PCSM) PLAN NARRATIVE

General PCSM planning and design \$102.8(b)

particular phase of spill prevention and cleanup.

All spills shall be cleaned up immediately after discovery.

The Post Construction Stormwater Management Plans for the project are labeled as "Post Construction Stormwater Management Plans" and are the final site construction plans.

This construction and restoration project proposes no change of use, no land subdivision and no land development, as the utilities will be underground within the existing road right—of—way. There are no new buildings as part of Phase 1, although construction is in consideration of a proposed fire station to be constructed in Phase 2. The client is the municipality. County planning/zoning consistency letter is applicable but not provided and is contingent on this permits approval. Documentation that the PCSM Plan was prepared by a person trained and experienced in PCSM design methods and

techniques applicable to the size and scope of the project is provided in ATTACHMENT G. Phase 1 of the project includes plans to revitalize storm swales along Welsh Road, enlarge and rehabilitate stormwater management basins on the Township Campus, and regrade parts of the township campus in preparation for the new fire station to be constructed in a later phase. No new impervious areas are proposed with Phase 1 of the project. Revitalization of the stormwater drainage channels along Welsh Road will aid in the quality of the stormwater that drains to the municipal separate stormwater collection system to which the swale drains. Enlargement and rehabilitation of the stormwater management basins will prevent an increase in the rate of stormwater runoff. Revitalization will lessen peak flows, as will the regrading of the field in preparation for the proposed fire station to be constructed during Phase 2. This preserves stream

New impervious areas are proposed with Phase 2 of the project. New stormwater sources providing an increase in stormwater runoff volume include the aforementioned fire station building, the fire station driveways, and the fire station parking lot. New stormwater management basins will prevent a large increase in the rate of stormwater runoff and lessen peak flows. Due to low infiltration rates in the area, a managed release concept (MRC) is proposed to manage the increase in volume for part of the site. One basin will employ infiltration. This preserves stream channels and water quality for receiving waterways as sediment will have more time to settle out of runoff.

No new impervious areas are proposed with Phase 1 of the project. Only impervious areas are those that are to be restored as part of the utilities install and replacement.

Existing vegetation is protected by maintaining the smallest possible limit of disturbance. Existing drainage features are to be utilized and revitalized as part of the project, specifically the drainage swale along Welsh Road between the township building driveway and the location of the future fire station driveway and the stormwater management basin located to the north of the township building within the township campus. During Phase 2, temporary sediment basins 3 and 4 will be replaced with an underground infiltration gallery, Basin 6, which will be designed as a MRC.

No wooded areas need to be cleared, as the areas are already open fields. Areas to be regraded include along Welsh Road to raise the low point and to realign a section where a building is to be removed, and within the township campus to prepare of the new foundation for the proposed fire station. Clearing and grading has been further minimized by replacing the sanitary sewer in place within the road right—of—way and placing the new water line within the existing right—of—way. The limits of disturbance are shown on the drawings. Construction equipment paths are also provided. Construction equipment will not be allowed to travel on surfaces that have been newly restored with native vegetation and ground cover, thereby minimizing soil compaction.

Existing topographic features of the project site and the immediate surrounding area §102.8(f)(1) The topography of the project site is shown on the site drawings, by use of contours at one foot intervals.

A USGS quadrangle map is provided on the drawings. The types of ground cover are labeled on the drawings.

Types, depth, slope, locations and limitations of the soils and geologic formations \$102.8(f)(2)The maps of soil types and limits related to the project were identified using the NRCS Web Soil Survey website. The soil

survey map pertaining to the project is provided in ATTACHMENT E, attached to the E&SC Narrative, and is shown on the drawings. Per the PADEP E&SC Chapter 102 Manual, Appendix E, soil use limitations and their resolutions provided Soil borings were completed within the township campus. The results of those borings are included in ATTACHMENT P. Infiltration tests were completed by ECS in 2018 and additional tests by Atlas in 2023.

There are no apparent, naturally occurring geologic formations or soil conditions having the potential to cause pollution during typical construction earth-disturbance activities.

Characteristics of the project site, including the past, present and proposed land uses and the proposed alteration to the project site \$102.8(f)(3)

The limit of disturbance is shown on the drawings. The limit of disturbance is the NPDES permit boundary. The total area of disturbance for the project is approximately 17.36 acres of which 16.83 acres will be disturbed. Phase 2 consists of changes to 2.53 acres within the disturbance area from Phase 1. Continued disturbance in other permitted areas is expected.

The existing topography and ground cover will be restored as closely as possible to pre-disturbance conditions in street areas outside of the section of Welsh Road that, as noted on the plan, will be regraded to an elevation three feet higher during Phase 1. Phase 2 includes changes to topography to the township campus to accommodate the new fire station, parking lot, and stormwater management basins.

There are proposed plan to construct a fire station within the bounds of the project area during Phase 2. Plans contained in Phase 1 are made with this in mind, most notably, the regrading of Welsh Road to prevent damage to the fire trucks entering and exiting the station.

There is one new proposed post construction stormwater management best management practices in Phase 1 of the project. Phase 2 introduces two new PCSM BMPS, an infiltration basin, installed between the new fire station and the recreation center, and an infiltration gallery (stormwater detention basin), installed beneath the parking lot of the new fire station.

## Net change in volume and rate of stormwater \$102.8(f)(4)

The Design storms used for the calculations are listed in the Existing and Proposed Stormwater Runoff TR-20 Analysis Output via HydroCAD for Phases 1 and 2 (ATTACHMENT K and L) as well as the TR-20 Analysis Input Parameter Summary for Phase 1 (ATTACHMENT I).

The pre— and post—construction hydrology runoff rate and volume are identified for each drainage area of the entire project site in the TR-20 Analysis Output for Existing and Proposed conditions via HydroCAD for Phases 1 and 2 (ATTACHMENT K and L) and TR-20 Analysis Output Comparisons for Phase 1 (ATTACHMENT J).

The net change in runoff rate and volume are identified for each drainage area of the entire project site in the Existing and Proposed Stormwater Runoff TR—20 Analysis Outputs via HydroCAD for Phases 1 and 2 (ATTACHMENT K and L).

The summary table in the NOI is consistent with the calculations provided (ATTACHMENT I through L). Documentation summarizing the alternative approach's design criteria for rate, volume, and water quality are not applicable.

## Receiving surface waters \$102.8(f)(5)

An alternative approach was not utilized.

Existing streams, wetlands, floodways, and watercourses, as applicable, are shown and labeled on the drawings. The designated use of the receiving stream basin, the Wyomissing Creek and Angelica Creek, per the PADEP Chapter 93 classification, is HQ—CWF (High Quality — Cold Water Fishes), MF (Migratory Fishes) and CWF, MF respectively. There is no existing use listed.

The west side of the project site is located within a high quality (HQ) watershed, Wyomissing Creek. A boundary line has been drawn on the plans. All actions on the west side can be classified as restoration

There are no hydric soils listed per the NRCS Web Soil Survey though. NaB and NaC — both Neshaminy silt loams of different slopes have hydric elements to them. There are wetlands to the east of the project site, per the NWI website, and a wetlands investigation was conducted. Wetlands are delineated on the plans. They are located outside the limit of

## Written Description of the PCSM BMPs §102.8(f)(6)

There is one new proposed permanent post-construction stormwater management best management practices, a stormwater detention basin, during Phase 1. Phase 2 introduces two new permanent PCSM BMPs, an infiltration basin and a stormwater detention basin. The basins are visible and labeled on the plans. Details for the basins, including the outlet structures and profiles including key elevations and features of the outlets, are present on the plans. Existing permanent PCSM BMPs are also labeled on the plans including details for the retrofit of the existing basin. Specifications for final stabilization are shown on the plans. Final stabilization is considered 70% vegetative cover or better. There is one new permanent PCSM BMPs and one existing PCSM BMP shown on the plans. Details for the changes to the

existing PCSM BMP and for the new PCSM BMP are included on the plans. BMPs include the use of a proprietary technology, the Snout and StormKeeper arches. Manufacturer specifications for install

and requirements for proper function are on the plans.

## Sequence of PCSM BMP implementation or installation §102.8(f)(7)

There are permanent PCSM BMPs, Basin #1 and Basin #2 during Phase 1, and Basin #5 and Basin #6 during Phase 2. As required, a complete and site specific sequence of BMP installations is shown on the drawings. A sequence of construction are included for the proposed changes to the existing permanent PCSM BMPs Basin #1 and for the install of new Basin #2 during Phase 1 and Basin #5 during Phase 2. Basins #3 and #4 are temporary installs during Phase 1 and will be replaced by underground stormwater storage facilities, Basin #6, during construction of the proposed fire station in Phase 2.

There is a new permanent PCSM BMPs so the requirement that the sequence for the individual BMP installation is shown on the plans is applicable. Sequence for the modification of the permanent PCSM BMPs is shown on the plans. There is a new permanent PCSM BMPs so the requirement that critical stages when a licensed professional oversee the

installation of the BMPs are shown on the drawings is applicable. Critical stages when a licensed professional oversee the modification of the existing permanent PCSM BMPs are shown on the plans.

Supporting calculations §102.8(f)(8)

Worksheets were not used to design a PCSM BMP. They are therefore not applicable or included.

Worksheets were not used to design permanent PCSM BMPs therefore the requirement that figures contained on the worksheets are consistent with the Application are not applicable and are not provided.

Calculations for all drainage areas and Points of Interest (POI) are contained in ATTACHMENTS (J-L) in the appropriate Phase appendices to the PCSM Narrative. TR-20 stormwater methodology was used for runoff rate calculations in compliance with 102.8(g)(2)(i-iii) and 102.8(q)(3)(i-ii). TR-55 stormwater methodology was used for runoff volume in 102.8(q)(2)(i-iii) and 102.8(q)(3)(i-ii).

Demonstration that rate, volume, and water quality requirements were met is given in TR-20 Analysis Output Comparisons (ATTACHMENT J). As the stormwater management best management practices are not infiltration based, dewatering time analysis is not applicable or included. The routing analysis to demonstrate peak control for the required storms is contained within the Proposed Stormwater Runoff

TR-20 Analysis Output (ATTACHMENT J) for Phase 1, and is demonstrated in the calculations for both Phases in the HydroCAD models (ATTACHMENT L). These results are summarized in the PA DEP PCSM Spreadsheets.

#### Plan drawings \$102.8(f)(9)

A map of tributary areas in Phase 1 is shown on the Drainage Area Map (ATTACHMENT 0) and a Drainage Area Map in the plan set for Phase 2. Drainage areas for Phase 1 are broken down by land use category in TR-20 Analysis Input Parameter Summary (ATTACHMENT 1).

