

1000Base 2 Channels Compact BiDi SFP Transceiver

Product Features

• Achieve operational compatibility with conventional SFP:

Conventional SFP will function when plugged into a C-SFP socket

No damage to C-SFP and host board if C-SFP module is plugged into a conventional SFP socket

• 2-channel Bi-directional Optical Transceiver unit with

1310nm FP Laser diode transmitter

1490nm InGaAs PIN photodiode receiver

- 2xBi-directional transceivers in 1 SFP transceiver
- 20-pin electrical interface and LC receptacle ,With pull de-latch
- 1250Mbps Typical Data Rate and compliant to 1000Base IEEE802.3ah
- Comply with CSFP MSA Option 2
- Digital diagnostic monitoring
- Metal enclosure for lower EMI
- +3.3V Single power supply
- LVPECL logic interface simplifies interface to external circuitry
- 20 km reach with 9/125 μm single mode fiber (SMF)
- Operation case temperature : -5 to 85° C
- Comply with RoHS directive (2002/95/EC)

Applications

- Gigabit Ethernet
- Point to Point FTTH Application

The optical transceiver is compliant with the Compact Small Form-Factor Pluggable (CSFP) Multi-Source Agreement (MSA) option 2.It offers previously unavailable system cost, upgrade, and reliability benefits by virtue of being hot-pluggable.

Ordering Information

Part Number	Description
AC-F-CSFPBX20-E34-xx	1000Base 2 Channels Compact BiDi SFP Tx1310nm, Rx1490nm Transceiver 20km extended temperature

Regulatory Compliance

Feature	Standard	Performance
Electromagnetic Interference (EMI)	FCC Part 15 Class B EN 55022:2010, Class B	Compatible with standards
Electromagnetic susceptibility (EMS)	EN 55024:2010	Compatible with standards
Laser Eye Safety	FDA 21CFR 1040.10 and 1040.11 EN60950, EN (IEC) 60825-1,2	Compatible with Class I laser product



1000BASE-BX-D 2 Channel 1310NM/1490NM 20km E-Temp Specifications

Absolute Maximum Ratings

The operation in excess of any absolute maximum ratings might cause permanent damage to this module.

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Storage Temperature	TS	-40	85	°C	
Operating Case Temperature	ТОР	-5	85	°C	
Power Supply Voltage	Vcc	-0.5	4.0	V	
Relative Humidity (non-condensation)	RH	0	85	%	
Damage Threshold for Receiver			3	dBm	-

Recommended Operating Conditions and Power Supply Requirements

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit	Notes
Operating Case Temperature	ТОР	-5		85	°C	
Power Supply Voltage	Vcc	3.135	3.3	3.465	V	
Power Consumption			1.2	1.3	W	
Total Supply Current	lcc			400	mA	

Optical Characteristics

All parameters are specified under the recommended operating conditions unless otherwise specified..

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typical	Max	Unit	Notes
		Transm	itter			
Center Wavelength	?	1260	1310	1360	nm	-
Side Mode Suppression Ratio	SMSR	30	-	-	dB	-
Spectral Width (-20dB)	22	-	-	1	nm	-
Average Optical Output Power	Ро	-9	-	-3	dBm	-
Extinction Ratio	Er	6.0	-	-	dB	-

 $\ensuremath{\mathbb{C}}$ 2020 Axiom. Specifications subject to change without notice.



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Average Launch Power of OFF	Poff	-	-	-40	dBm	
Transmitter						
Transmitter Enable Voltage	VEN	-0.3	-	0.8	V	-
Transmitter Disable Voltage	VD	2.0	-	Vcc+0.3	V	-
Rise/Fall Time (20%~80%)	Tr/Tf	-	-	260	ps	-
nput Differential Impedance	ZIN	80	-	120	Ohm	-
Single Ended Data Input Swing	Vpp	250	-	1200	mV	-
Dptical Eye IEEE 802.3ah Compliant						1
	1	Receiv	ver			1
Operate Wavelength	-	1470	1490	1510	nm	-
Sensitivity	Pr	-	-	-22.5	dBm	2
Saturation	Ps	-3	-	-	dBm	2
LOS Asserted	-	-44	-	-	dBm	High level:
LOS De-Asserted	-	-	-	-25	dBm	Alarm
LOS Hysteresis	-	0.5	-	5	dB	
Data Output Rise/Fall Time	Tr/Tf	-	-	300	ps	
Single Ended Data Output Swing	VPP	300	-	800	mV	_
LOS Low Voltage	VLout	-	-	0.4	V	-
LOS High Voltage	VHout	2.4	-	-	V	_

Notes:

1. Eye mask diagram with at least 10% margin

2. Minimum Sensitivity and saturation levels for a 27-1 NRZ PRBS. BER $\leq 10^{-12}$, 1.25Gpbs, ER=6dB.

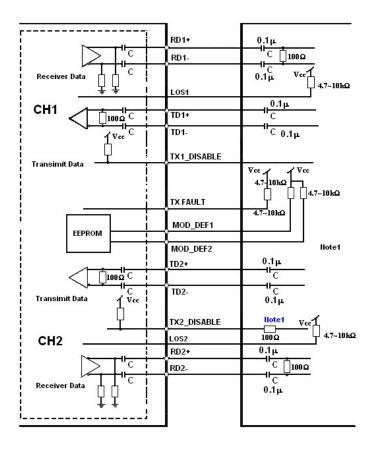


1000BASE-BX-D 2 Channel 1310NM/1490NM 20km E-Temp Specifications

Digital Diagnostic Functions

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Max	Unit	Notes
Temperature monitor absolute error	DMI_Temp	-3	+3	°C	
Supply voltage monitor absolute error	DMI_VCC	-0.1	+0.1	v	
TX power monitor absolute error	DMI_RX	-3	+3	dB	
RX power monitor absolute error	DMI_RX	-3	+3	dB	
Bias current monitor	DMI_Ibias	-10%	+10%	mA	

