

History Knowledge Progression Grid Cycle 1

	EYFS	Year1/2	Year 3/4	Year 5/6
Progression		The Victorians (significant	The Romans(The Roman	The Anglo-Saxons(
and	Transport	Individual)	Empire and its impact on	Viking and Anglo-Saxon
assessment	 Know that 	Who?	Britain)	struggle for the Kingdom
criteria	transport has	 To know about the 	Who?	of England to the time of
	changed over	life of Queen	 Know who the 	Edward the Confessor)
	time.	Victoria and who	Romans were,	Who?
	(Wind/steam/animal	she was.(significant	where they came	 To know who the
	powered v electric,	individual)	from and why.	Anglo-Saxons
	motorised, engine	When?	When?	were, where they
	powered.)	 To know that the 	 Know that they first 	came from and
	• (Use	Victorian period was	invaded Britain in	why.
	vocabulary:	after the Great Fire	AD43.	When?
	before I was	of	What?	Know the Anglo-
	born, then, now,	London.(chronology)	 Explain the 	Saxons came to
	old, new)	What?	difference they	Britain in 410.
	Name: transport	Explain the	made to British life	Know that they
	from the past	Christmas traditions	(roads, baths,	created seven
	and now.	of the Victorians that	houses, sewers).	kingdoms.
	(steam train/electric	we still use today.	Know how the	What?
	train, old car/	Introduction of	Romans have	What did the Anglo-
	modern car, sail	Christmas tree by	impacted our life	Saxons leave
	boat/ motor boat)	Prince Albert, cards,	today.	behind? Their
	• Explain: how	crackers.	To be able to	legacies. (Place
	transport was	Use vocab to show	explain what a	names, Art, culture,
	different in the	this was a long time	Roman Fort was	Sutton-Hoo).
	past.	ago(beyond living	like.	Know that King
				Alfred The Great

 (Chn use vocabulary to talk about a type of transport in the past and now) (Use vocabulary: before I was born, after I was born, then, now) Annual events Know: that fireworks are used to remember the 	 memory, a long time ago) Florence Nightingale and Mary Seacole (Significant Historical Figures) Who? Know who Florence Nightingale and Mary Seacole were. to be able to recount their lives. When? Know that they both lived during the Victorian period. 	 To know that Rome was an important city where decisions were made. To be able to name some famous Roman people ('Caesar, Claudius). To be able to describe how effective the Roman Army was. To be able to use a timeline. 	 was the best known Anglo Saxon and the first to defeat the Vikings. Know that the Vikings and Anglo Saxons were battling for power of England. To know what Anglo-Saxon life was like; including homes, dress and leisure.
Gunpowder plot.	What?	Change Ange (Changes in	The Greeks (Ancient
(Fireworks- gunpowder,	 Explain how they influenced nursing 	Stone Age (Changes in Britain from the Stone Age	Greece a study of achievements and
Firework safety)	today. (washing	to Iron Age)	influences on Western
• Name: Bonfire	hands, hygiene)	What?	World)
night as the	Use vocabulary 'in	Know the stone age	Who?
night that	the past', 'present	started in 200,00 BC	Know who the
commemorates	day', 'before I was	Know the	Ancient Greeks
the Gunpowder	born', sequence'.	chronological order	were and name
plot.	Economic,	of the Stone Age,	significant people (Alexander the
(Bonfire night: 5 th November)	The History of The Olympics (historical	Bronze Age and Iron	Great).
• (Use	events, beyond living	Age.	When?
vocabulary- Guy	memory)	 Know about life in the Stone Age by 	Know the Ancient
Fawkes, Old,	Who?	learning about how	Greek civilisation
very old, before	 Know who took part 	people hunted and	was around
I was born)	in the first	farmed- Study	800BC.
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Olympics.(athletes)	Skara Brea	What?