The existing stormwater discharge points will be retained and are shown on the drawings. Points of interest correspond to stormwater discharge points. The PCSM Plan is consistent with the E&SC Plan in relation to proposed contours, improvements, soils, wetlands, floodways,

streams, and discharge locations. Construction details for the native planting, vegetative restoration and stabilization are provided on the drawings.

Post Construction Stormwater Management Best Management Practices dimensions and elevations of the BMPs are consistent with the calculations and site soil testing.

### Long-term operation and maintenance schedule \$102.8(f)(10)

Long—term operation and maintenance schedule including inspection, repair, and replacement for the proposed PCSM BMPs are shown on the drawinas.

Stormwater management basin Long-term operation, maintenance, and inspection:

· Inspect inlet and outlet structure seasonally and after every major storm event o Repair/replace any damaged or non-functioning snout

Remove and dispose of any debris and accumulated sediment in inlets or on basin bottoms · In case of standing water, verify soil compaction and replace substrate or clean underdrain via cleanout.

· After every runoff event, check for scouring. olf scouring apparent at inlets to basin, check riprap and replace or expand to slow inflow. Repair undercut and

eroded areas at outlet structures. o For scouring along around sides of basin, plant additional native vegetation with erosion control matting until re—stabilized. Install geocell/honeycomb erosion control matting in areas that continue to scour after adding

vegetation. Inspect outlet structure for concrete failure after every runoff event. Patch cracks.

Native Planting Long-term operation, maintenance, and inspection:

Seasonal mowing Yearly inspection and re—seeding

#### Recycling or disposal of materials \$102.8(f)(11)

Anticipated construction wastes will be soil rock, earth materials, concrete, asphalt pavement and other materials normally associated with heavy utility construction. Typical construction equipment wastes are listed on the Preparedness, Prevention and Contingency (PPC) Plan.

Instructions to the contractor for the proper offsite disposal of exported fill materials per PADEP's "Management of Fill" document 258-2182-773 are provided in the notes on the drawings. Instructions to the contractor for the proper recycling/offsite disposal of other materials are provided in the notes on the drawings and on the Preparedness, Prevention and Contingency (PPC) Plan.

Geologic formations or soil conditions \$102.8(f)(12)

There are no known geologic or other soil conditions that have the potential to cause pollution during construction. Instructions for proper handling and/or disposal of excess construction materials or materials that could cause pollution are provided in the notes on the drawings and on the Preparedness, Prevention and Contingency (PPC) Plan.

No typical details are required or provided, other than the written instructions for proper recycling/disposal of materials which There are no anticipated specific materials, other than construction materials, that might cause pollution. Construction

## Potential thermal impacts §102.8(f)(13)

There are no new potential thermal impacts post construction during Phase 1

materials will typically be located within the limit of disturbance area as shown on the drawings.

In Phase 2, new potential thermal impacts are present post—construction due to an increase in impervious ground cover. Thermal impacts of stormwater runoff from the project site are avoided, minimized, and mitigated by the use of low slope pipes to slow flows, grassy swales to assist with cooling, detention and infiltration in basins, and slow discharge to reduce potential for thermal load transmission.

Riparian forest buffer management plan  $\S102.8(f)(14)$ 

A riparian forest buffer management plan is not required as this project meets criterion for exceptions in accordance with 102.14(d); a riparian buffer is not shown on the drawings. Phase 1 of the project meets the requirements for granting of a waiver listed in the following sections of Chapter 102.14 subsection (d):

102.14(d)(1)(v) Work along Welsh Road includes road maintenance activities, plans are in place to maintain existing riparian buffer as undisturbed to the extent practicable. This is done by not extending the limit of disturbance into the riparian

102.14(d)(1)(vi) Majority of the work consists of maintenance of existing pipelines and utilities beneath the road. Plans are in place to avoid disturbing existing riparian buffer the extent practicable by not extending the limit of disturbance into the existing riparian buffers.

102.14(d)(2)(i) — The project addresses periodic sanitary sewer overflows into the Angelica Creek from a manhole in Woodcrest Ave on Point of Connection Interceptor 8 to the Reading Treatment Plant, to meet a Federal Consent Order. This will strive to abate the threat to public health and safety caused by the overflows.

102.14(f)(2)(i) - Construction along Reed street includes replacement of two existing culvert structures. Phase 2 of the project meets the following waiver requirements:

102.14(d)(1)(i) A project site located greater than 150 feet (45.7 meters) from a river, stream, creek, lake, pond or

A waiver may also be optionally granted by DEP under the following heading:

102.14(d)(2)(v) Redevelopment projects which may include brownfields or use of other vacant land and property within a developed area for further construction or development. The drainage basin is listed as impaired by siltation, total suspended solids, and turbidity. There is no TMDL status of the receiving stream, (unnamed tributary to) Angelica Creek, listed on the eMap PA website.

No buffer offsets are required. A checklist for functional equivalency is not required.

## FINAL SEEDING

183.2 A. GENERAL

- 1. NO MORE THAN 15,000 SQUARE FEET OF DISTURBED AREA SHALL ACHIEVE FINAL GRADE BEFORE STABILIZATION BY VEGETATIVE COVER WITH SEEDING AND MULCHING. AFTER THE CONSTRUCTION PHASE IS COMPLETE, PERMANENT VEGETATION ON THE AREAS THAT HAVE BEEN DISTURBED SHALL BE REESTABLISHED AS RAPIDLY AS POSSIBLE. IF THE COMPLETION OF THE CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITIES DOES NOT COINCIDE WITH A SEASON IN WHICH PERMANENT VEGETATION CAN BE STARTED, AN INTERIM OR TEMPORARY PROGRAM IS REQUIRED. THIS SHALL INCLUDE SOI
- INSTALLED PROMPTLY AND THEIR MAINTENANCE ASSURED. 3. AN AREA SHALL BE CONSIDERED TO HAVE ACHIEVED FINAL STABILIZATION WHEN IT HAS A MINIMUM OF 70% UNIFORM PERENNIAL VEGETATIVE COVER OR OTHER PERMANENT NON-VEGETATIVE COVER WITH A DENSITY SUFFICIENT TO RESIST ACCELERATED SURFACE EROSION AND
- SUBSURFACE CHARACTERISTICS SUFFICIENT TO RESIST SLIDING OR OTHER MOVEMENTS. 4. AT A MINIMUM, PERMANENT VEGETATIVE COVER SHALL BE ESTABLISHED BY PROVIDING THE FOLLOWING:
- a. FERTILIZER: 500 LBS PER ACRE OF 10-20-20, OR EQUIVALENT. b. LIMESTONE: SHALL BE AN AGRICULTURAL GRADE LIME STONE EQUIVALENT TO 50 PERCENT CALCIUM PLUS MAGNESIUM OXIDES, AND

STABILIZATION, MULCHING OR THE ESTABLISHMENT OF FILTER STRIPS. IN ANY CASE, SEDIMENT AND EROSION CONTROLS SHALL BE

APPLIED AT THE RATE OF 4 TONS PER ACRE. c. PERMANENT SEEDING (MINIMUM REQUIREMENTS) SHALL BE AS FOLLOWS:

LAWN SEED					
	% BY WEIGHT	MINIMUM % PURITY	MINIMUM % GERMINATION	MAXIMUM % WEED SEED	
Kentucky bluegrass (2 or more varieties — none greater than 25% of total)	50	90	80	.20	
Pennfine Perennal Rye Grass	20	95	90	0.15	
Pennlawn and Fescue	30	98	85	0.25	
·	30	98	85	0.	

PERFORMED IMMEDIATELY

Pennfine Perennial Rve Grass

1. INSPECTION SHALL BE MADE AT FREQUENT INTERVALS AND AFTER EACH STORM EVENT TO DETECT ANY IMPAIRMENT IN THE ABILITY OF THE EROSION CONTROL FACILITIES, INSTALLED AS PART OF THIS PLAN, TO CONTINUE TO FUNCTION EFFECTIVELY. 2. THE APPROVED EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL PLAN AND ANY STANDARD CONDITIONS RELATING TO SOIL EROSION AND SEDIMENT CONTROL, ISSUED AS PART OF ANY PERMITS, SHALL BE AVAILABLE AT THE IMMEDIATE SITE OF CONSTRUCTION ACTIVITY AT ALL TIMES. 3. UNTIL THE SITE IS STABILIZED, ALL EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROLS MUST BE MAINTAINED PROPERLY. MAINTENANCE MUST INCLUDE

INSPECTION OF ALL EROSION AND SEDIMENTATION CONTROLS AFTER EACH STORM EVENT AND ON A WEEKLY BASIS. ALL PREVENTIVE AND

REMEDIAL MAINTENANCE WORK, INCLUDING CLEAN OUT, REPAIR, REPLACEMENT, REGRADING, RESEEDING, REMULCHING AND RENETTING MUST BE

LONG-TERM OPERATION AND MAINTENANCE NOTES: SEE DWG. 183.1

SEQUENCE OF EARTH MOVING RELATED ACTIVITY / 2 1. Pre-Construction Stage:

a. Field—marks limits of disturbance and environmentally sensitive areas.

b. At least 7 days prior to starting any earth disturbance activities (including clear and grubbing), the Owner and/or Operator shall invite all Contractors, the Landowner, appropriate Municipal Officials, the E&S plan prepared, the PCSM plan preparer, and a representative from the Bucks County

c. Upon installation or stabilization of all perimeter sediment control BMP's and at least 3 days prior to proceeding with the bulk earth disturbance activities, the permittee of co-permittee shall provide

d. At least 3 days prior to starting any earth disturbance activities, or expanding into an area previously unmarked, the Pennsylvania One Call System Inc. shall be notified at 1-800-242-1776

e. All earth disturbance activities shall proceed in accordance with the sequence provided on the plans. Deviation from the sequence must be approved by the Bucks County Conservation District or by the department prior to implementation. Each step of sequence shall be completed before proceeding to the next step, except where noted.

· Convert · the <u>existing 150 feet Rock Construction Access #1</u> to <u>Rock Construction Access with Wash Rock,</u> ? where as depicted on the plan.

c. Access to site's E&S BMPs, see drawings for work areas.

ii. Install Inlet Protection per plan.