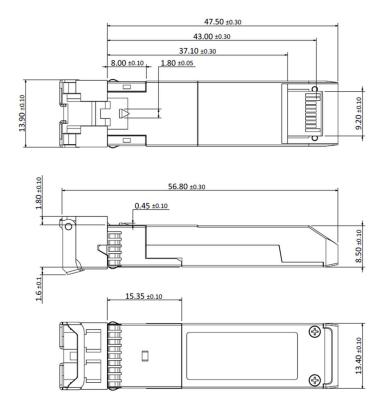
Recommended Circuit





1000BASE-BX-D 2 Channel 1310NM/1490NM 20km E-Temp Specifications

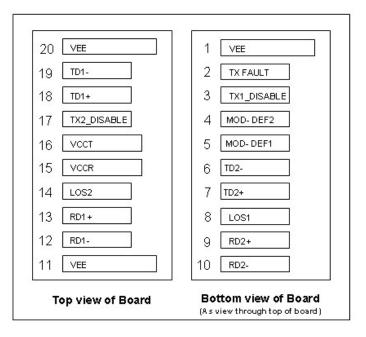
Mechanical Dimensions(Unit mm)





1000BASE-BX-D 2 Channel 1310NM/1490NM 20km E-Temp Specifications

Pin Assignment and Description



Pin Assignment

PIN #	Symbol		Description	Notes
1	VEE	Common	Transceiver Ground	Note 3
2	TX FAULT	Common	Transmitter Fault Indication	Note8
3	TX1_DISAB LE	1	Transmitter Disable of Ch1	Note 1, Module disables on high or open
4	MOD- DEF2	Common	Two-wires interface Data	Note 2, 2 wire serial ID interface SDA



1000BASE-BX-D 2 Channel 1310NM/1490NM 20km E-Temp Specifications

5	MOD- DEF1	Common	Two-wires interface Clock	Note 2, 2 wire serial ID interface SCL
6	TD2-	2	Inverted Transmit Data Input of Ch2	Note6
	TD2+	2	Transmit Data Input of Ch2	Note6
7				
8	LOS1	1	Loss of Signal of CH1	Note7
9	RD2+	2	Received Data Output of Ch2	Note 4
10	RD2-	2	Inverted Received Data Output of	Note 4
			Ch2	
11	VEE	Common	Transceiver Ground	Note 3
12	RD1-	1	Inverted Received Data Output of	Note 4
			Ch1	
13	RD1+	1	Received Data Output of Ch1	Note 4
14	LOS2	2	Loss of Signal of CH2	Note7
15	VCCR	Common	Receiver Power	Note 5,
16	VCCT	Common	Transmitter Power	Note 5,
17	TX2_DISAB LE	2	Transmitter Disable of Ch2	Note 1, Module disables on high or open
18	TD1+	1	Transmit Data Input of Ch1	Note6
19	TD1-	1	Inverted Transmit Data Input of Ch1	Note6
20	VEE	Common	Transceiver Ground	Note 3



1000BASE-BX-D 2 Channel 1310NM/1490NM 20km E-Temp Specifications

Notes:

1. TX_disable1, 2 are an input that is used to shut down the transmitter optical output. It is pulled up within the module with a 4.7 - 10 K Ω resistor. Its states are:

Low (0 - 0.8V): Transmitter on

(>0.8, < 2.0V): Undefined

High (2.0 - 3.47V): Transmitter Disabled Open: Transmitter Disabled

2. Mod-Def 1, 2. These are the module definition pins. They should be pulled up with a 4.7K - 10K Ω resistor on the host board. The pull-up voltage shall be VccT or VccR.

Mod-Def 1 is the clock line of two wire serial interfaces for serial ID Mod-Def 2 is the data line of two wire serial interface for serial ID

3. VEE may be internally connected within the SFP module.

4. RD1, 2-/+: These are the differential receiver outputs. They are AC coupled 100 Ω differential lines which should be terminated with 100 Ω (differential) at the user SERDES. The AC coupling is done inside the module and is thus not required on the host board.

5. VccT,VccR are the power supplies. They are defined as $3.3V \cdot 5\%$ at the SFP connector pin. Maximum supply current is 450mA@3.3V. Vcc may be internally connected within the SFP transceiver module.

6. TD1, 2-/+: These are the differential transmitter inputs. They are AC-coupled, differential lines with 100 Ω differential termination inside the module. The AC coupling is done inside the module and is thus not required on the host board.

7. LOS1,2 (Loss of Signal) is an open collector/drain output, which should be pulled up with a 4.7K - 10K Ω resistor. Pull up voltage between 2.0V and VccT, R+0.3V. When high, this output

indicates the received optical power is below the worst-case receiver sensitivity (as defined by

the standard in use). Low indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to < 0.4V.

8. TX Fault report transceiver status as following:

TX Fault is an open collector/drain output, which should be pulled up with a $4.7K - 10K \Omega$ resistor on the host board. Pull up voltage between 2.0V and VccT, R+0.3V. When high, output indicates a laser fault of some kind either in Channel 1 or Channel 2. The Host shall read Channel 1/2: A2H/AAH: 110 for details: TX Fault from channel 1 if bit 2 is set in [A2H:110]; TX Fault from channel 2 if bit 2 is set in [B2H: 110]. Low indicates normal operation. In the low state, the output will be pulled to < 0.8V.