

**KINGSBURY COUNTY**

**AUDIT REPORT**

**For the Two Years Ended December 31, 2022**

KINGSBURY COUNTY  
COUNTY OFFICIALS  
December 31, 2022

Board of Commissioners:

Doug Kazmerzak  
Kyle Lee  
Corey Lundquist  
Steve Spilde  
Roger Walls

Auditor:  
Echo Steffensen

Treasurer:  
Michelle Longville

State's Attorney:  
Gary Schumacher

Register of Deeds:  
Caryn Hojer

Sheriff:  
Steven Strande

KINGSBURY COUNTY  
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RUSSELL A. OLSON  
AUDITOR GENERAL

**REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND  
OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS  
PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS***

**Independent Auditor's Report**

County Commission  
Kingsbury County  
De Smet, South Dakota

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the modified cash basis of accounting financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Kingsbury County, South Dakota (County), as of December 31, 2022, and for each of the years in the biennial period then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated January 16, 2024.

**Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the County's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control.

*A deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. *A material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the County's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify a certain deficiency in internal control, described in the accompanying Schedule of Current Audit Findings and Questioned Costs as item No. 2022-001 that we consider to be a significant deficiency.

## **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the County's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

## **County's Response to Findings**

*Government Auditing Standards* requires the auditor to perform limited procedures on the County's response to the findings identified in our audit. The County's response to the finding identified in our audit is described in the accompanying Schedule of Current Audit Findings and Questioned Costs. The County's response was not subjected to the other auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on the response.

## **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose. As required by South Dakota Codified Law 4-11-11, this report is a matter of public record and its distribution is not limited.



Russell A. Olson  
Auditor General

January 16, 2024



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RUSSELL A. OLSON  
AUDITOR GENERAL

**REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND REPORT ON  
INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE**

**Independent Auditor's Report**

County Commission  
Kingsbury County  
De Smet, South Dakota

**Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program**

***Opinion on Each Major Federal Program***

We have audited Kingsbury County, South Dakota (County), compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the County's major federal programs for the biennial period ended December 31, 2022. The County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying Schedule of Current Audit Findings and Questioned Costs.

In our opinion, Kingsbury County complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the biennial period ended December 31, 2022.

***Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program***

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS); the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*); and the audit requirements of *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of the County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

## ***Responsibilities of Management for Compliance***

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to County's federal programs.

## ***Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance***

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on the County's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material, if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about the County's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the County's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- obtain an understanding of County's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

## **Report on Internal Control Over Compliance**

*A deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. *A material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. *A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.



Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purposes. As required by South Dakota Codified Law 4-11-11, this report and our report on compliance for each major federal program are matters of public record and their distribution is not limited.



Russell A. Olson  
Auditor General

January 16, 2024

KINGSBURY COUNTY  
SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AND CURRENT AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

**SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS**

**Prior Other Audit Finding:**

Finding No. 2020-001:

Internal accounting controls over financial reporting for the years ended December 31, 2019 and December 31, 2020 were inadequate resulting in inaccurate and incomplete information being presented to the users of the annual financial reports. This finding has not been corrected and will be restated as Current Audit Finding No. 2020-001.

**SCHEDULE OF CURRENT AUDIT FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS**

**Section I - Summary of the Auditor's Results**

***Financial Statements***

- a. An unmodified opinion was issued on the financial statements of each opinion unit.
- b. One significant deficiency was disclosed by our audit of the financial statements.
- c. Our audit did not disclose any noncompliance which was material to the financial statements.

***Federal Awards***

- d. An unmodified opinion was issued on compliance with the requirements applicable to major programs.
- e. Our audit did not disclose any audit findings that are required to be reported in accordance with 2 CFR 200.516(a).
- f. The federal award tested as a major program was:  

ALN # 21.027 – Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds
- g. The dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B federal award programs was \$750,000.
- h. Kingsbury County did not qualify as a low-risk auditee.

**Section II – Financial Statement Findings**

***Internal Control-Related Findings - Significant Deficiency:***

Financial Reporting Errors

Finding No. 2022-001:

Criteria:

The County's internal control structure should be designed to provide for the preparation of the annual financial reports, which includes having an adequate system for recording and processing entries material to the annual financial reports being audited in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting.

Condition:

The County does not have an internal control system designed to provide for the preparation of the annual financial reports in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting. We noted numerous significant reporting errors within the annual reports prepared by the County.

Context:

We noted the following significant errors in the County's annual financial reports for the years ended December 31, 2021 and December 31, 2022:

- a. The 2022 Statement of Net Position contained the following significant errors:
  - Restricted for Other Purposes was overstated by \$778,429.98.
  - Restricted for Revolving Loan Purposes was understated by \$202,470.74.
  - Restricted for Capital Projects Purposes was understated by \$165,746.79.
  - Restricted for Rural Access Infrastructure Purposes was understated by \$314,852.45.
  - Restricted for 911 Service Purposes was understated by \$95,156.31.
- b. The 2022 Statement of Activities contained the following significant errors:
  - Operating Grants - Intergovernmental was overstated and State Shared Revenues was understated by \$286,846.48.
  - Operating Grants - General Government was overstated by \$286,393.08.
  - Operating Grants – Public Works was overstated by \$217,715.64.
  - Prior Period Adjustments was overstated by \$479,671.50.
- c. The 2021 Statement of Activities contained the following significant errors:
  - Operating Grants – General Government was overstated and Operating Grants – Public Works was understated by \$217,715.64.
  - Operating Grants – Public Works was overstated and State Shared Revenues was understated by \$60,031.07.
- d. The 2022 Governmental Funds Balance Sheet contained the following significant errors:
  - General Fund Unassigned Fund Balance was overstated and General Fund Assigned Fund Balance was understated by \$1,691,298.49.
- e. The 2022 Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance contained the following errors:
  - Road and Bridge Fund Motor Vehicle License Revenues was overstated by \$68,883.69.
  - Road and Bridge Fund Prorate License Fees was understated by \$63,226.03.
  - Road and Bridge Fund Highway, Road and Bridge Expenditures was overstated and Debt Service Expenditures was understated by \$67,723.94.
  - Other Governmental Funds State Grant Revenues was overstated and Other State Shared Revenues was understated by \$286,846.48.
- f. The 2021 Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance contained the following errors:
  - Road and Bridge Fund Motor Vehicle License Revenues was overstated by \$86,064.53.
  - Road and Bridge Fund Prorate License Fees was understated by \$60,804.46.

- Road and Bridge Fund Highway, Road and Bridge Expenditures was overstated and Debt Service Expenditures was understated by \$67,723.94.
- Other Governmental Funds Federal Grant Revenues was overstated and Other State Shared Revenues was understated by \$60,031.07.

g. The 2022 Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position contained the following errors:

- State Shared Collections for Other Governments was understated by \$52,300.02.
- State Shared Revenue to Other Governments was understated \$51,679.95.

h. The 2021 Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position contained the following errors:

- State Shared Collections for Other Governments was understated by \$654,824.07.
- Payments of Property Tax to Other Governments was overstated by \$92,900.72.
- Payments of State Shared Revenue to Other Governments was understated \$780,424.93.

Other less significant errors were noted and corrected.

Effect:

Inaccurate and incomplete information was presented to the users of the annual financial reports.

Cause:

The County does not have an internal control system designed to provide for the preparation of the annual financial reports in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting.

Recommendation:

We recommend that the County strengthen internal controls over financial reporting.

Views of responsible officials:

The County acknowledges the issues and will continue to take measures to ensure that this is corrected in future years.



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RUSSELL A. OLSON  
AUDITOR GENERAL

## Independent Auditor's Report

County Commission  
Kingsbury County  
De Smet, South Dakota

### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### ***Opinions***

We have audited the accompanying modified cash basis of accounting financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Kingsbury County, South Dakota (County), as of December 31, 2022, and for each of the years in the biennial period then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying modified cash basis of accounting financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Kingsbury County as of December 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for each of the years in the biennial period then ended in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1.c. to the financial statements.

#### ***Basis for Opinions***

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards (Government Auditing Standards)*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the County and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### ***Emphasis of Matter***

As discussed in Note 1.c. of the financial statements, which describes the basis of accounting, the financial statements are prepared on the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

As discussed in Note 2 to the financial statements, in 2022, the County implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, Leases; however, this implementation did not

result in a restatement of the net position as of January 1, 2022. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

### ***Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements***

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1.c.; this includes determining that the modified cash basis of accounting is an acceptable basis for the preparation of the financial statements in the circumstances. Management is responsible for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

### ***Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements***

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the modified cash basis of accounting financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards*, we

- exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the County's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

### **Supplementary Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the modified cash basis of accounting financial statements that collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements. The Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, which as required by *Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance), the Budgetary Comparison Schedules, the Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset), and the Schedule of Changes in Long-Term Debt are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards, the Budgetary Comparison Schedules, the Schedule of the County's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset), and the Schedule of Changes Long-Term Debt are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

### **Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards**

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 16, 2024, on our consideration of the County's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements, and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the County's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering County's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.



Russell A. Olson  
Auditor General

January 16, 2024

**KINGSBURY COUNTY**  
**STATEMENT OF NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS**  
**December 31, 2022**

	<b>Primary Government Governmental Activities</b>
<b>ASSETS:</b>	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 2,499,571.00
Investments	1,657,523.80
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<b>\$ 4,157,094.80</b>
<b>NET POSITION:</b>	
Restricted For: (See Note 5)	
Revolving Loan Purposes	\$ 202,470.74
Ditch Capital Projects Purposes	165,746.79
Rural Access Infrastructure Purposes	314,852.45
911 Service Purposes	95,156.31
Other Purposes	61,778.35
Unrestricted	3,317,090.16
<b>TOTAL NET POSITION</b>	<b>\$ 4,157,094.80</b>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.



**KINGSBURY COUNTY**  
**STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS**  
For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

<b>Functions/Programs</b>	<b>Expenses</b>	<b>Program Revenues</b>			<b>Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position</b>
		<b>Charges for Services</b>	<b>Operating Grants and Contributions</b>	<b>Capital Grants and Contributions</b>	<b>Primary Government Governmental Activities</b>
<b>Primary Government:</b>					
Governmental Activities:					
General Government	\$ 1,372,100.07	\$ 243,888.93	\$ 293,157.68	\$	\$ (835,053.46)
Public Safety	829,742.12	197,924.62	187,264.63	12,086.27	(432,466.60)
Public Works	5,024,997.99	35,808.90	2,244,950.33	32,468.05	(2,711,770.71)
Health and Welfare	46,818.16	340.00			(46,478.16)
Culture and Recreation	17,302.09				(17,302.09)
Conservation of Natural Resources	118,826.86				(118,826.86)
Urban and Economic Development	53,389.76				(53,389.76)
Intergovernmental	58,286.52				(58,286.52)
**Interest on Long-Term Debt	13,238.76				(13,238.76)
Total Primary Government	<b><u>\$ 7,534,702.33</u></b>	<b><u>\$ 477,962.45</u></b>	<b><u>\$ 2,725,372.64</u></b>	<b><u>\$ 44,554.32</u></b>	<b><u>(4,286,812.92)</u></b>
<b>General Revenues:</b>					
Taxes:					
Property Taxes					2,625,674.63
Wheel Tax					233,906.09
State Shared Revenues					366,630.88
Grants and Contributions not Restricted to Specific Programs					55,516.59
Unrestricted Investment Earnings					8,124.73
Miscellaneous Revenue					52,330.42
Total General Revenues					<b><u>3,342,183.34</u></b>
Change in Net Position					(944,629.58)
Net Position - Beginning					5,101,724.38
NET POSITION - ENDING					<b><u>\$ 4,157,094.80</u></b>

\*\*The County does not have interest expense related to the functions presented above. This amount includes indirect interest expense on general long-term debt.