Bring the proposed Building pad grades to the proper elevation. Construction new Building. ii. All building materials and wastes must be removed from the site and recycled or disposed of in accordance with the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Protection's Solid Waste Management Regulations at 25pa. Code §260.1 et seq., §271.1 et seq., and §287.1 et seq.

discharged at the site.

iii. Install all building utilities, see "note \*" below. <u>Critical Stage</u>, remove sediment traps by grading the areas to the proposed grade. Sediment trap #3A becomes swale #3A/B and part of basin #6 and sediment trap #4A becomes swale

Critical Stage. Construct basin #5 and basin #6. Stabilize basin #5 steep slope with E&S blankets. Additional notes detailing Basin #5 & Basin #6 construction shown on dwgs. 183.4 &

vii. Construct all swales and stabilize with temporary seeding. viii. Construction proposed parking lot wall. ix. Final grade site and stabilize with temporary seeding. Construction new sidewalk and proposed

driveways with binder course. e. Permanent stabilization stage: Replacement of top soil (4-6 inches) and install all permanent vegetation requirements. ii. Permanent seeding and mulch all areas. An area shall be considered to have achieved final stabilization when it has a minimum of 70% uniform perennial vegetative cover or other permanent non-vegetative cover with density sufficient to resist accelerated surface erosion and subsurface characteristics sufficient to resist sliding or other movements. Topsoil shall be

is also recommended that soil tests be performed in order to determine actual lime and fertilizer needs instead of providing a generic application rate.

a. Prior to removal of the E&S bmp's, the Berks County Conservation District should be contacted. The district may require a site inspection prior to the conversion or removal of BMP's.

cover or trench backfill paving is complete. c. Remove all filter sock and other temporary soil erosion and sediment control facilities after all areas have been permanently stabilized. Areas disturbed during removal of the controls must be stabilized immediately. An area shall be considered to have achieved final stabilization when it has a minimum of 70% uniform perennial vegetative cover or other permanent non-vegetative cover with density sufficient to resist accelerated surface erosion and subsurface characteristics sufficient to resist sliding or other movements. Topsoil shall be replaced to predevelopment depths or to a minimum depth of 6 inches, whichever is greater. It is also recommended that soil tests be performed in order to determine actual

lime and fertilizer needs instead of providing a generic application rate. d. Within 30 days after the completion of earth disturbance activities authorized by this permit, including the permanent stabilization of the site and proper installation of PCSM BMPs in accordance with the approved PCSM Plans, or upon submission if NOT sooner, the permittee shall file with the department or authorized conservation district a statement signed by a licensed professional and by the permittee certifying that work has been performed in accordance with the terms and conditions of the permit and the work approved erosion and sedimentation and post construction stormwater management plans. Completion

Note: <u>Critical Stage</u>, the design engineer shall be on site.

the permit and the approved E&S and PCSM Plans.

Note \*: "The total length of excavated trench open at any one time should not be greater than the total length of the utility line that can be placed in the trench and back—filled in one working day. No more than 50 lineal feet of open trench should exist when utility line installation ceases at the end of the workday. Soil supplements, seed and much must be applied according to 25 Pa. Code §102.22. (Page 283 of E&S

> CONFORMED SET IS COMPRISED OF THE ORIGINAL BID DOCUMENTS (BOTH THE DRAWINGS AND THE PROJECT MANUAL) AND REVISIONS ELECTING THE CHANGES TO THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS MADE IN ADDENDA 1-4. THIS CONFORMED SET SHALL BE CONSIDERED SECONDARY D SUPPLEMENTAL TO THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS, WHICH CONSIST OF THE BID DOCUMENTS (DRAWINGS & SPECIFICATIONS), ALL ADDENDA THE OWNERS ACCEPTED BID ALTERNATES AND CONTINGENCIES. THIS CONFORMED SET IS PROVIDED AS A CONVENIENCE FROM COMPLIANCE

ISSUED FOR BIDS 1/30/2023 REVISED DRAWINGS PER BCCD REVIEW E-MAIL, DATED 07/31/2023. NPDES PERMIT #PAD060047, PHASE #2 SUBMISSION Date POST CONSTRUCTION STORMWATER MANAGEMENT NOTES CUMRU FIRE DEPARTMENT NEW BUILDING

Jeffrey E. Skinner

PE-042652-E

SU-052889-

TOWNSHIP OF CUMRU

920 GERMANTOWN PIKE, SUITE 200, PLYMOUTH MEETING, PA 19462

Conservation District to an on-site reconstruction meeting.

notification to the department or authorized conservation district. for the location of existing underground utilities.

2. Construction Activity:

b. Install Rock Construction Access #2 with Wash Rack and Concrete Washouts, see drawing.

Install Compost Filter Sock as depicted on the plan.

iii. Install Orange Construction Fence around the basins per plan. d. Site Operation for earthwork.

No building material or wastes or unused building materials shall be burned, buried, dumped, or

#4A/B and part of basin #6. See dwg. #183 notes on converting sediment traps into basin 6,

vi. Install stormwater inlets and pipes. Install Inlet Protection on all new inlets and stabilize areas. See "note \*" below.

walls. Install subbase stone course on parking lot and all driveways. Then install parking lot and

replaced to predevelopment depths or to a minimum depth of 6 inches, whichever is greater. It

iii. Clean binder course of parking lot and all driveway surfaces and install wearing course on all surfaces.

3. Removal/Conversion of temporary sediment pollution controls stage:

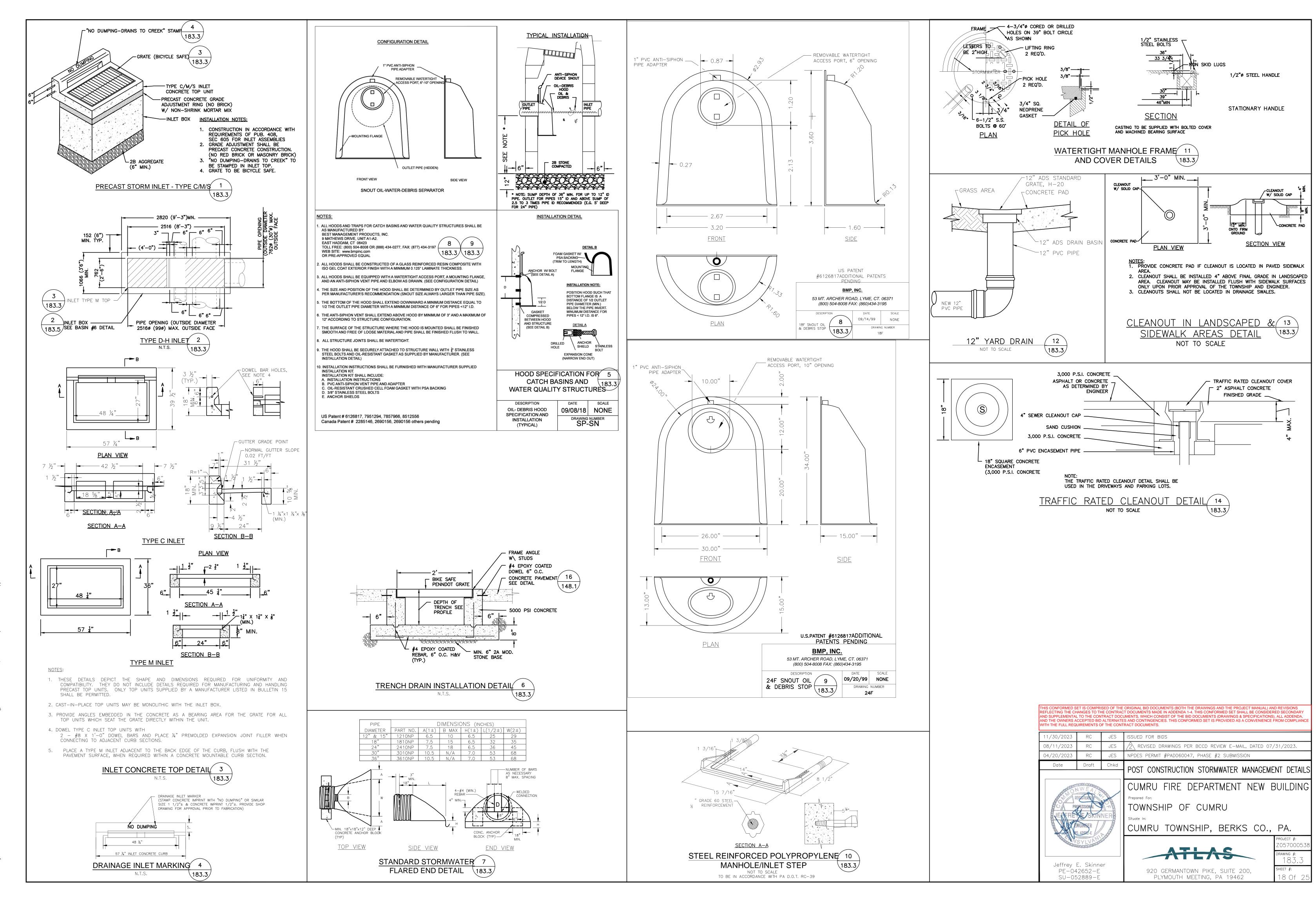
b. Remove all E&S BMPs when the work area is at a minimum of 70% uniform perennial vegetative

certificated are needed to ensure that all is performed in accordance with the terms and conditions of

