

GPON OLT SFP B+ Transceiver Industrial Temperature

Product Features

 Single Fiber Transceiver with single mode SC/APC receptacle

1490nm continuous-mode 2.488Gb/s DFB transmitter

1310nm burst-mode 1.244Gb/s APD receiver

- Complies with ITU-T G.984.2 Class B+
- Digital Diagnostic Monitoring (DDM) with external calibrations
- LVPECL compatible data input /output
- LVTTL for Tx disable input and Tx_fault output
- LVTTL receiver Fast Burst Packet Detect indication
- Burst mode received signal strength indication (RSSI) function
- Complies with RoHS directive (2002/95/EC)

Applications

Gigabit Passive Optical Network (GPON) OLT

This is a high performance transceiver module for single fiber communications. It is designed to meet ITU G.984.2 Class B+ requirements for optical line terminal (OLT) applications.

The 1490nm DFB LD transmitter has automatic power control (APC) function and temperature compensation circuitry to ensure stable optical power and extinction ratio over all operating temperature range. The transmitter meets Class 1 eye safety per IEC60825 and CDRH standards.

The receiver has a hermetically packaged APD-TIA (trans-impedance amplifier) pre-amplifier and a limiting amplifier with LVPECL compatible differential outputs. It features a Burst Packet Detect (SD) output which is LVTTL compatible. The SD output will come high after receiving the burst packet.

The module provides digital diagnostic information of its operating conditions and status, including transmitting power, laser bias current, module temperature, and supply voltage.

Ordering Information

Part Number	Description
AC-B-SFPGPTA-B-I-xx	SFP GPON OLT B+ transceiver with full real-time digital diagnostic monitoring

Regulatory Compliance

Feature	Standard	Performance
Electromagnetic Interference (EMI)	FCC Part 15 Class B EN 55022:2010, Class B	Compatible with standards
Electromagnetic susceptibility (EMS)	EN 55024:2010	Compatible with standards
Laser Eye Safety	FDA 21CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11 EN60950, EN (IEC) 60825-1,2	Compatible with Class I



Absolute Maximum Ratings

The operation in excess of any absolute maximum ratings might cause permanent damage to this module.

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Storage Temperature	Tst	-40	+85	°C	
Operating relative humidity	RH	5	90	%	
(Non- condensing)					
Case Temperature (Operating)	TC	-40	85	°C	
Input Voltage	-	GND	Vcc	V	
Power Supply Voltage	Vcc	0	3.6	V	

Recommended Operating Conditions and Power Supply Requirements

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit	Notes
Power Supply Voltage	Vcc	+3.14	+3.3	+3.46	V	
Power Supply Current	Icc	-	360	500	mA	
Operating relative humidity	RH	5		85	%	
(Non- condensing)						
Case Temperature (Operating)	TC	-40	-	85	°C	
I2C clock frequency		-	100	400	KHz	
Power consumption Max	-	-	-	1.65	W	



1490nm Digital Transmitter E-O Characteristics

Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit	Notes
-		2.488		Gb/s	-
?	1480	1490	1500	nm	
?(?	-	-	1	nm	
SMSR	30			dB	1
Po	1.5	-	5	dBm	
Er	8.2	-		dB	
Poff			-39	dBm	
	Complian	t with ITU-T G.	984.2 Mask		
VID	600		1600	mV	
-	80	100	120	Ω	
	Po Er Poff	Po 1.5 Er 8.2 Poff Complian VID 600	1480	Image: Compliant with ITU-T G.984.2 Mask Image: Compliant with ITU-T G.984.2 Mask Image: Compliant with ITU-T G.984.2 Mask VID 600 1500 1500 1500 1500 1500 1500 1500 1500	1480 1490 1500 nm Image: Compliant with ITU-T G.984.2 Mask nm nm

Note 1: 2.488Gbps continuous-mode , PRBS2²³-1

1310 Burst-Mode Receiver Characteristics O-E Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit	Notes
Support data rate			1.244		Gb/s	
Wavelength of Operation	-	1290	1310	1330	nm	-
Receiver Sensitivity	Sen.	-	-	-28	dBm	1
Saturation Optical Power	Sat	-8	-	-	dBm	1
Data Output Voltage - High	VOH	VccR-1.05	-	VccR - 0.85	V	-
Data Output Voltage - Low	VOL	VccR-1.84	-	VccR – 1.60	V	-

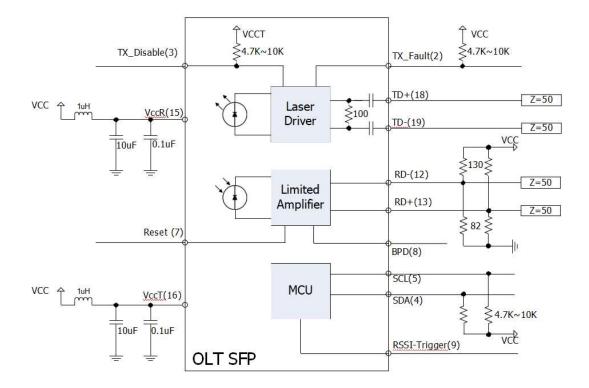
Note 1: Measured with 1310nm, 1.244Gbps PRBS223-1, burst-mode optical input, ER=10dB, BER=1x10-10, Single burst packet length is 40us and packet interval is 40us.



