

History Knowledge Progression Grid

	EYFS	Year1/2	Year 3/4	Year 5/6
Progression		The Victorians	The Romans(The Roman	The Anglo-Saxons(
and	Transport	(significant Individual)	Empire and its impact on	Viking and Anglo-Saxon
assessment	 Know that 	(Cycle 1)	Britain) <mark>(Cycle 1)</mark>	struggle for the Kingdom
criteria	transport has	Who?	Who?	of England to the time of
	changed over	 To know about the 	 Know who the 	Edward the Confessor)
	time.	life of Queen	Romans were,	(Cycle 1)
	(Wind/steam/animal	Victoria and who	where they came	Who?
	powered v electric,	she	from and why.	 To know who the
	motorised, engine	was.(significant	When?	Anglo-Saxons
	powered.)	individual)	 Know that they first 	were, where they
	• (Use	When?	invaded Britain in	came from and
	vocabulary:	 To know that the 	AD43.	why.
	before I was	Victorian period	What?	When?
	born, then, now,	was after the Great	 Explain the 	 Know the Anglo-
	old, new)	Fire of London.	difference they	Saxons came to
	Name: transport	(chronology)	made to British life	Britain in 410.
	from the past	What?	(roads, baths,	 Know that they
	and now.	 Explain the 	houses, sewers).	created seven
	(steam train/electric	Christmas	 Know how the 	kingdoms.
	train, old car/	traditions of the	Romans have	What?
	modern car, sail	Victorians that we	impacted our life	 What did the
	boat/ motor boat)	still use today.	today.	Anglo-Saxons
	Explain: how	 Introduction of 	To be able to	leave behind?
	transport was	Christmas tree by	explain what a	Their legacies.
	different in the	Prince Albert,	Roman Fort was	(Place names, Art,
	past.	cards, crackers.	like.	culture, Sutton-
				Hoo).

 (Chn use vocabulary to talk about a type of transport in the past and now) (Use vocabulary: before I was born, after I was born, then, now) Annual events Know: that fireworks are used to remember the Gunpowder plot. (Fireworks- 	 Use vocab to show this was a long time ago(beyond living memory, a long time ago) Florence Nightingale and Mary Seacole (Significant Historical Figures) (Cycle 1) Who? Know who Florence Nightingale and Mary Seacole were. to be able to recount their lives. 	 To know that Rome was an important city where decisions were made. To be able to name some famous Roman people (Julius Caesar, Claudius). To be able to describe how effective the Roman Army was. To be able to use a timeline. 	 Know that King Alfred The Great was the best known Anglo Saxon and the first to defeat the Vikings. Know that the Vikings and Anglo Saxons were battling for power of England. To know what Anglo-Saxon life was like; including homes, dress and leisure.
gunpowder, Firework safety)	When?Know that they	Stone Age (Changes in Britain from the Stone Age	Ancient Greece (Ancient Greece a study of
 Name: Bonfire night as the night that commemorates the Gunpowder plot. (Bonfire night: 5th November) (Use vocabulary- Guy Fawkes, Old, very old, before I was born) 	 Know that they both lived during the Victorian period. What? Explain how they influenced nursing today. (washing hands, hygiene) Use vocabulary 'in the past', 'present day', 'before I was born', sequence'. The History of The Olympics (historical 	 Britain from the Stone Age to Iron Age) (Cycle 1) What? Know the stone age started in 200,00 BC Know the chronological order of the Stone Age, Bronze Age and Iron Age. Know about life in the Stone Age by learning about how people hunted and farmed-Study Skara Brea 	Greece a study of achievements and influences on Western World) (Cycle 1) Who? Know who the Ancient Greeks were and name significant people (Alexander the Great). When? • Know the Ancient Greek civilisation was around 800BC.