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**KINGSBURY COUNTY**  
**STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS**  
For the Year Ended December 31, 2021

Functions/Programs	Expenses	Program Revenues			Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position
		Charges for Services	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Primary Government Governmental Activities
<b>Primary Government:</b>					
Governmental Activities:					
General Government	\$ 1,608,558.71	\$ 196,227.15	\$ 265,489.21	\$	\$ (1,146,842.35)
Public Safety	695,648.50	199,084.53	127,676.94	5,267.85	(363,619.18)
Public Works	2,570,897.75	1,401.05	1,949,021.70	34,320.57	(586,154.43)
Health and Welfare	40,803.28	534.34			(40,268.94)
Culture and Recreation	13,529.78				(13,529.78)
Conservation of Natural Resources	141,343.84		4,500.00		(136,843.84)
Urban and Economic Development	36,780.32				(36,780.32)
Intergovernmental	58,964.71	570.00			(58,394.71)
**Interest on Long-Term Debt	16,049.08				(16,049.08)
<b>Total Primary Government</b>	<b>\$ 5,182,575.97</b>	<b>\$ 397,817.07</b>	<b>\$ 2,346,687.85</b>	<b>\$ 39,588.42</b>	<b>(2,398,482.63)</b>
<b>General Revenues:</b>					
Taxes:					
					2,570,510.72
					235,858.48
					133,449.91
					11,471.44
					15,758.81
					30,434.47
<b>Total General Revenues</b>					<b>2,997,483.83</b>
Change in Net Position					599,001.20
Net Position - Beginning					4,502,723.18
<b>NET POSITION - ENDING</b>					<b>\$ 5,101,724.38</b>

\*\*The County does not have interest expense related to the functions presented above. This amount includes indirect interest expense on general long-term debt.

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**KINGSBURY COUNTY  
BALANCE SHEET - MODIFIED CASH BASIS  
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS  
December 31, 2022**

	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Road and Bridge Fund</u>	<u>Other Governmental Funds</u>	<u>Total Governmental Funds</u>
<b>ASSETS:</b>				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 779,807.59	\$ 789,242.94	\$ 930,520.47	\$ 2,499,571.00
Investments	1,657,523.80			1,657,523.80
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<b><u>\$ 2,437,331.39</u></b>	<b><u>\$ 789,242.94</u></b>	<b><u>\$ 930,520.47</u></b>	<b><u>\$ 4,157,094.80</u></b>
<b>FUND BALANCES:</b> (See Note 1.j.)				
Restricted	\$	\$	\$ 840,004.64	\$ 840,004.64
Assigned	1,724,778.00	789,242.94	90,515.83	2,604,536.77
Unassigned	712,553.39			712,553.39
<b>TOTAL FUND BALANCES</b>	<b><u>\$ 2,437,331.39</u></b>	<b><u>\$ 789,242.94</u></b>	<b><u>\$ 930,520.47</u></b>	<b><u>\$ 4,157,094.80</u></b>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**KINGSBURY COUNTY**  
**STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS**  
**GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**  
**For the Year Ended December 31, 2022**

	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Road and Bridge Fund</u>	<u>Other Governmental Funds</u>	<u>Total Governmental Funds</u>
<b>Revenues:</b>				
Taxes:				
General Property Taxes--Current	\$ 2,613,603.34	\$	\$	\$ 2,613,603.34
General Property Taxes--Delinquent	8,986.40			8,986.40
Penalties and Interest	2,889.19			2,889.19
Telephone Tax (Outside)	195.70			195.70
Wheel Tax		233,906.09		233,906.09
Licenses and Permits	21,134.48	500.00	690.00	22,324.48
Intergovernmental Revenue:				
Federal Grants	288,256.54	218,529.45	110,389.85	617,175.84
Federal Shared Revenue	50,000.00			50,000.00
Federal Payments in Lieu of Taxes	4,948.69			4,948.69
State Grants	24,975.70	780,000.00		804,975.70
State Shared Revenue:				
Bank Franchise	31,641.41			31,641.41
Motor Vehicle Licenses	27.00	1,167,322.48		1,167,349.48
Prorate License Fees		63,226.03		63,226.03
Abused and Neglected Child Defense	1,382.28			1,382.28
63 3/4% Mobile Home	10,187.71			10,187.71
Telecommunications Gross Receipts Tax	9,853.53			9,853.53
Motor Vehicle 1/4%	2,980.38			2,980.38
Motor Fuel Tax		5,657.66		5,657.66
911 Remittances			52,437.56	52,437.56
Liquor Tax Reversion (25%)	36,899.55			36,899.55
Other State Shared Revenue			286,846.48	286,846.48
Other Payments in Lieu of Taxes	1,389.91			1,389.91
Charges for Goods and Services:				
General Government:				
Treasurer's Fees	29,997.30			29,997.30
Register of Deeds' Fees	148,025.50		4,716.00	152,741.50

Driver's License Exam	2,464.00			2,464.00
Legal Services	6,030.28		200.00	6,230.28
Clerk of Courts Fees	4,776.63			4,776.63
Other Fees	11,456.00			11,456.00
Public Safety:				
Law Enforcement	176,326.32			176,326.32
Prisoner Care	7,021.86			7,021.86
Sobriety Testing			1,718.00	1,718.00
Other	11,510.13			11,510.13
Public Works:				
Road Maintenance Contract Charges		35,308.90		35,308.90
Health and Welfare:				
Economic Assistance:				
Poor Lien Recoveries	340.00			340.00
Other Charges	748.75			748.75
Fines and Forfeits:				
Fines	238.31			238.31
Costs	1,110.00			1,110.00
Miscellaneous Revenue:				
Investment Earnings	3,940.76	3,227.02	956.95	8,124.73
Rent	13,649.99			13,649.99
Special Assessments			32,468.05	32,468.05
Contributions and Donations	567.90			567.90
Other	22,068.06		5,943.24	28,011.30
Total Revenues	<u>3,549,623.60</u>	<u>2,507,677.63</u>	<u>496,366.13</u>	<u>6,553,667.36</u>

**Expenditures:**

General Government:

Legislative:

Board of County Commissioners	151,234.74			151,234.74
Elections	25,395.41			25,395.41
Judicial System	4,357.56			4,357.56

Financial Administration:

Auditor	136,053.36			136,053.36
Treasurer	194,387.82			194,387.82

Legal Services:

State's Attorney	136,386.46			136,386.46
Court Appointed Attorney	24,860.03			24,860.03

**KINGSBURY COUNTY**  
**STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS**  
**GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**  
**For the Year Ended December 31, 2022**  
**(Continued)**

	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Road and Bridge Fund</u>	<u>Other Governmental Funds</u>	<u>Total Governmental Funds</u>
Other General Government:				
General Government Building	278,565.58			278,565.58
Director of Equalization	183,934.63			183,934.63
Register of Deeds	150,212.32		4,321.37	154,533.69
Veterans Service Officer	26,210.62			26,210.62
Predatory Animal	7,144.81			7,144.81
Information Technology	49,035.36			49,035.36
Public Safety:				
Law Enforcement:				
Sheriff	522,499.69			522,499.69
County Jail	63,285.97			63,285.97
Coroner	5,830.44			5,830.44
Juvenile Detention	994.50			994.50
Protective and Emergency Services:				
Emergency and Disaster Services			169,119.02	169,119.02
Communication Center			68,012.50	68,012.50
Public Works:				
Highways and Bridges:				
Highways, Roads and Bridges		4,930,915.11	32,317.50	4,963,232.61
Transportation:				
Other Transportation	2,500.00			2,500.00
Health and Welfare:				
Economic Assistance:				
Support of Poor	2,921.00			2,921.00
Public Welfare	324.19			324.19
Low Income Energy Assistance Program	7,869.53			7,869.53
Social Services:				
Domestic Abuse			976.40	976.40

Mental Health Services:				
Mentally Ill	2,825.00			2,825.00
Mental Health Centers	22,801.45			22,801.45
Mental Illness Board	9,100.59			9,100.59
Culture and Recreation:				
Recreation:				
Exhibition Building	17,302.09			17,302.09
Conservation of Natural Resources:				
Soil Conservation:				
County Extension	50,541.64			50,541.64
Soil Conservation Districts	20,000.00			20,000.00
Weed Control	22,675.42			22,675.42
Urban and Economic Development:				
Urban Development:				
Planning and Zoning	32,304.36			32,304.36
Urban and Rural Development	20,504.40			20,504.40
Economic Development:				
Tourism, Industrial or Recreational Development	581.00			581.00
Intergovernmental Expenditures		58,286.52		58,286.52
Debt Service		67,723.94	30,390.00	98,113.94
Total Expenditures	<u>2,172,639.97</u>	<u>5,056,925.57</u>	<u>305,136.79</u>	<u>7,534,702.33</u>
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	<u>1,376,983.63</u>	<u>(2,549,247.94)</u>	<u>191,229.34</u>	<u>(981,034.97)</u>
<b>Other Financing Sources (Uses):</b>				
Transfers In		1,029,107.00	30,000.00	1,059,107.00
Transfers Out	(1,059,107.00)			(1,059,107.00)
Insurance Proceeds	12,086.27			12,086.27
Sale of County Property	10,000.00	14,319.12		24,319.12
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>(1,037,020.73)</u>	<u>1,043,426.12</u>	<u>30,000.00</u>	<u>36,405.39</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	339,962.90	(1,505,821.82)	221,229.34	(944,629.58)
Fund Balance - Beginning	<u>2,097,368.49</u>	<u>2,295,064.76</u>	<u>709,291.13</u>	<u>5,101,724.38</u>
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>\$ 2,437,331.39</u>	<u>\$ 789,242.94</u>	<u>\$ 930,520.47</u>	<u>\$ 4,157,094.80</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**KINGSBURY COUNTY**  
**STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS**  
**GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**  
**For the Year Ended December 31, 2021**

	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Road and Bridge Fund</u>	<u>Other Governmental Funds</u>	<u>Total Governmental Funds</u>
<b>Revenues:</b>				
Taxes:				
General Property Taxes--Current	\$ 2,559,490.56	\$	\$	\$ 2,559,490.56
General Property Taxes--Delinquent	7,904.85			7,904.85
Penalties and Interest	2,794.83			2,794.83
Telephone Tax (Outside)	182.93			182.93
Mobile Home Tax	137.55			137.55
Wheel Tax		235,858.48		235,858.48
Licenses and Permits	13,891.50	1,400.00	570.00	15,861.50
Intergovernmental Revenue:				
Federal Grants	299,131.70	467,150.35	36,295.88	802,577.93
Federal Payments in Lieu of Taxes	4,751.24			4,751.24
State Grants	4,500.00	253,060.84		257,560.84
State Shared Revenue:				
Bank Franchise	23,871.17			23,871.17
Motor Vehicle Licenses		1,161,609.89		1,161,609.89
Court Appointed Attorney/Public Defender	443.38			443.38
Prorate License Fees		60,804.46		60,804.46
63 3/4% Mobile Home		701.25		701.25
Telecommunications Gross Receipts Tax	10,909.43			10,909.43
Motor Vehicle 1/4%	3,089.97			3,089.97
Motor Fuel Tax		5,694.91		5,694.91
911 Remittances			54,205.22	54,205.22
Liquor Tax Reversion (25%)	37,344.66			37,344.66
Other State Shared Revenue			60,031.07	60,031.07
Other Payments in Lieu of Taxes	1,293.58			1,293.58
Charges for Goods and Services:				
General Government:				
Treasurer's Fees	29,866.75			29,866.75



