Carrolls Water Association Monitoring Results

Volatile Organic Contaminants Disinfection By-Products 09/25/19

Chloroform	HAA5 (Haloacetic Acid)	TTHM (Total Trihalomethanes)
0.5	09	80 depending on size/treatment
0.5	,	
0.92	ND	0.92
N	N	Z
μg/L	υg/L	Ug/L
By-product of drinking water chlorination	By-product of drinking water chlorination	By-product of drinking water chlorination

LEAD AND COPPER

Lead	Copper	Contaminants	Primary
9/22/20	9/22/20	Tested	Year
0	1.3		MCLG
ppm	ppm		STINU
0.015	13	LEVEL	ACTION
<0.0010	0.104	PERCENTILE	нт06
0 of 5	0 of 5	> AL	SAMPLES
Z	Z	Y/N	VIOLATION
Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; erosion of natural deposits	Drinking Water	Major Sources in

concentration of the lead or copper in more than 10 percent of the tap water samples exceeds an action level. The MCLG for lead is "0" and the action level is 15 ppb (or .015 mg/L). The MCLG and action level for copper is 1,300 ppb (or 1.3 mg/L). The maximum contaminant level goal (MCLG) is the level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there are no known or expected risks to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety. The regulatory limits for lead and copper are called action levels. An exceedance occurs when the

Lead or copper action level exceedances will trigger corrosion control treatment or other requirements. We will notify all water users if our system exceeds the lead action level.

Carrolls Water Association Monitoring Results

Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits	Mg/L	N	<0.20	10	10	Nitrates 8/12/2020
٠	2 2000	<			ants SOURCE 4	Inorganic Contaminants SOURCE 4
Naturally Occurring	Mg/L	Z	0.014	•	0.3	Manganese
Naturally Occurring	Mg/L	Z	<0.10		0.3	Iron
erosion of natural deposits						
septic tanks, sewage;						of rol roro
Runoff from fertilizer	Mg/L	z	<0.20	10	10	Nitrates 9/16/2020
Likely Source of Contamination	UNIT MEASUREMENT	VIOLATION Y/N	LEVEL DETECTED	MCLG	MCL	Contaminant
					ants SOURCE 3	Inorganic Contaminants SOURCE 3
deposits		8				
septic tanks, sewage;						2/10/20
Runoff from fertilizer	Mg/L	Z	0.22	10	10	Nitrates
					ants SOURCE 2	Inorganic Contaminants SOURCE 2
erosion of natural deposits						
use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage:				es Z	2	8/12/2020
Runoff from fertilizer	Mg/L	Z	<0.20		10.0	Nitrates
8.					ants SOURCE 1	Inorganic Contaminants SOURCE 1
Naturally present in environment	x	Z		0	0	Total Coliform Bacteria
			2		ants - Monthly	Microbial Contaminants - Monthly
Water additive to control microbes		1	0.50-1.2	4.0 mg/L	4.0 mg/L	Chlorine (C12)
Likely Source of Contamination	UNIT MEASUREMENT	VIOLATION Y/N	DETECTED DETECTED	MCLG	MCL	Contaminant

Carrolls Water Association Monitoring Results

Synthetic Compounds S4 - 10/18/2020

	ethylhexy)phthalate	Di(2-	Picloram	Quarterly Monitoring	Contaminant
		6.0	500		MCL
		0	0		MCLG
ACCOUNT OF THE PERSON NAMED IN COLUMN TWO IS NOT THE OWNER.		5.36	0.17		LEVEL DETECTED
		Z	Z	Y/N	VIOLATION
		Ug/L	Ug/L	MEASUREMENT	TINU
	2	Runoff of Pesticide	Runoff of Herbicide	Contamination	Likely Source of

Inorganic Contaminants SOURCE 5

Turbidity \$5 9/25/19	S5	Hardness S5 9/25/19	SodiumS5 9/25/19	Sulfate S5 9/25/19	Chloride S5 9/25/19		lron 9/25/19	Nitrates 8/12/2020	Arsenic 9/25/19 0	Contaminant
	700	•		250	250	0.3	0.3	10	0.010	MCL
•	,	•	•	ï	i		1	10		MCLG
4.27	316.7	171.0	22.1	8.9	10.9	0.012	0.52	2.52	0.0068	LEVEL DETECTED
	Z	Z	Z	Z	Z	Z	Z	Z	Z	VIOLATION Y/N
•	µmhos/com	Mg/L	Mg/L	Mg/L	Mg/L	Mg/L	Mg/L	Mg/L	Mg/L	UNIT MEASUREMENT
	Ability of water to conduct electrical current					Naturally Occurring	Naturally Occurring	Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; erosion of natural deposits	Naturally Occurring	Likely Source of Contamination