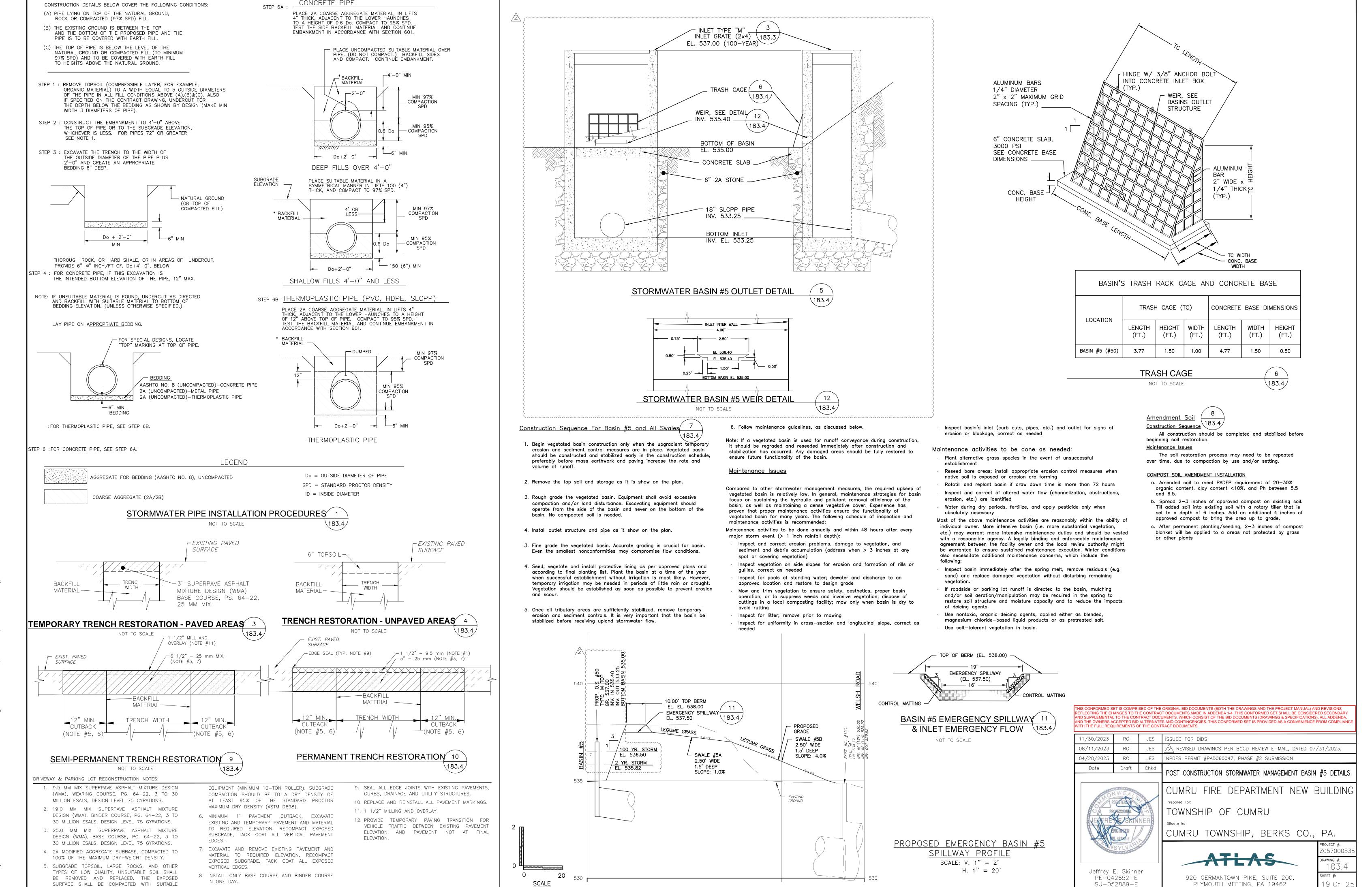
ITH THE FULL REQUIREMENTS OF THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS.



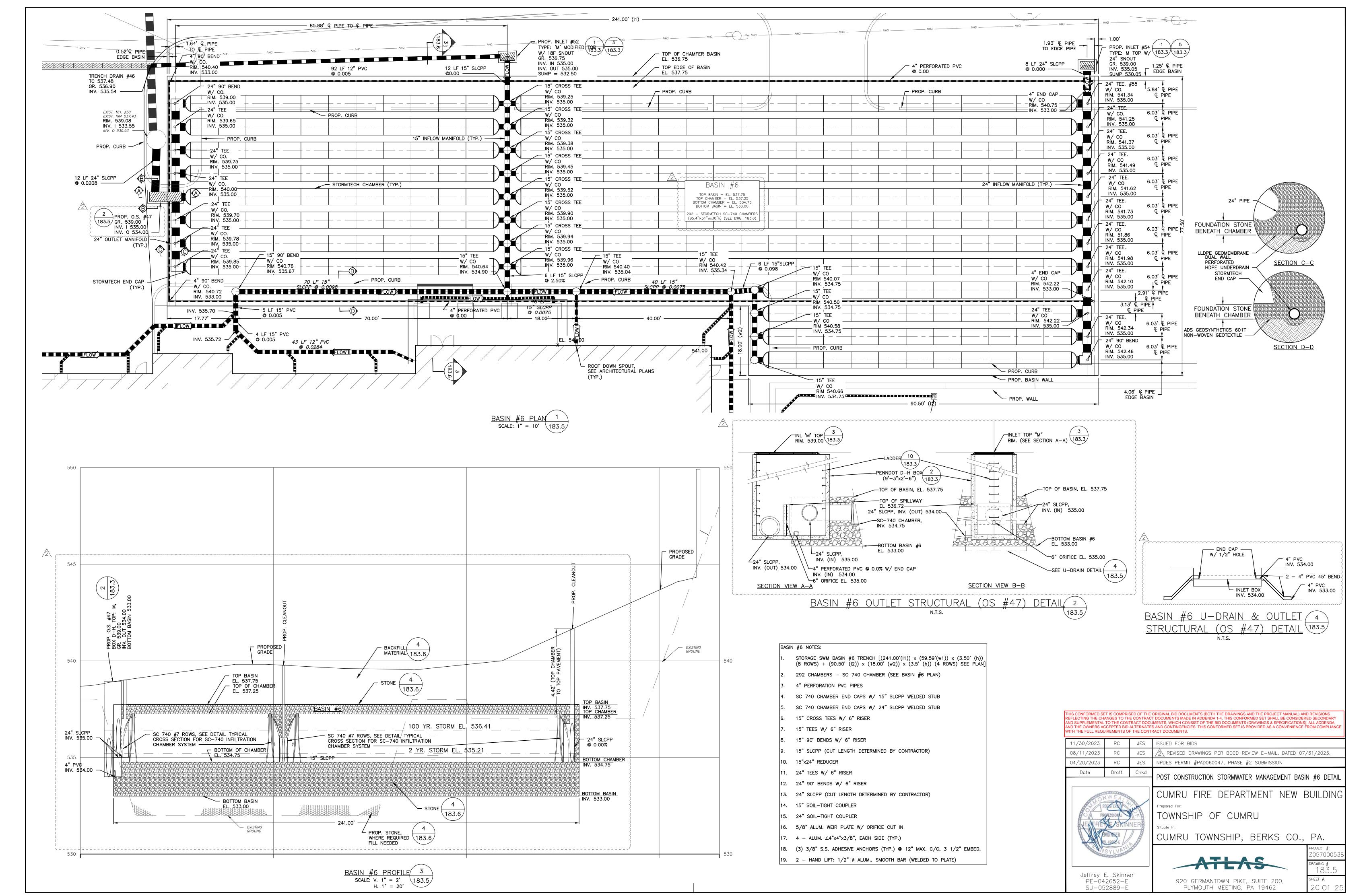
CUMRU TOWNSHIP, BERKS CO., PA.



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- 1. CHAMBERS SHALL BE STORMTECH SC-740.
- 2. CHAMBERS SHALL BE ARCH-SHAPED AND SHALL BE MANUFACTURED FROM VIRGIN, IMPACT-MODIFIED POLYPROPYLENE COPOLYMERS. 3. CHAMBERS SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF ASTM F2418, "STANDARD SPECIFICATION FOR POLYPROPYLENE (PP) CORRUGATED WALL STORMWATER COLLECTION CHAMBERS".
- 4. CHAMBER ROWS SHALL PROVIDE CONTINUOUS, UNOBSTRUCTED INTERNAL SPACE WITH NO INTERNAL SUPPORTS THAT WOULD IMPEDE FLOW OR LIMIT ACCESS FOR INSPECTION.
- 5. THE STRUCTURAL DESIGN OF THE CHAMBERS, THE STRUCTURAL BACKFILL, AND THE INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS SHALL ENSURE THAT THE LOAD FACTORS SPECIFIED IN THE AASHTO LRFD BRIDGE DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS, SECTION 12.12, ARE MET FOR: 1) LONG-DURATION DEAD
- LOADS AND 2) SHORT-DURATION LIVE LOADS, BASED ON THE AASHTO DESIGN TRUCK WITH CONSIDERATION FOR IMPACT AND MULTIPLE 6. CHAMBERS SHALL BE DESIGNED, TESTED AND ALLOWABLE LOAD CONFIGURATIONS DETERMINED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ASTM F2787, "STANDARD PRACTICE FOR STRUCTURAL DESIGN OF THERMOPLASTIC CORRUGATED WALL STORMWATER COLLECTION DESIGN TRUCK.
- 7. REQUIREMENTS FOR HANDLING AND INSTALLATION:
- a. TO MAINTAIN THE WIDTH OF CHAMBERS DURING SHIPPING AND HANDLING, CHAMBERS SHALL HAVE INTEGRAL, INTERLOCKING STACKING c. TO ENSURE THE INTEGRITY OF THE ARCH SHAPE DURING INSTALLATION, a) THE ARCH STIFFNESS CONSTANT SHALL BE CHAMBER
- DEFORMATION DURING INSTALLATION AT ELEVATED TEMPERATURES (ABOVE 73 F / 23 C), CHAMBERS SHALL BE PRODUCED FROM 8. ONLY CHAMBERS THAT ARE APPROVED BY THE SITE DESIGN ENGINEER WILL BE ALLOWED. UPON REQUEST BY THE SITE DESIGN ENGINEER OR OWNER, THE CHAMBER MANUFACTURER SHALL SUBMIT A STRUCTURAL EVALUATION FOR APPROVAL BEFORE DELIVERING CHAMBERS TO THE PROJECT SITE AS FOLLOWS:
- a. THE STRUCTURAL EVALUATION SHALL BE SEALED BY A REGISTERED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER. b. THE STRUCTURAL EVALUATION SHALL DEMONSTRATE THAT THE SAFETY FACTORS ARE GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO 1.95
  FOR DEAD LOAD AND 1.75 FOR LIVE LOAD, THE MINIMUM REQUIRED BY ASTM F2787 AND BY SECTIONS 3 AND 12.12 OF THE AASHTO
  LRFD BRIDGE DESIGN SPECIFICATIONS FOR THERMOPLASTIC PIPE.
- c. THE TEST DERIVED CREEP MODULUS AS SPECIFIED IN ASTM F2418 SHALL BE USED FOR PERMANENT DEAD LOAD DESIGN EXCEPT THAT IT SHALL BE THE 75-YEAR MODULUS USED FOR DESIGN. 9. CHAMBERS AND END CAPS SHALL BE PRODUCED AT AN ISO 9001 CERTIFIED MANUFACTURING FACILITY

#### IMPORTANT - NOTES FOR THE BIDDING AND INSTALLATION OF THE SC-740 SYSTEM

- 1. STORMTECH SC-740 CHAMBERS SHALL NOT BE INSTALLED UNTIL THE MANUFACTURER'S REPRESENTATIVE HAS COMPLETED A PRE-CONSTRUCTION MEETING WITH THE INSTALLERS.
- 2. STORMTECH SC-740 CHAMBERS SHALL BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE "STORMTECH SC-310/SC-740/DC-780 CONSTRUCTION GUIDE". 3. CHAMBERS ARE NOT TO BE BACKFILLED WITH A DOZER OR AN EXCAVATOR SITUATED OVER THE CHAMBERS. STORMTECH RECOMMENDS 3
  BACKFILL METHODS:
  - a. STONESHOOTER LOCATED OFF THE CHAMBER BED.
  - b. BACKFILL AS ROWS ARE BUILT USING AN EXCAVATOR ON THE FOUNDATION STONE OR SUBGRADE c. BACKFILL FROM OUTSIDE THE EXCAVATION USING A LONG BOOM HOE OR EXCAVATOR.
  - 4. THE FOUNDATION STONE SHALL BE LEVELED AND COMPACTED PRIOR TO PLACING CHAMBERS.
- 5. JOINTS BETWEEN CHAMBERS SHALL BE PROPERLY SEATED PRIOR TO PLACING STONE. 6. MAINTAIN MINIMUM - 6" (150 mm) SPACING BETWEEN THE CHAMBER ROWS.
- 7. EMBEDMENT STONE SURROUNDING CHAMBERS MUST BE A CLEAN, CRUSHED, ANGULAR STONE 3/4-2" (20-50 mm).
- 8. THE CONTRACTOR MUST REPORT ANY DISCREPANCIES WITH CHAMBER FOUNDATION MATERIALS BEARING CAPACITIES TO THE SITE DESIGN ENGINEER. 9. ADS RECOMMENDS THE USE OF "FLEXSTORM CATCH IT" INSERTS DURING CONSTRUCTION FOR ALL INLETS TO PROTECT THE SUBSURFACE STORMWATER MANAGEMENT SYSTEM FROM CONSTRUCTION SITE RUNOFF.