Register of Deeds' Fees	96,755.00		4,085.00	100,840.00
Driver's License Exam	1,592.00			1,592.00
Legal Services	24,014.71		375.00	24,389.71
Clerk of Courts Fees	5,724.00			5,724.00
Other Fees	6,808.75			6,808.75
Public Safety:				
Law Enforcement	182,606.22			182,606.22
Prisoner Care	5,785.22			5,785.22
Sobriety Testing			5,866.00	5,866.00
Other	2,395.42			2,395.42
Public Works:				
Road Maintenance Contract Charges		1.05		1.05
Health and Welfare:				
Economic Assistance:				
Poor Lien Recoveries	534.34			534.34
Other Charges	964.45			964.45
Fines and Forfeits:				
Fines	385.90			385.90
Costs	2,045.77			2,045.77
Miscellaneous Revenue:				
Investment Earnings	8,584.00	5,832.97	1,341.84	15,758.81
Rent	12,149.99			12,149.99
Special Assessments			34,320.57	34,320.57
Contributions and Donations	3,344.69		3,375.51	6,720.20
Other	15,019.47			15,019.47
Total Revenues	<u>3,368,314.03</u>	<u>2,192,114.20</u>	<u>200,466.09</u>	<u>5,760,894.32</u>

**Expenditures:**

General Government:

Legislative:

Board of County Commissioners	162,706.42			162,706.42
Elections	2,442.46			2,442.46
Judicial System	2,542.02			2,542.02

Financial Administration:

Auditor	129,666.84			129,666.84
Treasurer	180,980.47			180,980.47

Legal Services:

State's Attorney	133,313.25			133,313.25
Court Appointed Attorney	33,132.27			33,132.27

**KINGSBURY COUNTY**  
**STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS**  
**GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**  
**For the Year Ended December 31, 2021**  
**(Continued)**

	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Road and Bridge Fund</u>	<u>Other Governmental Funds</u>	<u>Total Governmental Funds</u>
Other General Government:				
General Government Building	564,571.93			564,571.93
Director of Equalization	155,792.85			155,792.85
Register of Deeds	139,720.37		26,735.16	166,455.53
Veterans Service Officer	26,808.77			26,808.77
Predatory Animal	7,144.81			7,144.81
Information Technology	43,001.09			43,001.09
Public Safety:				
Law Enforcement:				
Sheriff	506,527.64			506,527.64
County Jail	41,604.62		4,060.00	45,664.62
Coroner	5,865.00			5,865.00
Other Law Enforcement	1,344.69			1,344.69
Protective and Emergency Services:				
Emergency and Disaster Services			83,367.37	83,367.37
Communication Center	450.76		63,890.34	64,341.10
Public Works:				
Highways and Bridges:				
Highways, Roads and Bridges		2,513,576.48		2,513,576.48
Health and Welfare:				
Economic Assistance:				
Support of Poor	7,547.40			7,547.40
Public Welfare	322.92			322.92
Low Income Energy Assistance Program	7,471.88			7,471.88
Social Services:				
Domestic Abuse			1,762.37	1,762.37
Mental Health Services:				
Mentally Ill	1,928.00			1,928.00
Mental Health Centers	16,852.35			16,852.35
Mental Illness Board	4,918.36			4,918.36

Culture and Recreation:				
Recreation:				
Exhibition Building	13,529.78			13,529.78
Conservation of Natural Resources:				
Soil Conservation:				
County Extension	48,746.25			48,746.25
Soil Conservation Districts	15,000.00			15,000.00
Weed Control	30,547.09			30,547.09
Water Conservation:				
Other			22,306.91	22,306.91
Urban and Economic Development:				
Urban Development:				
Planning and Zoning	19,366.02			19,366.02
Urban and Rural Development	16,833.30			16,833.30
Economic Development:				
Tourism, Industrial or Recreational Development	581.00			581.00
Intergovernmental Expenditures		58,964.71		58,964.71
Debt Service		67,723.94	30,390.00	98,113.94
Total Expenditures	<u>2,321,260.61</u>	<u>2,640,265.13</u>	<u>232,512.15</u>	<u>5,194,037.89</u>
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	<u>1,047,053.42</u>	<u>(448,150.93)</u>	<u>(32,046.06)</u>	<u>566,856.43</u>
<b>Other Financing Sources (Uses):</b>				
Transfers In		975,000.00	50,000.00	1,025,000.00
Transfers Out	(1,025,000.00)			(1,025,000.00)
Insurance Proceeds	11,461.92	5,267.85		16,729.77
Sale of County Property	15,415.00			15,415.00
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>(998,123.08)</u>	<u>980,267.85</u>	<u>50,000.00</u>	<u>32,144.77</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	48,930.34	532,116.92	17,953.94	599,001.20
Fund Balance - Beginning	<u>2,048,438.15</u>	<u>1,762,947.84</u>	<u>691,337.19</u>	<u>4,502,723.18</u>
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>\$ 2,097,368.49</u>	<u>\$ 2,295,064.76</u>	<u>\$ 709,291.13</u>	<u>\$ 5,101,724.38</u>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**KINGSBURY COUNTY**  
**STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS**  
**FIDUCIARY FUNDS**  
**December 31, 2022**

	<b>Custodial Funds</b>
<b>ASSETS:</b>	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 376,622.56
<b>TOTAL ASSETS</b>	<b>\$ 376,622.56</b>
<b>NET POSITION:</b>	
Restricted For:	
Individuals, Organizations, and Other Governments	\$ 376,622.56
<b>TOTAL NET POSITION</b>	<b>\$ 376,622.56</b>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**KINGSBURY COUNTY**  
**STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS**  
**FIDUCIARY FUNDS**  
**For the Year Ended December 31, 2022**

	<b>Custodial Funds</b>
<b>ADDITIONS:</b>	
Property Tax Collections for Other Governments	\$ 10,962,090.85
State Shared Revenue Collections for Other Governments	3,323,316.03
Other Additions	109,188.82
Total Additions	14,394,595.70
<b>DEDUCTIONS:</b>	
Payments of Property Tax to Other Governments	10,951,701.94
Payments of State Shared Revenue to Other Governments	3,350,981.99
Other Deductions	102,390.56
Total Deductions	14,405,074.49
Change in Net Position	(10,478.79)
Net Position - Beginning	387,101.35
<b>NET POSITION - ENDING</b>	<b>\$ 376,622.56</b>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

**KINGSBURY COUNTY**  
**STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION - MODIFIED CASH BASIS**  
**FIDUCIARY FUNDS**  
**For the Year Ended December 31, 2021**

	<b>Custodial Funds</b>
<b>ADDITIONS:</b>	
Property Tax Collections for Other Governments	\$ 11,132,339.88
State Shared Revenue Collections for Other Governments	3,220,201.19
Other Additions	113,280.42
Total Additions	14,465,821.49
<b>DEDUCTIONS:</b>	
Payments of Property Tax to Other Governments	11,135,165.22
Payments of State Shared Revenue to Other Governments	3,211,122.89
Other Deductions	130,823.07
Total Deductions	14,477,111.18
Change in Net Position	(11,289.69)
Net Position - Beginning	398,391.04
<b>NET POSITION - ENDING</b>	<b>\$ 387,101.35</b>

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

KINGSBURY COUNTY  
NOTES TO THE MODIFIED CASH BASIS FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

As discussed further in Note 1.c., these financial statements are presented on a modified cash basis of accounting. The modified cash basis of accounting differs from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAP). Generally accepted accounting principles include all relevant Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) pronouncements.

a. Financial Reporting Entity:

The reporting entity of Kingsbury County (County), consists of the primary government (which includes all of the funds, organizations, institutions, agencies, departments, and offices that make up the legal entity, plus those funds for which the primary government has a fiduciary responsibility); those organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable; and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that their exclusion would cause the financial reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The County has created a Housing and Redevelopment Commission (HRC) under the authority of South Dakota Codified Law 11-7-7. The County created this HRC solely for the purpose of abdicating its power or authority over the housing projects within Kingsbury County to the Brookings County Housing and Redevelopment Commission organized by Brookings County. The County Commission, though, retains the statutory authority for the County Commissioner's Chairperson with the approval of the Board of County Commissioners for the appointment of five members of the HRC for five-year, staggered terms. The HRC elects its own Chairperson and recruits and employs its own management personnel and other workers. The County Commission also retains the statutory authority to approve or deny, or otherwise modify, the HRC's plans to construct a low-income housing unit, or to issue debt, which gives the County Commission the ability to impose its will on the HRC. Because Kingsbury County abdicated their power and authority over this HRC to the Housing and Redevelopment Commission of Brookings County organized by Brookings County, this component unit's financial activity is not included on Kingsbury County's annual report. The financial activity of this component unit would be included as a component unit on Brookings County's annual report.

The County and the Municipality of Lake Preston jointly govern the Kingsbury County Regional Railroad Authority. See detailed note entitled "Jointly Governed Organizations" for specific disclosures.

b. Basis of Presentation:

*Government-wide Financial Statements:*

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities display information about the reporting entity as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other non-exchange revenues.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the County's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by recipients of goods and services offered by the programs and (b) grants and contributions that are

restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

*Fund Financial Statements:*

Fund financial statements of the reporting entity are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that constitute its assets, liabilities, fund equity, revenues, and expenditures/expenses. Funds are organized into two major categories: governmental and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental category. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the County or it meets the following criteria:

1. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
2. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined, or
3. Management has elected to classify one or more governmental or enterprise funds as major for consistency in reporting from year to year, or because of public interest in the fund's operations.

The funds of the County financial reporting entity are described below:

**Governmental Funds:**

*General Fund* – *The General Fund is the general operating fund of the County. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The General Fund is always considered to be a major fund.*

*Special Revenue Funds* – *Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than trusts for individuals, private organizations, or other governments or for major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes.*

Road and Bridge Fund – to account for funds credited to the road and bridge fund pursuant to SDCL 32-11-4.2 to be used by the board of county commissioners for grading, constructing, planing, dragging, and maintaining county highways and also for dragging, maintaining, and grading secondary roads. Proper equipment for dragging, grading, and maintaining highways, such as graders, tractors, drags, maintainers, and planers may be purchased from the road and bridge fund. (SDCL 32-11-2 and 32-11-4.2). This is a major fund.

The remaining special revenue funds are not considered major funds: 911 Service, DARE, Emergency Management, Domestic Abuse, Revolving Loan, 24/7 Sobriety, Modernization and Preservation Relief, and Rural Access Infrastructure. These funds are reported on the fund financial statements as "Other Governmental Funds."

*Debt Service Funds* – *Debt service funds are used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.*



Ditch #4 Debt Service Fund – to account for special assessments which may be used only for the payment of the debt principal, interest, and related costs. This is not a major fund.