Know: that	events, beyond living	 Know about the 	What?
people wear a	memory) (Cycle 1)	Bronze Age	Explain the
poppy to	Who?	Monument,	different ways in
remember those	 Know who took 	Stonehenge and	which men and
who died in war.	part in the first	find out about	women lived their
(Poppy as a	Olympics.(athletes)	beliefs of Bronze	lives, in different
symbol)	 To know where the 	Age people.	states of Greece
• (Use	first Olympics were	Know about some of	(Sparta and
Vocabulary-	held.	the technological	Athens).
before I was	When?	advances from the	Comparing men
born, then, now,	Know that the first	Stone Age to Iron	and women's
old, very old)	modern Olympic	Age and how this	education, work
Toys	games were in	impacted upon daily	and rights within
	1896 in Greece.	life (inventions of	each state.
Know: that toys	Know that The	tools, weapons)	 Know the key
have changed	Olympics now	Know about Iron	achievements of
over time.	takes place every	Age hill forts and	the Ancient
(wooden, metal,	four years.	how they were used	Greeks-
non-battery	What?	to help to defend the	democracy,
powered toys, wind-	 To explain the 	enemy attacks.	medicine, famous
up, board games v	events from past	Military, economic, religion	play writes and
Plastic, metal,	and present day		rules of geometry in
wooden, battery	Olympics, in order	Leisure and	maths.
powered toys,	to compare them.	Entertainment (a study of	 Know how these
electrical devices.	 To compare type of 	an aspect or theme in	achievements have
online games-	event, clothing and	British History that extends	impacted on life
Some toys appear	safety.	pupils' chronological	today.
in the past and	 Know that some 	knowledge beyond 1066)	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
today)	traditions are still in	(Cycle 1)	Barrow upon Trent (local
• Name: some	place (opening	Who? Know names of	history) (Cycle 1)
similarities and	ceremony, torch)	significant people from early	Who?
differences	 Use vocab- 'in the 	leisure and entertainment	 Know the
between old and	 Ose vocab- in the past, 'present day', 	(Billy Butlin, Charlie	significant people
new toys.	before I was born'	Chaplin,	who lived in
new toys.		When?	Barrow in the past

 (Chn focus on type of material, how it is used, how is it powered) Explain: the key events in the book 'Lost in the Toy Museum' (Chronological ordering) (Use vocabulary-before I was born, then, now, old, new, very old, first, next, after that, finally) Growing up /Changes Name: the stages that a human goes through as they get older. (baby, toddler, child, teenager, adult, elderly) Know: how we have changed since being a baby. (walking, talking, feeding, 	 ['] beyond living memory'. Know that the Paralympics was not part of the original Olympics. (National change) Know that women were not included in the first Olympics. (national change, world change) First Flight of the Aeroplane and The History of Flight (events beyond living memory) (Cycle 2) Who? Know that the Wright Brothers took the first powered flight in 1903. Know that the Montgolfier brothers invented the hot air balloon in the 1700s. When? Know that the Wright Brothers' 	 Know when people in Britain began to get more leisure time and why. (1950s) What? To explain the main leisure activities after WW2 (seaside holidays, cinema, tourism). Know that silent movies were the first movies. Know that Silent movies were the first movies. Know that Charlie Chaplin was a silent movie actor. Know that TV became popular in the 1950s and that it was the most popular leisure activity in 1960s. Know how football coverage has changed since 1945 Know how to gather evidence from secondary resources. Know how entertainment and leisure has changed since after World War II. (chronology 	 (George Turner, Sale Family, Davy family, Beaumonts). When? Know that our school first opened in 1843 and why it is called Sale and Davys. What changes have occurred in Barrow over time and why. Know how to research to find answers to specific historical questions. Know the history behind the setting up of the school. Know that the Sale family were clergy and the Davy family were gentry. Know that St Wilfrid's Church dates back to Anglo Saxon times. Know that the Beaumonts of Barrow were
--	---	--	--

dropping	first flight was in	of leisure and	significant people
dressing,	1903.		
personal hygiene,	 Know that Amelia 	entertainment)	in the village. Know that there
expressing their	Earhart was the	Ancient Egypt (The	are plague pits at
ideas and	first woman to fly	achievements of the earliest	St Wilfrids'.
opinions)	solo across the	civilisations) (Cycle 2)	 Know that there is
Know: the year	Atlantic in 1932.	Who?	still evidence of
that we are in	What?	 Know the names of 	significant people
now.	 Know that bi- 	some significant	from the past in
(Daily date routine)	planes were early	figures, eg,	Barrow today.
	planes with 2 sets	Tutankhamun,	(Sale and Davys
(Use vocabulary-	of wings.	Howard Carter, Lord	School, Beaumont
before I was born, after		Caernarfon.	Close, Church
I was born, then, now,	The Great Fire of London	When?	historical site)
old, new, Mum, Dad,	(events beyond living	 Know that the 	
Grandad, Grandma,)	memory) (Cycle 2)	Ancient Egyptians	Crime and Punishment
	Who?	spanned a period of	(Study of an ancient
	 Know that Samuel 	over 3000 years.	aspect or theme in British
	Pepys wrote a	Know that hey were	History that extends
	diary about events	the longest surviving	pupils' chronological
	during the Great	civilisation in history	knowledge beyond 1066)
	Fire.	Know that the	(Cycle 2)
	The Great Fife	Romans conquered	Who?
	began in Thomas	Ancient Egypt in	 Know that 9 of the
	Farriner's bakery	30BC	12 Pendle witches
	on Pudding Lane.	What?	were sentenced to
	Know that King	Know that the	death.
	Charles II was the	pyramids were	
	king	tombs for Pharaohs	When?
	When?	Know that Pharaohs	 Know that the
	The Great Fire	were rulers treated	Pendle witch trials
	broke out on	as living gods.	were in 1612.
	Sunday 2 nd	 Know that 	
	September 1666 in	Know that mummification	What?
	•		
	London.	preserved the	