#### NOTES FOR CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT

- 1. STORMTECH SC-740 CHAMBERS SHALL BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE "STORMTECH SC-310/SC-740/DC-780 CONSTRUCTION GUIDE". 2. THE USE OF CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT OVER SC-740 CHAMBERS IS LIMITED:
- a. NO EQUIPMENT IS ALLOWED ON BARE CHAMBERS. b. NO RUBBER TIRED LOADERS, DUMP TRUCKS, OR EXCAVATORS ARE ALLOWED UNTIL PROPER FILL DEPTHS ARE REACHED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE "STORMTECH SC-310/SC-740/DC-780 CONSTRUCTION GUIDE".
- c. WEIGHT LIMITS FOR CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT CAN BE FOUND IN THE "STORMTECH SC-310/SC-740/DC-780 CONSTRUCTION GUIDE".
- 3. FULL 36" (900 mm) OF STABILIZED COVER MATERIALS OVER THE CHAMBERS IS REQUIRED FOR DUMP TRUCK TRAVEL OR DUMPING. USE OF A DOZER TO PUSH EMBEDMENT STONE BETWEEN THE ROWS OF CHAMBERS MAY CAUSE DAMAGE TO THE CHAMBERS AND IS NOT AN ACCEPTABLE BACKFILL METHOD. ANY CHAMBERS DAMAGED BY THE "DUMP AND PUSH" METHOD ARE NOT COVERED UNDER THE STORMTECH STANDARD WARRANTY.

CONTACT STORMTECH AT 1-888-892-2694 WITH ANY QUESTIONS ON INSTALLATION REQUIREMENTS OR WEIGHT LIMITS FOR CONSTRUCTION EQUIPMENT

## 2 \CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE FOR BASIN #6 NOTES:

- $\langle 183.6/$  1. Chamber systems shall be installed in accordance with the manufacturer's latest INSTALLATION GUIDELINES.
  - 2. FOUNDATIONS: TRENCH BOTTOMS WITH UNSTABLE OR UNYIELDING MATERIAL SHALL BE EXCAVATED TO A DEPTH DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER AND REPLACED WITH SUITABLE MATERIAL. FOR UNSTABLE MATERIALS, GEOTEXTILE MAY BE USED TO STABILIZE THE TRENCH BOTTOM, IF DIRECTED BY THE
  - ENGINEER. THE DESIGN ENGINEER IS RESPONSIBLE FOR VERIFYING FOUNDATION SUITABILITY. 3. GEOTEXTILE: A 6oz. NON-WOVEN GEOTEXTILE FILTER FABRIC (AASHTO M288 CLASS 2) SHOULD BE USED TO PREVENT SOIL FROM MIGRATING INTO THE INITIAL BACKFILL MATERIAL. THE NON-WOVEN GOTEXTILE FILTER FABRIC TO BE INSTALL ALL ROUND THE BASIN #6. ALL SEAMS SHOULD HAVE 2 FOOT OVERLAPPING OF GEOTEXTILE MATERIAL.
  - 4. BEDDING: SUITABLE MATERIAL SHALL BE A 3/4 2 INCH, CLEAN, CRUST ANGULAR STONE, OR AASHTO M43 SIZES (3, 357, 4, 467, 5, 56,57) WITH CLEAN, CRUSHED, ANGULAR STONE ADDED TO THE GRADATION, e.g., CLEAN, CRUSHED, ANGULAR #3 (AASHTO M43) STONE. MINIMUM BEDDING THICKNESS SHALL BE 6 INCHES. COMPACTION SHOULD BE DONE IN LIFTS OF NO MORE THEN 9 INCHES TO A DENSITY OF 95% STANDARD PROCTOR DENSITY.
  - 5. EMBEDMENT BACKFILL: SUITABLE MATERIAL SHALL BE 3/4 2 INCH, CLEAN, CRUSHED ANGULAR STONE, OR AASHTO M43 SIZES (3, 357, 4, 467, 5, 56,57) WITH CLEAN, CRUSHED, ANGULAR STONE ADDED TO THE GRADATION, e.g., CLEAN, CRUSHED, ANGULAR #3 (AASHTO M43) STONE. EMBEDMENT BACKFILL SHALL EXTEND FROM TOP OF BEDDING TO NOT LESS THAN 6 INCHES ABOVE THE TOP OF THE CHAMBER. NO COMPACTION IS REQUIRED BUT AN EFFORT SHOULD BE MADE TO HAND KNIFE STONE INTO ALL CORRUGATIONS.

6. INITIAL BACKFILL: SUITABLE MATERIAL SHALL BE A GRANULAR, WELL GRADED SOIL WITH LESS THAN 35% FINES OR AASHTO M43 SIZES (3, 357, 4, 467, 5, 56, 6, 67, 68, 7, 78, 8, 89, 9, 10) WITH CLEAN, CRUSHED, ANGULAR STONE ADDED TO THE GRADATION. INITIAL BACKFILL SHALL EXTEND FROM TOP OF EMBEDMENT BACKFILL TO NOT LESS THEN 18 INCHES ABOVE THE TOP OF THE

- CHAMBER. COMPACTION SHOULD BE BROUGHT TO A MINIMUM OF 95% STANDARD PROCTOR DENSITY. 7. FINAL BACKFILL: SUITABLE MATERIALS SHALL BE ANY SOIL DIRECTED BY THE ENGINEER. FINAL BACKFILL SHALL EXTENDED FROM TOP OF THE INITIAL BACKFILL TO NO MORE THAN 96 INCHES ABOVE THE TOP OF THE CHAMBER COMPACTION LEVELS SHOULD FOLLOW ENGINEERS
- 8. MINIMUM COVER: FOR UP TO H-25 TRAFFIC APPLICATIONS A MINIMUM COVER OF 18 INCHES IS REQUIRED, MEASURED FROM THE TOP OF THE CHAMBER TO THE BOTTOM OF THE FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT. ADDITIONAL COVER MAY BE REQUIRED FOR CONSTRUCTION LOADS OR WHERE RUTTING
- 9. MAXIMUM COVER: A COVER HEIGHT OF OVER THE 96 INCHES IS NOT RECOMMENDED COVER HEIGHT IS MEASURED FROM THE TOP OF THE CHAMBER TO THE TOP OF THE PAVEMENT.

## 3 INSPECTION & MAINTENANCE

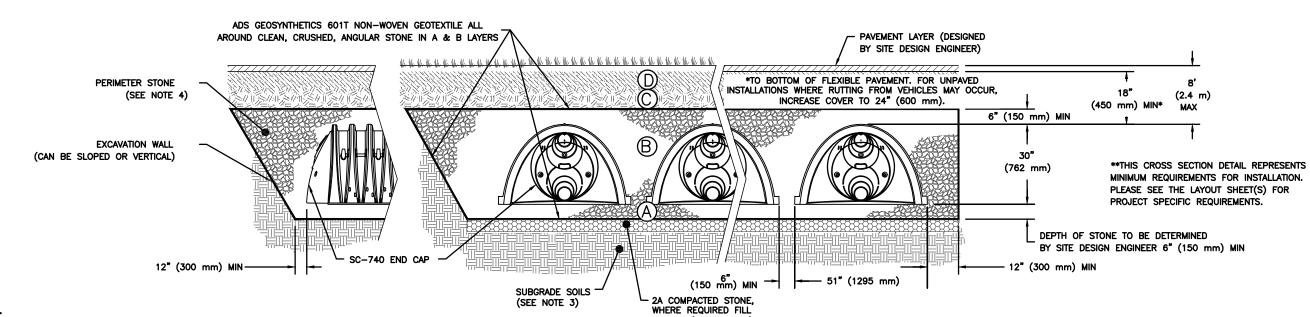
- 183.6 STEP 1) INSPECT ISOLATOR ROW PLUS FOR SEDIMENT
  - A. INSPECTION PORTS (IF PRESENT)
  - A.1. REMOVE/OPEN LID ON NYLOPLAST INLINE DRAIN A.2. REMOVE AND CLEAN FLEXSTORM FILTER IF INSTALLED
  - A.3. USING A FLASHLIGHT AND STADIA ROD, MEASURE DEPTH OF SEDIMENT AND RECORD ON MAINTENANCE LOG
  - A.4. LOWER A CAMERA INTO ISOLATOR ROW PLUS FOR VISUAL INSPECTION OF SEDIMENT LEVELS (OPTIONAL)
  - A.5. IF SEDIMENT IS AT, OR ABOVE, 3" (80 mm) PROCEED TO STEP 2. IF NOT, PROCEED TO STEP 3.
  - B. ALL ISOLATOR PLUS ROWS B.1. REMOVE COVER FROM STRUCTURE AT UPSTREAM END OF ISOLATOR ROW PLUS B.2. USING A FLASHLIGHT, INSPECT DOWN THE ISOLATOR ROW PLUS THROUGH OUTLET PIPE
  - i) MIRRORS ON POLES OR CAMERAS MAY BE USED TO AVOID A CONFINED SPACE ENTRY ii) FOLLOW OSHA REGULATIONS FOR CONFINED SPACE ENTRY IF ENTERING MANHOLE IF SEDIMENT IS AT, OR ABOVE, 3" (80 mm) PROCEED TO STEP 2. IF NOT, PROCEED TO
- STEP 2) CLEAN OUT ISOLATOR ROW PLUS USING THE JETVAC PROCESS
- A. A FIXED CULVERT CLEANING NOZZLE WITH REAR FACING SPREAD OF 45" (1.1 m) OR MORE
- B. APPLY MULTIPLE PASSES OF JETVAC UNTIL BACKFLUSH WATER IS CLEAN C. VACUUM STRUCTURE SUMP AS REQUIRED
- STEP 3) REPLACE ALL COVERS, GRATES, FILTERS, AND LIDS; RECORD OBSERVATIONS AND ACTIONS.
- STEP 4) INSPECT AND CLEAN BASINS AND MANHOLES UPSTREAM OF THE STORMTECH SYSTEM.