*Capital Projects Funds – Capital projects funds are used to account for financial resources to be used for the acquisition or construction of major capital facilities (other than those financed by proprietary funds or trust funds for individuals, private organizations, or other governments).*

Ditch #4 Capital Projects Fund – to account for financial resources to be used for the construction of drainage control ditch funded by special assessments and long-term debt issuance. This is not a major fund.

**Fiduciary Funds:**

Fiduciary funds consist of the following sub-category and are never considered to be major funds:

*Custodial Funds – Custodial funds are used to report fiduciary activities that are not required to be reported in pension (and other employee benefit) trust funds, investment trust funds, or private-purpose trust funds. Custodial funds are used to account for the accumulation and distribution of property tax revenues and various pass-through funds.*

c. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting:

Measurement focus is a term used to describe “how” transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to “when” revenues and expenditures or expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements, regardless of the measurement focus.

The County’s basis of accounting is the modified cash basis, which is a basis of accounting other than USGAAP. Under USGAAP, transactions are recorded in the accounts when revenues are earned and liabilities are incurred. Under the modified cash basis, transactions are recorded when cash is received or disbursed.

*Measurement Focus:*

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities, governmental activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus, applied within the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting as defined below.

In the fund financial statements, the “current financial resources” measurement focus or the “economic resources” measurement focus is used, applied within the limitations of the modified cash basis of accounting.

*Basis of Accounting:*

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities and the fund financial statements, governmental activities are presented using a modified cash basis of accounting.

The modified cash basis of accounting involves the measurement of cash and cash equivalents and changes in cash and cash equivalents resulting from cash receipt and disbursement transactions. Under the modified cash basis of accounting, the statement of financial position reports only cash and cash equivalents (those investments with terms to maturity of 90 days (three months) or less at the date of acquisition). Under the modified

cash basis of accounting, transactions are recorded in the accounts when cash and/or cash equivalents are received or disbursed and assets and liabilities are recognized to the extent that cash has been received or disbursed. The acceptable modification to the cash basis of accounting implemented by the County in these financial statements is:

Recording long-term investments in marketable securities (those with maturities more than 90-days (three months) from the date of acquisition) acquired with cash assets at cost.

As a result of the use of this modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as accounts receivable and revenue for billed or provided services not yet collected) and certain liabilities and their related expenses (such as accounts payable and expenses for goods or services received but not yet paid and accrued expenses and liabilities) are not recorded in these financial statements.

If the County applied USGAAP, the fund financial statements for governmental funds would use the modified accrual basis of accounting. All government-wide financial statements would be presented on the accrual basis of accounting.

d. Deposits and Investments:

For the purpose of financial reporting, "cash and cash equivalents" includes all demand and savings accounts and certificates of deposit or short-term investments with a term to maturity at date of acquisition of three months or less. Investments in open-end mutual fund shares, or similar investments in external investment pools, are also considered to be cash equivalents.

Investments classified in the financial statements consist entirely of certificates of deposit whose term to maturity at date of acquisition exceeds three months, and/or those types of investment authorized by South Dakota Codified Law (SDCL) 4-5-6. Under the modified cash basis of accounting, investments are carried at cost.

e. Capital Assets:

Capital assets include land, buildings, improvements other than buildings, furnishings and equipment, construction/development in progress, infrastructure, intangible lease assets, and all other tangible or intangible assets that are used in operations and that have initial useful lives extending beyond a single reporting period. *Infrastructure assets* are long-lived capital assets that normally are stationary in nature and normally can be preserved for significantly greater number of years than most capital assets.

As discussed in Note 1.c. above, the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities and the fund financial statements are presented using a modified cash basis of accounting. The County has not elected to modify their cash basis presentation by recording capital assets arising from cash transactions and depreciating those assets where appropriate, so any capital assets owned by the County and the related depreciation are not reported on the financial statements of the County.

f. Long-Term Liabilities:

Long-term liabilities may include, but are not limited to, Revenue Bonds, Certificates of Participation, and Financed Purchase Agreements.

As discussed in Note 1.c. above, the government-wide Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities and the fund financial statements are presented using a modified cash basis of accounting. The County has not elected to modify their cash basis presentation by

recording long-term debt or long-term liabilities arising from cash transactions, so any outstanding long-term debt or long-term liabilities are not reported on the financial statements of the County. The County does report the principal and interest payments on long-term debt as Debt Service expenditures on the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances. On the Statement of Activities, the principal portion of these Debt Service payments are reported within the appropriate expense function while the interest portion is reported as Interest on Long-Term Debt.

The County has presented as Supplementary Information a Schedule of Changes in Long-Term Debt along with related notes that include details of any outstanding Long-Term Debt.

g. Program Revenues:

Program revenues derive directly from the program itself or from parties other than the County's taxpayers or citizenry, as a whole. Program revenues are classified into three categories, as follows:

1. Charges for services – These arise from charges to customers, applicants, or others who purchase, use, or directly benefit from the goods, services, or privileges provided, or are otherwise directly affected by the services.
2. Program-specific operating grants and contributions – These arise from mandatory and voluntary non-exchange transactions with other governments, organizations, or individuals that are restricted for use in a particular program.
3. Program-specific capital grants and contributions – These arise from mandatory and voluntary non-exchange transactions with other governments, organizations, or individuals that are restricted for the acquisition of capital assets for use in a particular program.

h. Equity Classifications:

*Government-wide Financial Statements:*

Equity is classified as Net Position and is displayed in two components:

1. Restricted Net Position – Consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by (a) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments; or (b) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
2. Unrestricted Net Position – All other net position that do not meet the definition of Restricted Net Position.

*Fund Financial Statements:*

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance, and is distinguished between Nonspendable, Restricted, Committed, Assigned, or Unassigned components. Fiduciary fund equity is reported as restricted net position.

i. Application of Net Position:

It is the County's policy to first use restricted net position, prior to the use of unrestricted net position, when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net positions are available.

j. Fund Balance Classification Policies and Procedures:

In accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) No. 54, Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions, the County classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

- Nonspendable – includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual constraints.
- Restricted – includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors or amounts constrained due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Committed – includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision-making authority and does not lapse at year-end.
- Assigned – includes fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted nor committed. Fund Balance may be assigned by the County Commissioners.
- Unassigned – includes positive fund balance within the General Fund which has not been classified within the above-mentioned categories and negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

The County uses *restricted/committed* amounts first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents/contracts that prohibit doing this, such as a grant agreement requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the County would first use *committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts* of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

The County *does not* have a formal minimum fund balance policy.

The purpose of each major special revenue fund and revenue source is listed below:

**Major Special Revenue Fund**

Road and Bridge Fund

**Revenue Source**

Motor Vehicle Licenses, Wheel Tax, and Grants

A schedule of fund balances is provided as follows:

**KINGSBURY COUNTY  
DISCLOSURE OF FUND BALANCES REPORTED ON BALANCE SHEET  
GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS  
DECEMBER 31, 2022**

	<u>General Fund</u>	<u>Road and Bridge Fund</u>	<u>Other Governmental Funds</u>	<u>Total Governmental Funds</u>
<b>Fund Balances:</b>				
Restricted For:				
Revolving Loan Purposes	\$	\$	\$ 202,470.74	\$ 202,470.74
Ditch Capital Projects Purposes			165,746.79	165,746.79
Ditch Debt Service Purposes			4,166.36	4,166.36
911 Service Purposes			95,156.31	95,156.31
Rural Access Infrastructure Purposes			314,852.45	314,852.45
DARE Purposes			3,375.51	3,375.51
24/7 Sobriety Purposes			26,358.33	26,358.33
Modernization and Preservation Relief Purposes			27,878.15	27,878.15
Assigned To:				
Applied to Next Year's Budget	1,451,388.00			1,451,388.00
Courthouse Repair Purposes	23,390.00			23,390.00
Road and Bridge Purposes	250,000.00	789,242.94		1,039,242.94
Emergency Management Purposes			90,515.83	90,515.83
Unassigned	712,553.39			712,553.39
<b>Total Fund Balances</b>	<u>\$ 2,437,331.39</u>	<u>\$ 789,242.94</u>	<u>\$ 930,520.47</u>	<u>\$ 4,157,094.80</u>

## 2. IMPLEMENTATION OF NEW ACCOUNTING STANDARD

In 2022, the County implemented the provisions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, Leases. This statement improves accounting and financial reporting for leases; enhances the comparability of financial statements between governments; and also enhances the relevance, reliability, and consistency of information about the leasing activities of governments. The County prepared and presented the financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting described in Note 1.c.; therefore, the implementation of this standard did not affect beginning net position or beginning fund balances.

## 3. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS CREDIT RISK, CONCENTRATIONS OF CREDIT RISK AND INTEREST RATE RISK

The County follows the practice of aggregating the cash assets of various funds to maximize cash management efficiency and returns. Various restrictions on deposits and investments are imposed by statutes. These restrictions are summarized below:

**Deposits** – The County’s cash deposits are made in qualified public depositories as defined by SDCL 4-6A-1, 7-20-1, 7-20-1.1, and 7-20-1.2, and may be in the form of demand or time deposits. Qualified depositories are required by SDCL 4-6A-3 to maintain at all times, segregated from their other assets, eligible collateral having a value equal to at least 100 percent of the public deposit accounts which exceed deposit insurance such as the FDIC and NCUA. In lieu of pledging eligible securities, a qualified public depository may furnish irrevocable standby letters of credit issued by federal home loan banks accompanied by written evidence of that bank’s public debt rating which may not be less than “AA” or a qualified public depository may furnish a corporate surety bond of a corporation authorized to do business in South Dakota.

**Investments** – In general, SDCL 4-5-6 permits County funds to be invested only in (a) securities of the United States and securities guaranteed by the United States Government either directly or indirectly; or (b) repurchase agreements fully collateralized by securities described in (a) above; or in shares of an open-end, no-load fund administered by an investment company whose investments are in securities described in (a) above and repurchase agreements described in (b) above. Also, SDCL 4-5-9 requires investments to be in the physical custody of the political subdivision or may be deposited in a safekeeping account with any bank or trust company designated by the political subdivision as its fiscal agent.

As of December 31, 2022, the investments reported in the financial statements consist of only certificates of deposit.

**Credit Risk** – State law limits eligible investments for the County, as discussed above. The County has an investment policy that does not further limit its investment choices.

**Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits** – The risk that, in the event of a depository failure, the County’s deposits may not be returned to it. The County does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk. As of December 31, 2022, the County’s deposits in financial institutions were not exposed to custodial credit risk.

**Concentration of Credit Risk** – The County places no limit on the amount that may be invested in any one issuer.

**Interest Rate Risk** – The County does have a formal investment policy. The investment policy does not limit investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates.

**Assignment of Investment Income** – State law allows income from deposits and investments to be credited to either the General Fund or the fund making the investment. The County’s policy is to credit all income from investments to the fund making the investment.

4. PROPERTY TAXES

Property taxes are levied on or before October 1, of the year preceding the start of the fiscal year. They attach as an enforceable lien on property and become due and payable as of the following January 1, the first day of the fiscal year. Taxes are payable in two installments on or before April 30 and October 31 of the fiscal year.

The County is permitted by several state statutes to levy varying amounts of taxes per \$1,000 of taxable valuation on taxable real property in the County.