 The flames were put out by Thursday 6th September 1666. What? The fire startrd in Thomas Farriner's bakery on pudding 	 bodies of important people. Know that the Ancient Egyptians believed in an afterlife. 	 Know that the Pendle witches faced unfair trials compared to today's justice system.
 Dakery on pudding Lane when a spark from the oven set the shop on fire. Strong winds caused the fire to spread quickly. 	Vikings (The Viking and Anglo-Saxon struggle for the kingdom of England to the time of Edward the Confessor) (Cycle 2) Who?	The Mayan Civilisation (A non-European society that provides contrasts with British History) (Cycle 2) Who?
 St Paul's Cathedral was destoyed in the fire. Sir Christopher Wren rebuilt St Paul's Cathedral 	 Know that the Vikings came from Norway, Sweden and Denmark. Know that the Anglo Saxons defended 	 Know that Pakal the Great was one of the most famous Maya rulers When?
and many other buildings. Holidays through the years – Thomas Cook (significant local historical	 their land from the Vikings Know that King Alfred the Great was the first to defeat the Vikings in battle 	 Know that the Maya civilisation lasted from 1000 BC to 1697AD. Know that Spanish invaders conquered the
figures) (Cycle 2) Who? • Thomas Cook started the first package tour holidays (inventor of the holiday!) When?	 When? Know that the first Viking raid on Britain was on Lindisfarne in 793AD Know that the last Viking King (Harold) was defeated in 	Maya in 1697AD What? • Know that Maya temples were pyramid shaped.

 Thomas Cook was born in 1808 in Melbourne. The railways were invented in the 1840s. What? Know that Scarborough was the first British seaside town. Know that only wealthy people could afford or have the time to go on holiday. Know that the invention of railways in the 1840s made it cheaper for ordinary people to go on holiday. 	 1066 by William the Conqueror. What? Know that Viking artefacts help us to understand aspects of Viking life. Know that the Vikings settled in Britain and integrated into British life. Know that the Vikings worshipped their own gods such as Odin, Thor and Loki. Know that the Vikings eventually became Christians Tudors (Study of an ancient aspect or theme in British History that extends pupils' chronological knowledge beyond 1066) (Cvcla 2) Know that The Tudor dynasty began when Henry Tudor defeated King Know that The Tudor dynasty began when Henry Tudor defeated King Know that The Conditional aspect or theme in British History that extends pupils' chronological knowledge beyond 1066) (Cvcla 2) Know that The Tudor dynasty began when Henry Tudor defeated King Know that The Tudor dynasty began when Henry Tudor defeated King
---	---

Richard III at the What?	
Battle of Bosworth.• The G• Know that King Henry VIII had 6 wives: CAJACC and the fate of each wife.• The G• Know that Queen Elizabeth I did not marry or have children.• Know Vicca plagu marry or have children.• Know that Henry Tudor won the Battle of Bosworth in 1485.• Know that the preve Spanish Armada	Great Plague carried by (which were ed by rats). v that George ars brought the ue to Eyam he ordered e cloth from lon which was ted with fleas. v that the ns of the ble of Eyam ented the ue spreading her towns and s.
 What? Know that the Spanish Armada was a huge Spanish fleet which was defeated by Queen Elizabeth I. Know that Henry VIII created the Church of England. 	

	Know that King Henry VIII lived at Hampton Court Palace.
--	---