- 1. INSPECT EVERY 6 MONTHS DURING THE FIRST YEAR OF OPERATION. ADJUST THE INSPECTION INTERVAL BASED ON PREVIOUS OBSERVATIONS OF SEDIMENT ACCUMULATION AND HIGH WATER ELEVATIONS.
  - CONDUCT JETTING AND VECTORING ANNUALLY OR WHEN INSPECTION SHOWS THAT MAINTENANCE IS NECESSARY.

## ACCEPTABLE FILL MATERIALS: STORMTECH SC-740 CHAMBER SYSTEMS

	MATERIAL LOCATION	DESCRIPTION	CLASSIFICATIONS	COMPACTION / DENSITY REQUIREMENT
D	FINAL FILL: FILL MATERIAL FOR LAYER 'D' STARTS FROM THE TOP OF THE 'C' LAYER TO THE BOTTOM OF FLEXIBLE PAVEMENT OR UNPAVED FINISHED GRADE ABOVE. NOTE THAT PAVEMENT SUBBASE MAY BE PART OF THE 'D' LAYER.	ANY SOIL/ROCK MATERIALS, NATIVE SOILS, OR PER ENGINEER'S PLANS. CHECK PLANS FOR PAVEMENT SUBGRADE REQUIREMENTS.	N/A	PREPARE PER SITE DESIGN ENGINEER'S PLANS. PAVED INSTALLATIONS MAY HAVE STRINGENT MATERIAL AND PREPARATION REQUIREMENTS.
С	INITIAL FILL: FILL MATERIAL FOR LAYER 'C' STARTS FROM THE TOP OF THE EMBEDMENT STONE ('B' LAYER) TO 18" (450 mm) ABOVE THE TOP OF THE CHAMBER. NOTE THAT PAVEMENT SUBBASE MAY BE A PART OF THE 'C' LAYER.	GRANULAR WELL-GRADED SOIL/AGGREGATE MIXTURES, <35% FINES OR PROCESSED AGGREGATE.  MOST PAVEMENT SUBBASE MATERIALS CAN BE USED IN LIEU OF THIS LAYER.	AASHTO M145 <sup>1</sup> A-1, A-2-4, A-3  OR  AASHTO M43 <sup>1</sup> 3, 357, 4, 467, 5, 56, 57, 6, 67, 68, 7, 78, 8, 89, 9, 10	BEGIN COMPACTIONS AFTER 12" (300 mm) OF MATERIAL OVER THE CHAMBERS IS REACHED. COMPACT ADDITIONAL LAYERS IN 6" (150 mm) MAX LIFTS TO A MIN. 95% PROCTOR DENSITY FOR WELL GRADED MATERIAL AND 95% RELATIVE DENSITY FOR PROCESSED AGGREGATE MATERIALS. ROLLER GROSS VEHICLE WEIGHT NOT TO EXCEED 12,000 ibs (53 kN). DYNAMIC FORCE NOT TO EXCEED 20,000 ibs (89 kN).
В	EMBEDMENT STONE: FILL SURROUNDING THE CHAMBERS FROM THE FOUNDATION STONE ('A' LAYER) TO THE 'C' LAYER ABOVE.	CLEAN, CRUSHED, ANGULAR STONE	AASHTO M43 <sup>-</sup> 3, 357, 4, 467, 5, 56, 57	NO COMPACTION REQUIRED.
Α	FOUNDATION STONE: FILL BELOW CHAMBERS FROM THE SUBGRADE UP TO THE FOOT (BOTTOM) OF THE CHAMBER.	CLEAN, CRUSHED, ANGULAR STONE	AASHTO M43¹ 3, 357, 4, 467, 5, 56, 57	PLATE COMPACT OR ROLL TO ACHIEVE A FLAT SURFACE.2,3

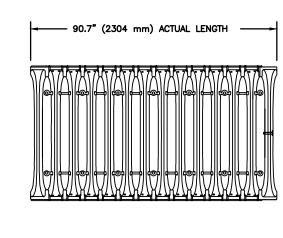
- 1. THE LISTED AASHTO DESIGNATIONS ARE FOR GRADATIONS ONLY. THE STONE MUST ALSO BE CLEAN, CRUSHED, ANGULAR. FOR EXAMPLE, A SPECIFICATION FOR #4 STONE WOULD STATE: "CLEAN, CRUSHED, ANGULAR NO. 4 (AASHTO M43) STONE".
- 2. STORMTECH COMPACTION REQUIREMENTS ARE MET FOR 'A' LOCATION MATERIALS WHEN PLACED AND COMPACTED IN 6" (150 mm) (MAX) LIFTS USING TWO FULL COVERAGES WITH A VIBRATORY COMPACTOR. 3. WHERE INFILTRATION SURFACES MAY BE COMPROMISED BY COMPACTION, FOR STANDARD DESIGNS, CONTACT STORMTECH FOR
- COMPACTION REQUIREMENTS. 4. ONCE LAYER 'C' IS PLACED, ANY SOIL/MATERIAL CAN BE PLACED IN LAYER 'D' UP TO THE FINISHED GRADE. MOST PAVEMENT SUBBASE SOILS CAN BE USED TO REPLACE THE MATERIAL REQUIREMENTS OF LAYER 'C' OR 'D' AT THE SITE DESIGN ENGINEER'S DISCRETION.

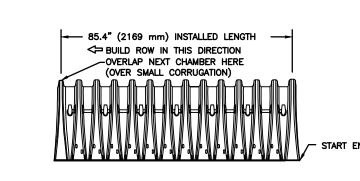


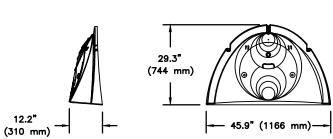
- 1. CHAMBERS SHALL MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF ASTM F2418, "STANDARD SPECIFICATION FOR POLYPROPYLENE (PP) CORRUGATED WALL STORMWATER COLLECTION CHAMBERS'
- 2. SC-740 CHAMBERS SHALL BE DESIGNED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ASTM F2787 "STANDARD PRACTICE FOR STRUCTURAL DESIGN OF THERMOPLASTIC CORRUGATED WALL STORMWATER COLLECTION CHAMBERS"
- THE SITE DESIGN ENGINEER IS RESPONSIBLE FOR ASSESSING THE BEARING RESISTANCE (ALLOWABLE BEARING CAPACITY) OF THE SUBGRADE SOILS AND THE DEPTH OF FOUNDATION STONE WITH CONSIDERATION FOR THE RANGE OF EXPECTED SOIL MOISTURE CONDITIONS.
- 4. PERIMETER STONE MUST BE EXTENDED HORIZONTALLY TO THE EXCAVATION WALL FOR BOTH VERTICAL AND SLOPED EXCAVATION WALLS.
- 5. REQUIREMENTS FOR HANDLING AND INSTALLATION:

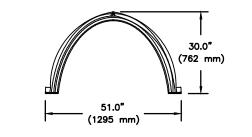
  a. TO MAINTAIN THE WIDTH OF CHAMBERS DURING SHIPPING AND HANDLING, CHAMBERS SHALL HAVE INTEGRAL, INTERLOCKING STACKING LUGS.
  b. TO ENSURE A SECURE JOINT DURING INSTALLATION AND BACKFILL, THE HEIGHT OF THE CHAMBER JOINT SHALL NOT BE LESS THAN 2 ".
  c. TO ENSURE THE INTEGRITY OF THE ARCH SHAPE DURING INSTALLATION, a) THE ARCH STIFFNESS CONSTANT AS DEFINED IN SECTION 6.2.8 OF ASTM F2418 SHALL BE GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO 550 LBS/FT/%. AND b) TO RESIST CHAMBER DEFORMATION DURING INSTALLATION AT ELEVATED TEMPERATURES (ABOVE 73° F / 23° C), CHAMBERS SHALL BE PRODUCED FROM REFLECTIVE GOLD OR YELLOW COLORS.
- 6. BEGIN COMPACTIONS AFTER 12" (300 mm) OF MATERIAL. COMPACT ADDITIONAL LAYERS IN 6" (150 mm) MAX LIFTS TO A MIN. 95% PROCTOR DENSITY FOR WELL GRADED MATERIAL AND 95% RELATIVE DENSITY
- FOR PROCESSED AGGREGATE MATERIALS. ROLLER GROSS VEHICLE WEIGHT NOT TO EXCEED 12,000 lbs (53 kN). DYNAMIC FORCE NOT TO EXCEED 20,000 lbs (89 kN).











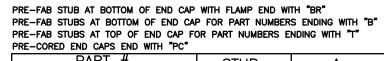
SIZE (W X H X INSTALLED LENGTH) CHAMBER STORAGE MINIMUM INSTALLED STORAGE\*

IOMINAL CHAMBER SPECIFICATION

45.9 CUBIC FEET 74.9 CUBIC FEET (2.12 m<sup>3</sup>) 75.0 lbs. (33.6 kg)

51.0" X 30.0" X 85.4" (1295 mm X 762 mm X 2169 mm)