5. RESTRICTED NET POSITION

Restricted Net Position for the year ended December 31, 2022 was as follows:

**Major Purposes:**

Revolving Loan Purposes	\$ 202,470.74
Ditch Capital Projects Purposes	165,746.79
Rural Access Infrastructure Purposes	314,852.45
911 Service Purposes	<u>95,156.31</u>

**Other Purposes:**

DARE Purposes	3,375.51
24/7 Sobriety Purposes	26,358.33
Ditch Debt Service Purposes	4,166.36
Modernization and Preservation Relief Purposes	<u>27,878.15</u>

Total Other Purposes	<u>61,778.35</u>
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**Total Restricted Net Position** **\$ 840,004.64**

These balances are restricted due to federal grant and statutory requirements.

6. INTERFUND TRANSFERS

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2022 were as follows:

<b><u>Transfers From:</u></b>	<b><u>Transfers To:</u></b>		<b><u>Total</u></b>
	<b><u>Road and Bridge Fund</u></b>	<b><u>Other Governmental Funds</u></b>	
Major Funds:			
General Fund	\$ 1,029,107.00	\$ 30,000.00	\$ 1,059,107.00

Interfund transfers for the year ended December 31, 2021 were as follows:

<b><u>Transfers From:</u></b>	<b><u>Transfers To:</u></b>		<b><u>Total</u></b>
	<b>Road and Bridge Fund</b>	<b>Other Governmental Funds</b>	
Major Funds:			
General Fund	\$ 975,000.00	\$ 50,000.00	\$ 1,025,000.00

The County typically budgets transfers to the Road and Bridge Fund and the Emergency Management Fund (Other Governmental Funds) to conduct the indispensable functions of the County.

7. TAX ABATEMENTS

The Municipality of De Smet has created a tax increment district under the authority granted by South Dakota Codified Law section 11-9. The tax increment district was created to stimulate and develop the general economic welfare and prosperity of the Municipality through the promotion and advancement of industrial, commercial, manufacturing, agricultural, or natural resources; and the improvement of the area will likely enhance significantly the value of substantially all of the other real property in the tax increment district.

The county, municipal, and other local general property taxes levied on all taxable property within a tax incremental district on the increase in assessed value of the taxable property is allocated to pay for the cost of improvements in the tax increment district. The tax increments are allocated until all cost of the tax increment district project has been repaid; however, it cannot exceed 20 years. In May of 2008, the Municipality of De Smet created a tax increment district. Because the general property taxes on tax increment district are allocated to the districts, the taxes are not available to Kingsbury County during the life of the tax increment district.

The amount of general property taxes levied for this tax increment district during the calendar year ended December 31, 2022 and December 31, 2021, were \$71,723.04 and \$68,945.62, respectively. Based on the percentage of Kingsbury County's property tax levy in relation to the total levy, the amount of general property taxes not available to Kingsbury County for 2022 and 2021 was approximately \$7,145.94 and \$6,584.25, respectively.

8. PENSION PLAN

**Plan Information:**

All employees, working more than 20 hours per week during the year, participate in the South Dakota Retirement System (SDRS), a cost sharing, multiple employer hybrid defined benefit pension plan administered by SDRS to provide retirement benefits for employees of the State of South Dakota and its political subdivisions. The SDRS provides retirement, disability, and survivor benefits. The right to receive retirement benefits vests after three years of credited service. Authority for establishing, administering and amending plan provisions are found in SDCL 3-12. The SDRS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information. That report may be obtained at <http://sdrs.sd.gov/publications.aspx> or by writing to the SDRS, P.O. Box 1098, Pierre, SD 57501-1098 or by calling (605) 773-3731.

**Benefits Provided:**

SDRS has four classes of members: Class A general members, Class B public safety and judicial members, Class C Cement Plant Retirement Fund members, and Class D Department of Labor and Regulation members.



Members that were hired before July 1, 2017, are Foundation members. Class A Foundation members and Class B Foundation members who retire after age 65 with three years of contributory service are entitled to an unreduced annual retirement benefit. An unreduced annual retirement benefit is also available after age 55 for Class A Foundation members where the sum of age and credited service is equal to or greater than 85 or after age 55 for Class B Foundation judicial members where the sum of age and credited service is equal to or greater than 80. Class B Foundation public safety members can retire with an unreduced annual retirement benefit after age 55 with three years of contributory service. An unreduced annual retirement benefit is also available after age 45 for Class B Foundation public safety members where the sum of age and credited service is equal to or greater than 75. All Foundation retirements that do not meet the above criteria may be payable at a reduced level. Class A and B eligible spouses of Foundation members will receive a 60 percent joint survivor benefit when the member dies.

Members that were hired on/after July 1, 2017, are Generational members. Class A Generational members and Class B Generational judicial members who retire after age 67 with three years of contributory service are entitled to an unreduced annual retirement benefit. Class B Generational public safety members can retire with an unreduced annual retirement benefit after age 57 with three years of contributory service. At retirement, married Generational members may elect a single-life benefit, a 60 percent joint and survivor benefit, or a 100 percent joint and survivor benefit. All Generational retirement benefits that do not meet the above criteria may be payable at a reduced level. Generational members will also have a variable retirement account (VRA) established, in which they will receive up to 1.5 percent of compensation funded by part of the employer contribution. VRAs will receive investment earnings based on investment returns.

Legislation enacted in 2017 established the current COLA process. At each valuation date:

- Baseline actuarial accrued liabilities will be calculated assuming the COLA is equal to long-term inflation assumption of 2.25%.
- If the fair value of assets is greater or equal to the baseline actuarial accrued liabilities, the COLA will be:
  - The increase in the 3<sup>rd</sup> quarter CPI-W, no less than 0.5% and no greater than 3.5%.
- If the fair value of assets is less than the baseline actuarial accrued liabilities, the COLA will be:
  - The increase in the 3<sup>rd</sup> quarter CPI-W, no less than 0.5% and no greater than a restricted maximum such that, that if the restricted maximum is assumed for future COLAs, the fair value of assets will be greater or equal to the accrued liabilities.

Legislation enacted in 2021 reduced the minimum COLA from 0.5 percent to 0.0 percent.

All benefits except those depending on the Member's Accumulated Contributions are annually increased by the Cost-of-Living Adjustment.

**Contributions:**

Per SDCL 3-12, contribution requirements of the active employees and the participating employers are established and may be amended by the SDRS Board. Covered employees are required by state statute to contribute the following percentages of their salary to the plan; Class A Members, 6.0% of salary; Class B Judicial Members, 9.0% of salary; and Class B Public Safety Members, 8.0% of salary. State statute also requires the employer to contribute an amount equal to the employee's contribution. The County's share of contributions to the SDRS for the calendar years ended December 31, 2022, 2021, and 2020, equal to the required contributions each year, were as follows:

Year	Amount
2022	\$ 92,548.91
2021	\$ 86,077.68
2020	\$ 88,041.42

**Pension Assets, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources to Pensions:**

At June 30, 2022, SDRS is 100.1% funded and accordingly has a net pension asset. The proportionate share of the components of the net pension asset of South Dakota Retirement System, for the County as of this measurement period ending June 30, 2022 are as follows:

Proportionate share of total pension liability	\$ 8,451,337.61
Less proportionate share of net position restricted for pension benefits	<u>8,456,995.51</u>
Proportionate share of net pension asset	<u>\$ (5,657.90)</u>

The net pension asset was measured as of June 30, 2022 and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension asset was based on a projection of the County's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating entities. At June 30, 2022, the County's proportion was 0.059868%, which is a decrease of 0.006003% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2021.

**Actuarial Assumptions:**

The total pension asset in the June 30, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.50 percent
Salary Increases	Graded by years of service, from 7.66% at entry to 3.15% after 25 years of service
Discount Rate	6.50% net of plan investment expense. This is composed of an average inflation rate of 2.50% and real returns of 4.00%
Future COLAs	2.10%

**Mortality Rates:**

All mortality rates based on Pub-2010 amount-weighted mortality tables, projected generationally with improvement scale MP-2020

**Active and Terminated Vested Members:**

Teachers, Certified Regents, and Judicial: PubT-2010

Other Class A Members: PubG-2010

Public Safety Members: PubS-2010

**Retired Members:**

Teachers, Certified Regents, and Judicial Retirees: PubT-2010, 108% of rates above age 65

Other Class A Retirees: PubG-2010, 93% of rates through age 74, increasing by 2% per year until 111% of rates at age 83 and above

Public Safety Retirees: PubS-2010, 102% of rates at all ages

**Beneficiaries:**

PubG-2010 contingent survivor mortality table

**Disabled Members:**

Public Safety: PubS-2010 disabled member mortality table

Others: PubG-2010 disabled member mortality table

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2022 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period of July 1, 2016 to June 30, 2021.

Investment portfolio management is the statutory responsibility of the South Dakota Investment Council (SDIC), which may utilize the services of external money managers for management of a portion of the portfolio. SDIC is governed by the Prudent Man Rule (i.e., the council should use the same degree of care as a prudent man). Current SDIC investment policies dictate limits on the percentage of assets invested in various types of vehicles (equities, fixed income securities, real estate, cash, private equity, etc.). The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. Best estimates of real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of June 30, 2022 (see the discussion of the pension plan's investment policy) are summarized in the following table using geometric means:

<u>Asset Class</u>	<u>Target Allocation</u>	<u>Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return</u>
Global Equity	58.0%	3.7%
Fixed Income	30.0%	1.1%
Real Estate	10.0%	2.6%
Cash	2.0%	0.4%
Total	<u>100%</u>	

**Discount Rate:**

The discount rate used to measure the total pension asset was 6.50%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that matching employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension asset.

**Sensitivity of liability (asset) to changes in the discount rate:**

The following presents the County's proportionate share of net pension asset calculated using the discount rate of 6.50%, as well as what the County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower (5.50%) or 1-percentage point higher (7.50%) than the current rate:

	<u>1% Decrease</u>	<u>Current Discount Rate</u>	<u>1% Increase</u>
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$ 1,174,811.22	\$ (5,657.90)	\$ (970,413.08)

**Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position:**

Detailed information about the plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued SDRS financial report.

9. JOINTLY GOVERNED ORGANIZATIONS

The County, in conjunction with the Municipality of Lake Preston (members), created the Kingsbury County Regional Railroad Authority (Authority). The Authority was created to maintain and improve the railroad to and in their respective jurisdictions. The Authority was create as allowed by SDCL

49-17A and was incorporated on March 20, 2009. The Authority's board is comprised of five commissioners, two commissioners appointed by each of the members and one commissioner appointed by the joint agreement of the members. The political subdivisions which are members of the Authority and their commissioners, officers and agents shall not be liable for any obligations of the Authority. The Authority shall not certify to any of the governing bodies of the members any tax from the governing body to which the certification shall be made. The Authority shall not issue bonds or notes as allowed by SDCL 49-17A-27 for which it or any other entity shall become liable without the approval of the governing boards of a majority of the Members.

#### 10. SIGNIFICANT CONTINGENCIES – LITIGATION

At December 31, 2022, the County was involved in three lawsuits. The County is currently involved in two additional lawsuits since December 31, 2022. No determination can be made at this time regarding the potential outcome of these lawsuits. However, as discussed in the Risk Management note, the County has liability coverage for itself and its employees with South Dakota Public Assurance Alliance. Therefore, no material effects are anticipated to the County as a result of the potential outcome of these lawsuits.

#### 11. RISK MANAGEMENT

The County is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. During the period ended December 31, 2022, the County managed its risks as follows:

##### Employee Health Insurance:

The County purchases health insurance for its employees from a commercial insurance carrier. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage during the past three years.