	To know where the	- Know shout the	a Exploin the
Know: that		Know about the Rronze	Explain the different wave in
people wear a	first Olympics were	Bronze Age	different ways in
poppy to	held.	Monument,	which men and
remember those	When?	Stonehenge and	women lived their
who died in war.	 Know that The 	find out about	lives, in different
(Poppy as a	Olympics now takes	beliefs of Bronze	states of Greece
symbol)	place every four	Age people.	(Sparta and
• (Use	years.	 Know about some of 	Athens).
Vocabulary-	What?	the technological	Comparing men
before I was	 To explain the 	advances from the	and women's
born, then, now,	events from past	Stone Age to Iron	education, work
old, very old)	and present day	Age and how this	and rights within
Toys	Olympics, in order to	impacted upon daily	each state.
	compare them.	life (inventions of	 Know the key
Know: that toys	 To compare type of 	tools, weapons and	achievements of
have changed	event, clothing and	wheel)	the Ancient
over time.	safety.	Know about Iron	Greeks-
	 Know that some 	Age hill forts and	democracy,
(wooden, metal,	 Know that some traditions are still in 	how they were used	medicine, famous
non-battery		to help to defend the	play writes and
powered toys, wind-	place (opening	enemy attacks.	rules of geometry in
up, board games v	ceremony, torch)	Military, economic, religion	maths.
Plastic, metal,	 Use vocab- 'in the 	wintary, economic, religion	 Know how these
wooden, battery	past, 'present day',	Leisure and	 know now inese achievements have
powered toys,	'before I was born' '		
electrical devices,	beyond living	Entertainment (a study of	impacted on life
online games-	memory'.	an aspect or theme in	today.
Some toys appear	 Know that the 	British History that extends	
in the past and	Paralympics was not	pupils' chronological	Barrow upon Trent (local
today)	part of the original	knowledge beyond 1066)	history)
Name: some	Olympics. (National	Who? Know names of	Who?
similarities and	change)	significant people from early	 Know the
differences	Know that women	leisure and entertainment	significant people
between old and	were not included in	(Billy Butlin, Charlie	who lived in
new toys.	the first Olympics.	Chaplin,	Barrow in the past
		When?	(George Turner,

 (Chn focus on type of material, how it is used, how is it powered) Explain: the key events in the book 'Lost in the Toy Museum' (Chronological ordering) (Use vocabulary-before I was born, then, now, old, new, very old, first, next, after that, 	(national change, world change)	 Know when people in Britain began to get more leisure time and why. (1950s) What? To explain the main leisure activities after WW2 (seaside holidays, cinema, tourism). Know that silent movies were the first movies. Know that Charlie Chaplin was a silent movie actor. Know that TV became popular in 	Sale Family, Davy family, Beaumonts). When? Know that our school first opened in 1843 and why it is called Sale and Davys. What? What changes have occurred in Barrow over time and why. Know how to research to find answers to specific historical questions.
 Growing up /Changes Name: the stages that a human goes through as they get older. (baby, toddler, child, teenager, adult, elderly) Know: how we have changed since being a baby. (walking, talking, feeding, 		 was the most popular leisure activity in 1960s. Know how football coverage has changed since 1945 Know how to gather evidence from secondary resources. Know how to research leisure and entertainment from the past. 	 behind the setting up of the school. Know that the Sale family were clergy and the Davy family were gentry. Know that St Wilfrid's Church dates back to Anglo Saxon times. Know that the Beaumonts of Barrow were significant people in the village.

dressing, personal hygiene, expressing their ideas and opinions) • Know: the year that we are in now. (Daily date routine) (Use vocabulary- before I was born, after I was born, then, now, old, new, Mum, Dad, Grandad, Grandma,)	 Know how entertainment and leisure has changed since after World War II. (chronology of leisure and entertainment) 	Know that there are plague pits at St Wilfrids'. Know that there is still evidence of significant people from the past in Barrow today. (Sale and Davys School, Beaumont Close, Church historical site)
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