\*ASSUMES 6" (152 mm) STONE ABOVE, BELOW, AND BETWEEN CHAMBERS



STUB	Α	В	С
6" (450)	40.0" (077)	18.5" (470 mm)	
6 (150 mm)	10.9 (277 mm)	\ /	0.5" (13 mm)
8* (000)	10.0" (710)	16.5" (419 mm)	
8 (200 mm)	12.2 (310 mm)	\ /	0.6" (15 mm)
10" (250)	17.4" (740)	14.6" (368 mm)	
10 (250 mm)	13.4 (340 mm)	\/	0.7" (18 mm)
10" (700)	14.7" (777)	12.5" (3/8 mm)	
12 (300 mm)	14.7 (3/3 mm)	<b>A</b> -	1.2" (30 mm)
45* /375 ······\	19.4" (467)	9.0" (229 mm)	
15 (3/5 mm)	10.4 (467 mm)	/\	1.3" (33 mm)
19" (450)	10.7" (500)	6.0" (127 mm)	
16 (430 mm)	19.7 (300 mm)	<b>/</b> \	1.6" (41 mm)
24" (600 mm)	18.5" (470 mm)	<b>/</b> \	0.1" (3 mm)
24" (600 mm)	18.5" (470 mm)	/ \	0.1" (3 mm)
	6" (150 mm)  8" (200 mm)  10" (250 mm)  12" (300 mm)  15" (375 mm)  18" (450 mm)  24" (600 mm)	6" (150 mm) 10.9" (277 mm)  8" (200 mm) 12.2" (310 mm)  10" (250 mm) 13.4" (340 mm)  12" (300 mm) 14.7" (373 mm)  15" (375 mm) 18.4" (467 mm)  18" (450 mm) 19.7" (500 mm)  24" (600 mm) 18.5" (470 mm)	6" (150 mm) 10.9" (277 mm) 18.5" (470 mm)  8" (200 mm) 12.2" (310 mm) 16.5" (419 mm)  10" (250 mm) 13.4" (340 mm) 12.5" (368 mm)  12" (300 mm) 14.7" (373 mm) 12.5" (378 mm)  15" (375 mm) 18.4" (467 mm) 9.0" (229 mm)  18" (450 mm) 19.7" (500 mm)  24" (600 mm) 18.5" (470 mm)

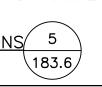
ALL STUBS, EXCEPT FOR THE SC740EPE24B/SC740EPE24BR ARE PLACED AT BOTTOM OF END CAP SUCH THAT THE OUTSIDE DIAMETER OF THE STUB IS FLUSH WITH THE BOTTOM OF THE END CAP. FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION CONTACT STORMTECH

## \* FOR THE SC740EPE24B/SC740EPE24BR THE 24" (600 mm) STUB LIES BELOW THE BOTTOM OF THE END CAP APPROXIMATELY 1.75" (44 mm). BACKFILL MATERIAL SHOULD BE REMOVED FROM BELOW THE N-12 STUB SO THAT THE FITTING SITS LEVEL.

NOTE: ALL DIMENSIONS ARE NOMINAL

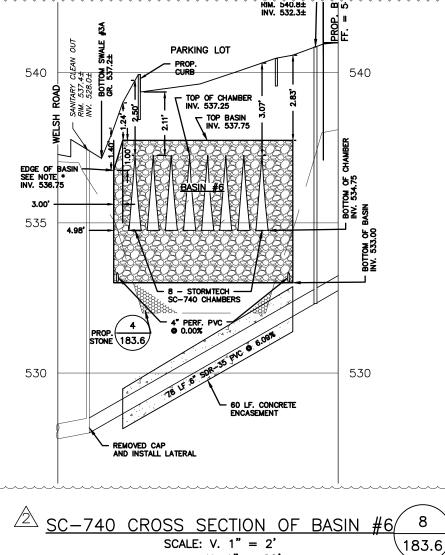
POSSIBLE.

SC-740 TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

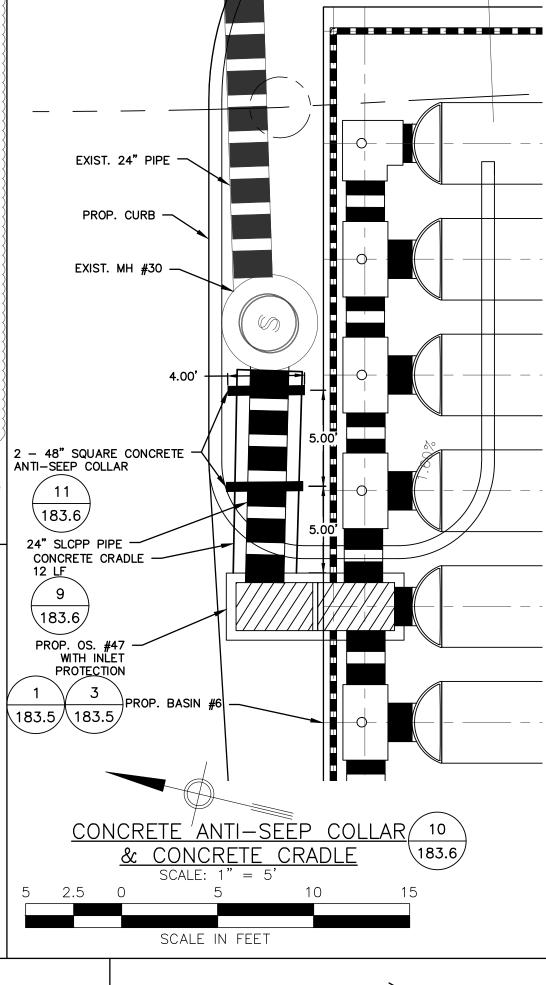


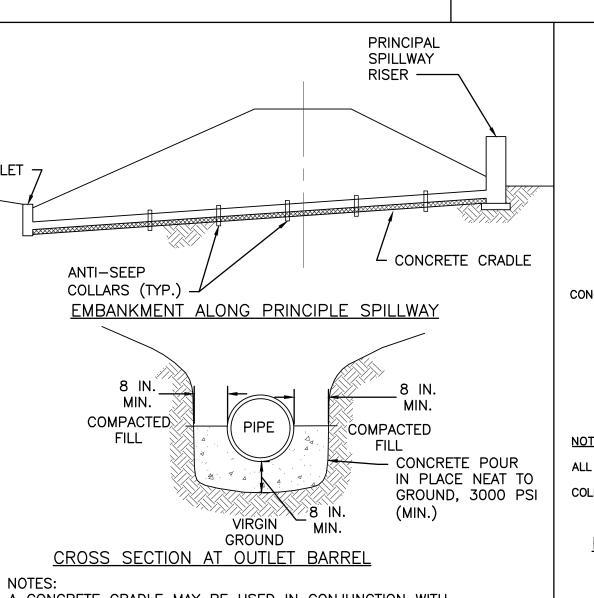
- INSERTA-TEE AT

CHAMBER JOINTS



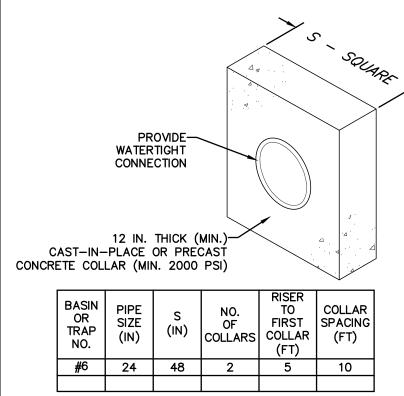
H. 1" = 20'





A CONCRETE CRADLE MAY BE USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH ANTI-SEEP COLLARS AND/OR FILTER DIAPHRAGM. ANTI-SEEP COLLAR NUMBER, SIZE AND SPACING SHALL BE AS SHOWN ELSEWHERE IN PLAN. STANDARD CONSTRUCTION DETAIL #7-17

CONCRETE CRADLE FOR BASIN OR TRAP/ 9 OUTLET BARREL NOT TO SCALE



ALL COLLARS SHALL BE INSTALLED SO AS TO BE WATERTIGHT.

COLLAR SIZE AND SPACING SHALL BE AS INDICATED WITHIN TABLE. CONCRETE ANTI-SEEP COLLAR FOR PERM. BASINS OR TRAPS (SCD 7-16)(

FLECTING THE CHANGES TO THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS MADE IN ADDENDA 1-4. THIS CONFORMED SET SHALL BE CONSIDERED SECONDAR ID SUPPLEMENTAL TO THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS, WHICH CONSIST OF THE BID DOCUMENTS (DRAWINGS & SPECIFICATIONS), ALL ADDENDA D THE OWNERS ACCEPTED BID ALTERNATES AND CONTINGENCIES. THIS CONFORMED SET IS PROVIDED AS A CONVENIENCE FROM COMPLIAN TH THE FULL REQUIREMENTS OF THE CONTRACT DOCUMENTS. RC JES ISSUED FOR BIDS

JES | NPDES PERMIT #PAD060047, PHASE #2 SUBMISSION



Jeffrey E. Skinner

PE-042652-E

SU-052889-

08/11/2023

CUMRU FIRE DEPARTMENT NEW BUILDING TOWNSHIP OF CUMRU

CUMRU TOWNSHIP, BERKS CO., PA.

JES /2 REVISED DRAWINGS PER BCCD REVIEW E-MAIL, DATED 07/31/2023.

