**Sepsis quiz** (Adapted from Nursing Standard (august 5 :: vol 23 no 48 :: 2009))

1. Sepsis may be caused by:

a) Bacterial invasion

b) Viral invasion

c) Fungal invasion

 d) All of the above

1. What is the first classic sign of inflammation?

a) Erythema

b) Pain

c) Swelling

d) Heat

1. Septic shock is also referred to as:

a) Distributive shock

b) Localised shock

c) Permanent shock

d) Temporary shock

1. Early signs and symptoms of sepsis are:
2. High temperature, chills, shivering
3. Low temperature, chills, shivering
4. High or low temperature, chills, shivering
5. High or low temperature, chills, shivering, signs of potential infection

1. The stomach’s natural barrier to infection involves:

 a) The mucociliary escalator

b) Acid

c) Keratinisation

d) Langerhans’ cells

1. Which of the following equations represents sepsis?

a) Signs and symptoms of infection + infection

b) Signs and symptoms of infection + signs of hypoperfusion

c) Signs and symptoms of infection + organ dysfunction

d) Signs and symptoms of infection + circulatory function

1. Early signs of organ dysfunction may include:

a) Increase in respiratory rate

b) Increase in heart rate

c) Altered mental state

d) All of the above

1. What is the first classic sign of inflammation?

a) Erythema

b) Pain

c) Swelling

d) Heat

1. Which of the following is not a component of the sepsis six treatment pathway?

a) Oxygen therapy

b) Corticosteroid therapy

c) Blood cultures

d) Monitoring urine output

1. An example of an inotrope is:

 a) Budesonide

 b) Risperidone

 c)Amlodipine

 d) Dobutamine

Name……………………………………………………………………….

Date completed………………………………………………………..

To get your score and certificate send competed quiz to:

alex@ashhealthcaretraining.com