##### Liability Insurance:

The County joined the South Dakota Public Assurance Alliance (SDPAA), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for South Dakota local government entities. The objective of the SDPAA is to administer and provide risk management services and risk sharing facilities to the members and to defend and protect the members against liability, to advise members on loss control guidelines and procedures, and provide them with risk management services, loss control and risk reduction information and to obtain lower costs for that coverage. The County's responsibility is to promptly report to and cooperate with the SDPAA to resolve any incident which could result in a claim being made by or against the County. The County pays a Members' Annual Operating Contribution, to provide liability coverage detailed below, under an occurrence-made policy and the premiums are accrued based on the ultimate cost of the experience to date of the SDPAA member, based on their exposure or type of coverage. The County pays an annual premium to the pool to provide coverage for:

General Liability,  
Automobile Liability,  
Law Enforcement Liability, and  
Officials Liability

Effective October 5, 2021, the SDPAA adopted a new policy on member departures. Departing members will no longer be eligible for any partial refund of the calculated portion of their contributions which was previously allowed. The prior policy provided the departing member with such a partial refund because the departing member took sole responsibility for all claims and

claims expenses whether reported or unreported at the time of their departure from the SDPAA. With such partial refund being no longer available, the SDPAA will now assume responsibility for all reported claims of a departing member pursuant to the revised IGC.

The County carries a \$2,000 deductible for the law enforcement coverage and \$1,000 deductible for the officials coverage.

The County does not carry additional insurance to cover claims in excess of the upper limit. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage during the past three years.

Worker's Compensation:

The County joined the South Dakota Municipal League Worker's Compensation Fund (Fund), a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for South Dakota local government entities. The objective of the Fund is to formulate, develop, and administer, on behalf of the member organizations, a program of worker's compensation coverage, to obtain lower costs for that coverage, and to develop a comprehensive loss control program. The County's responsibility is to initiate and maintain a safety program to give its employees safe and sanitary working conditions and to promptly report to and cooperate with the Fund to resolve any worker's compensation claims. The County pays an annual premium, to provide worker's compensation coverage for its employees, under a self-funded program and the premiums are accrued based on the ultimate cost of the experience to date of the Fund members. Coverage limits are set by state statute. The pool pays the first \$650,000 of any claim per individual. The pool has reinsurance which covers up to statutory limits in addition to a separate combined employer liability limit of \$2,000,000 per incident.

The County does not carry additional insurance to cover claims in excess of the upper limit. Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded the liability coverage over the past three years.

Unemployment Benefits:

The County provides coverage for unemployment benefits by paying into the Unemployment Compensation Fund established by state law and managed by the State of South Dakota.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**  
**KINGSBURY COUNTY**  
**BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS**  
**GENERAL FUND**  
**For the Year Ended December 31, 2022**

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance with
	Original	Final		Final Budget
				Positive (Negative)
<b>Revenues:</b>				
Taxes:				
General Property Taxes--Current	\$ 2,622,752.00	\$ 2,622,752.00	\$ 2,613,603.34	\$ (9,148.66)
General Property Taxes--Delinquent	6,000.00	6,000.00	8,986.40	2,986.40
Penalties and Interest	2,500.00	2,500.00	2,889.19	389.19
Telephone Tax (Outside)	385.00	385.00	195.70	(189.30)
Licenses and Permits	4,200.00	4,200.00	21,134.48	16,934.48
Intergovernmental Revenue:				
Federal Grants	0.00	0.00	288,256.54	288,256.54
Federal Shared Revenue	0.00	0.00	50,000.00	50,000.00
Federal Payments in Lieu of Taxes	0.00	0.00	4,948.69	4,948.69
State Grants	0.00	0.00	24,975.70	24,975.70
State Shared Revenue:				
Bank Franchise	21,000.00	21,000.00	31,641.41	10,641.41
Motor Vehicle Licenses	0.00	0.00	27.00	27.00
Abused and Neglected Child Defense	0.00	0.00	1,382.28	1,382.28
63 3/4% Mobile Home	0.00	0.00	10,187.71	10,187.71
Telecommunications Gross Receipts Tax	16,000.00	16,000.00	9,853.53	(6,146.47)
Motor Vehicle 1/4%	2,500.00	2,500.00	2,980.38	480.38
Liquor Tax Reversion (25%)	30,000.00	30,000.00	36,899.55	6,899.55
Other Payments in Lieu of Taxes	1,100.00	1,100.00	1,389.91	289.91
Charges for Goods and Services:				
General Government:				
Treasurer's Fees	23,000.00	23,000.00	29,997.30	6,997.30
Register of Deeds' Fees	57,800.00	57,800.00	148,025.50	90,225.50
Driver's License Exam	900.00	900.00	2,464.00	1,564.00
Legal Services	9,200.00	9,200.00	6,030.28	(3,169.72)
Clerk of Courts Fees	4,000.00	4,000.00	4,776.63	776.63
Other Fees	7,000.00	7,000.00	11,456.00	4,456.00
Public Safety:				
Law Enforcement	182,000.00	182,000.00	176,326.32	(5,673.68)
Prisoner Care	500.00	500.00	7,021.86	6,521.86
Other	2,000.00	2,000.00	11,510.13	9,510.13
Health and Welfare:				
Economic Assistance:				
Poor Lien Recoveries	400.00	400.00	340.00	(60.00)
Other Charges	1,000.00	1,000.00	748.75	(251.25)
Fines and Forfeits:				
Fines	500.00	500.00	238.31	(261.69)
Costs	1,500.00	1,500.00	1,110.00	(390.00)
Miscellaneous Revenue:				
Investment Earnings	15,000.00	15,000.00	3,940.76	(11,059.24)
Rent	12,000.00	12,000.00	13,649.99	1,649.99
Contributions and Donations	0.00	0.00	567.90	567.90
Other	10,000.00	10,000.00	22,068.06	12,068.06
<b>Total Revenues</b>	<b>3,033,237.00</b>	<b>3,033,237.00</b>	<b>3,549,623.60</b>	<b>516,386.60</b>
<b>Expenditures:</b>				
General Government:				
Legislative:				
Board of County Commissioners	167,545.00	176,745.00	151,234.74	25,510.26
Contingency	400,000.00	400,000.00		
Amount Transferred		(23,440.00)		376,560.00
Elections	26,000.00	26,000.00	25,395.41	604.59
Judicial System	7,400.00	7,400.00	4,357.56	3,042.44
Financial Administration:				
Auditor	141,957.00	145,027.00	136,053.36	8,973.64
Treasurer	179,353.00	202,963.00	194,387.82	8,575.18
Legal Services:				
State's Attorney	142,522.00	142,522.00	136,386.46	6,135.54

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**  
**KINGSBURY COUNTY**  
**BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS**  
**GENERAL FUND**  
**For the Year Ended December 31, 2022**  
**(Continued)**

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance with
	Original	Final		Final Budget
				Positive (Negative)
Court Appointed Attorney	53,000.00	53,000.00	24,860.03	28,139.97
Abused and Neglected Child Defense	3,000.00	3,000.00	0.00	3,000.00
Other General Government:				
General Government Building	257,269.00	280,974.00	278,565.58	2,408.42
Director of Equalization	178,360.00	193,045.00	183,934.63	9,110.37
Register of Deeds	145,103.00	151,858.00	150,212.32	1,645.68
Veterans Service Officer	27,362.00	27,362.00	26,210.62	1,151.38
Predatory Animal	7,200.00	7,200.00	7,144.81	55.19
Information Technology	38,000.00	49,100.00	49,035.36	64.64
Public Safety:				
Law Enforcement:				
Sheriff	528,614.00	536,450.84	522,499.69	13,951.15
County Jail	57,650.00	63,350.00	63,285.97	64.03
Coroner	4,000.00	5,875.00	5,830.44	44.56
Juvenile Detention	2,000.00	2,000.00	994.50	1,005.50
Public Works:				
Transportation:				
Other Transportation	0.00	2,500.00	2,500.00	0.00
Health and Welfare:				
Economic Assistance:				
Support of Poor	5,000.00	5,000.00	2,921.00	2,079.00
Public Welfare	350.00	350.00	324.19	25.81
Low Income Energy Assistance Program	7,950.00	7,950.00	7,869.53	80.47
Health Assistance:				
Other	1,000.00	1,000.00	0.00	1,000.00
Mental Health Services:				
Mentally Ill	2,000.00	2,830.00	2,825.00	5.00
Mental Health Centers	20,000.00	22,825.00	22,801.45	23.55
Mental Illness Board	8,000.00	9,110.00	9,100.59	9.41
Culture and Recreation:				
Recreation:				
Exhibition Building	23,914.00	23,914.00	17,302.09	6,611.91
Conservation of Natural Resources:				
Soil Conservation:				
County Extension	54,182.00	62,587.00	50,541.64	12,045.36
Soil Conservation Districts	20,000.00	20,000.00	20,000.00	0.00
Weed Control	37,516.00	38,116.00	22,675.42	15,440.58
Urban and Economic Development:				
Urban Development:				
Planning and Zoning	31,850.00	33,580.00	32,304.36	1,275.64
Urban and Rural Development	28,000.00	28,000.00	20,504.40	7,495.60
Economic Development:				
Tourism, Industrial or Recreational Development	581.00	581.00	581.00	0.00
Total Expenditures	<u>2,606,678.00</u>	<u>2,708,774.84</u>	<u>2,172,639.97</u>	<u>536,134.87</u>
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	<u>426,559.00</u>	<u>324,462.16</u>	<u>1,376,983.63</u>	<u>1,052,521.47</u>
<b>Other Financing Sources (Uses):</b>				
Transfers Out	(1,092,033.00)	(1,092,033.00)	(1,059,107.00)	32,926.00
Insurance Proceeds	0.00	0.00	12,086.27	12,086.27
Sale of County Property	0.00	0.00	10,000.00	10,000.00
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>(1,092,033.00)</u>	<u>(1,092,033.00)</u>	<u>(1,037,020.73)</u>	<u>55,012.27</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	(665,474.00)	(767,570.84)	339,962.90	1,107,533.74
Fund Balance - Beginning	<u>2,097,368.49</u>	<u>2,097,368.49</u>	<u>2,097,368.49</u>	<u>0.00</u>
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>\$ 1,431,894.49</u>	<u>\$ 1,329,797.65</u>	<u>\$ 2,437,331.39</u>	<u>\$ 1,107,533.74</u>

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**  
**KINGSBURY COUNTY**  
**BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS**  
**ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND**  
**For the Year Ended December 31, 2022**