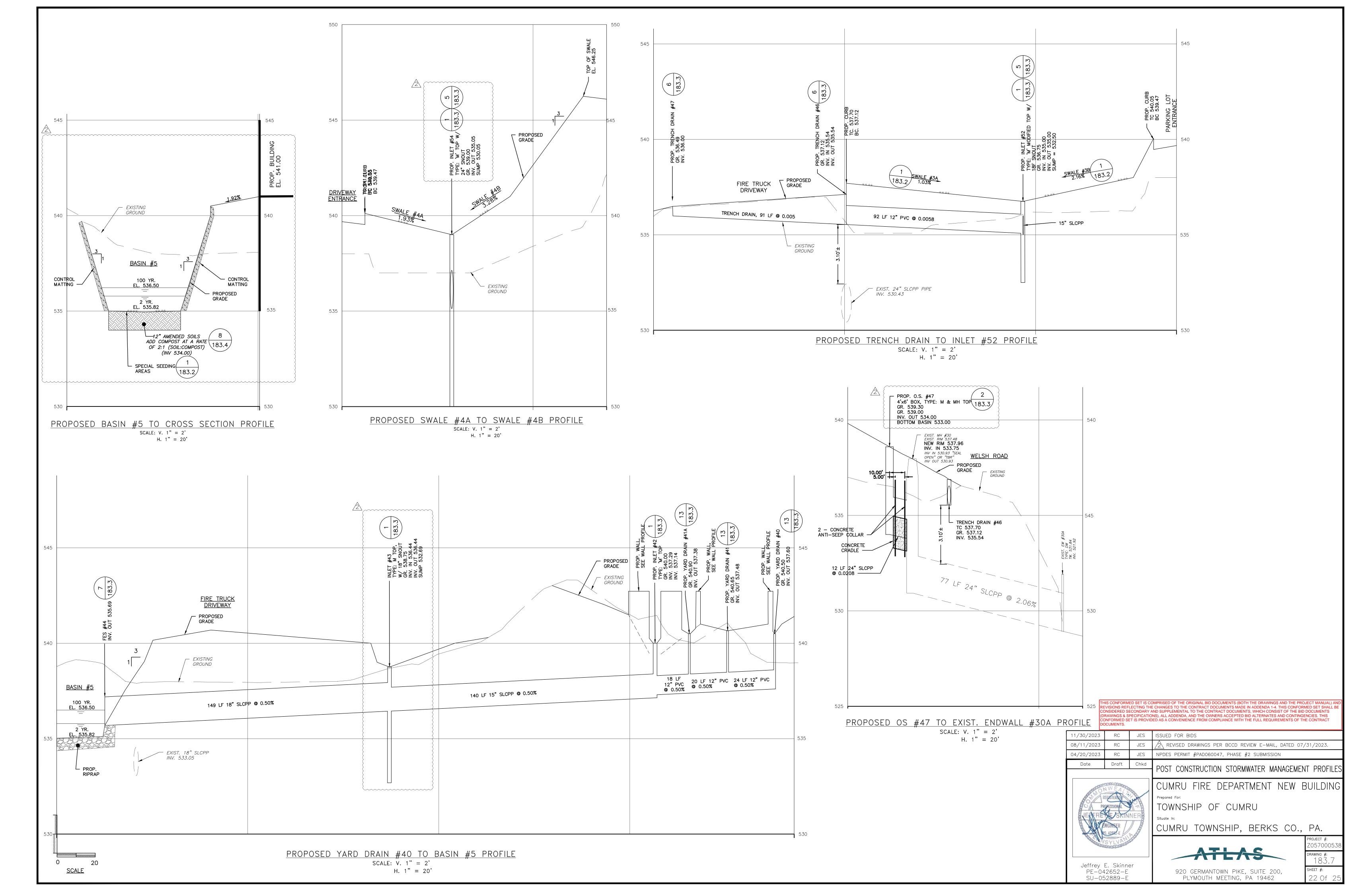
POST CONSTRUCTION STORMWATER MANAGEMENT BASIN #6 DETAILS

ATLAS

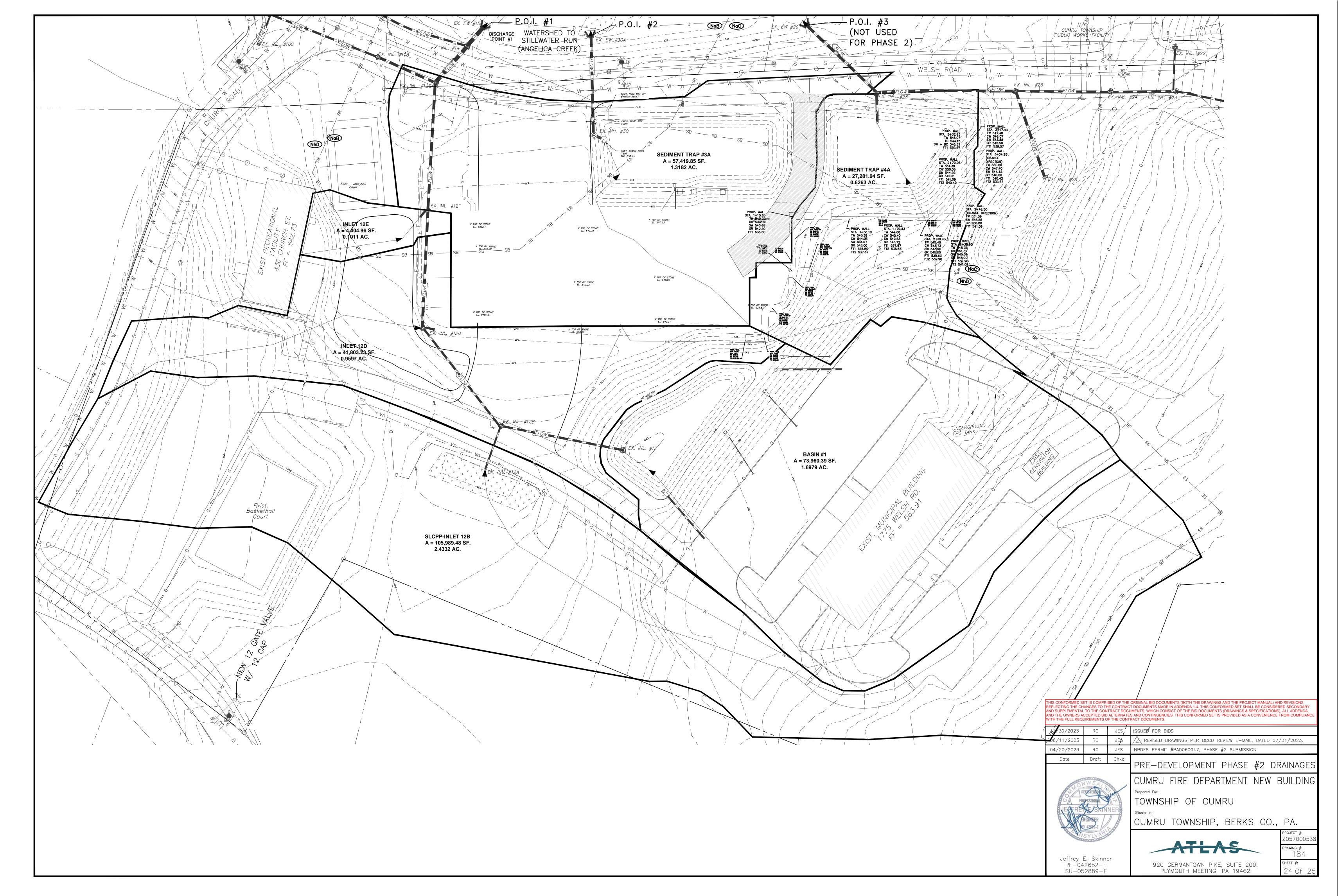
920 GERMANTOWN PIKE, SUITE 200, PLYMOUTH MEETING, PA 19462

(PVC, HDPE, ETC.) A <del>----</del> INSERT A TEE TO BE INSTALLED, CENTERED OVER CORRUGATION PLACE ADSPLUS WOVEN GEOTEXTILE (CENTERED ON INSERTA—TEE INLET) OVER BEDDING STONE FOR SCOUR PROTECTION AT SIDE INLET CONNECTIONS. GEOTEXTILE MUST SECTION A-A SIDE VIEW EXTEND 6" (150 mm) PAST CHAMBER FOOT HEIGHT FROM BASE INSERT A TEE OF CHAMBER (X) 4" (100 mm) 6" (150 mm) SC-310 4" (100 mm) 4" (100 mm) 6" (150 mm) PART NUMBERS WILL VARY BASED ON INLET PIPE 8" (200 mm) MATERIALS. CONTACT STORMTECH FOR MORE INFORMATION. 12" (300 mm) 8" (200 mm) MC-7200 CONTACT ADS ENGINEERING SERVICES IF INSERTA TEE INSERT A TEE FITTINGS AVAILABLE FOR SDR 26, SDR 35, SCH 40 IPS GASKETED & SOLVENT WELD, N-12, HP STORM, C-900 OR DUCTILE IRON INLET MUST BE RAISED AS NOT ALL INVERTS ARE

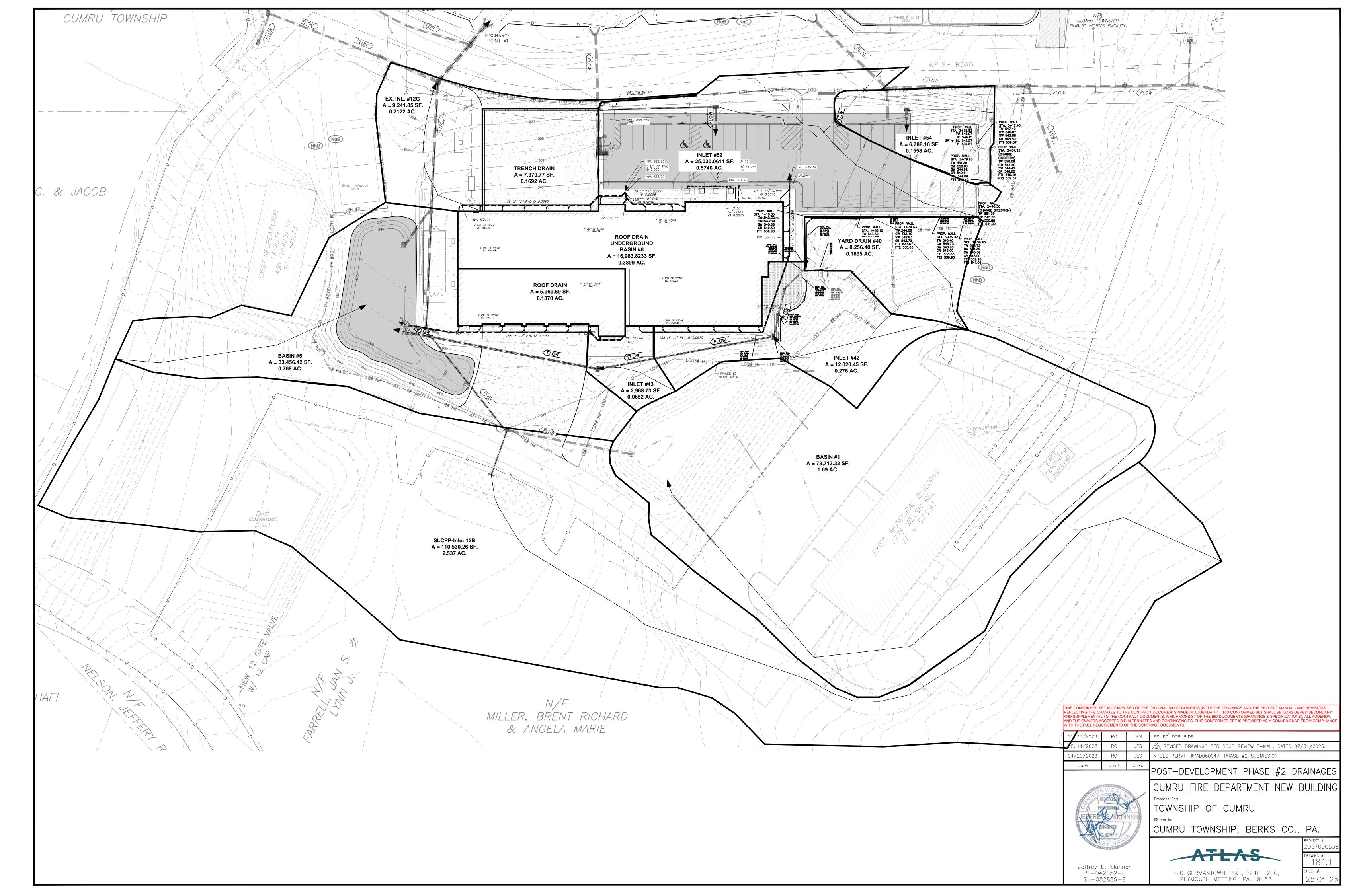
INSERT A-TEE SIDE INLET DETAIL



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