Digital Diagnostic Monitor Accuracy

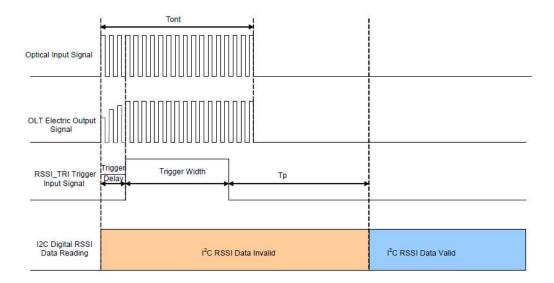
Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Temperature monitor absolute error	DMI_Temp	-3	+3	$_{\mathbb{C}}$	
Supply voltage monitor absolute error	DMI_VCC	-3%	3%	V	
TX power monitor absolute error	DMI_RX	-3	+3	dB	
RX power monitor absolute error	DMI_RX	-3	+3	dB	
Bias current monitor	DMI_Ibias	-10%	+10%	mA	

Recommended Circuit





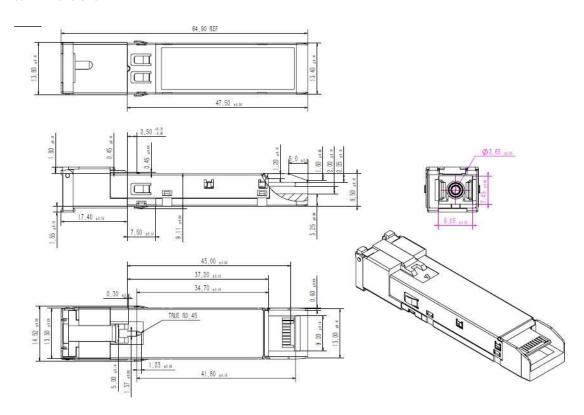
Timing Characteristics for Digital RSSI



PARAMETER	SYMBOL	MIN	ТҮР	MAX	UNITS
ONU Optical Signal Length	Tont	350	-	-	ns
RSSI Trigger Delay	Ttri	0	50	-	ns
RSSI Trigger Signal Width	Tw	300	350	Tont- Ttri	ns
I2C read time	Тр	-	-	500	us



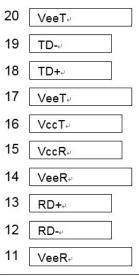
Mechanical Dimensions



(Unit: mm)



Pin Assignment and Description



Top of Board₊

	-
1	VeeT⊬
2	Tx Fault _⊬
3	Tx Disable⊬
4	SDA.
5	SCL₽
6	MOD-DEF(0)
7	Reset
8	SD√
9	RSSI-trigger⊮
10	VeeR₊

Bottom of Board√

(as viewed thru top of board)

Pin Assignment

PIN#	Logic	Name	Description	Notes
1		VeeT	Transmitter Ground	Note 7
2	LVTTL	TX_Fault	Transmitter Fault Indication	Note 1
3	LVTTL	TX_Disable	Transmitter Disable	Note 2
4		SDA	² I C Data	Note 3
5		SCL	I C Clock	Note 3
6		MOD-DEF(0)	Internally grounded	



7	LVTTL	Reset	Receiver Reset	Note 4
8	LVTTL	SD	Burst Packet Detect	Note 5
9		RSSI_Trigger	RSSI Trigger Signal from Host	Note 6
10		VeeR	Receiver Ground	Note7
11		VeeR	Receiver Ground	Note 7
12		RD-	Inv. Received Data Out	Note 8
13		RD+	Received Data Out	Note 8
14		VeeR	Receiver Ground	Note 7
15		VccR	Receiver Power	Note 9
16		VccT	Transmitter Power	Note 9
17		VeeT	Transmitter Ground	Note 7
18		TD+	Transmit Data In	Note 10
19		TD-	Inv. Transmit Data In	Note 10
20		VeeT	Transmitter Ground	Note 7

Notes:

- 1.TX Fault is an open collector output, which should be pulled up with a 4.7k $^{\circ}$ 10k $^{\Omega}$ resistor on the hostboard to a voltage between 2.0V and Vcc+0.3V. Logic 0 indicates normal operation; logic 1 indicates a laser fault of some kind. In the low state, the output will be pulled to less than 0.8V.
- 2.TX disable is an input that is used to shut down the transmitter optical output. It is pulled up within the module with a 4.7 $^-$ 10 K $^\Omega$ resistor. It's states are:

Low (0 - 0.8V): Transmitter on

(>0.8, < 2.0V): Undefined

High (2.0 - 3.465V): Transmitter Disabled

Open: Transmitter Disabled



- 3.SDA and SCL is communication interface for I2C . They should be pulled up with a 4.7K $\,$ 10K Ω resistor on the host board. The pull-up voltage should be Vcc.
- 4.Reset is a LVTTL input which is used to clear receiver status before receiving the next burst packet.
- 5.BPD is a LVTTL output. High level indicates that burst packet is detected by the receiver.
- 6.RSSI_Trigger is a LVTTL input from host for starting ADC of digital RSSI circuit to sample the analog RSSI signal.
- 7. Vee is connected inside the SFP OLT transceiver.
- 8.RD- and RD+ are LVPECL differential outputs of the receiver, and externally DC-coupled to 100 Ω differential lines at the user host board.
- 9.Vcc is the receiver and transmitter power supply, respectively. They are defined as 3.3V · 5% at the SFP connector pin. Maximum suppl in order to maintain the required voltage at the SFP input pin with 3.3V supply voltage. Vcc is internally connected inside the SFP OLT transceiver.
- 10.TD- and TD+ are the differential transmitter inputs. They are AC coupled differential lines with 100 $\,^{\Omega}$ differential termination inside the module. The AC coupling is done inside the module and is thus not required on the host board.