	<u>Budgeted Amounts</u>		<u>Actual Amounts</u>	<u>Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)</u>
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>		
<b>Revenues:</b>				
Taxes:				
Wheel Tax	\$ 220,000.00	\$ 220,000.00	\$ 233,906.09	\$ 13,906.09
Licenses and Permits	1,000.00	1,000.00	500.00	(500.00)
Intergovernmental Revenue:				
Federal Grants	0.00	0.00	218,529.45	218,529.45
State Grants	200,000.00	200,000.00	780,000.00	580,000.00
State Shared Revenue:				
Motor Vehicle Licenses	1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00	1,167,322.48	167,322.48
Prorate License Fees	20,000.00	20,000.00	63,226.03	43,226.03
Motor Fuel Tax	0.00	0.00	5,657.66	5,657.66
Charges for Goods and Services:				
Public Works:				
Road Maintenance Contract Charges	11,000.00	11,000.00	35,308.90	24,308.90
Miscellaneous Revenue:				
Investment Earnings	10,000.00	10,000.00	3,227.02	(6,772.98)
<b>Total Revenues</b>	<u>1,462,000.00</u>	<u>1,462,000.00</u>	<u>2,507,677.63</u>	<u>1,045,677.63</u>
<b>Expenditures:</b>				
Public Works:				
Highways and Bridges:				
Highways, Roads and Bridges	2,713,546.00	5,357,363.64	4,930,915.11	426,448.53
Intergovernmental Expenditures	60,000.00	60,000.00	58,286.52	1,713.48
Debt Service	68,000.00	68,000.00	67,723.94	276.06
<b>Total Expenditures</b>	<u>2,841,546.00</u>	<u>5,485,363.64</u>	<u>5,056,925.57</u>	<u>428,438.07</u>
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	<u>(1,379,546.00)</u>	<u>(4,023,363.64)</u>	<u>(2,549,247.94)</u>	<u>1,474,115.70</u>
<b>Other Financing Sources (Uses):</b>				
Transfers In	1,029,101.00	1,029,107.00	1,029,107.00	0.00
Sale of County Property	0.00	0.00	14,319.12	14,319.12
<b>Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)</b>	<u>1,029,101.00</u>	<u>1,029,107.00</u>	<u>1,043,426.12</u>	<u>14,319.12</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	(350,445.00)	(2,994,256.64)	(1,505,821.82)	1,488,434.82
Fund Balance - Beginning	2,295,064.76	2,295,064.76	2,295,064.76	0.00
<b>FUND BALANCE - ENDING</b>	<u>\$ 1,944,619.76</u>	<u>\$ (699,191.88)</u>	<u>\$ 789,242.94</u>	<u>\$ 1,488,434.82</u>



**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**  
**KINGSBURY COUNTY**  
**BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS**  
**GENERAL FUND**  
**For the Year Ended December 31, 2021**

	Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amounts	Variance with
	Original	Final		Final Budget
				Positive (Negative)
<b>Revenues:</b>				
Taxes:				
General Property Taxes--Current	\$ 2,578,550.00	\$ 2,578,550.00	\$ 2,559,490.56	\$ (19,059.44)
General Property Taxes--Delinquent	6,400.00	6,400.00	7,904.85	1,504.85
Penalties and Interest	2,000.00	2,000.00	2,794.83	794.83
Telephone Tax (Outside)	0.00	0.00	182.93	182.93
Mobile Home Tax	0.00	0.00	137.55	137.55
Licenses and Permits	4,100.00	4,100.00	13,891.50	9,791.50
Intergovernmental Revenue:				
Federal Grants	0.00	0.00	299,131.70	299,131.70
Federal Payments in Lieu of Taxes	0.00	0.00	4,751.24	4,751.24
State Grants	0.00	0.00	4,500.00	4,500.00
State Shared Revenue:				
Bank Franchise	19,000.00	19,000.00	23,871.17	4,871.17
Court Appointed Attorney/Public Defender	0.00	0.00	443.38	443.38
Telecommunications Gross Receipts Tax	12,000.00	12,000.00	10,909.43	(1,090.57)
Motor Vehicle 1/4%	2,500.00	2,500.00	3,089.97	589.97
Liquor Tax Reversion (25%)	30,000.00	30,000.00	37,344.66	7,344.66
Other Payments in Lieu of Taxes	1,100.00	1,100.00	1,293.58	193.58
Charges for Goods and Services:				
General Government:				
Treasurer's Fees	22,775.00	22,775.00	29,866.75	7,091.75
Register of Deeds' Fees	57,300.00	57,300.00	96,755.00	39,455.00
Driver's License Exam	900.00	900.00	1,592.00	692.00
Legal Services	9,200.00	9,200.00	24,014.71	14,814.71
Clerk of Courts Fees	5,000.00	5,000.00	5,724.00	724.00
Other Fees	5,000.00	5,000.00	6,808.75	1,808.75
Public Safety:				
Law Enforcement	182,000.00	182,000.00	182,606.22	606.22
Prisoner Care	2,500.00	2,500.00	5,785.22	3,285.22
Other	0.00	0.00	2,395.42	2,395.42
Health and Welfare:				
Economic Assistance:				
Poor Lien Recoveries	600.00	600.00	534.34	(65.66)
Conservation of Natural Resources	5,000.00	5,000.00	0.00	(5,000.00)
Other Charges	1,000.00	1,000.00	964.45	(35.55)
Fines and Forfeits:				
Fines	500.00	500.00	385.90	(114.10)
Costs	1,500.00	1,500.00	2,045.77	545.77
Miscellaneous Revenue:				
Investment Earnings	15,000.00	15,000.00	8,584.00	(6,416.00)
Rent	12,000.00	12,000.00	12,149.99	149.99
Contributions and Donations	0.00	0.00	3,344.69	3,344.69
Other	10,000.00	10,000.00	15,019.47	5,019.47
<b>Total Revenues</b>	<b>2,985,925.00</b>	<b>2,985,925.00</b>	<b>3,368,314.03</b>	<b>382,389.03</b>

<b>Expenditures:</b>				
General Government:				
Legislative:				
Board of County Commissioners	169,485.00	169,485.00	162,706.42	6,778.58
Contingency	150,000.00	150,000.00		
Amount Transferred		(13,040.00)		136,960.00
Elections	2,000.00	2,500.00	2,442.46	57.54
Judicial System	7,400.00	7,400.00	2,542.02	4,857.98
Financial Administration:				
Auditor	136,272.00	136,272.00	129,666.84	6,605.16
Treasurer	181,280.00	181,280.00	180,980.47	299.53
Legal Services:				
State's Attorney	142,566.00	142,566.00	133,313.25	9,252.75
Court Appointed Attorney	113,000.00	113,000.00	33,132.27	79,867.73

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**  
**KINGSBURY COUNTY**  
**BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS**  
**GENERAL FUND**  
**For the Year Ended December 31, 2021**  
**(Continued)**

	<u>Budgeted Amounts</u>		<u>Actual Amounts</u>	<u>Variance with</u>
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>		<u>Final Budget</u>
				<u>Positive (Negative)</u>
Abused and Neglected Child Defense	3,000.00	3,000.00	0.00	3,000.00
Other General Government:				
General Government Building	308,715.00	685,325.00	564,571.93	120,753.07
Director of Equalization	157,902.00	157,902.00	155,792.85	2,109.15
Register of Deeds	142,927.00	142,927.00	139,720.37	3,206.63
Veterans Service Officer	25,974.00	26,814.00	26,808.77	5.23
Predatory Animal	7,250.00	7,250.00	7,144.81	105.19
Information Technology	36,900.00	43,150.00	43,001.09	148.91
Public Safety:				
Law Enforcement:				
Sheriff	512,921.00	512,921.00	506,527.64	6,393.36
County Jail	66,000.00	66,000.00	41,604.62	24,395.38
Coroner	3,500.00	5,900.00	5,865.00	35.00
Juvenile Detention	2,000.00	2,000.00	0.00	2,000.00
Other Law Enforcement	0.00	1,040.85	1,344.69	(303.84)
Protective and Emergency Services:				
Communication Center	1,500.00	1,500.00	450.76	1,049.24
Health and Welfare:				
Economic Assistance:				
Support of Poor	5,000.00	7,600.00	7,547.40	52.60
Public Welfare	500.00	500.00	322.92	177.08
Low Income Energy Assistance Program	7,200.00	7,500.00	7,471.88	28.12
Health Assistance:				
Other	2,500.00	2,500.00	0.00	2,500.00
Mental Health Services:				
Mentally Ill	1,800.00	1,950.00	1,928.00	22.00
Mental Health Centers	25,000.00	25,000.00	16,852.35	8,147.65
Mental Illness Board	8,000.00	8,000.00	4,918.36	3,081.64
Culture and Recreation:				
Recreation:				
Exhibition Building	28,359.00	28,359.00	13,529.78	14,829.22
Conservation of Natural Resources:				
Soil Conservation:				
County Extension	61,402.00	61,402.00	48,746.25	12,655.75
Soil Conservation Districts	15,000.00	15,000.00	15,000.00	0.00
Weed Control	42,311.00	42,311.00	30,547.09	11,763.91
Water Conservation:				
Drainage Commissions	1,500.00	1,500.00	0.00	1,500.00
Urban and Economic Development:				
Urban Development:				
Planning and Zoning	19,675.00	19,675.00	19,366.02	308.98
Urban and Rural Development	28,000.00	28,000.00	16,833.30	11,166.70
Economic Development:				
Tourism, Industrial or Recreational Development	581.00	581.00	581.00	0.00
Total Expenditures	<u>2,417,420.00</u>	<u>2,795,070.85</u>	<u>2,321,260.61</u>	<u>473,810.24</u>
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	<u>568,505.00</u>	<u>190,854.15</u>	<u>1,047,053.42</u>	<u>856,199.27</u>
<b>Other Financing Sources (Uses):</b>				
Transfers Out	1,353,960.00	1,353,960.00	(1,025,000.00)	(2,378,960.00)
Insurance Proceeds	0.00	0.00	11,461.92	11,461.92
Sale of County Property	0.00	0.00	15,415.00	15,415.00
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	<u>1,353,960.00</u>	<u>1,353,960.00</u>	<u>(998,123.08)</u>	<u>(2,352,083.08)</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	1,922,465.00	1,544,814.15	48,930.34	(1,495,883.81)
Fund Balance - Beginning	<u>2,048,438.15</u>	<u>2,048,438.15</u>	<u>2,048,438.15</u>	<u>0.00</u>
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>\$ 3,970,903.15</u>	<u>\$ 3,593,252.30</u>	<u>\$ 2,097,368.49</u>	<u>\$ (1,495,883.81)</u>

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**  
**KINGSBURY COUNTY**  
**BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE - MODIFIED CASH BASIS**  
**ROAD AND BRIDGE FUND**  
**For the Year Ended December 31, 2021**

	<u>Budgeted Amounts</u>		<u>Actual Amounts</u>	<u>Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)</u>
	<u>Original</u>	<u>Final</u>		
<b>Revenues:</b>				
Taxes:				
Wheel Tax	\$ 220,000.00	\$ 220,000.00	\$ 235,858.48	\$ 15,858.48
Licenses and Permits	1,000.00	1,000.00	1,400.00	400.00
Intergovernmental Revenue:				
Federal Grants	0.00	0.00	467,150.35	467,150.35
State Grants	200,000.00	200,000.00	253,060.84	53,060.84
State Shared Revenue:				
Motor Vehicle Licenses	1,000,000.00	1,000,000.00	1,161,609.89	161,609.89
Prorate License Fees	50,000.00	50,000.00	60,804.46	10,804.46
63 3/4% Mobile Home	0.00	0.00	701.25	701.25
Motor Fuel Tax	0.00	0.00	5,694.91	5,694.91
Charges for Goods and Services:				
Public Works:				
Road Maintenance Contract Charges	11,000.00	11,000.00	1.05	(10,998.95)
Miscellaneous Revenue:				
Investment Earnings	10,000.00	10,000.00	5,832.97	(4,167.03)
<b>Total Revenues</b>	<u>1,492,000.00</u>	<u>1,492,000.00</u>	<u>2,192,114.20</u>	<u>700,114.20</u>
<b>Expenditures:</b>				
Public Works:				
Highways and Bridges:				
Highways, Roads and Bridges	2,984,508.00	3,105,508.00	2,513,576.48	591,931.52
Intergovernmental Expenditures	60,000.00	60,000.00	58,964.71	1,035.29
Debt Service	68,000.00	68,000.00	67,723.94	276.06
<b>Total Expenditures</b>	<u>3,112,508.00</u>	<u>3,233,508.00</u>	<u>2,640,265.13</u>	<u>593,242.87</u>
Excess of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	<u>(1,620,508.00)</u>	<u>(1,741,508.00)</u>	<u>(448,150.93)</u>	<u>1,293,357.07</u>
<b>Other Financing Sources (Uses):</b>				
Transfers In	1,280,000.00	1,280,000.00	975,000.00	(305,000.00)
Insurance Proceeds	4,324.00	4,324.00	5,267.85	943.85
<b>Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)</b>	<u>1,284,324.00</u>	<u>1,284,324.00</u>	<u>980,267.85</u>	<u>(304,056.15)</u>
Net Change in Fund Balance	(336,184.00)	(457,184.00)	532,116.92	989,300.92
Fund Balance - Beginning	1,762,947.84	1,762,947.84	1,762,947.84	0.00
<b>FUND BALANCE - ENDING</b>	<u>\$ 1,426,763.84</u>	<u>\$ 1,305,763.84</u>	<u>\$ 2,295,064.76</u>	<u>\$ 989,300.92</u>

