

Progression in Reading: Reception

EYFS Development Matters statements 2020

	3-4 Year Olds	Children in Reception	Early Learning Goals
Reading: Word Reading			
Decoding	<p>*To develop their phonological awareness, so that they can:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -spot and suggest rhymes -count or clap syllables in a word -recognise words with the same initial sound, such as money and mother. 	<p>*To read individual letters by saying the sounds for them.</p> <p>*To blend sounds into words, so that they can read short words made up of known letter-sound correspondences.</p> <p>*To read some letter groups that each represent one sound and say sounds for them.</p> <p>*To read simple phrases and sentences made up of words with known letter-sound correspondences and, where necessary, a few exception words.</p> <p>*To read a few common exception words matched to the school's phonic programme.</p>	<p><u>ELG-Word reading</u></p> <p>*Say a sound for each letter of the alphabet and at least 10 digraphs.</p> <p>*Read words consistent with their phonic knowledge by sound blending.</p> <p>*Read aloud simple sentences and books that are consistent with their phonic knowledge, including some common exception words.</p>
Fluency	<p>*To understand the five key concepts about print:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -print has meaning -print can have different purposes -we read English from left to right and from top to bottom. -the names of the different parts of a book -page sequencing <p>*To develop their phonological awareness, so that they can:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> -spot and suggest rhymes -count or clap syllables in a word -recognise words with the same initial sound, such as money and mother. 	<p>*To blend sounds into words, so that they can read short words made up of known letter-sound correspondences.</p> <p>*To read simple phrases and sentences made up of words with known letter-sound correspondences and, where necessary, a few exception words.</p> <p>*To re-read these books to build up their confidence in word reading, their fluency and their understanding and enjoyment.</p>	<p>*Read aloud simple sentences and books that are consistent with their phonic knowledge, including some common exception words.</p>

Reading: Comprehension			
Familiarity with texts and understanding	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> *To enjoy listening to longer stories and can remember much of what happens. * To understand 'why' questions - eg - 'Why do you think the caterpillar got so fat?' *To be able to express a point of view and debate when they disagree with an adult or friend, using words as well as actions. *To engage in extended conversations about stories, learning new vocabulary. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> *Listen to and talk about stories to build familiarity and understanding. * To retell the story, once they have developed a deep familiarity with the text, some as exact repetition and some in their own words. *To listen carefully to rhymes and songs, paying attention to how they sound. *To listen to and talk about selected non-fiction to develop a deep familiarity with new knowledge and vocabulary. 	<p><u>ELG-Comprehension</u></p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> *Demonstrate understanding of what has been read to them by retelling stories and narratives using their own words and recently introduced vocabulary. *Anticipate (where appropriate) key events in stories. *Use and understand recently introduced vocabulary during discussions about stories, non-fiction, rhymes, and poems and during role play.
Comparing, Contrasting and Commenting	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> *To be able to express a point of view and debate when they disagree with an adult or a friend, using words as well as actions. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> *To compare and contrast characters from stories, including figures from the past. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> *Listen attentively and respond to what they hear with relevant questions, comments and actions when being read to and during whole class discussions and small group interactions. *Offer explanations for why things might happen, making use of recently introduced vocabulary from stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems when appropriate.
Word meanings/Authorial choice	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> *To use a wider range of vocabulary. *To engage in extended conversations about stories, learning new vocabulary. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> *To learn new vocabulary. *Use vocabulary throughout the day. *Retell the story, once they have developed a deep familiarity with the text; some as exact repetition and some in their own words. *Use vocabulary in different contexts. *Listen to and talk about selected non-fiction to develop a deep familiarity with new knowledge and vocabulary. 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> *Offer explanations for why things might happen, making use of recently introduced vocabulary from stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems when appropriate. *Demonstrate understanding of what has been read to them by retelling stories and narratives using their own words and recently introduced vocabulary. *Use and understand recently introduced vocabulary during discussions about stories, non-fiction, rhymes, and poems and during role play.

<p>Inference and Prediction</p>	<p>*To understand 'why' questions - eg - 'Why do you think the caterpillar got so fat?'</p>	<p>*Retell the story, once they have developed a deep familiarity with the text; some as exact repetition and some in their own words. *To develop storylines in their pretend play.</p>	<p>*Offer explanations for why things might happen, making use of recently introduced vocabulary from stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems when appropriate. <u>ELG-Comprehension</u> *Anticipate (where appropriate) key events in stories.</p>
<p>Poetry and performance</p>	<p>*To sing a large repertoire of songs. *To know that many rhymes, be able to talk about familiar books, and be able to tell a long story. EAD *To take part in simple pretend play, using an object to represent something else even though they are not similar. *To begin to develop complex stories using small world equipment like animal sets, dolls and dolls houses, etc. *To remember and sing entire songs. *To sing the pitch of a tone song by another person. (pitch match) *To sing the melodic shape (moving a melody, such as up and down and down and up) of familiar songs. *To create their own songs, or improvise a song around one they know.</p>	<p>*To engage in story times. * To retell the story, once they have developed a deep familiarity with the text, some as exact repetition and some in their own words. *To learn rhymes, poems and songs. *To sing in a group or on their own, increasingly matching the pitch and following the melody. *To develop storylines in their pretend play.</p>	<p><u>ELG-Comprehension</u> *Demonstrate understanding of what has been read to them by retelling stories and narratives using their own words and recently introduce vocabulary. EAD-ELG-Creating with Materials- *Make use of props and materials when role playing characters in narratives and stories. ELG- Being imaginative and expressive- *Invent, adapt and recount narratives and stories with peers and their teacher. *Perform songs, rhymes and stories with others, and (when appropriate) try to move in time to music.</p>
<p>Non Fiction</p>	<p>*To engage in non-fiction books.</p>	<p>*To engage in non-fiction books. *To listen to and talk about selected non-fiction to develop a deep familiarity with new knowledge and vocabulary.</p>	<p>*Offer explanations for why things might happen, making use of recently introduced vocabulary from stories, non-fiction, rhymes and poems when appropriate. *Use and understand recently introduced vocabulary during discussions about stories, non-fiction, rhymes, and poems and during role play.</p>