KINGSBURY COUNTY  
NOTES TO THE SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION  
Schedules of Budgetary Comparisons for the General Fund  
and for each major Special Revenue Fund with a legally required budget

Note 1. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting:

The County follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

1. Between the fifteenth and thirtieth days of July in each year the Board of County Commissioners prepares and files with the County Auditor a provisional budget for the following year, containing a detailed estimate of cash balances, revenues, and expenditures.
2. Prior to the first Tuesday in September in each year a notice of budget hearing is published once each week for two successive weeks, and the text of the provisional budget is published with the first publication.
3. The Board of County Commissioners holds a meeting for the purpose of considering the provisional budget on or prior to the first Tuesday in September in each year. Such hearings must be concluded by October first. Changes made to the provisional budget are entered at length in the minutes of the Board of County Commissioners.
4. Before October first of each year the Board of County Commissioners adopts an annual budget for the ensuing year. The adopted budget is filed in the office of the County Auditor.
5. After adoption by the Board of County Commissioners, the operating budget is legally binding and actual expenditures for each purpose cannot exceed the amounts budgeted, except as indicated in number 7.
6. A line item for contingencies may be included in the annual budget. Such a line item may not exceed 5 percent of the total county budget.
7. If it is determined during the year that sufficient amounts have not been budgeted, state statute allows the adoption of supplemental budgets.
8. Unexpended appropriations lapse at year end unless encumbered by resolution of the Board of County Commissioners.
9. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for the General Fund and special revenue funds.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**  
**KINGSBURY COUNTY**  
**SCHEDULE OF THE COUNTY'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY (ASSET)**  
**South Dakota Retirement System**

\*Last 10 Years

	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014
County's proportion of the net pension liability/asset	0.059868%	0.065871%	0.064005%	0.064445%	0.064745%	0.063000%	0.060641%	0.057119%	0.056885%
County's proportionate share of net pension liability (asset)	\$ (5,658)	\$ (504,459)	\$ (2,780)	\$ (6,829)	\$ (1,510)	\$ (5,717)	\$ 204,838	\$ (242,258)	\$ (409,257)
County's covered payroll	\$ 1,350,254	\$ 1,417,051	\$ 1,333,618	\$ 1,298,151	\$ 1,276,918	\$ 1,208,901	\$ 1,088,620	\$ 981,792	\$ 984,429
County's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll	0.42%	35.60%	0.21%	0.53%	0.12%	0.47%	18.82%	24.68%	41.57%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability (asset)	100.10%	105.52%	100.04%	100.09%	100.02%	100.10%	96.89%	104.10%	107.30%

\* The amounts presented for each year were determined as of the measurement date of the collective net pension liability (asset) which is 6/30. Until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the County will present information for those years for which information is available.

KINGSBURY COUNTY  
NOTES TO THE SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION  
Schedule of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset)

**Changes from Prior Valuation**

The June 30, 2022 Actuarial Valuation reflects numerous changes to the actuarial assumptions as a result of an experience analysis completed since the June 30, 2021 Actuarial Valuation. In addition, two changes in actuarial methods have been implemented since the prior valuation.

The details of the changes since the last valuation are as follows:

**Benefit Provision Changes**

During the 2022 Legislative Session no significant SDRS benefit changes were made and gaming enforcement agents became Class B Public Safety Members.

**Actuarial Assumption Changes**

As a result of an experience analysis covering the period from July 1, 2016, to June 30, 2021, and presented to the SDRS Board of Trustees in April and June 2022, significant changes to the actuarial assumptions were recommended by the SDRS Senior Actuary and adopted by the Board of Trustees first effective for this June 30, 2022, actuarial valuation.

The changes to economic assumptions included increasing the price inflation to 2.50% and increasing the wage inflation to 3.15%. The current assumed investment return assumption of 6.50% was retained, lowering the assumed real investment return to 4.00%. The baseline COLA assumption of 2.25% was also retained. Salary increase assumptions were modified to reflect the increase in assumed wage inflation and recent experience. The assumed interest on accumulated contributions was decreased to 2.25%.

The demographic assumptions were also reviewed and revised. The mortality assumption was changed to the Pub-2010 amount-weighted tables using separate tables for teachers, general, and public safety retirees, with assumptions for retirees adjusted based on credible experience. The mortality assumption for active and terminated vested members was changed to the unadjusted amount-weighted Pub-2010 tables, again by member classification and the assumption for beneficiaries was changed to the amount-weighted Pub-2010 general contingent survivor table. Adjustments based on experience were also made to the assumptions regarding retirement, termination, disability, age of spouses for married Foundation members, percentage of terminated vested members electing a refund, and benefit commencement age for terminated vested Public Safety members with 15 or more years of service.

The SDRS COLA equals the percentage increase in the most recent third calendar quarter CPI-W over the prior year, no less than 0% (0.5% prior to 2021) and no greater than 3.5%. However, if the FVFR assuming the long-term COLA is equal to the baseline COLA assumption (currently 2.25%) is less than 100%, the maximum COLA payable will be limited to the increase that if assumed on a long-term basis, results in a FVFR equal to or exceeding 100%.

As of June 30, 2021, the FVFR assuming the long-term COLA is equal to the baseline COLA assumption (2.25%) was greater than 100% and the full 0% to 3.5% COLA range was payable. For the June 30, 2021, Actuarial Valuation, future COLAs were assumed to equal the baseline COLA assumption of 2.25%.

As of June 30, 2022, the FVFR assuming future COLAs equal to the baseline COLA assumption of 2.25% is less than 100% and the July 2023 SDRS COLA is limited to a restricted maximum of 2.10%. The July

2023 SDRS COLA will equal inflation, between 0% and 2.10%. For this June 30, 2022, Actuarial Valuation, future COLAs were assumed to equal the restricted maximum COLA of 2.10%.

Actuarial assumptions are reviewed for reasonability annually and reviewed in depth periodically, with the next experience analysis anticipated before the June 30, 2027, Actuarial Valuation and any recommended 7 changes approved by the Board of Trustees are anticipated to be first implemented in the June 30, 2027, Actuarial Valuation.

### **Actuarial Method Changes**

Actuarial method changes with minor impact were implemented for this valuation after recommendation by Cavanaugh Macdonald Consulting as part of their reviews of prior valuations. As a result, liabilities and normal costs for refund benefits and the Generational Variable Retirement Account are now calculated using the entry age normal cost method with normal costs based on the expected value of these accounts rather than the actual balance.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION  
KINGSBURY COUNTY  
SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS  
For the Two Years Ended December 31, 2022**

Federal Grantor/Pass-Through Grantor Program or Cluster Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass-Through Entity Identifying Number	Passed-Through to Subrecipients	Total Federal Expenditures 2021	Total Federal Expenditures 2022
US Department of Interior - Direct Programs: Bureau of Land Management, Payments in Lieu of Taxes (Note 3)	15.226		\$	\$ 4,751.24	\$ 4,948.69
<b>Total US Department of the Interior</b>			<b>0.00</b>	<b>4,751.24</b>	<b>4,948.69</b>
Highway Planning and Construction Cluster: US Department of Transportation - Pass-Through Programs: SD Department of Transportation, Highway Planning and Construction	20.205		0.00	90,870.99	0.00
<b>Total Highway Planning and Construction Cluster</b>			<b>0.00</b>	<b>90,870.99</b>	<b>0.00</b>
US Department of Treasury - Direct Programs: Coronavirus State and Local Fiscal Recovery Funds (Note 4)	21.027		0.00	0.00	959,343.00
<b>Total US Department of Treasury</b>			<b>0.00</b>	<b>0.00</b>	<b>959,343.00</b>
US General Services Administration - Pass-Through Programs: SD Federal Property Agency, Donation of Federal Surplus Personal Property (Note 5)	39.003		0.00	196.49	282.38
<b>Total US General Services Administration</b>			<b>0.00</b>	<b>196.49</b>	<b>282.38</b>
<b>GRAND TOTAL</b>			<b>\$ 0.00</b>	<b>\$ 95,818.72</b>	<b>\$ 964,574.07</b>

**Note 1: Basis of Presentation**

The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of the County under programs of the federal government for the year ended December 31, 2022. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations of the County, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position, changes in net position, or cash flows of the County.

**Note 2: Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified cash basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. The County has elected to not use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate as allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

**Note 3: Federal Reimbursement**

Federal reimbursements are not based upon specific expenditures. Therefore, the amounts reported here represent cash received rather than federal expenditures.

**Note 4: Major Federal Financial Assistance Program**

This represents a Major Federal Financial Assistance Program.

**Note 5: Federal Surplus Property**

The amount reported represents 23.3% of the original acquisition cost of the federal surplus property received by the County.



**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION  
KINGSBURY COUNTY  
SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN LONG-TERM DEBT  
For the Two Years Ended December 31, 2022**

<u>Indebtedness</u>	<u>Long-Term Debt January 1, 2021</u>	<u>Add New Debt</u>	<u>Less Debt Retired</u>	<u>Long-Term Debt December 31, 2022</u>
<b>Governmental Long-Term Debt:</b>				
Bonds Payable	\$ 162,013.79	\$	\$ 50,353.39	\$ 111,660.40
Financed Purchase Agreements	306,718.06		116,586.65	190,131.41
<b>Total</b>	<u>\$ 468,731.85</u>	<u>\$ 0.00</u>	<u>\$ 166,940.04</u>	<u>\$ 301,791.81</u>

Note 1 - Long-Term Debt:

Debt payable at December 31, 2022 is comprised of the following:

Bonds Payable:

The County issued Revenue Bonds, Series 2017, in related to a ditch drainage project. Annual payments of principal and 3.490% interest will be made from the Ditch #4 Debt Service Fund. The payments began in June 2018 and will continue until June 2026. \$ 111,660.40

Financed Purchase Agreements:

The County entered into a Financed Purchase Agreement during 2020 for a Caterpillar Motor Grader. Annual payments of principal and 3.34% interest will be made from the Road and Bridge Fund. The payments began in February 2021 and will continue until February 2025. \$ 190,131.41